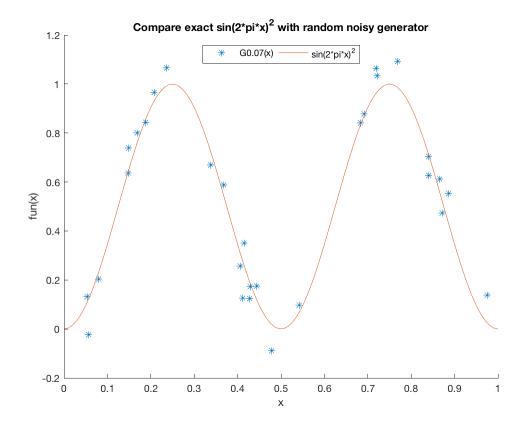
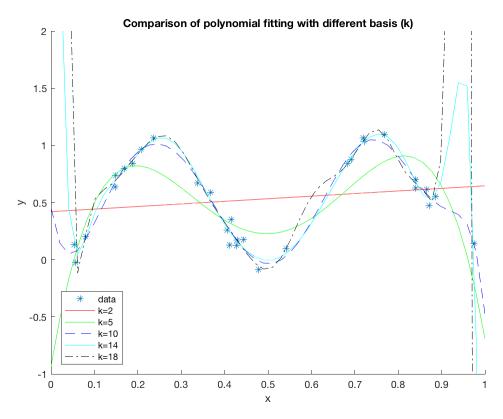
```
%GI07 Homework 1 Ouestion 2 Part 2
%Klaudia Ludwisiak
%%======LINEAR=REGRESSION==Part=B=====overfitting=======
%1st Setup the problem
close all;
clear all;
x=rand(1,30); %sample from uniform distrib. between 0 and 1
sd=0.07; %standard deviation
G=Gofx(x,0,sd);
S=[x;G]'; %30 by 2 matrix where 1st col is x and 2nd col is G(x)
figure;
hold on;
scatter(x,G,'*');
plot(linspace(0,1,100),(sin(2*pi*linspace(0,1,100))).^2);
xlabel('x');
ylabel('fun(x)');
title('Compare exact sin(2*pi*x)^2 with random noisy generator');
legend('G0.07(x)', 'sin(2*pi*x)^2', 'Location', 'north', 'Orientation', 'horizontal')
% Fit the data set with a polynomial bases of dimension k = 2, 5, 10,
14, 18
% plot each of these 5 curves superimposed over a plot of data points
% initialise variables:
% dimension:
k=[2, 5, 10, 14, 18];
% weights:
w=cell(size(k));
% polynomial fitted values of x
fx=cell(size(k));
% array of equally spaced values used for plotting (smooth curve
 fitting)
dummy=linspace(0,1,50)';
% fitted more x data points
xfit=cell(size(k));
for i=1:length(k)
   fx\{i\}=MYpolynom(x',k(1,i)); %fit polynomial of desired order to
 data x
   w\{i\} = fx\{i\}\G'; %calculate wight
   xfit{i}=MYpolynom(dummy,k(1,i));
    % fit polynomial of desired order to dummy array data
end
% plot various polynomial fits alongside original data:
figure;
hold on;
plot(x,G,'*');
```

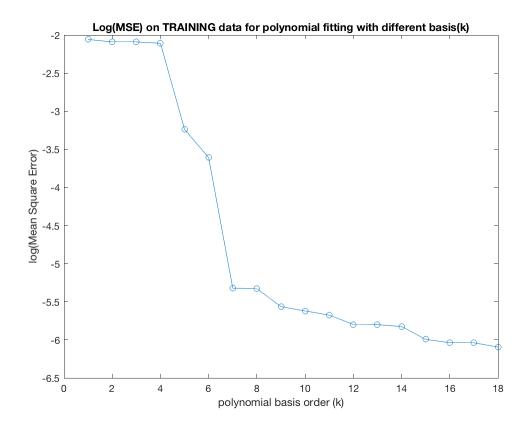
```
plot(dummy, xfit\{1\}*w\{1\}, 'r');
plot(dummy, xfit{2}*w{2}, 'q');
plot(dummy, xfit{3}*w{3}, '--b');
plot(dummy, xfit\{4\}*w\{4\}, 'c');
plot(dummy, xfit{5}*w{5}, '-.k');
title('Comparison of polynomial fitting with different basis (k)');
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
axis([0 1 -1 2]);
legend('data','k=2','k=5','k=10','k=14','k=18','Location','southwest');
hold off
%======LINEAR=REGRESSION==Part=C=&=D=====log(MSE)==Test=vs=Train========
% Estimating log(mean squared error) using the property: MSE=SSE/m
% PART C:
% Plot the log of the training error versus the polynomial dimension
k=1:18
% PART D:
% Repeat part C but for newly generate test data
knew=[1:18]';
% generate new test and train sets to be used with an extended amount
of
% polynomial basis (k rangin from 1 to 18)
% x coordinates:
xtrain = x';
xtest = rand(1000,1);
% use previously created function to obtain noisy sin function
 approximation:
Gtest = Gofx(xtest, 0, sd);
% already initalised G analogous to G(train data) but this has wrong
% dimensions hence transpose here onece to avoid repeated transpose
% operation (call this Gt):
Gt = G';
% Initialize vector for new polynomial basis:
% Initialize vector to store log(MSE) results for test set:
logMSEtrain = zeros(size(knew));
logMSEtest = zeros(size(knew));
% calculate log(MSE(k)) :
for i = 1:size(knew,1)
    % set as temporary variables as they change in size with every
 loop
    Ftrain = MYpolynom(xtrain,i); %polynomial coefficients
    Ftest = MYpolynom(xtest,i);
    ww = Ftrain\Gt; %weight factor
    % calculate logMSE for Test and Tarin data (parts C and D)
    logMSEtrain(i,1) = log(sum((Gt - Ftrain*ww).^2)/size(Gt,1));
    logMSEtest(i,1) = log(sum((Gtest - Ftest*ww).^2)/size(Gtest,1));
end
```

