# 驭象者之Apache Oozie

2015-05-19 我是攻城师

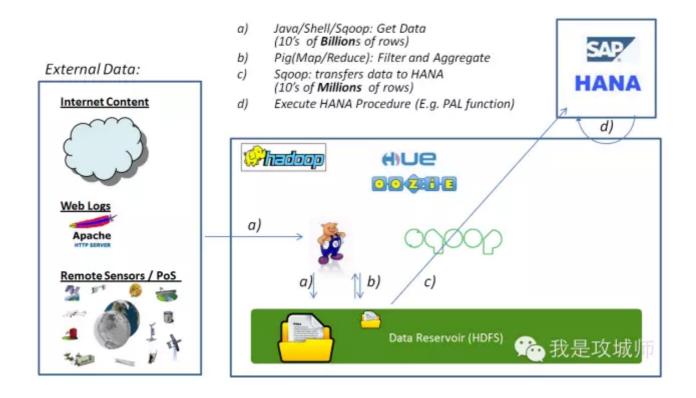


#### (1) Apache Oozie是什么?

Oozie在英语中的释义指的是: 驯象人, 驭象者(多指缅甸那边的俗称), 这个比喻相对与它的功能来说, 还是 很恰当的。

Apache Oozie是一个用来管理Hadoop任务的工作流调度系统,是基于有向无环图的模型(DAG)。Oozie支持 大多数的Hadoop任务的组合,常见的有Java MapReduce, Streaming map-reduce, Pig, Hive, Sqoop, Distop,也可以结合一些脚本如Shell, Python, Java来很灵活的完成一些事情。同时,它也是一个可伸缩的, 可扩展,高可靠的的系统

# Example OOZIE Workflow with HANA



#### (2) Apache Oozie能用来干什么?

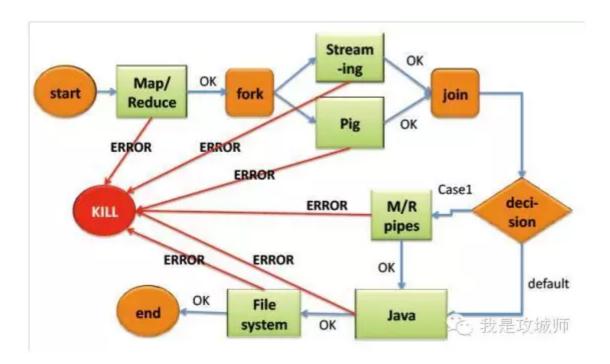
其实,上面的这张图,已经足够回答这个问题了,工作流嘛,顾名思义,就是我要干一件事,需要很多步骤,然 后有序组合,最终达到能够完成这件事的目的。

举个例子,就拿做饭这件事吧。

- 1, 买菜
- 2, 洗菜
- 3,切菜
- 4,炒菜
- 5,上菜

这是一个简单的流程,当然这里面会有很多其他的小细节,比如我买菜,去了不同的菜市场,炒菜时候,又临时去买了一些调料,等等。

仔细分析这里面的道道,有些是有依赖关系的,有些没依赖关系的,比如菜是核心,所有很菜有关的都有先后顺序,其他的辅助步骤,比如说烧水,跟这是没有依赖关系的。反应到实际工作中的一些任务也是如此,所以采用 oozie来管理调度,还是很方便的一件事。



#### (3) Oozie的组成

Readme, license, notice & Release log files. (一个项目的,版权,介绍,log等)

Oozie server: oozie-server directory. (oozie的服务端目录)

Scripts: bin/ directory, client and server scripts. (bin下面有一些常用的命令,来管理oozie的)

Binaries: lib/ directory, client JAR files. (存放oozie的依赖包)

Configuration: conf/ server configuration directory. (oozie的配置文件)

Archives: (归档包目录)

oozie-client-\*.tar.gz: Client tools. (oozie的客户端包)

oozie.war: Oozie WAR file. (web的服务工程)

