Using R and Bioconductor for proteomics data analysis

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Setup

The follow packages will be used throughout this documents. R version 3.1.1 or higher is required to install all the packages using BiocInstaller::biocLite.

```
library("mzR")
library("mzID")
library("MSGFplus")
library("MSnbase")
library("px")
library("MLInterfaces")
library("pRoloc")
library("pRolocdata")
library("rTANDEM")
library("MSGFplus")
library("MSGFgui")
library("rols")
```

The most convenient way to install all the tutorials requirement (and more related content), is to install RforProteomics with all its dependencies.

```
library("BiocInstaller")
biocLite("RforProteomics", dependencies = TRUE)
```

Introduction

This tutorial illustrates R / Bioconductor infrastructure for proteomics. Topics covered focus on support for open community-driven formats for raw data and identification results, packages for peptide-spectrum matching, data processing and analysis:

- Exploring available infrastructure
- Mass spectrometry data
- Getting data from proteomics repositories
- Handling raw MS data
- Handling identification data
- MS/MS database search
- Analysing search results
- High-level data interface
- Quantitative proteomics
- Importing third-party quantitative data

- Data processing and analysis
- Statistical analysis
- Machine learning
- Annotation
- Other relevant packages/pipelines

Links to other packages and references are also documented. In particular, the vignettes included in the RforProteomics package also contains relevant material.

Exploring available infrastructure

In Bioconductor version 3.0, there are respectively 65 proteomics, 44 mass spectrometry software packages and 7 mass spectrometry experiment packages. These respective packages can be extracted with the proteomicsPackages(), massSpectrometryPackages() and massSpectrometryDataPackages() and explored interactively.

```
library("RforProteomics")
pp <- proteomicsPackages()
display(pp)</pre>
```

Mass spectrometry data

Type	Format	Package
raw	mzML, mzXML, netCDF, mzData	mzR (read)
identification	mzIdentML	${\tt mzR} \ {\rm and} \ {\tt mzID} \ ({\rm read})$
quantitation	mzQuantML	
peak lists	mgf	MSnbase (read/write)
other	mzTab	${\tt MSnbase} \ ({\rm read/write})$

Getting data from proteomics repositories

Contemporary MS-based proteomics data is disseminated through the ProteomeXchange infrastructure, which centrally coordinates submission, storage and dissemination through multiple data repositories, such as the PRIDE data base at the EBI for MS/MS experiments, PASSEL at the ISB for SRM data and the MassIVE resource. The rpx is an interface to ProteomeXchange and provides a basic and unified access to PX data.

```
library("rpx")
pxannounced()
```

15 new ProteomeXchange annoucements

##	Data.Set	Publication.D	ata Message
## 1	PXD001159	2014-11-20 11:26	:30 New
## 2	PXD001386	2014-11-20 10:50	:37 New
## 3	PXD001091	2014-11-20 09:49	:23 New
## 4	PXD001031	2014-11-20 09:35	:05 New

```
## 6 PXD001283 2014-11-19 08:44:40
                                                     New
## 7 PXD001301 2014-11-19 08:42:01
## 8 PXD000837 2014-11-19 08:30:45 Updated information
## 9 PXD000715 2014-11-18 16:34:39 Updated information
## 10 PXD000837 2014-11-18 16:30:02 Updated information
## 11 PXD001354 2014-11-18 16:29:15 Updated information
## 12 PXD000627 2014-11-18 16:28:07 Updated information
## 13 PXD001125 2014-11-18 16:27:02 Updated information
## 14 PXD001045 2014-11-18 16:26:04 Updated information
## 15 PXD001260 2014-11-18 16:24:55 Updated information
px <- PXDataset("PXD000001")</pre>
## Object of class "PXDataset"
## Id: PXD000001 with 8 files
## [1] 'F063721.dat' ... [8] 'erwinia_carotovora.fasta'
## Use 'pxfiles(.)' to see all files.
pxfiles(px)
## [1] "F063721.dat"
## [2] "F063721.dat-mztab.txt"
## [3] "PRIDE_Exp_Complete_Ac_22134.xml.gz"
## [4] "PRIDE_Exp_mzData_Ac_22134.xml.gz"
## [5] "PXD000001_mztab.txt"
## [6] "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML"
## [7] "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.raw"
## [8] "erwinia_carotovora.fasta"
Other metadata for the px dataset:
pxtax(px)
## [1] "Erwinia carotovora"
pxurl(px)
## [1] "ftp://ftp.pride.ebi.ac.uk/pride/data/archive/2012/03/PXD000001"
pxref(px)
## [1] "Gatto L, Christoforou A. Using R and Bioconductor for proteomics data analysis. Biochim Biophys
Data files can then be downloaded with the pxget function as illustrated below.
mzf <- pxget(px, pxfiles(px)[6])</pre>
## Downloading 1 file
## TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML already present.
```

New

5 PXD000413 2014-11-20 09:04:45

```
mzf
```

```
## [1] "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML"
```

Exercise

Explore what data files have been deposited by Pandey's recent draft map of the human proteome.

```
library("rpx")
hum <- PXDataset("PXD000561")</pre>
hum
Solution
## Object of class "PXDataset"
## Id: PXD000561 with 2384 files
## [1] 'Adult_Adrenalgland_Gel_Elite_49.msf' ... [2384] 'README.txt'
## Use 'pxfiles(.)' to see all files.
humf <- pxfiles(hum)</pre>
length(humf)
## [1] 2384
table(sub("^.+\\.", "", humf))
##
##
    msf raw txt xls
                         xml
     85 2212
                1
                      1
rawf <- grep("raw", humf, value = TRUE)</pre>
table(sub("_.+$", "", rawf))
##
## Adult Fetal
## 1715
           497
```

Handling raw MS data

The mzR package provides an interface to the proteowizard code base, the legacy RAMP is a non-sequential parser and other C/C++ code to access various raw data files, such as mzML, mzXML, netCDF, and mzData. The data is accessed on-disk, i.e it does not get loaded entirely in memory by default. The three main functions are openMSfile to create a file handle to a raw data file, header to extract metadata about the spectra contained in the file and peaks to extract one or multiple spectra of interest. Other functions such as instrumentInfo, or runInfo can be used to gather general information about a run.

```
library("mzR")
ms <- openMSfile(mzf)</pre>
## Mass Spectrometry file handle.
## Filename: TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## Number of scans: 7534
hd <- header(ms)
dim(hd)
## [1] 7534
              21
names (hd)
    [1] "seqNum"
##
                                    "acquisitionNum"
##
    [3] "msLevel"
                                    "polarity"
   [5] "peaksCount"
                                    "totIonCurrent"
##
  [7] "retentionTime"
                                    "basePeakMZ"
  [9] "basePeakIntensity"
                                    "collisionEnergy"
##
## [11] "ionisationEnergy"
                                    "lowMZ"
## [13] "highMZ"
                                    "precursorScanNum"
## [15] "precursorMZ"
                                    "precursorCharge"
## [17] "precursorIntensity"
                                    "mergedScan"
## [19] "mergedResultScanNum"
                                    "mergedResultStartScanNum"
## [21] "mergedResultEndScanNum"
```

Exercise

Extract the index of the MS2 spectrum with the highest base peak intensity and plot its spectrum. Is the data centroided or in profile mode?

```
hd2 <- hd[hd$msLevel == 2, ]
i <- which.max(hd2$basePeakIntensity)
hd2[i, ]</pre>
```

