Run the first 4 cells to import data and create training and testing set

```
In [3]: import numpy as np
import h5py
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import SimpleRNN,LSTM, Dense, Activation
from keras.utils import to_categorical
#from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from UtilNNDL import *
In [16]: """
#file_path = '/home/carla/Downloads/project_datasets/project_datasets/'
file_path = '/home/kunal/Desktop/FinalProject/datasets/A01T_slice.mat'
```

```
In [16]:
         A01T = h5py.File(file path, 'r')
         data = np.copy(A01T['image'])
         data = np.transpose(data,(0,2,1))
         data = data[:,:,:22]
         labels = np.copy(A01T['type'])
          labels = labels[0,0:data.shape[0]:1]
         labels = np.asarray(labels, dtype=np.int32)
         a = data[:56]
         b = data[57:]
         data = np.vstack((a,b))
         a = labels[:56]
         b = labels[57:]
         labels = np.hstack((a,b))
         #enc = OneHotEncoder()
         #enc_labels = enc.fit_transform(labels.reshape(-1,1)).toarray()
         enc_labels = to_categorical(labels-769, num_classes=4)
         print(enc_labels)
         #scaler = StandardScaler()
         #data = scaler.fit_transform(data,enc_labels)
```

```
[[ 0. 0. 0. 1.]
 [ 0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [ 0. 1. 0. 0.]
 ...,
 [ 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [ 0. 1. 0. 0.]
 [ 1. 0. 0. 0.]
```

```
In [17]:
         bs, t, f = data.shape
         np.random.seed(42)
         shuffle = np.random.choice(bs,bs,replace=False)
         train\_samples = 237
         train_data = data[shuffle[:train_samples],:,:]
         train_labels = enc_labels[shuffle[:train_samples]]
         test_data = data[shuffle[train_samples:],:,:]
         test_labels =enc_labels[shuffle[train_samples:]]
         train_data = np.transpose(train_data,(0,2,1))
         test_data = np.transpose(test_data,(0,2,1))
         train_data,train_labels = create_window_data(train_data,train_labels)
         test_data,test_labels = create_window_data(test_data,test_labels)
         train_data = np.transpose(train_data,(0,2,1))
         test_data = np.transpose(test_data,(0,2,1))
         bs, t, f = train_data.shape
```

```
In [4]: A01T = h5py.File('/home/carla/Downloads/project_datasets/project_datasets/A
        01T_slice.mat','r')
        data = np.copy(A01T['image'])
        labels = np.copy(A01T['type'])
        labels = labels[0,0:data.shape[0]:1]
        labels = np.asarray(labels, dtype=np.int32)
        a = data[:56]
        b = data[57:1]
        data = np.vstack((a,b))
        a = labels[:56]
        b = labels[57:]
        labels = np.hstack((a,b))
        #enc = OneHotEncoder()
        #enc labels = enc.fit transform(labels.reshape(-1,1)).toarray()
        enc labels = to categorical(labels-769, num classes=4)
        print(enc labels)
        I0Error
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-4-2bdf612bd310> in <module>()
        ----> 1 A01T = h5py.File('/home/carla/Downloads/project_datasets/project_da
        tasets/A01T_slice.mat','r')
              2 data = np.copy(A01T['image'])
              3 labels = np.copy(A01T['type'])
              4 labels = labels[0,0:data.shape[0]:1]
              5 labels = np.asarray(labels, dtype=np.int32)
        /home/kunal/Desktop/FinalProject/venv/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/h5p
        y/_hl/files.pyc in __init__(self, name, mode, driver, libver, userblock_siz
        e, swmr, **kwds)
            267
                            with phil:
            268
                                 fapl = make fapl(driver, libver, **kwds)
        --> 269
                                 fid = make_fid(name, mode, userblock_size, fapl, sw
        mr=swmr)
            270
            271
                                 if swmr_support:
        /home/kunal/Desktop/FinalProject/venv/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/h5p
        y/_hl/files.pyc in make_fid(name, mode, userblock_size, fapl, fcpl, swmr)
             97
                        if swmr and swmr_support:
             98
                            flags |= h5f.ACC_SWMR_READ
        ---> 99
                        fid = h5f.open(name, flags, fapl=fapl)
            100
                    elif mode == 'r+':
                         fid = h5f.open(name, h5f.ACC_RDWR, fapl=fapl)
            101
        h5py/_objects.pyx in h5py._objects.with_phil.wrapper()
        h5py/_objects.pyx in h5py._objects.with_phil.wrapper()
        h5py/h5f.pyx in h5py.h5f.open()
        IOError: Unable to open file (unable to open file: name = '/home/carla/Down
        loads/project datasets/project datasets/A01T slice.mat', errno = 2, error m
        essage = 'No such file or directory', flags = 0, o flags = 0)
```

```
In [7]: #file path = '/home/carla/Downloads/project datasets/project datasets/'
         file_path = '/home/kunal/Desktop/FinalProject/datasets/'
         train_data, test_data, train_labels, test_labels = prepare_data(file_path,
                                                                           num_test_sa
         mples = 50,
                                                                           verbose= Fa
         lse,
                                                                           return_all=
         True,
                                                                           num files =
         print train_data.shape
         print train labels.shape
         print test data.shape
         print test labels.shape
         (237, 22, 1000)
         (237, 4)
         (50, 22, 1000)
         (50, 4)
 In [8]: #assist numerical stability
         train_data = train_data*(1e6)
         test_data = test_data*(1e6)
 In [9]: train_data = train_data.swapaxes(1,2)
         test_data = test_data.swapaxes(1,2)
         print train_data.shape
         print test_data.shape
         for i,a in enumerate(train_data):
             train_data[i] = bandpass_cnt(a, 4, 38, 250, filt_order=3)
         for i,a in enumerate(test_data):
             test_data[i] = bandpass_cnt(a, 4, 38, 250, filt_order=3)
         print train data.shape
         print test data.shape
         (237, 1000, 22)
         (50, 1000, 22)
         (237, 1000, 22)
         (50, 1000, 22)
In [10]: | for i,a in enumerate(train_data):
             train_data[i] = exponential_running_standardize(a, factor_new=0.001, in
         it_block_size=1000, eps=1e-4)
         for i,a in enumerate(test_data):
              test_data[i] = exponential_running_standardize(a, factor_new=0.001, ini
         t_block_size=1000, eps=1e-4)
         train_data = train_data.swapaxes(1,2)
         test_data = test_data.swapaxes(1,2)
         print train_data.shape
         print test_data.shape
         (237, 22, 1000)
         (50, 22, 1000)
```

```
In [12]: train_data_sliced, train_labels_sliced = create_window_data(train_data, tra
in_labels, windows=10)
   test_data_sliced, test_labels_sliced = create_window_data(test_data, test_l
   abels, windows=10)
   print train_data_sliced.shape
   print train_labels_sliced.shape
   print test_data_sliced.shape
   print test_labels_sliced.shape
   (2370, 22, 512)
   (2370, 4)
   (500, 22, 512)
   (500, 4)
```

