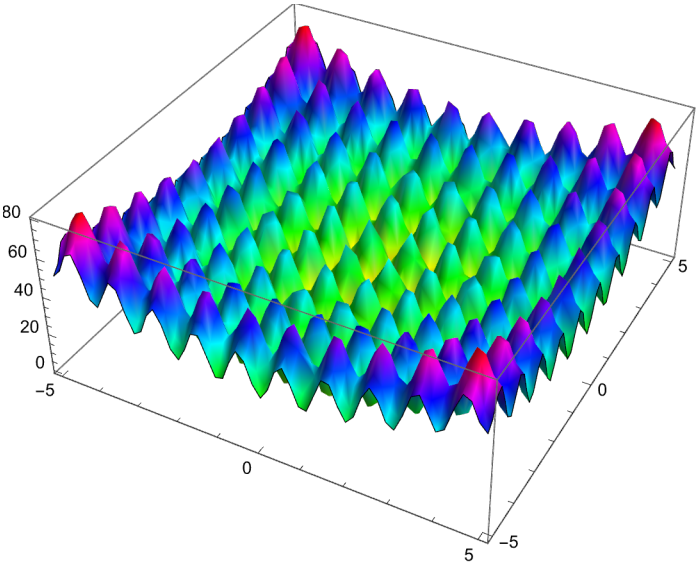


蜻蜓算法

```
In[*]:= fitness[xn_] := 20 + Sum[x^2 - 10 Cos[2 π x], {x, xn}]
Plot3D[fitness[{x, y}], {x, -5, 5}, {y, -5, 5},
ColorFunction -> Hue, Mesh -> None, RotationAction -> "Clip"]
```

Out[*]=



```
In[*]:= fitness[{0, 0}]
```

Out[*]=

0

DA 实现

```
In[*]:= levy[d_] := Block[{β = 3 / 2, σ}, σ = (Gamma[1 + β] Sin[π β / 2])^(1/β) / Gamma[1 + β] β 2^(β-1/2);
```

$$0.01 \frac{\text{RandomVariate}[\text{NormalDistribution}[], d] \sigma}{\text{Abs}[\text{RandomVariate}[\text{NormalDistribution}[], d]]^{1/\beta}}$$

```
In[*]:= levy[2]
```

Out[*]=

{-0.00374963, 0.00218879}

```

In[*]:= 0.01 RandomVariate[LevyDistribution[-1, 1.5], {1, 2}]
          | 伪随机变数 | 利维分布

Out[*]= { {1.98068, 0.304878} }

(调试) In[*]:=
  ub = 5;
  lb = -5;
  dimension = 2;
  num = 50;

  x = RandomReal[{ub, lb}, {num, dimension}];
      | 伪随机实数 |
  deltaX = RandomReal[{ub, lb}, {num, dimension}];
      | 伪随机实数 |
  xFood = RandomReal[{ub, lb}, dimension];
      | 伪随机实数 |
  fitFood = ∞;
  xEnemy = RandomReal[{ub, lb}, dimension];
      | 伪随机实数 |
  fitEnemy = -∞;

  iterNum = 100;
  fitCurve = Table[0, iterNum];
              | 表格 |

  (*迭代*)
  Monitor[Do[
    | 监控 |
    | Do循环 |
    
$$r = \frac{ub - lb}{4} + (ub - lb) \frac{2 \text{ iter}}{\text{iterNum}};$$

    
$$w = 0.9 - \text{iter} \frac{0.9 - 0.4}{\text{iterNum}};$$

    
$$e = 0.1 - \text{iter} \frac{0.1 \times 2}{\text{iterNum}};$$

    If[e < 0, e = 0];
    | 如果 |
    s = 2 RandomReal[] e;
        | 伪随机实数 |
    a = 2 RandomReal[] e;
        | 伪随机实数 |
    c = 2 RandomReal[] e;
        | 伪随机实数 |
    f = 2 RandomReal[];
        | 伪随机实数 |

    (*计算目标函数*)
    Do[fit = fitness[x[[i]]];
      | Do循环 |
      If[fit < fitFood, fitFood = fit; xFood = x[[i]]];
      | 如果 |
      If[fit > fitEnemy, fitEnemy = fit; xEnemy = x[[i]], {i, num}];
      | 哪里 |

```

```

fitCurve[iter] = fitFood;

(*遍历所有个体*)
Do[
  Do循环
    neighboursNo = 0;
    neighboursX = {};
    neighboursDeltaX = {};
    (*寻找邻居*)
    Do[
      Do循环
        If[EuclideanDistance[x[[u]], x[[v]]] ≤ r, neighboursNo++;
        ... 欧几里得距离
        AppendTo[neighboursX, x[[v]]];
        附加
        AppendTo[neighboursDeltaX, deltaX[[v]]];
        附加
      ], {v, num}];

    If[neighboursNo > 0,
      如果
        Si = -Sum[x[[u]] - j, {j, neighboursX}];
        求和
        Ai = Mean[neighboursDeltaX];
        平均值
        Ci = Mean[neighboursX] - x[[u]];
        平均值
        Fi = xFood - x[[u]];
        Ei = xEnemy + x[[u]];

        deltaX[[u]] = (s Si + a Ai + c Ci + f Fi + e Ei) + w deltaX[[u]];
        x[[u]] = x[[u]] + deltaX[[u]],

        x[[u]] = x[[u]] (1 + levy[dimension])];

    x, {u, num}],

  {iter, iterNum}], {iter, fitFood}]

(*输出最优结果*)
{fitFood, xFood}

```

(调试) Out[] =

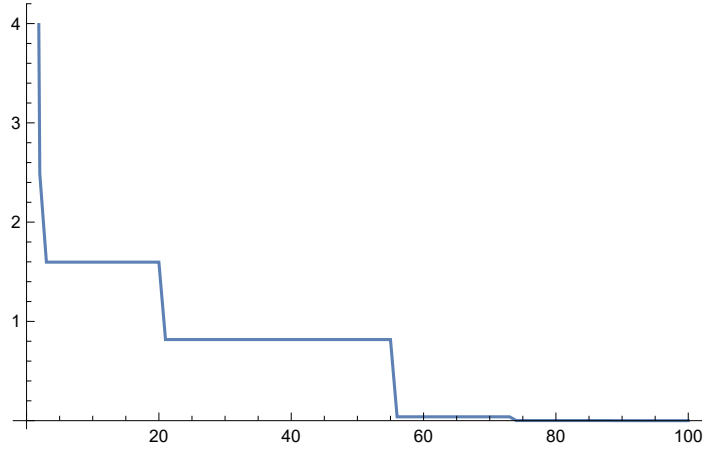
$$\{1.63645 \times 10^{-9}, \{-7.29073 \times 10^{-7}, 2.77795 \times 10^{-6}\}\}$$

(调试) In[]:=

ListLinePlot[fitCurve]

|绘制点集的线条

(调试) Out[]:=



DSolve

|求解微分方程