Solution

```
\verb|seqNum| acquisitionNum| \verb|msLevel| polarity| peaksCount| totIonCurrent|
##
## 5404
           5404
                            5404
                                         2
                                                              275
                                                                      2283283712
        retentionTime basePeakMZ basePeakIntensity collisionEnergy
##
## 5404
                2751.31
                           859.5032
                                               354288224
##
         ionisationEnergy
                                lowMZ highMZ precursorScanNum precursorMZ
                          0 100.5031 1995.63
                                                              5403
## 5404
                                                                        859.1722
##
         {\tt precursorCharge} \ {\tt precursorIntensity} \ {\tt mergedScan} \ {\tt mergedResultScanNum}
## 5404
                         3
                                      627820480
##
         {\tt mergedResultStartScanNum\ mergedResultEndScanNum\ }
## 5404
```

```
pi <- peaks(ms, hd2[i, 1])
mz <- hd2[i, "basePeakMZ"]

par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(pi, type = "h", main = paste("Acquisition", i))
plot(pi, type = "h", xlim = c(mz-0.5, mz+0.5))

pj <- peaks(ms, 100)
plot(pj, type = "l", main = paste("Acquisition", 100))
plot(pj, type = "l", xlim = c(536,540))</pre>
```

Read the MSnbase::MSmap manual and look at the example to learn how the mzR raw data support can be exploited to generate maps of slides of raw MS data. (Note that the hd variable containing the raw data header was missing in MSnbase version < 1.14.1.)

Handling identification data

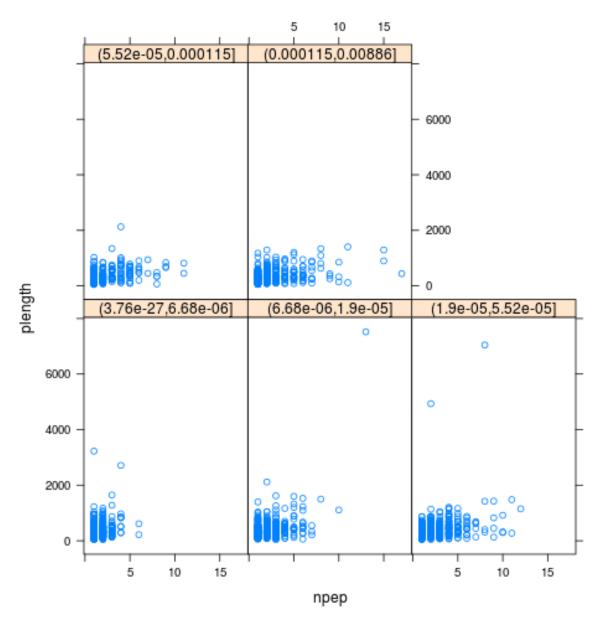
The RforProteomics package distributes a small identification result file (see ?TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45ste that we load and parse using infrastructure from the mzID package.

```
library("mzID")
f <- dir(system.file("extdata", package = "RforProteomics"),</pre>
         pattern = "mzid", full.names=TRUE)
basename(f)
## [1] "TMT_Erwinia.mzid.gz"
id <- mzID(f)</pre>
## reading TMT_Erwinia.mzid.gz... DONE!
id
## An mzID object
                    MS-GF+ (version: Beta (v10072))
## Software used:
##
                    /home/lgatto/dev/00_github/RforProteomics/sandbox/TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol
## Rawfile:
##
                    /home/lgatto/dev/00_github/RforProteomics/sandbox/erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## Database:
## Number of scans: 5287
## Number of PSM's: 5563
```

Various data can be extracted from the mzID object, using one the accessor functions such as database, scans, peptides, ... The object can also be converted into a data.frame using the flatten function.

Exercise

Is there a relation between the length of a protein and the number of identified peptides, conditioned by the (average) e-value of the identifications?



Solution

The mzR package also support fast parsing of mzIdentML files with the openIDfile function.

Compare it, it terms of output and speed with mzID.

5

6

1

2

3

4

accession length

155

434

295

290

ECA1932

ECA1147

ECA0013

ECA1731

##

```
library("mzR")
library("mzID")
f <- dir(system.file("extdata", package = "RforProteomics"),</pre>
         pattern = "mzid", full.names=TRUE)
system.time({
    id0 <- mzID(f)</pre>
    fid0 <- flatten(id0)</pre>
})
## reading TMT_Erwinia.mzid.gz... DONE!
##
            system elapsed
      user
    32.175
             0.098 32.322
head(fid0)
##
     spectrumid scan number(s) acquisitionnum passthreshold rank
     scan=5782
                           5782
                                           5782
## 1
                                                          TRUE
                                                                   1
## 2
      scan=6037
                           6037
                                           6037
                                                          TRUE
## 3
      scan=5235
                           5235
                                           5235
                                                          TRUE
                                                                   1
## 4
      scan=5397
                           5397
                                           5397
                                                          TRUE
## 5
     scan=6075
                           6075
                                           6075
                                                          TRUE
                                                                   1
      scan=5761
                           5761
                                           5761
                                                          TRUE
##
     calculatedmasstocharge experimentalmasstocharge chargestate
## 1
                   1080.2321
                                             1080.2325
                                                                   3
## 2
                   1002.2115
                                             1002.2089
                                                                   3
## 3
                   1189.2800
                                              1189.2836
                                                                   3
## 4
                    960.5365
                                                                   3
                                              960.5365
## 5
                   1264.3419
                                                                   3
                                             1264.3409
## 6
                   1268.6501
                                             1268.6429
##
     ms-gf:denovoscore ms-gf:evalue ms-gf:rawscore ms-gf:specevalue
## 1
                    174 5.430080e-21
                                                  147
                                                          3.764831e-27
## 2
                    245 9.943751e-20
                                                  214
                                                          6.902626e-26
## 3
                    264 2.564787e-19
                                                  211
                                                          1.778789e-25
## 4
                    178 2.581753e-18
                                                  154
                                                          1.792541e-24
## 5
                    252 2.178423e-17
                                                  188
                                                          1.510364e-23
## 6
                    138 2.329453e-17
                                                  123
                                                          1.618941e-23
##
     assumeddissociationmethod isotopeerror isdecoy post pre end start
## 1
                            HCD
                                            0
                                                 FALSE
                                                          S
                                                              R 84
                                                                        50
## 2
                            HCD
                                                 FALSE
                                                              K 315
                                                                       288
## 3
                            HCD
                                            0
                                                FALSE
                                                              R 224
                                                                       192
                                                          Α
## 4
                            HCD
                                            0
                                                 FALSE
                                                              R 290
                                                                       264
```

0

FALSE

FALSE

F

ribose-binding periplasmic protein

outer membrane lipoprotein

R 153

K 286

119

264

description

flagellin

trigger factor

HCD

HCD

```
## 5
       ECA1443
                   298
                            UTP--glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase
## 6
       ECA1444
                   468 6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, decarboxylating
                                   pepseg modified modification
##
## 1 PVQIQAGEDSNVIGALGGAVLGGFLGNTIGGGSGR
                                              FALSE
                                                             < N A >
## 2
            TQVLDGLINANDIEVPVALIDGEIDVLR
                                              FALSE
                                                             <NA>
## 3
                                              FALSE
       TKGLNVMQNLLTAHPDVQAVFAQNDEMALGALR
                                                             <NA>
             SOILOOAGTSVLSOANOVPOTVLSLLR
                                              FALSE
                                                             <NA>
## 5 PIIGDNPFVVVLPDVVLDESTADQTQENLALLISR
                                              FALSE
                                                             <NA>
## 6
                 WTSQSSLDLGEPLSLITESVFAR
                                              FALSE
                                                             <NA>
##
                                                      spectrumFile
## 1 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 2 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 3 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 4 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 5 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 6 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
##
                 databaseFile
## 1 erwinia carotovora.fasta
## 2 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 3 erwinia carotovora.fasta
## 4 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 5 erwinia carotovora.fasta
## 6 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
system.time({
    id1 <- openIDfile(f)</pre>
    fid1 <- mzR::psms(id1)</pre>
})
##
            system elapsed
      user
##
     0.333
             0.002
                      0.338
head(fid1)
##
     spectrumID chargeState rank passThreshold experimentalMassToCharge
## 1 scan=5782
                                1
                                                                 1080.2325
                           3
                                            TRUE
     scan=6037
## 2
                           3
                                1
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1002.2089
## 3
      scan=5235
                           3
                                1
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1189.2836
                           3
## 4
      scan=5397
                                1
                                            TRUE
                                                                  960.5365
                           3
## 5
      scan=6075
                                1
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1264.3409
## 6
      scan=5761
                           2
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1268.6429
                                                         sequence modNum
##
     calculatedMassToCharge
## 1
                   1080.2321 PVQIQAGEDSNVIGALGGAVLGGFLGNTIGGGSGR
                                                                        0
## 2
                   1002.2115
                                    TQVLDGLINANDIEVPVALIDGEIDVLR
                                                                        0
## 3
                                                                        0
                   1189.2800
                               TKGLNVMQNLLTAHPDVQAVFAQNDEMALGALR
## 4
                    960.5365
                                     SQILQQAGTSVLSQANQVPQTVLSLLR
                                                                        0
## 5
                   1264.3419 PIIGDNPFVVVLPDVVLDESTADQTQENLALLISR
                                                                        0
                   1268.6501
                                         WTSQSSLDLGEPLSLITESVFAR
                                                                        0
## 6
##
     isDecoy post pre start end DatabaseAccess DatabaseSeq
       FALSE
                S
                    R
                          50
                              84
                                        ECA1932
## 1
## 2
       FALSE
                R.
                    K
                         288 315
                                        ECA1147
## 3
       FALSE
                    R
                         192 224
                                        ECA0013
                Α
```

ECA1731

FALSE

R.

264 290

4

```
## 5
       FALSE
                F
                    R
                        119 153
                                        ECA1443
## 6
       FALSE
                Υ
                    K
                        264 286
                                       ECA1444
##
                                           DatabaseDescription
## 1
                            ECA1932 outer membrane lipoprotein
## 2
                                        ECA1147 trigger factor
## 3
                    ECA0013 ribose-binding periplasmic protein
## 4
                                              ECA1731 flagellin
          ECA1443 UTP--glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase
## 5
## 6 ECA1444 6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, decarboxylating
```

MS/MS database search

While searches are generally performed using third-party software independently of R or can be started from R using a system call, the rTANDEM package allows one to execute such searches using the X!Tandem engine. The shinyTANDEM provides a interactive interface to explore the search results.

```
library("rTANDEM")
?rtandem
library("shinyTANDEM")
?shinyTANDEM
```

Similarly, the MSGFplus package enables to perform a search using the MSGF+ engine, as illustrated below:

A graphical interface to perform the search the data and explore the results is also available:

```
library("MSGFgui")
MSGFgui()
```

Exercise

Search TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML against the fasta file from PXD000001 using, for example, MSGFplus/MSGFgui.

Solution

1. Get the fasta database:

```
fas <- pxget(px, pxfiles(px)[8])

## Downloading 1 file
## erwinia_carotovora.fasta already present.</pre>
```

2. One could run MSGF+ from the command-line directly from R:

```
msgf <- system.file(package = "MSGFplus", "MSGFPlus", "MSGFPlus.jar")
system(paste0("java -jar ", msgf))
cmd <- paste("java -jar", msgf, "-protocol 2 -inst 1 -s", mzf, "-d", fas)
cmd

## [1] "java -jar /home/lg390/R/x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu-library/3.1/MSGFplus/MSGFPlus/MSGFPlus.jar -pr
system(cmd)

or, use MSGFplus:
library("MSGFplus")
msgfpar <- msgfPar(database = fas,</pre>
```

or, through the graphical user interface:

```
library("MSGFgui")
MSGFgui()
```

Analysing search results

The MSnID package can be used for post-search filtering of MS/MS identifications. One starts with the construction of an MSnID object that is populated with identification results that can be imported from a data.frame or from mzIdenML files.

```
library("MSnID")
msnid <- MSnID(".")</pre>
## Note, the anticipated/suggested columns in the
## peptide-to-spectrum matching results are:
## accession
## calculatedMassToCharge
## chargeState
## experimentalMassToCharge
## isDecoy
## peptide
## spectrumFile
## spectrumID
PSMresults <- read.delim(system.file("extdata", "human_brain.txt",
                                      package="MSnID"),
                          stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
psms(msnid) <- PSMresults</pre>
show(msnid)
```

```
## MSnID object
## Working directory: "."
## #Spectrum Files: 1
## #PSMs: 997 at 37 % FDR
## #peptides: 687 at 57 % FDR
## #accessions: 665 at 65 % FDR
```

The package then enables to define, optimise and apply filtering based for example on missed cleavages, identification scores, precursor mass errors, etc. and assess PSM, peptide and protein FDR levels.

```
msnid$msmsScore <- -log10(msnid$`MS.GF.SpecEValue`)</pre>
msnid$absParentMassErrorPPM <- abs(mass_measurement_error(msnid))</pre>
filtObj <- MSnIDFilter(msnid)</pre>
filtObj$absParentMassErrorPPM <- list(comparison="<", threshold=5.0)
filtObj$msmsScore <- list(comparison=">", threshold=8.0)
show(filtObj)
## MSnIDFilter object
## (absParentMassErrorPPM < 5) & (msmsScore > 8)
filtObj.grid <- optimize_filter(filtObj, msnid, fdr.max=0.01,</pre>
                                 method="Grid", level="peptide",
                                 n.iter=500)
show(filtObj.grid)
## MSnIDFilter object
## (absParentMassErrorPPM < 2.3) & (msmsScore > 7.8)
msnid <- apply_filter(msnid, filt0bj.grid)</pre>
show(msnid)
## MSnID object
## Working directory: "."
## #Spectrum Files: 1
## #PSMs: 346 at 0 % FDR
## #peptides: 160 at 0 % FDR
## #accessions: 132 at 0 \% FDR
```

The resulting data can be exported to a data.frame or to a dedicated MSnSet data structure for quantitative MS data, described below, and further processed and analyses using appropriate statistical tests.

