

Bézierovy křivky

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Teoretické shrnutí

Pro zadané $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ a $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$ definujme Bernsteinovy polynomy předpisem

$$B_{i,n}(t) = \binom{n}{i} t^i (1-t)^{n-i}, \quad t \in \langle 0, 1 \rangle.$$

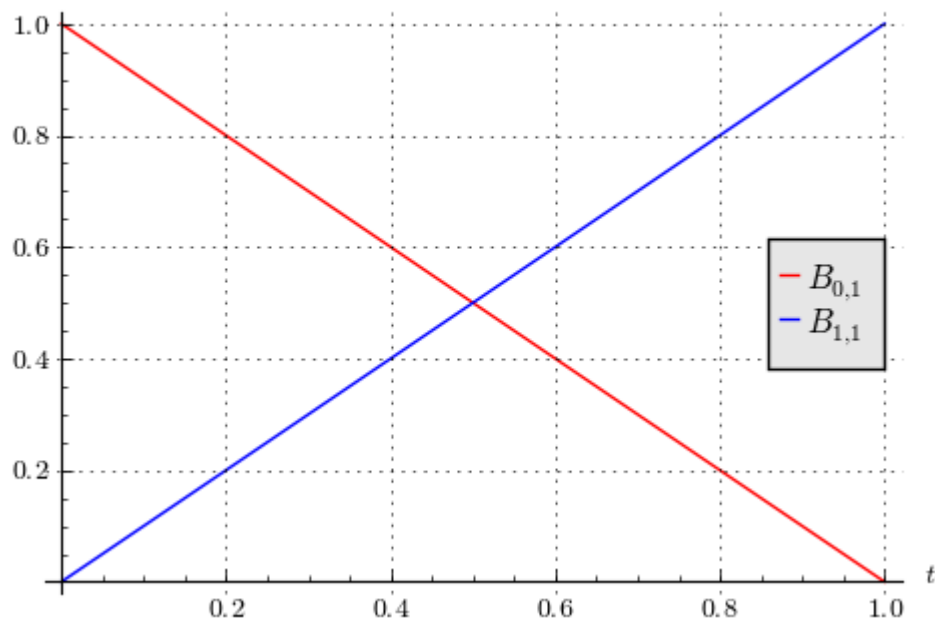
Nechť je zadáno $n + 1$ (tzv. kontrolních) bodů P_0, P_1, \dots, P_n . Bézierovou křivkou zadanou těmito body nazýváme křivku danou parametrizací

$$C(t) := \sum_{i=0}^n P_i B_{i,n}(t), \quad t \in \langle 0, 1 \rangle.$$

```
# Bernsteinův polynom
def bernstein(i,n,t):
    return binomial(n,i) * t^i * (1-t)^(n-i)
```

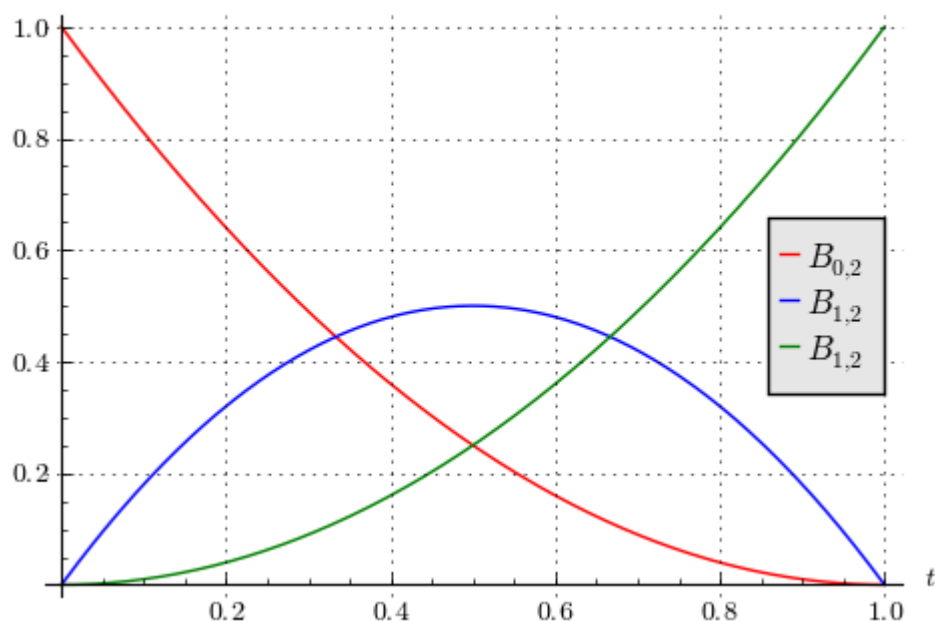
```
var('t')
fig_b01 = plot(bernstein(0,1,t),(t,0,1),color='red',
legend_label='$B_{0,1}$', figsize=5, tick_formatter='latex',
axes_labels=['$t$', ''], gridlines=True, title=u'Lineární
Bernsteinovy polynomy')
fig_b11 = plot(bernstein(1,1,t),(t,0,1), color='blue',
legend_label='$B_{1,1}$')
fig_b01 + fig_b11
```

