

Installation and Operation Manual

September 2018

Congratulations with your SKAARHOJ controller! Our mission is to ease the use of broadcast hardware for people making live video and doing so by means of awesome tactile industrial strength hardware controllers. We are really proud of how much we have been able to stuff into this device, and we hope you can see our love and passion for cool and helpful technology shine through when you browse this manual.

While we really want to make everything intuitive for you, we still need to document some not so obvious facts and conventions and we have tried to put everything you need to know into this document along with a few extra tips too.

Please notice this manual is aimed at UniSketch powered SKAARHOJ controllers. If you have a device not running UniSketch please see other manual at <http://skaarhoj.com/support/manual/>. In order to run UniSketch you need a device with the SKAARDUINO Due MCU.

Have fun!



Contents

Installation and Operation Manual	1
Contents	2
Getting Started	4
Firmware Updater	5
Connecting SKAARHOJ Controller with Clients	5
Troubleshooting	6
Setting IP for non UniSketch Based Controllers	7
Network Recommendations	8
Facts	8
Power over Ethernet (PoE) Specifications	8
Troubleshooting	8
Connection Stability and NDI	8
Network Guidelines	9
Additional Resources	9
Recommend Managed Network Switches for NDI Network	9
Device Cores	11
vMix Device Core	11
Firmware Updater Application	13
Load Firmware from File	13
Port selection on Windows	14
Serial Monitor	14
Commands in the Serial Monitor	15
List of Commands	15
Error Occurred during Firmware Upload	16
The Connected Controller is not Fully Registered yet	18
cores.skaarhoj.com	19
Controller Configuration	20
Device Cores	20
Manage Configurations	21
Manage Media	21
Firmware Overview	21
Back Connections and Config Mode	22
Status LED Overview	23
Connection Troubleshooting	24
Configuration Mode/Accessing Web Interface	24
Enter configuration mode	25
Access to web interface if SKAARHOJ controller is connected via network router	25
Access via the Firmware Application	25
DHCP	25
Web Interface Troubleshooting	26
UniSketch OS Explained	27

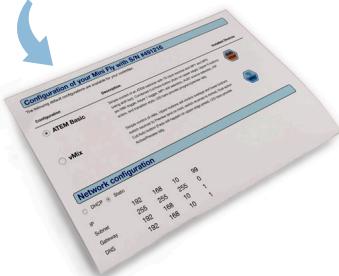
Web Interface	27
Device Settings	27
Hardware Interface Components (HwC)	28
Graphical Displays	28
Devices	29
Multiple Actions	30
Shift	30
States	31
Copy / Paste	31
Presets	32
Troubleshooting	33
Contact Support	35
Hardware Notes:	36
DB-25 Connector Configuration for GPI	36

Getting Started

For UniSketch based controllers a config-slip is included in the package.

1 What configuration is installed?

Make sure this is the one you want. If not, read the next section on how to change it.



2 What IP addresses are used?

If the configuration is good, but the IP settings don't match your network, you'll have to change them.



Change the controller IP address

To set up the IP addresses, click "IP Configuration" in the firmware application.

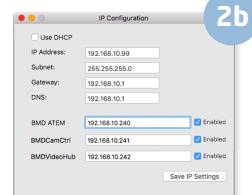
In the pop-up window, make the IP changes you need, save and power cycle the controller.

You're done!



2a

2b

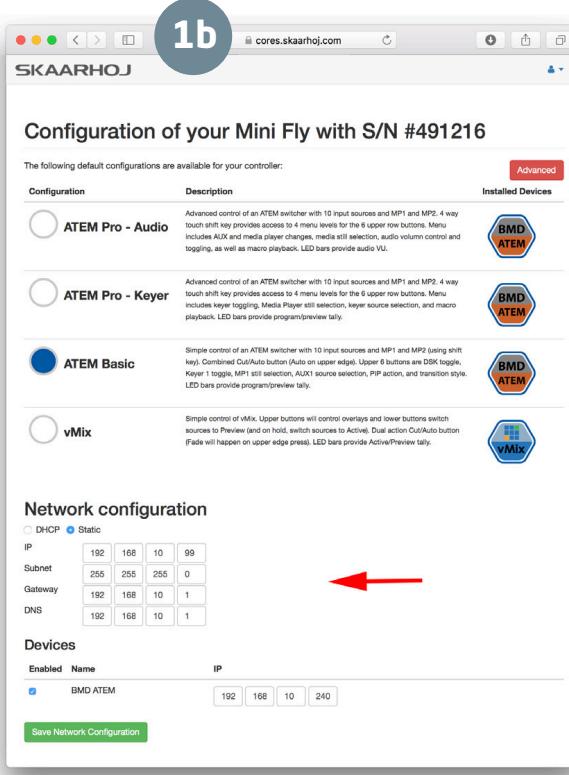


1 Download an entirely different configuration

1a



1b

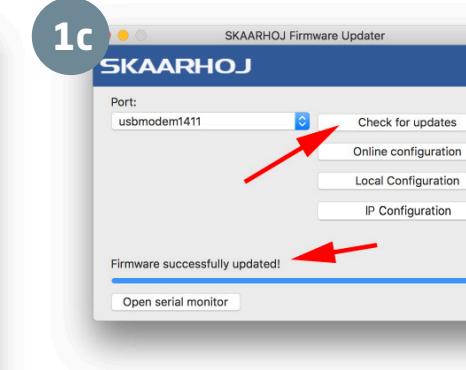


Press "Online Configuration" in the SKAARHOJ Firmware Updater application. A web browser will open.

You'll see the same page printed and included in this cover; Now, select a different configuration and set the corresponding IP addresses.

! Your computer must be connected to the Internet!

1c



The final step to bliss is to go back to the SKAARHOJ Firmware Updater application and press "Check for updates". A new unique firmware with your selected configuration and IP settings is created, downloaded and installed on your controller.

You're done!



Pro-tip: If you are up for some fun later, notice the "Advanced" button on the web page. Don't click it just yet - but go back there and explore when you have successfully worked with a default configuration.

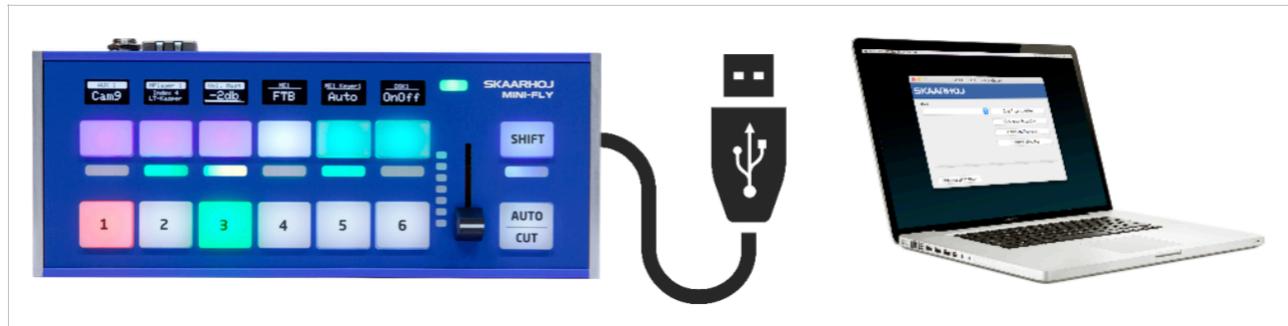
Having trouble? Visit <http://skaarhoj.com/support>

Default IP configuration for a SKAARHOJ unit when shipping:

IP Address: 192.168.10.99 & **Subnet:** 255.255.255.00

Firmware Updater

You won't get far without the SKAARHOJ Firmware Updater application. Download it www.skaarhoj.com/support/firmware-updater/. Install, run it and connect your controller. Please notice the USB cable is only to be used for configuration and firmware upgrade. The USB plug is not designed to be connected during normal operation. More details are found in the "Firmware Updater Application" section of this manual.



Connect the SKAARHOJ controller to your Mac or PC with the included USB cable. The device shows up in the Port list.



Connecting SKAARHOJ Controller with Clients

Almost all of our controllers are IP based. Below two examples are given for how to connect a SKAARHOJ controller with a client or multiple clients. Notice communication is ethernet based and not via USB. For control of multiple PTZ cameras please read the "PTZ Manual" at www.skaarhoj.com/support/manuals/

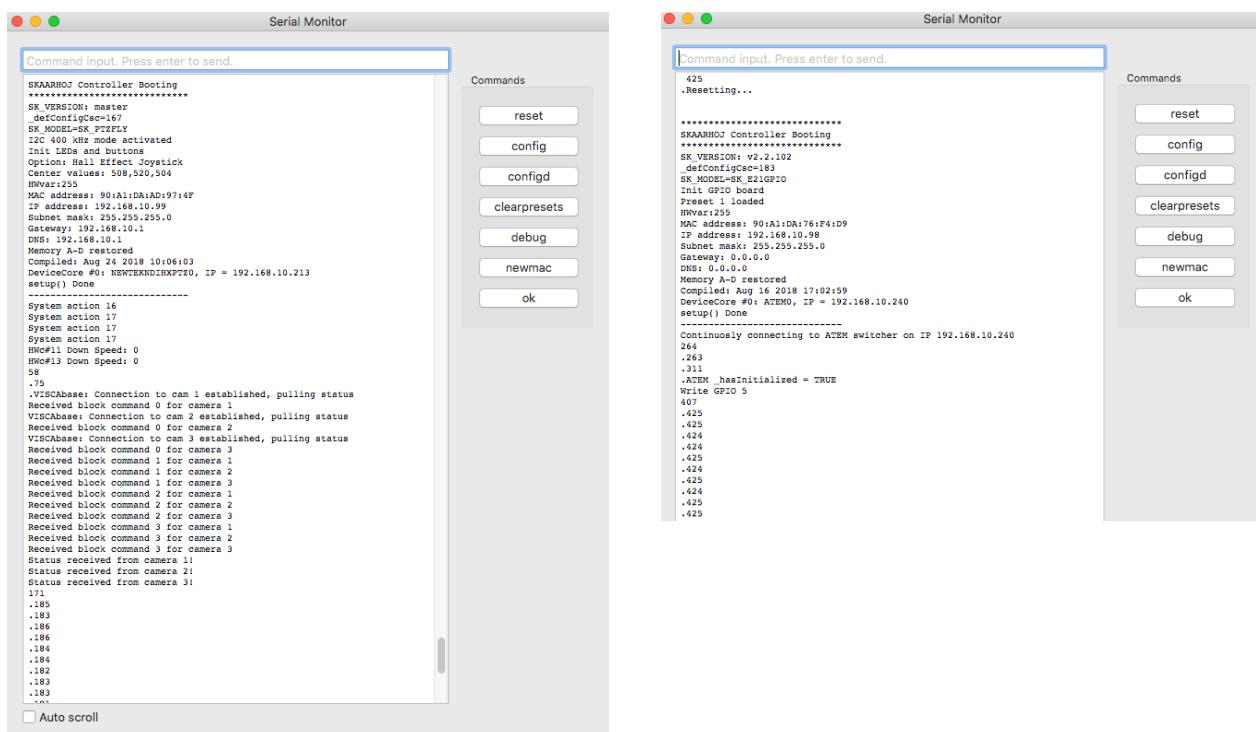


If you want to control for example an ATEM switcher you do *not* need a PC/Mac running the ATEM Software Control Panel for using the SKAARHOJ controller since it connects directly to the ATEM. But you can run both at the same time if you want, and the changes made in either the SKAARHOJ controller or in the ATEM Software Control panel will correlate with the other unit. This is the case for most device cores you can install on your controller, but for more information, consult the support pages for the individual device cores.

