

# TCH Technology OpenLCB CAN/USB Interface

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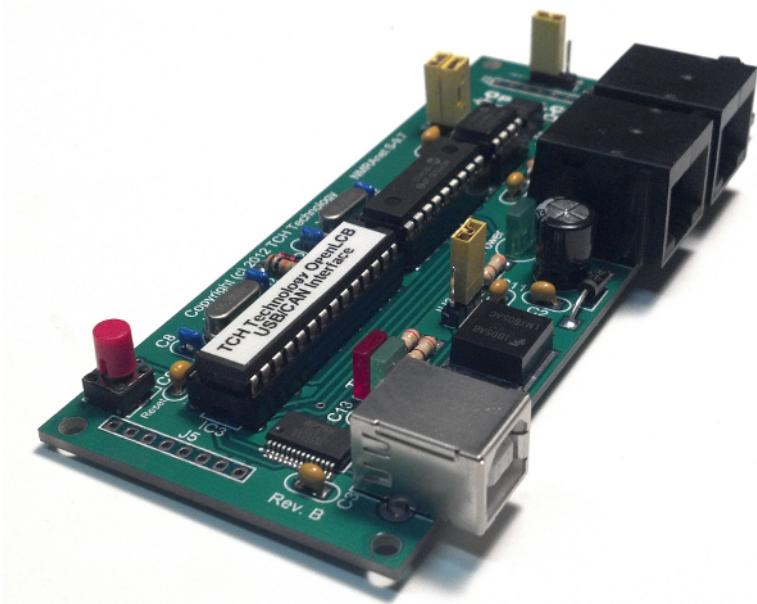


# Chapter 1

## Hardware

### 1.0.1 Included with purchase

- One OpenLCB CAN/USB Interface



The TCH Technology CAN/USB interface is used for connecting a computer to an OpenLCB CAN network. The CAN/USB interface is a plug and play device. Provisioning is by selection of various jumpers.



## Chapter 2

# Provisioning the CAN/USB Interface

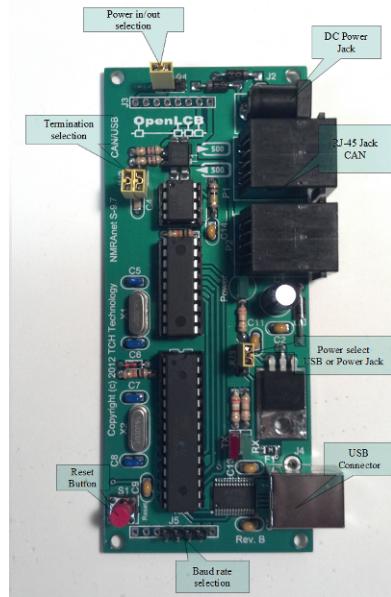


Figure 2.1: TCH TechnologyCAN/USB jumpers and connecters

The CAN/USB interface has various jumpers that need to be provisioned before it will work with your computer and other OpenLCB boards.

## 2.1 Powering the CAN/USB Interface

The TCH Technology CAN/USB can be powered in one of three ways: From an external power supply, via the OpenLCB bus, or via a USB connection from a PC.

### 2.1.1 Power from the external jack

You may power the CAN/USB using an external power supply that provides a 2.1mm center-positive plug, and between 9 and 12V DC at 500mA or more of current.



Figure 2.2: Jumper set to provide power from line in jack

### 2.1.2 Power from the USB

Powering the CAN/USB interface from the USB connector.

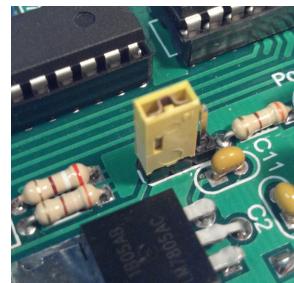


Figure 2.3: Jumper set to provide power from PC USB

## 2.2 Power on the OpenLCB bus

Note: Drawing power from the OpenLCB bus requires that at least one other node be configured to provide power to the OpenLCB bus. If the CAN/USB Interface is configured to use an external power supply, optionality it can be configured to provide power to the OpenLCB bus.