Lineární Bernsteinovy polynomy



```
fig_b02 = plot(bernstein(0,2,t), (t,0,1), color='red',
legend_label='$B_{0,2}$', figsize=5, tick_formatter='latex',
axes_labels=['$t$',''], gridlines=True, title=u'Kvadratické
Bernsteinovy polynomy')
fig_b12 = plot(bernstein(1,2,t),
(t,0,1),color='blue',legend_label='$B_{1,2}$')
fig_b22 = plot(bernstein(2,2,t),
(t,0,1),color='green',legend_label='$B_{2,2}$')
fig_b02 + fig_b12 + fig_b22
```

Kvadratické Bernsteinovy polynomy



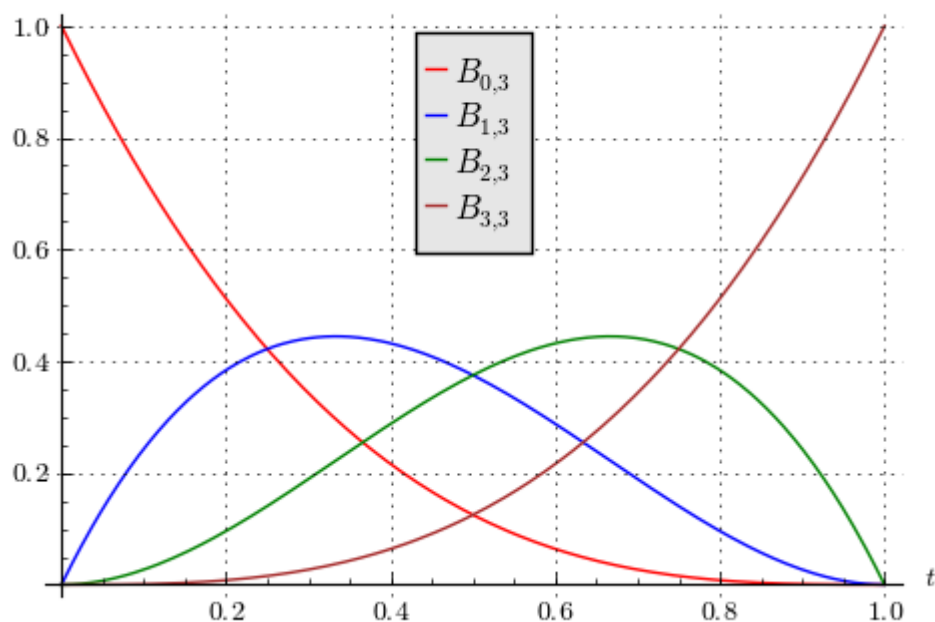
```
fig_b03 = plot(bernstein(0,3,t), (t,0,1), color='red',
```

```

legend_label='$B_{0,3}$', figsize=5, tick_formatter='latex',
axes_labels=['$t$', ''], gridlines=True, title=u'Kubické
Bernsteinovy polynomy')
fig_b13 = plot(bernstein(1,3,t),
(t,0,1),color='blue',legend_label='$B_{1,3}$')
fig_b23 = plot(bernstein(2,3,t),
(t,0,1),color='green',legend_label='$B_{2,3}$')
fig_b33 = plot(bernstein(3,3,t),
(t,0,1),color='brown',legend_label='$B_{3,3}$')
fig_b03 + fig_b13 + fig_b23 + fig_b33

```

Kubické Bernsteinovy polynomy



```

# Bezierova křivka
def bezier(points):
    n = len(points) - 1
    return lambda t: sum([ bernstein(i,n,t)*points[i] for i
in range(n+1) ])

```

```

# Zvolme několik bodů v rovině...
R2 = VectorSpace(RR,2)
pts = [ R2([0,0]), R2([1,1]), R2([2,-0.5]), R2([3.5,1]) ]

```

```

#...a sestrojme parametrizaci
var('t')
c = bezier(pts)

```

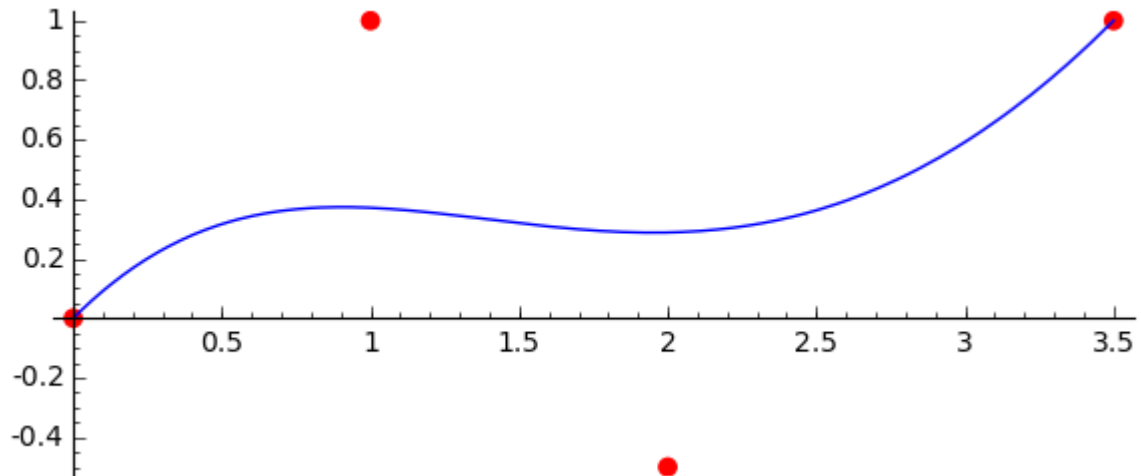
Graf křivky.

```

points(pts,color='red',pointsize=50) + parametric_plot(c(t),

```

(t,0,1),figsize=6)



Písmeno a

Fonty ve formátu TTF jsou vektorové. Křivky formující písmena jsou právě kvadratické Bézierovy křivky.

```
<TTGlyph name="a" xMin="123" yMin="-29" xMax="1069"
yMax="1147">
  <contour>
    <pt x="702" y="563" on="1"/>
    <pt x="479" y="563" on="0"/>
    <pt x="307" y="461" on="0"/>
    <pt x="307" y="338" on="1"/>
    <pt x="307" y="240" on="0"/>
    <pt x="436" y="125" on="0"/>
    <pt x="547" y="125" on="1"/>
    <pt x="700" y="125" on="0"/>
    <pt x="885" y="342" on="0"/>
    <pt x="885" y="522" on="1"/>
    <pt x="885" y="563" on="1"/>
  </contour>
  <contour>
    <pt x="1069" y="639" on="1"/>
    <pt x="1069" y="0" on="1"/>
    <pt x="885" y="0" on="1"/>
    <pt x="885" y="170" on="1"/>
    <pt x="822" y="68" on="0"/>
    <pt x="634" y="-29" on="0"/>
    <pt x="498" y="-29" on="1"/>
    <pt x="326" y="-29" on="0"/>
    <pt x="123" y="164" on="0"/>
    <pt x="123" y="326" on="1"/>
    <pt x="123" y="515" on="0"/>
  </contour>
</TTGlyph>
```

```

<pt x="376" y="707" on="0"/>
<pt x="627" y="707" on="1"/>
<pt x="885" y="707" on="1"/>
<pt x="885" y="725" on="1"/>
<pt x="885" y="852" on="0"/>
<pt x="718" y="991" on="0"/>
<pt x="567" y="991" on="1"/>
<pt x="471" y="991" on="0"/>
<pt x="289" y="945" on="0"/>
<pt x="205" y="899" on="1"/>
<pt x="205" y="1069" on="1"/>
<pt x="306" y="1108" on="0"/>
<pt x="496" y="1147" on="0"/>
<pt x="586" y="1147" on="1"/>
<pt x="829" y="1147" on="0"/>
<pt x="1069" y="895" on="0"/>
</contour>