High-level data interface

The above sections introduced low-level interfaces to raw and identification results. The MSnbase package provides abstractions for raw data through the MSnExp class and containers for quantification data via the MSnSet class. Both store

1. the actual assay data (spectra or quantitation matrix), accessed with spectra (or the [, [[operators) or exprs;

- 2. sample metadata, accessed as a data.frame with pData;
- 3. feature metadata, accessed as a data.frame with fData.

The figure below give a schematics of an MSnSet instance and the relation between the assay data and the respective feature and sample metadata.

Another useful slot is processingData, accessed with processingData(.), that records all the processing that objects have undergone since their creation (see examples below).

The readMSData will parse the raw data, extract the MS2 spectra (by default) and construct an MS experiment object of class MSnExp.

(Note that while readMSData supports MS1 data, this is currently not convenient as all the data is read into memory.)

[1] "dummyiTRAQ.mzXML"

```
msexp <- readMSData(rawFile, verbose = FALSE)
msexp</pre>
```

```
## Object of class "MSnExp"
## Object size in memory: 0.2 Mb
## - - - Spectra data - - -
## MS level(s): 2
## Number of MS1 acquisitions: 1
## Number of MSn scans: 5
## Number of precursor ions: 5
## 4 unique MZs
## Precursor MZ's: 437.8 - 716.34
## MSn M/Z range: 100 2016.66
## MSn retention times: 25:1 - 25:2 minutes
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Sat Nov 22 14:48:57 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
## - - - Meta data - - -
## phenoData
##
    rowNames: 1
##
     varLabels: sampleNames
##
    varMetadata: labelDescription
## Loaded from:
    dummyiTRAQ.mzXML
##
## protocolData: none
## featureData
     featureNames: X1.1 X2.1 ... X5.1 (5 total)
##
     fvarLabels: spectrum
     fvarMetadata: labelDescription
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
```

MS2 spectra can be extracted as a list of Spectrum2 objects with the spectra accessor or as a subset of the original MSnExp data with the [operator. Individual spectra can be accessed with [[.

```
length(msexp)
## [1] 5
msexp[[2]]
## Object of class "Spectrum2"
## Precursor: 546.9586
## Retention time: 25:2
## Charge: 3
## MSn level: 2
## Peaks count: 1012
## Total ion count: 56758067
The identification results stemming from the same raw data file can then be used to add PSM matches.
fData(msexp)
        spectrum
## X1.1
               1
## X2.1
## X3.1
               3
                4
## X4.1
## X5.1
               5
## find path to a mzIdentML file
identFile <- dir(system.file(package = "MSnbase", dir = "extdata"),</pre>
                  full.name = TRUE, pattern = "dummyiTRAQ.mzid")
basename(identFile)
## [1] "dummyiTRAQ.mzid"
msexp <- addIdentificationData(msexp, identFile)</pre>
## reading dummyiTRAQ.mzid... DONE!
fData(msexp)
        spectrum scan number(s) passthreshold rank calculatedmasstocharge
##
                                           TRUE
                                                                    645.0375
## X1.1
               1
                               1
                                                   1
                                           TRUE
## X2.1
                2
                               2
                                                    1
                                                                    546.9633
## X3.1
               3
                              NA
                                             NA
                                                  NA
                                                                           NA
## X4.1
                4
                              NA
                                             NA
                                                  NA
                                                                           NA
               5
## X5.1
                               5
                                           TRUE
                                                                    437.2997
                                                    1
        experimentalmasstocharge chargestate ms-gf:denovoscore ms-gf:evalue
##
## X1.1
                         645.3741
                                             3
                                                               77
                                                                       79.36958
## X2.1
                         546.9586
                                             3
                                                                       13.46615
                                                               39
## X3.1
                               NA
                                            NA
                                                                             NA
## X4.1
                                            NA
                               NA
                                                               NA
                                                                             NA
```

```
437.8040
                                                                     366.38422
## X5.1
                                             2
        ms-gf:rawscore ms-gf:specevalue assumeddissociationmethod
                            5.527468e-05
## X1.1
                    -39
                                                                 CID
## X2.1
                    -30
                            9.399048e-06
                                                                 CID
## X3.1
                    NA
                                       NA
                                                                <NA>
## X4.1
                    NA
                                       NA
                                                                <NA>
## X5.1
                    -42
                            2.577830e-04
                                                                 CID
##
        isotopeerror isdecoy post pre end start
                                                          accession length
                                      R 186
## X1.1
                    1
                        FALSE
                                 Α
                                               170 ECA0984; ECA3829
## X2.1
                    0
                        FALSE
                                       K 62
                                                50
                                                            ECA1028
                                                                       275
                                 Α
## X3.1
                <NA>
                           NA <NA> <NA>
                                         NA
                                                NA
                                                               <NA>
                                                                        NA
## X4.1
                                                               <NA>
                <NA>
                           NA <NA> <NA>
                                         NA
                                                NA
                                                                        NA
                                                                       166
## X5.1
                        FALSE
                                 L
                                      K
                                                22
                                                            ECA0510
##
                                                                            description
## X1.1 DNA mismatch repair protein; acetolactate synthase isozyme III large subunit
## X2.1
                 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridine-2,6-dicarboxylate N-succinyltransferase
## X3.1
                                                                                   <NA>
## X4.1
                                                                                   <NA>
## X5.1
                            putative capsular polysacharide biosynthesis transferase
                   pepseq modified modification
                                                               databaseFile
## X1.1 VESITARHGEVLQLRPK
                              FALSE
                                               NA erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## X2.1
            IDGQWVTHQWLKK
                              FALSE
                                               NA erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## X3.1
                      <NA>
                                 NA
                                               NA
                                                                       <NA>
## X4.1
                      <NA>
                                 NA
                                               NA
                  LVILLFR
                              FALSE
## X5.1
                                               NA erwinia_carotovora.fasta
        identFile nprot npep.prot npsm.prot npsm.pep
## X1.1
                       2
                                 1
                                            1
## X2.1
                2
                       1
                                 1
                                            1
                                                     1
## X3.1
               NA
                      NA
                                NA
                                           NA
                                                    NA
## X4.1
               NA
                      NA
                                NA
                                           NA
                                                    NA
## X5.1
                2
                       1
                                 1
                                            1
                                                     1
```

The readMSData and addIdentificationData make use of mzR and mzID packages to access the raw and identification data.

Spectra and (parts of) experiments can be extraced and plotted.

msexp[[1]]