### 2.2.1 Provide power to the OpenLCB bus

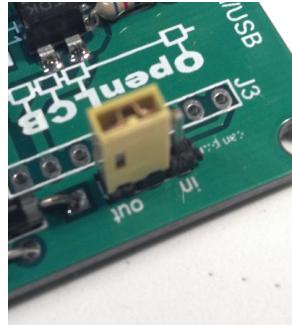


Figure 2.4: CAN POWER jumper set to provide power to the OpenLCB bus

Set the “can power” jumper to “out”, as per §2.4.

### 2.2.2 Provide Power from the OpenLCB bus

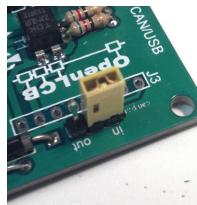


Figure 2.5: CAN POWER jumper set to provide power from the OpenLCB bus

Set the “can power” jumper to “in”, as per §2.5. Note: Remove the “can power” jumper entirely if the CAN/USB will neither draw power from nor provide power to the OpenLCB bus.

## 2.3 Termination of the Bus

You must determine if you need to terminate your bus. If your CAN/USB Interface is at the beginning of the CAN bus or at the end of the CAN bus you need to terminate the buss.

### 2.3.1 No termination

To use no termination, the yellow shorting jumpers shall be in the non-shorting position. See §2.6.

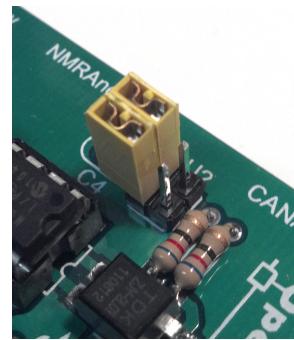


Figure 2.6: No termination

### 2.3.2 Resistive termination

Resistive termination uses just one yellow shorting jumper set parallel with the two resistors. See §2.7

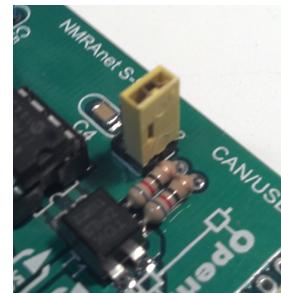


Figure 2.7: Resistive termination

### 2.3.3 Capacitive termination

Capacitive termination uses two yellow shorting jumpers in parallel. See §2.8

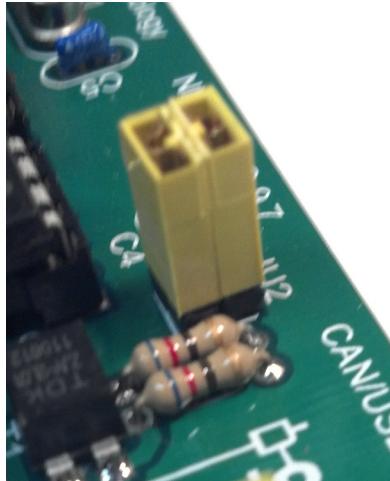


Figure 2.8: Capacitive termination

## 2.4 Baud Rate Selection

The CAN/USB interface has three selections for baud rate speed. 500k baud, 333,333 baud and 230,400 baud. Selection is done using the yellow jumpers.

### 2.4.1 Procedure for setting baud rate

Each time a baud rate is selected, pushing the red reset button is required to initialize the selection.

### 2.4.2 Default 500k baud

For the selection of the default 500k baud there shall be no yellow shorting jumpers on the baud rate selection pin headers.

