

Dockerizing PHP Apps

Aurelijus Banelis





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Backend/DevOps

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PGP 0x320205E7539B6203
130D C446 1F1A 2E50 D6E3
3DA8 3202 05E7 539B 6203



Adapting
PHP applications
to be used with
docker

Introduction

Why to dockerize
What is docker
How to dockerize

Development

Context/Alternatives
What I really liked
What I do not like

Production

Deploying to AWS
Logging challenges

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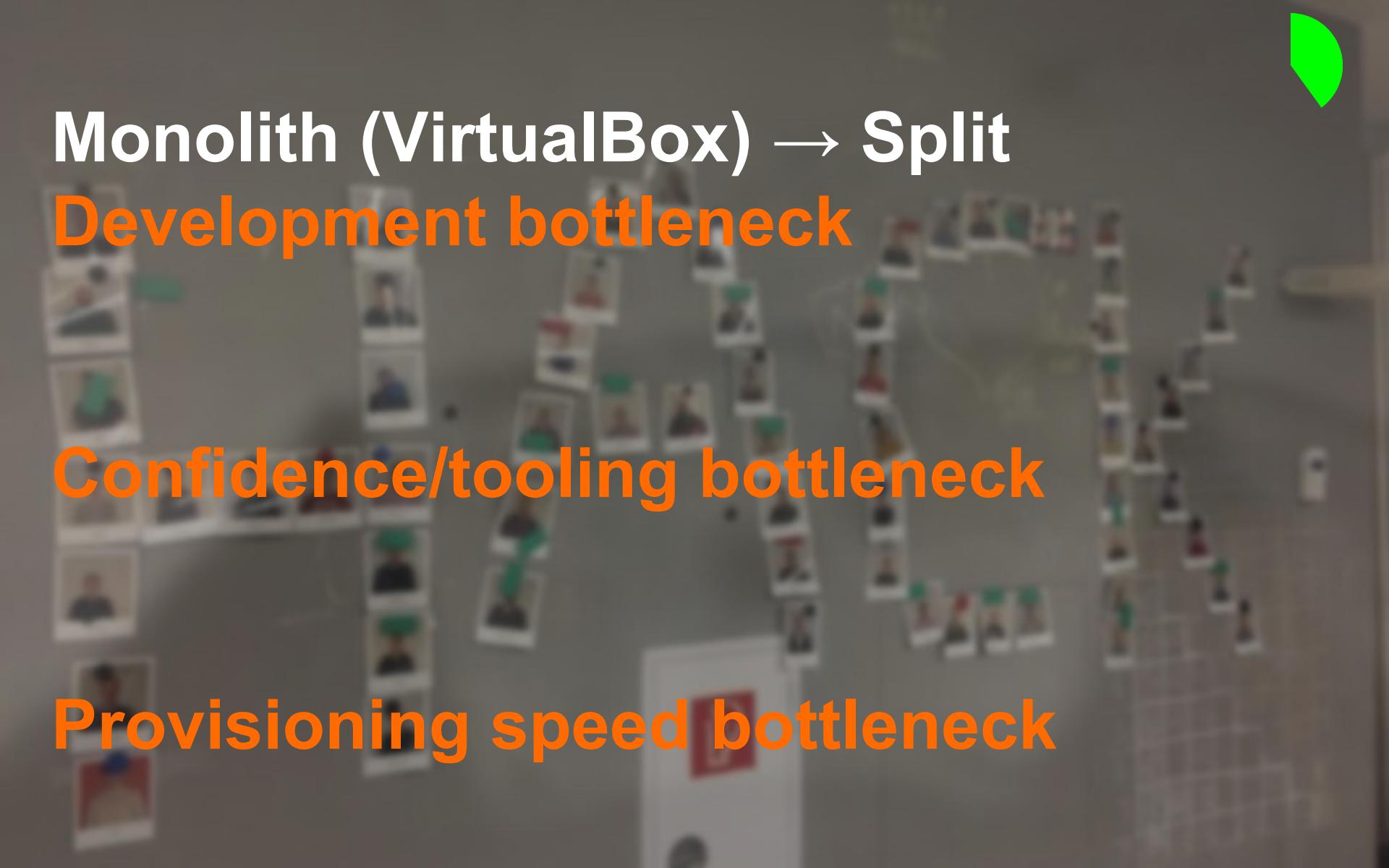
Production



