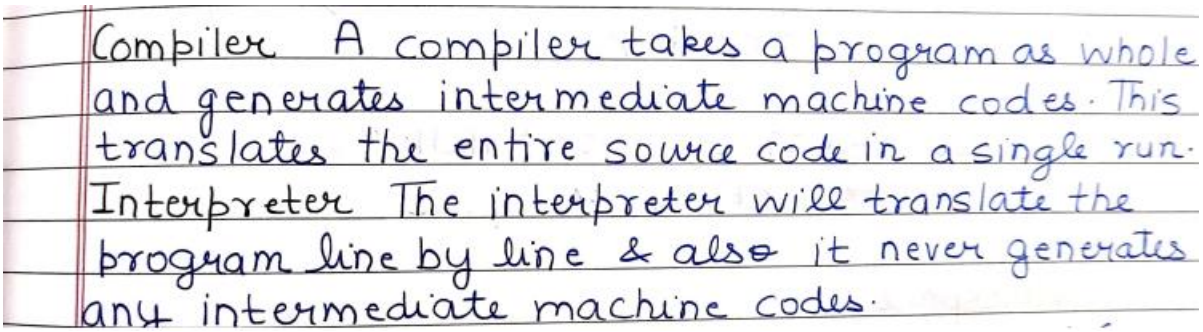
Homework Solutions (28th January 2023)

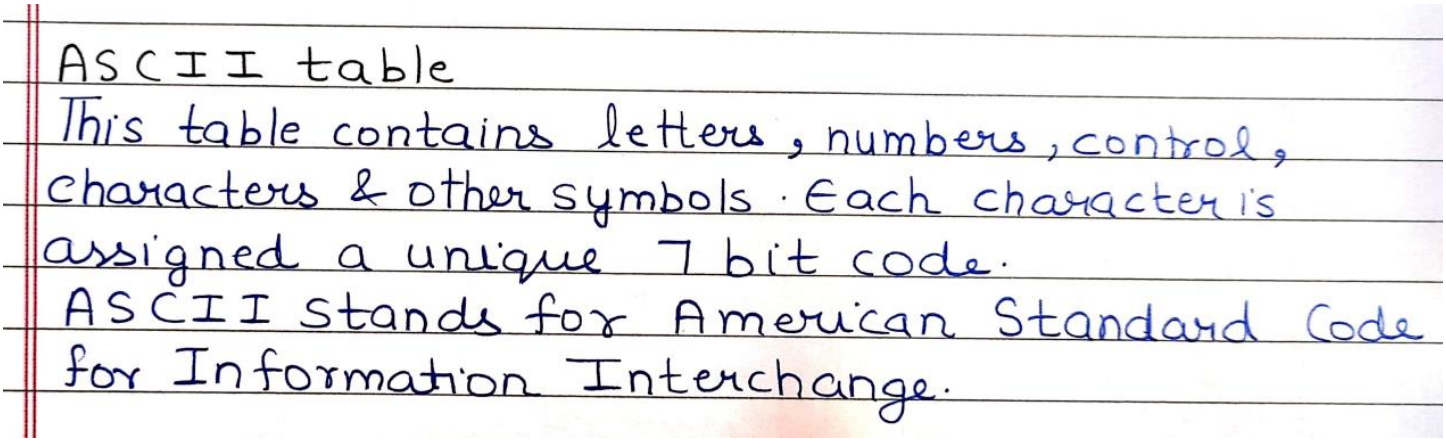
Q1. What is the difference between compiler and interpreter?

Ans1.



Q2. What is ASCII Table?

