

## Fundamental Setting of Reinforcement Learning

### 1. THE PROBLEM

$S_t$	state at time $t$
$A_t$	action at time $t$
$R_t$	reward at time $t$
$\gamma$	discount rate (where $0 \leq \gamma \leq 1$ )
$G_t$	discounted return at time $t$ ( $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k R_{t+k+1}$ )
$\mathcal{S}$	set of all nonterminal states
$\mathcal{S}^+$	set of all states (including terminal states)
$\mathcal{A}$	set of all actions
$\mathcal{A}(s)$	set of all actions available in state $s$
$\mathcal{R}$	set of all rewards
$p(s', r s, a)$	probability of next state $s'$ and reward $r$ , given current state $s$ and current action $a$ ( $\mathbb{P}(S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r   S_t = s, A_t = a)$ )

### 2. THE SOLUTION

$\pi$	policy if <i>deterministic</i> : $\pi(s) \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$ if <i>stochastic</i> : $\pi(a s) = \mathbb{P}(A_t = a   S_t = s)$ for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$ and $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$
$v_\pi$	state-value function for policy $\pi$ ( $v_\pi(s) \doteq \mathbb{E}[G_t   S_t = s]$ for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$ )
$q_\pi$	action-value function for policy $\pi$ ( $q_\pi(s, a) \doteq \mathbb{E}[G_t   S_t = s, A_t = a]$ for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$ and $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ )
$v_*$	optimal state-value function ( $v_*(s) \doteq \max_\pi v_\pi(s)$ for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$ )
$q_*$	optimal action-value function ( $q_*(s, a) \doteq \max_\pi q_\pi(s, a)$ for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$ and $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ )

## Bellman Equations

### 3.1. Bellman Expectation Equations.

$$v_\pi(s) = \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \pi(a|s) \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a) (r + \gamma v_\pi(s'))$$

$$q_\pi(s, a) = \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a) (r + \gamma \sum_{a' \in \mathcal{A}(s')} \pi(a'|s') q_\pi(s', a'))$$

### 3.2. Bellman Optimality Equations.

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a) (r + \gamma v_*(s'))$$

$$q_*(s, a) = \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a) (r + \gamma \max_{a' \in \mathcal{A}(s')} q_*(s', a'))$$

### 3.3. Useful Formulas for Deriving the Bellman Equations.

$$v_\pi(s) = \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \pi(a|s) q_\pi(s, a)$$

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} q_*(s, a)$$

$$q_\pi(s, a) = \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a) (r + \gamma v_\pi(s'))$$

$$q_*(s, a) = \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a) (r + \gamma v_*(s'))$$

$$q_\pi(s, a) \doteq \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_t = s, A_t = a] \quad (1)$$

$$= \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} \mathbb{P}(S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r | S_t = s, A_t = a) \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_t = s, A_t = a, S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r] \quad (2)$$

$$= \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r | s, a) \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_t = s, A_t = a, S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r] \quad (3)$$

$$= \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r | s, a) \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r] \quad (4)$$

$$= \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r | s, a) \mathbb{E}_\pi[R_{t+1} + \gamma G_{t+1} | S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r] \quad (5)$$

$$= \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r | s, a) (r + \gamma \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_{t+1} | S_{t+1} = s']) \quad (6)$$

$$= \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r | s, a) (r + \gamma v_\pi(s')) \quad (7)$$

The reasoning for the above is as follows:

- (1) by definition ( $q_\pi(s, a) \doteq \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_t = s, A_t = a]$ )
- (2) Law of Total Expectation
- (3) by definition ( $p(s', r | s, a) \doteq \mathbb{P}(S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r | S_t = s, A_t = a)$ )
- (4)  $\mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_t = s, A_t = a, S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r] = \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_t | S_{t+1} = s', R_{t+1} = r]$
- (5)  $G_t = R_{t+1} + \gamma G_{t+1}$
- (6) Linearity of Expectation
- (7)  $v_\pi(s') = \mathbb{E}_\pi[G_{t+1} | S_{t+1} = s']$

