### Compact implementations of pairings

Anthony Van Herrewege

Lejla Batina & Miroslav Knezevic Prof. Dr. Ir. I. Verbauwhede & Prof. Dr. Ir. B. Preneel

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### Outline

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- 1 Problem
- 2 Pairings
- 3 Implementation
- 4 Results

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- Contra:
  - How to issue new keys, ...?



### Outline

- 2 Pairings

What?

Pairings

■ Mathematical construction discovered in the 40's

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- Allow implementation of ID-based cryptography



#### What?

- Mathematical construction discovered in the 40's
- Allow implementation of ID-based cryptography
- Strength based on discrete logarithm problem



#### How?

Several available pairings:

Weil, Tate, 
$$\eta_T$$
, Ate, . . .

Tate pairing:

$$\hat{e}(P,Q) : E(\mathbb{F}_q)[l] \times E(\mathbb{F}_q)[l] \mapsto \mu_l$$

$$\mu_l \in \mathbb{F}_{q^k}^*$$

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#### Restrictions

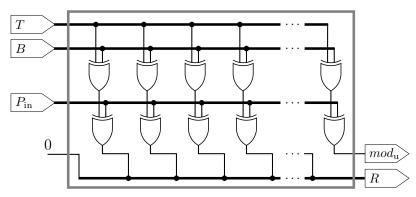
Avoid the use of flip-flops and muxes:

Cell	Area $\left[\frac{\text{gate}}{\text{bit}}\right]$
D flip-flop (reset)	6
D flip-flop (no reset)	5.5
D latch	4.25
3 input MUX	4
2 input XOR	3.75
2 input MUX	2.25
2 input NAND	1
NOT	0.75

Implementation

#### MALU - Addition & Reduction in $\mathbb{F}_{2^m}$

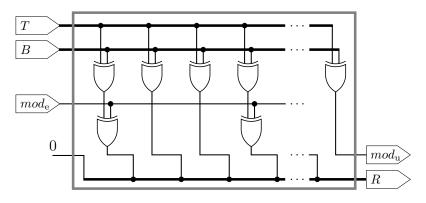
$$R = (T+B \pmod{P_{\mathsf{in}}})_{0:m-2} \ll 1$$
 
$$mod_{\mathsf{u}} = (T+B \pmod{P_{\mathsf{in}}})_{m-1}$$





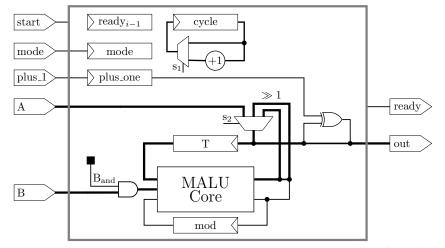
#### MALU - Addition & Reduction in $\mathbb{F}_{2^m}$

Optimized MALU needs  $\Delta = m - (\text{Hamm}(P) - 1)$  less XOR's:



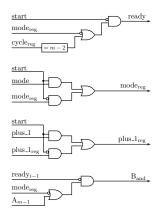


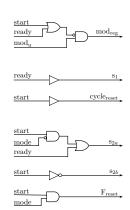
### $\mathbb{F}_{2^m}$ Multiplication & Addition



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#### No FSM needed, simple logic:

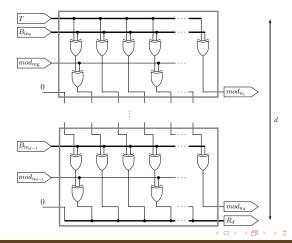




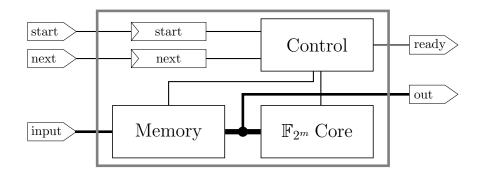


### $\mathbb{F}_{2^m}$ Multiplication & Addition

#### Speed up calculation through daisy-chaining MALUs:



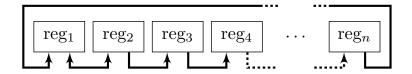
### Controller for Miller's algorithm



## Memory design

#### Starting design:

$$\overline{t} = O\left(\frac{n^2}{3}\right)$$
  $\overline{w} = O\left(\frac{n^3}{3}\right)$ 

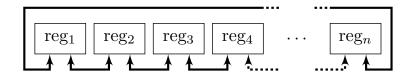


Implementation

### Memory design

#### Final design:

$$\overline{t} = O\left(\frac{n}{4}\right)$$
  $\overline{w} = O\left(n\right)$ 

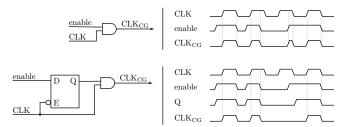


lacktriangle Remove reset from registers  $\left(-0.5\,rac{\mathrm{gate}}{\mathrm{bit}}
ight)$ 

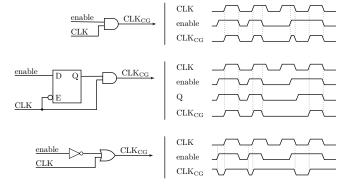
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- Total n° of clockcycles c for one pairing:

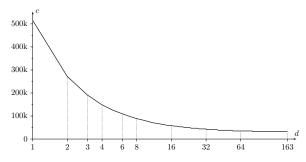
$$c = 21681 + 4322 + 2998 \cdot \left\lceil \frac{m}{d} \right\rceil$$

Results

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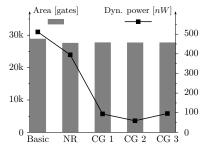
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# Synthesis

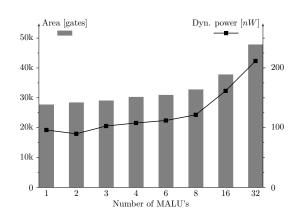
Implementation	Area [gates]		Power @ 10 kHz $[nW]$			
·			amic	Leakage		
Basic	28 876		512		117	
No Reset	27596	96%	395	77%	107	92%
CG 1	27751	96%	94	18%	109	94%
CG 2	27713	96%	59	12%	102	88%
CG 3	27734	96%	96	19%	110	94%





## Synthesis - Continued

Component	Opp. [gates]		
MALU	458	1.7%	
$\mathbb{F}_{2m}$ core			
Logic	783	2.8%	
Registers	962	3.5%	
Controller			
Logic	13044	47%	
Registers	12487	45%	
Total	27 734	100%	



## Comparison

	This	Beuchat	
	1 MALU	2 MALUs	et al.
Field	$\mathbb{F}_{2^{163}}$	$\mathbb{F}_{2^{163}}$	$\mathbb{F}_{3^{97}}$
Pairing	Tate	Tate	$\eta_T$
Security [bit]	652	652	922
Technology $[\mu m]$	0.13	0.13	0.18
Area [gates]	27430	28155	193765
f [MHz]	10.3	5.44	200
Calc. time $[\mu s]$	$50 \cdot 10^{3}$	$50 \cdot 10^{3}$	46.7
Power $[mW]$	$98.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$48.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$	672
Efficiency $\left[\frac{nJ}{\text{bit}}\right]$	7.54	3.73	34.0



Results

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Definitely possible to use in constrained environments



Results

## The end

# Questions?