Development bottleneck

Confidence/tooling bottleneck

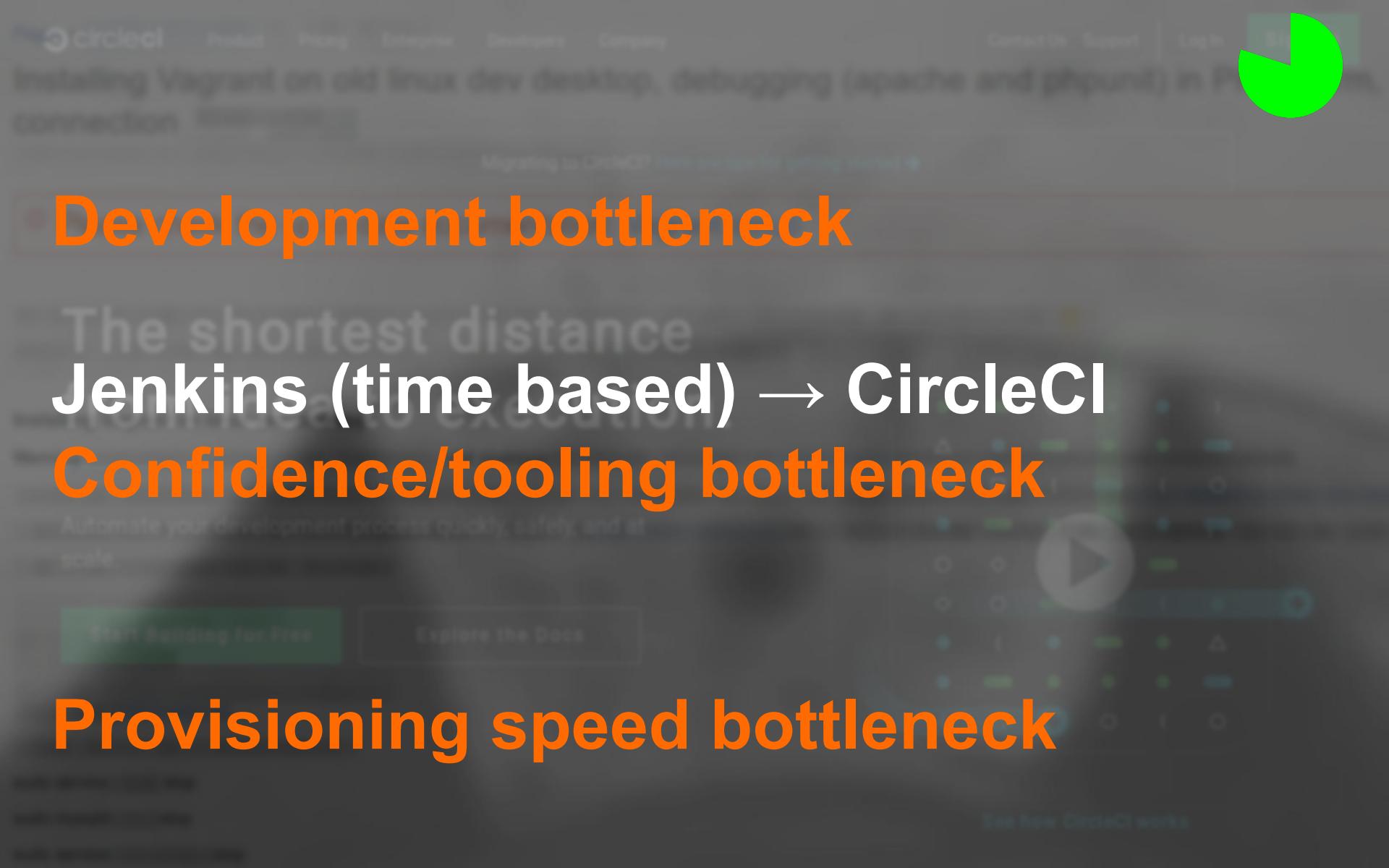
Provisioning speed bottleneck



Monolith (VirtualBox) → Split
Development bottleneck

Confidence/tooling bottleneck

Provisioning speed bottleneck



Development bottleneck

Jenkins (time based) → CircleCI
Confidence/tooling bottleneck

Provisioning speed bottleneck



Development bottleneck

Confidence/tooling bottleneck

Release coordination → AWS services
Provisioning speed bottleneck

Monolith (VirtualBox) → Split
Dev/Test Bottleneck

Bottleneck to grow

Jenkins (time based) → CircleCI
Confidence/tooling bottleneck

Release coordination → AWS services
Provisioning speed bottleneck

Monolith (VirtualBox) → Split
Development bottleneck

The need for better virtualization tools

Release coordination → AWS services
Provisioning speed bottleneck

Monolith (VirtualBox) → Split
Development bottleneck

The need for better
virtualization tools
docker?



We migrated to docker

Using docker extensively at



Repositories

Cloud

Commits

Issues

Marketplace

Topics

Wikis

Users

Languages

Dockerfile

157

PHP



We migrated to docker

Using docker extensively at

Commits

Issues

Marketplace

Topics

Wikis

Users

Languages

I would do the same again
Right decision for current scale
Future opportunities

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Production

Tool to run in isolated environment

Many ifs in kernel = cgroups

Not VirtualBox, not unikernel



Open source tool backed by Docker Inc

Container hosting and premium service

