

# CS7641 ML Practice Quiz

## Module UL 1: Randomized Optimization

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### Question 1

In unsupervised learning, what is the main focus when dealing with unlabeled data?

- A. To classify the data based on predefined labels.
- B. To make predictions about future data instances.
- C. To find a more compact way to describe the data.
- D. To use labeled training data to generalize labels.
- E. To strictly follow the rules of metric spaces in data organization.

### Question 2

What is the primary goal of clustering in unsupervised learning?

- A. To assign each object to its own unique partition.
- B. To classify data based on supervised learning techniques.
- C. To group a set of objects based on their relationships using inter-object distances.
- D. To find the smallest possible partition for all objects.
- E. To align all data objects along a predefined metric.

### Question 3

How does single-linkage clustering determine which clusters to merge?

- A. By merging clusters based on the largest distance between points in the clusters.
- B. By considering the average distance between all points in the clusters.
- C. By merging clusters that have the smallest intercluster distance, defined by the distance between the closest points in the clusters.
- D. By randomly selecting clusters to merge until the desired number of clusters is reached.
- E. By merging clusters based on a predetermined number of desired clusters.

#### Question 4

What is the primary characteristic of K-means clustering?

- A. It groups points into clusters based on the furthest distance from cluster centers.
- B. It begins by randomly assigning points to clusters without recalculating centers.
- C. It clusters points based on the closest distance to randomly selected cluster centers and iteratively recalculates centers.
- D. It relies on pre-defined cluster centers without iterations.
- E. It only considers the mean of the points for clustering without updating cluster assignments.

#### Question 5

Which of the following algorithms is most similar to K-means in terms of optimization?

- A. Genetic Algorithms
- B. Simulated Annealing
- C. Randomized Hill Climbing
- D. Random Restart Hill Climbing
- E. Taboo Search

## Answer Key

1. C
2. C
3. C
4. C
5. C