Everything from this point down is Testing

```
In [18]: model = Sequential([
             LSTM(100, input_shape=(t,f)),
             Dense(32),
             Activation('relu'),
             #Dense(64),
             #Activation('relu'),
             Dense(32),
             Activation('relu'),
             Dense(4),
             Activation('softmax'),
         ])
         model.compile(optimizer = 'adam',
                       loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=15,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch_size=32,verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
         print(test_score)
         plot_hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val_acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ','Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot_hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val_loss']],['Training Loss',
          'Val Loss'], title='Losses')
```

```
KeyboardInterrupt
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-18-4798cfald3bb> in <module>()
                     metrics=['accuracy'])
     15
     16
---> 17 hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=15,validation_split
=0.25,batch_size=32,verbose=0)
     18 test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
/home/carla/Documents/tensorflow/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/keras/mo
dels.pyc in fit(self, x, y, batch size, epochs, verbose, callbacks, validat
ion split, validation data, shuffle, class weight, sample weight, initial e
poch, steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, **kwargs)
    961
                                      initial epoch=initial epoch,
    962
                                      steps per_epoch=steps_per_epoch,
--> 963
                                      validation steps=validation steps)
    964
    965
            def evaluate(self, x=None, y=None,
/home/carla/Documents/tensorflow/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/keras/en
gine/training.pyc in fit(self, x, y, batch size, epochs, verbose, callbacks
, validation_split, validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight,
initial_epoch, steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, **kwargs)
   1710
                                      initial epoch=initial epoch,
   1711
                                      steps_per_epoch=steps_per_epoch,
-> 1712
                                      validation_steps=validation_steps)
   1713
   1714
            def evaluate(self, x=None, y=None,
/home/carla/Documents/tensorflow/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/keras/en
gine/training.pyc in _fit_loop(self, f, ins, out_labels, batch_size, epochs
 verbose, callbacks, val_f, val_ins, shuffle, callback_metrics, initial_ep
och, steps_per_epoch, validation_steps)
                                ins_batch[i] = ins_batch[i].toarray()
   1233
   1234
-> 1235
                            outs = f(ins batch)
   1236
                            if not isinstance(outs, list):
   1237
                                outs = [outs]
/home/carla/Documents/tensorflow/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/keras/ba
ckend/tensorflow_backend.pyc in __call__(self, inputs)
                session = get_session()
   2473
   2474
                updated = session.run(fetches=fetches, feed dict=feed dict,
-> 2475
                                      **self.session kwargs)
   2476
                return updated[:len(self.outputs)]
   2477
/home/carla/Documents/tensorflow/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorfl
ow/python/client/session.pyc in run(self, fetches, feed_dict, options, run_
metadata)
    893
            try:
    894
              result = self._run(None, fetches, feed_dict, options_ptr,
--> 895
                                 run_metadata_ptr)
    896
              if run metadata:
    897
                proto data = tf session.TF GetBuffer(run metadata ptr)
/home/carla/Documents/tensorflow/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorfl
ow/python/client/session.pyc in run(self, handle, fetches, feed dict, opti
ons, run metadata)
   1126
            if final fetches or final targets or (handle and feed dict tens
or):
   1127
              results = self._do_run(handle, final_targets, final_fetches,
```

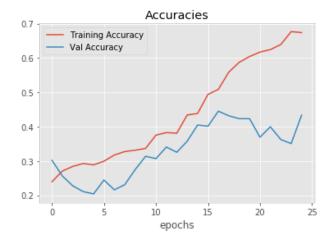
7 of 31

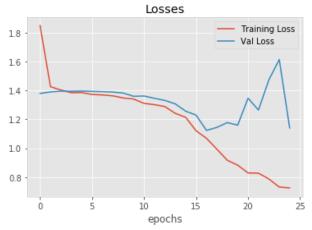
Modified VGGnet for this type of data

Modified VGG net to handle our input i.e. replace 2D with 1D, etc.(need to check dimensions and might need to transpose input to original shape)

Original VGGnet implementation can be found at hte address below

```
In [39]: ### VGGnet
         # https://keras.io/getting-started/sequential-model-guide/#examples
         import numpy as np
         import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
         from keras.layers import Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, BatchNormalization
         from keras.optimizers import SGD
         norm train = np.transpose((-np.mean(train data,axis=2)+np.transpose(train d
         ata, (2,0,1))/np.std(train data,axis=2), (1,2,0))
         norm_test = np.transpose((-np.mean(test_data,axis=2)+np.transpose(test_data
         (2,0,1))/np.std(test data,axis=2),(1,2,0))
         model = Sequential()
         #model.add(LSTM(100, input_shape=(t,f)))
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, activation='relu',input_shape=(t,f)))
                                                                                    #
         Originally 32 each
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling1D())
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Conv1D(64, 4, activation='relu'))
         #Originally 64 each
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(Conv1D(64, 4, activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling1D())
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax'))
         #sgd = SGD(lr=0.01, decay=1e-6, momentum=0.9, nesterov=True)
         #model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer=sgd, metrics=['ac
         curacy'])
         model.compile(optimizer = 'sgd',
                      loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
         hist = model.fit(train_data_sliced,train_labels,epochs=25,validation_split=
         0.25,batch_size=64,verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(test_data_sliced, test_labels, batch_size=64)
         print(test score)
         plot hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ,'Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot_hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val_loss']],['Training Loss',
         'Val Loss'],title='Losses')
```

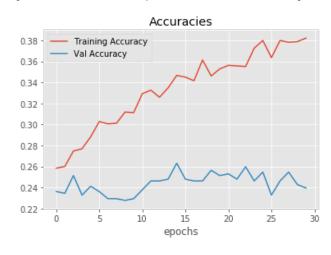




Simple RNN model

```
In [42]: model = Sequential([
             SimpleRNN(64, input_shape=(t,f)),
             Dense(32),
             BatchNormalization(),
             Activation('relu'),
             Dense(4),
             Activation('softmax'),
         ])
         model.compile(optimizer = 'sgd',
                       loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=30,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch size=64, verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
         print(test_score)
         plot_hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val_acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ,'Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot_hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val_loss']],['Training Loss',
          'Val Loss'],title='Losses')
```

