

AT90CAN128/64/32

AVR GCC Platforms: WinAVR-20060421 or WinAVR-20070122



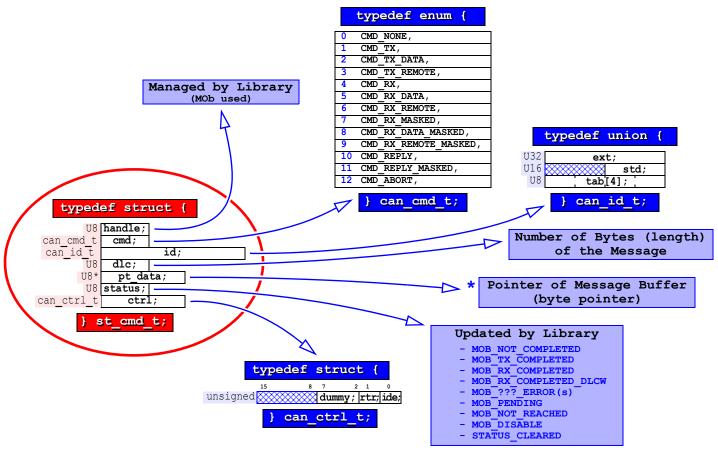
CAN Library

1 - THREE MAIN ELEMENTS (c.f. "can lib.h")

- 1. "st cmd t" structure (CAN message descriptor),
- 2. "U8 can cmd (st cmd t *)" function (to perform a command -action- on the CAN bus),
- 3. "U8 can_get_status (st_cmd_t *)" function (to know if the command is performed or not).

1.1 - "st cmd t" Structure

Figure 1. CAN Message Descriptor Structure



1.2 - "U8 can_cmd (st_cmd_t *)" Function

- This function needs as argument a pointer on a structure of "st_cmd_t" type, a CAN message descriptor.
- This function looks for a MOb free and configures it with data given by the CAN message descriptor.
- This function updates the status of the CAN message descriptor and returns the rating of its action:
 -> CAN_CMD_ACCEPTED or CAN_CMD_REFUSED.



1.3 - "U8 can_get_status (st_cmd_t *)" Function

- This function needs as argument a pointer on a structure of "st_cmf_t" type, a CAN message descriptor.
- With the "handle" information of the CAN message descriptor, this function returns a status about current action of the MOb:
 - -> CAN_STATUS_COMPLETED, CAN_STATUS_NOT_COMPLETED or CAN_STATUS_ERROR.

2. Exemple of Using

2.1 - Simple

```
//.....
U8 buffer[];
st_cmd_t message;
//.....
message.pt_data = &buffer[0];
message.cmd = CMD_RX;
while(can_cmd(&message) != CAN_CMD_ACCEPTED);
while(can_get_status(&message) == CAN_STATUS_NOT_COMPLETED);
//.....
```

2.2 - Full

```
//.....
U8 c status;
U8 buffer[];
st cmd t message;
message.pt data = &buffer[0];
message.cmd = CMD RX;
//.....
if(can_cmd(&message) == CAN CMD REFUSED)
   //.....
else
   c_status = can_get_status(&message);
   switch (c_status)
       case CAN STATUS COMPLETED:
           //.....
           break:
       case CAN STATUS NOT COMPLETED:
           //.....
           break;
       case CAN STATUS ERROR:
           //.....
           break:
       default:
           //.....
       break;
    }
```



3 - OTHER FUNCTION(S)

3.1 - "U8 can_init (U8 mode)" Function

- This function performs a full initialization of the CAN controller. This function also accepts an automatic recognition of the Baud Rate on the CAN bus (c.f. "#define CAN_BAUDRATE ..." in "config.h" file).
- The first time in the program, this function performs needs "0x00" as argument. If the automatic recognition of the Baud Rate is used and some fails are detected, new calling(s) to this function may be necessary (the function will try other values than those already tested), it will need "0x01" as argument.
- Especially when automatic recognition of the Baud Rate is used, this function returns "0x00" when <u>none</u> Baud Rate has been found, else "0x01" is returned.

Example:

```
void main (void)
{
U8 temp;

temp = 0;
//.....
while(1)
{
    temp = can_init(temp);
    if (temp != 0)
    {
        //.....
        your_program(); // If too many errors, output from "your_program()"
    }
    else
    {
        printf("No synchro, exit.\r\n"); break;
    }
}
while(1); // Error loop
```



Notes:

