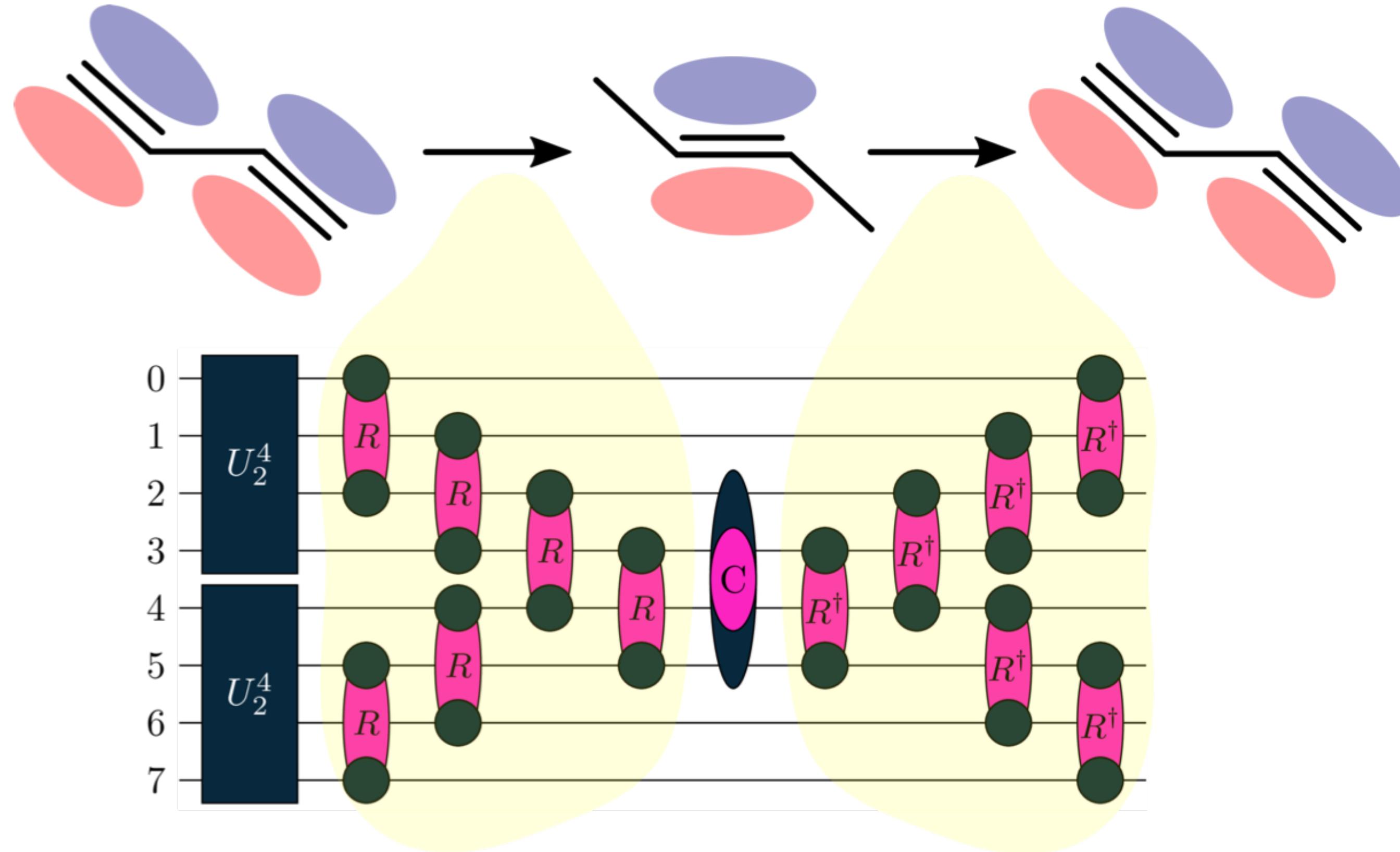


Molecular Quantum Circuit Design

 @JakobKottmann

 [github/tequilahub](https://github.com/tequilahub)



Implementation: Tequila



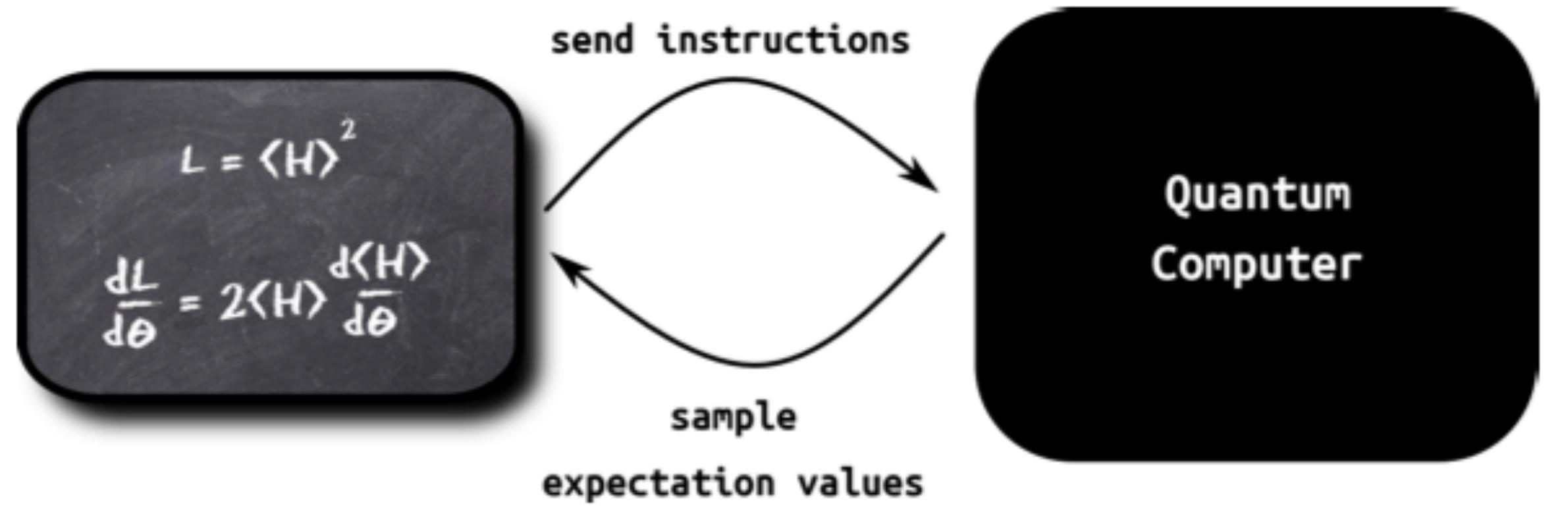
Sumner
Alperin-Lea
UofT/Chem



Alba
Cervera-Lierta
Barcelona Supercomputing Center



Teresa
Tamayo-Mendoza
Harvard



github.com/tequilahub

API inspired by `madness` library

Implementation: Tequila



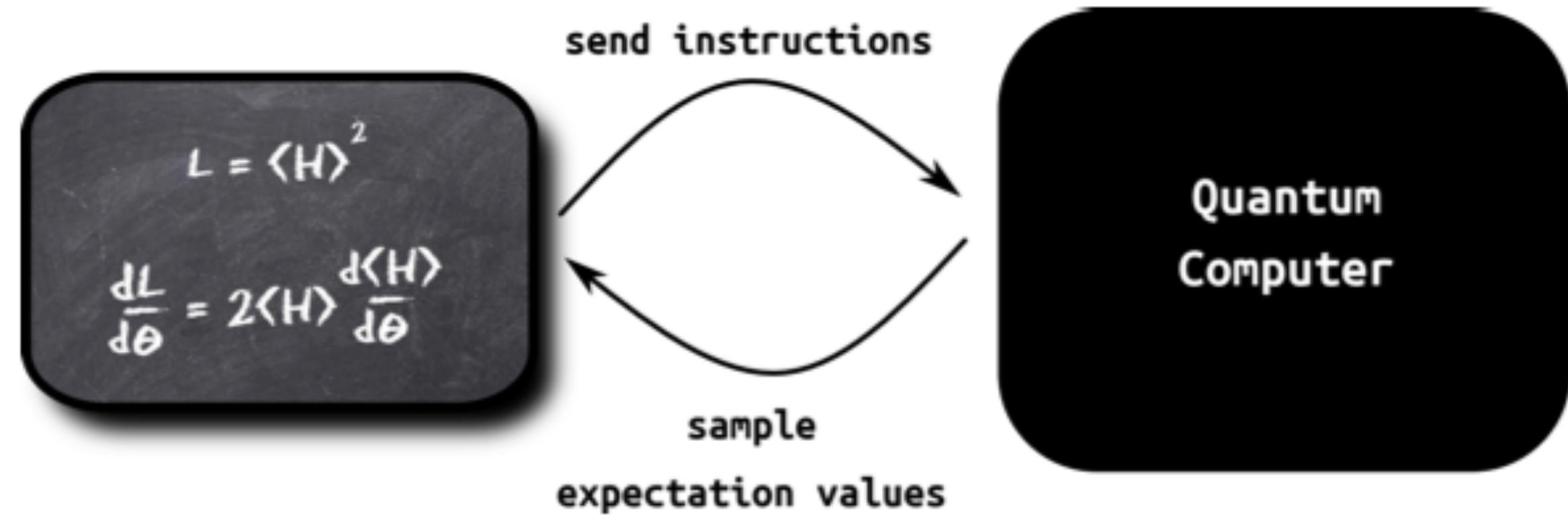
Sumner
Alperin-Lea
UofT/Chem



Alba
Cervera-Lierta
Barcelona Supercomputing Center



Teresa
Tamayo-Mendoza
Harvard



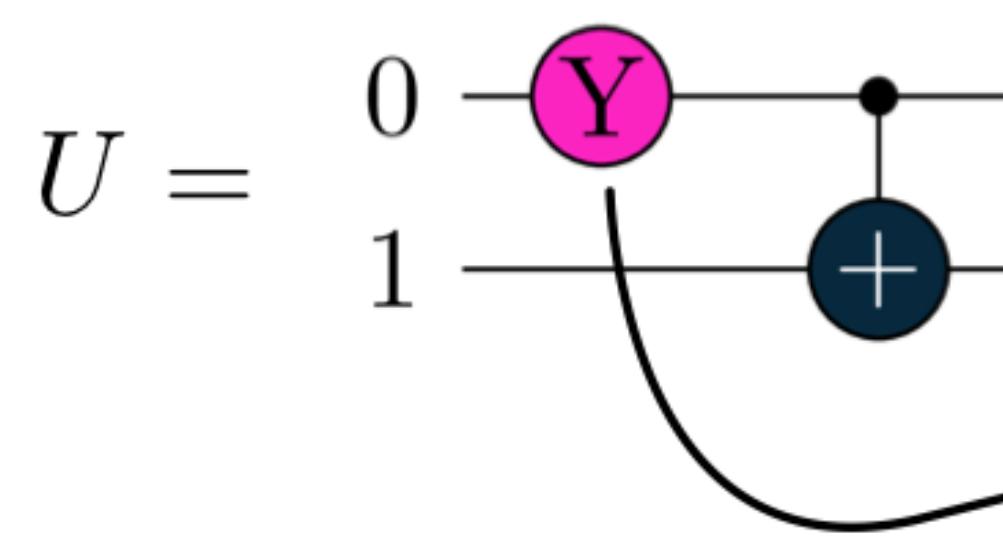
github.com/tequilahub

API inspired by `madness` library

slides and code examples online:
github.com/kottmanj/talks_and_material/barcelona2022

$$L(a) = \langle H \rangle_{U(a)} + e^{-\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a} \langle H \rangle_{U(a)}\right)^2} \quad \longleftarrow \text{ how does this function look?}$$

$$H = X(0)X(1) + \frac{1}{2}Z(0) + Y(1)$$

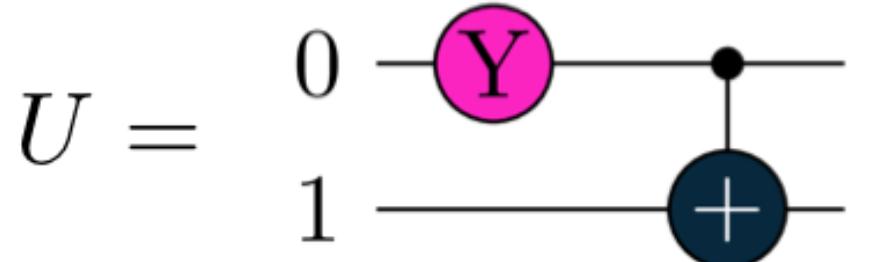


$$e^{-i\frac{f(a)}{2}}Y(0)$$

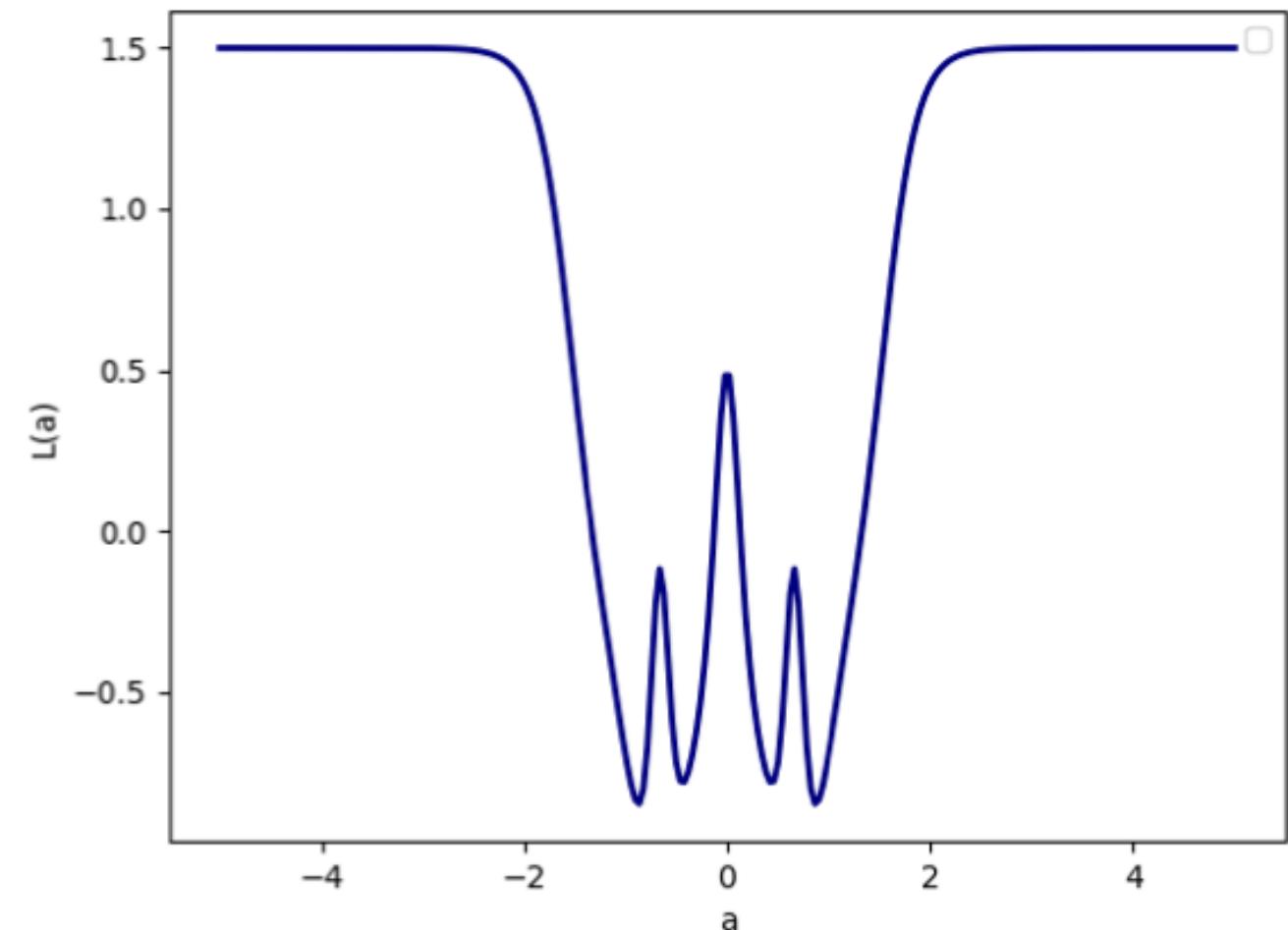
$$f(a) = e^{-a^2}$$

$$L(a) = \langle H \rangle_{U(a)} + e^{-\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a} \langle H \rangle_{U(a)}\right)^2}$$

$$H = X(0)X(1) + \frac{1}{2}Z(0) + Y(1)$$



tq.compile(L)



```

a = tq.Variable("a")
f = (-a**2).apply(tq.numpy.exp)

U = tq.gates.Ry(angle=f*numpy.pi, target=0)
U += tq.gates.CNOT(0,1)

H = tq.paulis.from_string("-1.0*X(0)X(1)+0.5*Z(0)+Y(1)")

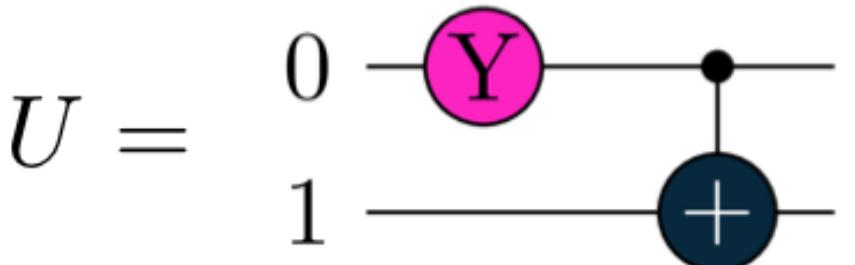
E = tq.ExpectationValue(H=H, U=U)
dE = tq.grad(E, "a")

L = E + (-dE**2).apply(tq.numpy.exp)

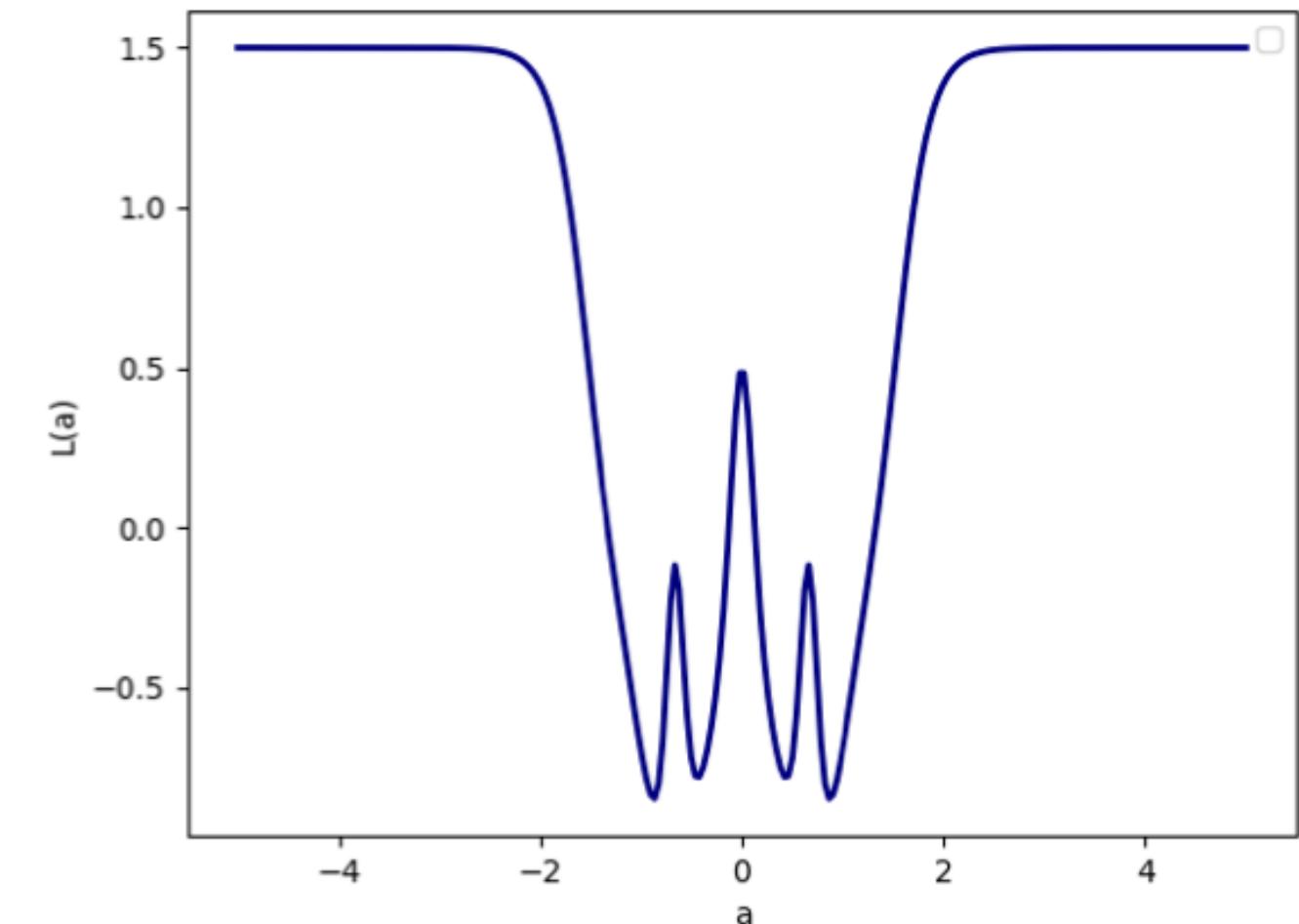
```

$$L(a) = \langle H \rangle_{U(a)} + e^{-\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a} \langle H \rangle_{U(a)}\right)^2}$$

$$H = X(0)X(1) + \frac{1}{2}Z(0) + Y(1)$$



`tq.compile(L)`



```

a = tq.Variable("a")
f = (-a**2).apply(tq.numpy.exp)

U = tq.gates.Ry(angle=f*numpy.pi, target=0)
U += tq.gates.CNOT(0,1)

H = tq.paulis.from_string("-1.0*X(0)X(1)+0.5*Z(0)+Y(1)")

E = tq.ExpectationValue(H=H, U=U)
dE = tq.grad(E, "a")

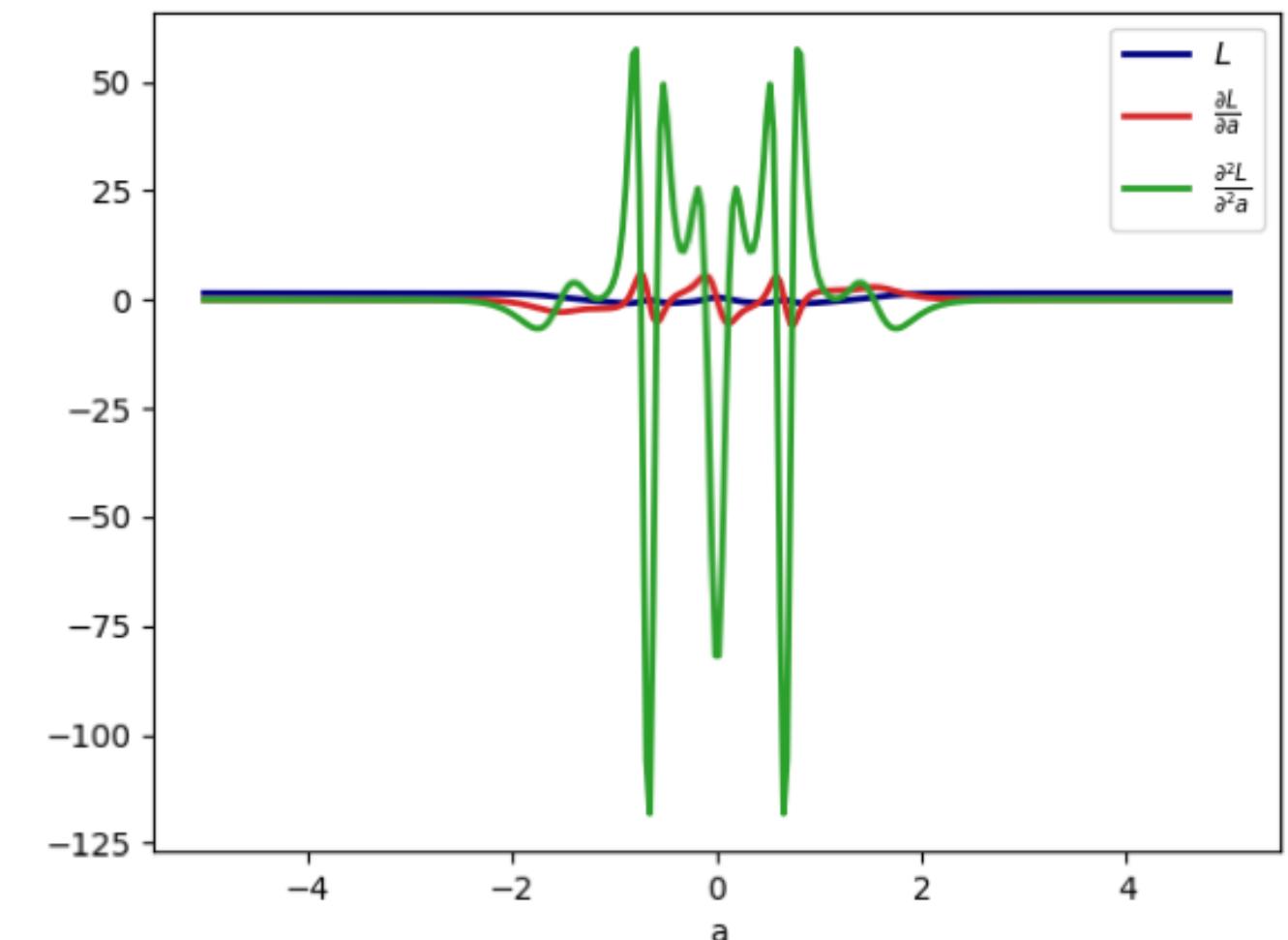
L = E + (-dE**2).apply(tq.numpy.exp)
    
```

`dL = tq.grad(L, "a")
dL2 = tq.grad(dL, "a")`

`print(L)`

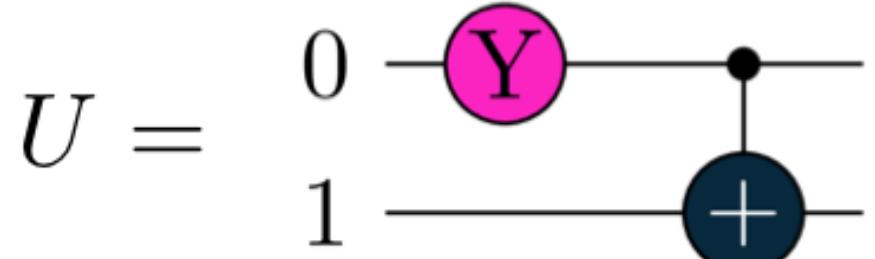
```

>>> Objective with 3 unique expectation values
total measurements = 9
variables          = [a]
types              = not compiled
    
```



$$L(a) = \langle H \rangle_{U(a)} + e^{-\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a} \langle H \rangle_{U(a)}\right)^2}$$

$$H = X(0)X(1) + \frac{1}{2}Z(0) + Y(1)$$

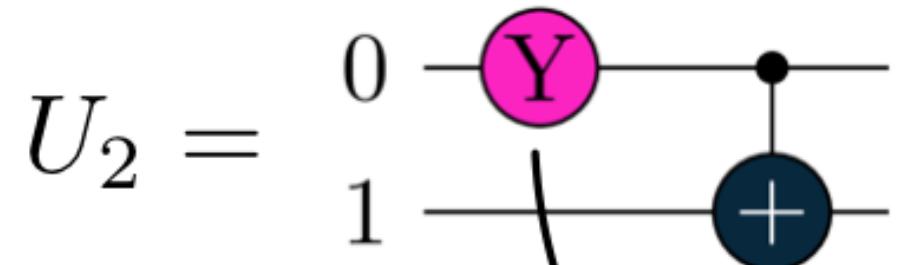


```

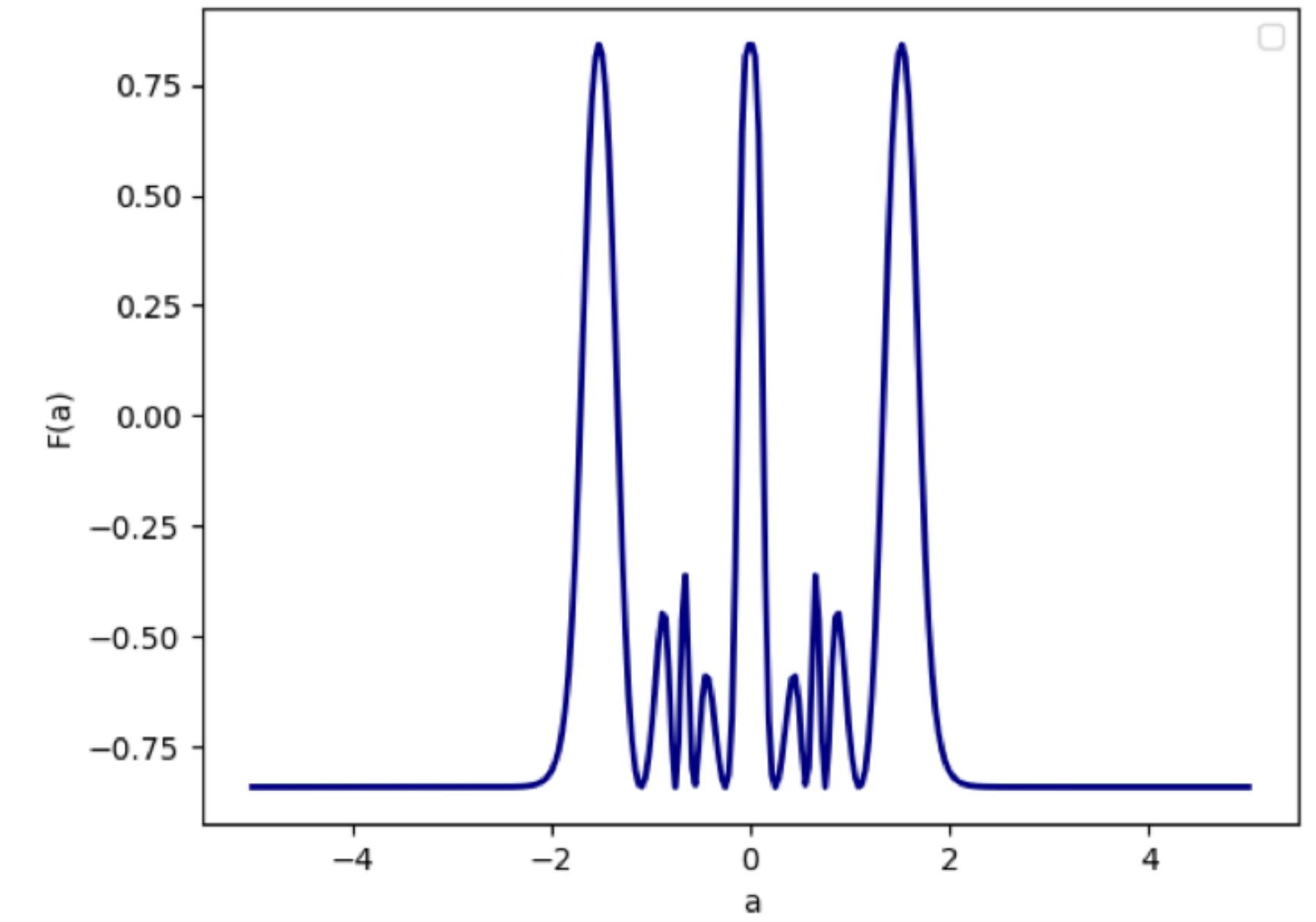
L = tq.compile(L)
U2 = tq.gates.Ry(angle=L, target=0)
U2+= tq.gates.CNOT(0,1)
    
```

$$F(a) = \sin (\langle H_2 \rangle_{U_2})$$

$$H_2 = X(0) + X(1) + X(0)X(1)$$



$$e^{-i \frac{L(a)}{2}} Y(0)$$



Outline

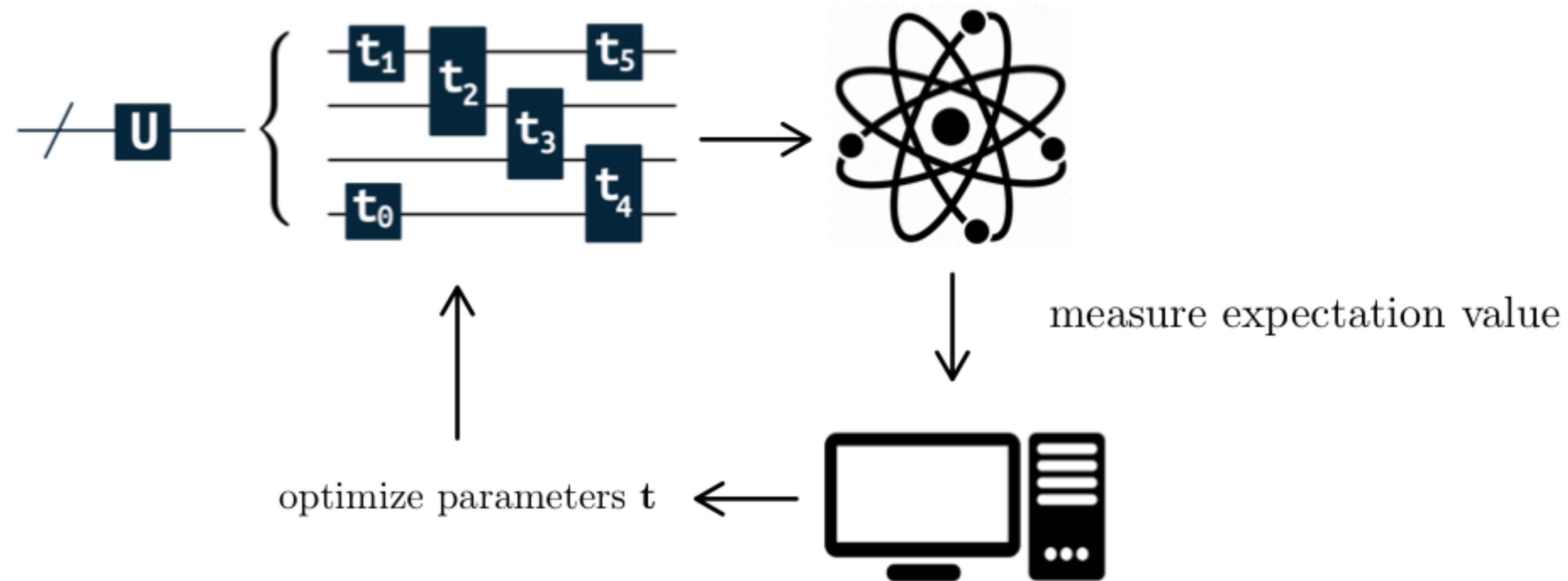
Graph Based Molecular Quantum Circuit Design