500/500 [============] - 1s 1ms/step [1.438882619857788, 0.2500000005960465]



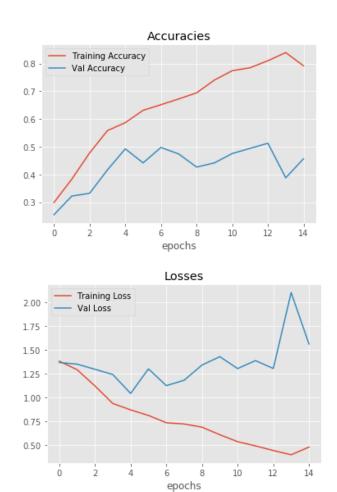


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C-RNN implementation (Figure 1b)

```
In [21]: import numpy as np
         import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
         from keras.layers import Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, BatchNormalization,GRU
         from keras.optimizers import SGD
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',input_shape=(t,f)))
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu'))
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu'))
         #model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh'))
         model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax'))
         #sgd = SGD(lr=0.01, decay=1e-6, momentum=0.9, nesterov=True)
         #model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=sgd)
         #model.add()
         model.compile(optimizer = 'adam',
                       loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         hist = model.fit(norm_train,train_labels,epochs=15,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch size=32, verbose=1)
         test_score = model.evaluate(norm_test, test_labels, batch_size=32)
         print(test score)
         plot hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val acc']],['Training Accuracy
         ','Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
plot_hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val_loss']],['Training Loss',
          'Val Loss'],title='Losses')
```

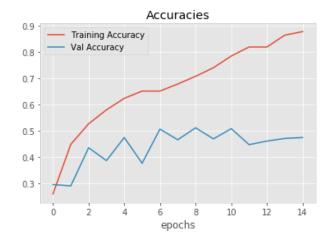
```
Train on 1777 samples, validate on 593 samples
Epoch 1/15
acc: 0.2988 - val_loss: 1.3649 - val_acc: 0.2546
Epoch 2/15
acc: 0.3832 - val_loss: 1.3480 - val_acc: 0.3221
Epoch 3/15
acc: 0.4778 - val_loss: 1.2941 - val_acc: 0.3322
Epoch 4/15
acc: 0.5582 - val loss: 1.2390 - val acc: 0.4165
Epoch 5/15
1777/1777 [============== ] - 16s 9ms/step - loss: 0.8677 -
acc: 0.5869 - val_loss: 1.0405 - val_acc: 0.4924
acc: 0.6314 - val loss: 1.2984 - val acc: 0.4418
Epoch 7/15
acc: 0.6517 - val loss: 1.1225 - val acc: 0.4975
Epoch 8/15
acc: 0.6725 - val_loss: 1.1790 - val_acc: 0.4739
Epoch 9/15
1777/1777 [============== ] - 14s 8ms/step - loss: 0.6863 -
acc: 0.6944 - val_loss: 1.3383 - val_acc: 0.4266
Epoch 10/15
1777/1777 [============== ] - 14s 8ms/step - loss: 0.6068 -
acc: 0.7406 - val_loss: 1.4264 - val_acc: 0.4418
Epoch 11/15
acc: 0.7743 - val_loss: 1.3017 - val_acc: 0.4755
Epoch 12/15
acc: 0.7850 - val_loss: 1.3851 - val_acc: 0.4941
Epoch 13/15
acc: 0.8104 - val_loss: 1.3025 - val_acc: 0.5126
Epoch 14/15
acc: 0.8396 - val_loss: 2.0994 - val_acc: 0.3879
Epoch 15/15
acc: 0.7918 - val_loss: 1.5593 - val_acc: 0.4570
500/500 [========== ] - 1s 2ms/step
[1.2193489513397218, 0.55599999952316281]
```



