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Kimmo Puputti

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DRAFT! — Wednesday 11th January, 2012 — DRAFT!

Supervisor: Professor Petri Vuorimaa, Aalto University

Instructor: Risto Sarvas D.Sc.(Tech.)



Aalto University School of Science !Fixme **Set degree program** Fixme!

ABSTRACT OF MASTER'S THESIS

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Aalto-yliopisto Perustieteiden korkeakoulu Tietotekniikan tutkinto-ohjelma

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Kimmo Puputti

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0.1 Thesis Git repository info

Build time: Wednesday 11th January, 2012 16:38

Git HEAD:

```
commit e0e0c9a6708de1cc43eac30a3fd6b34308351d4c
Author: Kimmo Puputti <kpuputti@gmail.com>
Date: Wed Jan 11 15:19:26 2012 +0200

Add HTML5 mobile app anatomy figure.
```

Repository status:

```
# On branch master
# Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 2 commits.
#
# Changes not staged for commit:
# (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
# (use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)
#
# modified: introduction.tex
# modified: sources.bib
# modified: thesis.pdf
#
no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")
```

Mobile OS Type	Skill Set Required
Apple iOS	C, Objective C
Google Android	Java (Harmony flavored, Dalvik VM)
RIM BlackBerry	Java (J2ME flavored)
Symbian	C, C++, Python, HTML/CSS/JS
Windows Mobile	.NET
Windows 7 Phone	.NET
HP Palm webOS	HTML/CSS/JS
MeeGo	C, C++, HTML/CSS/JS
Samsung bada	C++

Table 1.1: Required skill sets for different mobile platforms. [2]

Introduction: Smartphone Market and the Need for Cross-Platform Support

- 1.1 Smartphone Landscape
- 1.2 HTML5
- 1.2.1 History
- 1.2.2 Markup
- 1.2.3 CSS3
- 1.2.4 JavaScript APIs
- 1.2.5 Related APIs
- 1.3 Modern Mobile Web Application Architecture
- 1.3.1 Single-Page applications
- 1.3.1.1 JavaScript MVC Libraries
- 1.3.2 Responsive Design
- 1.3.3 Progressive Enhancement
- 1.3.4 UI Libraries
- 1.3.4.1 jQuery Mobile
- 1.3.4.2 jQTouch
- 1.3.4.3 Sencha Touch
- 1.3.5 Hybrid Applications



Figure 1.1: HTML5 Mobile Application Anatomy (citation needed)

1.4 Performance Guidelines

!Fixme Add intro to sources and reasoning why frontend performance matters. [7, 8] Fixme!

- Make Fewer HTTP Requests
- Use a Content Delivery Network
- Add an Expires Header
- Gzip Components
- Put Stylesheets at the Top
- Put Scripts at the Bottom
- Avoid CSS Expressions
- Make Javascript and CSS External
- Reduce DNS Lookups
- Minify JavaScript
- Avoid Redirects
- Remove Duplicate Scripts
- Configure ETags
- Make Ajax Cacheable
- Splitting the Initial Payload
- Loading Scripts Without Blocking
- Coupling Asynchronous Scripts
- Positioning Inline Scripts
- Writing Efficient JavaScript
- Scaling with Comet
- Going Beyond Gzipping
- Optimizing Images

CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION: SMARTPHONE MARKET AND THE NEED FOR CROSS-F

- Sharding Dominant Domains
- Flushing the Document Early
- Using Iframes Sparingly
- Simplifying CSS Selectors

Research Question: HTML5 - Hype versus Realities?

Methods: Example Application and Library

3.1 Qt Developer Days 2011 Conference Schedule Application

The Qt Developer Days¹ is a conference for developers using the Qt cross-platform application and UI (?) framework². We created a mobile web application for conference with contextual and personalized session information and per-day schedule.

3.1.1 Application Architecture

The conference schedule³ is a single-page application (citation needed)with a lightweight backend written in Python using the Django Web Framework⁴.

The backend provides the static assets (JavaScript, CSS (?), images, etc.) and an API (?) for persisting session feedback to a MySQL⁵ relational database. It also generates the HTML5 AppCache (citation needed)offline cache manifest file based on the device type.