Improved by community (AWS, K8s)

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index.php

```
1 <?php  
2 echo 'Hello from docker. ';  
3 echo 'PHP version: ' . phpversion();
```

Dockerfile

```
1 FROM php:7.2-apache  
2  
3 COPY . /var/www/html/
```

index.php

```
1 <?php  
2 echo 'Hello from docker. ';  
3 echo 'PHP version: ' . phpversion();
```

Dockerfile

```
1 FROM php:7.2-apache  
2  
3 COPY . /var/www/html/
```

index.php

```
1 <?php  
2 echo 'Hello from docker. ';  
3 echo 'PHP version: ' . phpversion();
```

```
docker build . -t kaunasphp-example  
docker run -p 8080:80 kaunasphp-example
```

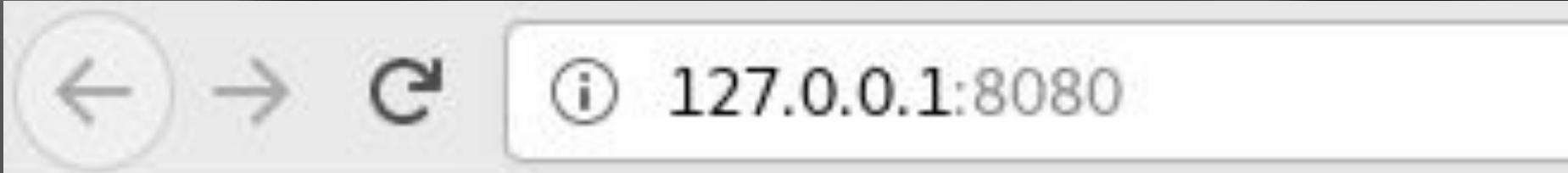
Dockerfile

```
1 FROM php:7.2-apache  
2  
3 COPY . /var/www/html/
```

index.php

```
1 <?php  
2 echo 'Hello from docker. ';  
3 echo 'PHP version: ' . phpversion();
```

```
docker build . -t kaunasphp-example  
docker run -p 8080:80 kaunasphp-example
```



Hello from docker. PHP version: 7.2.14

Dockerfile

```
1 FROM php:7.2-apache  
2  
3 COPY . /var/www/html/
```

index.php

```
1 <?php  
2 echo 'Hello from docker. ';  
3 echo 'PHP version: ' . phpversion();
```

```
docker build . -t kaunasphp-example  
docker run -p 8080:80 kaunasphp-example
```

Simple?



127.0.0.1:8080

Hello from docker. PHP version: 7.2.14

Dockerfile

```
1 FROM php:7.2-apache  
2  
3 COPY . /var/www/html/
```

index.php

```
1 <?php  
2 echo 'Hello from docker. ';  
3 echo 'PHP version: ' . phpversion();
```

```
docker build . -t kaunasphp-example  
docker run -p 80:80 kaunasphp-example
```

Simple?

