

Rock, Paper & Scissors!

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Task Description

Teach *Nao* how to play "**Rock, Paper & Scissors**"

- ▶ Extract hands from webcam stream
- ▶ Learn a model for hand-gestures of: rock, paper and scissors
- ▶ Classify extracted hands
- ▶ Make *Nao* generate the moves for "*rock*", "*paper*" and "*scissors*"
- ▶ Make *Nao* keep the score of the game by recognizing the gestures of the other player

Our approach

- ① Extract hands from webcam stream
 - Detect the face of the player
 - Get the probability histogram
 - Backproject probability histogram on image frame
 - Extract the part corresponding to a hand
- ② Recognize the gestures
 - Build reliable training set
 - Find useful features to train on: *PCA*, *Gabor wavelets*, *grayscale* images
 - Train a classifier: *Knn* / *SVM*
 - Create models & test in order to find the best one
- ③ Implement the motion and communication on *Nao*

Extracting hand from the frames

Naive approach (as shown in the majority of papers):

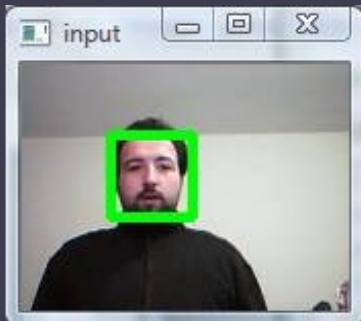
- ▶ Determine hue and saturation values for skin color
- ▶ Threshold the image with hue and saturation values
- ▶ Use erosion & dilation
- ▶ Find areas corresponding to hands

This approach is very sensitive for background noise.

Advice: Do not try this!

Extracting hand from the frames: An example

- Determine skin color histogram
 - Detect face
 - Build histogram of pixels corresponding to the face



Extracting hand from the frames: An example

- Backproject skin color histogram on whole frame



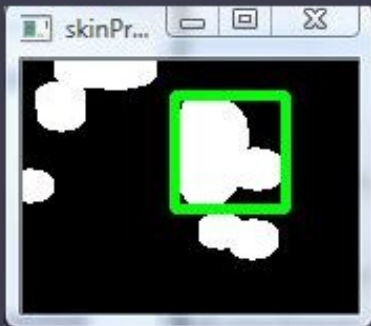
Extracting hand from the frames: An example

- ▶ Use erosion & dilation to reduce the noise and fill up gaps
- ▶ Extract area of corresponding to the hand



Extracting hand from the frames: An example

- ▶ Use more sophisticated erosion & dilation on hand area
 - Retain the hand and remove the background
 - Resize the area of interest to 70x70



Training Data

We have used:

Grayscale images of 70×70 px with hands at different angles and in different positions and with a black background.

Data – Example



Approximatively 1400 train images per sign.

Training Features – PCA

The steps for creating the *eigen-hands* are:

- ① Extract the mean of the data
- ② Compute the covariance of the data and the eigenvectors of the covariance matrix. For high-dimensional data compute:

$\mathbf{V} \rightarrow$ the eigenvectors of: $eigh(Data \times Data^T)$

$\mathbf{U} \rightarrow$ the final eigenvectors: $\frac{Data^T \times V}{norm(Data^T \times V)}$

- ③ Project each training set separately on the eigen-space

Training Features – Gabor wavelets

Gabor wavelets – Example



Train Features – Gabor wavelets

The steps for extracting the features:

- ① Create the *Gabor wavelet* using the formula:

$$g(x,y,\lambda,\theta,\psi,\sigma,\gamma) = \exp(-\frac{x'^2 + \gamma^2 y'^2}{2\sigma^2}) \cos(2\pi \frac{x'}{\lambda} + \psi)$$

$$x' = x \cos\theta + y \sin\theta$$

$$y' = -x \sin\theta + y \cos\theta$$

- ② Convolve the each image with the resulted wavelet
- ③ Reshape the convolved images on a single row (for multiple *Gabor wavelets* concatenate them)

Experimental Set-up

For gesture recognition we have tried using both the **SVM** and **Knn** classifiers.

Given the fact that the data is not aligned (hands have slightly different positions in the image and different angles) the problem seems to be too hard for the SVM.

In conclusion we have decided to use **Knn** for the classification.

We have used:

- ▶ 1641 training examples for the "*rock*" sign
- ▶ 1522 training examples for the "*paper*" sign
- ▶ 1377 training examples for the "*scissors*" sign

Evaluation Results

Average errors for each method

Size	Method	Rock	Paper	Scissors	Total
70×70	<i>PCA</i>	0.375	0.464	0.604	0.475
20×20	<i>PCA</i>	0.381	0.477	0.570	0.470
20×20	<i>Gabor</i>	0.017	0.010	0.039	0.021
20×20	<i>Gabor + PCA</i>	0.446	0.516	0.577	0.510
20×20	Gabor & Image	0.008	0.005	0.022	0.012
20×20	<i>(Gabor & Image) + PCA</i>	0.331	0.483	0.549	0.447
70×70	<i>Grayscale</i>	0.008	0.012	0.029	0.016
20×20	<i>Grayscale</i>	0.008	0.007	0.026	0.014

Conclusions

- ▶ SVM can handle only very simple cases where only one orientation per gesture is allowed
- ▶ PCA was not strong enough to extract features when all orientations for gestures are allowed
- ▶ KNN works best. Even on raw images
- ▶ When not perfect images are used (like the ones extracted by our skin-detector) results tend to drop
- ▶ More reliable results were obtained by enriching our training sets with examples of hands extracted by skin-detection with the method described above

Demo!

The third part of the project was to implement movement and communication on *Nao*.

- ▶ *Nao* is sweet (naknak)
- ▶ It has 500MhZ processor
- ▶ It has 3 fingers that move simultaneously
- ▶ Broke his hip 2 times in 6 month
- ▶ It costs 17.500 dollar (16.800k if you buy 5)
- ▶ His/her favorite word is "*heat!*"