

$$X \sim \text{Hyper}(n, K, N) = \frac{\binom{K}{x} \binom{N-K}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}$$

$$X \sim \text{Hyper}(n, p, N) = \frac{\binom{pN}{x} \binom{(1-p)N}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}$$

s.t. $p = \frac{K}{N}$

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \text{Hyper}(n, p, N) = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{(pN)!}{x!(pN-x)!} \cdot \frac{((1-p)N)!}{(n-x)!(1-p)N-(n-x)!}}{\frac{N!}{n!(N-n)!}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x!} \frac{1}{(n-x)!} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{n!} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x!(n-x)!} \binom{n}{x}}}} = \binom{n}{x} \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{(pN)!}{(pN-x)!} \cdot \frac{((1-p)N)!}{((1-p)N-(n-x))!}}{\frac{N!}{(N-n)!}}$$

x terms $n-x$ total terms

$$\frac{(pN)(pN-1) \times \dots \times (pN-x+1) \cdot ((1-p)N)((1-p)N-1) \times \dots \times ((1-p)N-(n-x)+1)}{N(N-1) \times \dots \times (N-n+1)}$$

n total terms

$$= \binom{n}{x} \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{pN}{N} \times \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{pN-1}{N-1} \times \dots \times \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{pN-x+1}{N-x+1} \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1-p)N}{N-x} \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1-p)N-1}{N-x-1} \times \dots$$

$\dots \times \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1-p)N-(n-x)+1}{N-n+1}$

$1-p$

We have p^x and $(1-p)^{n-x}$
 $\hookrightarrow x$ terms of p

$$\Rightarrow \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

$$X \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p) := \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

sampling n with replacement and asking
 "how many special balls did I guess?"

Parameter space

$$n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$p \in (0, 1)$$

$$\text{Support}[X] = \{0, 1, \dots, n\}$$

We want to show

$$\sum_{x \in \text{Support}[X]} P[X] = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{x=0}^n \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x} = (p + (1-p))^n$$

$$\frac{1}{1} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1^n}{1}$$

X_1 and X_2 are independent random variables if

- $P(X_1=x_1 | X_2=x_2) = P(X_1=x_1)$ for all $x_1 \in \text{Supp}[X_1]$, for all $x_2 \in \text{Supp}[X_2]$
- $P(X_2=x_2 | X_1=x_1) = P(X_2=x_2)$
- $P(X_1=x_1, X_2=x_2) = P(X_1=x_1)P(X_2=x_2)$
AND

JOINT MASS FUNCTION

X_1, X_2 are "iid" \rightarrow independent and identically distributed

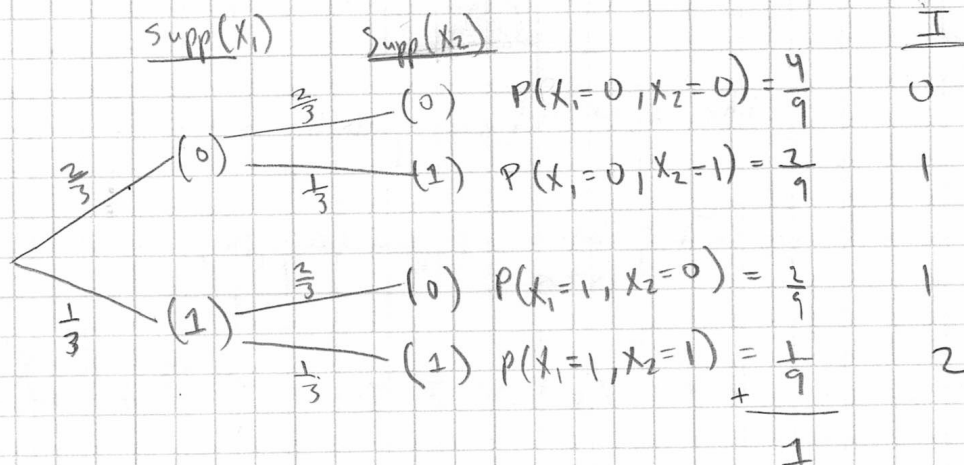
$$X_1, X_2 \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bern}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$T_2 := X_1 + X_2$$

$$\text{Supp}[X_1] = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\text{Supp}[X_2] = \{0, 1\}$$

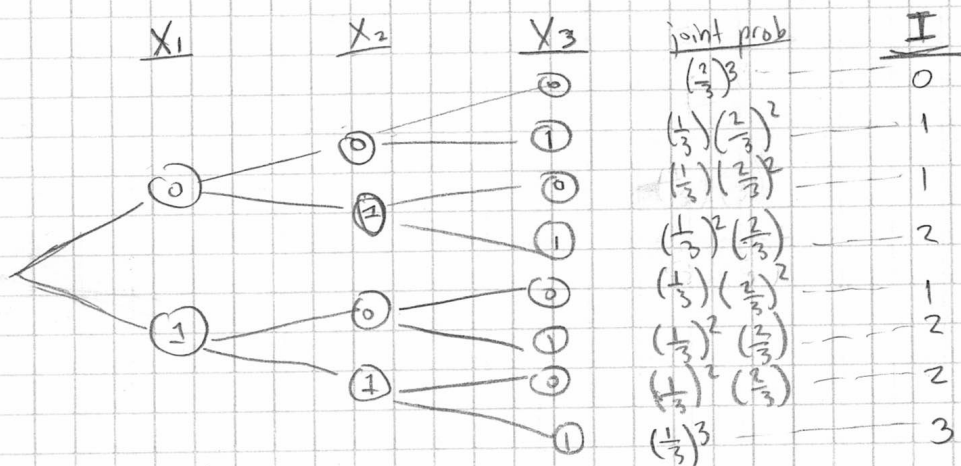
$$\text{Supp}[T_2] = \{0, 1, 2\}$$



$$X_1, X_2, X_3 \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bern}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$T_3 = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$$

$$\text{Supp}[T_3] = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$$



$$T_3 \sim \begin{cases} 0 & \text{wp } \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^0 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 \\ 1 & \text{wp } \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = 3\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \\ 2 & \text{wp } \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = 3\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \\ 3 & \text{wp } \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^0 \end{cases}$$

$$X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bern}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$T_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\text{Supp}[T_n] = \{0, 1, \dots, n\}$$

$$T_n \sim \begin{cases} 0 & \text{w.p. } \binom{n}{0} (p)^0 (1-p)^n \\ 1 & \text{w.p. } \binom{n}{1} (p)^1 (1-p)^{n-1} \\ 2 & \text{w.p. } \binom{n}{2} (p)^2 (1-p)^{n-2} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ n-1 & \text{w.p. } \binom{n}{n-1} (p)^{n-1} (1-p)^1 \\ n & \text{w.p. } \binom{n}{n} (p)^n (1-p)^0 \end{cases}$$



$$T_n \sim \text{Binom}(n, p) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

The binomial conceptually is

$$T = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \text{Hyper}(n, p, N)$$

$$T = X_1 + \dots + X_n \quad \text{where } X_1, \dots, X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bern}(p)$$