## Dynamic Programming

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**Algorithm 1:** Policy Evaluation

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**Input:** MDP, policy  $\pi$ , small positive number  $\theta$

**Output:**  $V \approx v_\pi$

Initialize  $V$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $V(s) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}^+$ )

**repeat**

$\Delta \leftarrow 0$

**for**  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  **do**

$v \leftarrow V(s)$

$V(s) \leftarrow \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \pi(a|s) \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a)(r + \gamma V(s'))$

$\Delta \leftarrow \max(\Delta, |v - V(s)|)$

**end**

**until**  $\Delta < \theta$ ;

**return**  $V$

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**Algorithm 2:** Estimation of Action Values

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**Input:** MDP, state-value function  $V$

**Output:** action-value function  $Q$

**for**  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  **do**

**for**  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$  **do**

$Q(s, a) \leftarrow \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a)(r + \gamma V(s'))$

**end**

**end**

**return**  $Q$

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**Algorithm 3:** Policy Improvement

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**Input:** MDP, value function  $V$

**Output:** policy  $\pi'$

**for**  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  **do**

**for**  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$  **do**

$Q(s, a) \leftarrow \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a)(r + \gamma V(s'))$

**end**

$\pi'(s) \leftarrow \arg \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} Q(s, a)$

**end**

**return**  $\pi'$

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**Algorithm 4:** Policy Iteration

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**Input:** MDP, small positive number  $\theta$   
**Output:** policy  $\pi \approx \pi_*$   
Initialize  $\pi$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $\pi(a|s) = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{A}(s)|}$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ )  
 $policy\_stable \leftarrow false$   
**repeat**  
     $V \leftarrow \text{Policy\_Evaluation}(\text{MDP}, \pi, \theta)$   
     $\pi' \leftarrow \text{Policy\_Improvement}(\text{MDP}, V)$   
    **if**  $\pi = \pi'$  **then**  
         $policy\_stable \leftarrow true$   
    **end**  
     $\pi \leftarrow \pi'$   
**until**  $policy\_stable = true$ ;  
**return**  $\pi$

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**Algorithm 5:** Truncated Policy Evaluation

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**Input:** MDP, policy  $\pi$ , value function  $V$ , positive integer  $max\_iterations$   
**Output:**  $V \approx v_\pi$  (if  $max\_iterations$  is large enough)  
 $counter \leftarrow 0$   
**while**  $counter < max\_iterations$  **do**  
    **for**  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  **do**  
         $V(s) \leftarrow \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \pi(a|s) \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a)(r + \gamma V(s'))$   
    **end**  
     $counter \leftarrow counter + 1$   
**end**  
**return**  $V$

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**Algorithm 6:** Truncated Policy Iteration

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**Input:** MDP, positive integer  $max\_iterations$ , small positive number  $\theta$   
**Output:** policy  $\pi \approx \pi_*$   
Initialize  $V$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $V(s) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}^+$ )  
Initialize  $\pi$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $\pi(a|s) = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{A}(s)|}$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ )  
**repeat**  
     $\pi \leftarrow \text{Policy\_Improvement}(\text{MDP}, V)$   
     $V_{old} \leftarrow V$   
     $V \leftarrow \text{Truncated\_Policy\_Evaluation}(\text{MDP}, \pi, V, max\_iterations)$   
**until**  $\max_{s \in \mathcal{S}} |V(s) - V_{old}(s)| < \theta$ ;  
**return**  $\pi$

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**Algorithm 7:** Value Iteration