Jakob S. Kottmann^{*}
(Dated: July 20, 2022)

Optimized Low-Depth Quantum Circuits for Molecular Electronic Structure using a Separable Pair Approximation

Jakob S. Kottmann^{1, 2, *} and Alán Aspuru-Guzik^{1, 2, 3, 4, †}

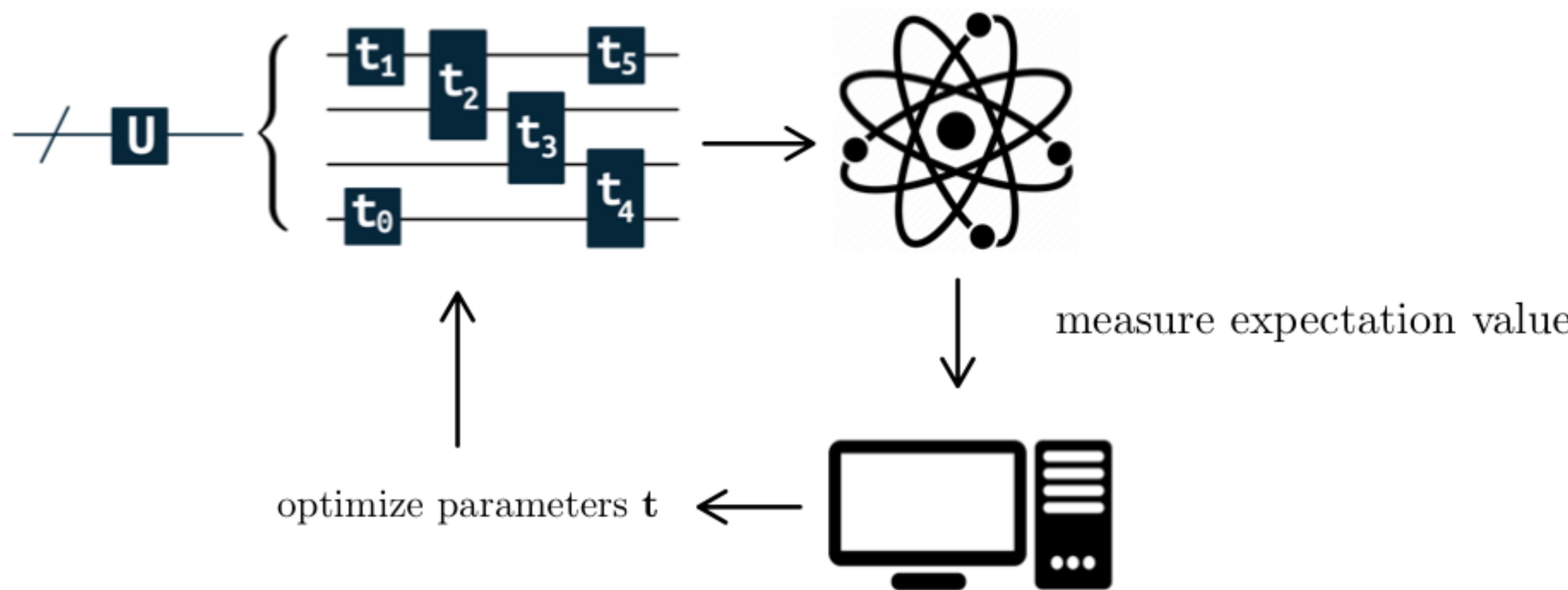
Small Recap



Design principles



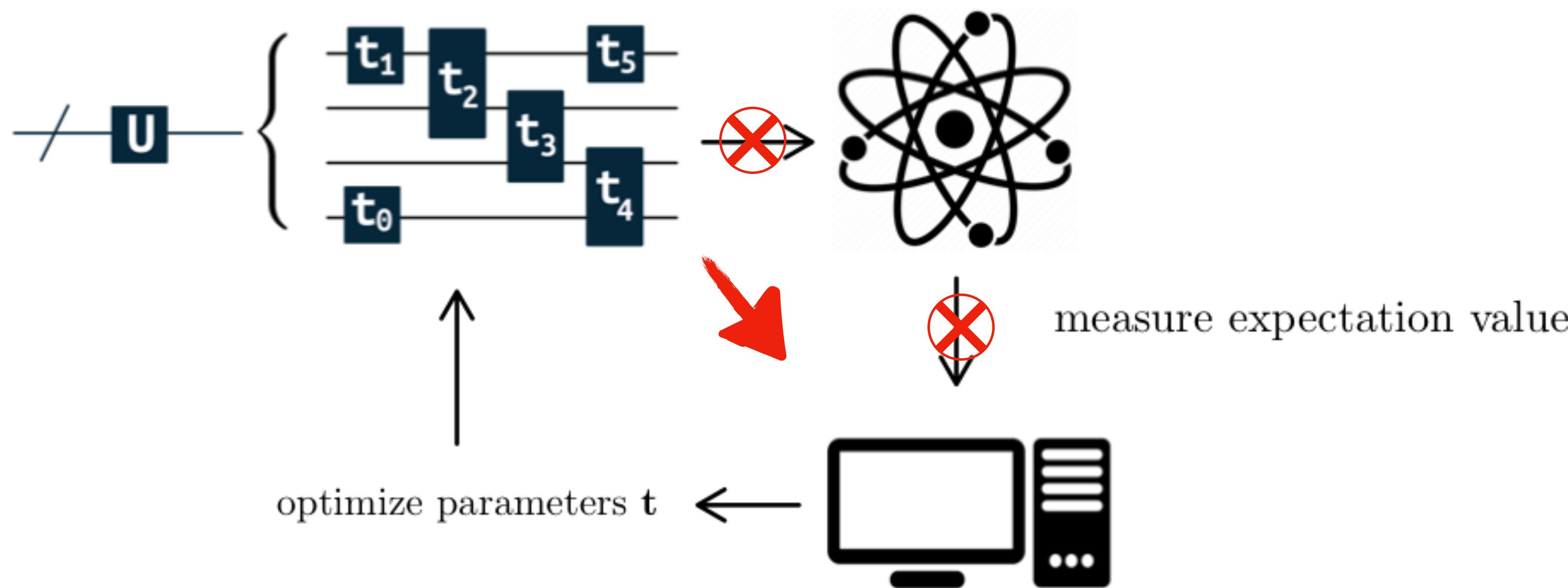
- Locality (circuit connections)
- Shallow depth
- Hardware efficient
- Good convergence
- Initialisation heuristics



Design principles



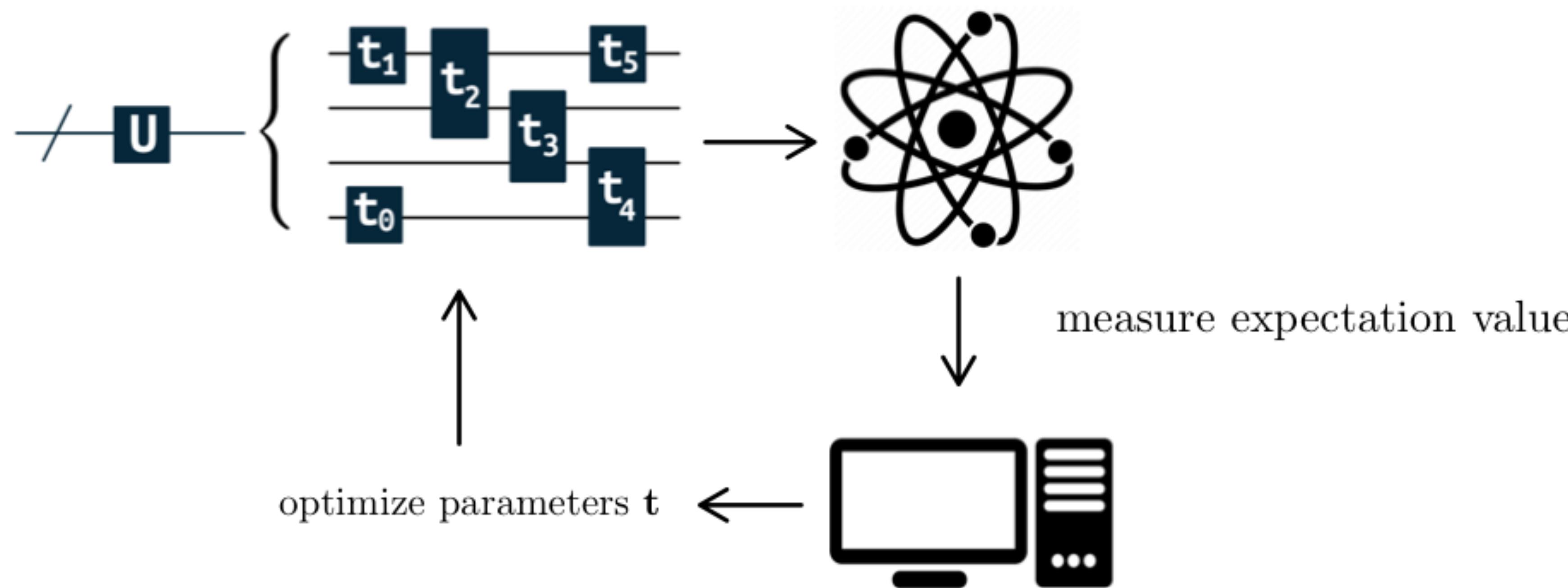
- Locality (circuit connections)
- Shallow depth
- Hardware efficient
- Good convergence
- Initialisation heuristics

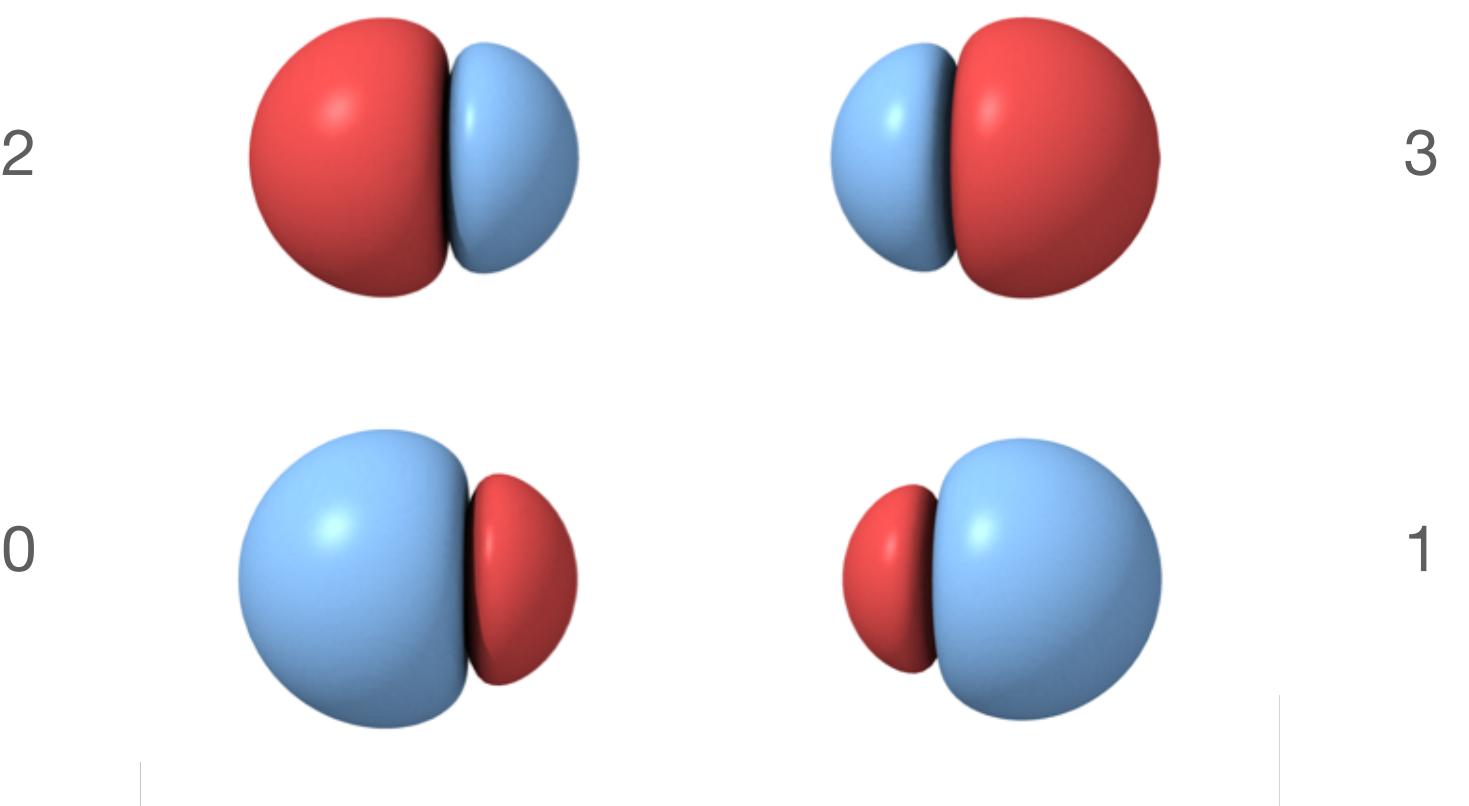
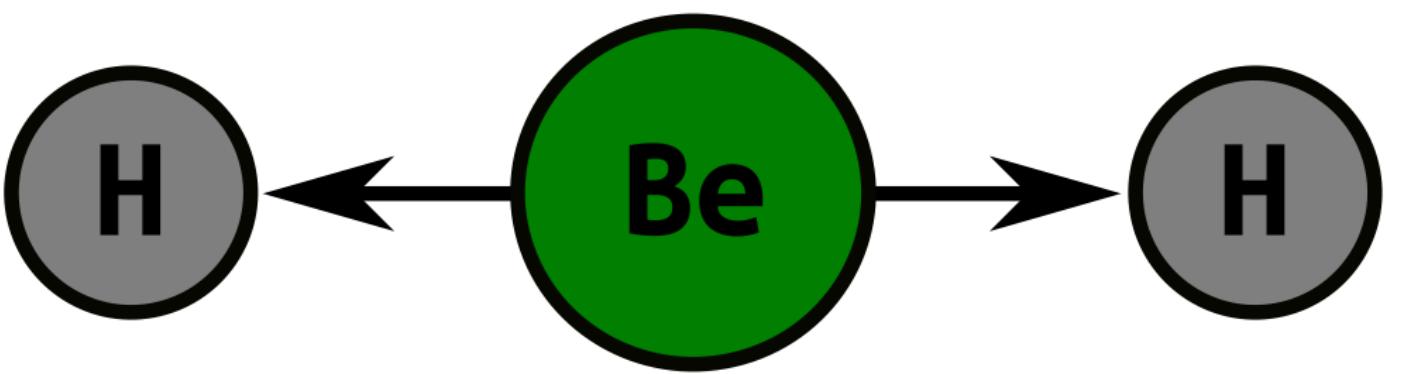


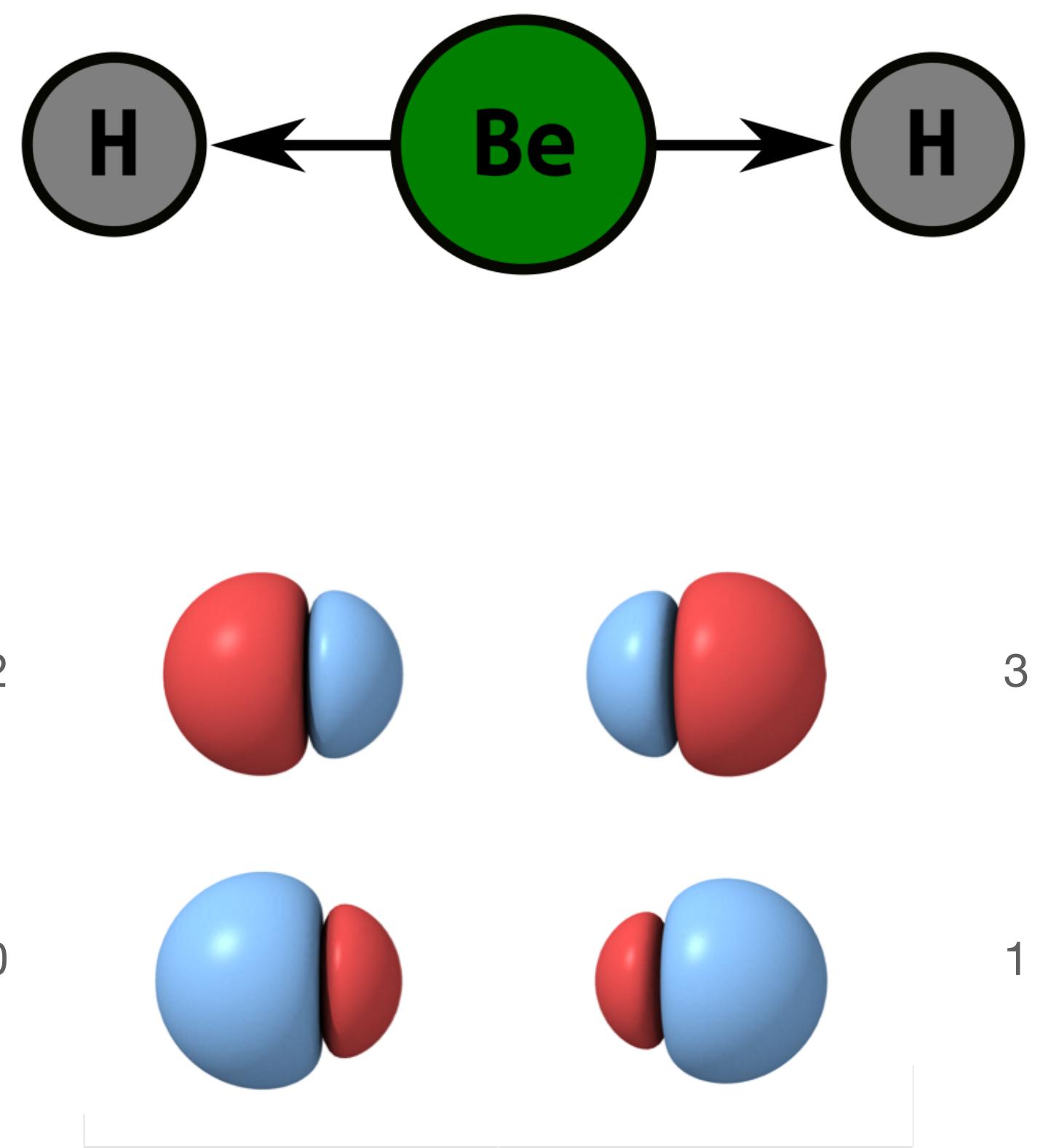
Design principles



- Locality (circuit connections)
- Shallow depth
- Hardware efficient
- Good convergence
- Initialisation heuristics



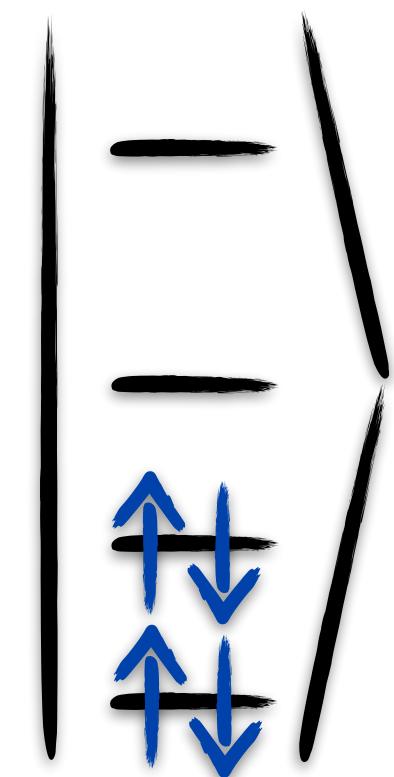




Empty orbitals 2,3

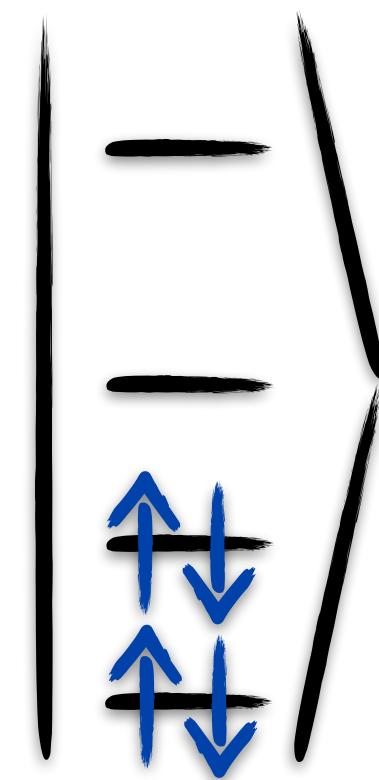
Two electrons in orbital 1

Two electrons in orbital 0



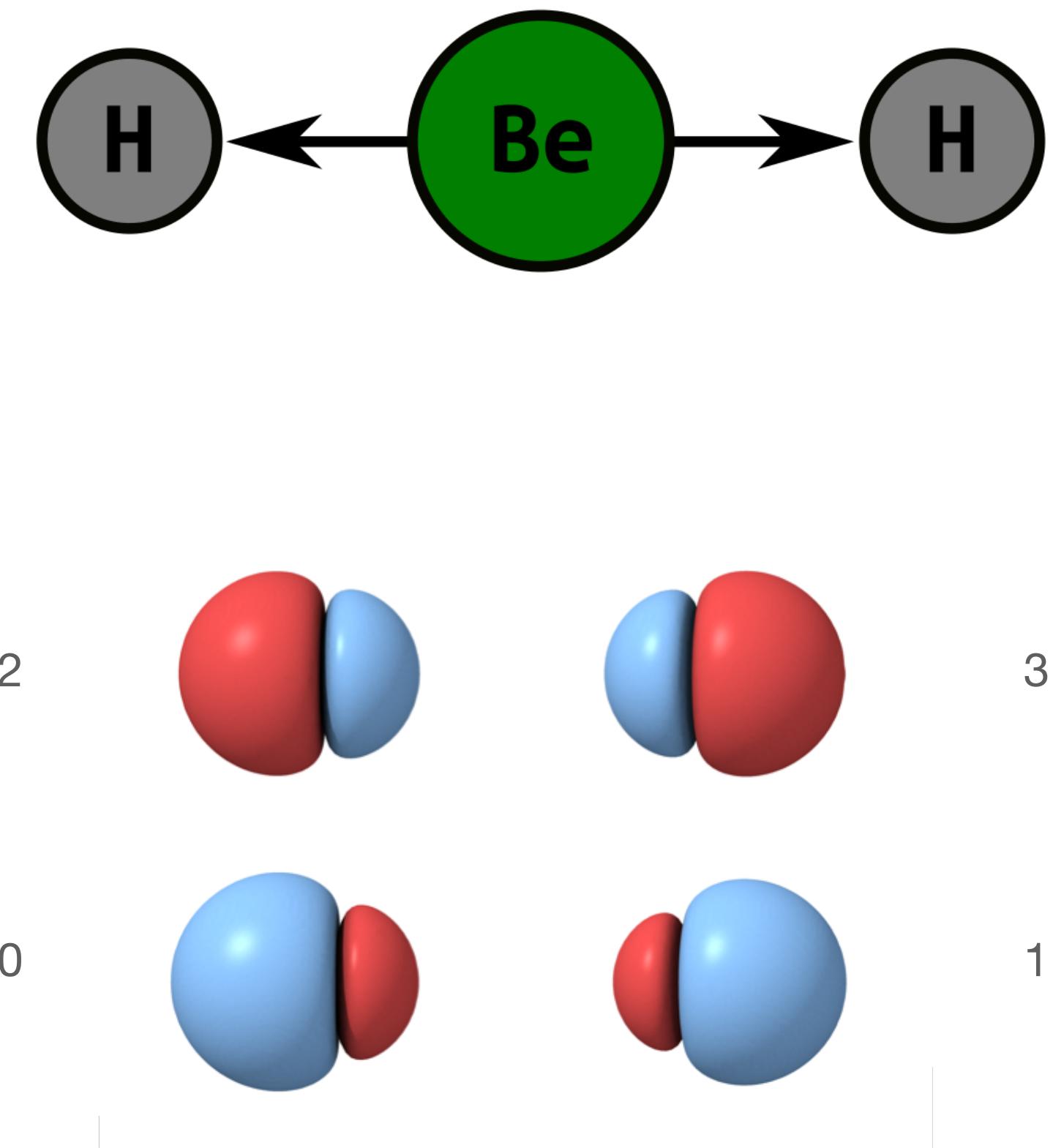
$|11\ 11\ 00\ 00\rangle$

Qubit encoding



Empty orbitals 2,3

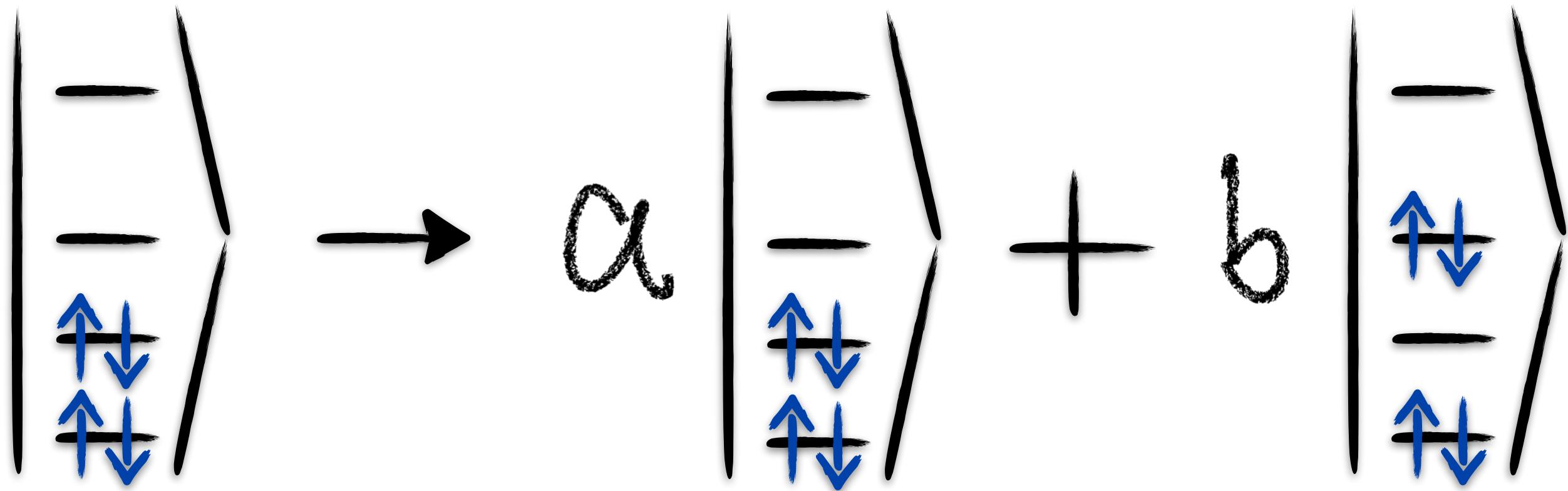
Two electrons in orbital 1
Two electrons in orbital 0



$$\left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle \rightarrow a \left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle + b \left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \end{array} \right\rangle + c \left| \begin{array}{c} + \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ - \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle$$

Building Blocks

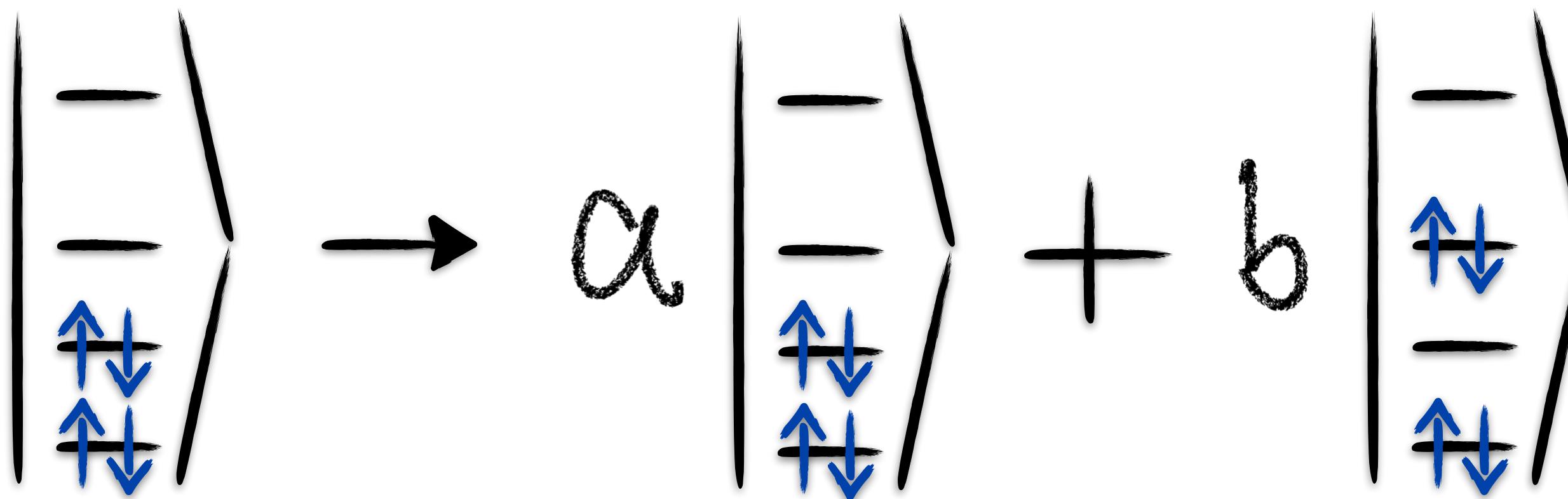
$$\left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle \rightarrow a \left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle + b \left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle$$



$$U_{\mathbf{pq}}(\theta) = e^{-i\frac{\theta}{2}G_{\mathbf{pq}}}$$

$$G_{\mathbf{pq}} = i \left(\prod_k a_{p_k}^\dagger a_{q_k} - h.c. \right)$$

$$a_p^\dagger \xrightarrow[Wigner]{Jordan} \sigma_p^+ \prod_{k < p} \sigma_k^z.$$



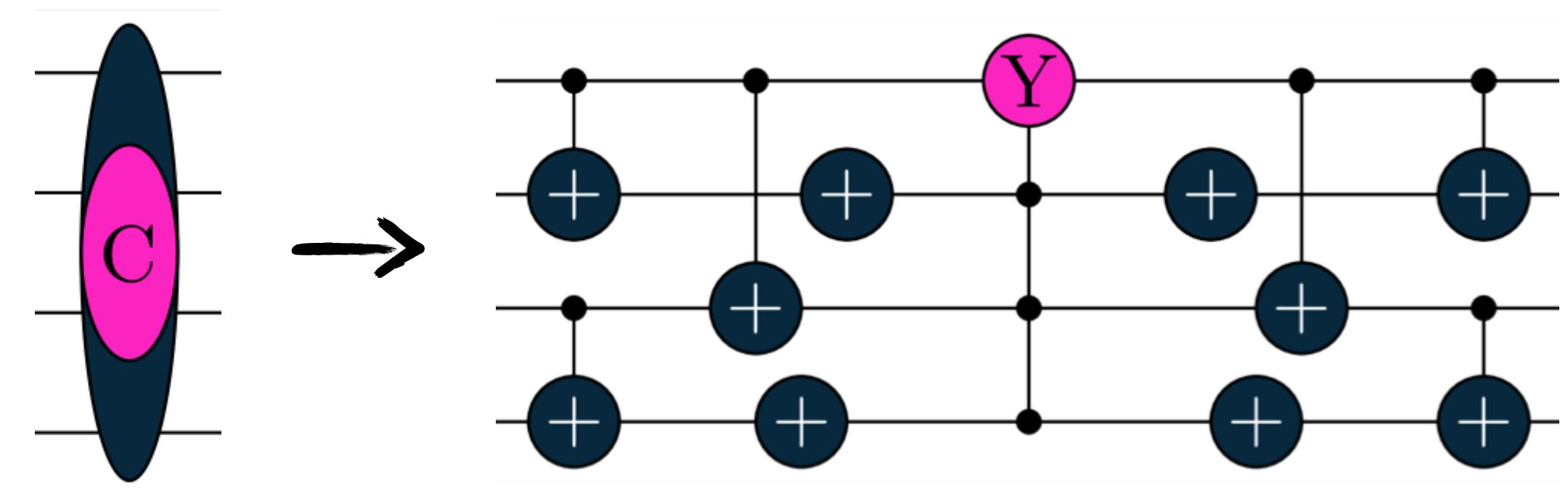
$$U_{\mathbf{pq}}(\theta) = e^{-i\frac{\theta}{2}G_{\mathbf{pq}}}$$

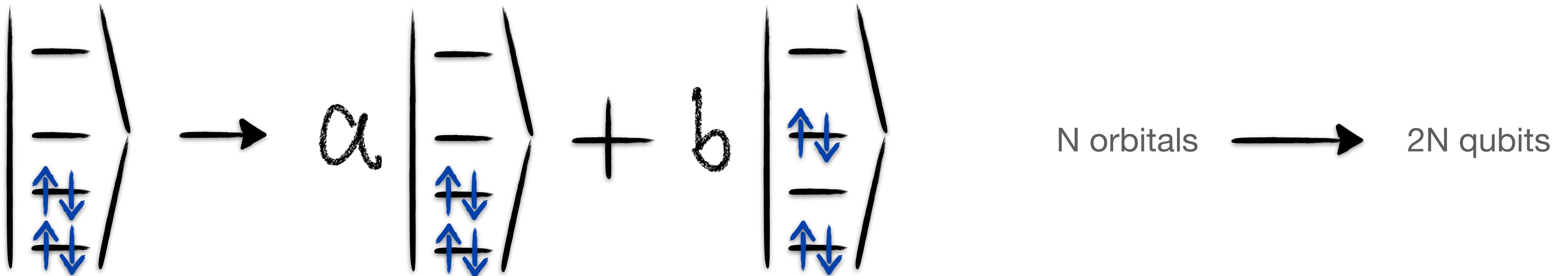
Example

$$G_{p\uparrow p\downarrow q\uparrow q\downarrow} \equiv \tilde{G}_{pq} = i \left(a_{p\uparrow}^\dagger a_{q\uparrow} a_{p\downarrow}^\dagger a_{q\downarrow} - h.c \right)$$

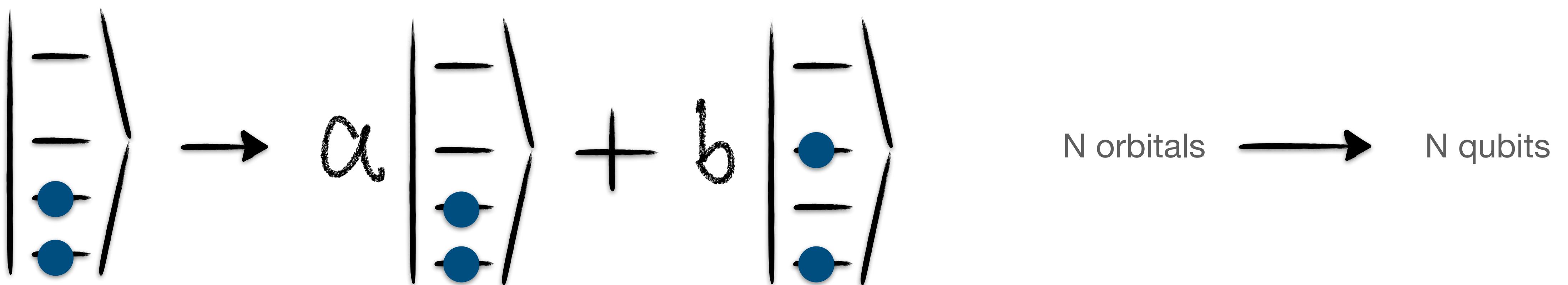
$$G_{\mathbf{pq}} = i \left(\prod_k a_{p_k}^\dagger a_{q_k} - h.c. \right)$$

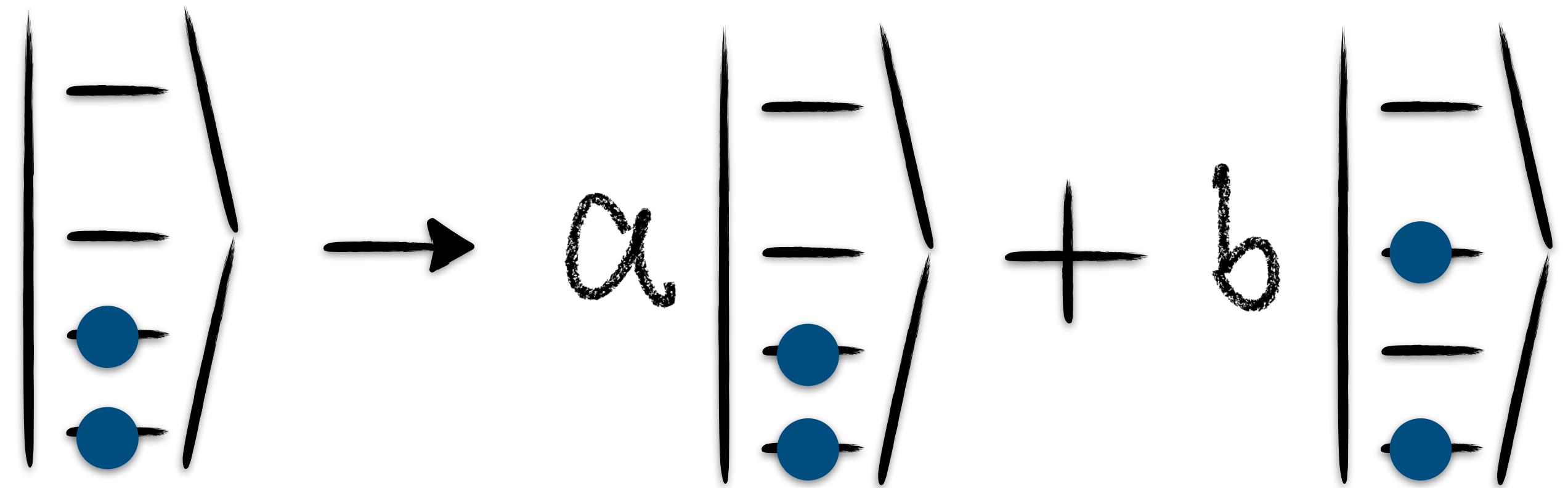
$$a_p^\dagger \xrightarrow[\text{Wigner}]{\text{Jordan}} \sigma_p^+ \prod_{k < p} \sigma_k^z.$$





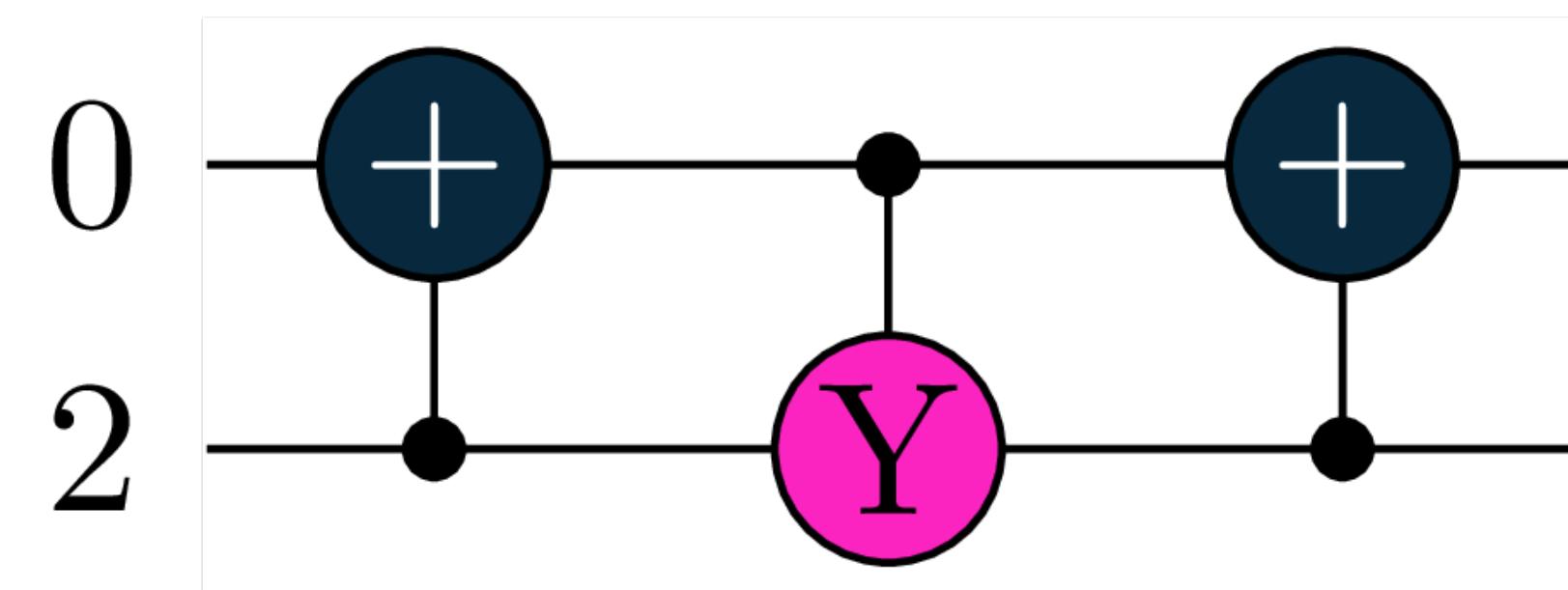
“Hard-Core Boson”, “seniority zero”, “Doubly Occupied ...”



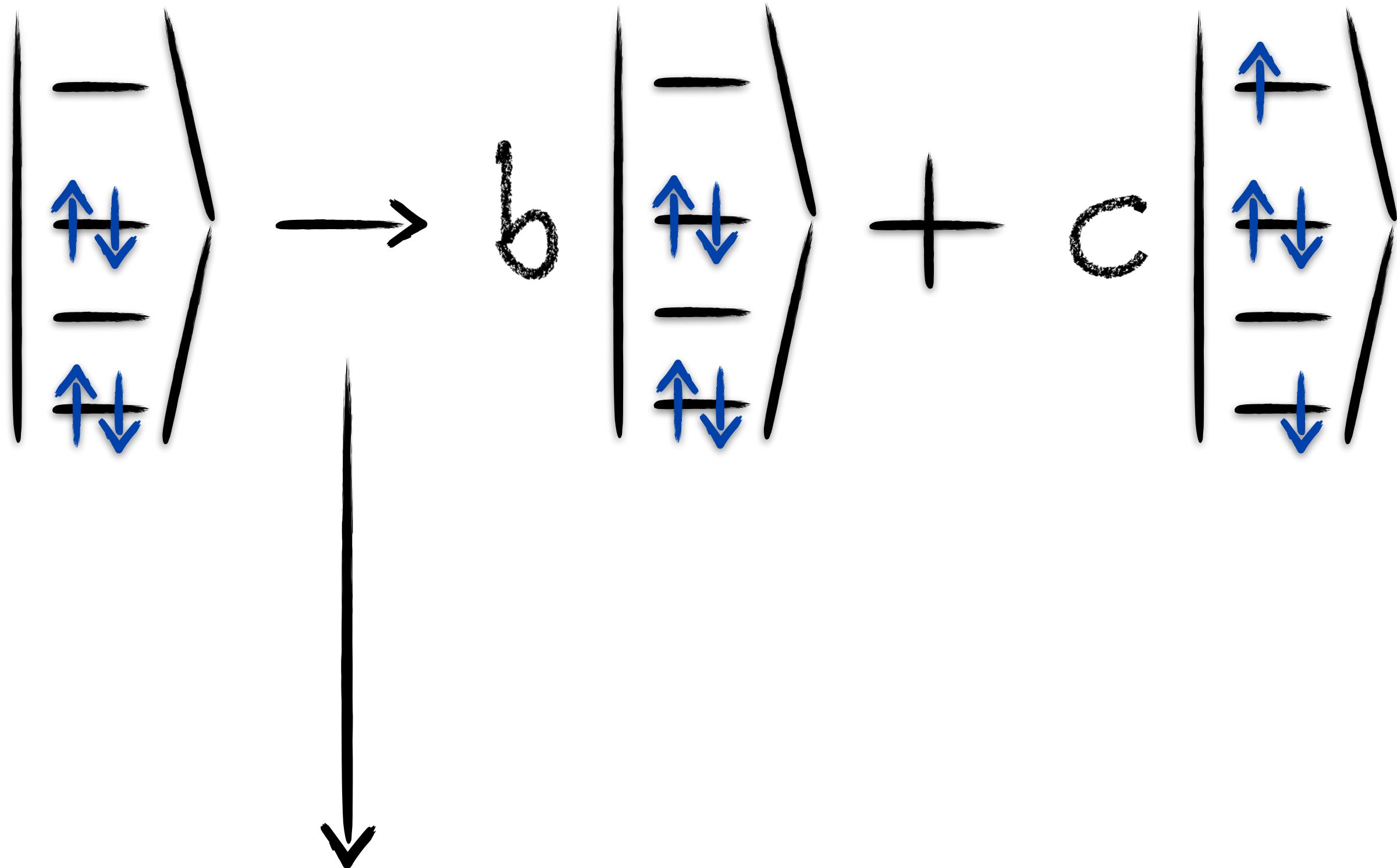


$$\tilde{G}_{pq} \xrightarrow[\text{Wigner}]{\text{Jordan-}} \tilde{G}_{pq}^{\text{JW}} = i \left(\sigma_{p\uparrow}^+ \sigma_{q\uparrow}^- \sigma_{p\downarrow}^+ \sigma_{q\downarrow}^- - h.c. \right)$$

$$\tilde{G}_{pq} \xrightarrow[\text{Boson}]{\text{hard-core}} \tilde{G}_{pq}^{\text{HCB}} = i \left(\sigma_p^+ \sigma_q^- - h.c. \right)$$

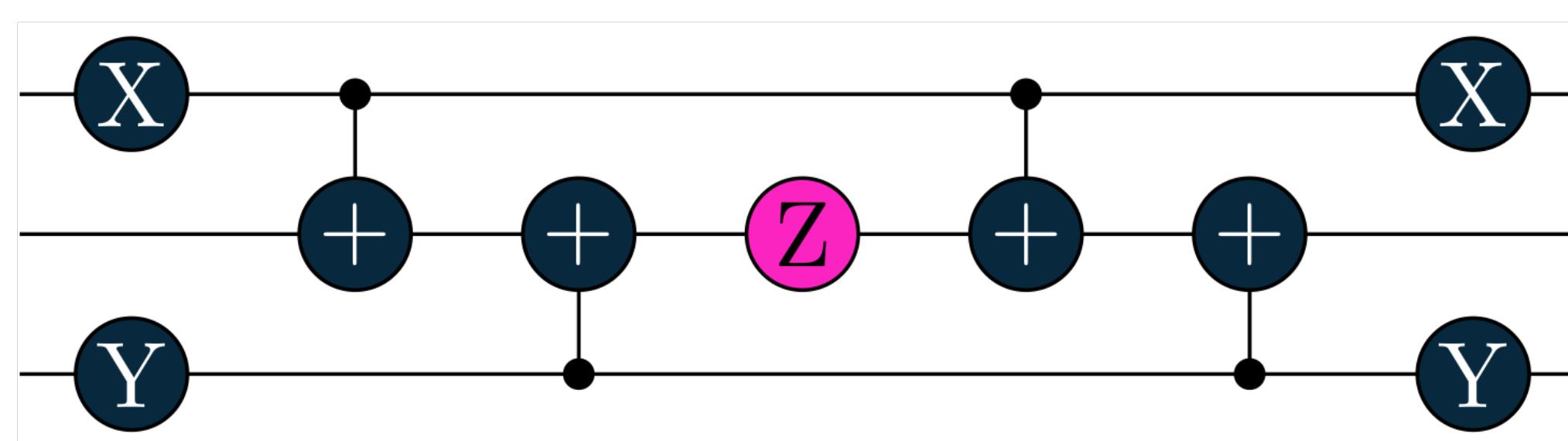
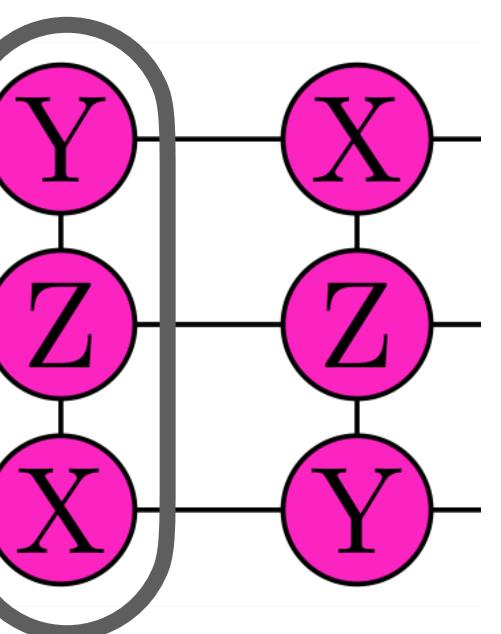
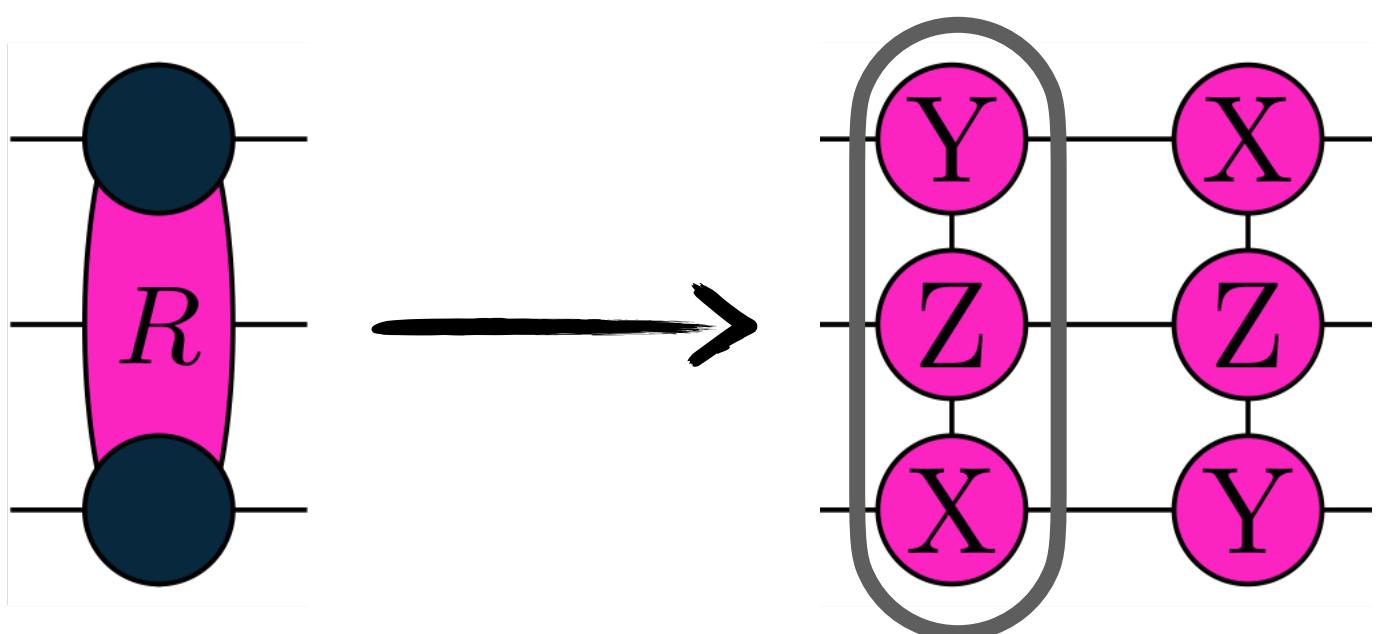
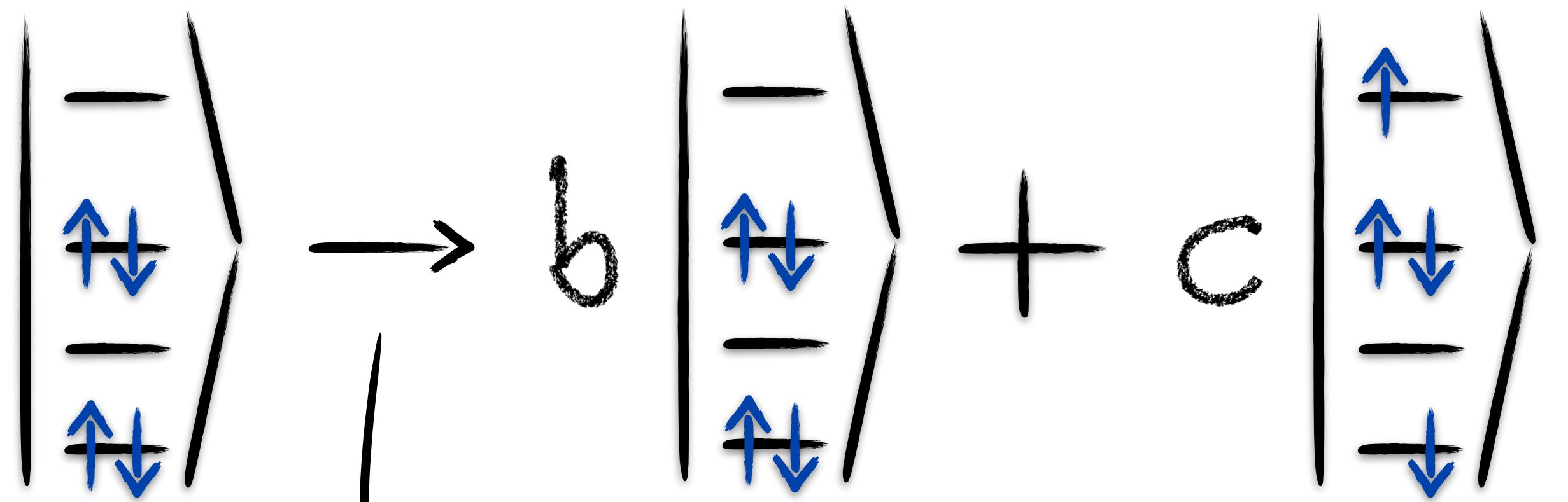


$$\left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle \rightarrow b \left| \begin{array}{c} - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ - \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle + c \left| \begin{array}{c} + \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ - \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right\rangle$$



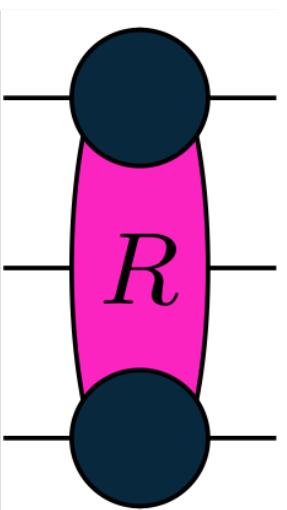
$$U_{i\uparrow}^{j\uparrow} = e^{-i\frac{\theta}{2}(a_{i\uparrow}^\dagger a_{j\uparrow} - a_{j\uparrow}^\dagger a_{i\uparrow})}$$

$$e^{-\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_0^x\sigma_1^z\sigma_2^y} e^{-\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_0^y\sigma_1^z\sigma_2^x}$$

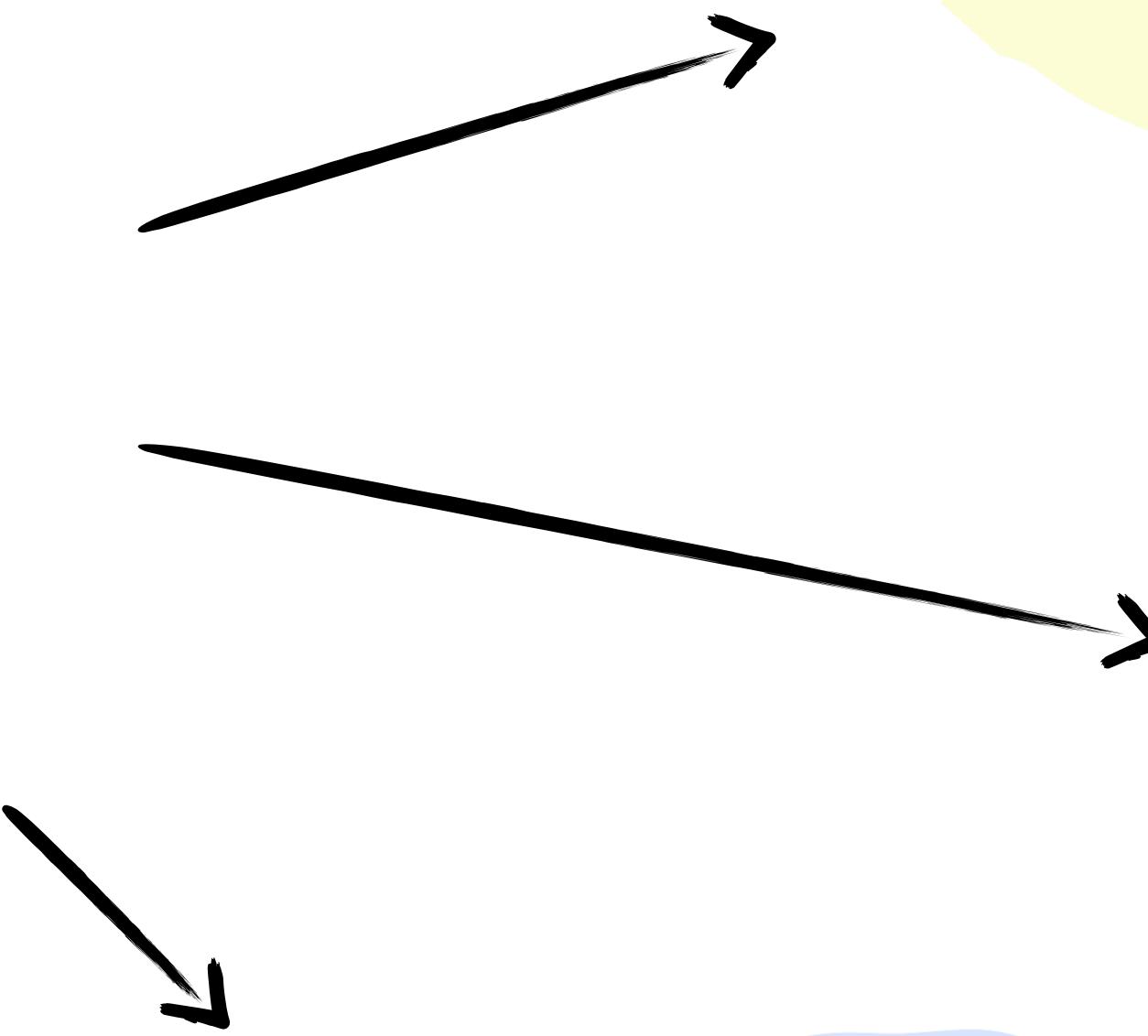
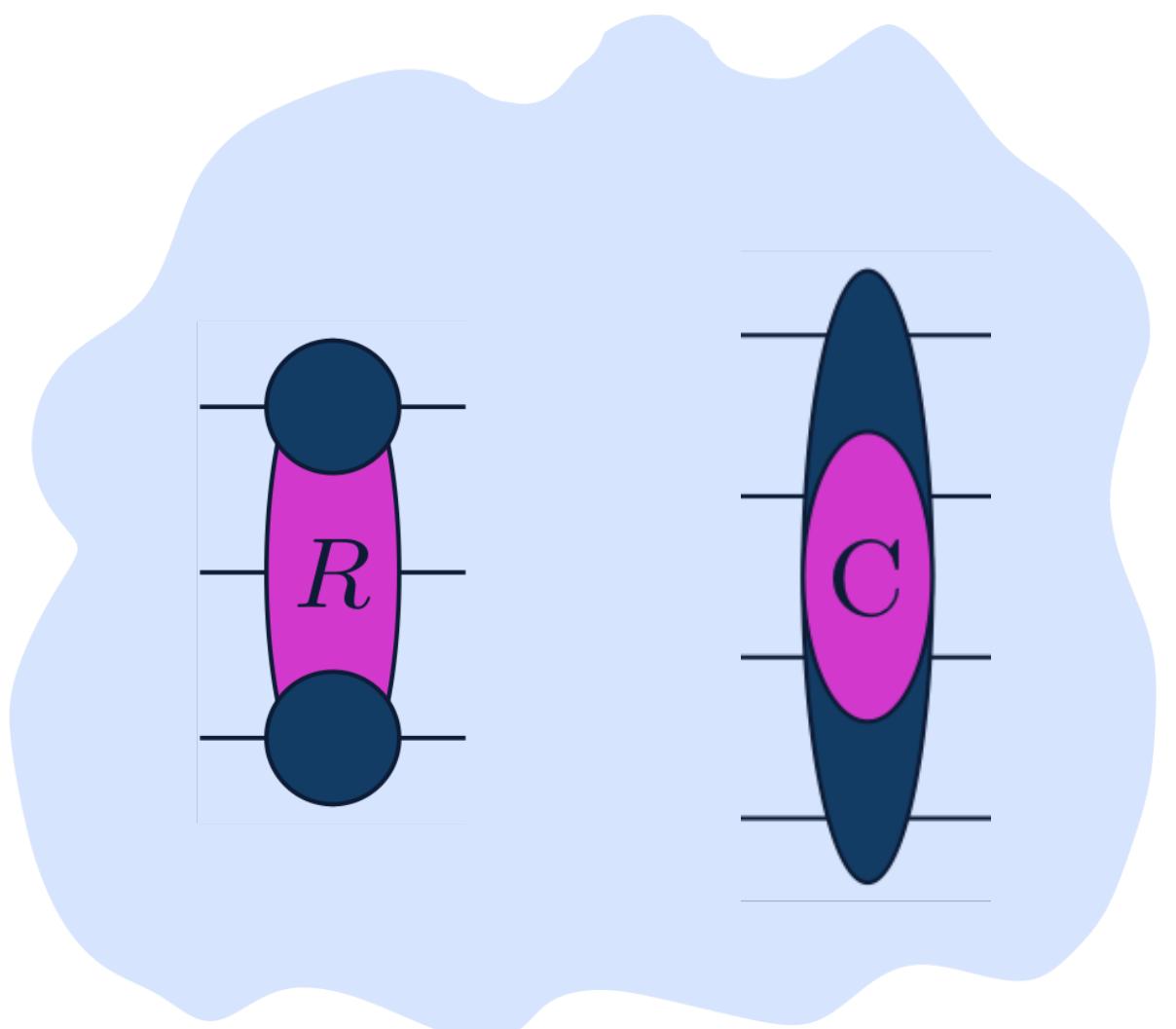


orbital rotations

$$\left| \begin{array}{c} \text{-} \\ \text{-} \\ \text{+} \end{array} \right\rangle_{\psi}^{\phi} \xrightarrow{\quad} a \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{-} \\ \text{-} \\ \text{+} \end{array} \right\rangle + b \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{-} \\ \text{-} \\ \text{-} \end{array} \right\rangle \xrightarrow{\quad} \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{-} \\ \text{-} \\ \text{+} \end{array} \right\rangle^{\tilde{\phi}} = a\psi - b\phi$$
$$\tilde{\psi} = a\psi + b\phi$$