Implementation of Figure 1b but adding regularization structures like that found in VGGnet

```
In [74]: import numpy as np
         import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
         from keras.layers import Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, BatchNormalization,GRU
         from keras.optimizers import SGD
         #norm train = np.transpose((-np.mean(train data,axis=2)+np.transpose(train
         data,(2,0,1))/np.std(train data,axis=2),(1,2,0))
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',input shape=(t,f)))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
                                                                     #From VGGnet
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu'))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
                                                                     #From VGGnet
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling1D())
                                                                     #From VGGnet
                                                                     #From VGGnet
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         #model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
                                                                     #removed becaus
         e of overfitting problem to small sample size
         model.add(GRU(32,activation='tanh'))
         #model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
                                                                      #From VGGnet, b
         ut makes model suck
         #model.add(Dropout(0.5))
                                                                      #From VGGnet, b
         ut makes model suck
         model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax'))
         # From VGGnet, works well for some reason
         \#sqd = SGD(lr=0.01, decay=1e-6, momentum=0.9, nesterov=True)
         #model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer=sgd,metrics=['acc
         uracy'])
         model.compile(optimizer = 'adam',
                      loss = 'categorical crossentropy',
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
         #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
         hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=15,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch_size=32,verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
         print(test_score)
         plot hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ,'Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val loss']],['Training Loss',
         'Val Loss'], title='Losses')
```

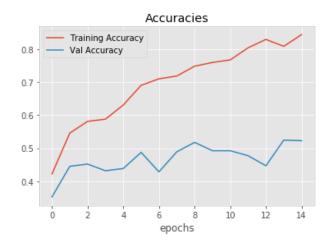
500/500 [=============] - 1s 1ms/step [1.1770159482955933, 0.6399999904632565]

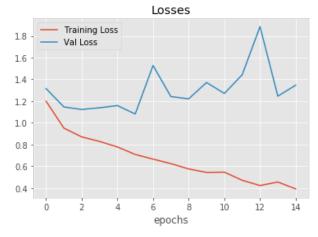




Replaced GRU with LSTM

```
In [72]: import numpy as np
         import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
         from keras.layers import Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, BatchNormalization, GRU, LSTM
         from keras.optimizers import SGD
         #norm_train = np.transpose((-np.mean(train_data,axis=2)+np.transpose(train_
         data,(2,0,1))/np.std(train data,axis=2),(1,2,0))
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',input shape=(t,f)))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
                                                                       #From VGGnet
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu'))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
                                                                       #From VGGnet
         model.add(Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling1D())
                                                                       #From VGGnet
                                                                       #From VGGnet
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         #model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(LSTM(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(LSTM(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         #model.add(LSTM(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))
         model.add(LSTM(32,activation='tanh'))
         #model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
                                                                        #From VGGnet, b
         ut makes model suck
         #model.add(Dropout(0.5))
                                                                        #From VGGnet, b
         ut makes model suck
         model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax'))
         # From VGGnet, works well for some reason
         #sgd = SGD(lr=0.01, decay=1e-6, momentum=0.9, nesterov=True)
         #model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=sgd,metrics=['acc
         uracy'])
         model.compile(optimizer = 'adam',
                       loss = 'categorical crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
         hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=15,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch_size=32,verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
         print "Test Results are ", test_score
plot_hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val_acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ,'Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val loss']],['Training Loss',
          'Val Loss'], title='Losses')
```

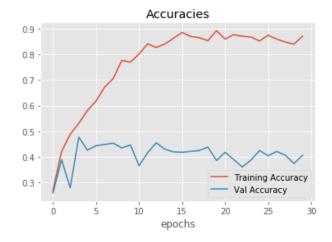




IC-RNN

```
In [22]: from keras.layers import Input, Dense, concatenate, Flatten, GRU, Conv1D
         from keras.models import Model
         inputs= Input(shape=(t,f))
         # First Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         # Second Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         # Third Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         x = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(x)
         \#x = GRU(32, activation = 'tanh', return_sequences = True)(x)
         \#x = GRU(32, activation='tanh', return\_sequences=True)(x)
         x = GRU(32,activation='tanh')(x)
         predictions = Dense(4,activation='softmax')(x)
         model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=predictions)
         model.compile(optimizer = 'rmsprop',
                      loss = 'categorical crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
         hist = model.fit(norm_train,train_labels,epochs=30,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch_size=64, verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(norm_test, test_labels, batch_size=64)
         print "Test Results are ", test_score
         plot hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ,'Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val loss']],['Training Loss',
          'Val Loss'], title='Losses')
```

500/500 [============] - 1s 3ms/step Test Results are [1.7054030046463013, 0.43000000286102297]