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**Input:** MDP, small positive number  $\theta$   
**Output:** policy  $\pi \approx \pi_*$   
Initialize  $V$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $V(s) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}^+$ )  
**repeat**  
     $\Delta \leftarrow 0$   
    **for**  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  **do**  
         $v \leftarrow V(s)$   
         $V(s) \leftarrow \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}, r \in \mathcal{R}} p(s', r|s, a)(r + \gamma V(s'))$   
         $\Delta \leftarrow \max(\Delta, |v - V(s)|)$   
    **end**  
**until**  $\Delta < \theta$ ;  
 $\pi \leftarrow \text{Policy\_Improvement}(\text{MDP}, V)$   
**return**  $\pi$

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## Monte Carlo Methods

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### Algorithm 8: First-Visit MC Prediction (*for state values*)

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**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$   
**Output:** value function  $V$  ( $\approx v_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $N(s) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$   
Initialize  $returns\_sum(s) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$   
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
    Generate an episode  $S_0, A_0, R_1, \dots, S_T$  using  $\pi$   
    **for**  $t \leftarrow 0$  **to**  $T - 1$  **do**  
        **if**  $S_t$  is a first visit (with return  $G_t$ ) **then**  
             $N(S_t) \leftarrow N(S_t) + 1$   
             $returns\_sum(S_t) \leftarrow returns\_sum(S_t) + G_t$   
        **end**  
    **end**  
**end**  
 $V(s) \leftarrow returns\_sum(s)/N(s)$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$   
**return**  $V$

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### Algorithm 9: First-Visit MC Prediction (*for action values*)

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**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$   
**Output:** value function  $Q$  ( $\approx q_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $N(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
Initialize  $returns\_sum(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
    Generate an episode  $S_0, A_0, R_1, \dots, S_T$  using  $\pi$   
    **for**  $t \leftarrow 0$  **to**  $T - 1$  **do**  
        **if**  $(S_t, A_t)$  is a first visit (with return  $G_t$ ) **then**  
             $N(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow N(S_t, A_t) + 1$   
             $returns\_sum(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow returns\_sum(S_t, A_t) + G_t$   
        **end**  
    **end**  
**end**  
 $Q(s, a) \leftarrow returns\_sum(s, a)/N(s, a)$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
**return**  $Q$

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### Algorithm 10: First-Visit GLIE MC Control

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**Input:** positive integer  $num\_episodes$ , GLIE  $\{\epsilon_i\}$   
**Output:** policy  $\pi$  ( $\approx \pi_*$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $Q(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
Initialize  $N(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}, a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$   
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
     $\epsilon \leftarrow \epsilon_i$   
     $\pi \leftarrow \epsilon\text{-greedy}(Q)$   
    Generate an episode  $S_0, A_0, R_1, \dots, S_T$  using  $\pi$   
    **for**  $t \leftarrow 0$  **to**  $T - 1$  **do**  
        **if**  $(S_t, A_t)$  is a first visit (with return  $G_t$ ) **then**  
             $N(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow N(S_t, A_t) + 1$   
             $Q(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow Q(S_t, A_t) + \frac{1}{N(S_t, A_t)}(G_t - Q(S_t, A_t))$   
        **end**  
    **end**  
**end**  
**return**  $\pi$

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**Algorithm 11: First-Visit Constant- $\alpha$  (GLIE) MC Control**

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**Input:** positive integer  $num\_episodes$ , small positive fraction  $\alpha$ , GLIE  $\{\epsilon_i\}$   
**Output:** policy  $\pi$  ( $\approx \pi_*$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $Q$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $Q(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ )  
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
     $\epsilon \leftarrow \epsilon_i$   
     $\pi \leftarrow \epsilon\text{-greedy}(Q)$   
    Generate an episode  $S_0, A_0, R_1, \dots, S_T$  using  $\pi$   
    **for**  $t \leftarrow 0$  **to**  $T - 1$  **do**  
        **if**  $(S_t, A_t)$  is a first visit (with return  $G_t$ ) **then**  
             $Q(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow Q(S_t, A_t) + \alpha(G_t - Q(S_t, A_t))$   
        **end**  
    **end**  
**end**  
**return**  $\pi$

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## Temporal Difference Methods

