λ-Calculus: Then & Now

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Notes derived from the slides presented at the conferences.

A brief amount of text has been added for continuity.

The author would be happy to hear reactions and suggestions.

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A Quick Look Back to Beginnings

1870s Begriffsschrift	Frege (1879)
1880s What are numbers? Number-theoretic axioms	Dedekind (1888) Peano (1889)
1890s Vorlesungen über die Algebra der Logik Grundgesetze der Arithmetik Formulario Mathematico Grundlagen der Geometrie	Schröder (1890–1905) Frege (1893-1903) Peano (1895-1901) Hilbert (1899)
1900s Diophantine problem Russell's Paradox Principles of Mathematics Richard's Paradox Theory of Types	Hilbert (1900) Russell (1901) Russell (1903) Richard (1905) Russell (1908)
1910s Principia Mathematica Calculus of relatives	Whitehead-Russell (1910-12-13) Löwenheim (1915)
WW I	
Löwenheim-Skolem Theorem Propositional calculus completeness Monadic predicate calculus decidable Abstract proof rules Primitive recursive arithmetic Combinators Function-based set theory "Conceptual" undecidability Epsilon operator Combinators (again) Ackermann function Entscheidungsproblem Abriss der Logistik & simple type theory	Skolem (1920)

It was very reasonable for Hilbert and Ackermann to emphasize the Decision Problem, as special cases had been solved.

A Very Busy Decade

1930s

Combinatory logic	Curry (1930-32)
Herbrand's Theorem	Herbrand (1930)
Completeness proof	Gödel (1930)
Partial consistency proof	Herbrand (1931)
Incompleteness	Gödel (1931)
Untyped λ-calculus	Church (1932-33-41)
Studies of primitive recursion	Péter (1932-36)
Non-standard models	Skolem (1933)
Functionality in Combinatory Logic	Curry (1934)
Grundlagen der Mathematik	Hilbert-Bernays (1934-39)
Natural deduction	Gentzen (1934)
Number-theoretic consistency & ε ₀ -in	duction Gentzen (1934)
Inconsistency of Church's System	Kleene-Rosser (1936)
Confluence theorem	Church-Rosser (1936)
Finite combinatory processes	Post (1936)
Turing machines	Turing (1936-37)
Recursive undecidability	Church-Turing (1936)
General recursive functions	Kleene (1936)
Further completeness proofs	Maltsev (1936)
Improving incompleteness theorems	Rosser (1936)
Fixed-point combinator	Turing (1937)
Computability and λ-definability	Turing (1937)

Starting out with Gödel and ending up with Turing, it would take a long time to comprehend and apply all the developments in this period.

Church-Turing Thesis

accepted with the help of Kleene after Turing explained his machines.

Effectively computable functions of natural numbers can be identified with those definable by:

- λ-calculus
- Herbrand-Gödel equations
- Partial-recursive schemata
- Turing-Post machine programs

If Gödel had stayed in Princeton, and

If Church and Kleene had argued better
for data structures in the λ-calculus,

Then surely Gödel would have accepted
λ-calculus as a foundation much earlier.

Note that Kleene proved the equivalence with

Herbrand-Gödel computability before Turing's work.

Kleene's Complaint

I myself, perhaps unduly influenced by rather chilly receptions from audiences around **1933-35** to disquisitions on λ -definability, chose, after **general recursiveness** had appeared, to put my work in that format. I did later publish one paper **1962** on λ -definability in higher recursion theory.

I thought general recursiveness came the closest to *traditional mathematics*. It spoke in a language familiar to mathematicians, extending the theory of *special recursiveness*, which derived from formulations of Dedekind and Peano in the mainstream of mathematics.

I cannot complain about my audiences after **1935**, although whether the improvement came from switching I do not know. In retrospect, I now feel it was too bad I did not keep active in λ -definability as well. So I am glad that interest in λ -definability has revived, as illustrated by Dana Scott's **1963** communication.

Were the truth to be known, Kleene **translated** much of what he had done in λ -calculus into working with integers. Indeed, the **application operation** $\{e\}(n)$ defines a **partial combinatory algebra** with many properties similar to the work of Curry and Rosser.

What's Happened Since the 1930s?