Troubleshooting

If you have followed the above instructions and still have issues here's some tips

- Check IP and network settings. If the Device Core IP address does not match the client(s) nothing will work
 - Double check IP settings!
 - Use the serial monitor in the Firmware Updater Application to check connection status. Depending on Client type you will get confirmation when clients are connected or not (see illustrations below)
 - Avoid having Device Cores enabled if clients does not exist. The controller will use resources trying to connect to non-existing clients.
 - SKAARHOJ controller and client must be on the same subnet.



Setting IP for non UniSketch Based Controllers

Some of our products such as the ETH-SDI Link does not run UniSketch OS and for these the procedure for setting IP address differs.

Set manual IP address for Mac/PC

We recommend connecting your SKAARHOJ controller directly to your PC/Mac with a ethernet cable in order to access the web interface.

Turn off your wifi and set your IP manually:

192.168.10.50 PC/Mac IP address

255.255.255.0 Netmask

192.168.10.1 Gateway/Router IP address if necessary



Enter Configuration Mode

- **Step 1** – Connect SKAARHOJ device to PC/Mac with ethernet cable and power up the unit. Let it boot up.
- **Step 2** – Press and hold the config button until the status LED starts to blink
- **Step 3** – Access web interface by entering <http://192.168.10.99> in your browser

The image is divided into two sections. On the left, there is a photograph of the SKAARHOJ device, which is a blue PCB with various components. Labels point to the 'Ethernet' port, '12V(+)', 'Prog' button, and 'Status LED'. Below this is the text 'Location of "Config" and "Status LED"'. On the right, there is a screenshot of a web browser window titled '192.168.10.99'. The page header says 'SKAARHOJ'. Below it is a section titled 'SKAARHOJ Device IP Settings:' with a form containing the IP address '192 . 168 . 10 . 99'. A 'Submit' button is below the form. Below the form is the text '(Reset / Pull the power after submitting the form successfully)'. At the bottom of the browser window, it says 'Example of web interface on ETH-SDI Link'.

Notice: The web interface IP is always set to <http://192.168.10.99> even if you change the "SKAARHOJ Device IP Address" in the web interface.

Network Recommendations

Facts

- SKAARHOJ controllers have a 100 mbps network interface
- Network switch must have Auto-MDI/MDIX
- Network switch must support 100 mbps
- PoE: IEEE 802.3af

When connected to a network switch, the yellow LED (lower left) at the ethernet jack will be on. If the device in the other end supports TX/RX auto detection you may be able to connect the SKAARHOJ controller directly to your device, otherwise use a crossed cable or a network switch (the supported setup). Remember a SKAARHOJ controller and client must be on the same subnet (192.168.10.* or one you set up in the controller). If you have multiple SKAARHOJ units connected to the same network they need to have different IP addresses!

Power over Ethernet (PoE) Specifications

We use the PoE industry standard 48V IEEE 802.3af. If you want to power our controllers using PoE it is important your switch supports this standard. Please notice some manufactures such as Ubiquity have their own non-standard 24V type of PoE which is incompatible with our controllers. Especially pay attention to the standard if you use a PoE injector.

Troubleshooting

If you experience no network activity at all try one or more of the following suggestions:

- Use a managed network switch
- Force network switch port to 100 mbps
- Try a different network switch

1GB or 10 GB switches can have issues with our 100 mbps interface if not properly managed. The iMac Pro with 10 GB have issues if connected directly to our controller. Try with a USB to ethernet adapter in this case.

Connection Stability and NDI

Lately we have discovered connection stability issues if you use our controllers on a network with **multicast** data and proper network guidelines have not been followed. If appropriate network precautions have not been taken NDI data is multicasts to our controller and network packages gets lost because the Ethernet interface on the controller receives megabytes of data which it has to discard to find control data. Multicast data can be generated from NDI sources such as PTZ Cameras or other NDI enabled broadcast equipment such as a Tricaster Mini. We are working intensively to understand NDI based networks and are in the process of acquiring equipment so we can replicate multiple setups and configurations with several NDI sources.

Below you will find our recommendations as this present time. Please be aware suggestions might get updated as we get to understand and test further.

If you use our controllers on a network with NDI sources it is absolutely imperative to configure your network properly to ensure a stable connection.

A *initial* identification to monitor if there is multicast data present on the controller is to check the Activity LED on the ethernet port of the controller (green).

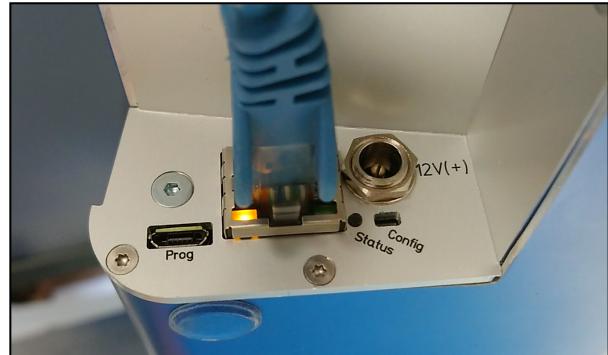
- **Slow blinking:** Good. Proper network config or no multicast data present

- **Lit up all the time:** Bad. Multicast “spam” on the network

See examples via:

[Bad - Green Activity - multicast spam](#)

[Good - Green Activity - only relevant control data](#)



Network Guidelines

Besides having taken proper network switch considerations such as Gigabit Ethernet on all network switch ports we recommend the following settings on your Managed Switch when possible:

- Enable IGMP Snooping (mDNS is automatically blocked by many switches when snooping is enabled – refer to documentation from your switch vendor)
- Enable Flow Control as Asymmetrical or simply as On
- Disable Quality of Service
- Disable Jumbo Frames
- CONFIGURE IGMP Querier and Query Interval for each switch in multi-switch networks when using multicast

Additional Resources

- **NewTek:** [NDI Network Guidelines](#)
- **PTZOptics:** [Setting up a Ubiquiti Network for use with PTZOptics Products](#)
- **NewTek Network Settings:** https://support.newtek.com/hc/en-us/articles/115001705074-NETWORK-SETTINGS?mobile_site=true

Recommend Managed Network Switches for NDI Network

We have tested 3 different managed network switches for a setup where multicast data is present. Below you will find a quick guide on how to configure these 3 devices to ensure stable connection on your network.

- DLink DGS-1100-08P
- Ubiquiti UniFi US-8-150W
- Netgear Click GS408EPP

Netgear Click GS408EPP

The screenshot shows the Netgear Click GS408EPP web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for System, VLAN, QoS, Help, Management, Maintenance, Monitoring, Multicast, PoE, and LAG. The main content area is titled "IGMP Snooping Configuration". It contains several configuration options with radio button selection:

- IGMP Snooping Status: Radio buttons for Disable (selected) and Enable.
- VLAN ID Enabled for IGMP Snooping: A dropdown menu.
- Validate IGMPv3 IP header: Radio buttons for Disable (selected) and Enable.
- Block Unknown Multicast Address: Radio buttons for Disable (selected) and Enable.
- IGMP Snooping Static Router Port: A dropdown menu set to "any".

Buttons for "Cancel" and "Apply" are located at the bottom right.

Ubiquiti UniFi US-8-150W

The screenshot shows the Ubiquiti UniFi US-8-150W web interface under the "SETTINGS" tab. The left sidebar lists various settings like Site, Wireless Networks, Networks (selected), Routing & Firewall, IPS, DPI, Guest Control, Profiles, Services, Admins, User Groups, Controller, Notifications, Cloud Access, Elite Device, Maintenance, and Auto Backup. The main content area is titled "EDIT NETWORK - LAN" and shows the configuration for a LAN network:

- Name:** LAN
- Purpose:** Corporate (selected), Guest, WAN, VLAN Only, Remote User VPN, Site-to-Site VPN, VPN Client.
- Interface:** LAN (selected), LAN2.
- Gateway/Subnet:** 192.168.1.1/24
- Domain Name:** localdomain
- IGMP Snooping:** Enabled (checkbox checked).
- DHCP Mode:** DHCP Server (selected), DHCP Relay, None.
- DHCP Range:** 192.168.1.6 - 192.168.1.254
- DHCP Name Server:** Auto (selected), Manual, DNS server 1, DNS server 2, DNS server 3, DNS server 4.
- DHCP Lease Time:** 86400 seconds
- DHCP Gateway IP:** Auto (selected), Manual, Gateway IP address.
- DHCP UniFi Controller:** UniFi IP address.
- DHCP Guarding:** Enable DHCP guarding, Trusted DHCP server 1, Trusted DHCP server 2, Trusted DHCP server 3.
- UPnP LAN:** Enable UPnP LAN.

Buttons for "SAVE" and "CANCEL" are at the bottom.

DLink DGS-1100-08P

The screenshot shows the DLink DGS-1100-08P web interface. The left sidebar navigation tree includes DGS-1100-08P, System, Management, L2 Features (FDB, VLAN, Spanning Tree, Loopback Detection, Link Aggregation), L2 Multicast Control (IGMP Snooping, IGMP Snooping Settings, IGMP Snooping Groups Settings), QoS, Security, OAM, Monitoring, and Green. The main content area is titled "IGMP Snooping Settings" and contains the following configuration:

- IGMP Snooping:** Radio buttons for Enabled (selected) and Disabled.
- Note:** Internet Group Management Protocol snooping allows the switch to recognize IGMP queries and reports sent between network stations or devices and an IGMP host. When enabled for IGMP snooping, the switch can add or remove a port to a specific device based on IGMP messages passing through the switch.

Buttons for "Save", "Tools", "Help", "Logout", and "Apply" are at the top right.

Device Cores

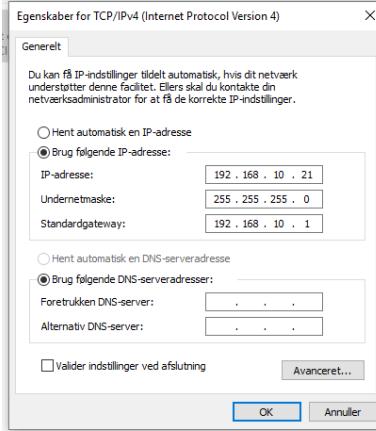
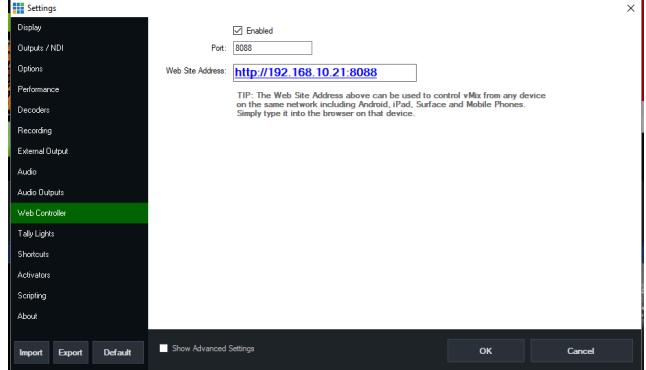
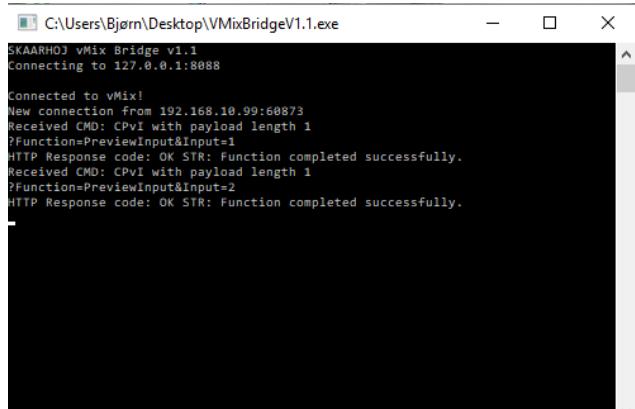
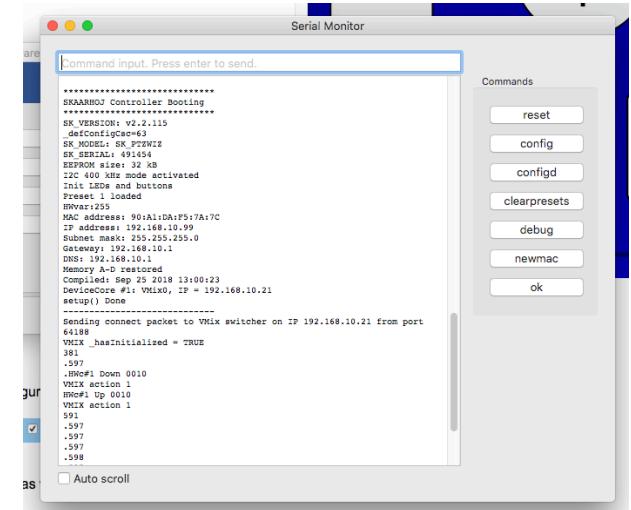
External hardware support is made available on your controller as what we call Device Cores. A device core is the driver - or akin to an "app" - installed on the your controller that enables communication support with a given piece of broadcast gear. Some are very mature and full featured, others still just basic, some are in beta versions and yet others are just planned at this stage

