

ABOUT SALTSTACK

- IT automation tool.
- Competes primarily with Puppet, Chef, Ansible, and StackStorm.
- Event driven infrastructure tool (like StackStorm).
- Python based, open source
- SaltStack is the company. Salt Open is the open source tool. SaltStack Enterprise is the software they sell and support
 - think about SaltStack/Salt Open/SaltStack Enterprise vs Red Hat/Ansible/Tower.

ABOUT SALTSTACK

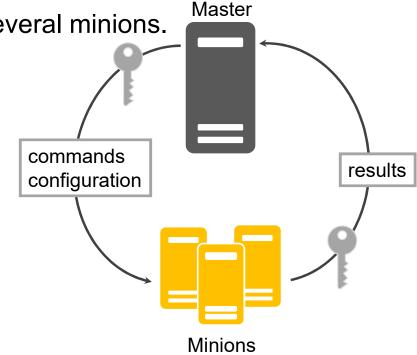
- Remote execution tool and configuration management system
 - Remote execution engine: run commands on various machines in parallel with a flexible targeting system.
 - Configuration management system: establishes a client-server model to bring infrastructure components in line with a given policy (kind of Ansible playbooks approach)

SALTSTACK ARCHITECTURE

- Client server model
 - Master (server)
 - Minions (agents)

Kind of hub and spoke with a master controlling several minions.

- Control plan/management plan is 0MQ
 - Asynchronous
 - Publish-Subscribe model
- Encrypted communication (SSH)

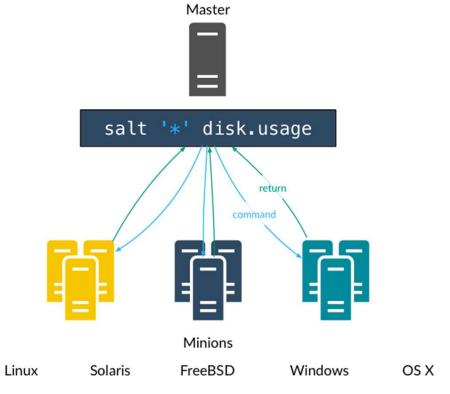


PILLARS AND GRAINS

- Pillars
 - User defined variables
 - Stored on the master
 - Can be stored on a remote git server as well
- Grains
 - Static (read only) information about the managed device such as model, OS version, SN etc.
 - Kind of Puppet/Ansible facts
 - Junos proxy stores the reply of PyEZ facts in grains

EXECUTION MODULES

• Ad hoc commands executed from command line to one or more target minions



STATE FILES

- The core of the Salt State system is the SLS, or SaLt State file
- The SLS is a representation of the state in which a system should be in
- Kind of Ansible playbooks
- State files use state moules
- YAML data structure. JINJA templates can be used

#more /srv/salt/apache.sls
install_apache:
 pkg.installed:

- name: apache

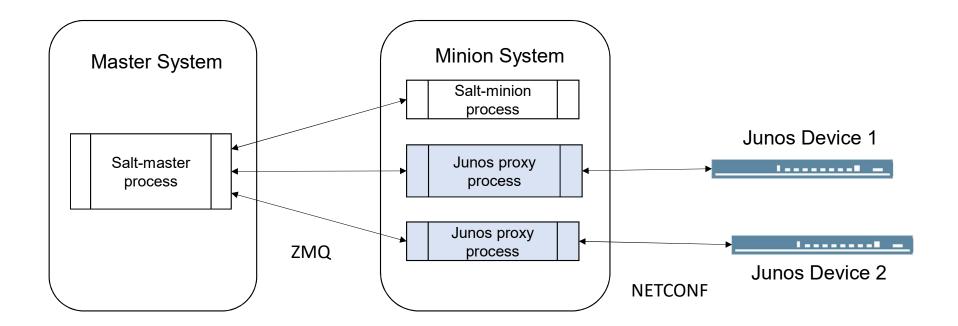
THE TOP FILES

- There are 2 TOP files ©
- Mapping between groups of machines and the state files that should be applied
- Mapping between groups of machines and the pillar data available to them.

