

$$1) \quad n=2$$

$$m=3 \Rightarrow q_1 = \theta, \quad q_2 = \phi, \quad q_3 = r$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \dot{\phi} \hat{e}_z$$

$$\vec{r} = (l+r) \sin \theta \hat{e}_r + (l+r) \cos \theta \hat{e}_z$$

$$(\dot{\vec{r}})_{\text{rel}} = [(l+r) \dot{\theta} \cos \theta + \dot{r} \sin \theta] \hat{e}_r$$

$$+ [-(l+r) \dot{\theta} \sin \theta + \dot{r} \cos \theta] \hat{e}_z$$

$$\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r} = (l+r) \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \hat{e}_\phi$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}} = (\dot{\vec{r}})_{\text{rel}} + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}} = [(l+r) \dot{\theta} \cos \theta + \dot{r} \sin \theta] \hat{e}_r + (l+r) \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \hat{e}_\phi$$

$$+ [-(l+r) \dot{\theta} \sin \theta + \dot{r} \cos \theta] \hat{e}_z$$

$$V = -mg(l+r) \cos \theta$$

$$L = T - V = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{\vec{r}} \cdot \dot{\vec{r}} + mg(l+r) \cos \theta$$

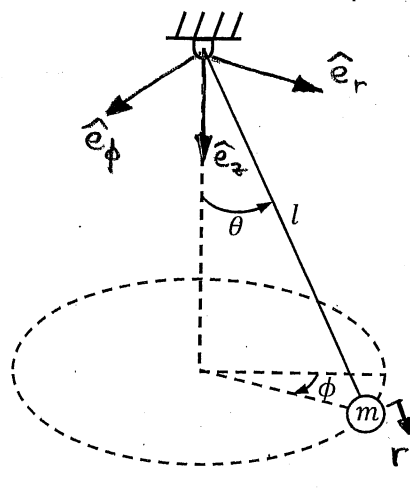
$$L = \frac{m}{2} \left[(l+r)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \cos^2 \theta + 2(l+r) \dot{r} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta + \dot{r}^2 \sin^2 \theta \right.$$

$$+ (l+r)^2 \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta + (l+r)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\left. - 2(l+r) \dot{r} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta + \dot{r}^2 \cos^2 \theta \right]$$

$$+ mg(l+r) \cos \theta$$

$$L = \frac{m}{2} \left[(l+r)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + (l+r)^2 \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta + \dot{r}^2 \right] + mg(l+r) \cos \theta$$



There is one kinematic constraint ($p=1$):

$$j=1: \quad r=0 \Rightarrow \dot{r}=0 \Rightarrow \ddot{r}=0$$

\Downarrow

$$a_{11}=0, \quad a_{12}=0, \quad a_{13}=1$$

$k=1$ ($q_1 = \theta$)

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = m(l+r)^2 \dot{\theta} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) = m(l+r)^2 \ddot{\theta} + 2m(l+r) \dot{r} \dot{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = m(l+r)^2 \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - mg(l+r) \sin \theta$$

$$m(l+r)^2 \ddot{\theta} + 2m(l+r) \dot{r} \dot{\theta} - m(l+r)^2 \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + mg(l+r) \sin \theta = \lambda_1 q_1^{\prime \prime 0}$$

Let $r = \dot{r} = \ddot{r} = 0$

$$m l^2 \ddot{\theta} - m l^2 \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + mg l \sin \theta = 0$$

or

$$\ddot{\theta} - \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \frac{g}{l} \sin \theta = 0$$

$k=2$ ($q_2 = \phi$)

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\phi}} = m(l+r)^2 \dot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) = m(l+r)^2 \ddot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta + 2m(l+r) \dot{r} \dot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta + 2m(l+r)^2 \dot{\phi} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \phi} = 0$$

$$m l^2 \ddot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta + 2m l^2 \dot{\theta} \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \cos \theta = \lambda_2 q_2^{\prime \prime 0}$$

$$m l^2 \ddot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta + 2m l^2 \dot{\theta} \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \cos \theta = 0$$

or

$$\ddot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta + 2 \dot{\theta} \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \cos \theta = 0$$

$$\underline{k=3 (q_3=r)}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{r}} = m \dot{r} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{r}} \right) = m \ddot{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial r} = m(l+r)\dot{\theta}^2 + m(l+r)\dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta + mg \cos \theta$$

$$m \ddot{r} - m(l+r)\dot{\theta}^2 - m(l+r)\dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta - mg \cos \theta = \overbrace{\lambda_1 a_{13}}^{C_3} = \overbrace{\lambda_1}^{C_3}$$

$$\text{let } r = \dot{r} = \ddot{r} = 0$$

$$C_3 = -m l (\dot{\theta}^2 + \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta) - mg \cos \theta$$