```

Extrakce kontrolních bodů.

```

c1 = [
    [702,563,1],
    [479,563,0],
    [307,461,0],
    [307,338,1],
    [307,240,0],
    [436,125,0],
    [547,125,1],
    [700,125,0],
    [885,342,0],
    [885,522,1],
    [885,563,1]
]
c1.append(c1[0])
c2 = [
    [1069,639,1],
    [1069,0,1],
    [885,0,1],
    [885,170,1],
    [822,68,0],
    [634,-29,0],
    [498,-29,1],
    [326,-29,0],
    [123,164,0],
    [123,326,1],
    [123,515,0],
    [376,707,0],

```

```

        [627,707,1],
        [885,707,1],
        [885,725,1],
        [885,852,0],
        [718,991,0],
        [567,991,1],
        [471,991,0],
        [289,945,0],
        [205,899,1],
        [205,1069,1],
        [306,1108,0],
        [496,1147,0],
        [586,1147,1],
        [829,1147,0],
        [1069,895,0]
    ]
    c2.append(c2[0])

```

Zpracování křivky.

```

def unpack(cont):
    out = []
    for p in cont:
        out.append(p)
        if len(out) > 1:
            prev = out[-2]
            if p[-1] == 0 and prev[-1] == 0:
                out.insert(-1,[(p[0]+prev[0])/2,(p[1]+prev[1])
/2,1])
    return out

def create_splines(cont):
    k = 0
    out = []
    while k+1 < len(cont):
        if cont[k+1][-1] == 1:
            pts = [ R2(cont[k][:2]), R2(cont[k+1][:2]) ]
            k += 1
        else:
            pts = [R2(cont[k][:2]),R2(cont[k+1]
[:2]),R2(cont[k+2][:2])]
            k += 2
        out.append(bezier(pts))
    return out

auxclr = 'red'
def colorswitch():

```

```

global auxclr
if auxclr == 'red':
    auxclr = 'blue'
    return 'blue'
else:
    auxclr = 'red'
    return 'red'

```

Zpracování dat.

```

c1 = unpack(c1)
c2 = unpack(c2)
s1 = create_splines(c1)
s2 = create_splines(c2)

```

```

graph1 = [ parametric_plot(f(t),(t,0,1),xmin=115, ymin=-442,
xmax=965, ymax=1466, axes=False, color=colors witch(),
thickness=2) for f in s1 ]
graph2 = [ parametric_plot(f(t),(t,0,1),xmin=115, ymin=-442,
xmax=965, ymax=1466, axes=False, color=colors witch(),
thickness=2) for f in s2 ]

```

```

on_curve = [ p[:2] for p in c1 + c2 if p[-1] == 1 ]
off_curve = [ p[:2] for p in c1 + c2 if p[-1] == 0 ]