SALT COMPONENTS FOR JUNOS

- Junos proxy controls junos devices without installing a salt minion on device
- Junos execution and state modules
- PyEZ facts stored in grains
- Apart from that there is a junos syslog engine

JUNOS PROXY



PILLARS

Provide the details of a device in "pillar" file

Pillar top file

base:

'ex4200-7':

- ex4200-7-details

'vsrx01':

- vsrx01-details

'vqfx01':

- vqfx01-details

pillars for vqfx01 (vqfx01-details.sls file)

proxy:

proxytype: junos

host: 192.168.233.158

username: root

port: 8331

passwd: Juniper

EXECUTION MODULES FOR JUNOS



- execute commands on junos devices (junos.cli)
- execute an rpc on junos devices (junos.rpc)
- Installs a configuration file into the candidate configuration (junos.install_config)
- gives the difference between the candidate and the current configuration (junos.diff)
- commit a change loaded in the candidate configuration (junos.commit)
- rollback a confifuration (junos.rollback)
- Displays the facts gathered during the connection (junos.facts)
- Copy a file to junos devices (junos.file_copy)
- Installs an image on the device (junos.install_os)
- Shuts down a device (junos.shutdown)
- zeroize a device (junos.zeroize)

https://docs.saltstack.com/en/latest/ref/modules/all/salt.modules.junos.html

EXECUTION MODULES FOR JUNOS

salt "vq*" junos.cli "show version"

salt "vq*" junos.rpc get-software-information

salt "vq*" junos.rpc get-software-information "file1" 'text'

salt "vq*" junos.rpc 'get-interface-information' '/home/ksator/interface.log' 'text' interface_name='lo0' terse=True

salt "vq*" junos.rpc 'get_config' " 'text' filter='<configuration><system/></configuration>'

FLEXIBLE TARGETING SYSTEM

```
To identify targets, we can use a list, a regex, grains, nodegroups:
salt ex4200-7 test.ping
salt -L "ex4200-7, vqfx01" test.ping
salt "ex*" test.ping
salt -G 'junos_facts:model:EX4200-48T' junos.cli "show version"
salt -G 'os family:junos' test.ping
salt -N group1 test.ping
Master configuration file (/etc/salt/master):
nodegroups:
group1: 'L@ex4200-7,vqfx01'
group2:
 - minion 1
 - ex4200-7
group3: 'G@os family:junos or minion 1'
```

STATE MODULES FOR JUNOS



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- Copy a file to junos devices (junos.file_copy)
- Installs an image on the device (junos.install_os)
- Shuts down a device (junos.shutdown)
- zeroize a device (junos.zeroize)

https://docs.saltstack.com/en/latest/ref/states/all/salt.states.junos.html#statemodules-to-interact-with-junos-devices

STATE MODULES FOR JUNOS

state file /srv/salt/install_config2.sls

salt://config2.set:

junos:

- install_config
- comment: commit from Salt
- template_vars:

dev_name: qefdwfcxwc

apply the state file from the master

salt "vq*" state.apply install_config2

configuration file /srv/salt/config2.set

set system host-name {{ template_vars['dev_name'] }}

SALT EVENT SYSTEM

- Saltstack uses a pub/sub model to publish events
- Masters, minions, and proxies are attached to an event bus.
- 'automation backplane' in the form of an 'Event Bus'.
- Events are data structures which contain a tag and a body.
 - The tag is a high level description or name of the event.
 - The body is a dict containing detailed information about the event.

EXAMPLE EVENT

```
Event Tag
jnpr/opennti/alert
                                                     Event Data
 "data": {
  "value": "105642",
                                                          Event Metadata
  "alert": "ge-0/0/0 above bps"
 },
 "_stamp": "2017-06-15T13:30:45.343343",
 "cmd": "_minion_event",
 "tag": "jnpr/opennti/alert",
 "id": "home-master-01"
```

REACTOR SYSTEM

- Watch event bus
- Provides the ability to take actions according to events.
 - This system binds sls files to event tags on the master.
 - These sls files then define reactions.

REACTOR CONFIGURATION

YAML formatted file starting with reactor stanza

reactor:

- 'jnpr/newDev/ztpComplete':
 - /srv/reactor/create_ticket.sls
- 'jnpr/ticket/ztp_ticket_created':
 - /srv/reactor/proxy_minion.sls
 - /srv/reactor/compliance.sls
 - /srv/reactor/junos_space.sls

List of event tag patterns to match

List of sls file to evaluate for each matched tag

JUNOS SYSLOG ENGINE

- Salt engines are long-running, external system processes managed by Salt.
 - If an engine stops, it is restarted automatically.
- Junos syslog engine:
 - listens to syslog events
 - extracts event information
 - sends it on the master/minion event bus.
 - Control the type of events to be sent.

EXAMPLE USE CASES

- SaltStack can react to junos events
- SaltStack can be also used to automate numerous tasks beyond just provisioning.
- By subscribing to events, SaltStack can launch various actions automatically based on a simple reactor system:
 - Perform a backup of a network device every time a COMMIT operation happens
 - Audit a network device configuration or operational state every time a COMMIT operation happens
 - Push configuration to a device if a compliance audit fails