But for simple cases

Hello from docker. PHP version: 7.2.14

43 lines (34 sloc) | 1.46 KB

Raw Blame History

```
1 FROM php:7.2.4-fpm
2
3 LABEL maintainer "Aurelijus Banelis <aurelijus@banelis.lt>"
4
5 WORKDIR /php
6
7 # Get composer: https://getcomposer.org/download/
8 RUN php -r "copy('https://getcomposer.org/installer', 'composer-setup.php');"
9 RUN php -r "if (hash_file('SHA384', 'composer-setup.php') === '544e09ee996cdf60ece3804abc52599c22b1f40f4323403c44041...') { unlink('composer-setup.php'); } else { echo '...'; }"
10 RUN php composer-setup.php
11 RUN php -r "unlink('composer-setup.php');"
12 RUN ln -s /php/composer.phar /usr/bin/composer
13
14 # Install dependencies
15 RUN apt-get update \
16     && apt-get install -y git zip unzip \
17     && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
18
19 # Install PHP extensions
20 RUN apt-get update \
21     && apt-get install -y libzip-dev bash-completion procps nano \
22     && docker-php-ext-install -j$(nproc) zip mysqli pdo_mysql \
23     && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
24
25 # xDebug helpers (do not use this in real production)
26 ADD enable_xdebug.sh /enable_xdebug.sh
27 ADD disable_xdebug.sh /disable_xdebug.sh
28 RUN pecl install xdebug-2.6.0 && \
29     chmod +x /enable_xdebug.sh && \
30     chmod +x /disable_xdebug.sh && \
31     touch /usr/local/etc/php/conf.d/custom-xdebug.ini && \
32     chmod 777 /usr/local/etc/php/conf.d/custom-xdebug.ini
33
34 # Not root user
35 RUN useradd -c 'PHP user' -m -d /home/php -s /bin/bash php
36 USER php
37 ENV HOME /home/php
38
39 # xDebug configuration
40 ENV PHP_IDE_CONFIG serverName=nfqKickStartDocker
41
42 WORKDIR /code
43 VOLUME /code
```

Branch: master docker / docker-compose.yml

aurelijusb Use nginx configuration from container

1 contributor

25 lines (21 sloc) 649 Bytes

```
version: "2"
services:
  nginx_symfony:
    container_name: nginx_symfony
    build: .
```

Multiple containers

Development tools

PHP extensions

xDebug support

More configuration

43 lines (34 sloc) | 1.46 KB

Raw Blame History

```
1 FROM php:7.2.4-fpm
2
3 LABEL maintainer "Aurelijus Melis <melis@anelis.lt>"
4
5 WORKDIR /php
6
7 # Get composer: https://getcomposer.org/download/
8 RUN php -r "copy('https://getcomposer.org/installer', 'composer-setup.php');"
9 RUN php -r "if (hash_file('SHA384', 'composer-setup.php') === '544e99ee996cdf60ece3804abc52599c22b1f40f4323403c4404...') { unlink('composer-setup.php'); } else { echo 'composer-setup.php verification failed'; }"
10 RUN php composer-setup.php
11 RUN php -r "unlink('composer-setup.php');"
12 RUN ln -s /php/composer.phar /usr/bin/composer
13
14 # Install dependencies
15 RUN apt-get update \
16     && apt-get install -y git zip unzip \
17     && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
18
19 # Install PHP extensions
20 RUN apt-get update \
21     && apt-get install -y libxml2-dev libcurl4-openssl-dev libmcrypt-dev libmemcached-dev libprocps nano \
22     && pecl install apcu memcached \
23     && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
24
25 # xdebug configuration (do not use this in real production)
26 ADD enable_xdebug.sh /enable_xdebug.sh
27 ADD disable_xdebug.sh /disable_xdebug.sh
28 RUN pecl install xdebug-2.6.0 && \
29     chmod +x /enable_xdebug.sh && \
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31     touch /usr/local/etc/php/conf.d/custom-xdebug.ini && \
32     chmod 777 /usr/local/etc/php/conf.d/custom-xdebug.ini
33
34 # Not root user
35 RUN useradd -c 'PHP user' -m -d /home/php -s /bin/bash php
36 USER php
37 ENV HOME /home/php
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39 # xDebug configuration
40 ENV PHP_IDE_CONFIG serverName=nfqKickStartDocker
41
42 WORKDIR /code
43 VOLUME /code
```