```

```

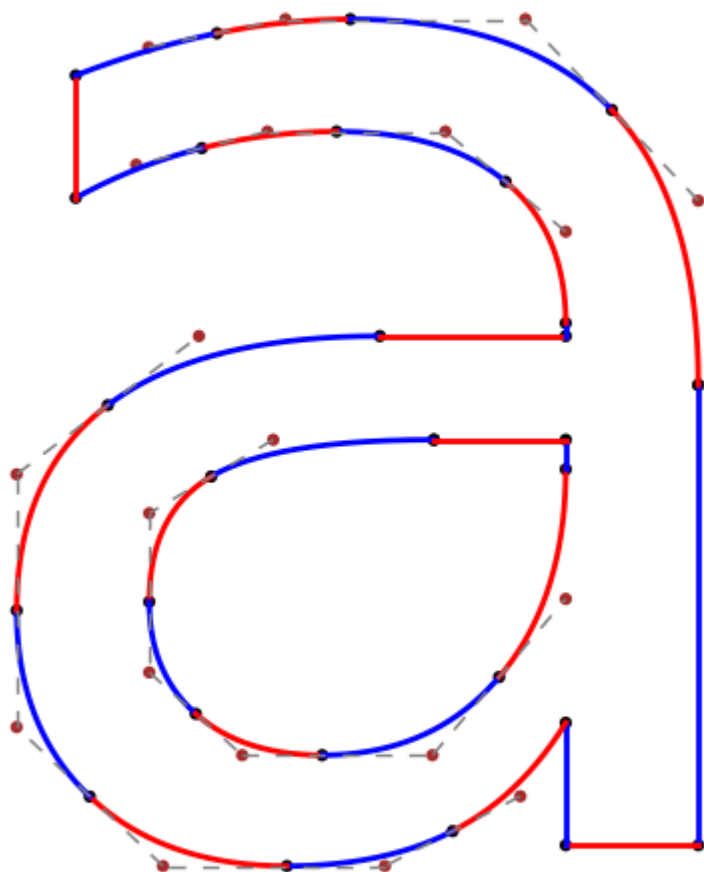
controls = [ line([ c1[k-1][:2], c1[k][:2], c1[k+1][:2] ],
linestyle='--', color='gray') for k in [1,...,len(c1)-2] if
(c1[k-1][-1] == 0 and c1[k][-1] == 1 and c1[k+1][-1] == 0) ]
+ [ line([ c2[k-1][:2], c2[k][:2], c2[k+1][:2] ],
linestyle='--', color='gray') for k in [1,...,len(c2)-2] if
(c2[k-1][-1] == 0 and c2[k][-1] == 1 and c2[k+1][-1] == 0) ]

```

```

show(sum(graph1) + sum(graph2) + points(on_curve,
color='black', size=20) + points(off_curve,
color='brown',size=20) + sum(controls), figsize=10)

```



Symbol integrálu

Příklad s matematickým symbolem.

```
<TTGlyph name="integral" xMin="115" yMin="-442" xMax="965"
yMax="1466">
  <contour>
    <pt x="203" y="-350" on="1"/>
```