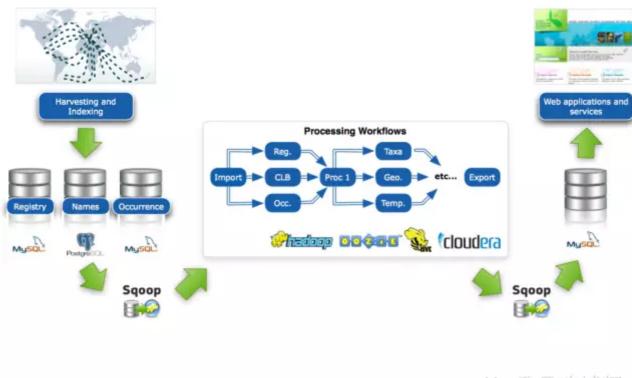
docs.zip: Documentation. (文档)

oozie-examples-\*.tar.gz : Examples. (例子)

oozie-sharelib-\*.tar.gz : Share libraries (with Streaming, Pig JARs).(一些工作流支持的框架共享包)

#### (4) oozie支持调度的应用

- 1, Email任务
- 2, Shell任务
- 3, Hive任务
- 4, Sqoop任务
- 5, SSH任务
- 6, Distcp任务
- 7, 自定义的任务



**设**,我是攻城师

#### (5) oozie的下载,安装,编译

oozie目前最新的版本是oozie4.1.0,下载地址1,如果链接不上,可点击这个下载地址2,

在linux上,可以直接wget http://archive.apache.org/dist/oozie/4.1.0/oozie-4.1.0.tar.gz下载

下载完,可以解压出来根据自己的一些环境编译。

## 散仙这里的一些环境如下:

Hadoop2.2

JDK1.7

Maven3.0.5

Ant1.9.4

Hive0.13.1

Pig0.12.1

#### 所以,需要修改在oozie的根目录下的pom文件:

#### 1,修改JDK版本

2,如有必要可修改各个组件的版本,在跟目录下执行

grep -I "2.3.0" `find . -name "pom.xml"`

#### Java代码

- 1. ./pom.xml
- 2. ./hadooplibs/hadoop-distcp-2/pom.xml
- 3. ./hadooplibs/hadoop-test-2/pom.xml
- 4. ./hadooplibs/hadoop-utils-2/pom.xml
- 5. ./hadooplibs/hadoop-2/pom.xml

将查出来的pom文件,修改对应hadoop版本,hive,hbase,pig等组件版本

注意使用(sed -e 's/2.3.0/2.2.0/g' pom.xml 替换可能更快,但是建议自己去修改,因为改的地方并不是太多!) 注意,在4.1.0里,需要把下面这个保持成2.3.0,hadoop的版本可以是2.2.0如果,不改的话,编译Zookeeper-Scurity-Test时候,会报错

#### Java代码

- 1. [INFO] Apache Oozie ZooKeeper Security Tests ...... FAILURE [2.204s]
- 2. [INFO] ------
- 3. [INFO] BUILD FAILURE
- 4. [INFO] ------
- 5. [INFO] Total time: 5:27.818s
- 6. [INFO] Finished at: Fri May 15 12:50:50 CST 2015
- 7. [INFO] Final Memory: 132M/237M
- 8. [INFO] ------
- 9. [ERROR] Failed to execute goal on project oozie-zookeeper-security-tests: Could not resolve dependencies for project org.apache.oozie:oozie-zookeeper-securitytests:jar:4.1.0: Failed to collect dependencies for [org.apache.curator:curatortest:jar:2.5.0 (test), org.apache.hadoop:hadoop-minikdc:jar:2.2.0 (test), org.apache.oozie:oozie-core:jar:4.1.0 (test), org.apache.oozie:oozie-core:jar:tests:4.1.0 (test), org.apache.oozie:oozie-hadoop:jar:2.2.0.oozie-4.1.0 (provided), org.apache.oozie:oozie-hadoop-test:jar:2.2.0.oozie-4.1.0 (test)]: Failed to read artifact descriptor for org.apache.hadoop:hadoop-minikdc:jar:2.2.0: Could not transfer artifact org.apache.hadoop:hadoop-minikdc:pom:2.2.0 from/to Codehaus repository (http://repository.codehaus.org/): peer not authenticated -> [Help 1]
- 10. [ERROR]
- 11. [ERROR] To see the full stack trace of the errors, re-run Maven with the -e switch.
- 12. [ERROR] Re-run Maven using the -X switch to enable full debug logging.
- **13. [ERROR]**
- 14. [ERROR] For more information about the errors and possible solutions, please read the following articles:
- 15. [ERROR] [Help 1] http://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/MAVEN/DependencyResolutionException
- 16. [ERROR]
- 17. [ERROR] After correcting the problems, you can resume the build with the command
- 18. [ERROR] mvn <goals> -rf :oozie-zookeeper-security-tests