### 2.4.3 333,333 baud rate selection

Position the yellow shorting jumper as per the figure in §2.9

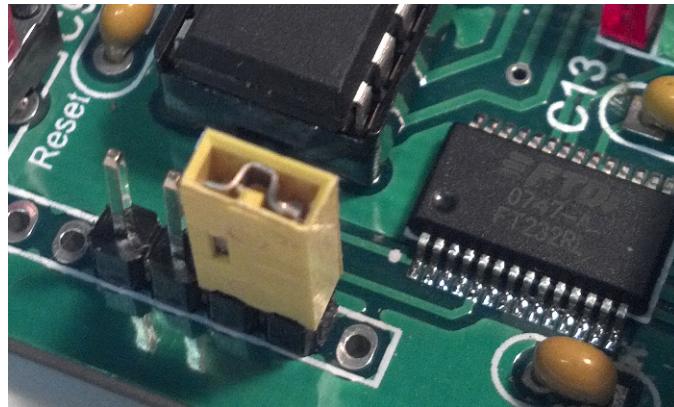


Figure 2.9: 333,333 baud rate selection

#### 2.4.4 230,400 baud rate selection

Position the yellow shorting jumper as per the figure in §2.10

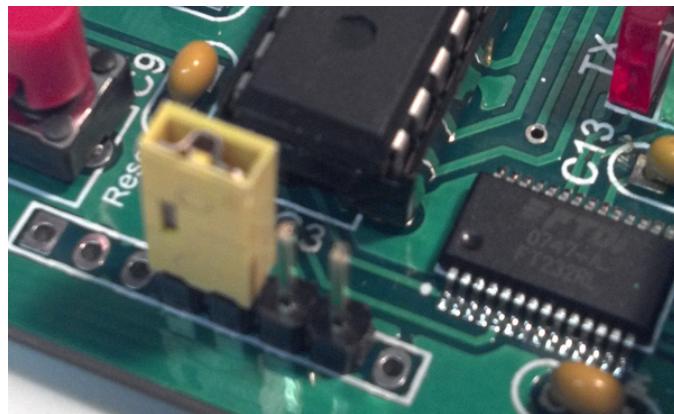


Figure 2.10: 230,400 baud rate selection

# Chapter 3

## Using JMRI Panel Pro

JMRI Main Screen



Figure 3.1: JMRI Panel Pro

## 3.1 JMRI Preferences

### 3.1.1 Connections

JMRI Preferences Screen. Select OpenLCB for your connection.

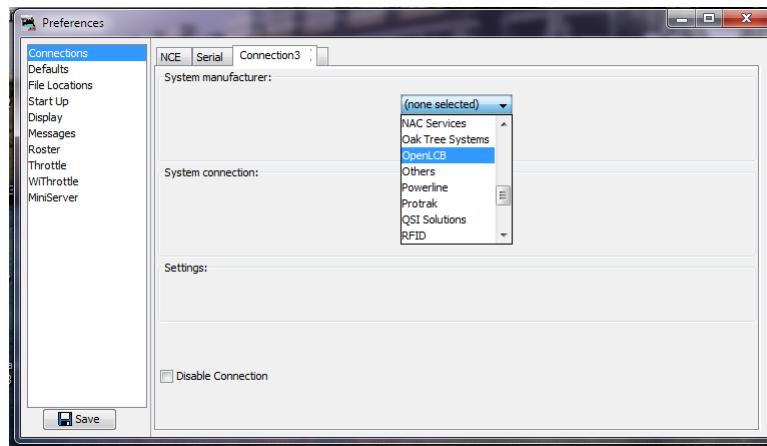


Figure 3.2: JMRI Preferences

### 3.1.2 TCH Tech Adapter

Select the “CAN via TCH Tech CAN/USB adapter”

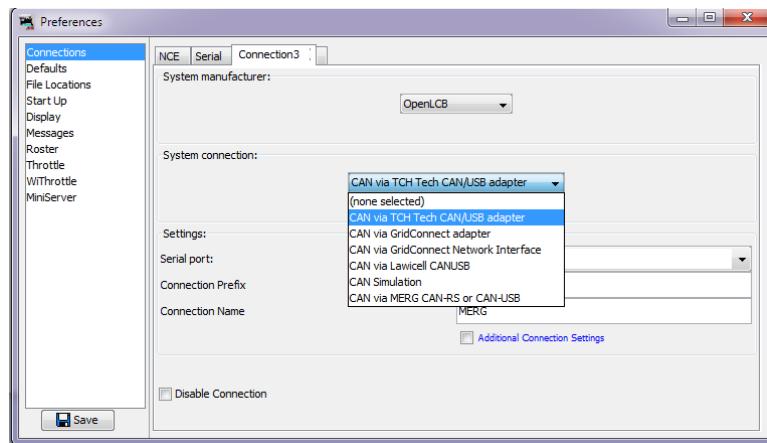


Figure 3.3: JMRI TCH Tech Adapter

### 3.1.3 JMRI comport

Select the “COM Port”