You can always see the latest status here www.skaarhoj.com/support/device-cores/ and find specific Device Core manuals www.skaarhoj.com/support/manuals if they exist.



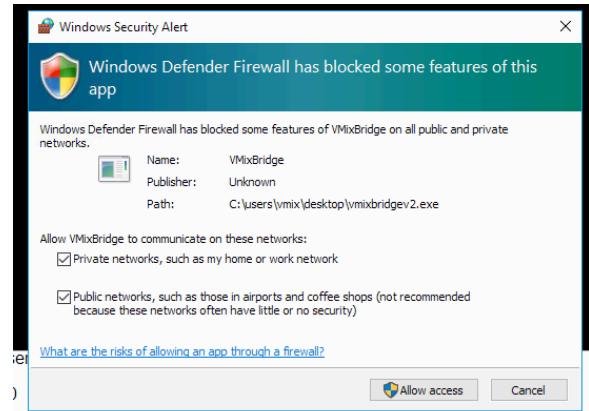
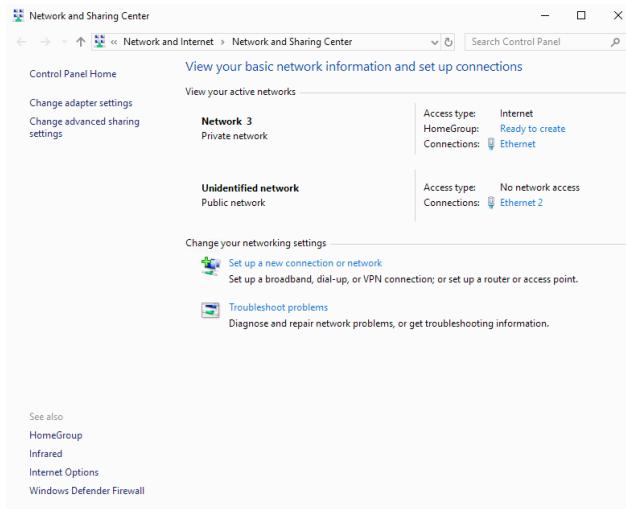
vMix Device Core

When using our controller together with vMix the application vMixBridge is necessary to run on your computer. This gabs communication between our controller and vMix - get it here: www.skaarhoj.com/support/device-cores/vmix/

	Set fixed IP on computer to match vMix Device Core IP address		You can check IP settings in vMix - Settings - Web Controller
	Open vMix and vMixBridge. When SKAARHOJ controller connects the vMixBridge will report "New connection from..."		Check connection have been established in serial monitor. Connection is confirmed by "VMIX _hasInitialized = True"

A note on Windows Defender Firewall

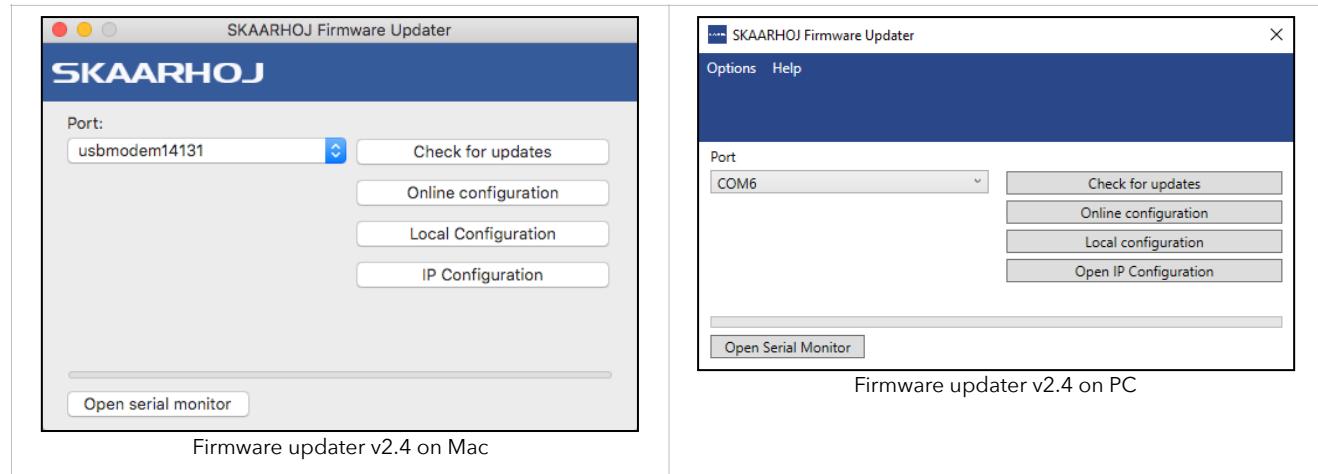
In order for the vMixBridge application to work properly you need to make sure the application is granted access to either your Private Network or your Public Network dependent on which network the SKAARHOJ controller is connected to.



Firmware Updater Application

A quick introduction to the Firmware Updater Application is presented in the "Getting Started" section. Here we provide some more details. The applications can be downloaded for Mac and PC at: www.skaarhoj.com/support/firmware-updater/

When the application is installed and open, connect your controller with USB to the computer. It should now be displayed in the "Port" dropdown box.

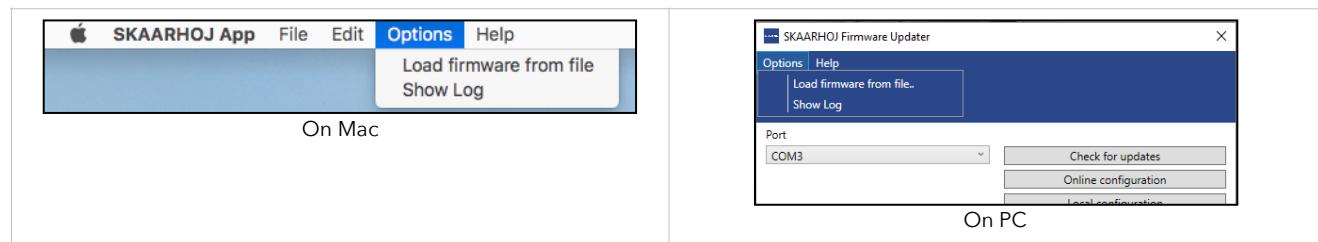


A number of options now exist.

- **Check for updates:** Generates a new firmware on our server and downloads it to the unit. This is required whenever a change to the configuration has been made, or we have updated UniSketch OS and Device Cores.
- **Online Configuration:** Opens a web browser and gives you access to the online configuration page of your controller.
- **Local Configuration:** Starts a local webserver on the controller and opens a web browser with a local configuration page. Please notice changes made in the local configuration will *not* be synced with your Online Configuration and whenever a "Check for Updates" command is executed the Local Configuration will be overwritten!
- **IP Configuration:** Opens a configuration window for IP settings on the controller and Device Cores.

Load Firmware from File

In addition you will find a "Load Firmware from File" and "Show Log" in the "Options" tab in the application.

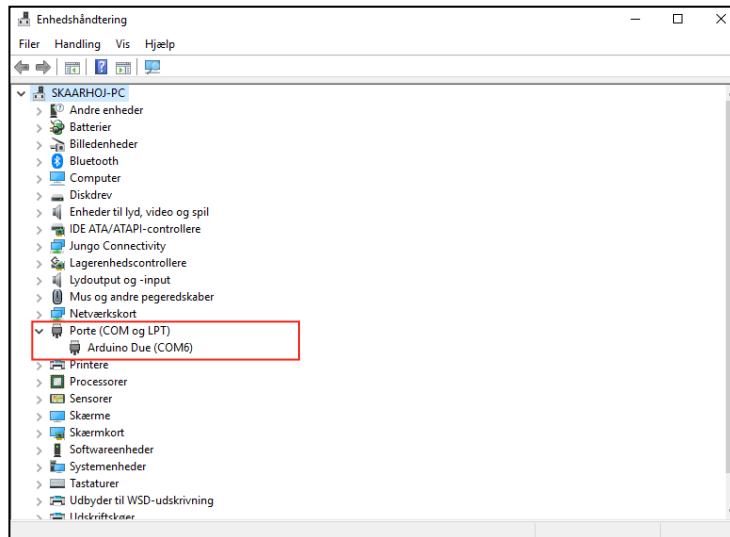


The "Load Firmware from file" is used if you have generated a firmware file from the Online Configuration page and want to upload it manually. Or if you want to update firmware on a unit not integrated in our UniSketch OS. Please notice firmwares are unique to each controller and paired with a hardware ID for the controller it has been generated from. Firmware files **cannot** be uploaded to a different controller than the one it has been generated from.

The "Show Log" will open a text document with a log from the application. Please included the relevant parts in a support case.

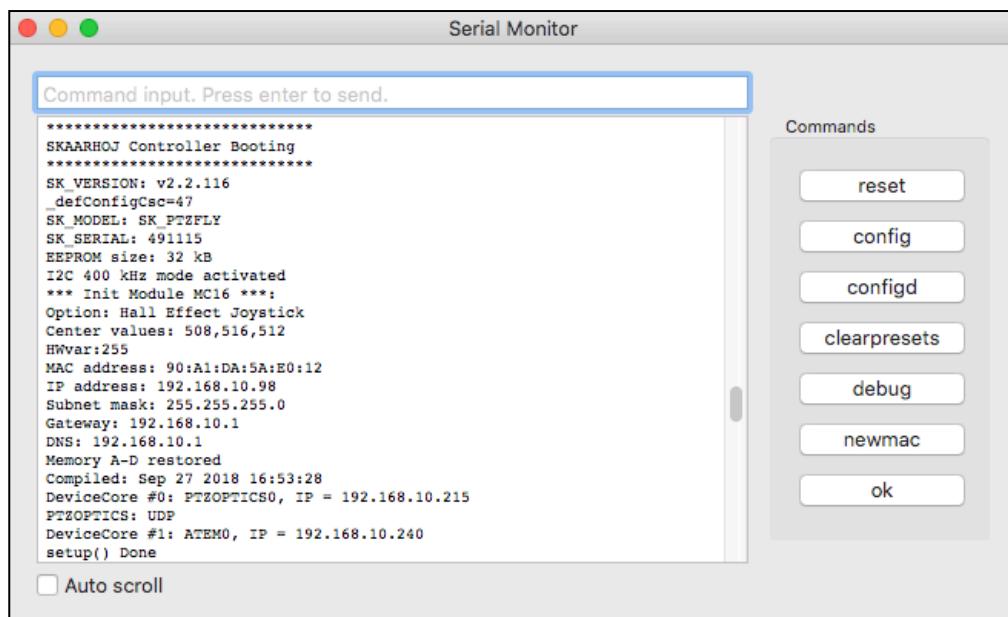
Port selection on Windows

If multiple options are listed in the port selection on Windows you can use Device Manager to find the relevant COM port. If you have issues getting access to the controller when several COM port are listed in the application try and disable other COM ports.