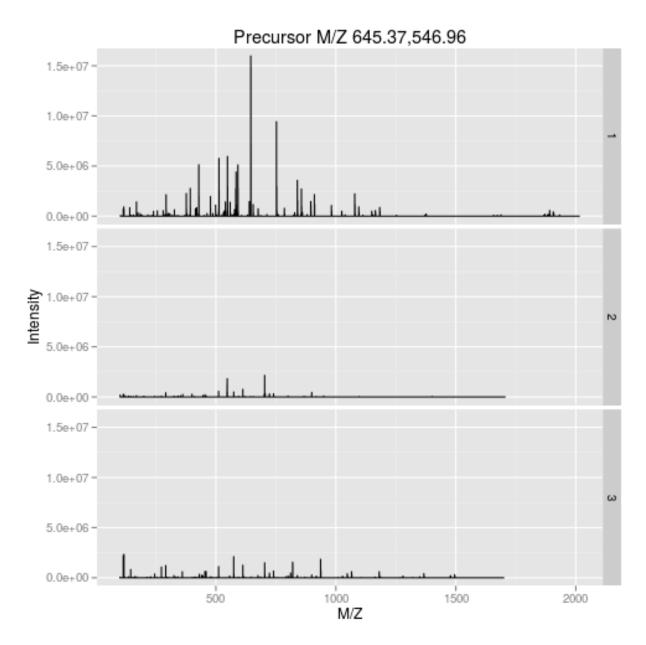
```
## Object of class "Spectrum2"
## Precursor: 645.3741
## Retention time: 25:1
## Charge: 3
## MSn level: 2
## Peaks count: 2921
## Total ion count: 668170086
plot(msexp[[1]], full=TRUE)
```



msexp[1:3]

```
## Object of class "MSnExp"
## Object size in memory: 0.13 Mb
## - - - Spectra data - - -
## MS level(s): 2
## Number of MS1 acquisitions: 1
## Number of precursor ions: 3
## 2 unique MZs
## Precursor MZ's: 546.96 - 645.37
## MSn M/Z range: 100 2016.66
## MSn retention times: 25:1 - 25:2 minutes
```

```
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Sat Nov 22 14:48:57 2014
## Data [numerically] subsetted 3 spectra: Sat Nov 22 14:48:58 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
## - - - Meta data - - -
## phenoData
## rowNames: 1
    varLabels: sampleNames
##
##
   varMetadata: labelDescription
## Loaded from:
                        dummyiTRAQ.mzid
## dummyiTRAQ.mzXML,
## protocolData: none
## featureData
## featureNames: X1.1 X2.1 X3.1
##
    fvarLabels: spectrum scan number(s) ... npsm.pep (30 total)
    fvarMetadata: labelDescription
##
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
plot(msexp[1:3], full=TRUE)
```



Coercion to a data.frame is straightforward.

```
as(msexp[[1]], "data.frame")[100:105, ]
```

```
## mz i
## 100 141.0990 588594.812
## 101 141.1015 845401.250
## 102 141.1041 791352.125
## 103 141.1066 477623.000
## 104 141.1091 155376.312
## 105 141.1117 4752.541
```

Quantitative proteomics

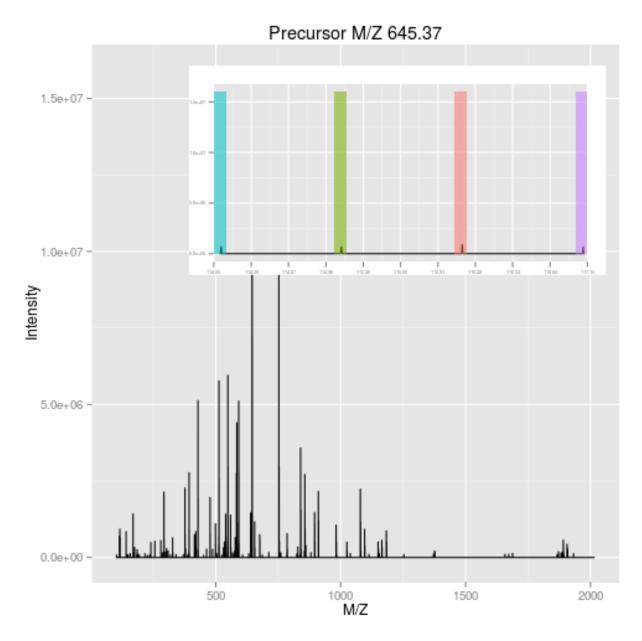
There are a wide range of proteomics quantitation techniques that can broadly be classified as labelled vs. label-free, depending whether the features are labelled prior the MS acquisition and the MS level at which quantitation is inferred, namely MS1 or MS2.

	Label-free	Labelled
MS1	XIC	SILAC, 15N
MS2	Counting	iTRAQ, TMT

In terms of raw data quantitation, most efforts have been devoted to MS2-level quantitation. Label-free XIC quantitation has however been addressed in the frame of metabolomics data processing by the xcms infrastructure.

An MSnExp is converted to an MSnSet by the quantitation method. Below, we use the iTRAQ 4-plex isobaric tagging strategy (defined by the iTRAQ4 parameter; other tags are available).

```
plot(msexp[[1]], full=TRUE, reporters = iTRAQ4)
```



```
msset <- quantify(msexp, method = "trap", reporters = iTRAQ4, verbose=FALSE)
exprs(msset)</pre>
```

```
iTRAQ4.114 iTRAQ4.115 iTRAQ4.116 iTRAQ4.117
## X1.1
       4483.320 4873.996 6743.441
                                       4601.378
## X2.1
       1918.082
                  1418.040
                            1117.601
                                       1581.954
## X3.1 15210.979 15296.256 15592.760 16550.502
## X4.1
        4133.103
                  5069.983
                            4724.845
                                       4694.801
## X5.1 11947.881 13061.875 12809.491 12911.479
```

processingData(msset)

```
## - - - Processing information - - -
```

```
## Data loaded: Sat Nov 22 14:48:57 2014
## iTRAQ4 quantification by trapezoidation: Sat Nov 22 14:48:59 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
```

Other MS2 quantitation methods available in quantify include the (normalised) spectral index SI and (normalised) spectral abundance factor SAF or simply a simple count method.

Note that spectra that have not been assigned any peptide (NA) or that match non-unique peptides (npsm > 1) are discarded in the counting process.

See also The isobar package supports quantitation from centroided mgf peak lists or its own tab-separated files that can be generated from Mascot and Phenyx vendor files.

Have a look at the **?quantify** documentation file and review the above by walking through the example.

Importing third-party quantitation data

The PSI mzTab file format is aimed at providing a simpler (than XML formats) and more accessible file format to the wider community. It is composed of a key-value metadata section and peptide/protein/small molecule tabular sections.

```
mztf <- pxget(px, pxfiles(px)[2])

## Downloading 1 file
## F063721.dat-mztab.txt already present.

(mzt <- readMzTabData(mztf, what = "PEP"))

## Warning in readMzTabData(mztf, what = "PEP"): Support for mzTab version
## 0.9 only. Support will be added soon.

## Detected a metadata section
## Detected a peptide section</pre>
```

```
## MSnSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
## assayData: 1528 features, 6 samples
     element names: exprs
## protocolData: none
## phenoData
     rowNames: sub[1] sub[2] ... sub[6] (6 total)
##
     varLabels: abundance
     varMetadata: labelDescription
##
## featureData
     featureNames: 1 2 ... 1528 (1528 total)
##
     fvarLabels: sequence accession ... uri (14 total)
     fvarMetadata: labelDescription
##
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
## Annotation:
## - - - Processing information - - -
## mzTab read: Sat Nov 22 14:49:01 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
It is also possible to import arbitrary spreadsheets as MSnSet objects into R with the readMSnSet2 function.
The main 2 arguments of the function are (1) a text-based spreadsheet and (2) column names of indices that
identify the quantitation data.
csv <- dir(system.file ("extdata" , package = "pRolocdata"),</pre>
           full.names = TRUE, pattern = "pr800866n_si_004-rep1.csv")
getEcols(csv, split = ",")
##
    [1] "\"Protein ID\""
                                        "\"FBgn\""
    [3] "\"Flybase Symbol\""
                                        "\"No. peptide IDs\""
##
                                        "\"No. peptides quantified\""
   [5] "\"Mascot score\""
   [7] "\"area 114\""
                                        "\"area 115\""
##
   [9] "\"area 116\""
                                        "\"area 117\""
## [11] "\"PLS-DA classification\""
                                        "\"Peptide sequence\""
  [13] "\"Precursor ion mass\""
                                        "\"Precursor ion charge\""
## [15] "\"pd.2013\""
                                        "\"pd.markers\""
ecols <- 7:10
res <- readMSnSet2(csv, ecols)</pre>
head(exprs(res))
     area.114 area.115 area.116 area.117
## 1 0.379000 0.281000 0.225000 0.114000
## 2 0.420000 0.209667 0.206111 0.163889
## 3 0.187333 0.167333 0.169667 0.476000
## 4 0.247500 0.253000 0.320000 0.179000
## 5 0.216000 0.183000 0.342000 0.259000
## 6 0.072000 0.212333 0.573000 0.142667
head(fData(res))
                        FBgn Flybase.Symbol No..peptide.IDs Mascot.score
##
     Protein.ID
        CG10060 FBgn0001104
                                G-ialpha65A
## 1
                                                            3
                                                                    179.86
```