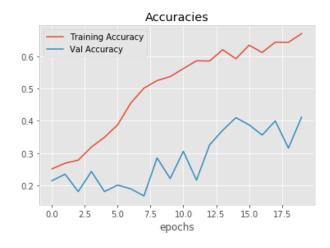




IC-RNN Testing

```
In [100]: from keras.layers import Input,Dense,concatenate,Flatten,GRU,Conv1D,Bidirec
          tional
          from keras.models import Model
          inputs= Input(shape=(t,f))
          # First Inception
          tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
          #tower1 = BatchNormalization()(tower1)
          tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
          tower2 = BatchNormalization()(tower2)
          tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
          tower3 = BatchNormalization()(tower3)
          #tower4 = MaxPooling1D()(inputs)
          x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
          x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
          # Second Inception
          tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          #tower1 = BatchNormalization()(tower1)
          tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          tower2 = BatchNormalization()(tower2)
          tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          tower3 = BatchNormalization()(tower3)
          \#tower4 = MaxPooling1D()(x)
          x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
          x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
          # Third Inception
          tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          #tower1 = BatchNormalization()(tower1)
          tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          tower2 = BatchNormalization()(tower2)
          tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          tower3 = BatchNormalization()(tower3)
          \#tower4 = MaxPooling1D()(x)
          x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
          x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
          x = (GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))(x)
          x = (GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True))(x)
          \#x = (GRU(32, activation='tanh', return\_sequences=True))(x)
          x = (GRU(32, activation='tanh'))(x)
          predictions = Dense(4,activation='softmax')(x)
          model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=predictions)
          model.compile(optimizer = 'rmsprop',
                       loss = 'categorical crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
          #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
          hist = model.fit(train data,train labels,epochs=20,validation split=0.25,ba
          tch size=32, verbose=0)
          test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
```

500/500 [=============] - 1s 1ms/step Test Results are [1.0994007132053376, 0.4920000009536743]



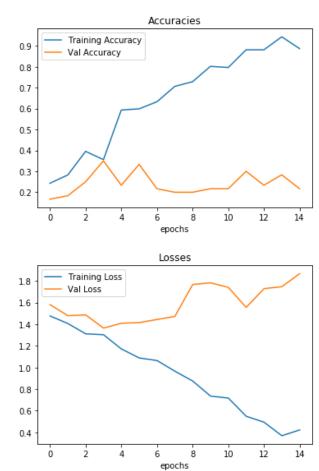


C-DRNN

```
In [8]: from keras.layers import Input, Dense, concatenate, Flatten, GRU, Conv1D
        from keras.models import Model
        inputs= Input(shape=(t,f))
        x = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs)
        x = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
        x = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2, activation='relu', padding="causal")(x)
        res1 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(x)
        res2 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(res1)
        res1_2 = concatenate([res1,res2],axis=2)
        res3 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return sequences=True)(res1 2)
        x = concatenate([res1, res2, res3])
        x = GRU(32,activation='tanh')(x)
        predictions = Dense(4,activation='softmax')(x)
        model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=predictions)
        model.compile(optimizer = 'rmsprop',
                     loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                     metrics=['accuracy'])
        #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
        hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=15,validation_split=0.25,ba
        tch_size=32,verbose=0)
        test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=32)
```

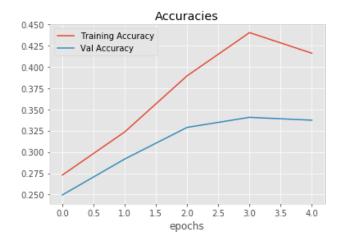
50/50 [=======] - 0s 4ms/step

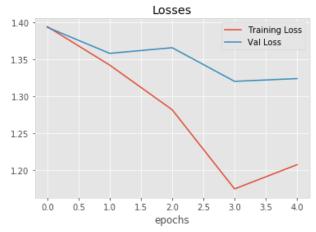
Test Results are [1.8914880275726318, 0.30000000238418578]