Serial Monitor

The serial monitor in the Firmware Application is an indispensable tool for bug fixing any problems with your SKAARHOJ controller. The serial monitor runs at 115200 baud and a typical output from the boot process looks like this:



This tells us the firmware version loaded, model name of the controller, serial number, how a number of hardware components have been initialized, which IP address, subnet mask and MAC address the controller has, which date the software was compiled. It also shows us which hardware devices it will try to connect to. During this process until the "setup() Done" message is output, the status LED will blink purple.

After the setup, the controller enters normal operational state. You see that it tries to connect to the devices and that it succeeds in this. During this process, the status LED blinks yellow and eventually it will blink green.

The serial monitor will continuously output a small dot and a number every second. If this is not the case permanently, it indicates a crash of the controller. The number indicates the number of times a second the controller manages to check all device connections and hardware components. It should be higher than 25. The higher the better. This number may/will drop if there are problems, if something slows down the controller, if devices are not connected properly or in the process of being connected, if a lot of displays needs to be updated etc. The lower this value, the less responsive the interface will feel. This value will also be impacted by the number and type of actions configured for interface components in the web interface. Network problems may also impact this value. If this value is too low, the controller may further loose connections to devices and may seem unresponsive to interface operations.

Commands in the Serial Monitor

You can enter commands in the serial monitor to do certain things with the controller. This is particularly useful for developers and also for bug-fixing and calibration. If you are using the Arduino IDE Enable CR/LF on the serial monitor dropdown menu in order to send the commands.

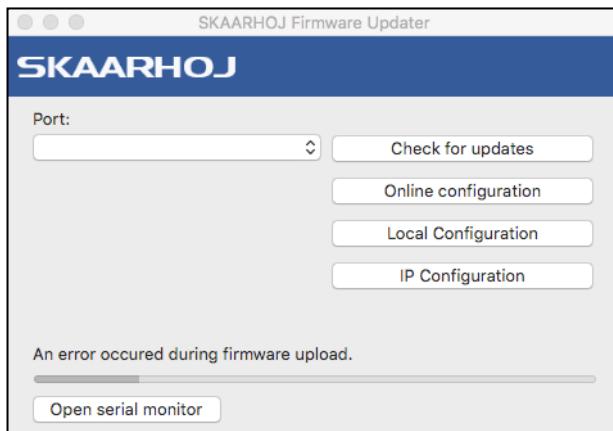
List of Commands

"config"	Reboots the device into config mode with its current IP. Similar to holding the config button until the LED becomes blue.
"configd"	Reboots the device into config default mode (IP always 192.168.10.99). Similar to holding the config button until the LED becomes white.
"debug"	Reboots and enables debug output to serial monitor
"sockets"	Lists the 8 available sockets and their status. (If "debug" mode is enabled - see above - whenever a change happens to a socket you will see it printed in the serial monitor on the same form)
"newmac"	Generates a new random MAC address to EEPROM. Power cycle both your controller and network switch after this operation. Useful if you have network problems.
"clearpresets"	Clears the preset memory completely (flushes all!). Useful/necessary after a firmware upgrade. Similar to holding the config button until the LED becomes red.
"reset"	Reboots the controller
"HWvar=XXX"	Set Hardware Variant (byte). This value shouldn't be changed by users. Its significance is to inform the UniSketch software about which hardware revision it's running on in order to take certain specifics into account. Bit 0: Determines model of status LED on SKAARDUINO-AVR models.
"list analog"	Lists analog hardware components on the controller with number, description and three calibration values (start/end/tolerance)
"show analog X"	Shows readings from analog component X where X is the number given by "list analog". The readings indicate the value and noise level for the read out. This is useful for debugging. If you move the analog component you should see values change. Write "hide analog" to stop the display.
"hide analog"	Stops the display of "show analog"
"calibrate analog X"	Starts calibration of analog component X. Instructions will be posted in the serial monitor. The steps involve moving the analog component to various positions.
"clear analog X"	Resets calibration data for analog component X to default. If X is not given it resets calibration data for all components.
"set analog X=start,end,tolerance"	Forces calibration data "start", "end", and "tolerance" for component X
"exportPresets"	Will dump a large amount of data representing the entire configuration with presets in the controller. Last two bytes is a checksum
"importPresets"	Will import configuration into the internal EEPROM memory. After sending the command, the controller will instruct to paste configuration into the serial monitor. It must be formatted like the output from "exportPresets"
"preset X"	Will select the given preset number X if it exists and reboot the controller
"ip=A.B.C.D"	Sets the controller IP address (for the current preset)

"ipDeviceX=A.B.C.D"	Sets the IP address for device index X (see boot up output) for the current preset.
"enableDeviceX=[0/1]"	Enable or disable device X for the current preset.
"clearusermemory"	Clears user memory space (used for various types of device setting presets).
"getVersion"	Shows the current version of UniSketch
"getCID"	Returns the controllers unique ID, which is used to access the configuration pages on cores.skaarhoj.com . Since this ID gives access to the online configuration, do not share it publicly.

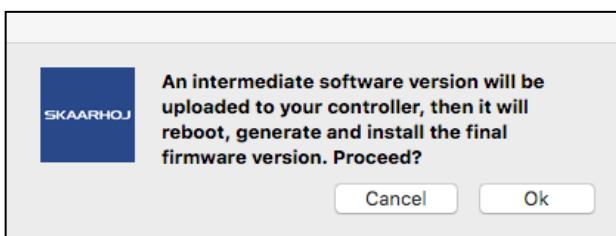
Technical Notice: Any operation from the serial monitor that reboots the controller, does so with a "soft" reset and the Ethernet chip in the controller may still hold old settings. In most cases this is no problem, but at other times it may lead to strange behaviours and connection problems. In that case; power cycle the unit, press the reset button shortly or close down and reopen the serial monitor which will also act as a hardware reset.

Error Occurred during Firmware Upload

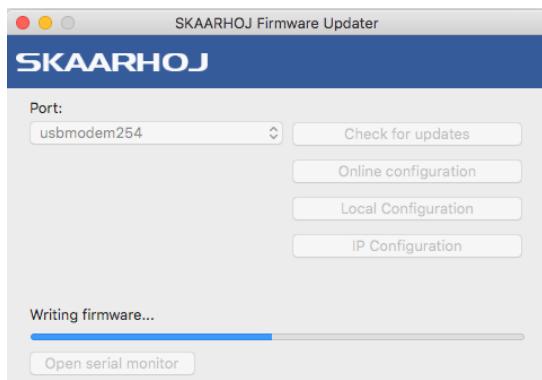


If the update process for whatever reason is interrupted (e.g. power is lost) the firmware will be rendered useless on your device. A new firmware have to be uploaded to the unit.

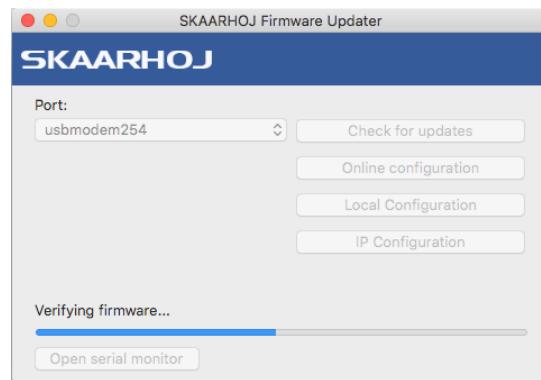
Press "Check for updates" - you will be presented with a message about a "intermediate software version...". Press "OK" to proceed. A intermediate firmware will be loaded on your unit, and subsequently the final firmware.



Process for updating firmware with intermediate software version



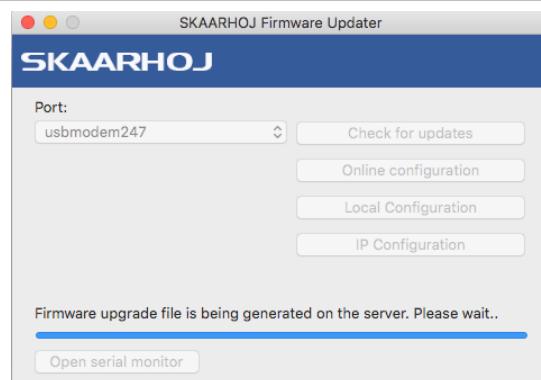
1) Intermediate firmware uploading



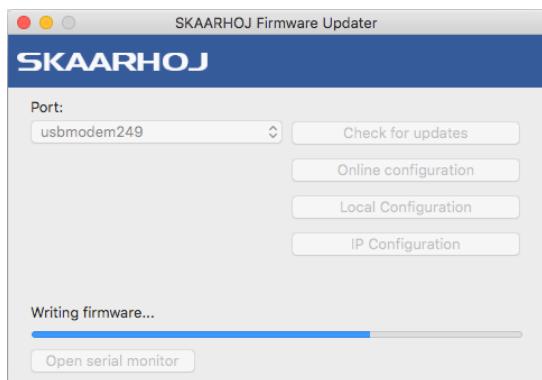
2) Verifying intermediate firmware



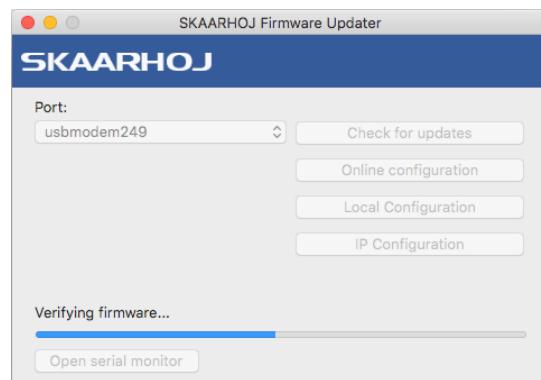
3) Waiting for device to boot



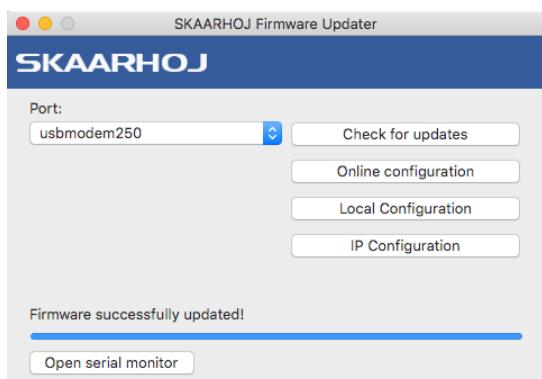
4) Generating and downloading final firmware



5) Writing final firmware



6) Verifying final firmware



7) Status

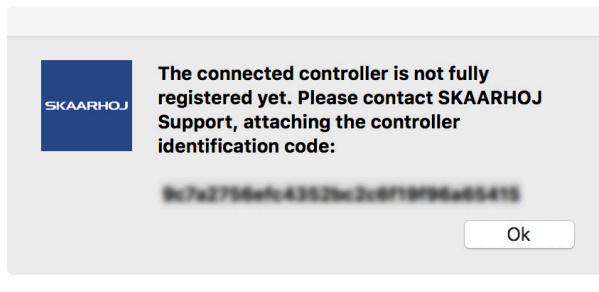
The Connected Controller is not Fully Registered yet

In rare cases you might experience a message from the Firmware Updater stating that the connected controller is not fully registered yet. This happens if the unique hardware ID of your controller does not match the record in our database.