The frontend is a JavaScript application written using the Backbone⁶ MVC (?) framework. Other used JavaScript libraries include Underscore⁷,

¹http://qt.nokia.com/qtdevdays2011/

²http://qt.nokia.com/

³http://m.qtdevdays2011.qt.nokia.com/

⁴https://www.djangoproject.com/

⁵http://www.mysql.com/

⁶http://backbonejs.org/

⁷http://underscorejs.org/

jQuery⁸, Handlebars⁹, and Modernizr¹⁰. The HTML5 Mobile Boilerplate¹¹ was used as an initial markup structure for the application.

Wireless networks can be unreliable in conference settings, so offline support was also added using several different JavaScript techniques and HTML5 APIs.

The application was designed for touch screens on various platforms and screen sizes. The layout adjusts to the available space and provides rich interactive components. Integration to social networking services was also added to the application.

3.2 JSONCache JavaScript Library

JSONCache is a lightweight JavaScript library for fetching JSON (?) data in flaky networks. The library was designed especially to handle flaky mobile networks with connection problems and short interruptions. The goal is to avoid networking as long as possible and failing gracefully if network connections are not stable.

JSONCache provides two main functionalities: data caching and attempting to fetch the data multiple times.

The caching layer uses the client side localStorage (citation needed)cache of HTML5 (?). Data requests can be done using the JSONCache API (?) which always checks the local cache first before opening any network connections. If the data is already in the cache, the cached data is checked for validity and if the data has not been expired, it is returned immediately. If the data is not in the cache or it has been expired, a new network request is made and the received data is cached and returned to the requestor. The expiration time of a data item can be configured in the library settings.

JSONCache also tries to fetch the data multiple times to handle small interruptions in network connection. !Fixme add example and explain that it is very common Fixme!. If a data fetch fails, a new fetch is issued after a timeout (defined in the configuration). On subsequent attempts the timeout is increased, and after a defined number of attempts the fetch error is issued to the requestor.

Figure 3.2 shows an interactive demo of the JSONCache library. The demo¹² simulates the caching and fetching functionality of the library by

⁸http://jquery.com/

⁹http://handlebarsjs.com/

¹⁰http://www.modernizr.com/

¹¹http://html5boilerplate.com/mobile

¹²http://kpuputti.github.com/JSONCache/demo/index.html

$CHAPTER\ 3.\ \ METHODS: EXAMPLE\ APPLICATION\ AND\ LIBRARY 16$

simulating a flaky network according to the configuration.



Figure 3.1: Conference schedule application architecture.

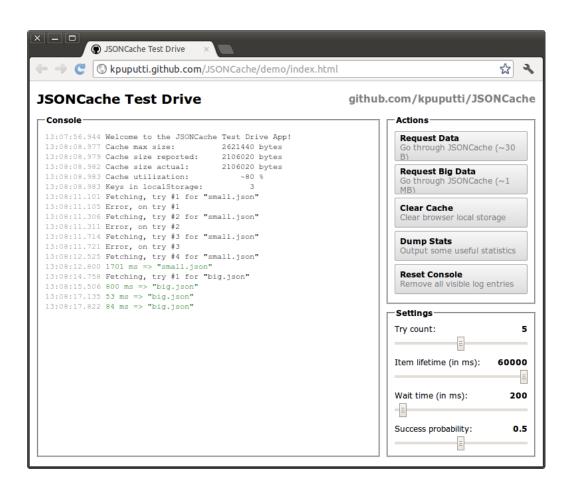


Figure 3.2: Interactive JSONCache demo.

Results: What Was Good and Where Were the Compromises

- 4.1 Targeting Different Platforms
- 4.1.1 Device Detection
- 4.1.2 Feature Detection
- 4.2 Targeting Different Screens
- 4.3 Handling Mobile Networks
- 4.3.1 Minimizing Data Transfer
- 4.3.2 Caching
- 4.3.3 Preloading
- 4.3.4 Offline Support
- 4.3.5 Handling Interruptions
- 4.4 Graphics and Animations
- 4.5 Performance Analysis
- 4.5.1 YSlow
- 4.5.2 PageSpeed

Discussion: Bright Future Ahead for HTML5

\LaTeX

6.1 Citing

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- Mikkonen & Taivalsaari [5]
- Taivalsaari & Mikkonen [9]
- Pilgrim [6]
- Crockford [3]
- Souders [7]
- Garrett [4]
- Zakas [10]

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