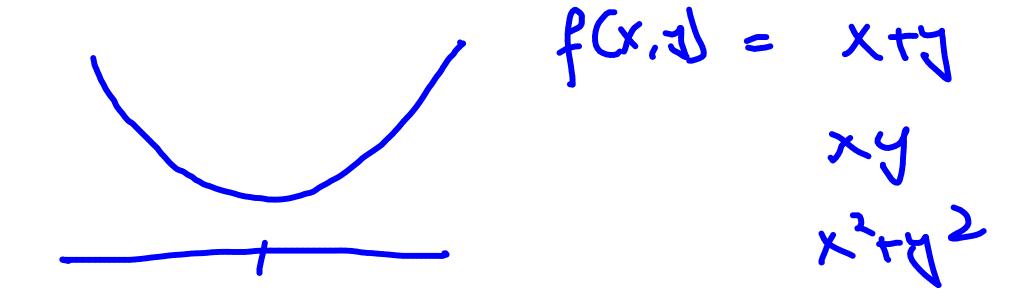
Chapter\_11

Section 11.1

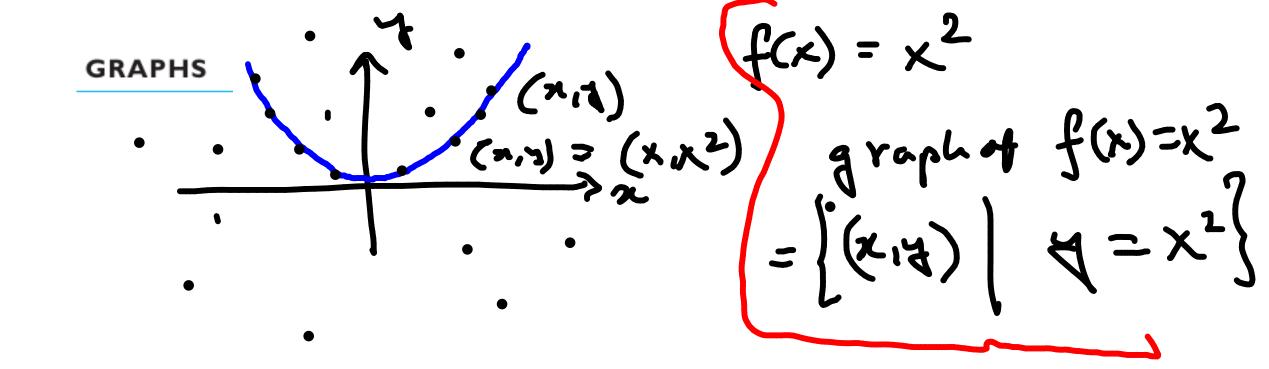
Chapter (1) mostly about functions of f(x,y) = x + y  $x^2 + y^2$ two sovies x22in(x) -> 11.1 graphs & visualization | foxys = 2472 limits, derivatives → 11·2, 11·3:

Lexx) fri 10.8: 8.11, 5.11 &

-> 11.1 graphs & visualization



**EXAMPLE 2** Find the domain and range of  $g(x, y) = \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$ .

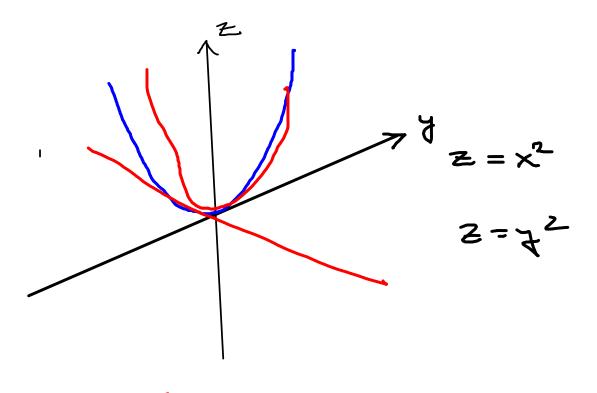


**DEFINITION** If f is a function of two variables with domain D, then the **graph** of f is the set of all points (x, y, z) in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  such that z = f(x, y) and (x, y) is in D.

$$f(x,y) = x+y$$

**DEFINITION** If f is a function of two variables with domain D, then the **graph** of f is the set of all points (x, y, z) in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  such that z = f(x, y) and (x, y)is in D. the outre plane is the domain of Q: Express the graph of f(x,y) = xy as a cot =  $\int (x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 | Z = x+y^2$ 

d. Draw the graph of f(x,y)= x2+63 paraboloid



**EXAMPLE 4** Sketch the graph of  $g(x, y) = \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$ .

$$Z = \sqrt{9-x^2-y^2}$$
 77

## https://www.geogebra.org/3d?lang=en

(a) 
$$f(x, y) = (x^2 + 3y^2)e^{-x^2-y^2}$$

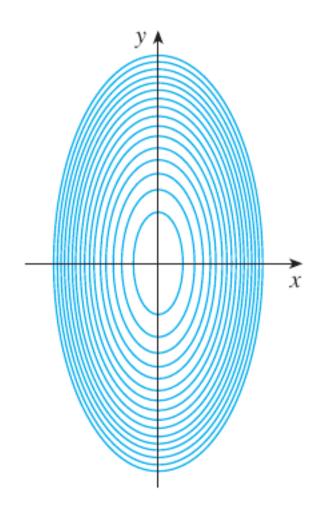
(d) 
$$f(x, y) = \frac{\sin x \sin y}{xy}$$