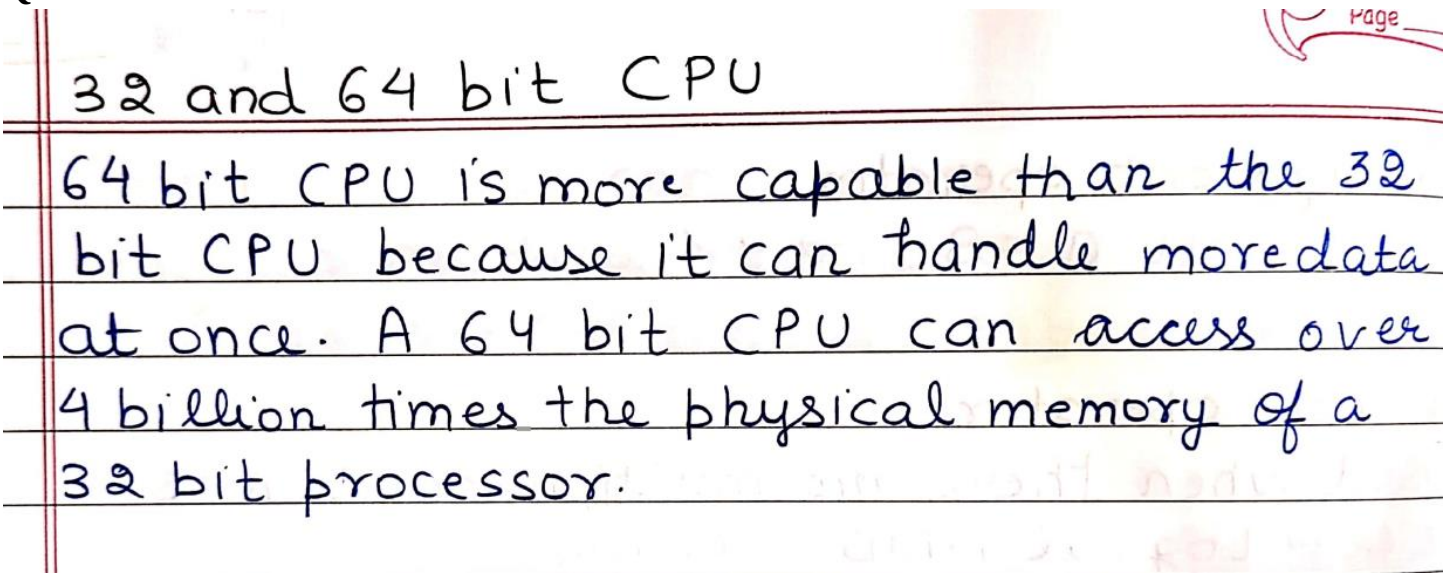
Ans2.



ASCII TABLE

Decimal	Hex	Char	Decimal	Hex	Char	Decimal	Hex	Char	Decimal	Hex	Char
0	0	[NULL]	32	20	[SPACE]	64	40	@	96	60	`
1	1	[START OF HEADING]	33	21	!	65	41	A	97	61	a
2	2	[START OF TEXT]	34	22	"	66	42	B	98	62	b
3	3	[END OF TEXT]	35	23	#	67	43	C	99	63	c
4	4	[END OF TRANSMISSION]	36	24	$	68	44	D	100	64	d
5	5	[ENQUIRY]	37	25	%	69	45	E	101	65	e
6	6	[ACKNOWLEDGE]	38	26	&	70	46	F	102	66	f
7	7	[BELL]	39	27	'	71	47	G	103	67	g
8	8	[BACKSPACE]	40	28	(	72	48	H	104	68	h
9	9	[HORIZONTAL TAB]	41	29	)	73	49	I	105	69	i
10	A	[LINE FEED]	42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j
11	B	[VERTICAL TAB]	43	2B	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
12	C	[FORM FEED]	44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	l
13	D	[CARRIAGE RETURN]	45	2D	-	77	4D	M	109	6D	m
14	E	[SHIFT OUT]	46	2E	.	78	4E	N	110	6E	n
15	F	[SHIFT IN]	47	2F	/	79	4F	O	111	6F	o
16	10	[DATA LINK ESCAPE]	48	30	0	80	50	P	112	70	p
17	11	[DEVICE CONTROL 1]	49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
18	12	[DEVICE CONTROL 2]	50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
19	13	[DEVICE CONTROL 3]	51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	s
20	14	[DEVICE CONTROL 4]	52	34	4	84	54	T	116	74	t
21	15	[NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE]	53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
22	16	[SYNCHRONOUS IDLE]	54	36	6	86	56	V	118	76	v
23	17	[END OF TRANS. BLOCK]	55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w
24	18	[CANCEL]	56	38	8	88	58	X	120	78	x
25	19	[END OF MEDIUM]	57	39	9	89	59	Y	121	79	y
26	1A	[SUBSTITUTE]	58	3A	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	z
27	1B	[ESCAPE]	59	3B	;	91	5B	[	123	7B	{
28	1C	[FILE SEPARATOR]	60	3C	<	92	5C	\	124	7C	|
29	1D	[GROUP SEPARATOR]	61	3D	=	93	5D	]	125	7D	}
30	1E	[RECORD SEPARATOR]	62	3E	>	94	5E	^	126	7E	~
31	1F	[UNIT SEPARATOR]	63	3F	?	95	5F	_	127	7F	[DEL]