Act57B

222.40

CG10067 FBgn0000044

2

```
## 3
        CG10077 FBgn0035720
                                     CG10077
                                                            5
                                                                     219.65
## 4
        CG10079 FBgn0003731
                                                            2
                                                                      86.39
                                        Egfr
## 5
        CG10106 FBgn0029506
                                     Tsp42Ee
                                                            1
                                                                      52.10
## 6
        CG10130 FBgn0010638
                                   Sec61beta
                                                            2
                                                                      79.90
##
     No..peptides.quantified PLS.DA.classification Peptide.sequence
## 1
                            1
                                                   PM
## 2
                            9
                                                   PM
                            3
## 3
## 4
                            2
                                                   PM
## 5
                                                             GGVFDTIQK
                            1
## 6
                            3
                                            ER/Golgi
##
                                                    pd.2013 pd.markers
     Precursor.ion.mass Precursor.ion.charge
## 1
                                                         PM
                                                               unknown
## 2
                                                         PM
                                                               unknown
## 3
                                                    unknown
                                                               unknown
## 4
                                                         PM
                                                               unknown
## 5
                 626.887
                                             2 Phenotype 1
                                                               unknown
## 6
                                                   ER/Golgi
                                                                     ER
```

Data processing and analysis

Raw data processing

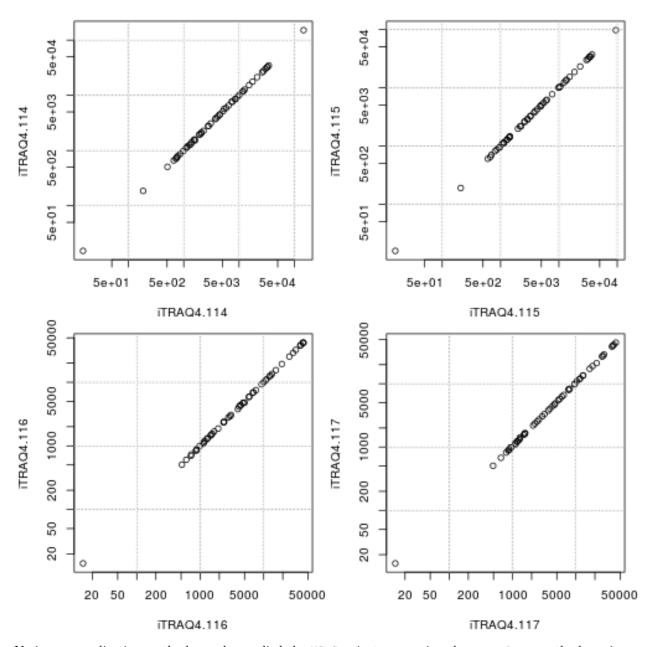
For raw data processing look at MSnbases's clean, smooth, pickPeaks, removePeaks and trimMz for MSnExp and spectra processing methods.

The MALDIquant and xcms packages also features a wide range of raw data processing methods on their own ad hoc data instance types.

Processing and normalisation

Each different types of quantitative data will require their own pre-processing and normalisation steps. Both isobar and MSnbase allow to correct for isobaric tag impurities normalise the quantitative data.

```
## - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Wed May 11 18:54:39 2011
## iTRAQ4 quantification by trapezoidation: Sat Nov 22 14:49:03 2014
## Purity corrected: Sat Nov 22 14:49:04 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.1.22
```



Various normalisation methods can be applied the MSnSet instances using the normalise method: variance stabilisation (vsn), quantile (quantiles), median or mean centring (center.media or center.mean), ...

```
qnt.crct.nrm <- normalise(qnt.crct, "quantiles")
plot0(qnt, qnt.crct.nrm)</pre>
```

The combineFeatures method combines spectra/peptides quantitation values into protein data. The grouping is defined by the groupBy parameter, which is generally taken from the feature metadata (protein accessions, for example).

```
## arbitraty grouping
g <- factor(c(rep(1, 25), rep(2, 15), rep(3, 15)))
prt <- combineFeatures(qnt.crct.nrm, groupBy = g, fun = "sum")</pre>
```

```
processingData(prt)
```

```
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Wed May 11 18:54:39 2011
## iTRAQ4 quantification by trapezoidation: Sat Nov 22 14:49:03 2014
## Purity corrected: Sat Nov 22 14:49:04 2014
## Normalised (quantiles): Sat Nov 22 14:49:04 2014
## Combined 55 features into 3 using sum: Sat Nov 22 14:49:04 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.1.22
```

Finally, proteomics data analysis is generally hampered by missing values. Missing data imputation is a sensitive operation whose success will be guided by many factors, such as degree and (non-)random nature of the missingness. Missing value in MSnSet instances can be filtered out and imputed using the filterNA and impute functions.

```
set.seed(1)
qnt0 <- qnt
exprs(qnt0)[sample(prod(dim(qnt0)), 10)] <- NA
table(is.na(qnt0))

##
## FALSE TRUE
## 209 11

qnt00 <- filterNA(qnt0)
dim(qnt00)

## [1] 44 4

qnt.imp <- impute(qnt0)
plot0(qnt, qnt.imp)</pre>
```



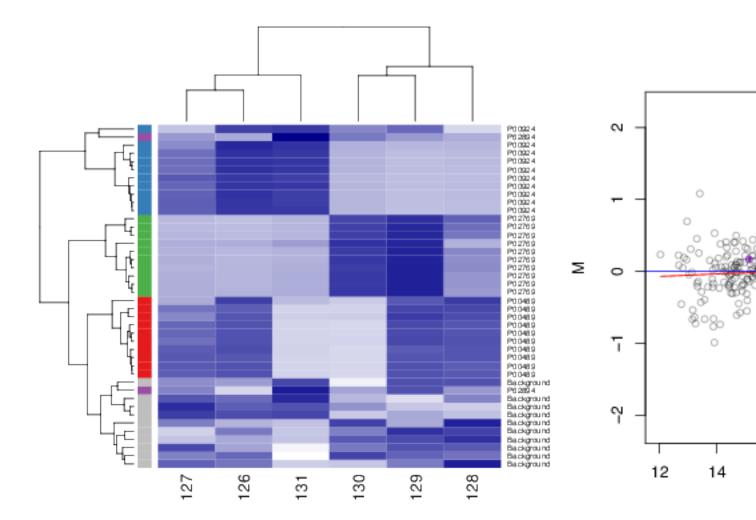
Exercise

The mzt instance created from the mzTab file has the following is a TMT 6-plex with the following design:

In this TMT 6-plex experiment, four exogenous proteins were spiked into an equimolar *Erwinia carotovora* lysate with varying proportions in each channel of quantitation; yeast enolase (ENO) at 10:5:2.5:1:2.5:10, bovine serum albumin (BSA) at 1:2.5:5:10:5:1, rabbit glycogen phosphorylase (PHO) at 2:2:2:2:1:1 and bovin cytochrome C (CYT) at 1:1:1:1:1:2. Proteins were then digested, differentially labelled with TMT reagents, fractionated by reverse phase nanoflow UPLC (nanoACQUITY, Waters), and analysed on an LTQ Orbitrap Velos mass spectrometer (Thermo Scientic).