$$f(x,y) = e^{-x^2 - z^2}$$

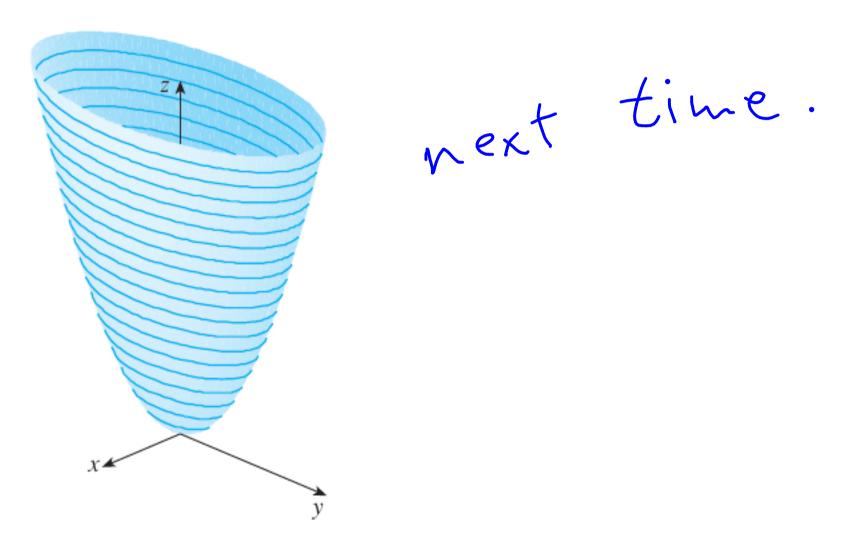
$$= e^{-(8z)} of distance of point from original}$$

bell shaped

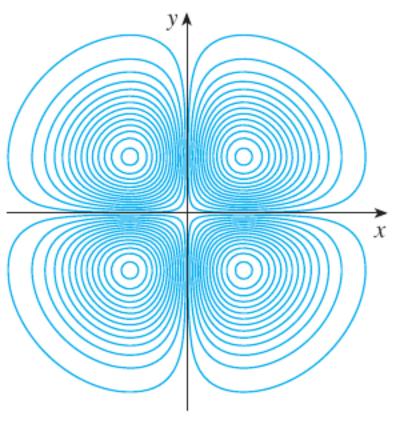
contour curves, or level curves.



(a) Contour map



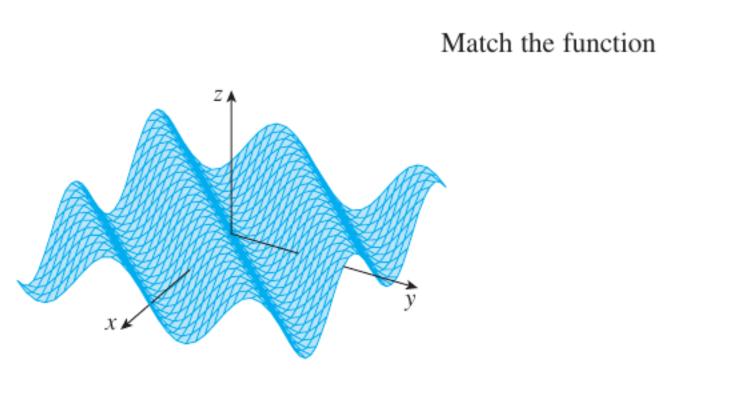
(b) Horizontal traces are raised level curves

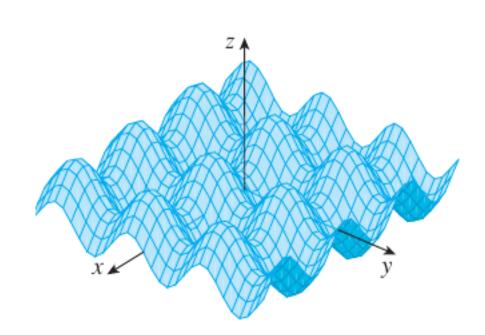


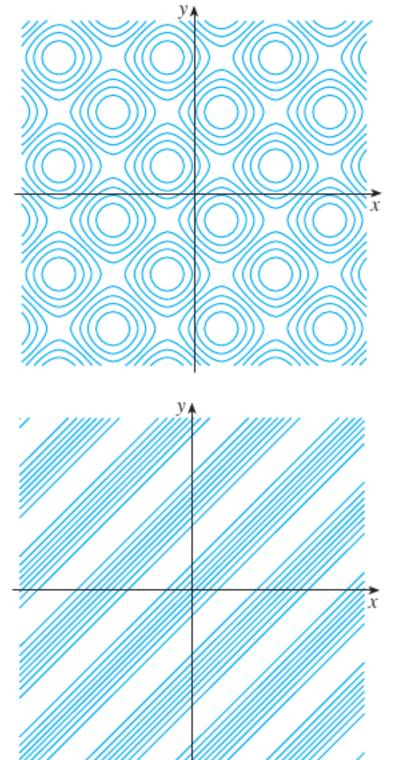
(a) Level curves of  $f(x, y) = -xye^{-x^2-y^2}$ 

**EXAMPLE 10** Find the domain of f if  $f(x, y, z) = \ln(z - y) + xy \sin z$ .

**EXAMPLE 11** Find the level surfaces of the function  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ .







contour plots or level curves