

Homework Questions of 10/02/2023

Ques 1 What is the use of memset function in C++?

memset is a C++ function and it is defined in cstring header file. It copies a single character for a specific number of times to an object.

```
char str[] = "Bhavya";  
memset(str, 'a', sizeof(str));  
cout << str << endl;
```

Output

aaaaaa } 1 more than no. of characters
There is 10 null character which is being converted to a as well.

Using memset function, we can set all the integer values in an integer array as 0 or -1.

```
memset(a, 0, sizeof(a));  
memset(a, -1, sizeof(a));
```

`memset(a, 1, sizeof(a));` → This will not work as `memset` for integer array only works for 0 & -1.

Ques 2 How to initialize array elements to a particular value?

We can do this by using loops. Let's say we want to initialize the array elements to 1.

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    arr[i] = 1;
}
```

arr →

1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---

Ques 3 Implement swap function on your own.

Method-1 Using temp variable

```
int a = 3, int b = 5;
```

```
int temp = a;
```

```
a = b;
```

```
b = temp;
```

```
cout << a << endl; → 5
```

```
cout << b << endl; → 3
```

Method-2 Using XOR operator

```
int a = 3, b = 5;
```

```
a = a ^ b;
```

```
b = a ^ b;
```

$a = a \wedge b;$

$\text{cout} \ll a \ll \text{endl}; \rightarrow 5$

$\text{cout} \ll b; \rightarrow 3$

Dry run

$a = 3 \rightarrow 000 \dots 011$

$b = 5 \rightarrow 000 \dots 101$

$000 \dots 011 \wedge 000 \dots 101 = 000 \dots 110 = 6$

$a = 6 \rightarrow 000 \dots 110$

$b = a \wedge b \rightarrow 000 \dots 110 \wedge 000 \dots 101$
 $= 000 \dots 011 = 3$

$b = 3 \rightarrow 000 \dots 011$

$a = 6 \rightarrow 000 \dots 110$

$000 \dots 011 \wedge 000 \dots 110$

$000 \dots 101 = 5$

$a = 5, b = 3$ } Hence Swapped

Method-3 Using Arithmetic operators

$\text{int } a = 3, b = 5;$

$a = a + b;$

$b = a - b;$

$a = a - b;$

$\text{cout} \ll a \ll \text{endl};$

$\text{cout} \ll b \ll \text{endl};$