<pt x="230" y="-389" on="0"/>
<pt x="272" y="-389" on="1"/>
<pt x="319" y="-389" on="0"/>
<pt x="372" y="-288" on="0"/>
<pt x="390" y="-183" on="0"/>
<pt x="399" y="-104" on="1"/>
<pt x="412" y="9" on="0"/>
<pt x="433" y="232" on="0"/>
<pt x="459" y="459" on="0"/>
<pt x="467" y="514" on="1"/>
<pt x="481" y="607" on="0"/>
<pt x="503" y="750" on="0"/>
<pt x="528" y="900" on="0"/>
<pt x="555" y="1056" on="0"/>
<pt x="569" y="1133" on="1"/>
<pt x="595" y="1273" on="0"/>
<pt x="697" y="1466" on="0"/>
<pt x="805" y="1466" on="1"/>
<pt x="875" y="1466" on="0"/>
<pt x="965" y="1358" on="0"/>
<pt x="965" y="1288" on="1"/>
<pt x="965" y="1251" on="0"/>
<pt x="916" y="1200" on="0"/>
<pt x="879" y="1200" on="1"/>
<pt x="840" y="1200" on="0"/>
<pt x="791" y="1251" on="0"/>
<pt x="791" y="1288" on="1"/>
<pt x="791" y="1323" on="0"/>
<pt x="842" y="1374" on="0"/>
<pt x="877" y="1374" on="1"/>
<pt x="848" y="1413" on="0"/>
<pt x="807" y="1413" on="1"/>
<pt x="760" y="1413" on="0"/>
<pt x="707" y="1312" on="0"/>
<pt x="689" y="1207" on="0"/>
<pt x="680" y="1128" on="1"/>
<pt x="667" y="1015" on="0"/>
<pt x="646" y="792" on="0"/>
<pt x="620" y="565" on="0"/>
<pt x="612" y="510" on="1"/>
<pt x="580" y="278" on="0"/>
<pt x="510" y="-109" on="1"/>
<pt x="486" y="-247" on="0"/>
<pt x="381" y="-442" on="0"/>
<pt x="274" y="-442" on="1"/>
<pt x="206" y="-442" on="0"/>
<pt x="115" y="-332" on="0"/>
<pt x="115" y="-264" on="1"/>
<pt x="115" y="-240" on="0"/>

```

    <pt x="137" y="-200" on="0"/>
    <pt x="177" y="-176" on="0"/>
    <pt x="203" y="-176" on="1"/>
    <pt x="240" y="-176" on="0"/>
    <pt x="289" y="-225" on="0"/>
    <pt x="289" y="-264" on="1"/>
    <pt x="289" y="-300" on="0"/>
    <pt x="239" y="-350" on="0"/>
  </contour>
  <instructions><assembly>
    NPUSHB[ ] /* 38 values pushed */
    30 0 2 32 2 9 34 18 32 0 6 34 2 45 0 6 2 4 52 24 30
1 66 21 27
    1 6 0 1 66 55 48 1 6 2 59 16 3
    CALL[ ]
    IUP[1]
    SVTCA[0]
    MDAP[0]
    MDAP[0]
    CALL[ ]
    CALL[ ]
    IUP[0]
  </assembly></instructions>
</TTGlyph>

```

```

c = [
  [203, -350, 1],
  [230, -389, 0],
  [272, -389, 1],
  [319, -389, 0],
  [372, -288, 0],
  [390, -183, 0],
  [399, -104, 1],
  [412, 9, 0],
  [433, 232, 0],
  [459, 459, 0],
  [467, 514, 1],
  [481, 607, 0],
  [503, 750, 0],
  [528, 900, 0],
  [555, 1056, 0],
  [569, 1133, 1],
  [595, 1273, 0],
  [697, 1466, 0],
  [805, 1466, 1],
  [875, 1466, 0],
  [965, 1358, 0],
  [965, 1288, 1],

```

```
[965,1251,0],
[916,1200,0],
[879,1200,1],
[840,1200,0],
[791,1251,0],
[791,1288,1],
[791,1323,0],
[842,1374,0],
[877,1374,1],
[848,1413,0],
[807,1413,1],
[760,1413,0],
[707,1312,0],
[689,1207,0],
[680,1128,1],
[667,1015,0],
[646,792,0],
[620,565,0],
[612,510,1],
[580,278,0],
[510,-109,1],
[486,-247,0],
[381,-442,0],
[274,-442,1],
[206,-442,0],
[115,-332,0],
[115,-264,1],
[115,-240,0],
[137,-200,0],
[177,-176,0],
[203,-176,1],
[240,-176,0],
[289,-225,0],
[289,-264,1],
[289,-300,0],
[239,-350,0]
]
c.append(c[0])
```

```
c = unpack(c)
```

```
splines = create_splines(c)
```

```
on_curve = [ p[:2] for p in c if p[-1] == 1 ]
off_curve = [ p[:2] for p in c if p[-1] == 0 ]
```

```
graph = [ parametric_plot(f(t),(t,0,1),xmin=115, ymin=-442,  
xmax=965, ymax=1466, axes=False, color=colorswitch(),  
thickness=2) for f in splines ]
```

```
show(sum(graph) + points(on_curve, color='black', size=20),  
figsize=8)
```