Explore the mzt data using some of the illustrated functions. The heatmap and MAplot (see

MAplot function), taken from the RforProteomics vignette, have been produced using the same data.



Statistical analysis

R in general and Bioconductor in particular are well suited for the statistical analysis of data. Several packages provide dedicated resources for proteomics data:

- MSstats: A set of tools for statistical relative protein significance analysis in DDA, SRM and DIA experiments.
- msmsTest: Statistical tests for label-free LC-MS/MS data by spectral counts, to discover differentially expressed proteins between two biological conditions. Three tests are available: Poisson GLM regression, quasi-likelihood GLM regression, and the negative binomial of the edgeR package.

library(msmsTests)

Loading required package: msmsEDA

```
data(msms.dataset)
msms.dataset
## MSnSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
## assayData: 697 features, 14 samples
## element names: exprs
## protocolData: none
## phenoData
##
     sampleNames: U2.2502.1 U2.2502.2 ... U6.0302.3 (14 total)
##
     varLabels: treat batch
     varMetadata: labelDescription
##
## featureData: none
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
## pubMedIds: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22588121
## Annotation:
## - - - Processing information - - -
## MSnbase version: 1.8.0
e <- pp.msms.data(msms.dataset)
## MSnSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
## assayData: 675 features, 14 samples
     element names: exprs
## protocolData: none
## phenoData
##
     sampleNames: U2.2502.1 U2.2502.2 ... U6.0302.3 (14 total)
##
     varLabels: treat batch
##
    varMetadata: labelDescription
## featureData: none
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
    pubMedIds: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22588121
## Annotation:
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Subset [697,14][675,14] Sat Nov 22 14:49:04 2014
## Applied pp.msms.data preprocessing: Sat Nov 22 14:49:04 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.8.0
null.f <- "y~batch"</pre>
alt.f <- "y~treat+batch"</pre>
div <- apply(exprs(e),2,sum)</pre>
res <- msms.edgeR(e,alt.f,null.f,div=div,fnm="treat")</pre>
head(res)
##
                 LogFC
                                      p.value
## YJR104C 0.02689909 0.2691922 0.603874157
## YKL060C -0.12646368 5.5829487 0.018136162
## YDR155C -0.18781161 10.2706901 0.001351602
## YGR192C -0.08495735 2.5941286 0.107260419
## YOL086C -0.11853786 5.7558869 0.016433498
## YLR150W -0.09299164 1.3766331 0.240675481
```

• isobar also provides dedicated infrastructure for the statistical analysis of isobaric data.

Machine learning

The MLInterfaces package provides a unified interface to a wide range of machine learning algorithms. Initially developed for microarray and ExpressionSet instances, the pRoloc package enables application of these algorithms to MSnSet data.

Classification

The example below uses knn with the 5 closest neighbours as an illustration to classify proteins of unknown sub-cellular localisation to one of 9 possible organelles.

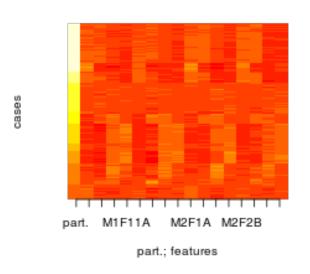
```
library("MLInterfaces")
library("pRoloc")
library("pRolocdata")
data(dunkley2006)
traininds <- which(fData(dunkley2006)$markers != "unknown")
ans <- MLearn(markers ~ ., data = t(dunkley2006), knnI(k = 5), traininds)
ans
## MLInterfaces classification output container
## The call was:
## MLearn(formula = markers ~ ., data = t(dunkley2006), .method = knnI(k = 5),
##
       trainInd = traininds)
## Predicted outcome distribution for test set:
##
                   ER membrane
##
        ER lumen
                                       Golgi Mitochondrion
                                                                  Plastid
               5
                                          67
                                                                       29
##
                           140
                                                         51
              PM
                      Ribosome
                                         TGN
                                                    vacuole
##
              89
                                           6
##
                            31
                                                         10
## Summary of scores on test set (use testScores() method for details):
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
##
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
   0.4000 1.0000 1.0000 0.9332 1.0000 1.0000
```

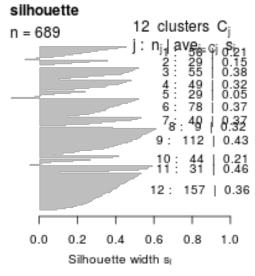
Clustering

```
kcl <- MLearn( ~ ., data = dunkley2006, kmeansI, centers = 12)
kcl</pre>
```

kmeans

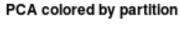
```
## clusteringOutput: partition table
##
## 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
## 56 29 55 49 29 78 40 9 112 44 31 157
## The call that created this object was:
## MLearn(formula = ~., data = dunkley2006, .method = kmeansI, centers = 12)
plot(kcl, exprs(dunkley2006))
```

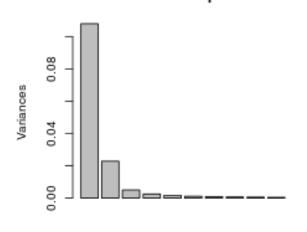


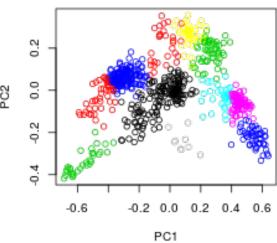


Average silhouette width: 0.33

PCA screeplot





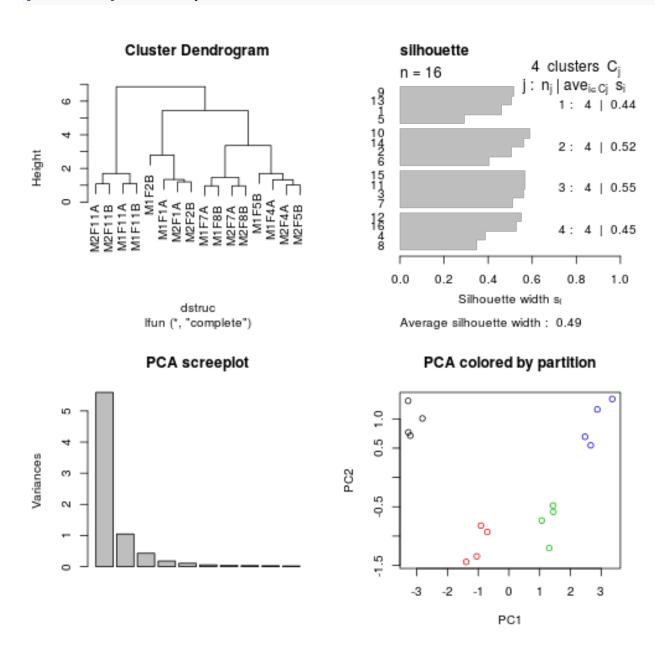


```
hcl <- MLearn( ~ ., data = t(dunkley2006), hclustI(distFun = dist, cutParm = list(k = 4)))
hcl</pre>
```