C-DRNN Testing

```
In [11]: | from keras.layers import Input, Dense, concatenate, Flatten, GRU, Conv1D, BatchNo
          rmalization, Dropout
          from keras.models import Model
          inputs= Input(shape=(t,f))
          x = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs)
          x = BatchNormalization()(x)
          x = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
          x = BatchNormalization()(x)
          \#x = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2, activation='relu', padding="causal")(x)
          x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
          res1 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return sequences=True)(x)
          res2 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return sequences=True)(res1)
          res1 2 = concatenate([res1, res2], axis=2)
          res3 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(res2)
          x = concatenate([res1, res2, res3])
          x = GRU(32,activation='tanh')(x)
          predictions = Dense(4,activation='softmax')(x)
          model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=predictions)
          model.compile(optimizer = 'adam',
                        loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                        metrics=['accuracy'])
          #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
          hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=5,validation_split=0.25,bat
          ch size=32, verbose=0)
          test score = model.evaluate(test data, test labels, batch size=32)
          print "Test Results are ", test_score
plot_hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val_acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ','Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
plot_hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val_loss']],['Training Loss',
          'Val Loss'],title='Losses')
```

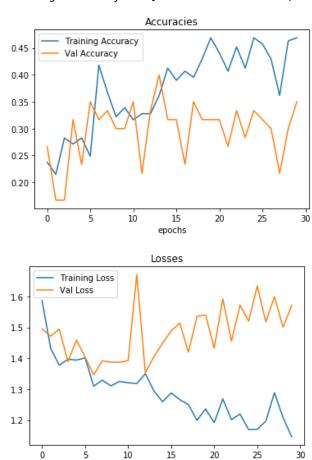




ChronoNet

```
In [49]: | from keras.layers import Input, Dense, concatenate, Flatten, GRU, Conv1D
         from keras.models import Model
         inputs= Input(shape=(t,f))
         # First Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         # Second Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         # Third Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         res1 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(x)
         res2 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return sequences=True)(res1)
         res1 2 = concatenate([res1,res2],axis=2)
         res3 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(res2)
         x = concatenate([res1, res2, res3])
         x = GRU(32,activation='tanh')(x)
         predictions = Dense(4,activation='softmax')(x)
         model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=predictions)
         model.compile(optimizer = 'rmsprop',
                      loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
         #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
         hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=30,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch size=32, verbose=0)
         test score = model.evaluate(test data, test labels, batch size=32)
         50/50 [======= ] - 0s 7ms/step
```

Testing Accuracy is [1.6881582021713257, 0.2600000047683716]



epochs

ChronoNet Model Testing

```
In [13]: from keras.layers import Input, Dense, concatenate, Flatten, GRU, Conv1D
         from keras.models import Model
         inputs= Input(shape=(t,f))
         # First Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower1 = BatchNormalization()(tower1)
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower2 = BatchNormalization()(tower2)
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(inputs
         tower3 = BatchNormalization()(tower3)
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         # Second Inception
         #tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         #tower1 = BatchNormalization()(tower1)
         #tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         #tower2 = BatchNormalization()(tower2)
         \#tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2, activation='relu', padding="causal")(x)
         #tower3 = BatchNormalization()(tower3)
         #x = concatenate([tower1, tower2, tower3], axis=2)
         # Third Inception
         tower1 = Conv1D(32, 2, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower1 = BatchNormalization()(tower1)
         tower2 = Conv1D(32, 4, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower2 = BatchNormalization()(tower2)
         tower3 = Conv1D(32, 8, strides=2,activation='relu',padding="causal")(x)
         tower3 = BatchNormalization()(tower3)
         x = concatenate([tower1,tower2,tower3],axis=2)
         res1 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(x)
         res2 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return sequences=True)(res1)
         res1 2 = concatenate([res1,res2],axis=2)
         res3 = GRU(32,activation='tanh',return_sequences=True)(res2)
         x = concatenate([res1, res2, res3])
         x = GRU(32,activation='tanh')(x)
         predictions = Dense(4,activation='softmax')(x)
         model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=predictions)
         model.compile(optimizer = 'adam',
                      loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         #hist.history is a dictionary with all accs and losses
         hist = model.fit(train_data,train_labels,epochs=10,validation_split=0.25,ba
         tch size=128, verbose=0)
         test_score = model.evaluate(test_data, test_labels, batch_size=128)
         print "Testing Accuracy is", test score
         plot hist([hist.history['acc'],hist.history['val acc']],['Training Accuracy
          ,'Val Accuracy'],title='Accuracies')
         plot_hist([hist.history['loss'],hist.history['val_loss']],['Training Loss',
          .
'Val loss'l title='losses')
```