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**Algorithm 12: TD(0)**

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**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$   
**Output:** value function  $V$  ( $\approx v_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $V$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $V(s) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}^+$ )  
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
    Observe  $S_0$   
     $t \leftarrow 0$   
    **repeat**  
        Choose action  $A_t$  using policy  $\pi$   
        Take action  $A_t$  and observe  $R_{t+1}, S_{t+1}$   
         $V(S_t) \leftarrow V(S_t) + \alpha(R_{t+1} + \gamma V(S_{t+1}) - V(S_t))$   
         $t \leftarrow t + 1$   
    **until**  $S_t$  is terminal;  
**end**  
**return**  $V$

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**Algorithm 13: Sarsa**

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**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$ , small positive fraction  $\alpha$ , GLIE  $\{\epsilon_i\}$   
**Output:** value function  $Q$  ( $\approx q_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $Q$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $Q(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ , and  $Q(\text{terminal-state}, \cdot) = 0$ )  
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
     $\epsilon \leftarrow \epsilon_i$   
    Observe  $S_0$   
    Choose action  $A_0$  using policy derived from  $Q$  (e.g.,  $\epsilon$ -greedy)  
     $t \leftarrow 0$   
    **repeat**  
        Take action  $A_t$  and observe  $R_{t+1}, S_{t+1}$   
        Choose action  $A_{t+1}$  using policy derived from  $Q$  (e.g.,  $\epsilon$ -greedy)  
         $Q(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow Q(S_t, A_t) + \alpha(R_{t+1} + \gamma Q(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1}) - Q(S_t, A_t))$   
         $t \leftarrow t + 1$   
    **until**  $S_t$  is terminal;  
**end**  
**return**  $Q$

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**Algorithm 14:** Sarsamax (Q-Learning)

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**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$ , small positive fraction  $\alpha$ , GLIE  $\{\epsilon_i\}$   
**Output:** value function  $Q$  ( $\approx q_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $Q$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $Q(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ , and  $Q(terminal-state, \cdot) = 0$ )  
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
     $\epsilon \leftarrow \epsilon_i$   
    Observe  $S_0$   
     $t \leftarrow 0$   
    **repeat**  
        Choose action  $A_t$  using policy derived from  $Q$  (e.g.,  $\epsilon$ -greedy)  
        Take action  $A_t$  and observe  $R_{t+1}, S_{t+1}$   
         $Q(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow Q(S_t, A_t) + \alpha(R_{t+1} + \gamma \max_a Q(S_{t+1}, a) - Q(S_t, A_t))$   
         $t \leftarrow t + 1$   
    **until**  $S_t$  is terminal;  
**end**  
**return**  $Q$

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**Algorithm 15:** Expected Sarsa

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**Input:** policy  $\pi$ , positive integer  $num\_episodes$ , small positive fraction  $\alpha$ , GLIE  $\{\epsilon_i\}$   
**Output:** value function  $Q$  ( $\approx q_\pi$  if  $num\_episodes$  is large enough)  
Initialize  $Q$  arbitrarily (e.g.,  $Q(s, a) = 0$  for all  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  and  $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ , and  $Q(terminal-state, \cdot) = 0$ )  
**for**  $i \leftarrow 1$  **to**  $num\_episodes$  **do**  
     $\epsilon \leftarrow \epsilon_i$   
    Observe  $S_0$   
     $t \leftarrow 0$   
    **repeat**  
        Choose action  $A_t$  using policy derived from  $Q$  (e.g.,  $\epsilon$ -greedy)  
        Take action  $A_t$  and observe  $R_{t+1}, S_{t+1}$   
         $Q(S_t, A_t) \leftarrow Q(S_t, A_t) + \alpha(R_{t+1} + \gamma \sum_a \pi(a|S_{t+1})Q(S_{t+1}, a) - Q(S_t, A_t))$   
         $t \leftarrow t + 1$   
    **until**  $S_t$  is terminal;  
**end**  
**return**  $Q$

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