Rotators
and
Correlators

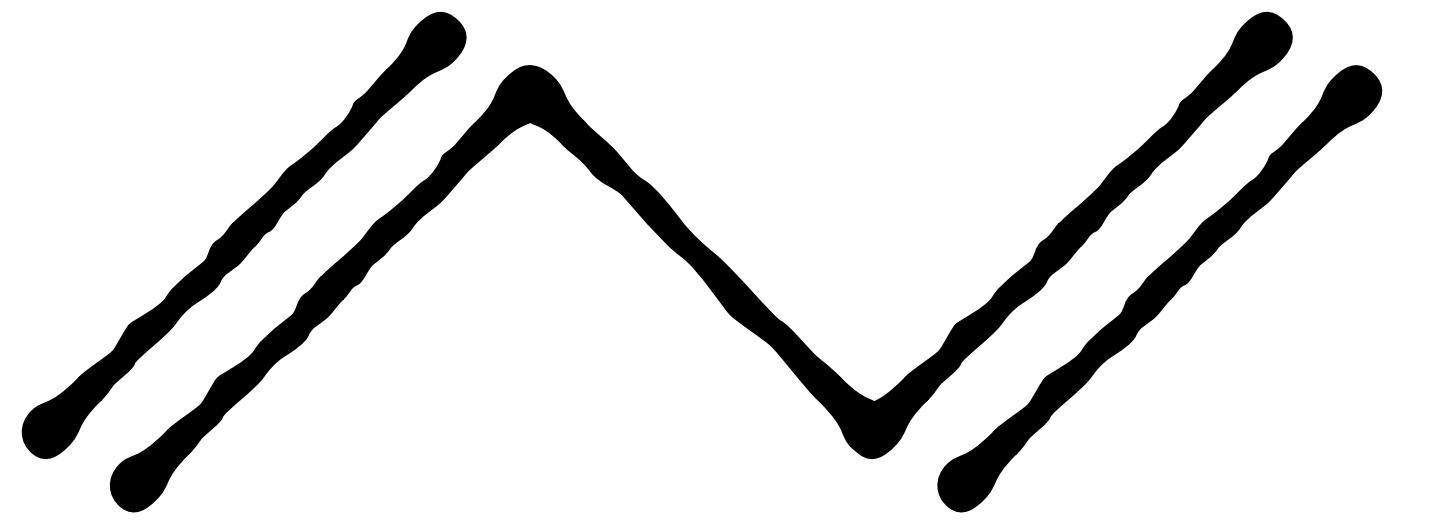


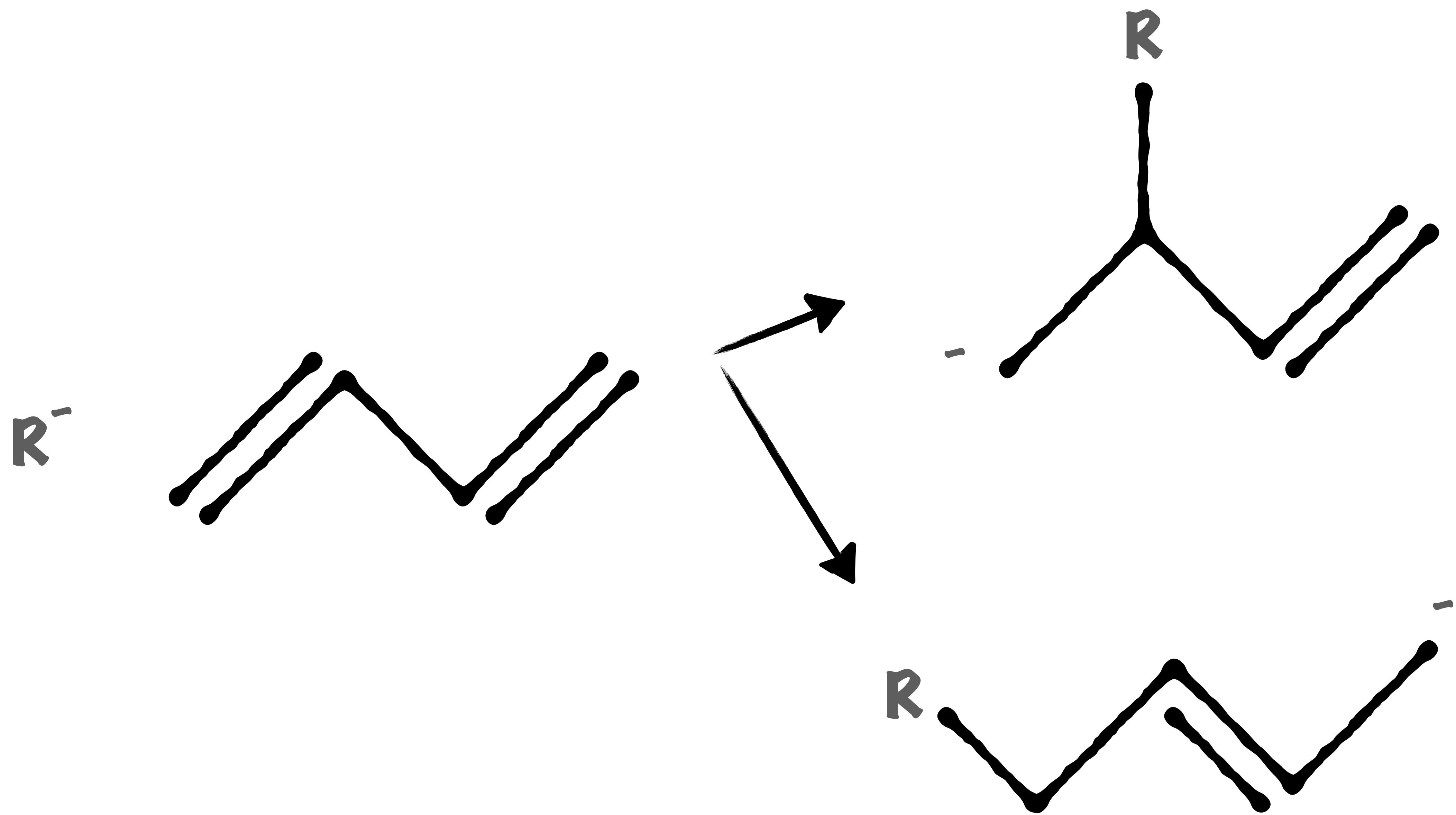
Standard methods
UCCSD
k-UpCCGSD
...

Adaptive Methods
ADAPT-VQE
Qubit-Coupled-Cluster
Imaginary Time Evolution
...

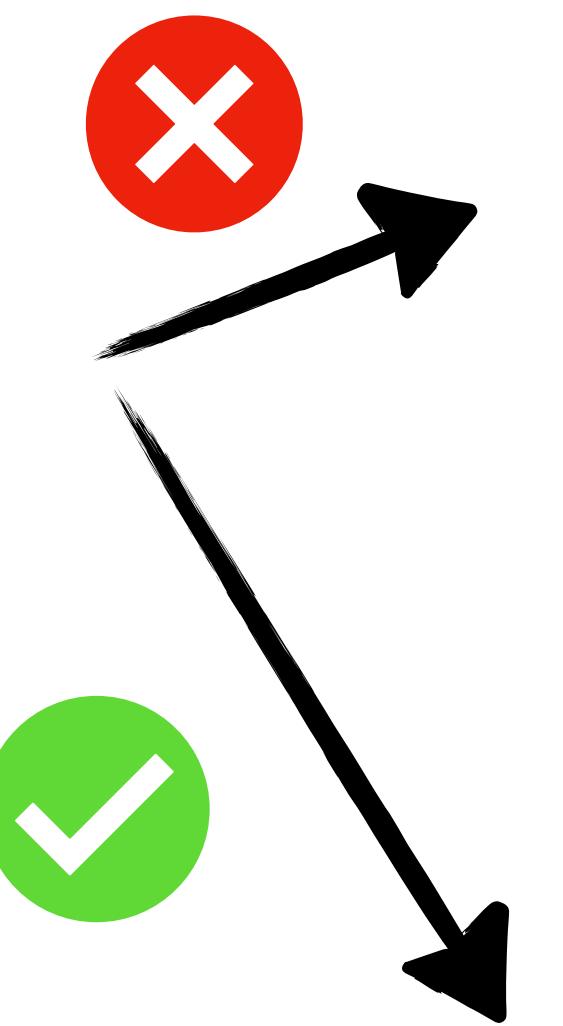
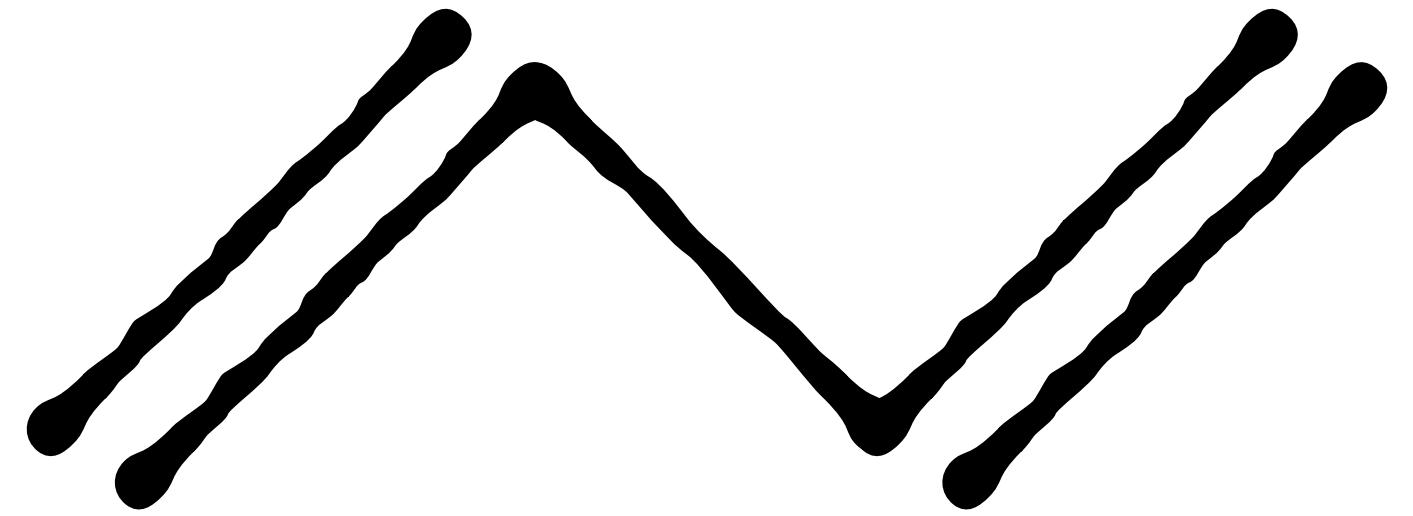
High-Level-Design
Now....

High-Level Design

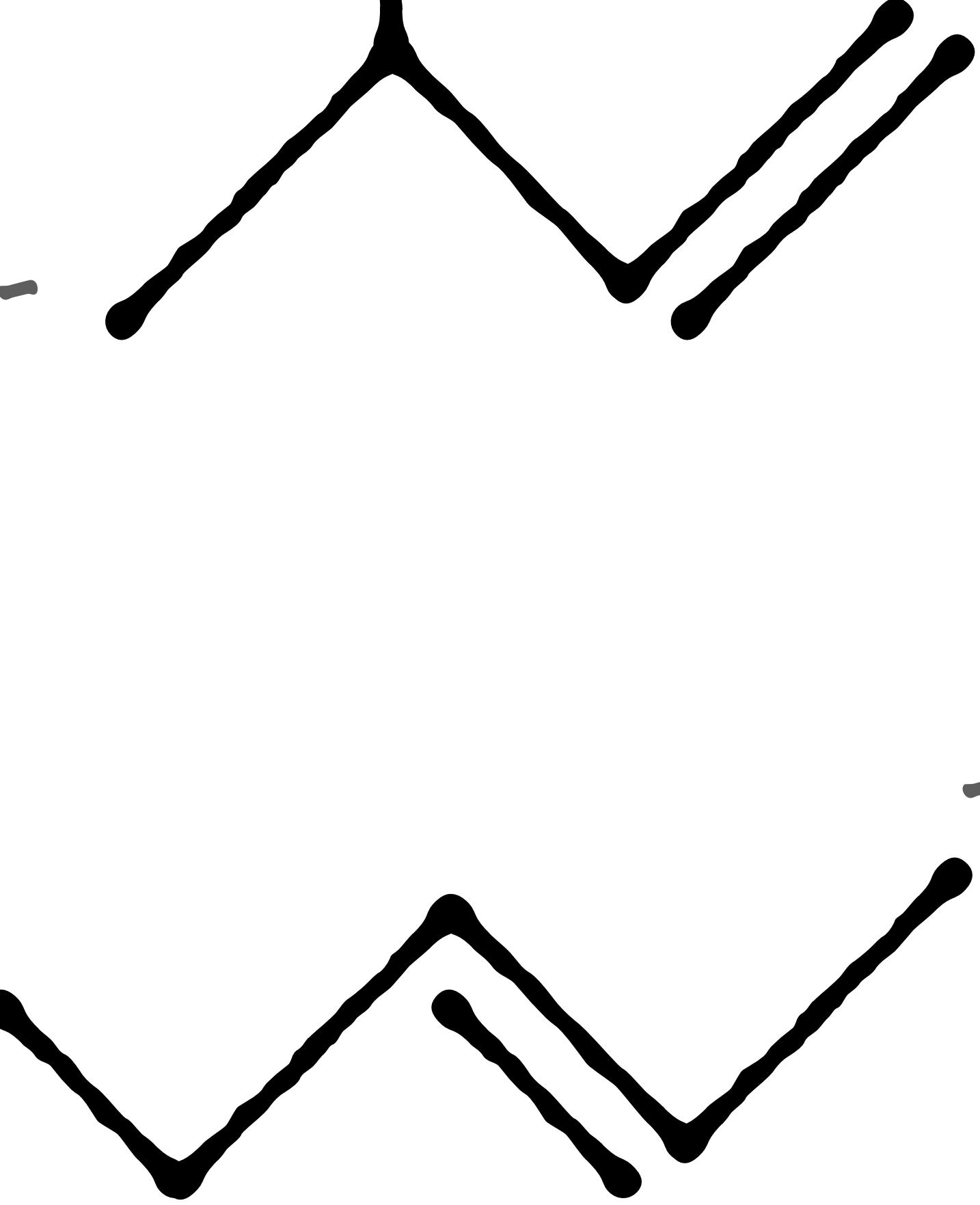




R'



R

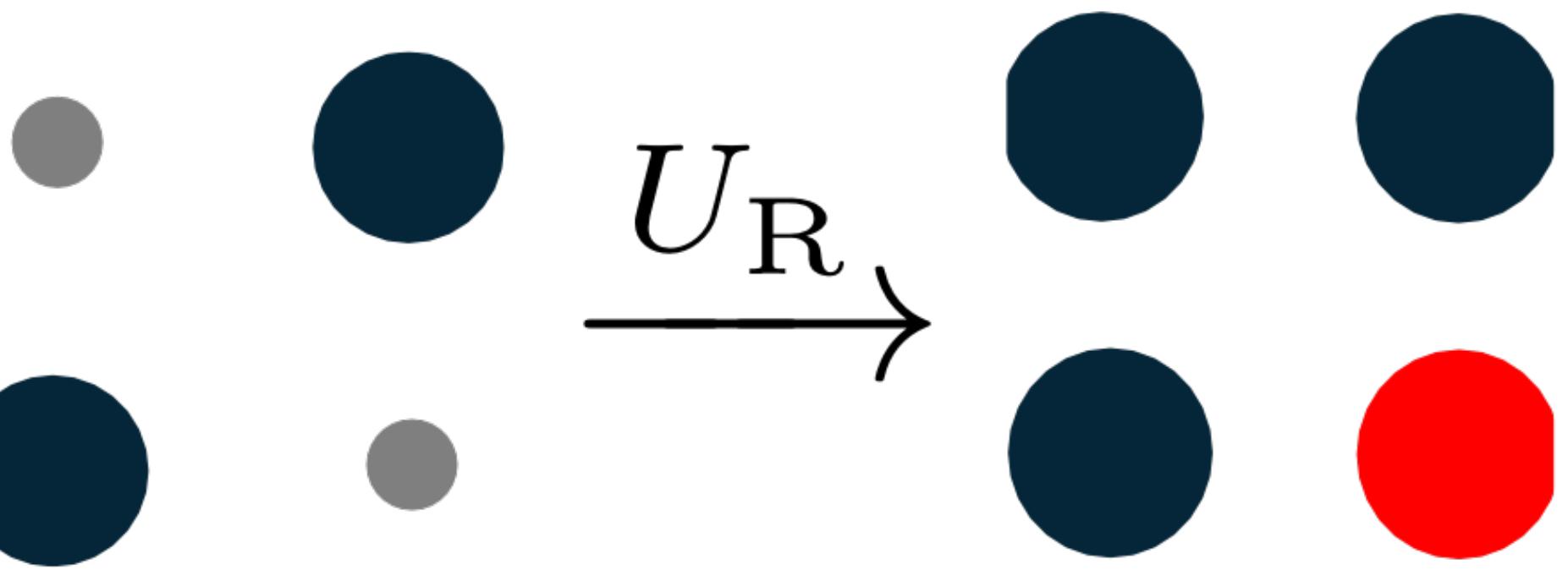


Simple Systems: One-Edge Graphs



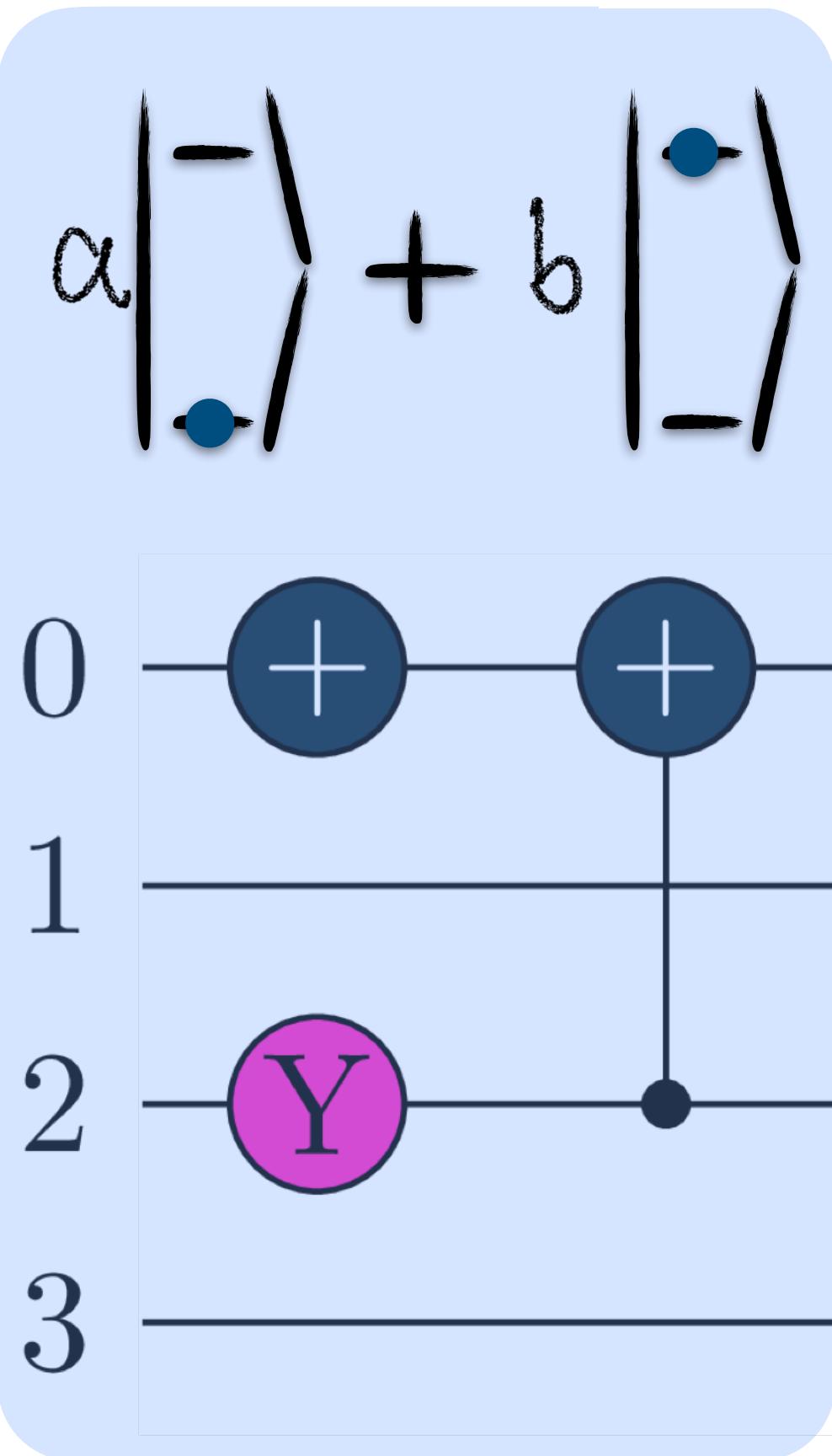
- **2-Electrons (H_2 , He, H^3+ , Li^+ , ...)**
- **Effective 2-Electrons (Be, LiH, Li₂, ...)**

Atomic orbital basis
e.g. STO-3G basis set

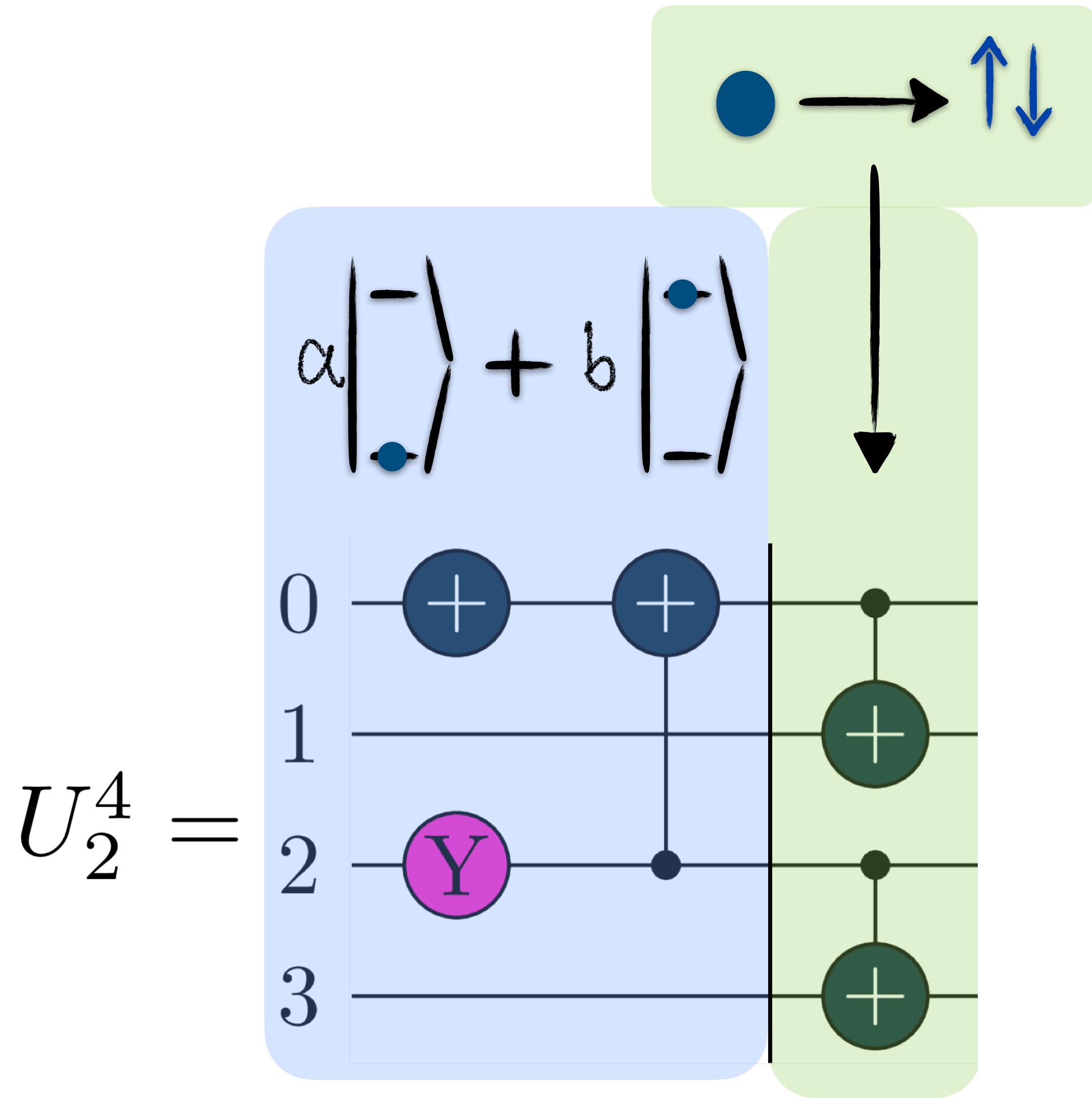


Simple system: 2-electrons in 2 orbitals (4 qubits)

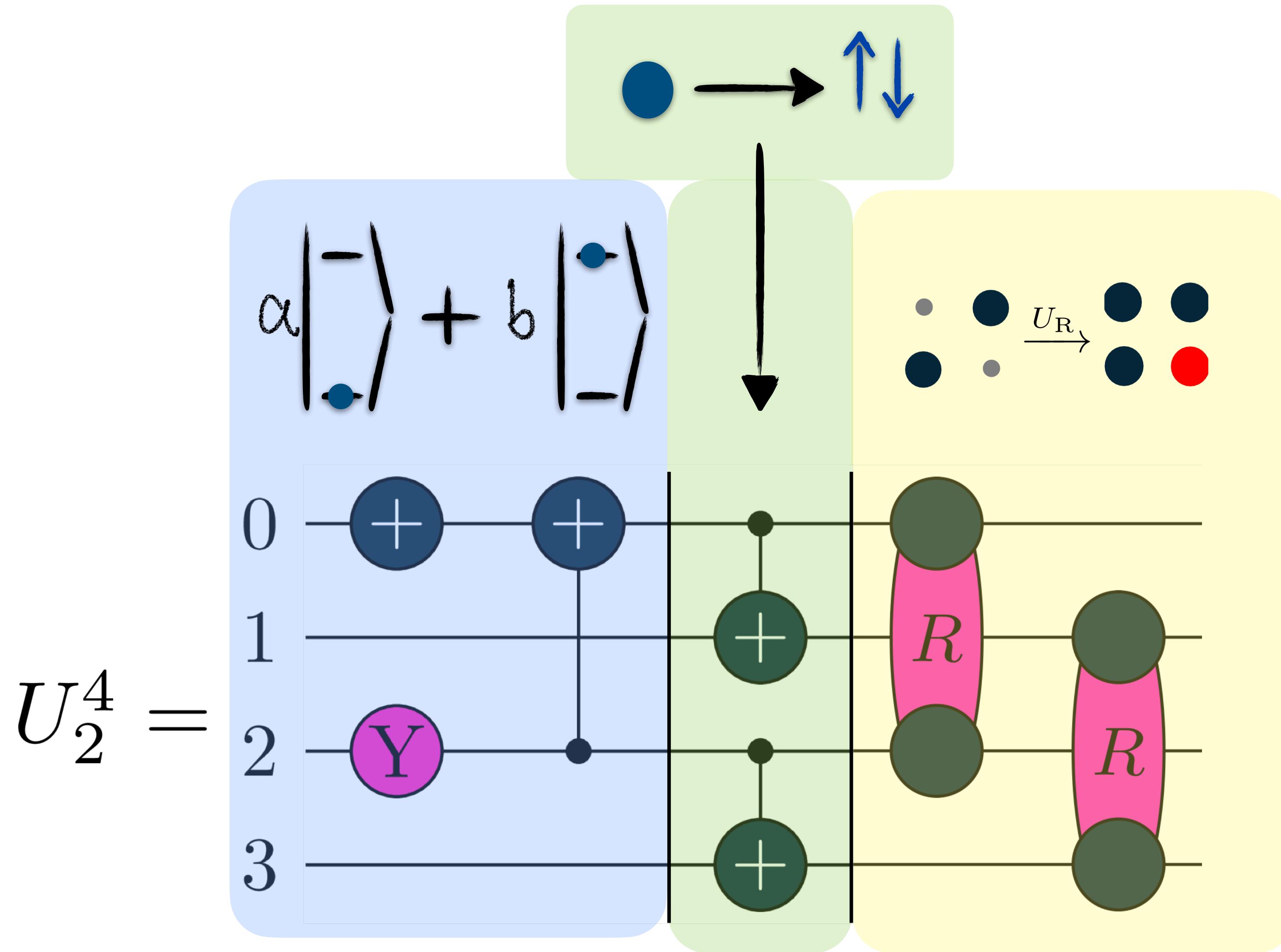
$$U_2^4 =$$



Simple system: 2-electrons in 2 orbitals (4 qubits)