More config

■ Development tools

PHP extensions

■ xDebug support

▪ Development tools

PHP extensions

Executive Support

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IDE in
cloud

Docker

Feature
toggle

Virtual
box

Run &
pray



Not many alternatives
For isolated environments

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Community



Person

Team



Sandboxed development environment

High quality mocks (real MySql, wireshark)

True integration/acceptance tests

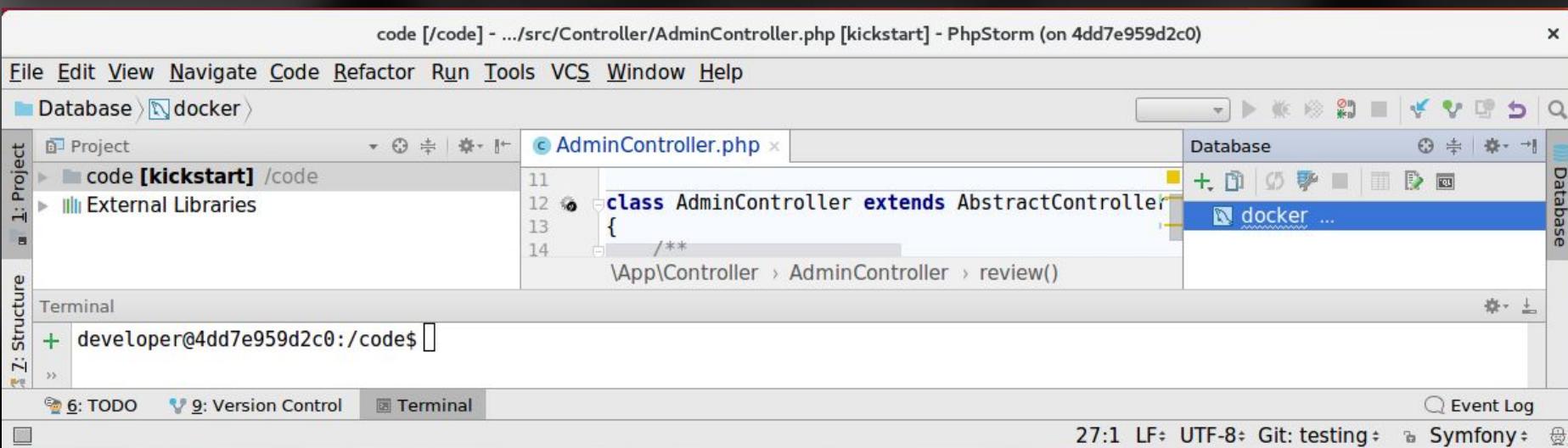
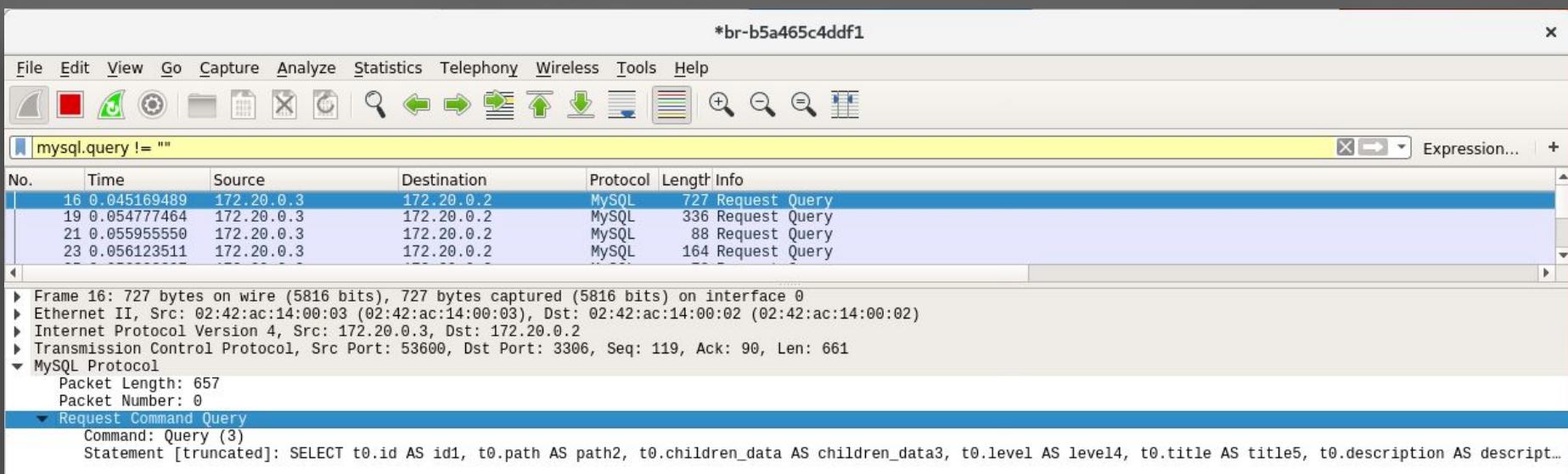
Dockerfile → docker-compose → custom tooling

