

Ay190 – Worksheet 12
John Pharo
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Starship Rangers: Mee Chatarin Wongurailertkun, David Vartanyan,
Cutter Coryell

1 Problem 1

I wrote a basic python script to read in and plot the different columns in the data file. The first column is obviously just an index; the second ranges from about 0 to 10^{34} , which, assuming reasonable astronomical units, can only make sense as the enclosed mass.

The third column increases monotonically, and if we assume radius is measured in cm, then this goes to 500 solar radii. Considering this is data from a pre-supernova massive star, that would be a reasonable measure for the total radius, so this column is probably the star's radius.

The next two columns decrease with radius, meaning they are probably temperature and density. However, the fifth column is monotonically decreasing, whereas the fourth fluctuates. The fourth then can't be density, because if points of higher density existed at larger radii than points of smaller density, the denser sections would just sink. Consequently, the fourth must be temperature, and the fifth density.

The sixth column has an interesting profile. It starts at 0, decreases sharply, then increases sharply and flatlines at zero (wrt radius). Consider that prior to a supernova, the star's core contracts sharply, faster than the local speed of sound. As a result, when the core shrinks rapidly, that information hasn't caught up to the outer atmosphere, which has yet to adjust to the new state of the star. Thus, if you consider a plot of radial velocity versus radius at this moment, the core of the star should be moving rapidly, while the atmosphere remains still. This is consistent with the plot of the sixth column.

The seventh column is hard to describe, so I'll just show you in Figure 1.

This is the number of electrons per baryon; it maxes out at 1, at the surface, which is virtually all hydrogen, and consequently has one electron per baryon. As you move toward the center, the average element gets heavier, and has more neutrons per nucleus, so the ratio goes down.

Problem 2

I use a cubic interpolation from scipy's `interp1d` module.

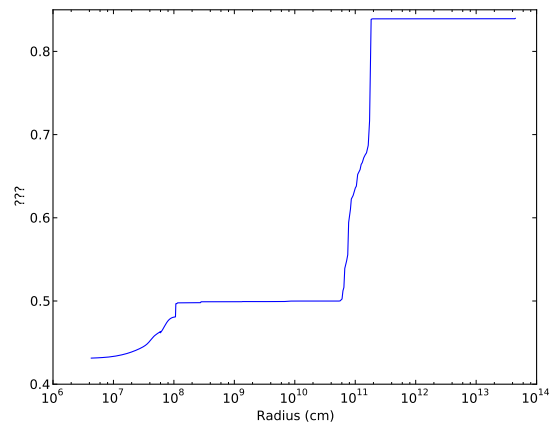


Figure 1: This is the plot of the eighth column versus radius.

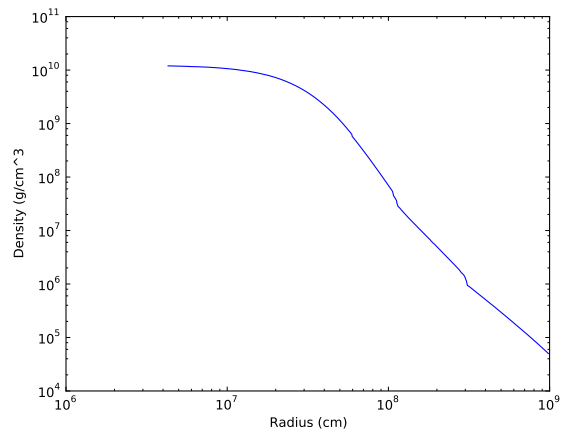


Figure 2: This is the plot of the core density versus radius.

Problem 3

My code produces results that are sometimes 3 orders of magnitude off from the plot of Equation 3, and I absolutely can't figure out why.

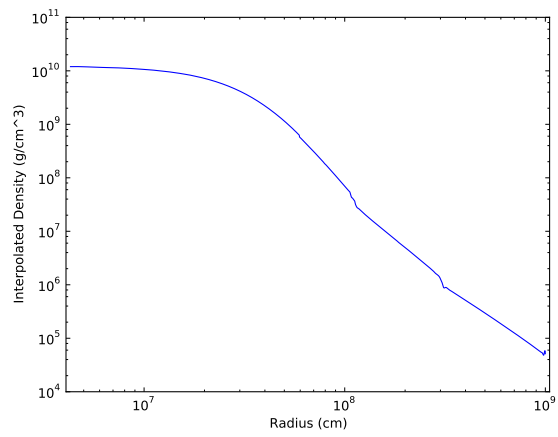


Figure 3: This is the plot of the interpolation.