Hierarchical clustering

```
## clusteringOutput: partition table
##
## 1 2 3 4
## 4 4 4 4
## The call that created this object was:
## MLearn(formula = ~., data = t(dunkley2006), .method = hclustI(distFun = dist,
```

plot(hcl, exprs(t(dunkley2006)))



A wide range of classification and clustering algorithms are also available, as described in the ?MLearn documentation page. The pRoloc package also uses MSnSet instances as input and ,while being conceived with the analysis of spatial/organelle proteomics data in mind, is applicable many use cases.

Annotation

All the Bioconductor annotation infrastructure, such as biomaRt, GO.db, organism specific annotations, .. are directly relevant to the analysis of proteomics data. A total of 93 ontologies, including some proteomics-centred annotations such as the PSI Mass Spectrometry Ontology, Molecular Interaction (PSI MI 2.5) or Protein Modifications are available through the rols.

```
library("rols")
olsQuery("ESI", "MS")

## MS:1000073 MS:1000162

## "ESI" "HiRes ESI"
```

Data from the Human Protein Atlas is available via the hpar package.

Other relevant packages/pipelines

- Analysis of post translational modification with isobar.
- Analysis of label-free data from a Synapt G2 (including ion mobility) with synapter.
- Analysis of spatial proteomics data with pRoloc.
- Analysis of MALDI data with the MALDIquant package.
- Access to the Proteomics Standard Initiative Common QUery InterfaCe with the PSICQUIC package.

Additional relevant packages are described in the RforProteomics vignettes.

Session information

```
## R version 3.1.1 Patched (2014-09-02 r66514)
## Platform: x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu (64-bit)
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats4
                 parallel stats
                                     graphics grDevices utils
                                                                    datasets
## [8] methods
                 base
##
## other attached packages:
   [1] msmsTests_1.4.0
                             msmsEDA_1.4.0
                                                   lattice_0.20-29
##
##
  [4] hpar_1.8.0
                             rols_1.8.0
                                                   MSGFgui_1.0.1
  [7] rTANDEM_1.6.0
                             data.table_1.9.4
                                                   pRolocdata_1.5.2
## [10] pRoloc_1.7.1
                             MLInterfaces_1.46.0 cluster_1.15.3
## [13] annotate 1.44.0
                             XML 3.98-1.1
                                                   AnnotationDbi 1.28.1
                                                   S4Vectors 0.4.0
## [16] GenomeInfoDb_1.2.3
                             IRanges_2.0.0
## [19] rpx_1.2.0
                             MSGFplus_1.0.3
                                                   MSnID 1.0.0
## [22] mzID_1.4.1
                             RforProteomics_1.5.2 MSnbase_1.14.1
## [25] BiocParallel_1.0.0
                             mzR_2.0.0
                                                   Rcpp_0.11.3
## [28] Biobase_2.26.0
                             BiocGenerics_0.12.1 BiocInstaller_1.16.1
## [31] knitr_1.8
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
##
     [1] affy_1.44.0
                                       affyio_1.34.0
     [3] base64enc_0.1-2
##
                                      BatchJobs_1.5
##
     [5] BBmisc_1.8
                                      biocViews_1.34.1
##
     [7] bitops_1.0-6
                                      BradleyTerry2_1.0-5
     [9] brew 1.0-6
                                      brglm 0.5-9
##
    [11] car_2.0-22
##
                                      caret_6.0-37
    [13] Category_2.32.0
                                      caTools_1.17.1
##
##
  [15] checkmate_1.5.0
                                      chron_2.3-45
  [17] class_7.3-11
                                      codetools 0.2-9
   [19] colorspace_1.2-4
                                      DBI_0.3.1
```

```
[21] digest_0.6.4
                                      doParallel_1.0.8
##
  [23] e1071_1.6-4
                                      edgeR_3.8.4
  [25] evaluate 0.5.5
                                      fail 1.2
   [27] FNN_1.1
##
                                      foreach_1.4.2
##
   [29] formatR 1.0
                                      gdata_2.13.3
##
   [31] genefilter 1.48.1
                                      ggplot2_1.0.0
   [33] gplots_2.14.2
                                      graph 1.44.0
   [35] grid_3.1.1
                                      gridSVG_1.4-0
##
##
   [37] GSEABase_1.28.0
                                      gtable_0.1.2
##
  [39] gtools_3.4.1
                                      htmltools_0.2.6
   [41] httpuv_1.3.2
                                      impute_1.40.0
##
   [43] interactiveDisplay_1.4.0
                                      interactiveDisplayBase_1.4.0
   [45] iterators_1.0.7
                                      kernlab_0.9-19
## [47] KernSmooth_2.23-13
                                      labeling_0.3
## [49] limma_3.22.1
                                      lme4_1.1-7
##
   [51] lpSolve_5.6.10
                                      MALDIquant_1.11
##
  [53] MASS_7.3-35
                                      Matrix_1.1-4
  [55] mclust 4.4
                                      mime 0.2
  [57] minqa_1.2.4
                                      munsell_0.4.2
##
   [59] mvtnorm 1.0-1
                                      nlme 3.1-118
##
  [61] nloptr_1.0.4
                                      nnet_7.3-8
  [63] pcaMethods_1.56.0
                                      pls 2.4-3
##
   [65] plyr_1.8.1
                                      preprocessCore_1.28.0
   [67] proto 0.3-10
                                      proxy_0.4-13
##
##
  [69] qvalue_1.40.0
                                      R6_2.0.1
  [71] randomForest 4.6-10
                                      RBGL_1.42.0
## [73] R.cache_0.10.0
                                      RColorBrewer_1.0-5
## [75] RCurl_1.95-4.3
                                      rda_1.0.2-2
## [77] reshape2_1.4
                                      rJava_0.9-6
## [79] RJSONIO_1.3-0
                                      R.methodsS3_1.6.1
## [81] R.oo_1.18.0
                                      rpart_4.1-8
##
   [83] RSQLite_1.0.0
                                      RUnit_0.4.27
  [85] R.utils_1.34.0
                                      sampling_2.6
  [87] scales_0.2.4
                                      sendmailR_1.2-1
##
##
    [89] sfsmisc 1.0-26
                                      shiny 0.10.2.1
##
  [91] shinyFiles_0.4.0
                                      splines_3.1.1
## [93] SSOAP 0.8-0
                                      stringr 0.6.2
## [95] survival_2.37-7
                                      tools_3.1.1
   [97] vsn_3.34.0
                                      xlsx_0.5.7
## [99] xlsxjars_0.6.1
                                      XMLSchema_0.7-2
## [101] xtable 1.7-4
                                      zlibbioc 1.12.0
```