Experimenting with new software safer

No trash, no sensitive information

Easy to swap (DynamoDB local vs dynalite)

Install/compile on your machine? Seriously?





Switching between branches/tasks

Less issues with cache invalidation

Kill-it-not-heal-it

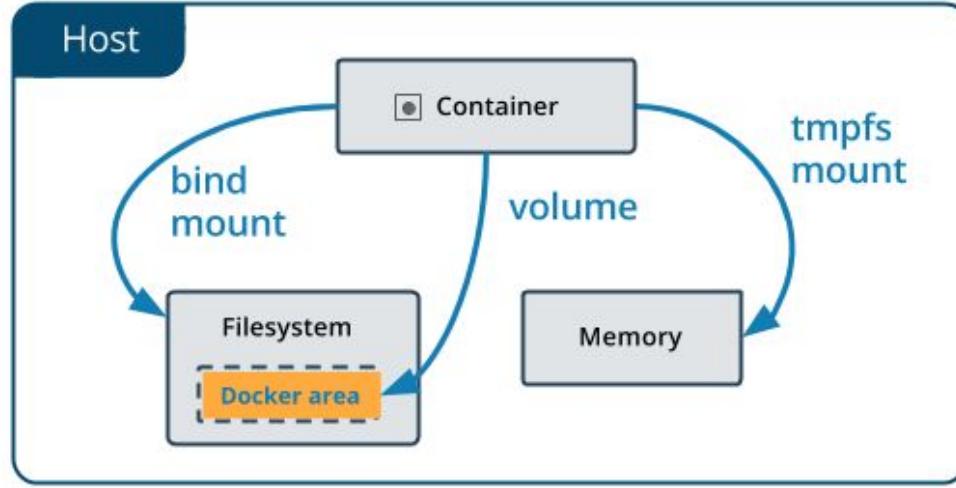
Data volumes = test data in branch

Infrastructure as a code

Fixed versions, fixed php.ini+extensions

Less “works on my machine” = reproducible

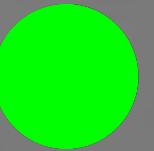
Many bash scripts, configuration via ENV



```

ide.symfony:
  build: ide
  container_name: ide.symfony
  environment:
    DISPLAY: $DISPLAY
    SSH_AUTH_SOCK: $SSH_AUTH_SOCK
  volumes:
    - /tmp/.X11-unix:/tmp/.X11-unix
    - ./examples:/code
    - ./docker/ide-home:/home/developer # Ensure directory is writable, otherwise there will be code.path errors from PHPStorm
  ports:
    - 127.0.0.1:9000:9000
  entrypoint: "/ide/bin/phpstorm.sh"
  
```

Kubernetes is an open-source system for
automating deployment, scaling, and
management of containerized



Huge ecosystem

Pioniers are using and improving

Amazon, Google (K8s) is investing

Known issues and solutions in StackOverflow

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High learning curve = blame docker

Misuse of the tool – isn't docker *silver bullet*?

Docker wraps – everyone blames the wrapper

Many ways to install docker incorrectly

Mounting vs copy-on-write operation

No Windows, more tooling/docs around

Projekto paleidimas

Pasileidžiant pirmą kartą būdavo įveliama daug klaidų, todėl padaryti *script'ai* dažniausiemis atvejams.