In order to solve this issue please send the following information to support@skhaarhoj.com

- Identification code from the Firmware Application.
 - Serial number of the unit. The serial number is found on a small silver sticker with 6 digits.

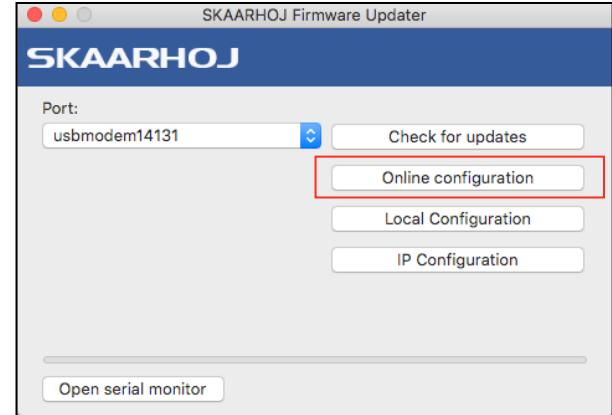
After we have confirmed the registration by email press "Check for updates" in the Firmware Application. This will render a new valid firmware for your device.



cores.skaarhoj.com

A SKAARHOJ controller running UniSketch OS has a license profile in our online repo at cores.skaarhoj.com. This is where its software (firmware) came from that was programmed onto the unit when it was delivered. Whenever you need a firmware upgrade for whatever reason, this is where the firmware will be downloaded from by the firmware application. But this is only the most basic case. cores.skaarhoj.com provides you a fantastic way to expand the features of your controller; you can select between different pre-made configurations, install new device cores (support for more broadcast hardware), change configuration of the controllers behaviour, add media strings and graphics, add modules and manage multiple configurations for your controller.

To access the Configuration Page for your controller, simply connect it by USB to your computer and start the SKAARHOJ Firmware Application, then press "Online Configuration". If the controller correctly reboots and returns its unique ID, a web browser will open and take you to the configuration page on cores.skaarhoj.com. Whenever you are done changing the configuration online, return to the SKAARHOJ Firmware App and press "Check for updates". A new firmware reflecting the changes will be created and downloaded to your controller.

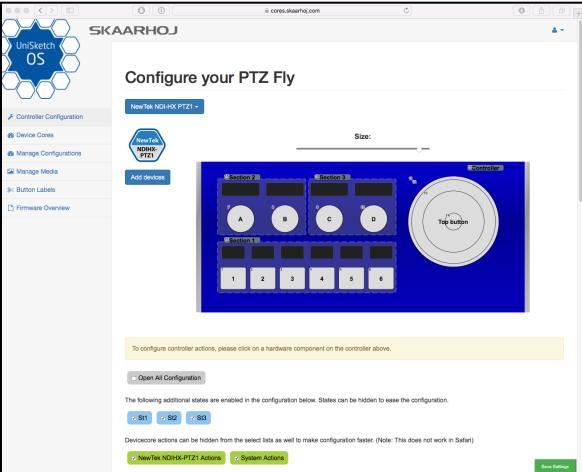


By default the configuration page will look something like this. Here you can select between different pre-made configurations and read a short description. You can also change Network settings and set IP address for Device Cores. If you press the red "Advanced" button you will access a configuration page where you can tweak a existing configuration or build one for yourself!

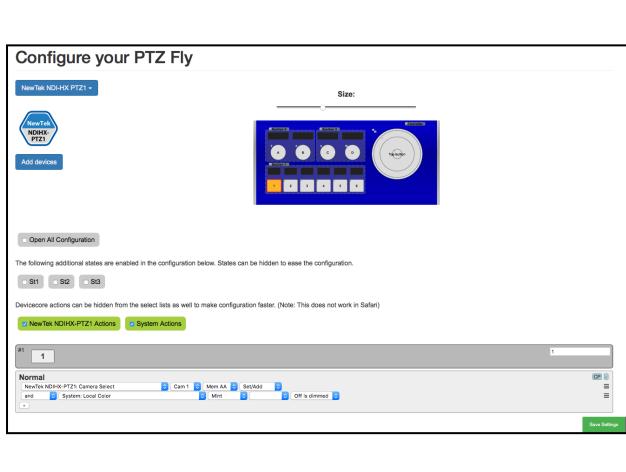
A screenshot of the configuration page for a PTZ Fly with S/N #. The page title is "Configuration of your PTZ Fly with S/N #". It shows a list of available configurations: Lumens VC-A50P, NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 (Active), PTZOptics PT20X, Sony BRC-X1000/H800, Panasonic PTZ, NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 + Panasonic PTZ, and Raw Panel. Each configuration has a brief description and a corresponding icon. Below the configuration list is a "Network configuration" section with "DHCP" and "Static" options. Under "Static", there are input fields for IP (192.168.10.99), Subnet (255.255.255.0), Gateway (192.168.10.1), and DNS (192.168.10.1). At the bottom of the page are sections for "Devices" and a "Save Network Configuration" button.

Controller Configuration

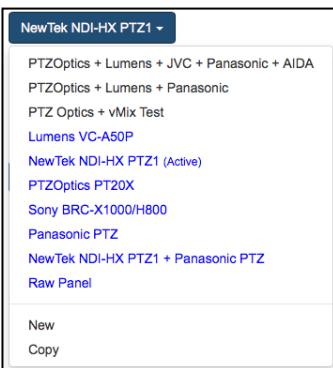
This is where the fun begins! On the advanced configuration page on Cores" (cores.skaarhoj.com) the configuration of your controller shares the same interface as the one documented in this manual in the UniSketch section. The configuration you set up on "Cores" will become the default configuration of your controller with the next firmware download. When pressing a hardware interface component the configuration will jump to that component and you can modify or change the actions.



The screenshot shows the 'Configure your PTZ Fly' section. It features a large circular icon with sections labeled 'Top button', 'Section 1', 'Section 2', 'Section 3', and 'Section 4'. Below the icon is a legend: 'A' (red), 'B' (blue), 'C' (green), and 'D' (yellow). A 'Size:' input field is positioned above the icon. To the left, there's a sidebar with 'UniSketch OS' branding and navigation links: 'Controller Configuration', 'Device Cores', 'Manage Configurations', 'Manage Media', 'Button Labels', and 'Firmware Overview'. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Save Settings' and 'Add devices'.

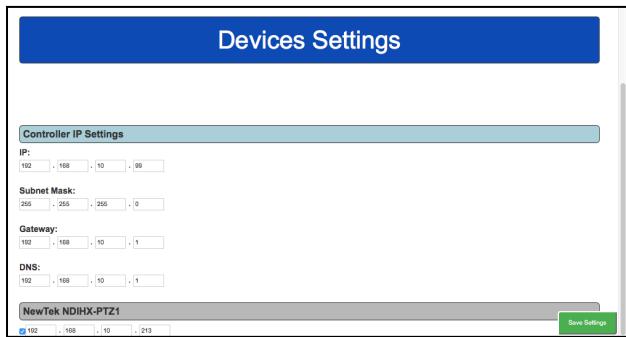


This screenshot shows a similar configuration interface for the 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1'. It includes a preview window with a blue and white control panel design, a 'Size:' input field, and a 'Save Settings' button. Below the preview, there's a note about enabling additional states and a 'Normal' configuration tab with various settings like 'Normal' and 'Off is dimmed'.



This screenshot shows a dropdown menu titled 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1'. It lists several options: 'PTZOptics + Lumens + JVC + Panasonic + AIDA', 'PTZOptics + Lumens + Panasonic', 'PTZ Optics + vMix Test', 'Lumens VC-A50P', 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 (Active)', 'PTZOptics PT20X', 'Sony BRC-X1000/H800', 'Panasonic PTZ', 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 + Panasonic PTZ', 'Raw Panel', 'New', and 'Copy'. The 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 (Active)' option is highlighted.

Chose a configuration from the drop down menu, copy or start with a clean slate

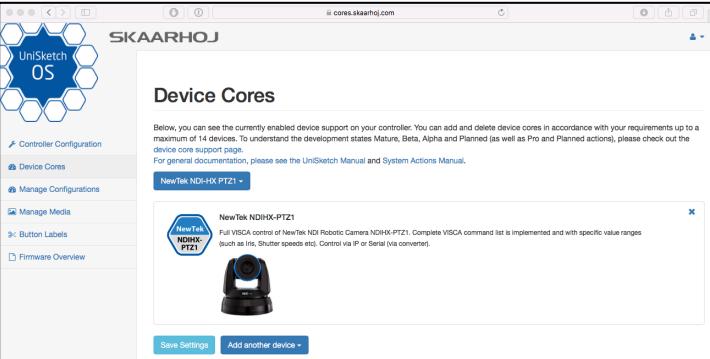


This screenshot shows the 'Devices Settings' section. It includes a 'Controller IP Settings' form with fields for 'IP:', 'Subnet Mask:', 'Gateway:', and 'DNS:'. Below it is a 'NewTek NDIHX-PTZ1' configuration tab with a preview window showing a camera icon. At the bottom right is a 'Save Settings' button.

Set IP addresses at the bottom of the page

Device Cores

Add or remove Device Cores on the "Device Core" tab.



The screenshot shows the 'Device Cores' section. It displays a list of currently enabled device cores, starting with 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1'. Below the list is a detailed description of the 'NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1' core, mentioning its support for full VISCA control and its implementation of specific VISC command ranges. There are 'Save Settings' and 'Add another device' buttons at the bottom.

Manage Configurations

Select either SKAARHOJ official configuration from this tab or manage your User Configurations by assigning names, descriptions or delete. You can even Share a configuration to another controller with the "Share Button". This creates a ID number which you subscribe to in the "Configuration Subscriptions" section.

The screenshot shows the 'Manage Configurations' page. On the left is a sidebar with icons for Controller Configuration, Device Cores, Manage Configurations, Manage Media, Button Labels, and Firmware Overview. The main area has a title 'Manage Configurations' and a sub-section 'User configurations'. It lists three configurations:

- Title: PTZOptics + Lumens + JVC + Panasonic + AIDA
Description: Empty
Actions: Share - Set Active - Delete
- Title: PTZOptics + Lumens + Panasonic
Description: Empty
Actions: Share - Set Active - Delete
- Title: PTZ Optics + vM8 Test
Description: Empty
Actions: Subscribe ID: 5038 - Unshare - Set Active - Delete

Below this is a section titled 'Skaarhoj Official Configurations' containing several configuration entries with 'Set as Active' links.