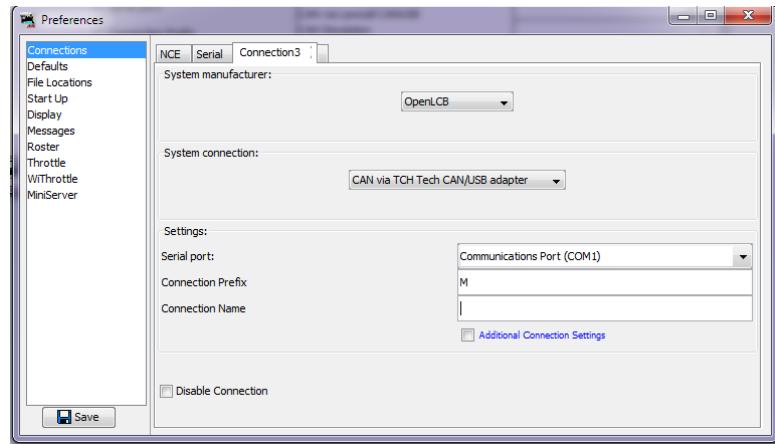


Figure 3.4: JMRI comport

### 3.1.4 JMRI baud rate

Type in your “Connection Name” usually “OpenLCB”. Click on the box for Additional Connection Settings. Select the “comport baud rate”

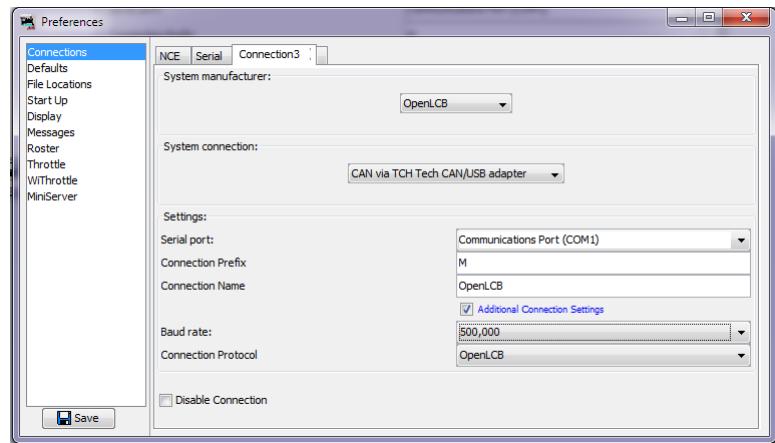


Figure 3.5: JMRI baud rate selection

### 3.1.5 JMRI complete

Your connection to JMRI should now be complete.

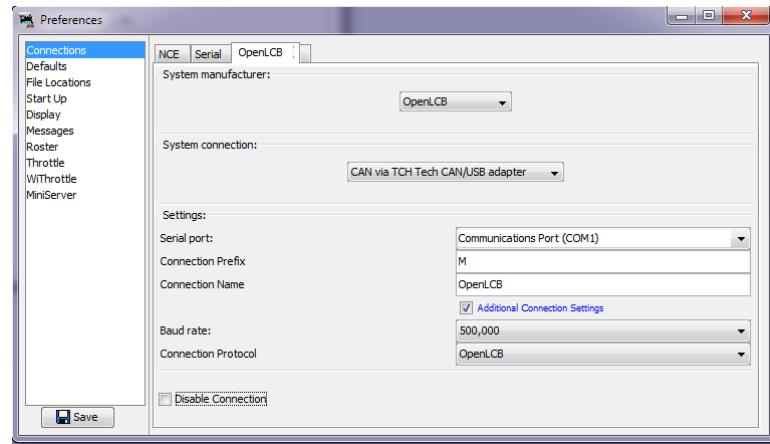


Figure 3.6: JMRI Completion

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