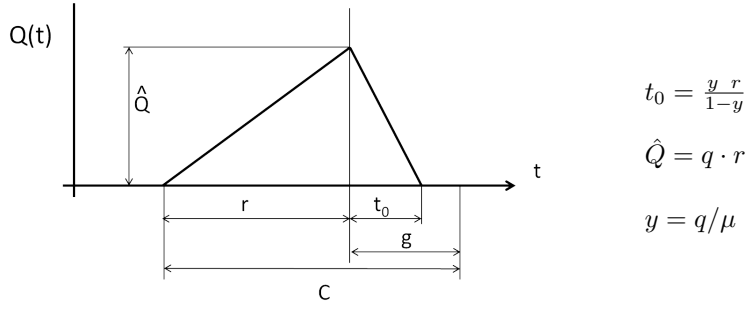


Cues amb servei a pulsos (pulsed service queues)



$$L_q = \frac{1}{C} \int_0^C Q(t) dt = \frac{(r + t_0)}{C} \frac{q \cdot r}{2} = \frac{1}{C} \left[\frac{q \cdot r^2}{2} + t_0 \frac{q \cdot r}{2} \right]$$

$$W_q = \text{demora determinista} = \frac{L_q}{q} = \frac{r(r + t_0)}{2C} = \frac{r^2}{2C(1 - y)} = \frac{C}{2} \frac{(1 - \lambda)^2}{(1 - y)}$$

Se suposa $q_i(r_i + g_i) \leq \mu g_i$ per n cicles $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$

$$W_q^{(i)} = \frac{r_i^2}{2C_i(1 - y_i)} \mapsto E[w_q] \approx \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n W_q^{(i)}$$

$$E[w_q] = \frac{\text{Demora total}}{\text{Total pax. arribats}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n W_q^{(i)} q_i C_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n q_i C_i} = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{q_i r_i^2}{2(1 - y_i)} \right) \bigg/ \left(\sum_{i=1}^n q_i C_i \right)$$

Si q es manté constant (aproximadament) durant els n cicles: $q_1 \approx q_2 \approx \dots$:

$$E[w_q] \approx \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n r_i^2}{2(1 - y) \sum_{i=1}^n C_i} = \frac{E[r^2]}{2(1 - y) E[C]} = \frac{1}{2(1 - y)} \frac{E^2[r] + \text{Var}[r]}{E[C]} = \frac{E[r]}{2(1 - y)} \frac{E[r]}{E[C]} (1 + C_r^2)$$