- Lumens VC-ASDP
Configuration for 8 cameras with 4-way shift key that toggles between presets and camera selector. Menu is cycled on upper edge of shift key which brings up parameters for the four encoders such as exposure, white balance and more. Labeled presets are included as well.
- NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 (Active)
Configuration for 8 cameras with 4-way shift key that toggles between presets and camera selector. Menu is cycled on upper edge of shift key which brings up parameters for the four encoders such as exposure, white balance and more. Labeled presets are included as well.
- PTZOptics PT20X
Configuration for 8 cameras with 4-way shift key that toggles between presets and camera selector. Menu is cycled on upper edge of shift key which brings up parameters for the four encoders such as exposure, white balance and more. Labeled presets are included as well.
- Sony BRC-X1000/H80
Configuration for 8 cameras with 4-way shift key that toggles between presets and camera selector. Menu is cycled on upper edge of shift key which brings up parameters for the four encoders such as exposure, white balance and more. Labeled presets are included as well.
- Panasonic PTZ
Configuration for 8 cameras with 4-way shift key that toggles between presets and camera selector. Menu is cycled on upper edge of shift key which brings up parameters for the four encoders such as exposure, white balance and more. Labeled presets are included as well. The configuration automatically detects which Panasonic models are connected and allows for model specific adjustments. Please see information about which models are currently supported in the "Panasonic PTZ" Device Core. Models that are not supported have basic PTZ and preset functionality. Control via Ethernet.
- NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1 + Panasonic PTZ
A combo configuration for NewTek NDI PTZ1 camera NDI-HX PTZ1 and Panasonic PTZ2. By default the configuration controls 3 x NewTek and 2 x Panasonic PTZ cameras but this can easily be modified by altering the "System: Camera Select" function on the camera select menu. For Panasonic please see information about which models are currently supported in the "Panasonic PTZ" Device Core. Models that are not supported have basic PTZ and preset functionality. Control via Ethernet.
- Raw Panel
In Raw Panel mode the controller will work as a TCP Client connecting to a server IP address on port 9993. The server receives simple action commands when buttons, encoders, keys etc are activated. In return the server sends camera control and display content. The API is documented as "Unisearch TCP Client" on our GitHub repository. In Raw Panel mode, at the logo is placed on the server, which is typically a custom written software application.

At the bottom is a section titled 'Configuration Subscriptions' with a note: 'You have not subscribed to any third-party configurations on this controller.' and a 'Config ID' input field with a 'Go' button.

Manage Media

Add strings or images to your configuration. Device Core options are also set on this tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Manage Media' page. The sidebar includes icons for Controller Configuration, Device Cores, Manage Configurations, Manage Media, Button Labels, and Firmware Overview. The main area has a title 'Manage Media' and a sub-section 'Device Core Options' with a note: 'Some device cores support additional options that can be defined through this text field. Please refer to the manual for the particular device core for details.' Below this are sections for 'Strings' and 'Images'.

Strings
Add String
String 1: Speed Lim

Images
I:
Save Settings Add Image Change Image Delete

Firmware Overview

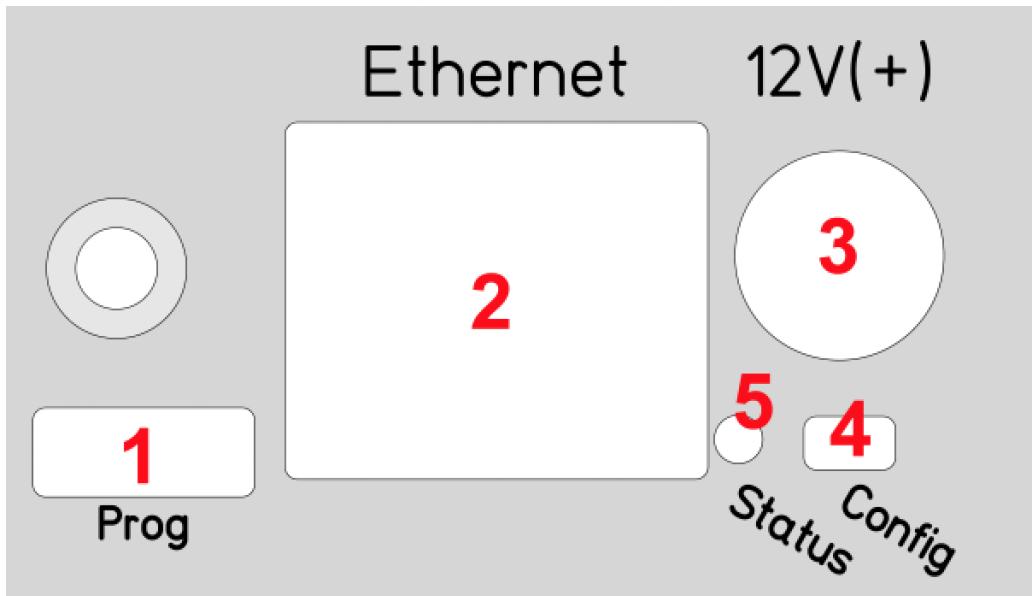
Download or generate a new firmware file - use it for archiving or field-update purposes.

The screenshot shows the 'Firmware Overview' page. The sidebar includes icons for Controller Configuration, Device Cores, Manage Configurations, Manage Media, Button Labels, and Firmware Overview. The main area has a title 'Firmware Overview' with a note: 'By clicking below, a new firmware generation will be initiated. This is equivalent to pressing "Check for Updates" in the SKAARHOJ Firmware Updater application.' Below this is a 'Generate Firmware' button.

Below the button is a note: 'Below, you will see all the stored firmware versions associated with this controller. Each file can be downloaded using the link for archiving or field-update purposes.'

Configuration	Version	Created	Status	Download
NewTek NDI-HX PTZ1	v2.2.116	2018-09-27 17:55:54	Completed	Download

Back Connections and Config Mode



1. **Micro USB plug.** Used for service monitoring and programming new software into the unit ("firmware upgrades"). For some device cores this may also be used for controlling equipment. See "Programming"
2. **Ethernet Jack.** Connect this to your ethernet switch. This jack may also support PoE (Power over Ethernet) if your SKAARHOJ controller was delivered with that option. When connected to a network switch, the yellow LED (lower left) will be on. When data is sent to/from the controller, the green LED (lower right) will blink. If the device in the other end supports TX/RX auto detection you may be able to connect the SKAARHOJ controller directly to your device, otherwise use a crossed cable or a network switch (the supported setup).
3. **DC input.** Use a standard 2.1mm center pin plug (center = "+"). Allowed voltage range is 7-18V. We test controllers will work at 12V. The device uses max 1A at 12V. Units with BlackMagic 3G-SDI Arduino Shields needs 12V.
4. **Configuration/Reset button.** Use a pencil or tooth pick to press the button. When you press the button shortly, the controller will reset (same as pulling the power plug). If you press and hold the button, you can reset the controller into configuration mode:
 1. Press and hold the button until the status LED becomes blue after a few seconds. Release the button and the controller is in *config* mode. You can access the controller web interface with a web browser on "[http://\[CONTROLLER IP\]/](http://[CONTROLLER IP]/)" where CONTROLLER IP is the IP address used for the currently loaded preset. The controller will run a diagnostics mode after 2 minutes where displays and buttons will light up.
 2. Press and hold the button longer until the status LED becomes white (which is 2 seconds after becoming blue). Release the button and the controller is in config default mode. You can access the controller web interface with a web browser on "<http://192.168.10.99/>". The controller will immediately run a diagnostics mode where displays and buttons will light up.
 3. Press and hold the button even longer until the status LED becomes red (which is 10 seconds after becoming blue and 8 seconds after becoming white). This will clear all presets in memory thereby resetting all configuration made in the controllers own web interface (this corresponds to the serial monitor command "clearpresets" and should only be necessary in case a firmware update requires it or if there is another tricky error state present).

In rare cases you cannot rely on the reset button but have to turn off the power to the controller instead ("cold start").

5. **Status LED:** When the controller is just powered up, you will see the status LED blink purple during the boot process. In this process, the hardware is initialized. Eventually the LED should end up blinking slowly (2 sec period) steady green (or blue or white if in config modes). If the LED blinks yellow quickly it indicates that connection to one or more devices is not established. This is perfectly normal for a few seconds between the boot up process (purple blinks) and the operational state (green blinks) when the controller connects to all devices. The status LED should never be permanently on or off, this indicates a potential freeze in the system. In fact, in normal healthy operation the LED should blink with a steady 2 sec period, otherwise it could indicate trouble with connections or hardware. The LED will also light up red for a split second whenever an analog hardware component (such as a T-bar) is operated (this feature is helpful to determine if calibration is needed).

Status LED Overview

Purple blinks, uneven durations	The controller is booting up (and for each blink a given step has been completed).
Yellow blinks, quickly	<p>The controller hasn't established necessary connection to one or more devices.</p> <p>At the end of the boot process this is natural for a few seconds as the controller connects to devices for the first time.</p> <p>If you unplug the network cable or turn off an external device the controller is connected to, you will also see this state. Just turn on the external device again or re-insert the cable and the error state should restore itself to normal operation (green, steady blinking) after some time.</p> <p>If this happens during normal operation and without obvious explanations (like removal of a network cable or shutting down an external device), it's an error state you need to pay attention to and bug fix further.</p> <p>If the controller boots up and never stops blinking yellow, you may want to check if you have configured devices for the controller which are not currently present in the network set up. Go to config mode, enter the web interface and check which devices are enabled and their IP addresses.</p>
Green blinks, steady, period of 2 seconds	Normal mode, everything is connected and working properly. Just bliss
Blue or white blinks, steady, period of 2 seconds	Config mode (white: "config default") where you can access the controller web interface.
Red blinks (interrupting green or yellow blinks)	This happens if you move an analog hardware interface component like a T-bar or knob and is totally normal in that case. However if such blinks happen without you touching any analog components it indicates the need for calibration.
Quick red blinks and no response from controller	A problem with the preset memory checksum indicates that the preset memory may be corrupt. However, in most cases a "cold start" by removing the power supply, waiting 10 seconds and connecting the power supply will solve the problem. If after 2-3 attempts with this solution it still remains a problem, you must clear the preset memory. This is done by holding the config button pressed, then apply power to the controller and wait for around 15 seconds until the status LED becomes solid red (before that state, the LED should be first purple, then blue, then white for 8 seconds and finally solid red). When the LED is red, release the button and the status LED should start blinking again and the controller should boot up. Notice that your controller will be reset to factory settings in this case and you may need to reload or recreate your configuration.

Connection Troubleshooting

When you have a “blinking-yellow-quickly” situation, you need to figure out which device is not connected. Try some or all of these things:

- You should bring the controller into config mode and access the web interface in order to check which devices are enabled and what their IP addresses are.
- Make sure the SKAARHOJ controller itself has the expected IP address and subnet mask.
- Make sure the devices you have setup actually are on the network, can be ping'ed and responds to their respective other types of software connecting over IP.
- Unpower all devices and your network switch for 10 seconds and power them up again.
- Connect a computer to the USB port of the SKAARHOJ controller and open the serial monitor using the firmware application to see the output from that. This provides the most direct information about which devices are not answering and at which IP. You can also see the controller IP and Mac address here. See “Serial Monitor” section.