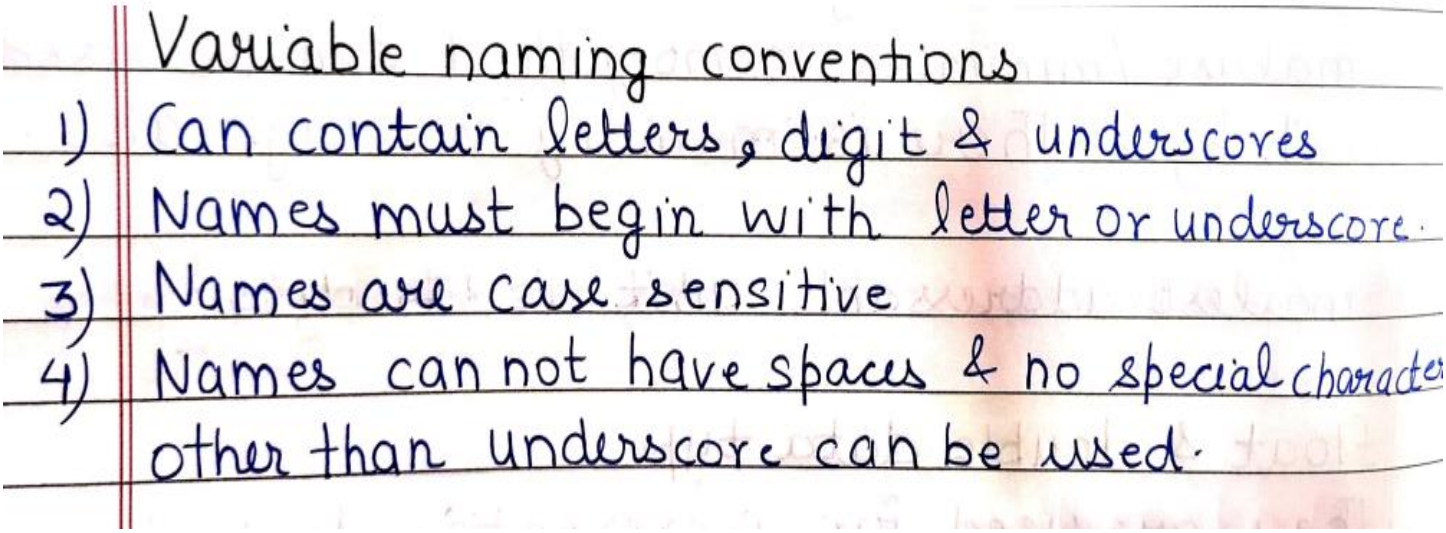
Q3. What is the difference between 32-bit and 64-bit CPU?



32 and 64 bit CPU

64 bit CPU is more capable than the 32 bit CPU because it can handle more data at once. A 64 bit CPU can access over 4 billion times the physical memory of a 32 bit processor.

Q4. Explore various naming conventions of naming a variable.



Variable naming conventions

1) Can contain letters, digit & underscores
2) Names must begin with letter or underscore.
3) Names are case sensitive
4) Names can not have spaces & no special character other than underscore can be used.

Q5. Explore the associativity and precedence table.

OPERATOR	TYPE	ASSOCIAVITY
() [] . ->		left-to-right
++ -- + - ! ~ (type) * & sizeof	Unary Operator	right-to-left
* / %	Arithmetic Operator	left-to-right
+ -	Arithmetic Operator	left-to-right
<< >>	Shift Operator	left-to-right
< <= > >=	Relational Operator	left-to-right
== !=	Relational Operator	left-to-right
&	Bitwise AND Operator	left-to-right
^	Bitwise EX-OR Operator	left-to-right
|	Bitwise OR Operator	left-to-right
&&	Logical AND Operator	left-to-right
||	Logical OR Operator	left-to-right
? :	Ternary Conditional Operator	right-to-left
= += -= *= /= %= &= ^= |= <<= >>=	Assignment Operator	right-to-left
,	Comma	left-to-right

Precedence & associativity table

Operators	As sociativity
Unary	Right-to-left
* / %	Left-to-right
+ -	
<< , >>	
<, <=, >, >=	
==, !=	
&	
^	
|	
&&	
||	
Ternary	Right to left
Assignment	Right to left
,	Left to right

→ 10 + 20 * 30 different and + and * have precedence the associativity is from left to right

10+20 * 30
lower higher

This will be solved as 10 + (20 * 30)
= 10 + 600
= 610

Ex→ 100 + 200 / 10 - 3 * 10
First we will solve / & * as they are having higher precedence than + · First / & then * as associativity is from left to right.
100 + 20 - 3 * 10
100 + 20 - 30
(100+20) - 30
120 - 30 = 90 Ans

Note→ Instead of learning the associativity & precedence table, it is better to use brackets as brackets will always be solved first.