Linked Lists Intro

What is a linked list?

List created by linking elements called as nodes !!

Simple Pointer

```
int main() {
    int i = 10;
    cout << i << " " << &i << endl;

    int *p = &i;
    cout << p << " " << *p << endl;
}</pre>
```

```
In [ ]:
```

1

Static memory allocation in C++

```
struct Node {
    int data;
};

int main() {
    Node n1;
    n1.data = 10;

    cout << n1.data << endl;

    Node *p1;
    p1 = &n1;

    cout << p1 << " " << (*p1).data << " " << p1->data;
}
```

```
In [ ]:
```

1

```
```C++
In []:
 1
 struct Node {
 2
 3
 int data;
 4
 };
 5
 6
 int main() {
 7
 Node *p1 = new Node; // dynamic memory allocation
 8
 cout << p1 << " " << p1->data;
 9
 10
 delete p1; // deallocation
 11
 12
 }
 13
In []:
```

```
In []:
 struct Node {
 1
 2
 int data;
 3
 Node *next;
 4
 };
 5
 6
 7
 int main() {
 8
 Node *p1 = new Node; // dynamic memory allocation
 Node *p2 = new Node; // dynamic memory allocation
 9
 10
 p1->data = 10;
 p1->next = NULL;
 11
 12
 p2\rightarrow data = 20;
 13
 p2->next = NULL;
 14
 cout << p1 << " " << p1->data << " " << p1->next << endl;</pre>
 15
 cout << p2 << " " << p2->data << " " << p1->next << endl;</pre>
 16
 17
 delete p1; // deallocation
 18
 19 }
```

```
In []: 1
```

```
In []:
 1
 struct Node {
 2
 3
 int data;
 Node *next;
 4
 5
 };
 6
 7
 Node* createNode(int data) {
 8
 Node* p = new Node;
 9
 p->next = NULL;
 10
 p->data = data;
 return p;
 11
 12
 }
 13
 void printNode(Node* n) {
 14
 cout << "data:" << n->data << " ptr:" << n->next << endl;</pre>
 15
 16
 }
 17
 18
 int main() {
 Node *n1 = createNode(10); // dynamic memory allocation
 19
 Node *n2 = createNode(20); // dynamic memory allocation
 20
 21
 22
 printNode(n1);
 printNode(n2);
 23
 24
 }
 25
 26
```

```
In []: 1
```

## Node structure and self referential struct

```
// C++
struct Node {
 int data;
 Node *next;
};

// Decimal 0-9 - 10
// Hexa 0-9 ABCDEF - 16
```

## **Dynamic memory allocation**

```
int main() {
 Node *n1 = new Node();
 n1->data = 10;
 n1->next = NULL;
 Node *n2 = new Node();
 n2 \rightarrow data = 20;
 n2 \rightarrow next = n1;
 }
In []:
 1
 JAVA
 class Node {
 int data;
 Node next;
 public Node(int data, Node next) {
 this.data = data;
 this.next = next;
 }
 }
 Node n1 = new Node(10, null);
 Node n2 = new Node(20, n1);
 Python
 class Node:
 def __init__(self, data: int, next: Node):
 self.data = data
 self.next = next
 def __str__(self):
 print("data", self.data, "next", self.next)
 n1 = Node(10, None)
 n2 = Node(20, n1)
In []:
```

```
In [8]:
 class Node:
 1
 def __init__(self, data: int, next):
 2
 3
 self.data = data
 self.next = next
 4
 5
 def __str__(self):
 6
 return f"(data:{self.data} next: {self.next})"
 7
 8 | n1 = Node(10, None)
 9
 n1 = Node(20, n1)
 10 print(n1)
 11 print(n1.next)
 (data:20 next: (data:10 next: None))
 (data:10 next: None)
In []:
 Linked List fundamental
 struct Node {
 int data;
 Node *next;
 };
 Node* createNode(int data, Node* next) {
 Node* p = new Node;
 p->next = next;
 p->data = data;
 return p;
 }
 void printNode(Node* n) {
 cout << "data:" << n->data << " next:" << n->next << endl;</pre>
 }
 int main() {
 Node *n1 = createNode(10, NULL); // dynamic memory allocation
 n1 = createNode(20, n1);
 n1 = createNode(30, n1);
 printNode(n1);
 printNode(n1->next);
 printNode(n1->next->next);
 }
In []:
 Insert
 1
             ```C++
          2
```

```
3
    struct Node {
 4
        int data;
 5
        Node *next;
 6
   };
 7
 8
   class LinkedList {
 9
        Node *head; // data member
10
        Node* createNode(int data, Node* next) {
11
            Node* p = new Node;
12
            p->next = next;
13
14
            p->data = data;
15
            return p;
16
        }
17
        public:
            LinkedList() {this->head = NULL;} // Constructor
18
19
20
            void insertFront(int data) {
21
                Node * temp = createNode(data, NULL)
22
                 if (head == NULL) {
23
                     head = temp;
24
                 } else {
25
                     temp->next = head;
                     head = temp;
26
27
                 }
28
            }
29
30
            void print() {
31
32
                 cout << endl;</pre>
33
                Node * temp = head;
34
                 if (head == NULL) cout << "list is empty" << endl;</pre>
35
                while(temp != NULL) {
                     cout << "data:" << temp->data << " next:" << temp->next
36
    << endl;
37
                     temp = temp->next;
38
                }
39
            }
40
   };
41
42
   int main() {
        LinkedList 11;
43
44
        l1.print();
45
46
        11.insertFront(10);
47
        11.print();
48
        11.insertFront(20);
49
50
        11.print();
   }
51
52
```

```
In [ ]: 1
```

Linked List implementation

```
struct Node {
    int data;
    Node *next;
};
class LinkedList {
    Node *head; // data member
    Node *tail;
    Node* createNode(int data, Node* next) {
        Node* p = new Node;
        p->next = next;
        p->data = data;
        return p;
    }
    public:
        LinkedList() {this->head = this->tail = NULL;} // Constructor
        void insertFront(int data) {
            Node * temp = createNode(data, NULL)
            if (head == NULL) {
                head = temp;
                tail = temp;
            } else {
                temp->next = head;
                head = temp;
            }
        }
        void insertEnd(int data) {
            Node * temp = createNode(data, NULL)
            if (head == NULL) {
                head = tail = temp;
            } else {
                tail->next = temp;
                tail = temp;
            }
        }
        void deleteFront() {
            if (head == NULL) {
                cout << "Underflow" << endl;</pre>
            } else {
                Node *temp = head;
                head = head->next;
                delete temp;// temp.next = null
            }
        }
```

```
// Delete by address from middle (doesn't work for first and
            last node)
                     void deleteMid(Node *ptr) {
                         Node *temp = ptr->next;
                         ptr->data = ptr->next->data;
                         ptr->next = ptr->next->next;
                         delete temp;
                     }
                     // delete by value is still O(n)
                     // iterate and print
                     void print() {
                         cout << endl;</pre>
                         Node * temp = head;
                         if (head == NULL) cout << "list is empty" << endl;</pre>
                         while(temp != NULL) {
                             cout << "data:" << temp->data << " next:" << temp->ne
            xt << endl;</pre>
                             temp = temp->next;
                         }
                     }
            };
            int main() {
                LinkedList 11;
                11.print();
                11.insertFront(10);
                11.print();
                11.insertFront(20);
                11.print();
            }
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
             ### LL vs Array
             https://leetcode.com/problems/delete-node-in-a-linked-list/
In [ ]:
```