The 1940s

Simple type theory & λ-calculus Church (1940)

Primitive recursive functionals Gödel (1941-58)

WW II ———

Recursive hierarchies Kleene (1943)

Theory of categories Eilenberg-Mac Lane (1945)

New completeness proofs Henkin (1949-50)

The 1950s

Computing and Intelligence Turing (1950)

Rethinking combinators Rosenbloom (1950)

IAS Computer (MANIAC) von Neumann (1951)

Introduction to Metamathematics Kleene (1952)

IBM 701 Thomas Watson, Jr. (1952)

Arithmetical predicates Kleene (1955)

FORTRAN Backus et al. (1956-57)

ALGOL 58 Bauer et al. (1958)

LISP McCarthy (1958)

Combinatory Logic. Volume I. Curry-Feys-Craig (1958)

Adjoint functors Kan (1958)

Recursive functionals & quantifiers, I.&II. Kleene (1959-63)

Countable functionals Kleene-Kreisel (1959)

The 1960s

Recursive procedures	Dijkstra (1960)
ALGOL 60	Backus et al. (1960)
Elementary formal systems	Smullyan (1961)
Grothendieck topologies	M.Artin (1962)
Higher-type λ-definability	Kleene (1962)
Grothendieck topoi Grothendi	eck et al. SGA 4 (1963-64-72)
CPL	Strachey, et al. (1963)
Functorial semantics	Lawvere (1963)
Continuations (1)	van Wijngaarden (1964)
Adjoint functors & triples	Eilenberg-Moore (1965)
•Cartesian closed categories•	Eilenberg-Kelly (1966)
ISWIM & SECD machine	Landin (1966)
CUCH & combinator programming	Böhm (1966)
New foundations of recursion theory	
Normalization Theorem	Tait (1967)
AUTOMATH & dependent types	de Bruijn (1967)
Finite-type computable functionals	Gandy (1967)
ALGOL 68	van Wijngaarden (1968)
Normal-form discrimination	Böhm (1968)
Category of sets	Lawvere (1969)
Typed domain logic	Scott (1969-93)
Domain-theoretic λ-models	Scott (1969)
Formulae-as-types	Howard (1969 -1980)
Adjointness in foundations	Lawvere (1969)

Theorem. The category of **T**₀-topological spaces and continuous functions is *not* cartesian closed.

Theorem. The category of T_0 -topological spaces *with* an equivalence relation and continuous functions *respecting* equivalence *is* cartesian closed.

Cartesian closed categories give us the algebraic version of typed λ -calculus.

The 1970s

Continuations (2)	Mazurkiewicz (1970)
Continuations (3)	F. Lockwood Morris (1970)
Continuations (4)	Wadsworth (1970)
Categorical logic	Joyal (1970+)
Elementary topoi	Lawvere-Tierney (1970)
Denotational semantics	Scott-Strachey (1970)
Coherence in closed categories	Kelly (1971)
Quantifiers and sheaves	Lawvere (1971)
Martin-Löf type theory	Martin-Löf (1971)
System F, Fω	Girard (1971)
Logic for Computable Functions	Milner (1972)
From sheaves to logic	Reyes (1974)
Polymorphic λ-calculus	Reynolds (1974)
Call-by-name, call-by-value	Plotkin (1975)
Modeling Processes	Milner (1975)
SASL	Turner (1975)
Scheme	Sussman-Steele (1975-80)
Functional programming & FP	Backus (1977)
First-order categorical logic	Makkai-Reyes (1977)
Edinburgh LCF	Milner et al. (1978)
Let-polymorphic type inference	Milner (1978)
Intersection types	Coppo-Dezani (1978)
ML	Milner et al. (1979)
*-Autonomous categories	Barr (1979)
Sheaves and logic	Fourman-Scott (1979)

This decade saw the importance of constructive logic, the applications to language design and semantics, and the connections to category theory become much clearer.

The 1980s

Frege structures	Aczel (1980)
HOPE	Burstall et al. (1980)
The Lambda Calculus Book	Barendregt (1981-84)
Structural Operational Semantic	Plotkin (1981)
Effective Topos	Hyland (1982)
Dependent types & modularity	Burstall-Lampson (1984)
Locally CCC & type theory	Seely (1984)
Calculus of Constructions	Coquand-Huet (1985)
Bounded quantification	Cardelli-Wegner (1985)
NUPRL	Constable et al. (1986)
Higher-order categorical logic	Lambek-P.J.Scott (1986)
Cambridge LCF	Paulson (1987)
Linear logic	Girard et al. (1987-89)
HOL	Gordon (1988)
FORSYTHE	Reynolds (1988)
Proofs and Types	Girard et al. (1989)
Integrating logical & categorical	<i>types</i> Gray (1989)
Computational λ-calculus & mor	nads Moggi (1989)

Type theory, resource logic, and computer-assisted theorem proving finally became practical during these years.