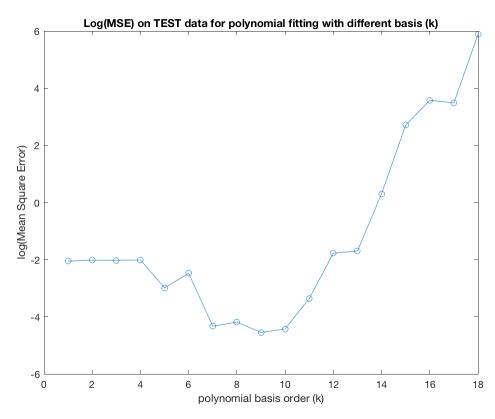
```
% Plot for part C:
figure;
plot(knew,logMSEtrain,'-o')
title('Log(MSE) on TRAINING data for polynomial fitting with different
basis(k)');
ylabel('log(Mean Square Error)');
xlabel('polynomial basis order (k)');
% Plot for Part D:
figure;
plot(knew', logMSEtest,'-o');
xlabel('polynomial basis order (k)');
ylabel('log(Mean Square Error)');
title('Log(MSE) on TEST data for polynomial fitting with different
basis (k)');
%%======LINEAR=REGRESSION==Part=E====log(MSE)==Smoothing======
% Setup:
% number of runs:
run = [1:100];
% Initialize matrix to store MSE results for train and test set:
MSEtrain = zeros(length(run), size(knew, 1));
MSEtest = zeros(length(run), size(knew, 1));
for t=1:length(run)
% generate new test and train for every loop
xtrain = rand(30,1);
xtest = rand(1000,1);
% use previously created function to obtain noisy sin function
 approximation:
Gtrain = Gofx(xtrain,0,sd);
Gtest = Gofx(xtest, 0, sd);
    % calculate MSE:
    for i = 1:size(knew,1)
        % set as temporary variables as they change in size with every
 loop
        Ftrain = MYpolynom(xtrain,i); %polynomial coefficients
        Ftest = MYpolynom(xtest,i);
        ww = Ftrain\Gtrain; %weight factor
        % calculate MSE for Test and Tarin data
        MSEtrain(t,i) = sum((Gtrain - Ftrain*ww).^2)/size(Gtrain,1);
        MSEtest(t,i) = sum((Gtest - Ftest*ww).^2)/size(Gtest,1);
    end
end
%now take the log of average MSE results from each run for all k
 values:
logAveMSEtrain = log(mean(MSEtrain));
```

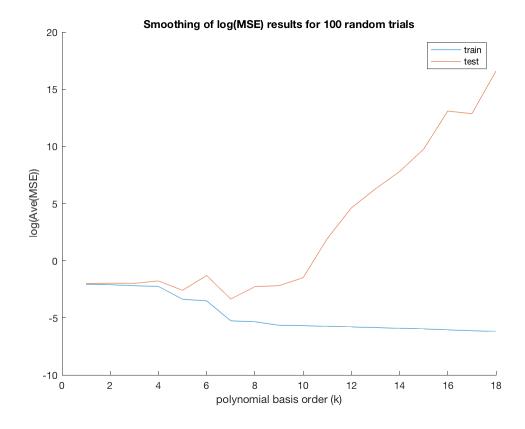
```
logAveMSEtest = log(mean(MSEtest));
figure;
hold on;
plot(knew',logAveMSEtrain);
plot(knew',logAveMSEtest);
xlabel('polynomial basis order (k)');
ylabel('log(Ave(MSE))');
legend('train','test','Location','northeast');
title('Smoothing of log(MSE) results for 100 random trials');
hold off;
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Warning: Rank deficient, rank = 17, tol =
3.648565e-14.
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