#### 改回2.3.0即可

# Java代码 尾

- 1. <dependency>
- 2. <groupId>org.apache.hadoop</groupId>
- 3. <artifactId>hadoop-minikdc</artifactId>
- 4. <version>2.3.0</version>
- 5. </dependency>
- 3,修改完成后,执行下面命令进行编译:

bin/mkdistro.sh -DskipTests -Dhadoop.version=2.2.0

4,中间如果出现错误,不要紧,重新执行上面命令,会增量的编译,原来编译成功的,不会重复编译,编译成 功如下:

## Java代码

1. [INFO] Reactor Summary:	
2. [INFO]	
3. [INFO] Apache Oozie Main SUCCESS [ 1.440 s]	
4. [INFO] Apache Oozie Client SUCCESS [ 22.217 s]	
5. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop 1.1.1.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.836 s]	
6. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Distcp 1.1.1.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.065 s]	
7. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop 1.1.1.oozie-4.1.0 Test SUCCESS [ 0.182 s]	
8. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Utils 1.1.1.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.784 s]	
9. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop 2.3.0.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 4.803 s]	
10. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop 2.3.0.oozie-4.1.0 Test SUCCESS [ 0.254 s]	
11. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Distcp 2.3.0.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.066 s]	
12. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Utils 2.3.0.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 1.033 s]	
13. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop 0.23.5.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 3.231 s]	
14. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop 0.23.5.oozie-4.1.0 Test SUCCESS [ 0.336 s]	
15. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Distcp 0.23.5.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.062 s]	
16. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Utils 0.23.5.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.878 s]	
17. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hadoop Libs SUCCESS [ 3.780 s]	
18. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hbase 0.94.2.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.338 s]	
19. [INFO] Apache Oozie Hbase Libs SUCCESS [ 0.692 s]	
20. [INFO] Apache Oozie HCatalog 0.13.1.oozie-4.1.0 SUCCESS [ 0.919 s]	
21. [INFO] Apache Oozie HCatalog Libs SUCCESS [ 1.735 s]	
22. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib Oozie SUCCESS [ 13.552 s]	
23. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib HCatalog SUCCESS [ 40.232 s]	
24. [INFO] Apache Oozie Core SUCCESS [05:03 min]	
25. [INFO] Apache Oozie Docs SUCCESS [01:07 min]	

26. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib Pig SUCCESS [01:38 min]
27. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib Hive SUCCESS [ 12.927 s]
28. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib Sqoop SUCCESS [ 5.655 s]
29. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib Streaming SUCCESS [ 4.577 s]
30. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib Distcp SUCCESS [ 1.900 s]
31. [INFO] Apache Oozie WebApp SUCCESS [02:26 min]
32. [INFO] Apache Oozie Examples SUCCESS [ 3.762 s]
33. [INFO] Apache Oozie Share Lib SUCCESS [ 11.415 s]
34. [INFO] Apache Oozie Tools SUCCESS [ 10.718 s]
35. [INFO] Apache Oozie MiniOozie SUCCESS [ 9.647 s]
36. [INFO] Apache Oozie Distro SUCCESS [ 27.966 s]
37. [INFO] Apache Oozie ZooKeeper Security Tests SUCCESS [ 7.040 s]
38. [INFO]
39. [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS

5,编译成功后在oozie-release-4.1.0/distro/target目录下,会生成如下的几个文件:

#### Java代码

- 1. drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 5月 15 13:45 antrun
- 2. drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 5月 15 13:45 archive-tmp
- 3. drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 5月 15 13:45 maven-archiver
- 4. drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 5月 15 13:46 oozie-4.1.0-distro
- 5. -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 201469924 5月 15 13:46 oozie-4.1.0-distro.tar.gz
- 6. -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2875 5月 15 13:45 oozie-distro-4.1.0.jar
- 7. drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 5月 15 13:45 tomcat
- 6, 拷贝oozie-4.1.0-distro.tar.gz压缩包,至你需要安装的地方并解压,然后进入根目录下, 执行mkdir libext命令, 创建libext目录

#### 接着执行

- cp \${HADOOP\_HOME}/share/hadoop/\*/\*.jar libext/
- cp \${HADOOP\_HOME}/share/hadoop/\*/lib/\*.jar libext/
- 命令,将hadoop的相关的jar包拷贝至改目录

下载一个ext-2.2.zip包,也放入libext目录,由于oozie的is可能会依赖这个包,最新的版本应该不需要了,待验 证?这个包,散仙在文末会上传到附件中,

7,删除libext下这几个包,因为会和hadoop的中的一些包冲突,造成类加载器无法识别重复的jsp,servlet或el 解析器:

```
jasper-compiler-5.5.23.jar
jasper-runtime-5.5.23.jar
jsp-api-2.1.jar
```

8,修改conf/oozie-site.xml文件,更改以下几个地方:

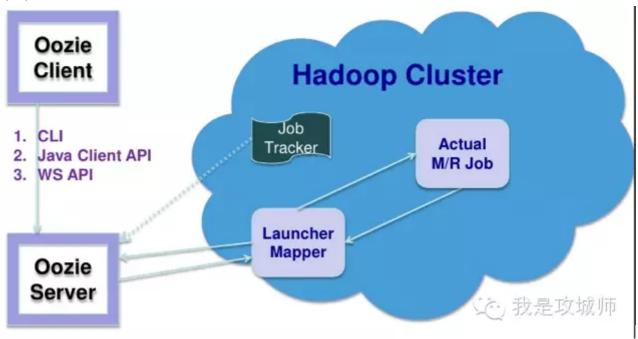
```
Xml代码
```

```
1. <!-- 修改对应的hadoop的安装用户, 散仙这里是search -->
2. cproperty>
3. <name>oozie.system.id</name>
4. <value>oozie-search</value>
5. <description>
6. The Oozie system ID.
7. </description>
8. </property>
9.
10. <!-- 修改hadoop的conf的文件目录 -->
11. cproperty>
12. <name>oozie.service.HadoopAccessorService.hadoop.configurations</name>
13. <value>*=/home/search/hadoop/etc/hadoop</value>
14. <description>
15. Comma separated AUTHORITY=HADOOP CONF DIR, where AUTHORITY is the
   HOST:PORT of
16. the Hadoop service (JobTracker, HDFS). The wildcard '*' configuration is
17. used when there is no exact match for an authority. The HADOOP CONF DIR
   contains
18. the relevant Hadoop *-site.xml files. If the path is relative is looked within
19. the Oozie configuration directory; though the path can be absolute (i.e. to point
20. to Hadoop client conf/ directories in the local filesystem.
21. </description>
22. </property>
23.
24.
25. <!-- 修改oozie的share lib的HDFS目录 -->
26. cproperty>
27. <name>oozie.service.WorkflowAppService.system.libpath</name>
28. <value>/user/search/share/lib</value>
29. <description>
30. System library path to use for workflow applications.
31. This path is added to workflow application if their job properties sets
32. the property 'oozie.use.system.libpath' to true.
33. </description>
34. </property>
```

