## CS515 CS Lab 2

# Assignment No: 10

Let G = (V, E) be a directed graph with |V| = n and |E| = m. As usual, we take  $V = \{1, 2, ..., n\}$ . It is possible that there are loops and multiple edges. Strongly connected component (SCC) is a maximal subset of vertices V1 such that any two vertices of this subset are reachable from each other,

i.e. for any  $u, v \in V1: u \rightarrow v, v \rightarrow u$ 

where  $\rightarrow$  means reachability, i.e. existence of the path from first vertex to the second.

It is obvious, that strongly connected components do not intersect each other, i.e. this is a partition of all graph vertices.

(i) Write a program to obtain the maximal strongly connected components (SCC) in a directed graph. Maximal strongly connected components is that SCC which has maximum number of nodes.

Implement the algorithm using a function for DFS. The program to be run using command line arguments with the first argument as the **input file name** and the second argument as the **output file name**. Ex.::./scc input.txt output.txt

**Input:** Input is given in a file with first line containing number of vertices (n) followed by the number of edges (m) followed by the graph given as an edge list.

n m (u v)

**Output**: Number of strongly connected components (SCC) followed by the maximal strongly connected component (s) .

### **Example:**

#### **Input:**

7 9

 $(1\ 2), (1\ 4), (2\ 3), (3\ 1), (3\ 5), (4\ 3), (5\ 6), (5\ 7), (6\ 7)$ 

#### **Output:**

Number of strongly connected components: 4

maximal strongly connected component: 1 2 3 4