The 1990s

HASKELL Hudak-Hughes	s-Peyton Jones-Wadler (1990)
Higher-type recursion theory	Sacks (1990)
STANDARD ML	Milner, et al. (1990-97)
Lazy λ-calculus	Abramsky (1990)
Higher-order subtyping	Cardelli-Longo (1991)
Categories, Types and Structur	• ,
STANDARD ML of NJ	MacQueen-Appel (1991-98)
QUEST	Cardelli (1991)
Edinburgh LF	Harper, et al. (1992)
Pi-Calculus	Milner-Parrow-Walker (1992)
Categorical combinators	Curien (1993)
Translucent types & modular	Harper-Lillibridge (1994)
Full abstraction for PCF Hylan	d-Ong/Abramsky, et al. (1995)
Algebraic set theory	Joyal-Moerdijk (1995)
Object Calculus	Abadi-Cardelli (1996)
Typed intermediate languages	Tarditi, Morrisett, et al. (1996)
Proof-carrying code	Necula-Lee (1996)
Computability and totality in do	mains Berger (1997)
Typed assembly language	Morrisett, et al. (1998)
Type theory via exact categorie	es Birkedal, et al. (1998)
Categorification	Baez (1998)

Abstract ideas now found many applications in language implementation and in compiling.

The New Millennium

Moerdijk-Palmgren (2000)

Predicative topos

Sketches of an ElephantJohnstone (2002+)Differential λ -calculusEhrhard/Regnier (2003)Modular Structural Operational SemanticsMosses (2004)A λ -calculus for real analysisTaylor (2005+)Homotopy type theoryAwodey-Warren (2006)Univalence axiomVoevodsky (2006+)

The safe λ -calculus Ong, et al. (2007)

Higher topos theory Lurie (2009)

Functional Reactive Programming Hudak, et al. (2010)

Univalent Foundations Program @ IAS & HoTT Book Voevodsky, et al. (2012-13)

In the natural world, convergent evolution can give creatures analogous structures — even though they cannot mate. But, in the intellectual world, analogous structures can be taken advantage of through interfertilization of areas and in finding new applications.

And that we have seen happen with the λ -calculus many, many times over the years.

A Closing Thought from Robert Harper

For me, I think it is important to stress the **overwhelming influence** of the λ -calculus among all other models of computation:

- It codifies not only computation, but also the basic principles of *human reason* (natural deduction).
- Moreover, it was born fully formed, and is directly and immediately relevant to this day, rather than something that collects dust on the shelf.

Admittedly Turing's model had the advantage of being *explicitly psychologically motivated*, but on the other hand Church focused on one of the greatest achievements of the human mind, *the concept of a variable* (= reasoning under hypotheses). Church saw that this was central, and time has born out the significance of his insight.

By contrast, no one cares one bit about the *details* of a Turing Machine; for, it fails to address the central issue of *modularity* (logical consequence), which is so important in programming and reasoning. And it does not extend to *higher-order computation* in anything like a natural or smooth way.

LAMBDA CONQUERS ALL!

Perhaps my good friend and colleague has spoken a little too strongly here, as Turing Machines have had many applications, say in Complexity Theory.

But the study of Programming Languages does not seem to need them today.

A Selective Bibliography

A very helpful review of the subject of the λ-calculus is in the first reference, and the memoirs by Alonzo Church's two early students are also useful in checking history. The thesis by Rod Adams gives a very careful survey of early literature. A somewhat revisionist view of the history of recursive function theory with many helpful references is found in the Soare paper. Jones and Simonsen fill out ideas related to machine structure. The whole Royal Society volume is devoted to **The Turing Legacy**. And Plotkin also recently wrote on operational semantics. The older collection edited by Rolf Herken, **The Universal Turing Machine:** A Half-Century Survey, has many, many excellent historical discussions by Kleene, Gandy, Davis, Feferman, and others. The papers of Davis and Sieg give very detailed historical reviews of the early 1930s. The recent conference **Church's Thesis After 70 Years** (Olszewski, et al. eds. 2006) has many interesting discussions.

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- What follows is a listing of **books**. Ph.D. theses and conference proceedings have been excluded, for the most part, as well as very elementary text books. A comprehensive survey is impossible, but the current list has tried to indicate some of the history and development of the **intertwining strands** of λ-calculus, logic, recursive-function theory, category theory, and programming-language semantics.
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And, no, I have not read — or even seen — all these books!

Suggestions, corrections and additions would be appreciated, so please send e-mail to dana.scott@cs.cmu.edu with the subject heading:

Lambda calculus.

The question of finding the the most recent edition of a book is vexing, but Amazon.com was quite helpful. Bibliographies of several books and papers were "mined", and of course all these books themselves also give references to the ever more vast journal literature. There is also the problem — in outlining history — of comparing the date of discovery to the date of publication. Perhaps there are many such confusions in this survey.