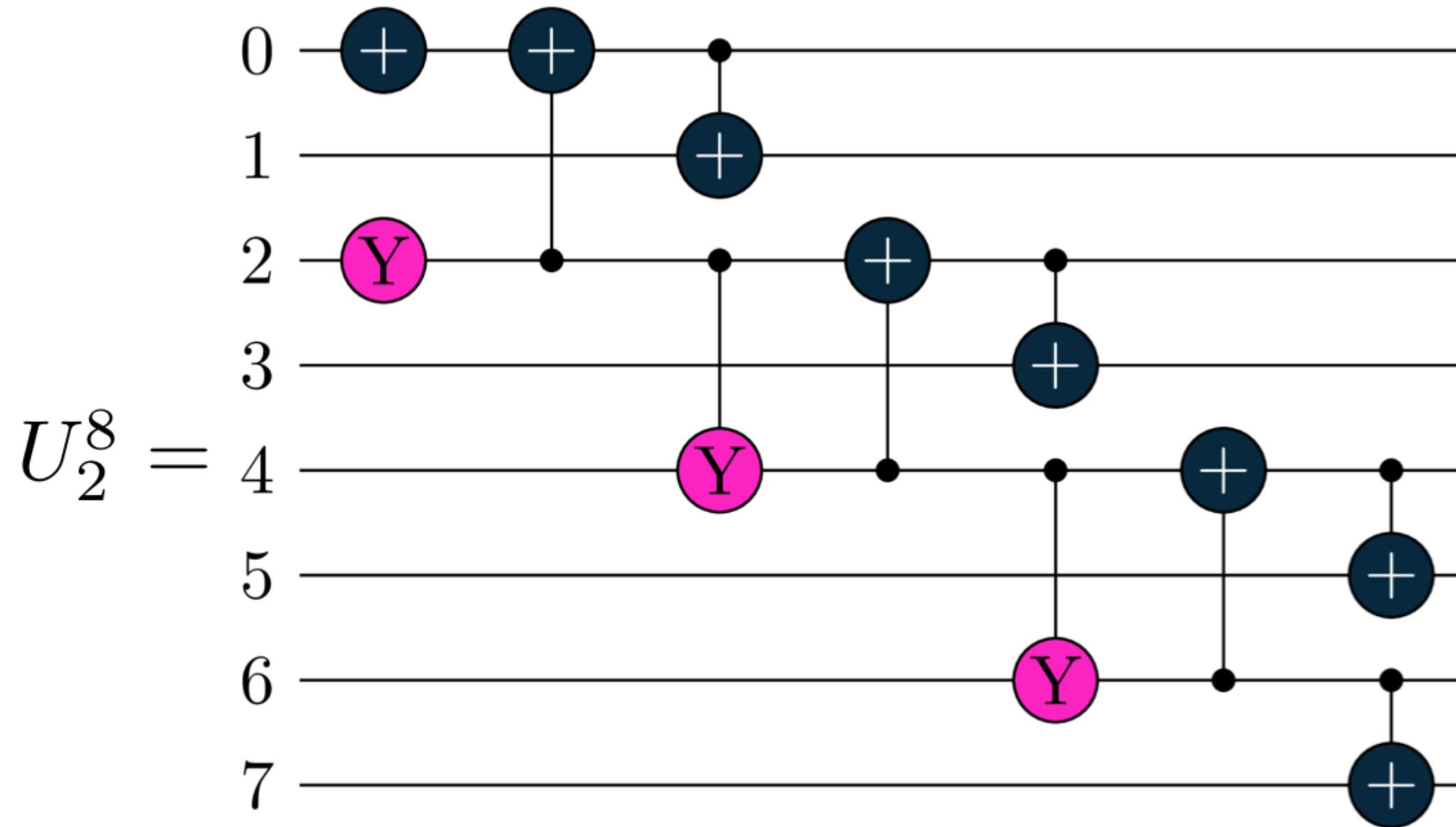


Simple system: 2-electrons in 2 orbitals (4 qubits)



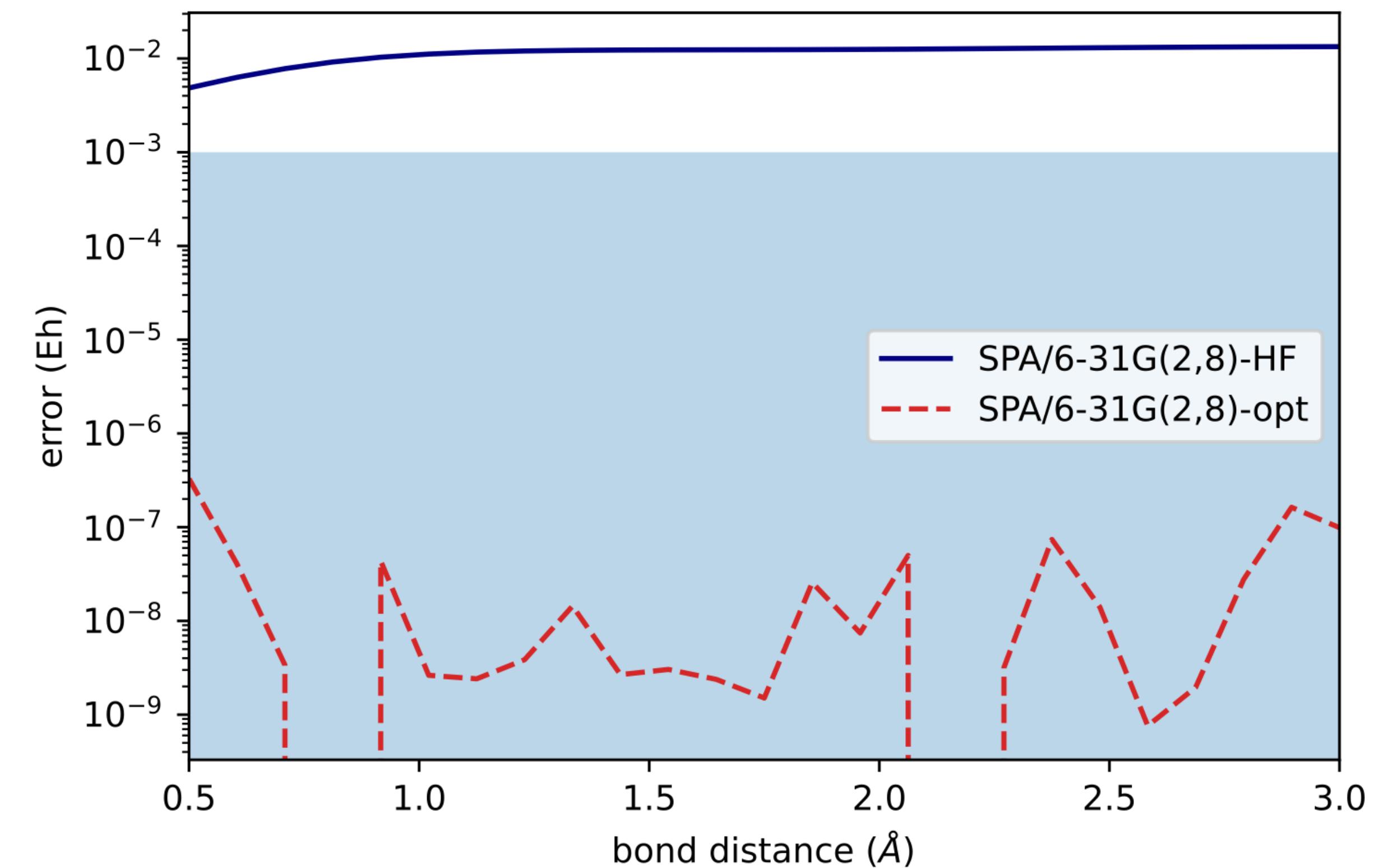
Orbital rotation
can be absorbed
into the
Hamiltonian

Simple system: 2-electrons in 4 orbitals (8 qubits)



Larger basis (8 qubits)

Same behaviour
for other (effective) two electron systems
He, LiH, H₃+ ...



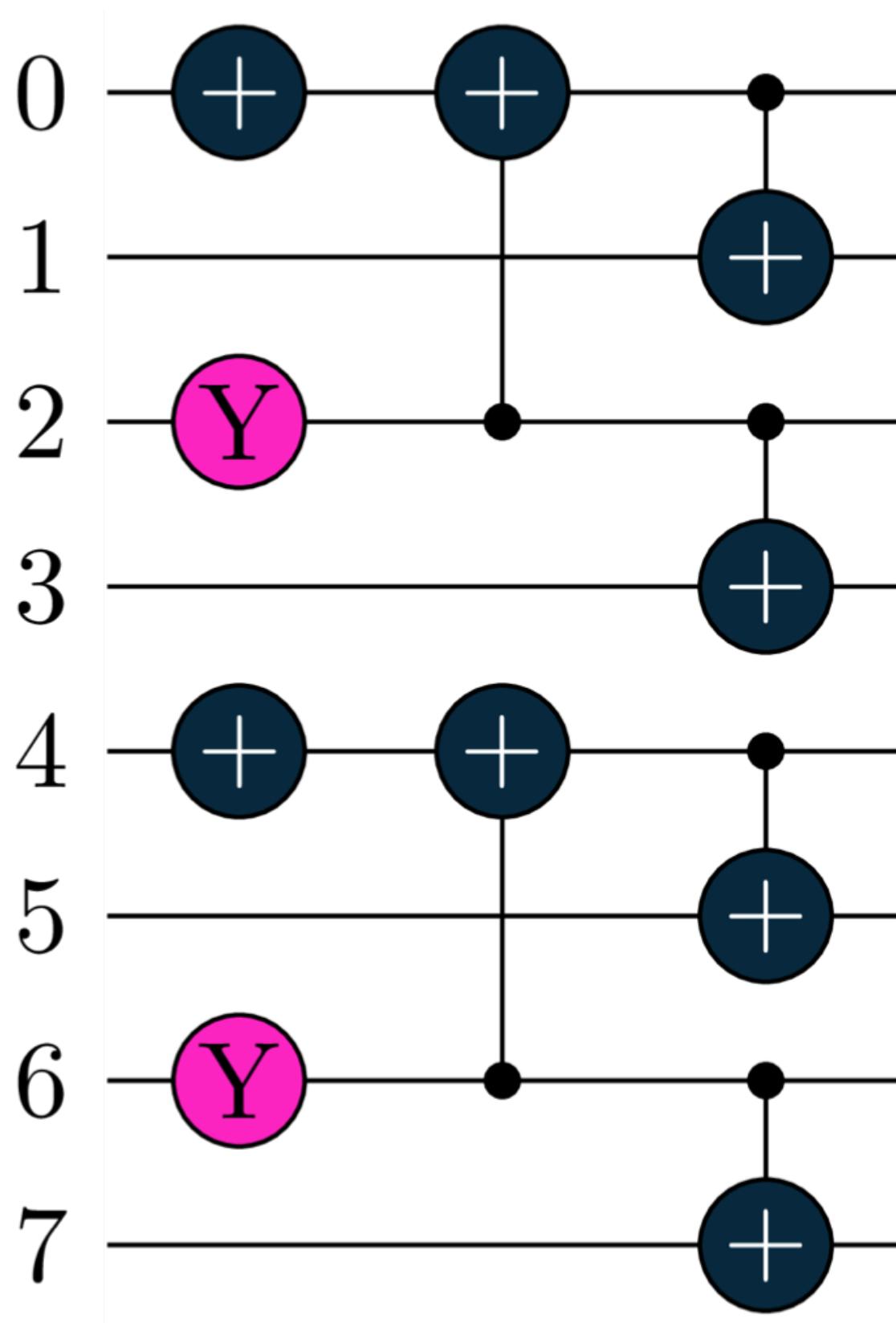
H₄ Molecule



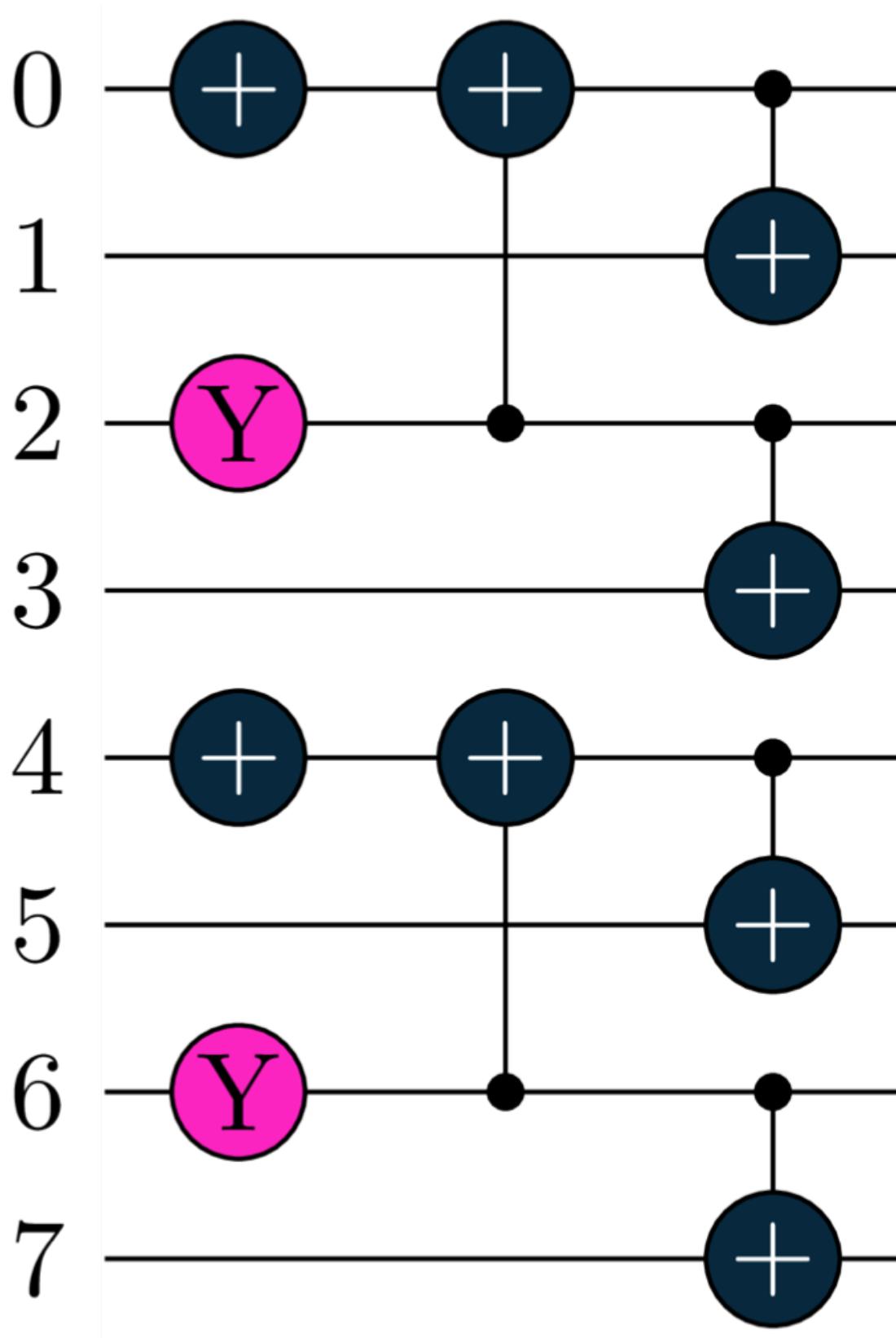
As before: Minimal basis STO-3G. One orbital per Hydrogen

SPA: Separable Pair Ansatz

$$U_{\text{SPA}}^{(4,8)} = U_2^4 \otimes U_2^4 =$$



$$U_{\text{SPA}}^{(4,8)} = U_2^4 \otimes U_2^4 =$$



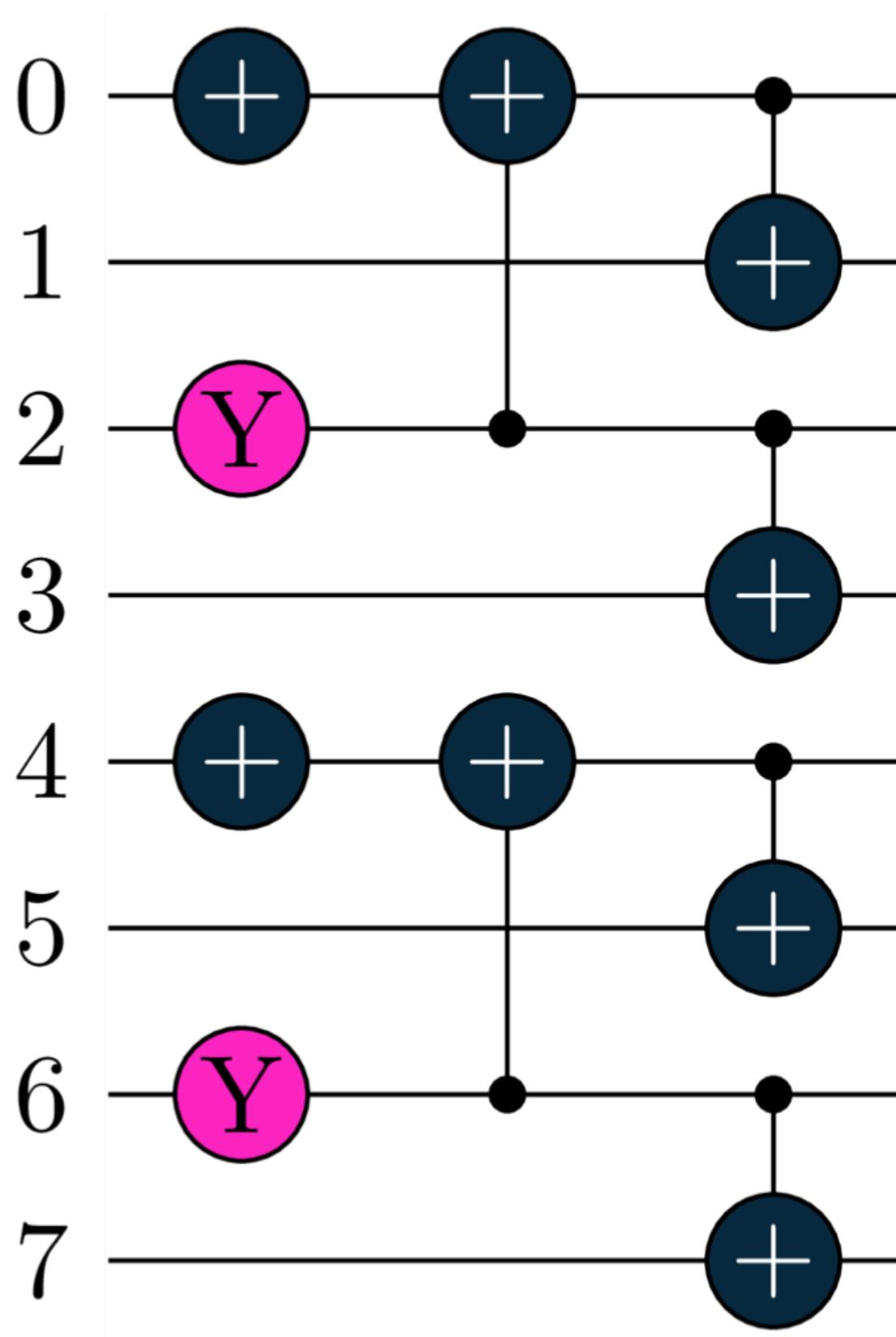
- Locality (circuit connections)
- Shallow depth
- Parallelizable
- Hardware efficient
- Classically tractable wavefunction



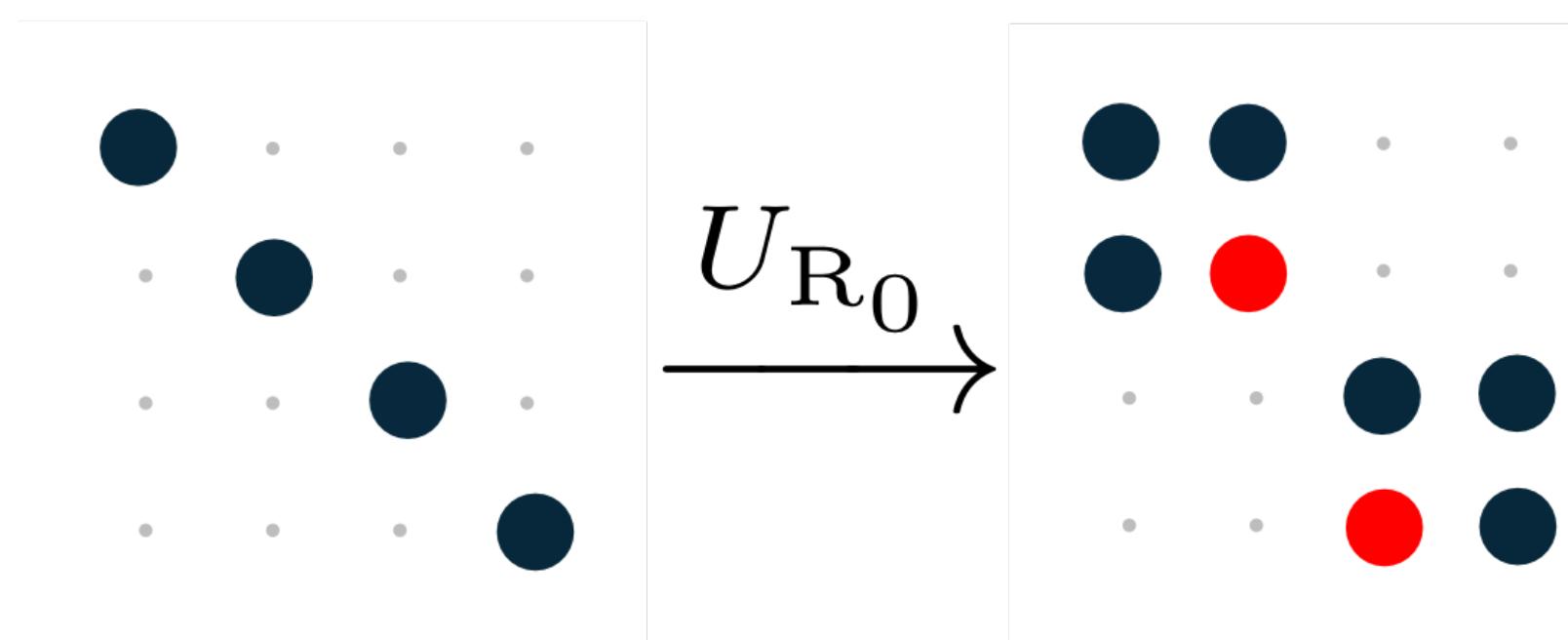
becomes a classical pre-compilation step

Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH

$$U_{\text{SPA}}^{(4,8)} = U_2^4 \otimes U_2^4 =$$



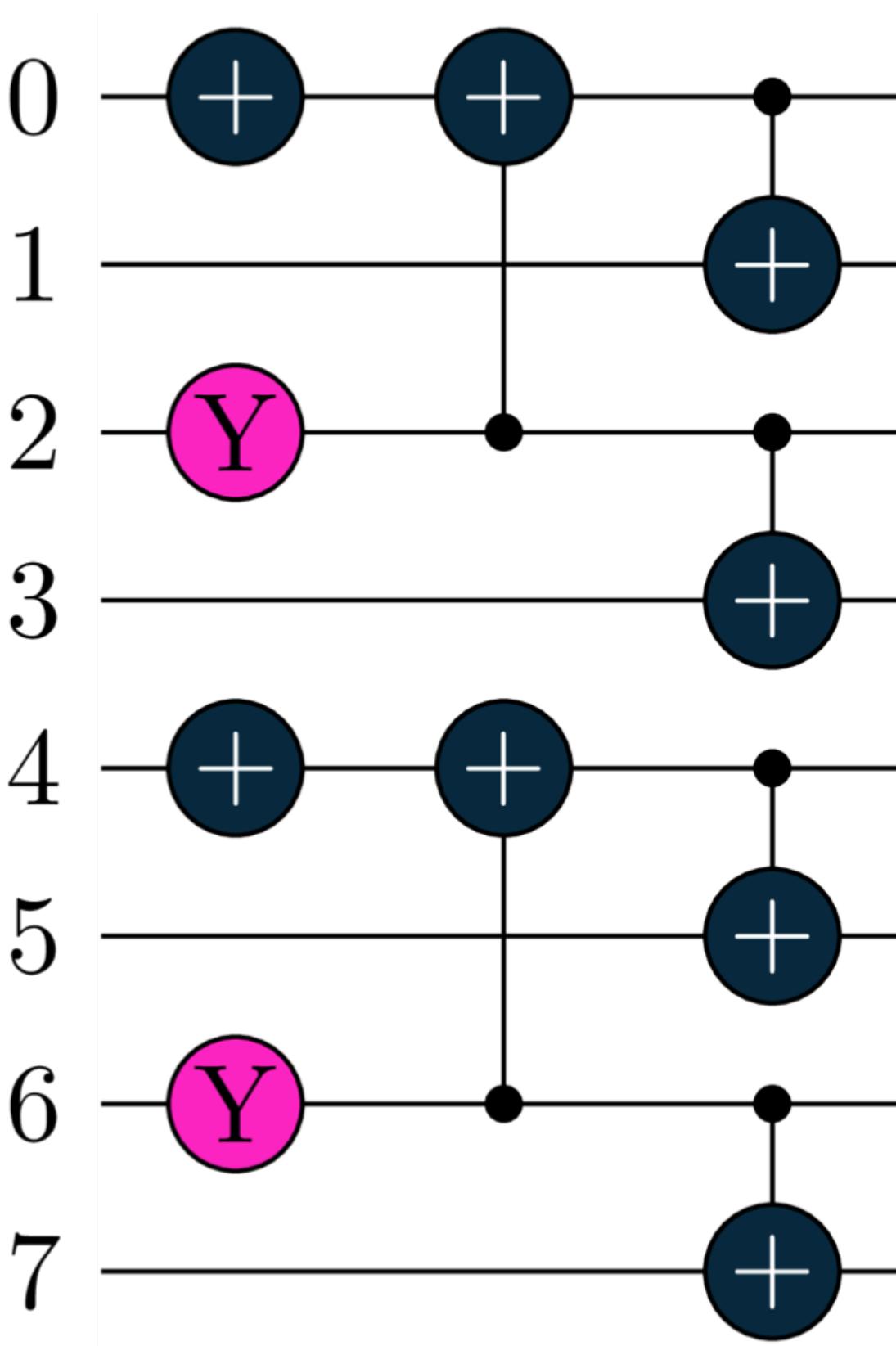
Guess orbitals:
error of 40 mEh



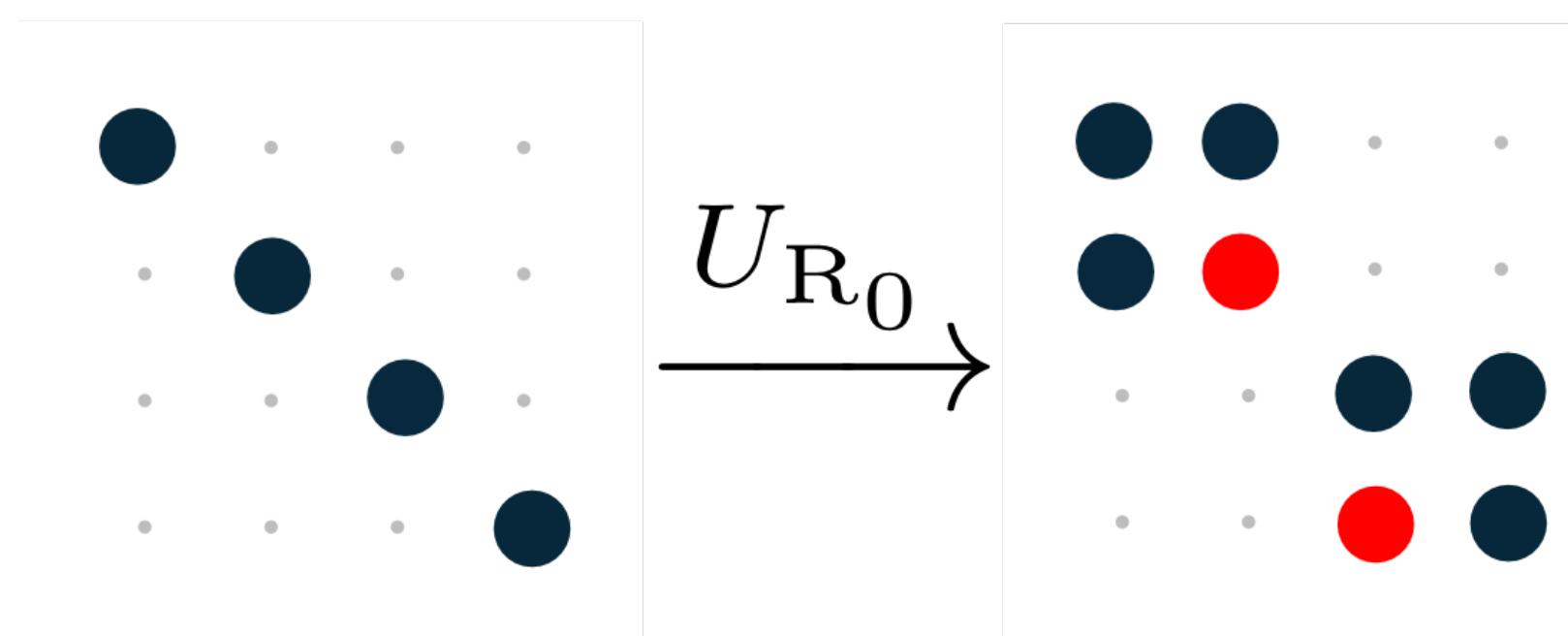
SPA: Separable Pair Ansatz

Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH

$$U_{\text{SPA}}^{(4,8)} = U_2^4 \otimes U_2^4 =$$



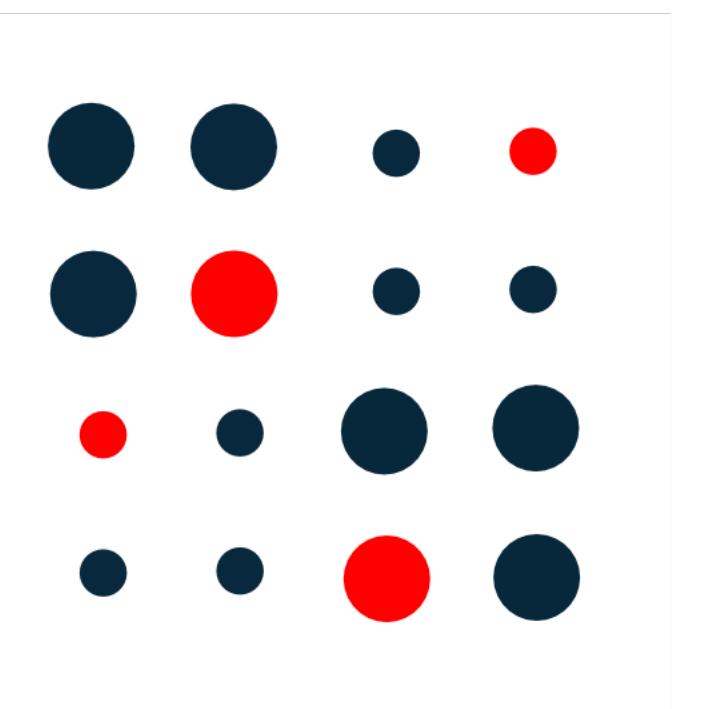
Guess orbitals:
error of 40 mEh



SPA: Separable Pair Ansatz



Optimal orbitals:
error of 16 mEh

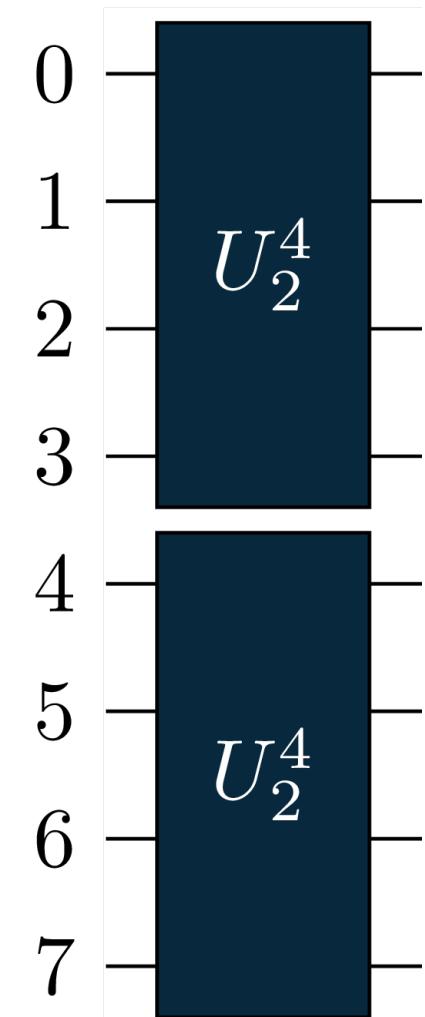


Alternative Graph

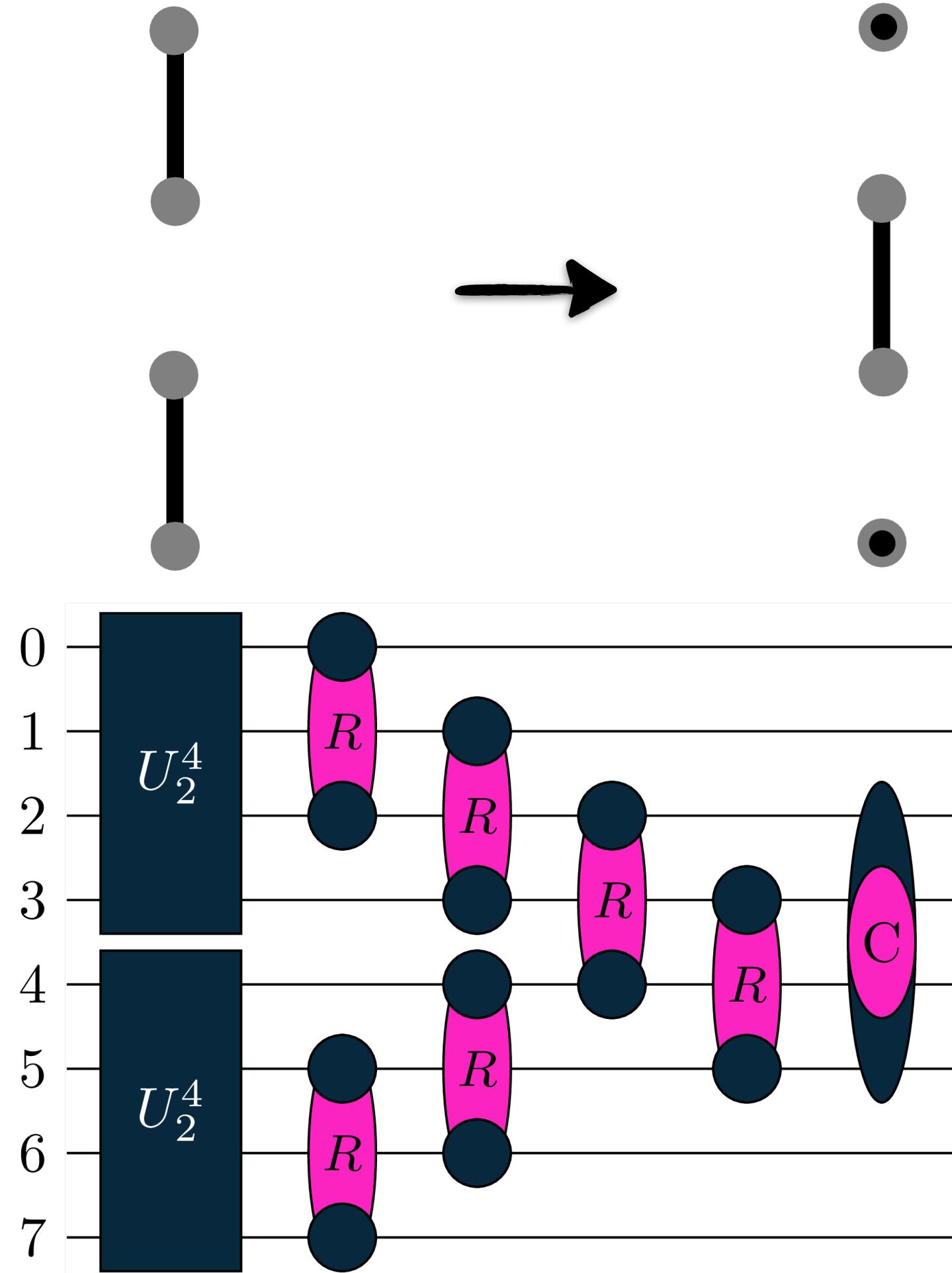


Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH

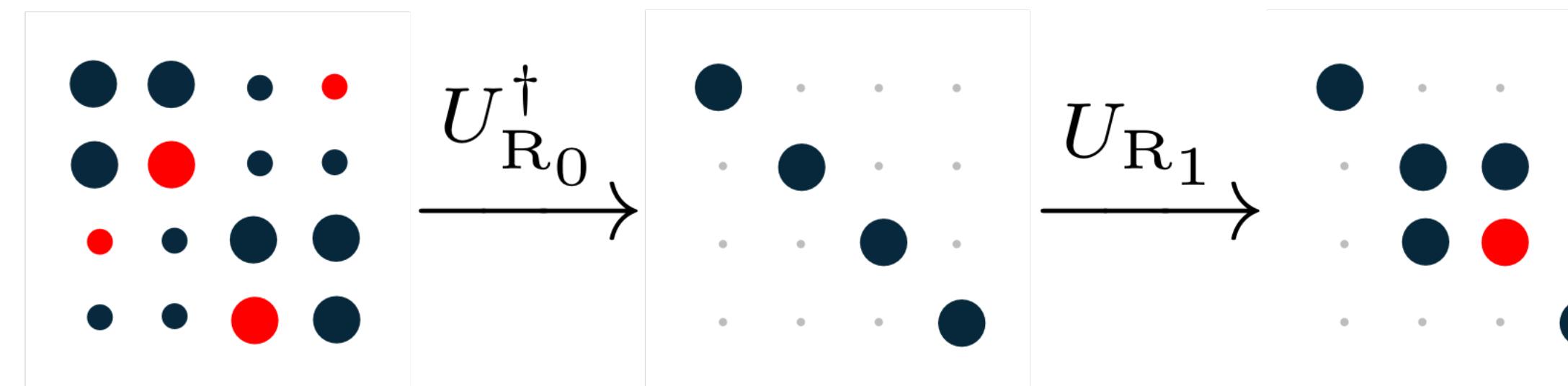
method	error	F	N_v	cnots	depth	iter
SPA	16	94	2	6	3	17*



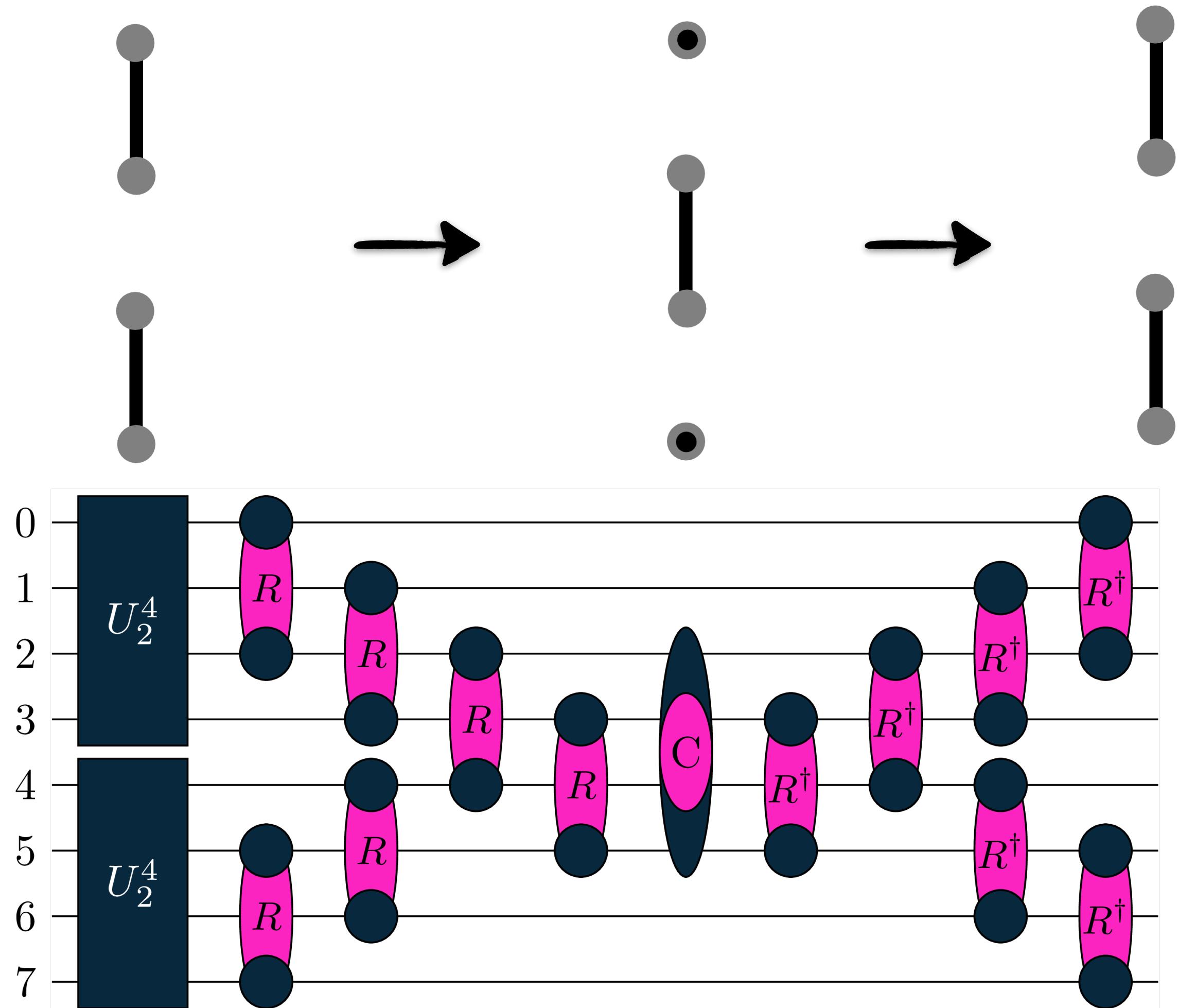
Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH



method	error	F	N_v	cnots	depth	iter
SPA	16	94	2	6	3	17*

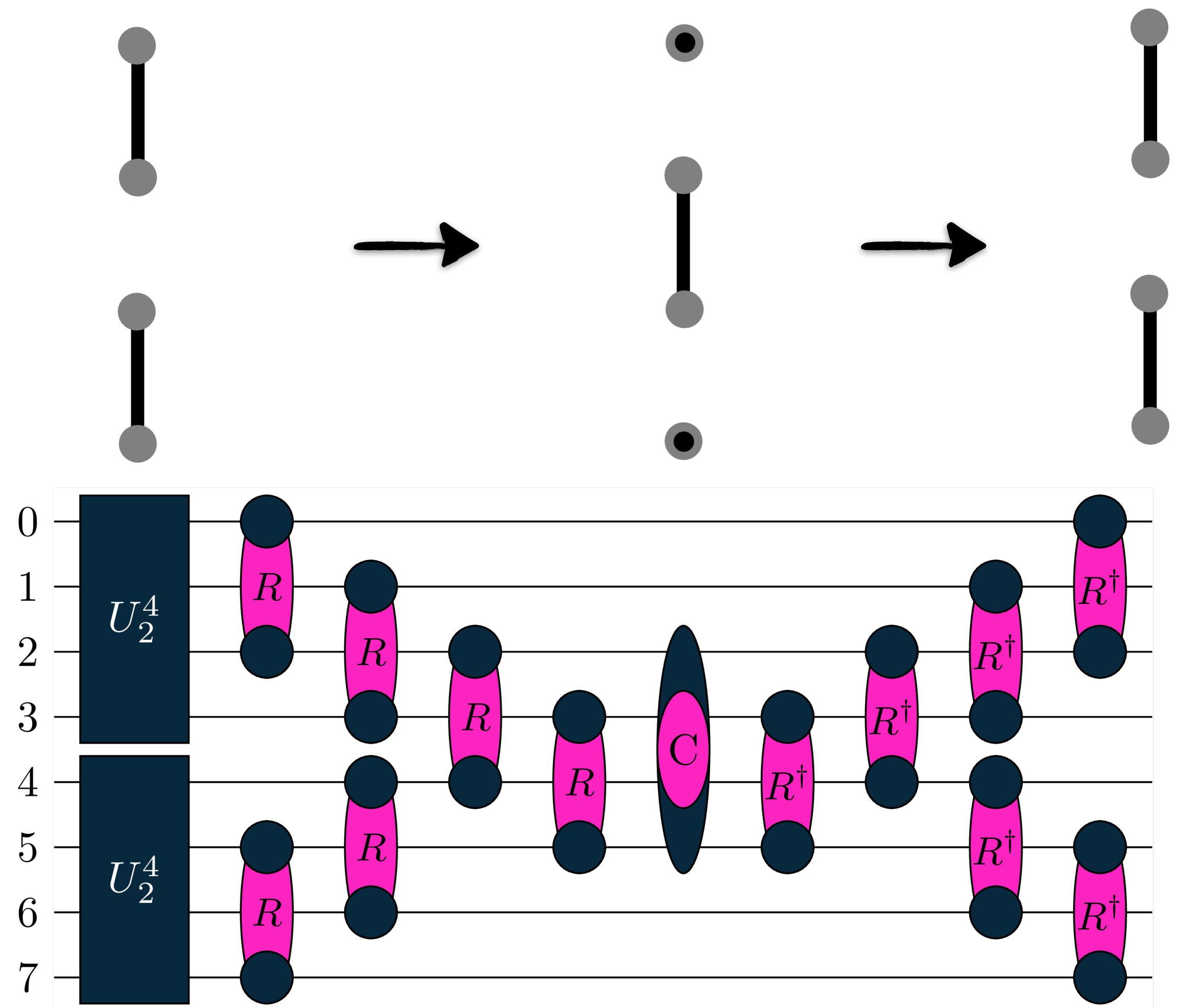


Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH

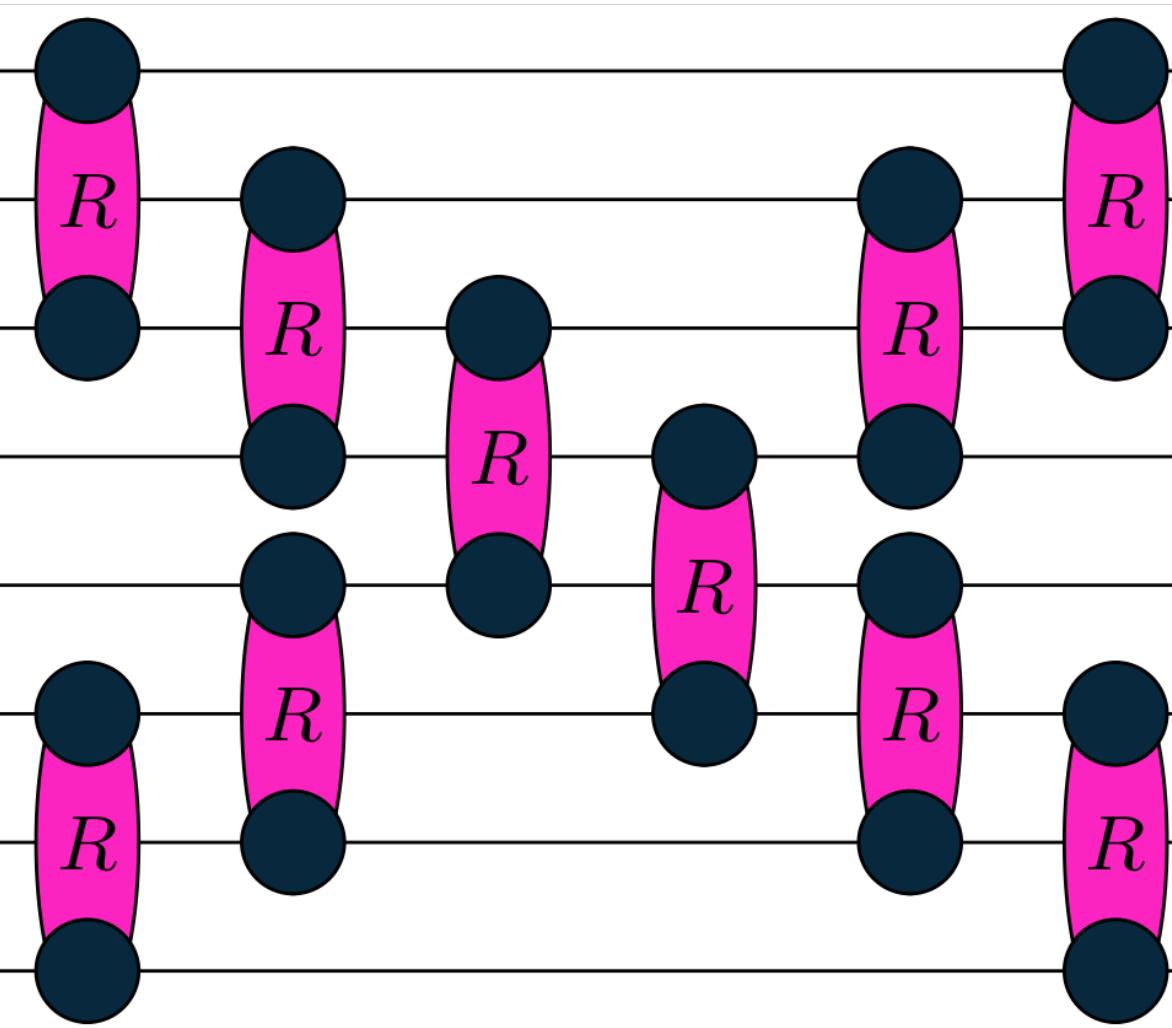
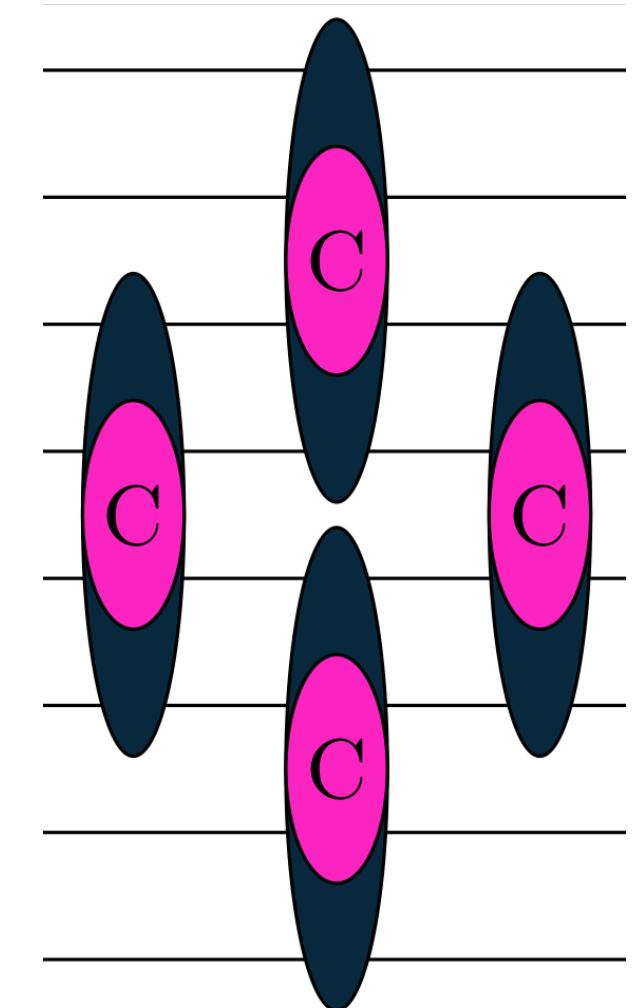


method	error	F	N_v	cnots	depth	iter
SPA	16	94	2	6	3	17*
SPA+	8	96	6	116	131	10

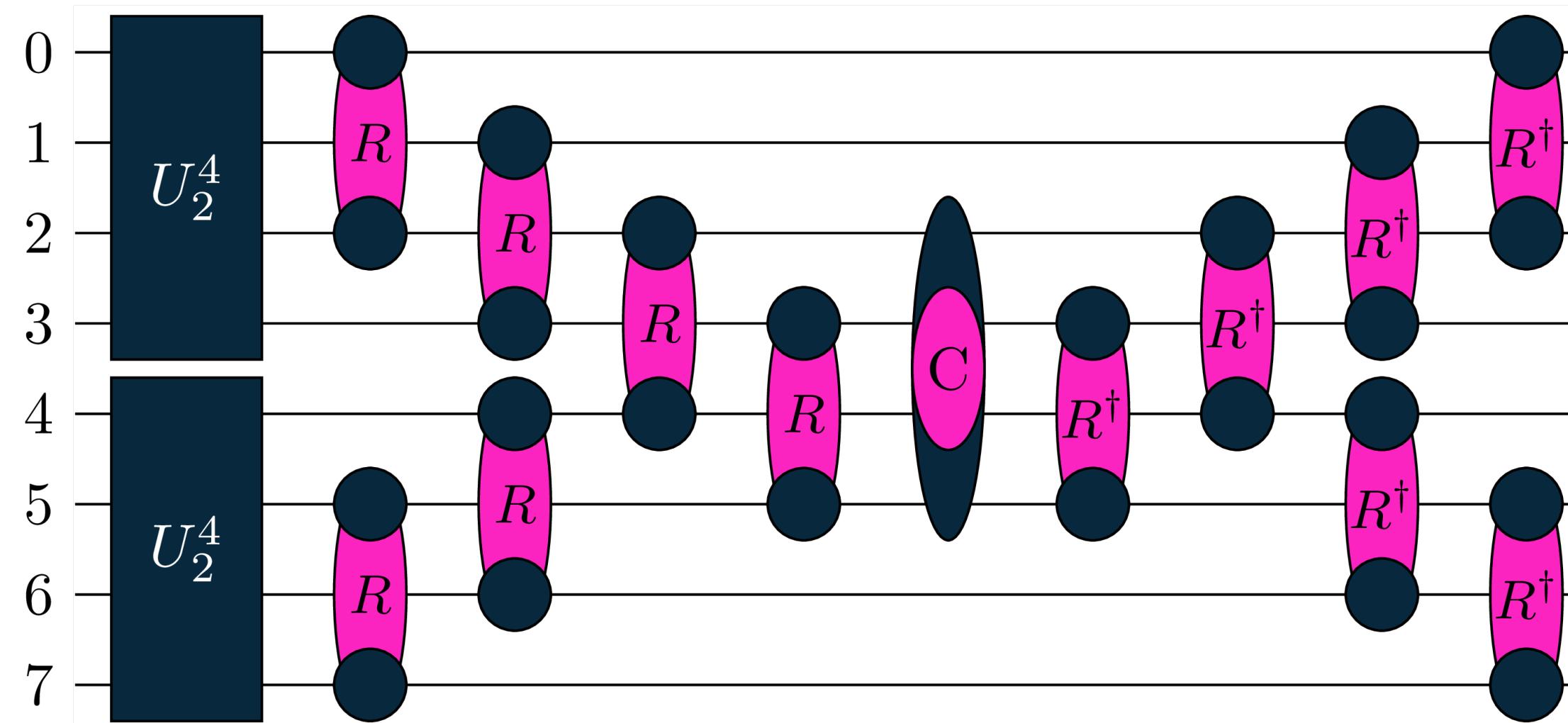
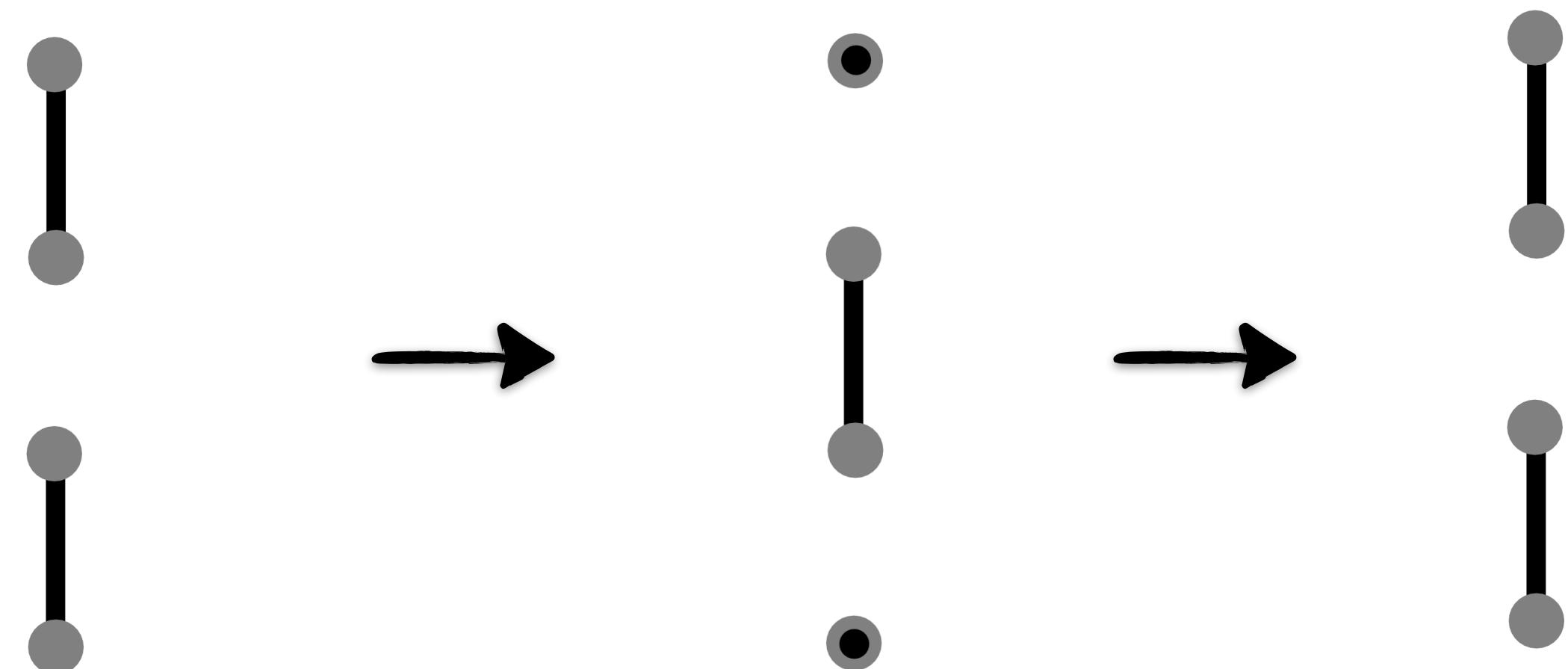
Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH



method	error	F	N_v	cnots	depth	iter
SPA	16	94	2	6	3	17*
SPA+	8	96	6	116	131	10
SPA+CRRCRRC	0	100	19	334	367	160

