

Question 1 Find the limits of functions including the infinite limits, ∞ , $-\infty$. Otherwise write DNE. (Do not use L'hospital theorem.)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left[\frac{2x^2 + x - 1}{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right]$$

Answer.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left[\frac{2x^2 + x - 1}{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left[\frac{(2x - 1)(x + 1)}{(x + 2)(x + 1)} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left[\frac{(2x - 1)}{(x + 2)} \right] = \frac{2(-1) - 1}{(-1) + 2} = \frac{-3}{1} = -3$$

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Question 2 Find the limits of functions including the infinite limits, ∞ , $-\infty$. Otherwise write DNE. (Do not use L'hospital theorem.)

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{\sqrt{t^2 + 1} - 1}{t^2} \right]$$

Answer. Since $\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x} = x$ for $x \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{\sqrt{t^2 + 1} - 1}{t^2} \right] &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{\sqrt{t^2 + 1} - 1}{t^2} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{t^2 + 1} + 1)}{(\sqrt{t^2 + 1} + 1)} \right] = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{t^2 + 1 - 1}{t^2(\sqrt{t^2 + 1} + 1)} \right] = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{t^2}{t^2(\sqrt{t^2 + 1} + 1)} \right] \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2 + 1} + 1} \right] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(0)^2 + 1} + 1} = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

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Question 3

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \left[\frac{4x + 8}{|x + 2|} \right]$$

Answer.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \left[\frac{4x + 8}{|x + 2|} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \left[\frac{4(x + 2)}{-(x + 2)} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \left[\frac{4}{-1} \right] = -4$$

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Question 4 Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2 & , x > 1 \\ x - 1 & , x < 1 \\ 2 & x = 1 \end{cases}$$

Show which function you used to compute limits.

a) (3pt) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x)$ **Answer.**

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} (x - 1) = (1) - 1 = 0$$

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b) (3pt) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x)$ **Answer.**

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (-x^2) = -(1)^2 = -1$$

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c) (2pt) Does $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ exist? Explain it. **Answer.** Since $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x)$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ **does not exist.** ■

d) (2pt) Is f continuous at $x = 1$? Explain it. **Answer.** Since $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ does not exist, f is **not continuous** at $x = 1$ ■