2)

$$N=2$$

$$n=2 \Rightarrow q_1 = \phi, q_2 = \theta$$

$$V = -\frac{mgL}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\vec{r}_G = \left(a + \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta\right) \hat{e}_r - \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta \hat{e}_z$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_G = \frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \hat{e}_r + \left(a + \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta\right) \dot{\phi} \hat{e}_\phi + \frac{L}{2} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \hat{e}_z$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_G \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_G = \frac{L^2}{4} \dot{\theta}^2 \cos^2 \theta + \left(a + \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta\right)^2 \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{L^2}{4} \dot{\theta}^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_G \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_G = \frac{L^2}{4} \dot{\theta}^2 + \left(a + \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta\right)^2 \dot{\phi}^2$$

For the swinging arm:

$$T_{\text{trans}} = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{\vec{r}}_G \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_G = \frac{mL^2}{8} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{m}{2} \left(a + \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta\right)^2 \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$T_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\omega}^T [\mathbf{I}_G] \boldsymbol{\omega} \quad (\text{using the } b_1 b_2 b_3 \text{ frame})$$

$$\text{where } \vec{\omega} = \dot{\phi} \hat{e}_z + \dot{\theta} \hat{b}_3$$

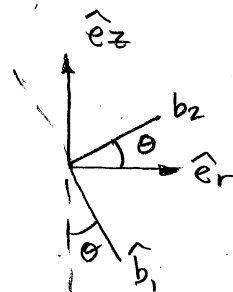
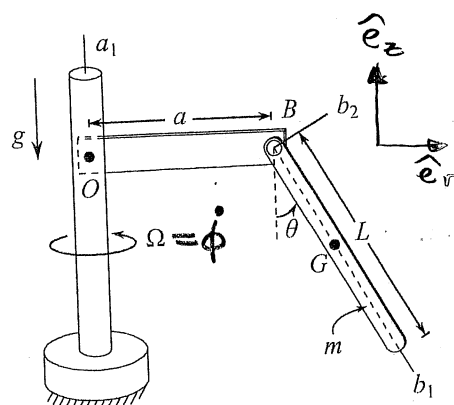
$$\vec{\omega} = \dot{\phi} (-\cos \theta \hat{b}_1 + \sin \theta \hat{b}_2) + \dot{\theta} \hat{b}_3$$

$$\vec{\omega} = -\dot{\phi} \cos \theta \hat{b}_1 + \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \hat{b}_2 + \dot{\theta} \hat{b}_3$$

$$\boldsymbol{\omega} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{\phi} \cos \theta \\ \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[\mathbf{I}_G] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{mL^2}{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{mL^2}{12} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{mL^2}{12} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{mL^2}{12} \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{\phi} \cos \theta & \dot{\phi} \sin \theta & \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{\phi} \cos \theta \\ \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$T_{rot} = \frac{mL^2}{24} \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{\phi} \cos \theta & \dot{\phi} \sin \theta & \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\phi} \sin \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{rot} = \frac{mL^2}{24} (\dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta + \dot{\theta}^2)$$

$$T_{arm} = T_{trans} + T_{rot}$$

$$= \frac{mL^2}{8} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{m}{2} \left(a + \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta\right)^2 \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{mL^2}{24} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$+ \frac{mL^2}{24} \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$= \frac{mL^2}{6} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{m}{2} a^2 \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{m}{2} 2 \frac{aL}{2} \sin \theta \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{m}{2} \frac{L^2}{4} \sin^2 \theta \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{mL^2}{24} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$T_{arm} = \frac{mL^2}{6} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{ma^2}{2} \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{maL}{2} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta + \frac{mL^2}{6} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

For the shaft and horizontal arm:

$$I_0 = \frac{ma^2}{3}$$

$$T_{shaft/arm} = \frac{1}{2} I_0 \dot{\phi}^2 = \frac{ma^2}{6} \dot{\phi}^2$$

Total:

$$L = \frac{mL^2}{6} \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{2ma^2}{3} \dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{maL}{2} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta + \frac{mL^2}{6} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta + \frac{mgL}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$k=1 (q_1 = \phi)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\phi}} = \frac{4ma^2}{3} \dot{\phi} + maL \dot{\phi} \sin \theta + \frac{mL^2}{3} \dot{\phi} \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) = \frac{4ma^2}{3} \ddot{\phi} + maL \ddot{\phi} \sin \theta + maL \dot{\phi} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta + \frac{mL^2}{3} \dot{\phi}' \sin^2 \theta + \frac{2mL^2}{3} \dot{\phi} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \phi} = 0$$

$$\left[\frac{4ma^2}{3} + maL \sin \theta + \frac{mL^2}{3} \sin^2 \theta \right] \ddot{\phi} + \left[maL + \frac{2mL^2}{3} \sin \theta \right] \dot{\phi} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta = 0$$

$$k=2 (q_2 = \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = \frac{mL^2}{3} \dot{\theta} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) = \frac{mL^2}{3} \ddot{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = \frac{maL}{2} \dot{\phi}^2 \cos \theta + \frac{mL^2}{3} \dot{\phi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - \frac{mgL}{2} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{mL^2}{3} \ddot{\theta} - \left[\frac{maL}{2} + \frac{mL^2}{3} \sin \theta \right] \dot{\phi}^2 \cos \theta + \frac{mgL}{2} \sin \theta = 0$$