- Pasileidžiama infrastruktūrą per `docker` į:

```
scripts/start.sh
```

- Išsidiegiame PHP ir JavaScript bibliotekas:

```
scripts/install-prod.sh
```

- Pasižiūrime, ar veikia. Naršyklėje atidarius <http://127.0.0.1:8000/> turėtų rašyti `NFQ Akademija`
- Pabaigus, gražiai išjungiame:

```
scripts/stop.sh
```

Patogiai darbo aplinkai

- *Development* režimas (detalesnė informacija apie klaidas, automatiškai generuojami JavaScript/CSS):

```
scripts/install-dev.sh
```



Not mature tooling / edge cases

Download private dependency: github token?

Password protected SSH key? (Mac+Linux)

CircleCI limited “remote docker”

Host IP for xDebug

Even more bash scripts/docs*

*Newest docker-compose supports secrets

Welcome >

Getting Started >

Configuration >

Projects >

Jobs >

Deployment >

Reference >

Administration >

Mounting Folders

It is **not** possible to mount a folder from your job space into a container in Remote Docker (and vice versa). You may use the `docker cp` command to transfer files between these two environments. For example, to start a container in Remote Docker using a config file from your source code:

```
- run: |
    # create a dummy container which will hold a volume with config
    docker create -v /cfg --name configs alpine:3.4 /bin/true
    # copy a config file into this volume
    docker cp path/in/your/source/code/app_config.yml configs:/cfg
    # start an application container using this volume
    docker run --volumes-from configs app-image:1.2.3
```

In the same way, if your application produces some artifacts that need to be stored, you can copy them from Remote Docker:

```
- run: |
    # start container with the application
    # make sure you're not using '--rm' option otherwise the container will be killed after
    docker run --name app app-image:1.2.3

- run: |
    # after application container finishes, copy artifacts directly from it
    docker cp app:/output /path/in/your/job/space
```

	TOTAL	ACTIVE	SIZE	RECLAIMABLE
Images	104	9	25.01GB	23.12GB (92%)
Containers	12	3	215MB	214.88MB (99%)
Local Volumes	0	0	0B	36.2GB (99%)
Build Cache	0	0	0B	0B
				77.38GB (99%)

Cache everything by design

Full HDD because of docker images

Missing log rotation (no “log-opts” by default)

“Latest” tag, that is not immutable

Network unreachable, since used by docker
docker system prune, docker pull, RTFM

172.17.0.0	*	Network Printer	0	0 docker0
172.18.0.0	*	Host: 172.18.14.11	0	0 br-e085f9b993ba
172.19.0.0	*	Find	0	0 br-cc9b10872a43
172.20.0.0	*	No printer was found at that address.	0	0 br-a1bf85c186da
			0	0 br-52e0a2a233d0

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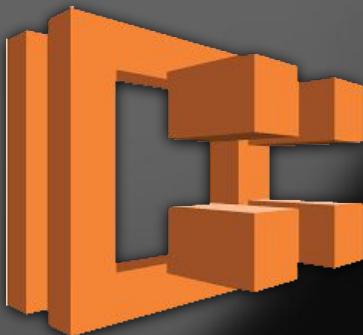
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PHP + Docker in production