- 35.
- 36. <!-- 修改代理用户Hue需要用到,下面这两个配置,在Hadoop的core-site.xml中,同样需要添加,代理用户提交作业功能 -->
- 37. cproperty>
- 38. <name>oozie.service.ProxyUserService.proxyuser.search.hosts</name>
- 39. <value>\*</value>
- 40. </property>
- 41.
- 42. coperty>
- 43. <name>oozie.service.ProxyUserService.proxyuser.search.groups</name>
- 44. <value>\*</value>
- 45. </property>
- 9,删除/home/search/oozie-4.1.0/conf/hadoop-conf下的core-site.xml文件, 将/home/search/hadoop/etc/hadoop/下的所有配置文件,拷贝到此处
- (6) 执行bin/oozie-setup.sh prepare-war命令, 重新生成war包
- (7)执行bin/oozie-setup.sh sharelib create -fs hdfs://<namenode-hostname>:8020命令,将share下面的共享jar拷贝至HDFS中,

此处,也可以自己使用hadoop fs -copyFromLocal share/ /hdfs/xxx拷贝

- (8) 执行bin/oozie-setup.sh db create -run初始化oozie数据库
- (9) 执行bin/oozied.sh start启动oozie server

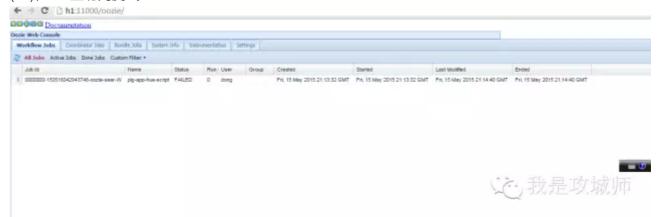


(10) 执行bin/oozie admin -oozie http://localhost:11000/oozie -status)返回Normal,即代表安装成功

## Java代码

- 1. [search@h1 oozie-4.1.0]\$ bin/oozie admin -oozie http://localhost:11000/oozie status
- 2. System mode: NORMAL
- 3. [search@h1 oozie-4.1.0]\$

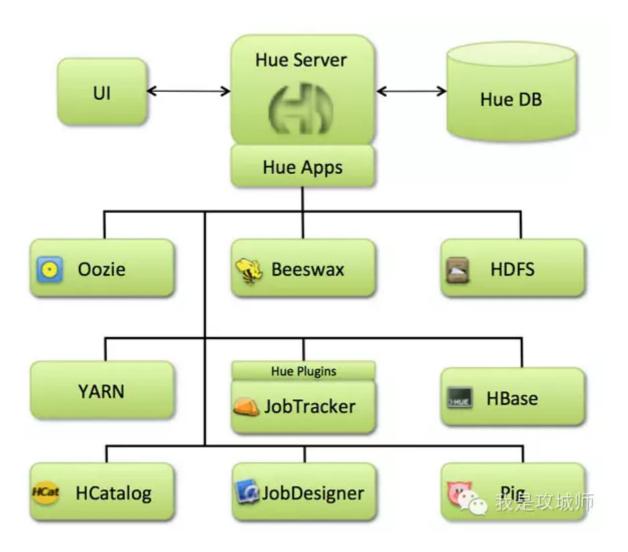
#### (11)在win上访问测试



(12)看到上图,说明你已经成功安装了,关系服务的命令

bin/oozied.sh stop,如果说不能停止,需要手动去删掉pid文件,然后在关闭。

oozie安装成功,很重要,因为Hue需要依赖它,做任务调度,下一篇文章,散仙就总结下hue安装笔记。



# 阅读原文