Configuration Mode/Accessing Web Interface

In Configuration Mode all device communication is disabled and instead the controller provides a **web interface** for configuration of the interface component behaviors. The IP address of the controller in configuration mode (or “config” mode) depends on how config mode was entered. There are two options: “config” mode or “config default” mode. You can enter either mode using

- A. The Config/Reset button on the controller
 - B. Using the serial monitor command “config” or “configd”.
- **“config” mode:** The controller IP address is the “last used” IP address; the one set up for the currently loaded preset. This is convenient most of the time since you probably know your controller IP and just need to boot in config mode and access the web interface with a browser. After 2 minutes in config mode, the controller will run cyclic test programs on the hardware interface components, typically a lot of blinking.
 - **“config default”** mode changes the IP address to 192.168.10.99 and this is useful if for some reason you forgot the controller IP or otherwise want to make absolutely sure you know the right IP address for the controller. The controller will run cyclic test programs on the hardware interface components immediately as it has booted up.

Notice that the IP address of your SKAARHOJ controller can be different for each preset you have! This makes it easy to have presets for completely different network and device configurations.

We recommend connecting your SKAARHOJ controller directly to your PC/Mac with a ethernet cable in order to access the web interface

Turn off your Wi-Fi and set your IP manually: (these numbers are only valid if you are using the default IP address configuration from the factory)

192.168.10.50 PC/Mac IP address

255.255.255.0 Netmask

192.168.10.1 Gateway/Router IP address if necessary

Enter configuration mode

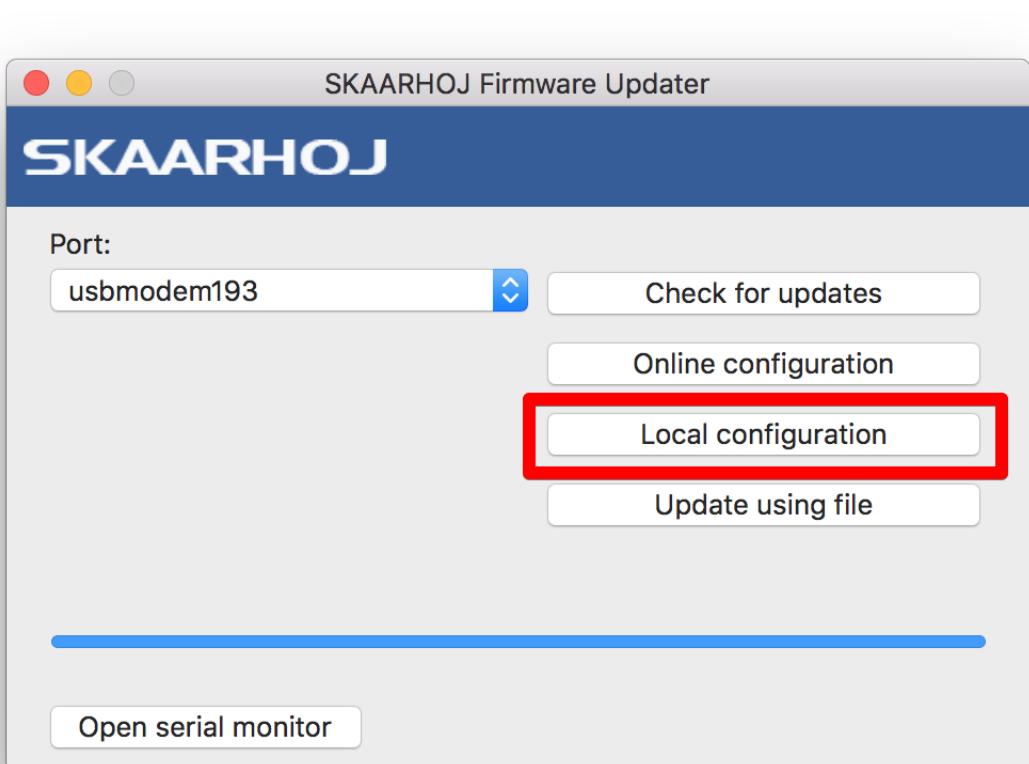
- **Step 1** - Connect the SKAARHOJ controller to PC/Mac with ethernet cable and power up the unit. Let it boot up.
- **Step 2** - Press and hold the config button until the status LED becomes blue. Release the button.
- **Step 3** - Access web interface by entering [http://\[CONTROLLER IP\]/](http://[CONTROLLER IP]/) where CONTROLLER IP is the IP address used for the currently loaded preset in your browser.

Access to web interface if SKAARHOJ controller is connected via network router

We always recommend a direct ethernet connection with manual IP in order to gain access to the web interface. But depending on your network router settings you might be able to connect to the web interface without setting a manual IP address on your PC/Mac.

Access via the Firmware Application

The firmware application is always a great help to work with your controller. Connect it by USB and press the button "Local Configuration". After the controller reboots, the firmware application will read its IP address for you and open a web browser to that address. Assuming your computer and the controller are on the same network, this will work great!



DHCP

If you set the IP address to "0.0.0.0" instead of the default "192.168.10.99" then the controller will ask for a DHCP address. If it can't retrieve a DHCP lease, it will fall back to 192.168.10.99.

Web Interface Troubleshooting

If you are having problems connecting to the web interface there are numerous things that can trick you:

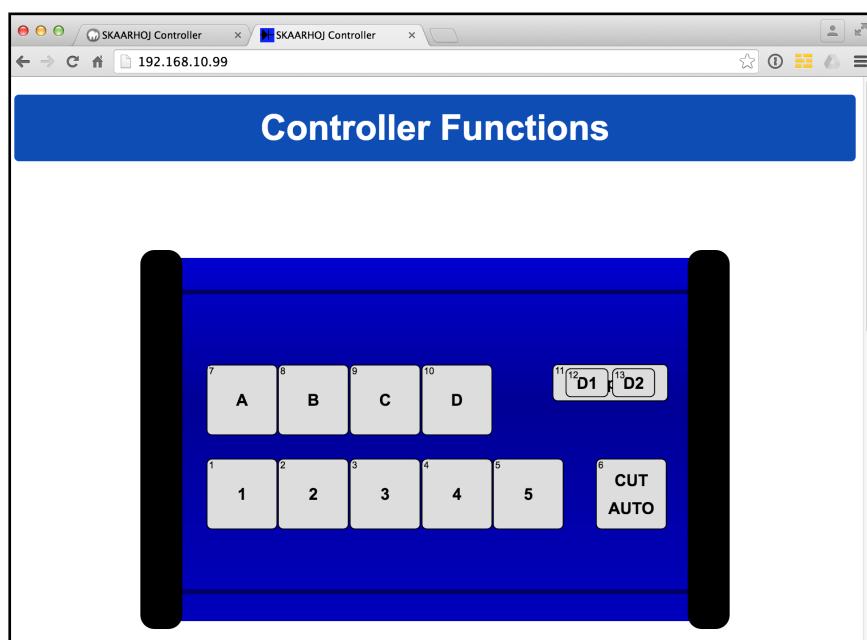
- Reboot your SKAARHOJ controller completely (disconnect for 10 seconds, re-power)
- Reboot your network switch. Sometimes it may hold old information about the controller IP and MAC addresses and to clear this out, reboot it (disconnect for 10 seconds, re-power)
- Check connection to the assumed SKAARHOJ controller IP from your computer with the "ping" command. Your computer IP settings must be correct too.

UniSketch OS Explained

Web Interface

When your controller is in **configuration mode**, you will be able to access its **web interface** with a web browser. We recommend using the Chrome browser because it's faster, but we have successfully tested it with other modern browsers such as Firefox, Safari and Internet Explorer in the latest version.

Notice that the web interface heavily depends on modern JavaScript and may malfunction with older browsers!



Example of web interface for SKAARHOJ controller.

Device Settings

You set up the IP address, Subnet mask, Gateway and DNS of your SKAARHOJ controller in the web interface. Likewise any external IP device your controller is configured to work with is listed here. Any device you want to be active must be enabled here and have a valid IP address set up.

Notice that all these IP settings will be saved with each preset in the controller. This is quite awesome because different presets allow you different IP configurations so a controller can easily move between different hardware contexts.

The number and type of external devices listed is compiled into your controller when it is delivered. The list may vary from controller to controller and can potentially be expanded or change to include other hardware by time. The "default" configuration for your controller is determined by the settings for it made on cores.skaarhoj.com.

Devices Settings

Controller IP Settings

IP:

192 . 168 . 10 . 99

Subnet Mask:

255 . 255 . 255 . 0

ATEM

192 . 168 . 10 . 240

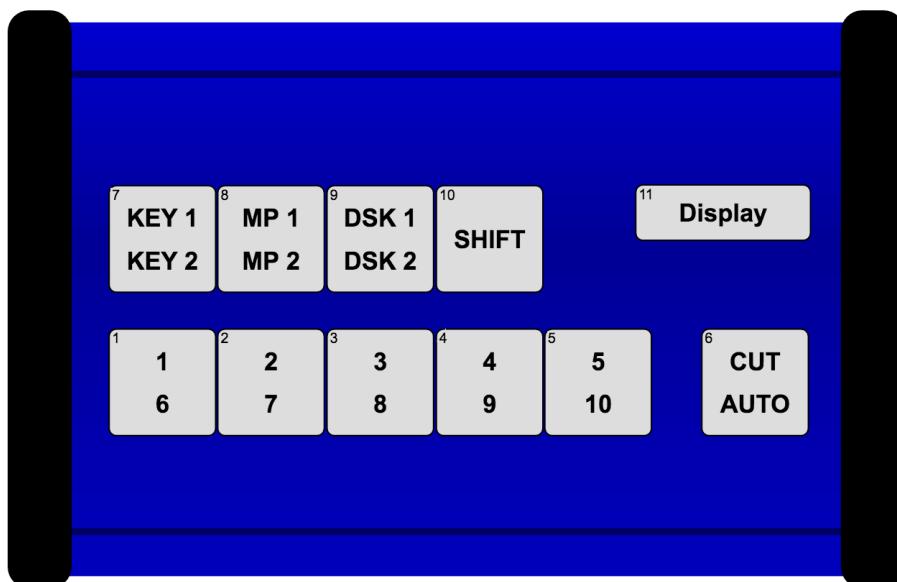
Hardware Interface Components (HWC)

Your SKAARHOJ controller consists of a number of hardware interface components such as buttons, knobs, dials, levers, displays, LEDs, joysticks, plugs, etc. They generally fall into broad categories such as inputs (eg. buttons and knobs, GPI) or outputs (eg. displays, LEDs, relay). Sometimes they can be both (most buttons have an illumination color, some even have a display on them). Input elements can be sub categorized as:

- "binary" such as a button or GPI trigger which is either pushed/triggered or not. Sometimes holding down a binary input has a special function.
- pulse-generators such as encoders which are knobs that can rotate indefinitely in both directions and sends a corresponding number of pulses. Encoders typically has a fine/coarse adjustment mode which is toggled by pressing it. Pressing and holding an encoder down for 1 second will typically send a binary "button down" signal to the interface component. Often this can function as a "reset" feature.
- analog signals such as T-bars or joysticks which provides a free value within some range.

Outputs range from a simple binary output like a relay to red/green LEDs, an array of LEDs (like a VU meter) or a graphical or text based display.

Hardware Interface Components are configured with actions which is what give them their function. This is described in the next sections.



An example of the schematic drawing of a controller as found in the controllers web interface which is available when booted in configuration mode.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the 'KEY 1|KEY 2' button. At the top left is the identifier '#7'. To the right is a dropdown menu containing 'KEY 1|KEY 2'. Below this is a large grey area for notes. At the bottom are two rows of dropdown menus. The first row contains: 'ATEM: Upstream Keyer', 'M/E 1', 'USK 1', 'Toggle', 'CP', and a minus sign. The second row contains: 'or (shift)', 'ATEM: Upstream Keyer', 'M/E 1', 'USK 2', 'Toggle', '+', and a plus sign.