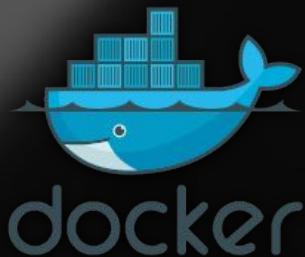
Migrated Tier1 service – nobody noticed



AWS ECS

PHP 7.2

php



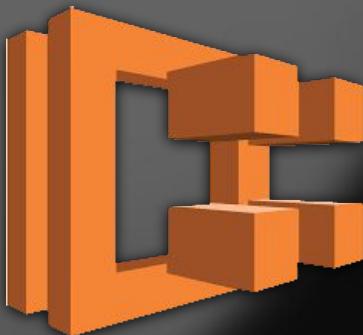
Docker

Apache



PHP + Docker in production

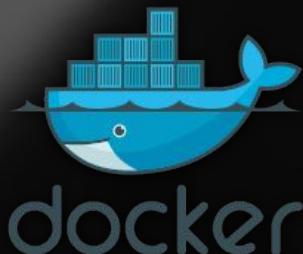
Migrated Tier1 service – nobody noticed



AWS ECS

PHP 7.2

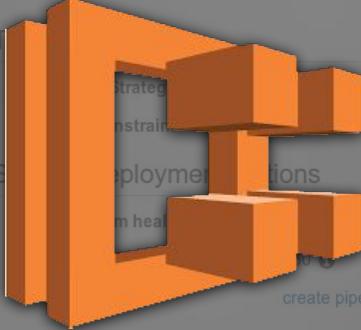
php



Docker

Apache





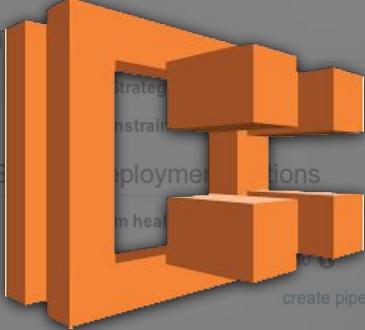
Amazon Web Services Elastic Container Service

AWS integration (E.g. spot-instances)

K8s on AWS then was not mature

Know-how (our Go apps in prod)

Deployment Id		Status	Desired Count	Running Count	Updated At	Created At
ecs-svc/9223370495346757540	PRIMARY	1	0	0	2018-11-06 14:40:18 +0200	2018-11-06 14:40:18 +0200
ecs-svc/9223370495882532443	ACTIVE	1	0	0	2018-10-01 09:50:43 +0200	2018-10-06 14:40:18 +0200



Amazon Web Services Elastic Container Service

AWS integration (E.g. spot-instances)

K8s on AWS then was not mature

Know-how (our Go apps in prod)

Naming in AWS

Docker-compose → Task definition

Container → Task

Docker Hub → ECR



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	Service Name	Status	Service type	Task Definition	Desired tasks ▾	Running tasks ▾	Launch type
<input type="checkbox"/>	service-ECSService-4V7TMNJE2I6A	ACTIVE	REPLICA	hello-service:9	1	1	EC2
<input type="checkbox"/>	ECSLoggerService-1RNU10SJSCB1P	ACTIVE	DAEMON	fluent-bit:5	1	1	EC2

ECS Service types



Daemon



elasticsearch

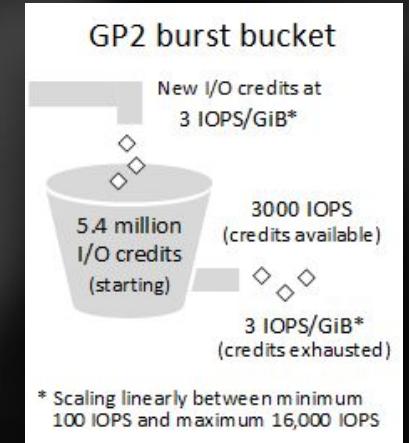
External





LogConfiguration:
LogDriver: fluentd
Options:

fluentd-async-connect: "true"
fluentd-buffer-limit: "32MB"
mode: "non-blocking"



Syslog input



Use the `syslog` input to read events over TCP or UDP, this input will parse BSD (rfc3164) event and some variant.

Example configurations:

```
filebeat.inputs:  
- type: syslog  
  protocol.udp:  
    host: "localhost:9000"
```

Under investigation...



Filebeat

Daemon



elasticsearch

External

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toggle

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cloud

Virtual
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Run &
pray

Docker:

Good to understand
Use on demand

Dockerizing
Thank you
PHP Questions? Apps

Aurelijus Banelis

Further reading/references

- <https://www.docker.com/>
- <https://hub.docker.com/>
- <https://aws.amazon.com/ecs/>
- <https://aws.amazon.com/ecr/>
- <https://fluentbit.io/>
- <https://www.home24.de/>
- <https://home24.tech.blog/category/aws/>
- <https://aws.amazon.com/blogsopensource/network-load-balancer-support-in-kubernetes-1-9/>
- <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonECS/latest/developerguide/docker-volumes.html>
- <https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/microservices-on-aws.pdf>
- <https://justi.cz/security/2019/01/22/apt-rce.html>
- <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/beats/filebeat/master/filebeat-input-syslog.html>
- <https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/DevOps/running-containerized-microservices-on-aws.pdf>