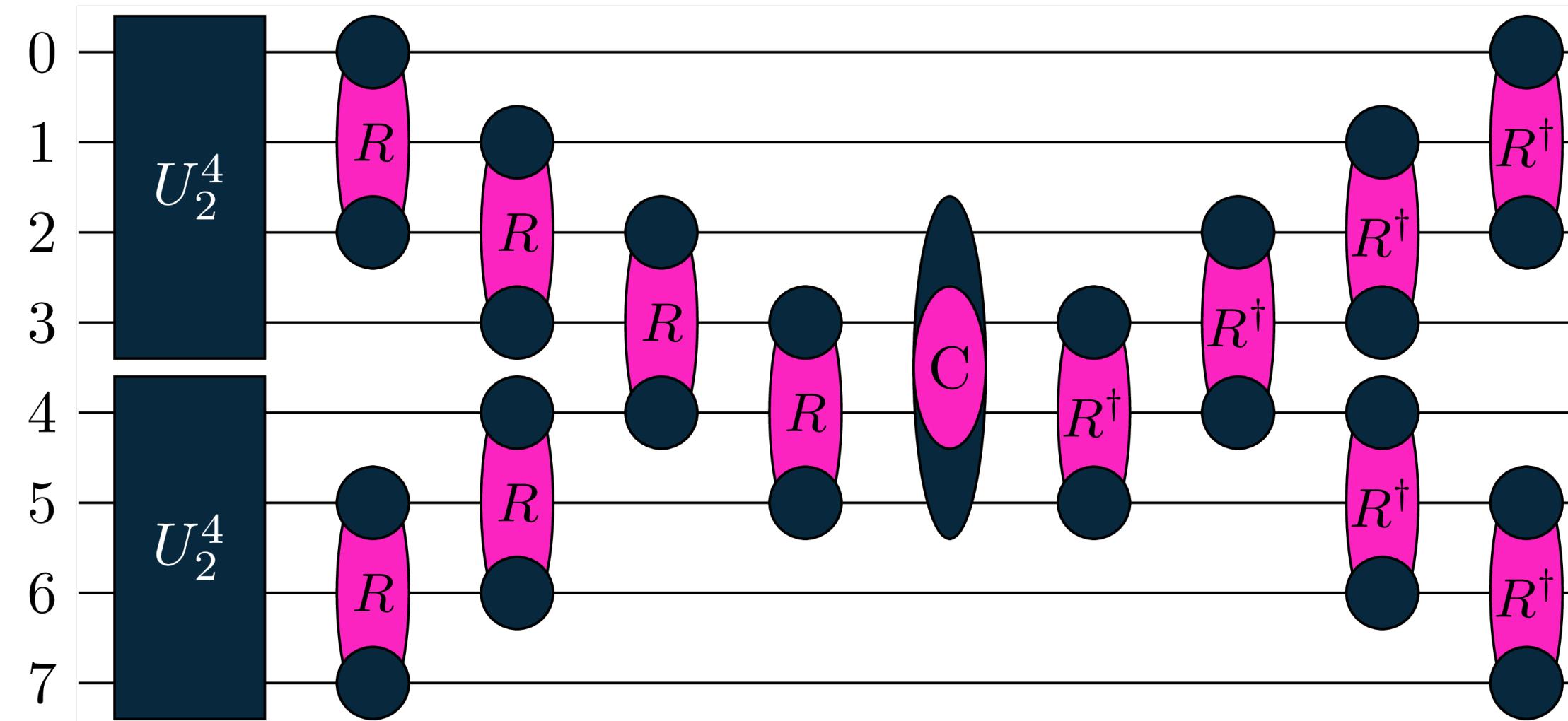
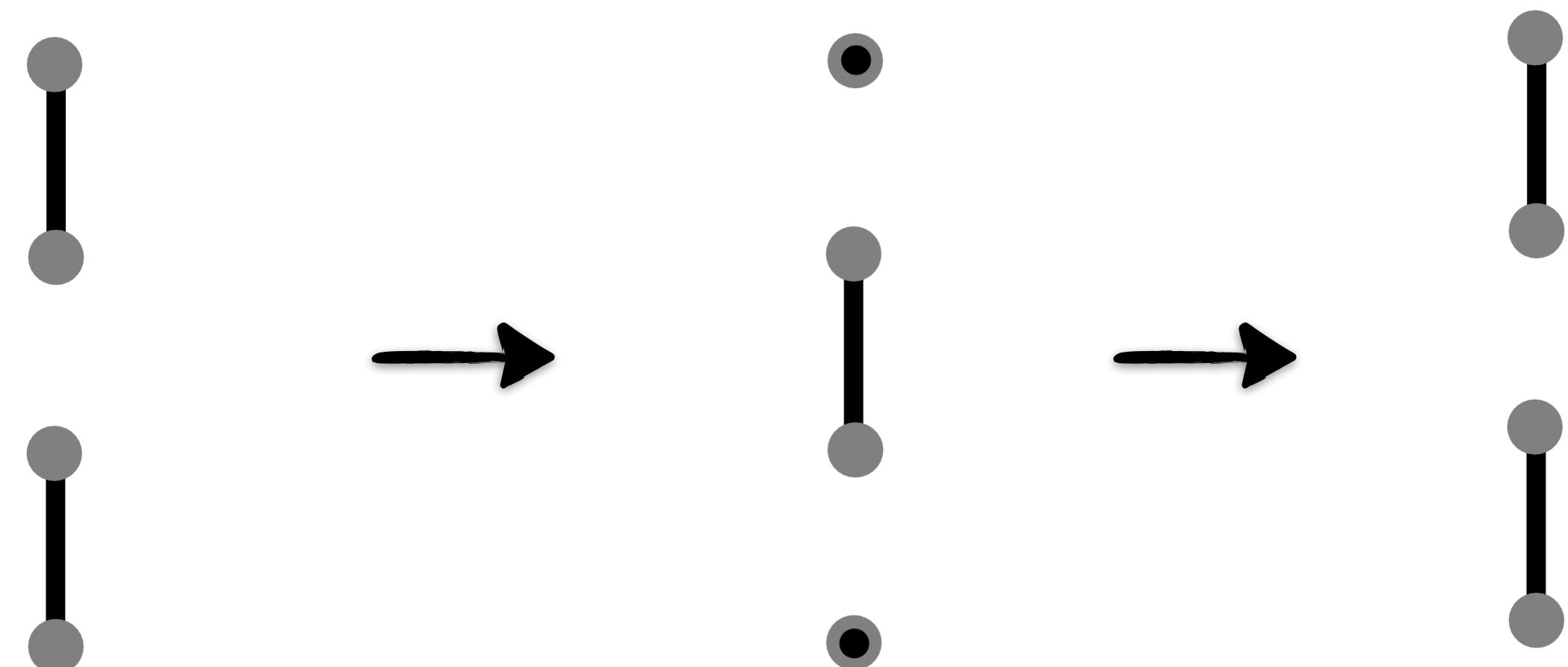


Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH



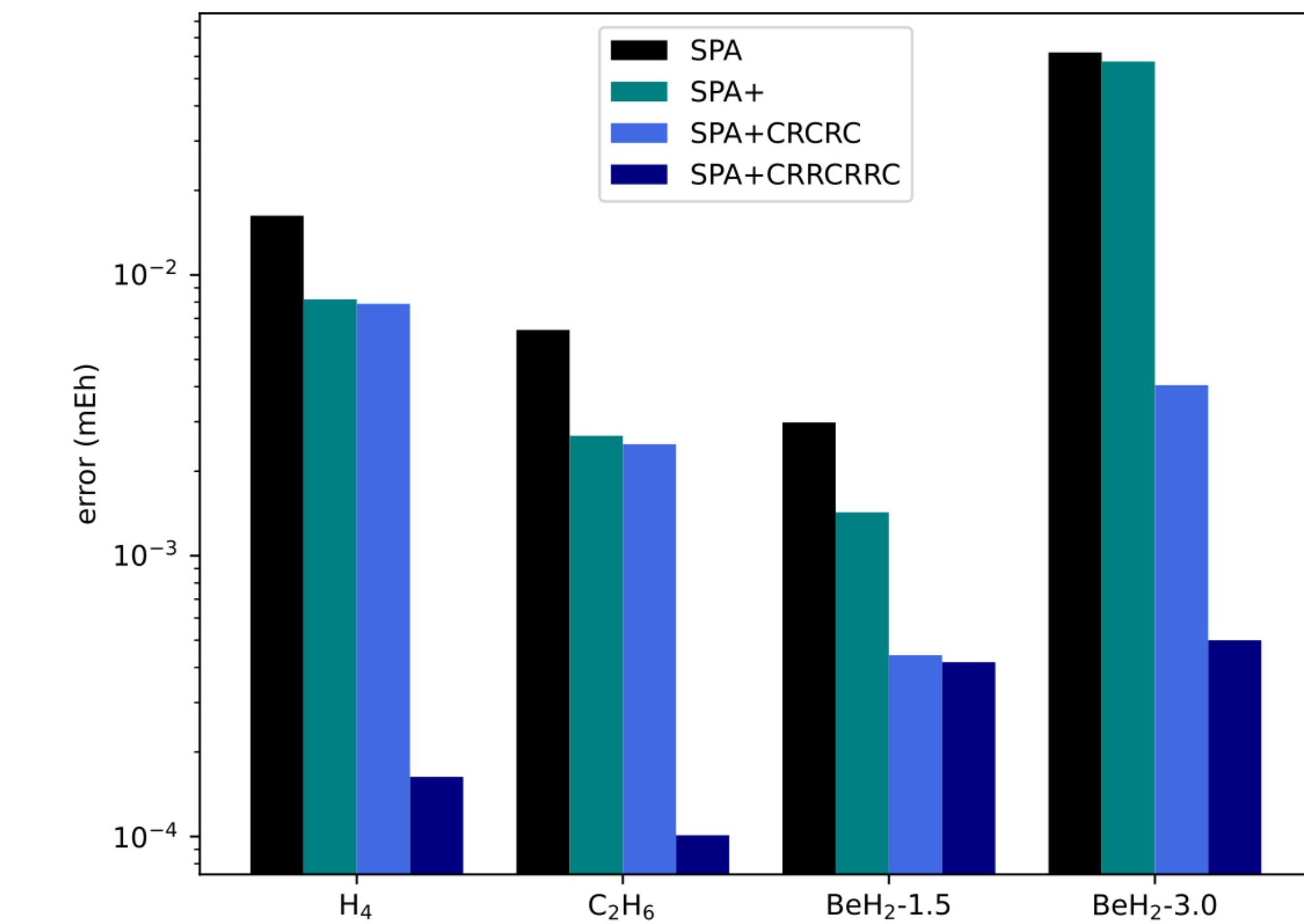
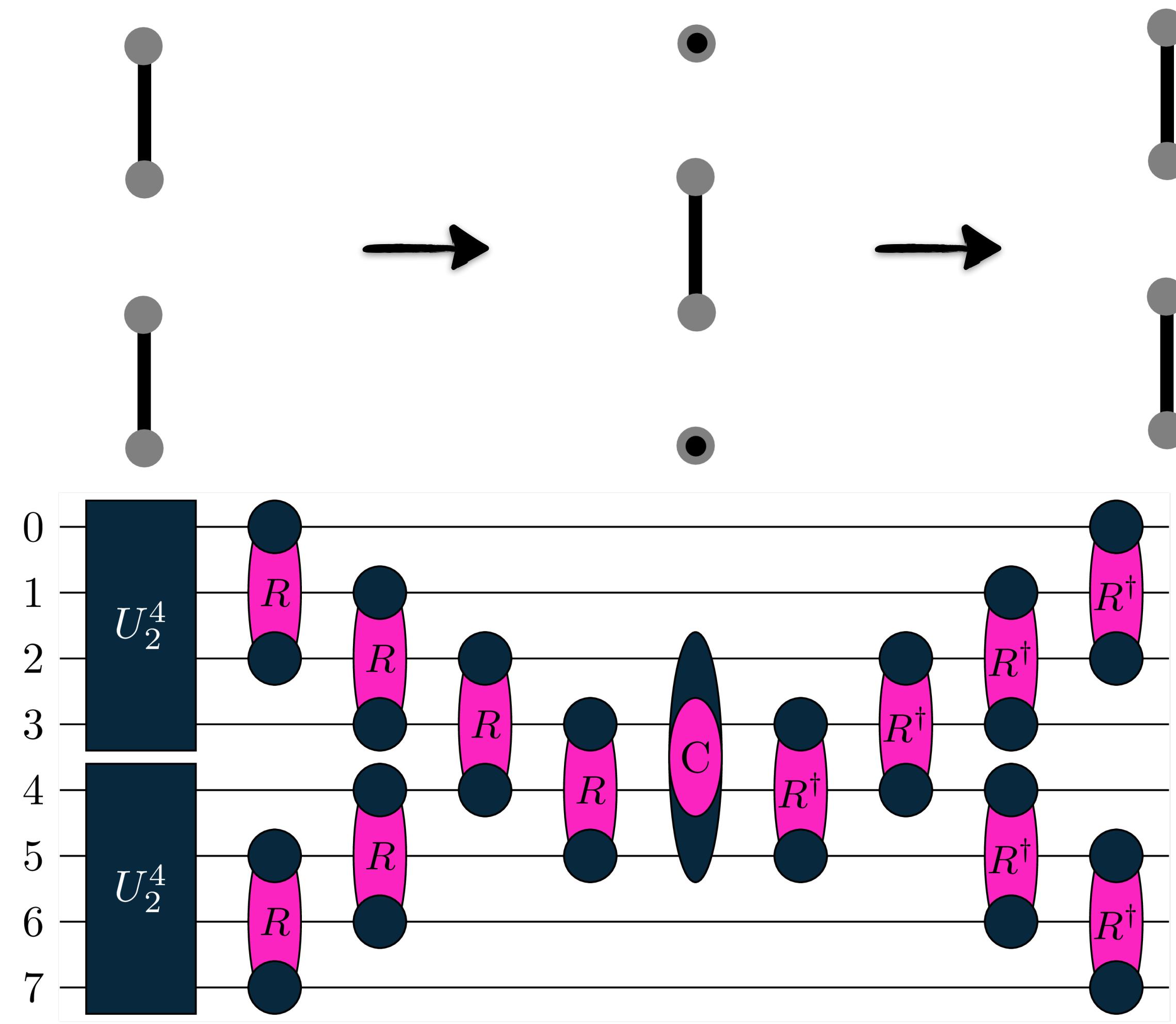
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SPA+	8	96	6	116	131	10
SPA+CRRCRRC	0	100	19	334	367	160
UpCCD	103	88	4	20	26	8
UpCCSD	86	74	12	148	193	13
UpCCGSD	86	74	18	188	254	13
2-UpCCGSD	32	90	36	432	540	48

Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH

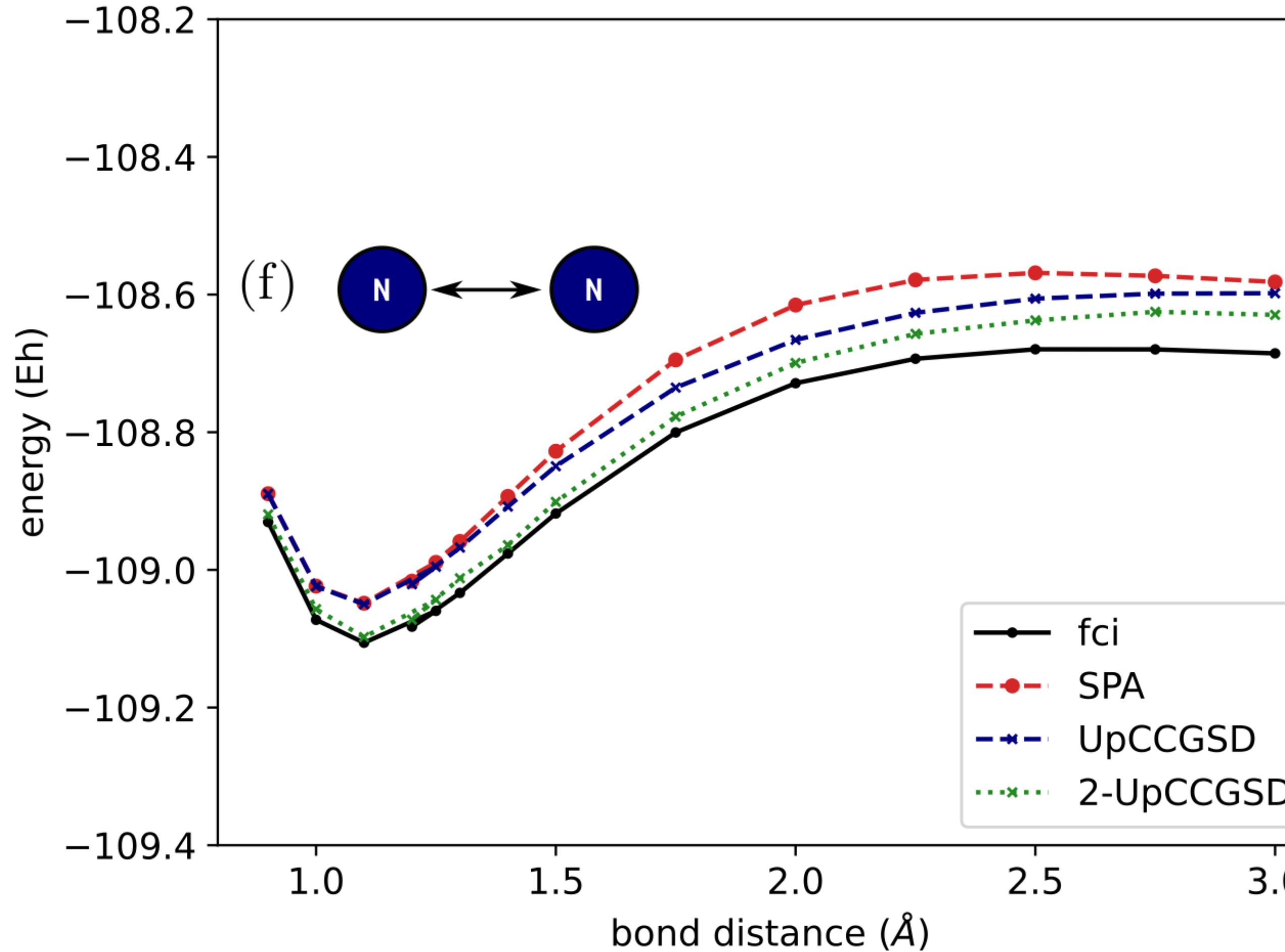


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UpCCSD	86	74	12	148	193	13
UpCCGSD	86	74	18	188	254	13
2-UpCCGSD	32	90	36	432	540	48
ADAPT(UpCCGSD)	32	90	12	448	442	113
ADAPT(UCCGSD)	0	100	21	1360	1705	58

Hartree–Fock error: 167 mEH



Limitations



- Well behaved SPA
- k-UpCCGSD curve picked from multiple runs with random starting points
- SPA from all-Zero starting point
- Improvement through other graphs not obvious
- Still a better initial state through SPA

Automatisation

```

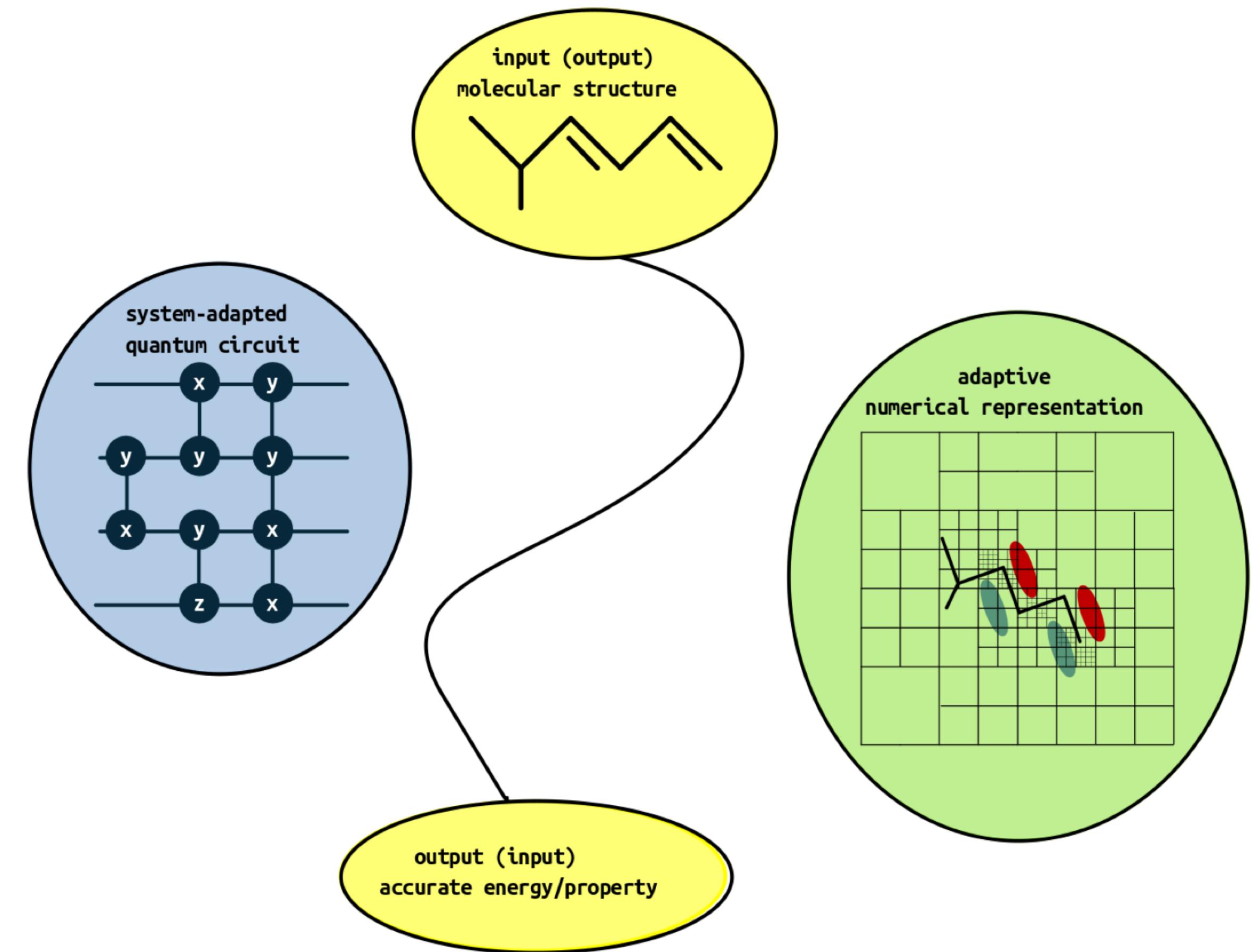
import tequila as tq

mol = tq.Molecule(geometry="beh2.xyz")

H = mol.make_hamiltonian()
U = mol.make_ansatz(name="SPA")
E = tq.ExpectationValue(H=H,U=U)

result = tq.minimize(E)

```



Optimized Low-Depth Quantum Circuits for Molecular Electronic Structure using a Separable Pair Approximation

```

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No Access • Submitted: 08 December 2019 • Accepted: 30 January 2020 • Published Online: 19 February 2020

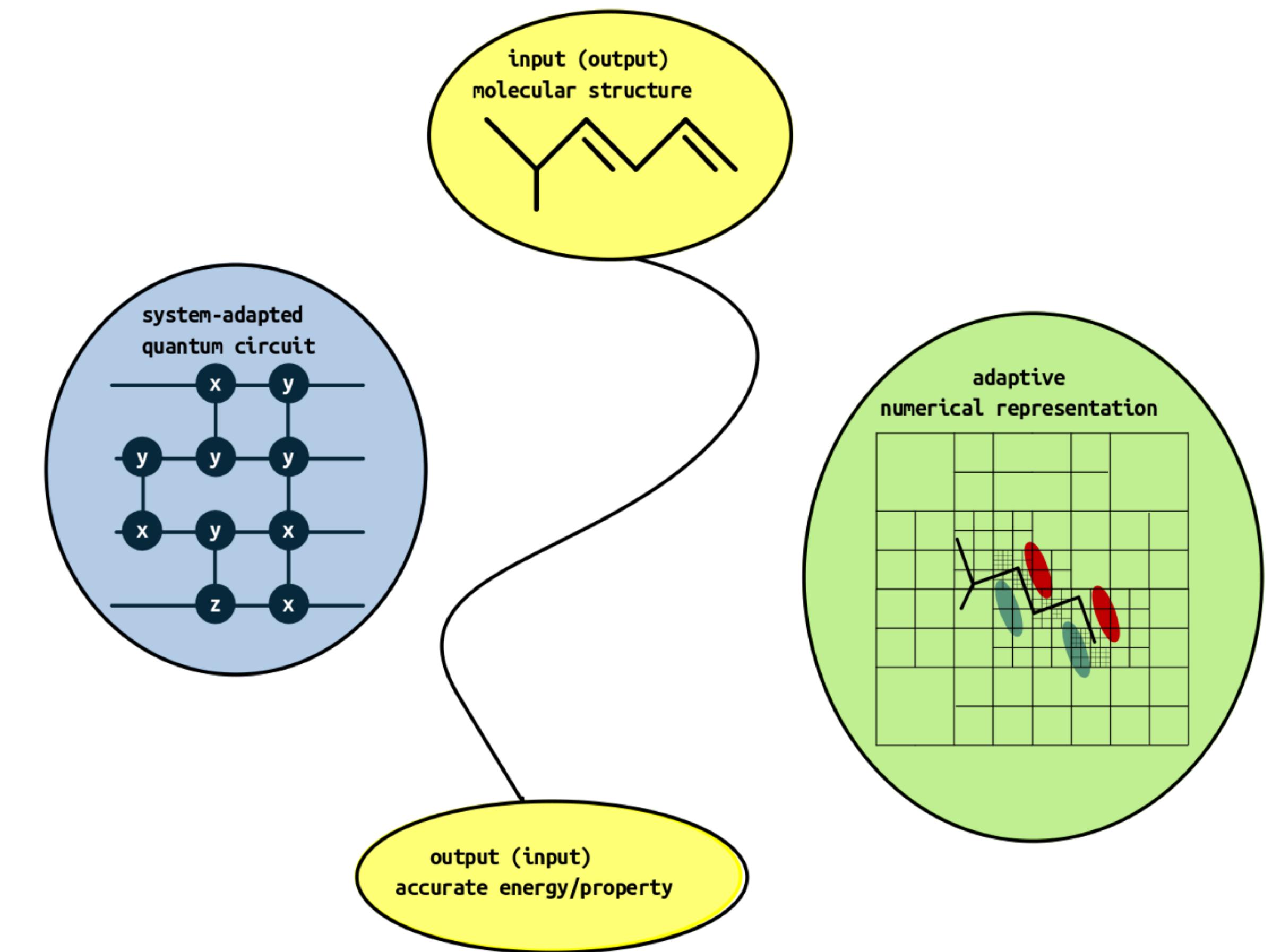
Direct determination of optimal pair-natural orbitals in a real-space representation: The second-order Moller-Plesset energy

J. Chem. Phys. **152**, 074105 (2020); <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.5141880>

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Optimized Low-Depth Quantum Circuits for Molecular Electronic Structure using a Separable Pair Approximation

Jakob S. Kottmann^{1, 2,*} and Alán Aspuru-Guzik^{1, 2, 3, 4, †}



```

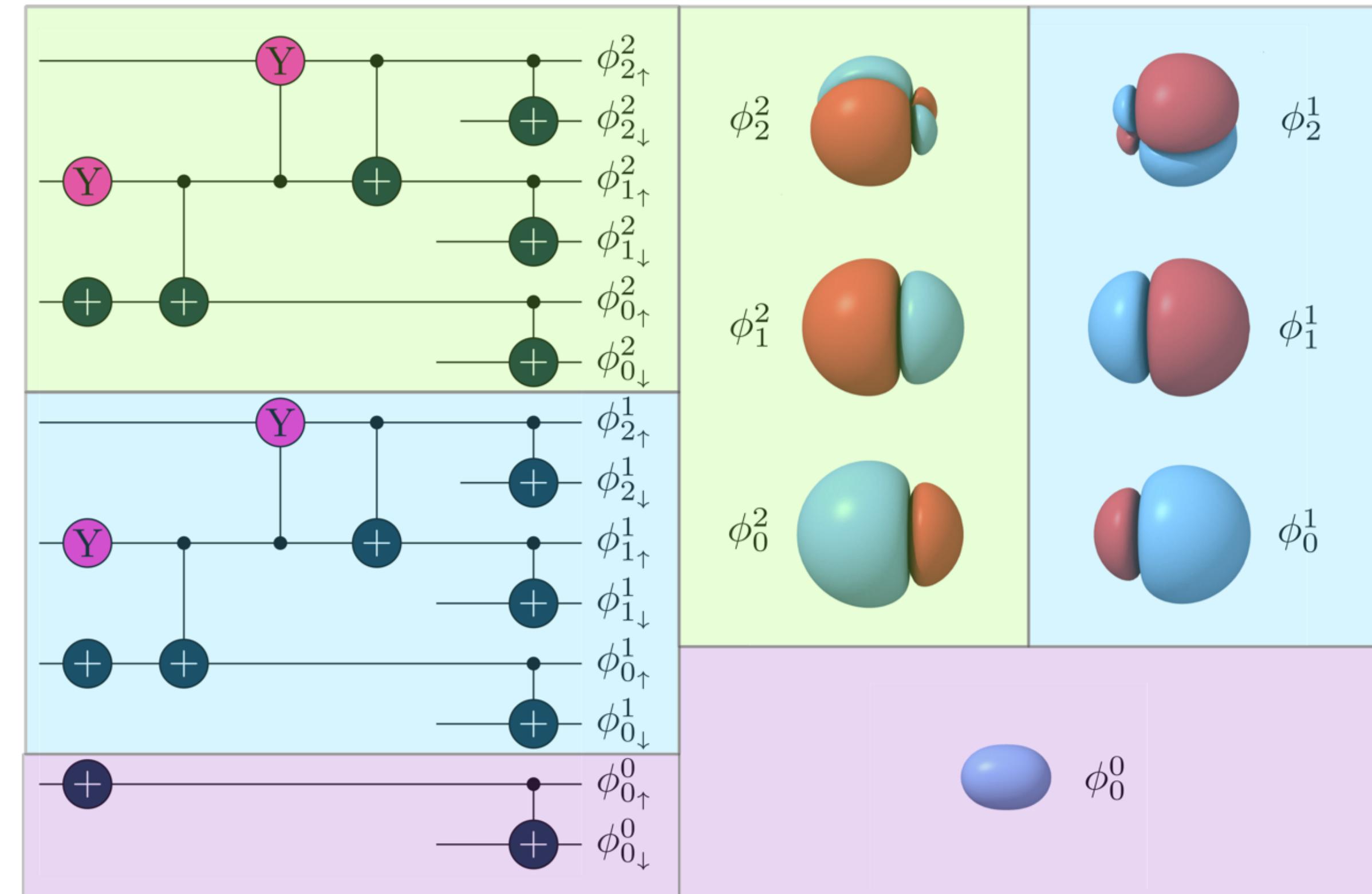
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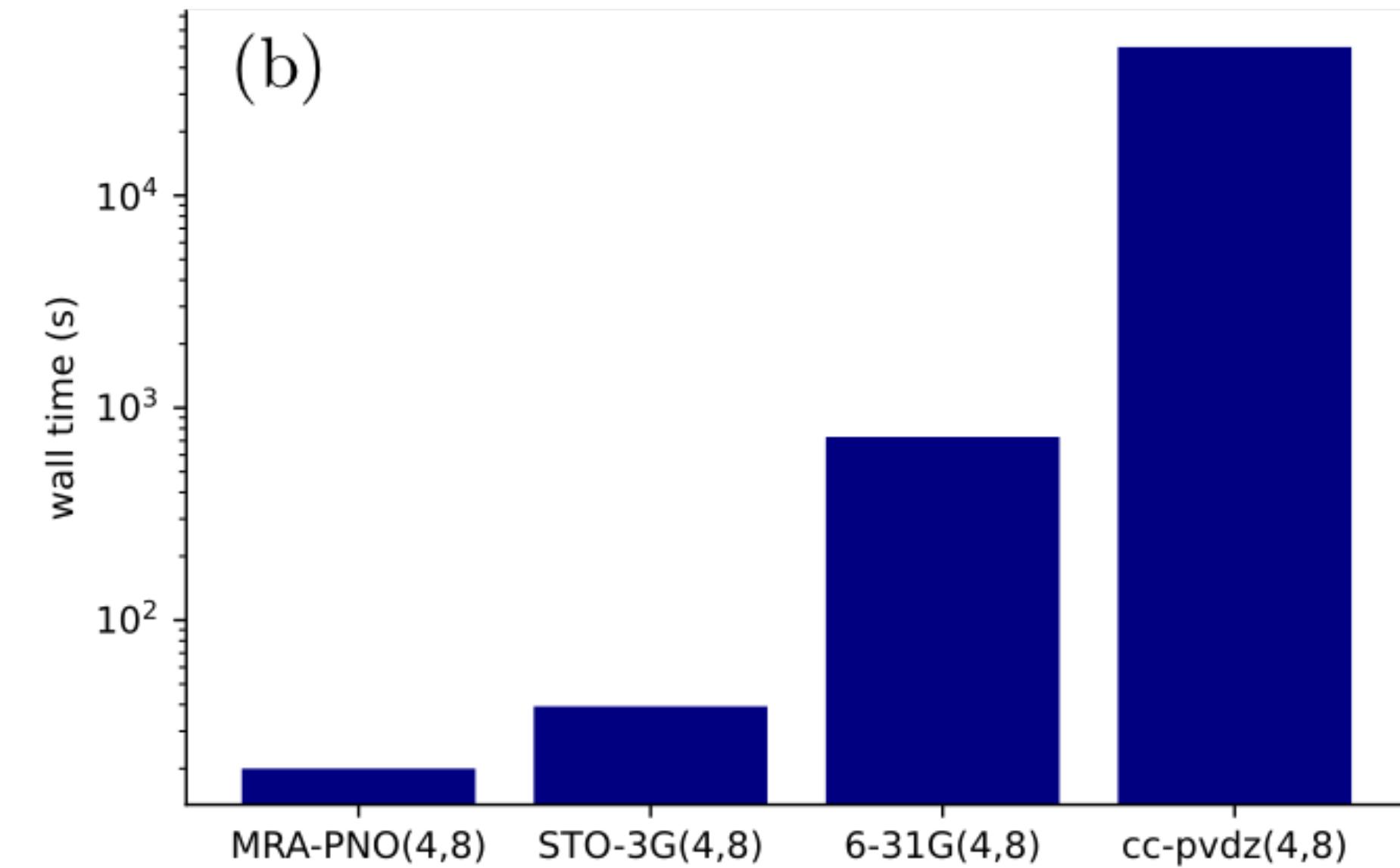
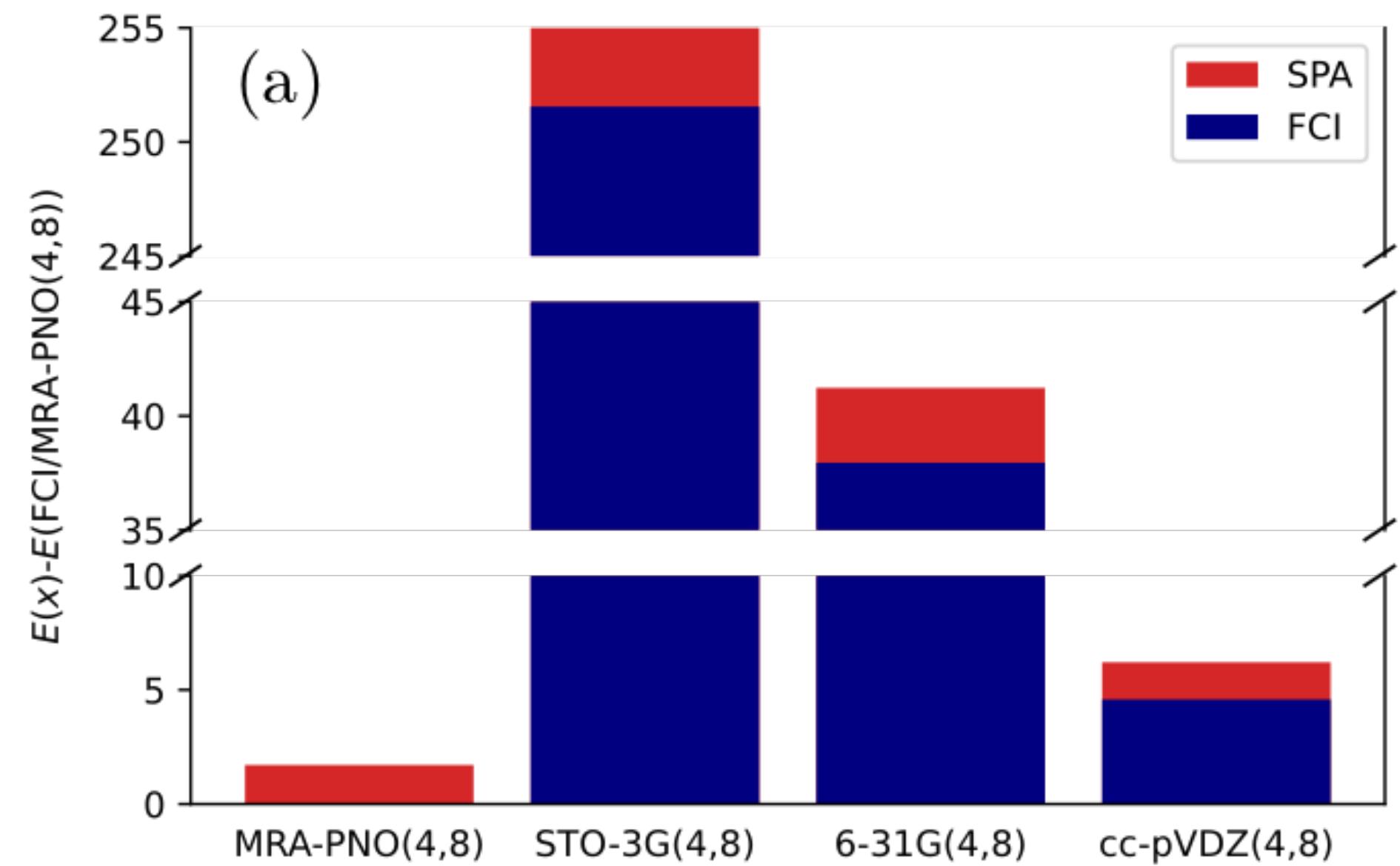
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Why Basis-Set-Free?

Why Basis-Set-Free?

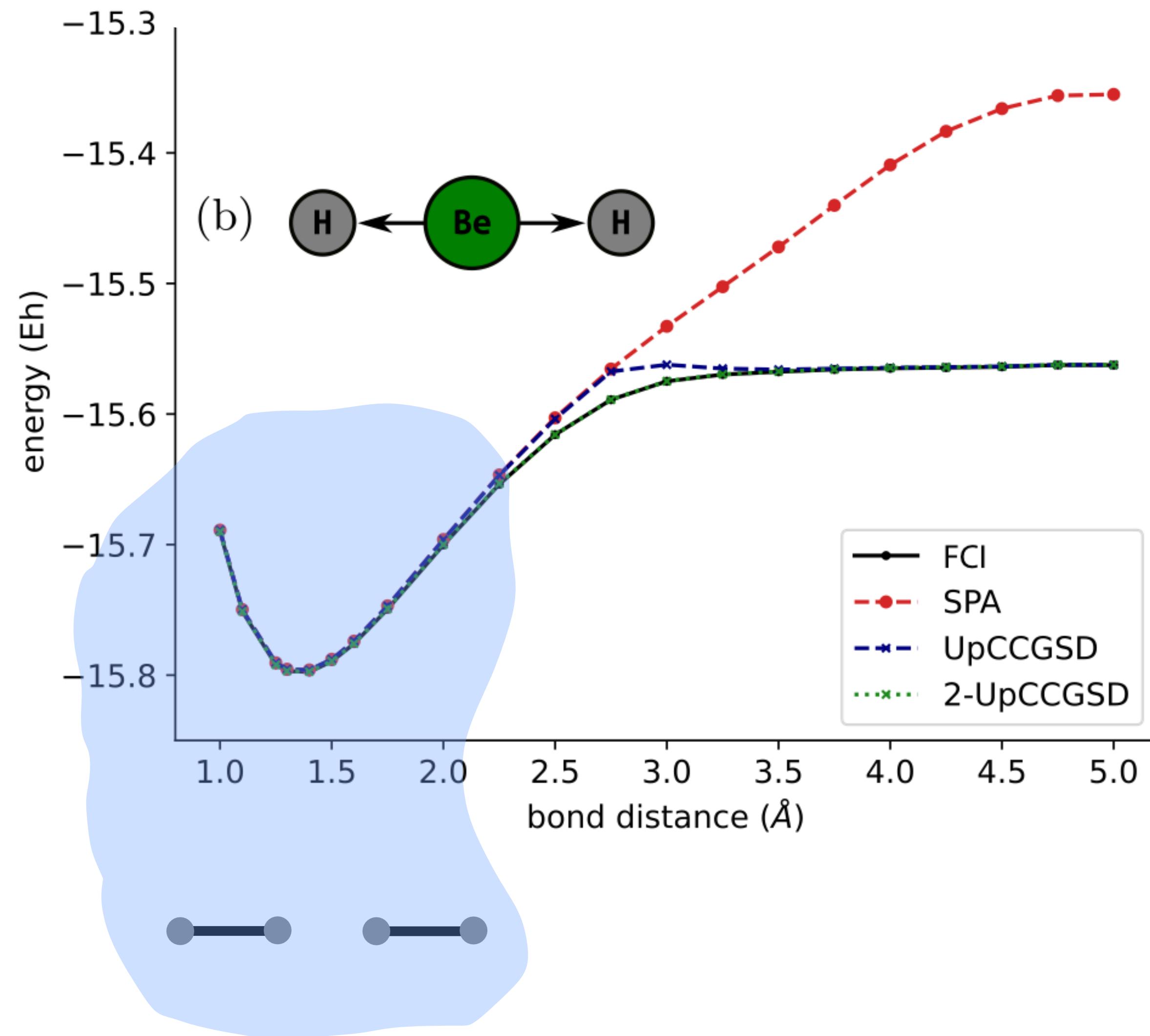
faster and more accurate



BeH₂ with 8 qubits

Standard basis sets: tequila + pyscf

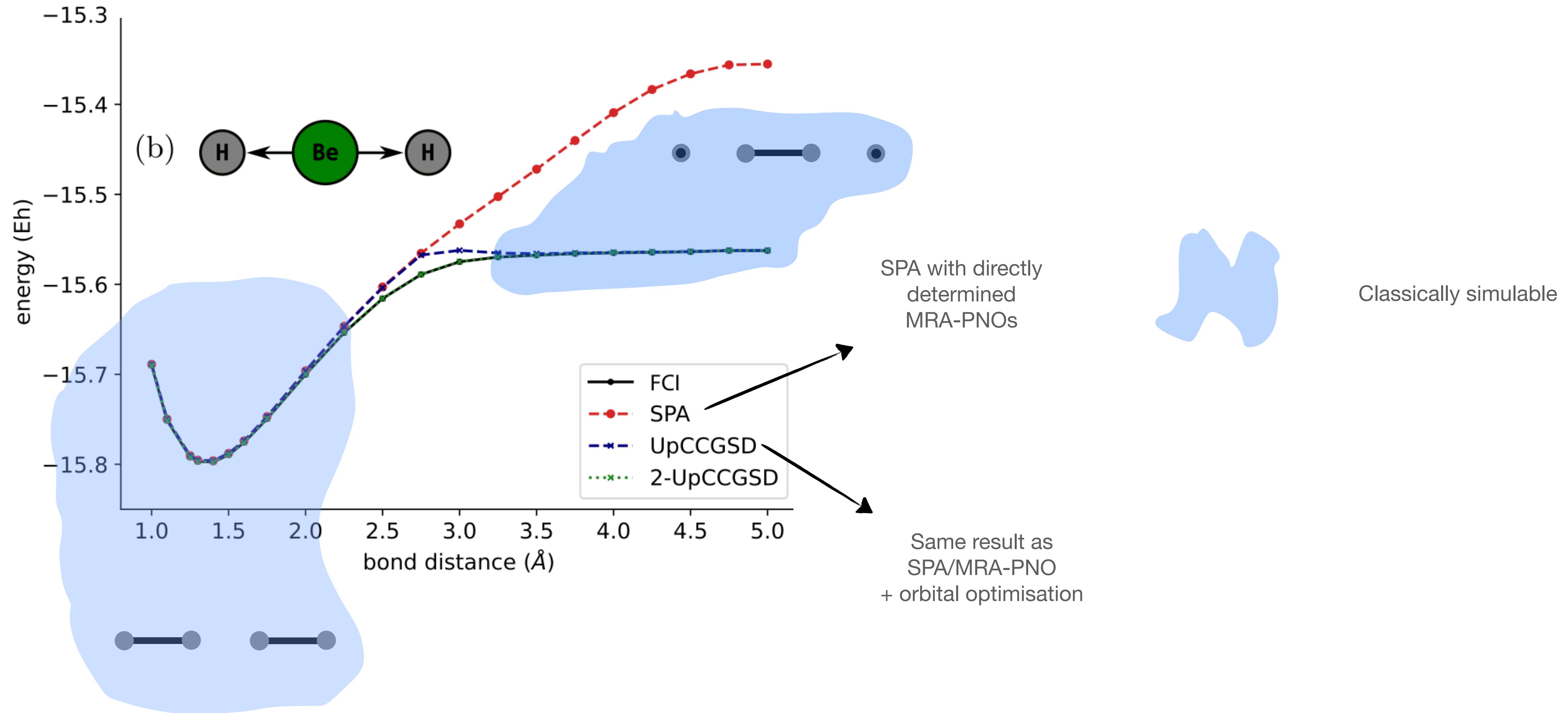
MRA-PNOs: tequila + madness



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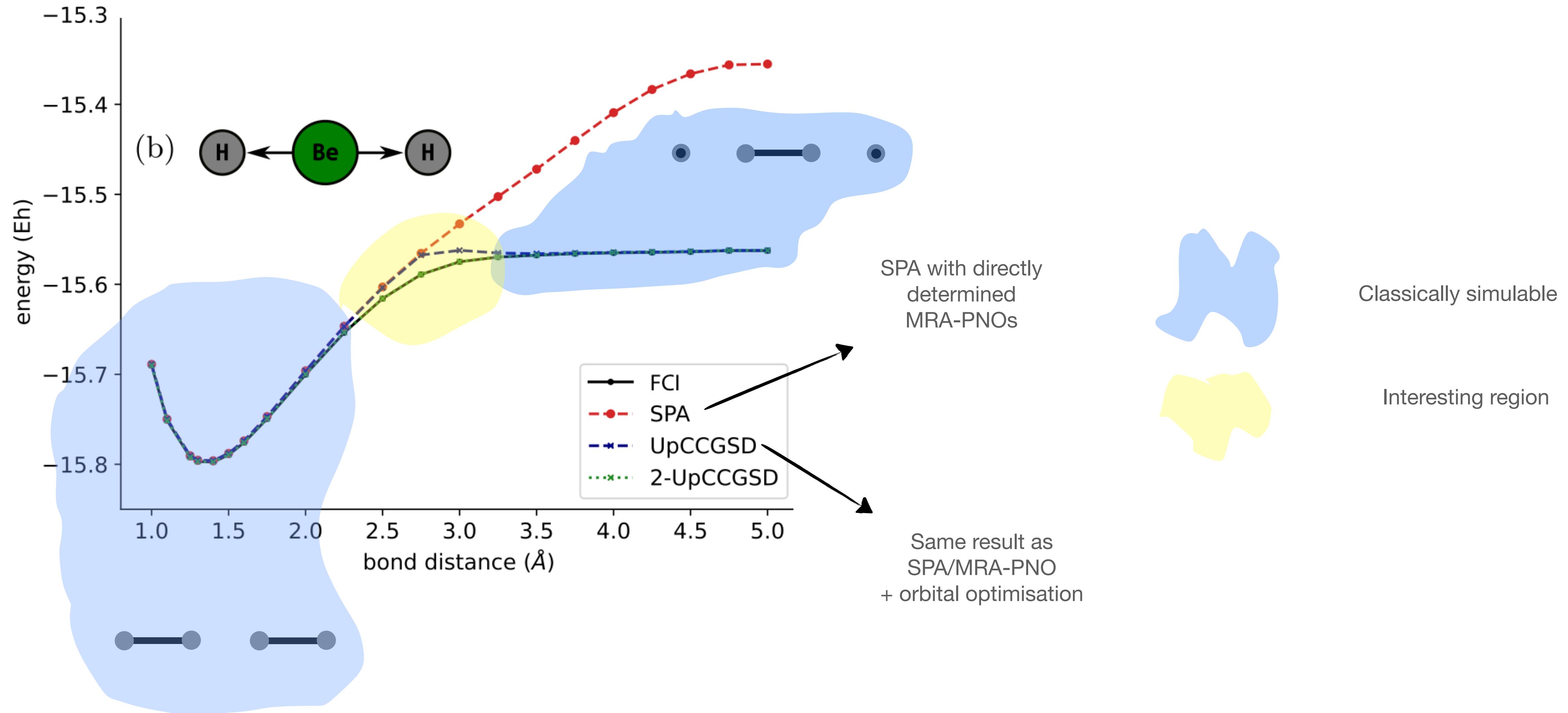
beh2.py



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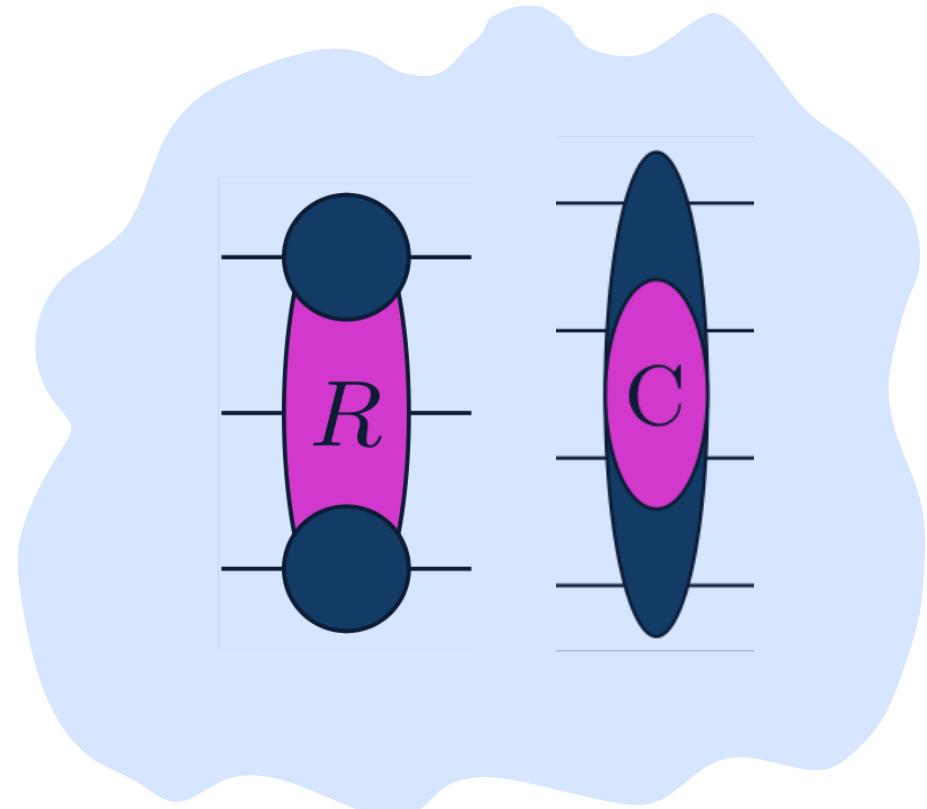
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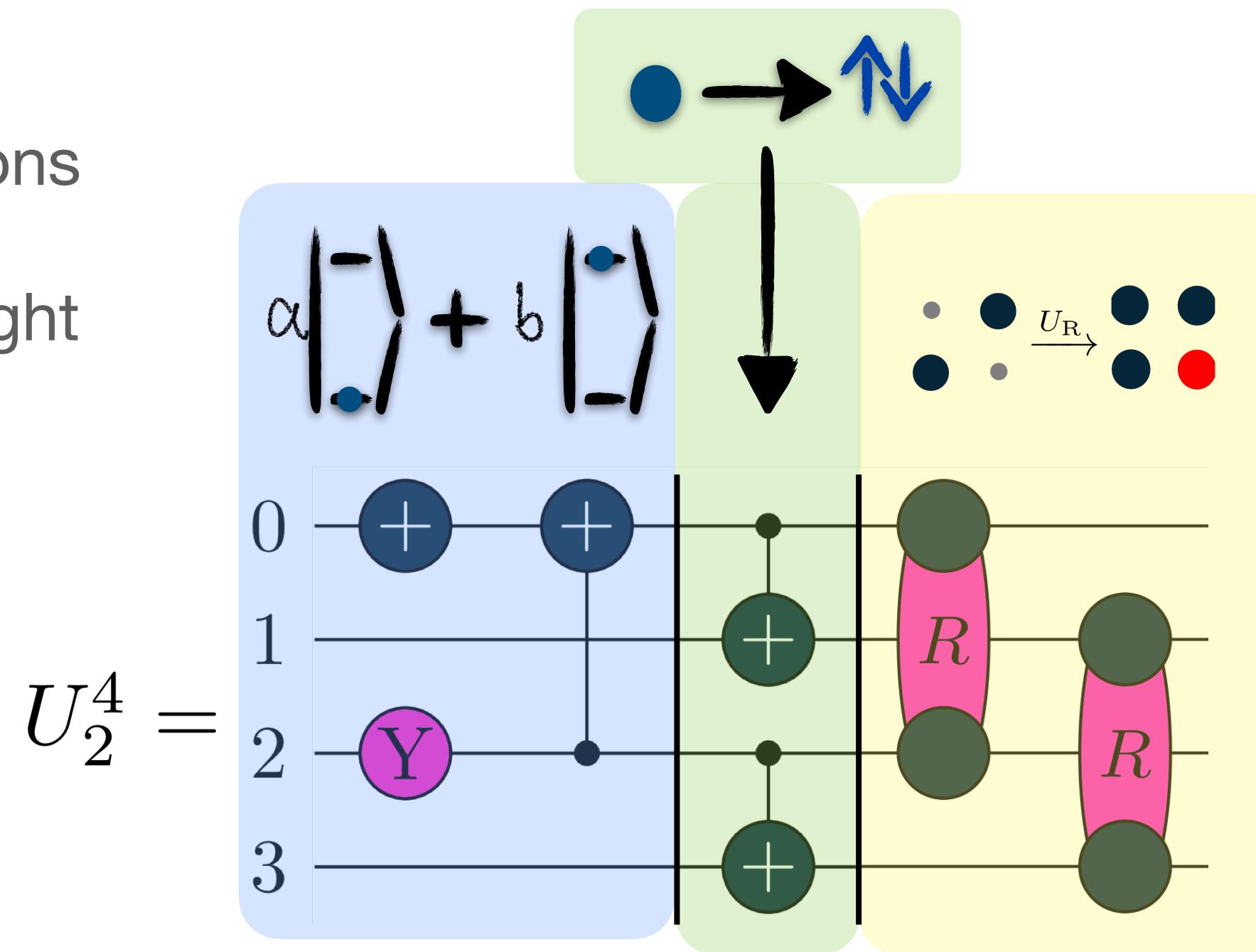
beh2.py

Summary

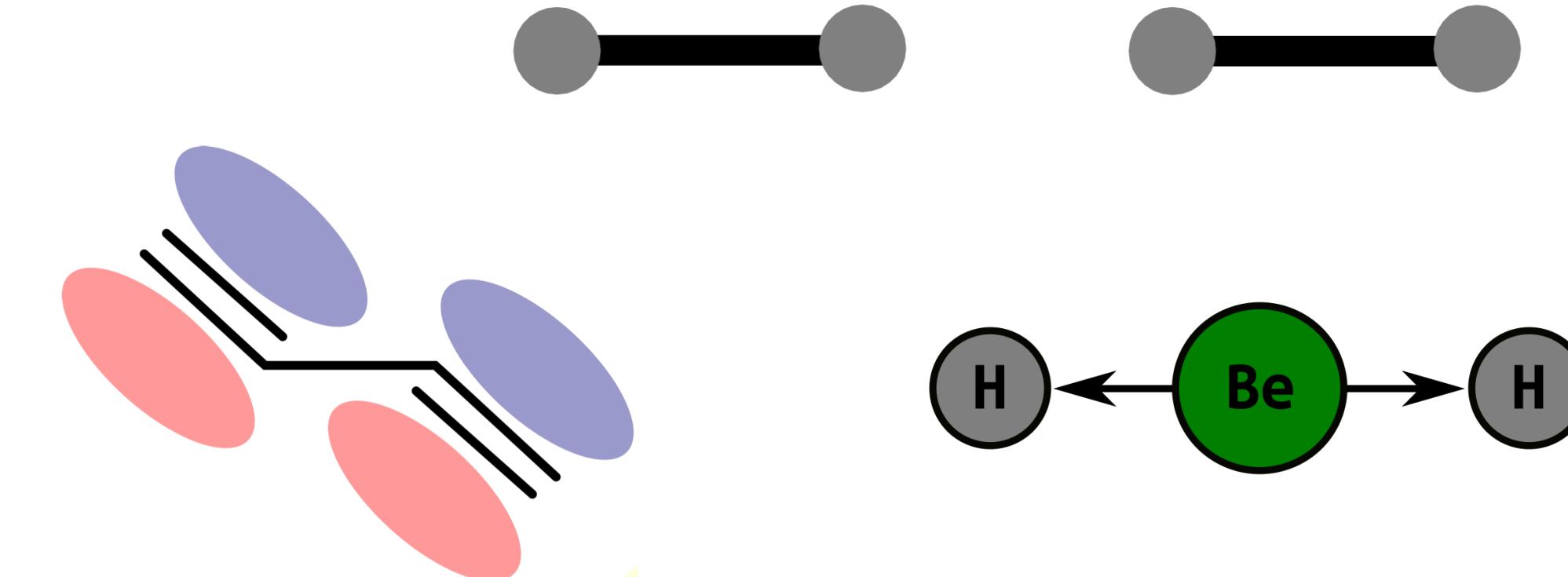
Basic Building Blocks



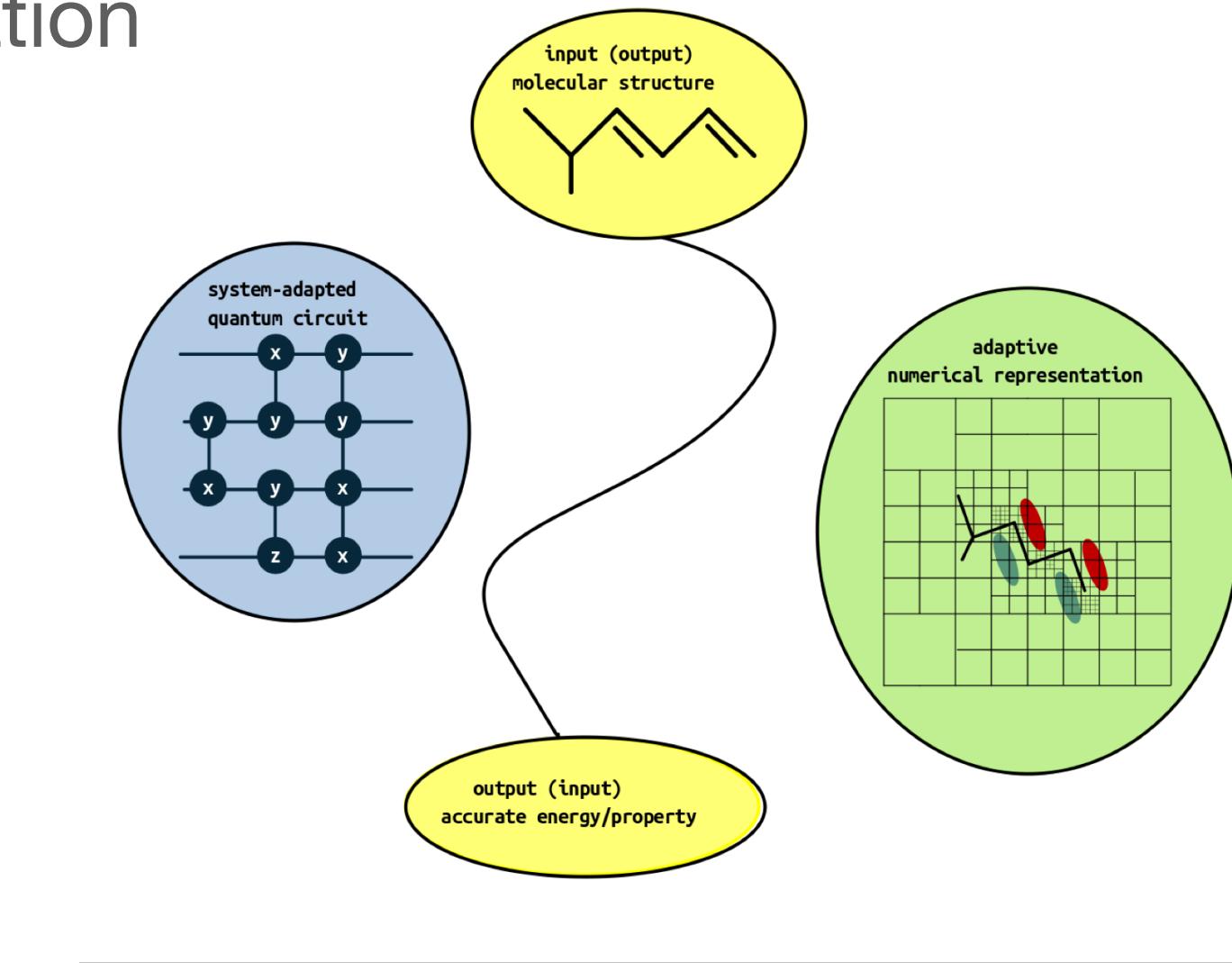
Approximations and Physical Insight



Abstraction & Transferability



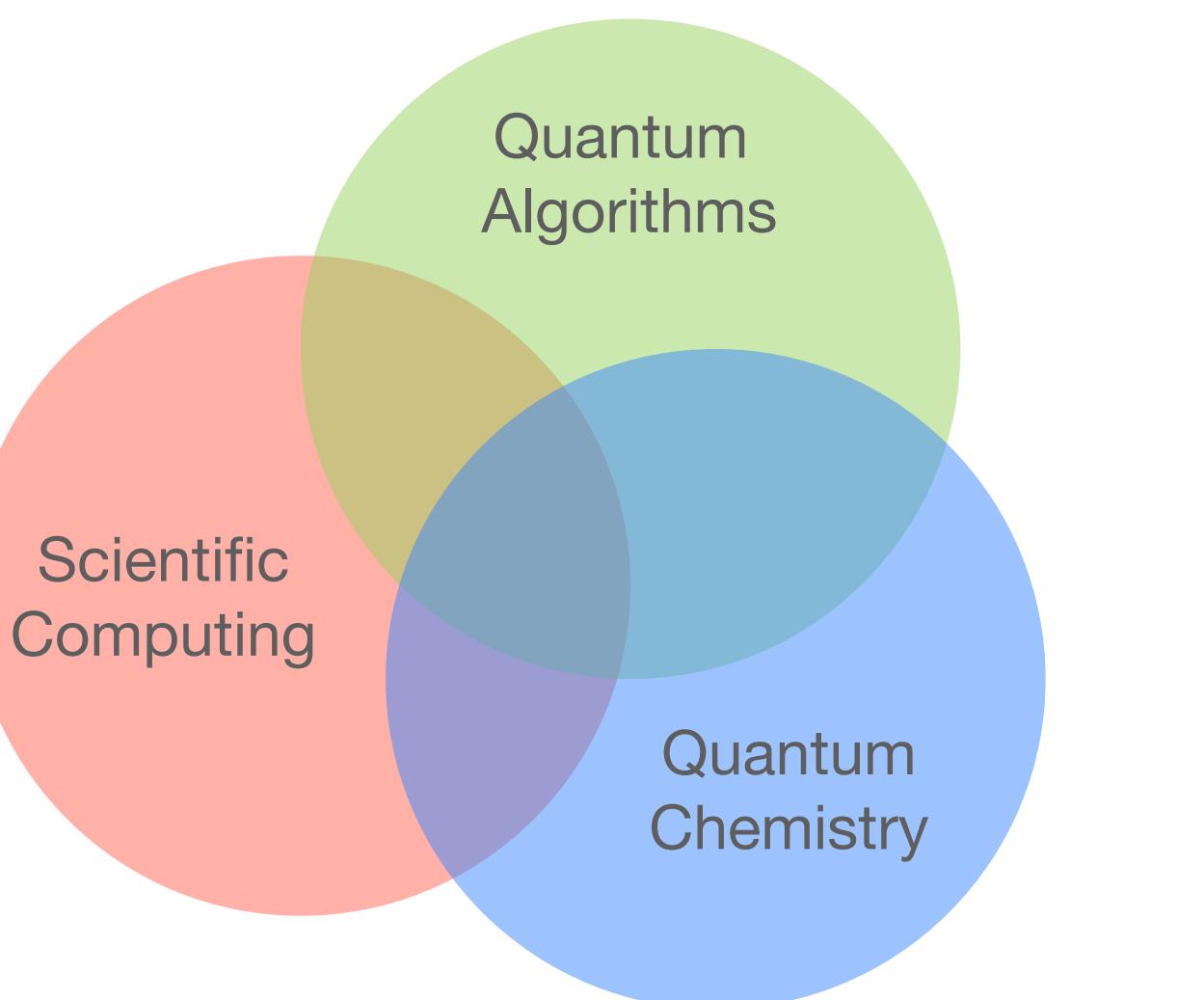
Automatisation





Universität
Augsburg
University

**Positions available
(PhD and Postdoc)
Starting end of 2022**



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