This is how the button "KEY1 / KEY2" is configured in the web interface. As it appears, this button will toggle upstream keyer 1 or 2 on an ATEM switcher depending on whether the controller is in shift-state or not.

Graphical Displays

Displays are found in many configurations on SKAARHOJ controllers. One of them is Smart Switches which are buttons with a display on. Otherwise displays are typically stand alone but can be configured to reflect a certain button on the controller (through the "Tie to HWC#" system action). An important convention with

displays is whether it works as a label or displays a current status. Take the picture below as an example. Here there are two SmartSwitch buttons apparently showing the same thing:

- **A label:** The button to the left is configured to set the frame rate of Mix transitions to a fixed "24f". This can be seen from the fact that the button has a non-solid header bar. This is a *label* that simply tells us what will happen if you push the button: You will set a 24 frame mix transition rate.
- **A status:** The button to the right is configured to also set the frame rate of transitions but is configured to act in "Cycle" mode so when you press the button you will cycle through transition types and values by some scheme. The important thing is that the button shows the current value for Mix transitions - 24 frames. And if we change the value to 30 frames, the button will show 30 frames. This is a *status* that informs you about the current value of this ATEM feature and this can be seen from the fact that the button has a *solid* header bar.



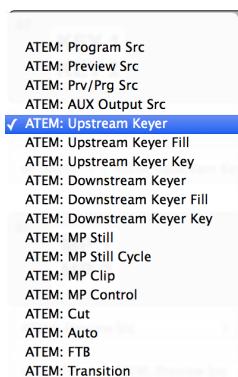
This convention works throughout all displays on your SKAARHOJ controller. Generally, a display will show the value status unless it has been tied to a button-type interface component in which case a label is typically shown – unless the particular button operates in some sort of cyclic mode where a status makes more sense to display.

Devices

You configure your controller by assigning actions to interface components. An action is most typically a command sent to an external device, such as a video switcher, router, recording deck, monitor etc. External hardware support is made available on your controller as what we call *device cores*. A device core is the driver - or akin to an "app" - installed on the your controller that enables communication support with a given piece of broadcast gear.

Some actions may also relate to internal registers or "system functions". For instance you can have a button set or clear a "shift" value which the rest of the interface components will adapt itself to.

Since interface components can be inputs and/or outputs and of various types, the way they affect any given device via an action is a fixed interpretation coded into the system.



An excerpt of the list of ATEM switcher related actions.

Multiple Actions

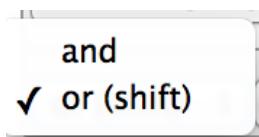
You can assign multiple actions – even on different devices – to any interface component. This is done by simply pressing the “+” button and setting up the new action:



In this case, the media player 1 (MP1) is brought on Preview on an ATEM switcher and right after the still number 5 is selected for the media player 1.

The return values, including those driving a display, will always come from the first action in the list (of the current shift level).

Notice that multiple actions are separated by an “operator” which is either “and” or “or (shift)”:



This is explained in the following.

Shift

You can assign a button to set a shift state on your controller. Even though a shift state sounds like an either/or option, we have implemented the possibility to have multiple *shift-levels*. However, in the simple case, a shift button would be configured as shown below:



This will set the shift-level “1” in the system as long as the button is held down, otherwise it will be “0” (normal)

This means another button on the same controller could be configured like this now:



And because the divider between them is “or (shift)”, the second action is only active when the shift button is held down.

If no specific action is defined for a shift level, the interface component will use the default list of actions.

If you insert additional “or (shift)” dividers, it will define how shift levels 2 and beyond will act. Within each shift level you can have multiple actions (see previous section).

States

Similar to shift levels you can put your controller in various states. States are mainly different from shift levels by the way the interface lets you set them up. With three states you see three columns of actions for each interface component:

#36 **Enc7**

Component	Action	Value
BLACK/WHITE	ATEM: Gain	G, Mem A, +
BLACK/GAMMA	ATEM: Gamma	G, Mem A, +
CAMERA/CBSH	ATEM: Saturation	Mem A, 0, +

#37 **Enc8**

Component	Action	Value
BLACK/WHITE	ATEM: Gain	B, Mem A, +
BLACK/GAMMA	ATEM: Gamma	B, Mem A, +
CAMERA/CBSH	ATEM: Audio Volume	11, +

#38 **ID Display**

Component	Action	Value
BLACK/WHITE	System: Flag	Flag: 0, Feedback Flag: 1, +
BLACK/GAMMA		+ (empty)
CAMERA/CBSH		+ (empty)

Like with shift levels you can assign other interface components to change the state of the controller. If actions are not defined in any given state, they will fall back to the action list in the first column (Normal state).

States and shift levels can be combined of course; you can have unique shift levels inside each state.

States can also be named. In the above example, they are named "BLACK/WHITE", "BLACK/GAMMA", "CAMERA/CBSH". This is done in the controller web interface as well:

States

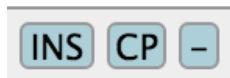
Component
BLACK/WHITE
BLACK/GAMMA
CAMERA/CBSH

This is where you select how many states the controller should support.

Copy / Paste

Often you will find yourself needing to set up almost the same function on multiple interface components (such as a row of buttons, all sending inputs to an AUX channel). To make this easy, make sure to use the Insert / Copy / Delete functions:

As soon as you make any change to a given interface components action list, this will be copied to memory so you just need to go to the next interface component and press "INS" for insert.



Presets

At the bottom of the web interface you can load, save and reset your presets. Your controller can theoretically hold any number of presets only subject to the memory usage related to storing them. Pressing the save button in the web interface will save the configuration to the currently selected preset, but you can also select a new or different preset to save to using the selector box.

Load the "(Default)" preset to get back to the factory configuration.

If your presets seems to be messed up for some reason (could be memory overflow which there is currently no protection against) you may need to clear the entire memory by using the serial monitor command "clearpresets" (see later).

Presets are a very powerful way to make use of your controller in multiple places since it can change the entire behavior of the controller including which devices to connect to and which IPs they are on.

Presets



There is a nifty way to load presets on most controllers if you have created more than 1 preset: When you boot your controller, you may see that a number of buttons (corresponding to the number of available presets) light up for a few seconds and one of them being highlighted. The highlighted button indicate the currently loaded preset and the other buttons represent other presets. If at this moment you press and hold any of the other buttons down until that button light up, you will then change the preset of the device (corresponding to selecting it in the web interface and press the "Load" button).

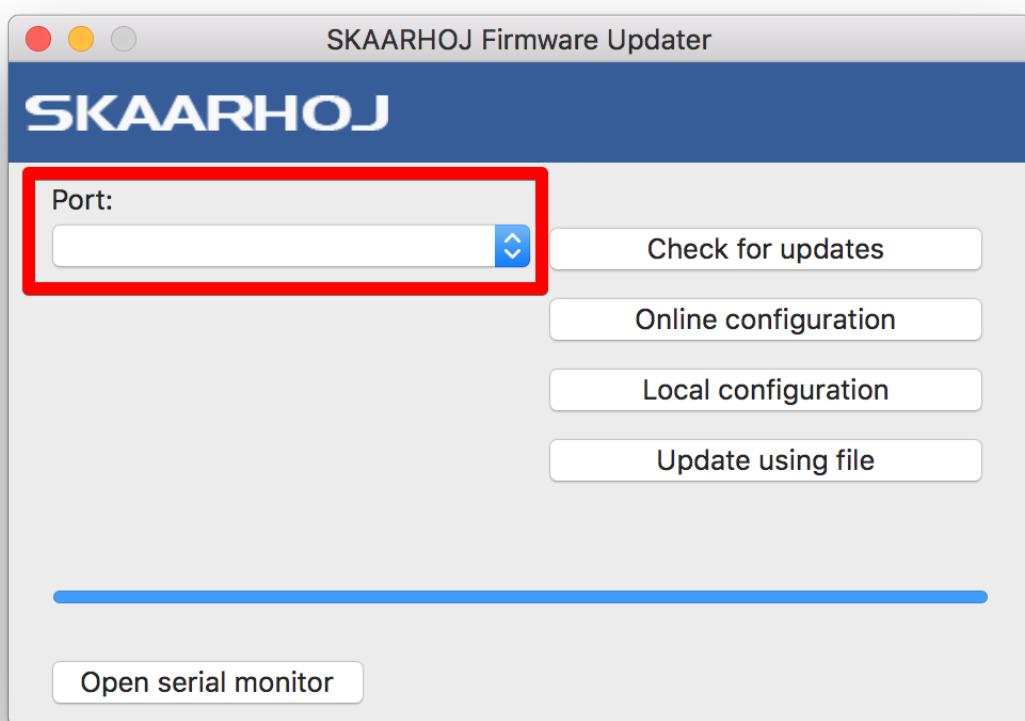
Presets are a great way to manage multiple configurations in off-line situations. However, using cores.skaarhoj.com and the firmware application to manage multiple configurations for your controller is more powerful in the sense that you can include changes to installed device cores, string and image media and also have the latest software updates installed.

Notice: Presets will be automatically cleared if a firmware update indicates that the online configuration has changed. In other words: Always be cautious with firmware upgrades and make sure you "print out" important local configuration so you can recreate it if necessary.

Troubleshooting

Controller doesn't show up under "Port"

If your controller doesn't show up under ports, try these things first:



- Make sure you have attached your controller with a micro USB cable to your computer.
- Is the controller turned on?
- Reboot your computer
- Change the USB cable for another one
- Boot the controller in config mode: Disconnect the controllers power, then hold the config button under the power plug down with a pen tip, power on the controller and hold the button until it lights blue, then release.

If none of the above brings up the USB port, you may try this procedure **but only after clearing it with the SKAARHOJ support team!**:

- Open the controller carefully and locate the SKAARDUINO main board (the one with the ethernet plug)
- Locate the flatcable connector in the corner of this board. Next to this connector you will see a tiny button.
- Power on the controller and press this tiny button for a second and release. You may repeat this. (Pressing this button while the controller is on should reset it completely).

- Turn off the controller, then turn it on again. Now you should see the USB port in the firmware application and be able to perform a "Check for updates" (which at first will ask to install an intermediate firmware which you agree to).

Contact Support

You are always welcome to contact us for support questions - write an email to support@skaarhoj.com and we will do our best to accommodate your request.

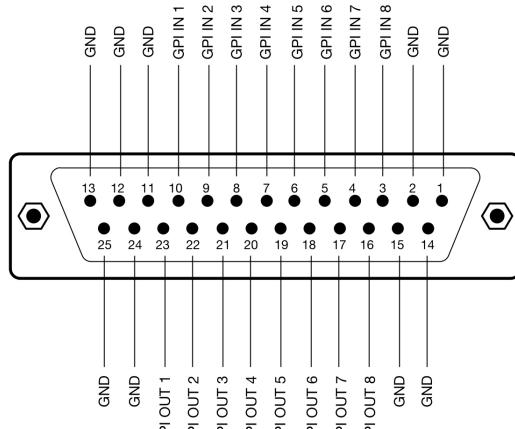
In order for us to provide the best support please state:

- Which SKAARHOJ unit it is about
- The serial number of your device if there is one (small silver label with 6 digits)
- The nature of the problem
- Which hardware device(s) you are controlling and their firmware version
- If you have successfully installed the Firmware Updater Application and made contact with your device through the Serial Monitor (you need the USB programming cable)
- Your operating system

Hardware Notes:

DB-25 Connector Configuration for GPI

This is the pinout for the DB25 Connector we use as a GPI module:



This is the pinout for the DB25 Connector we use on the SDI-GPI Link:

