# Using R and Bioconductor for proteomics data analysis

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## Setup

The follow packages will be used throughout this documents. R version 3.1.1 or higher is required to install all the packages using BiocInstaller::biocLite.

```
library("mzR")
library("MSnID")
library("MSnID")
library("MSGFplus")
library("MSGFplus")
library("rpx")
library("MLInterfaces")
library("pRoloc")
library("pRolocdata")
library("rTANDEM")
library("MSGFplus")
library("MSGFgui")
library("rols")
library("hpar")
```

The most convenient way to install all the tutorials requirement (and more related content), is to install RforProteomics with all its dependencies.

```
library("BiocInstaller")
biocLite("RforProteomics", dependencies = TRUE)
```

## Introduction

This tutorial illustrates R / Bioconductor infrastructure for proteomics. Topics covered focus on support for open community-driven formats for raw data and identification results, packages for peptide-spectrum matching, data processing and analysis:

- Exploring available infrastructure
- Mass spectrometry data
- Getting data from proteomics repositories
- Handling raw MS data
- Handling identification data
- MS/MS database search
- Analysing search results
- High-level data interface
- Quantitative proteomics
- Importing third-party quantitative data

- Data processing and analysis
- Statistical analysis
- Machine learning
- Annotation
- Other relevant packages/pipelines

Links to other packages and references are also documented. In particular, the vignettes included in the RforProteomics package also contains relevant material.

# Exploring available infrastructure

In Bioconductor version 3.1, there are respectively 66 proteomics, 44 mass spectrometry software packages and 7 mass spectrometry experiment packages. These respective packages can be extracted with the proteomicsPackages(), massSpectrometryPackages() and massSpectrometryDataPackages() and explored interactively.

```
library("RforProteomics")
pp <- proteomicsPackages()
display(pp)</pre>
```

# Mass spectrometry data

Type	Format	Package
raw	mzML, mzXML, netCDF, mzData	mzR (read)
identification	mzIdentML	${\tt mzR} \ {\rm and} \ {\tt mzID} \ ({\rm read})$
quantitation	mzQuantML	
peak lists	mgf	MSnbase (read/write)
other	mzTab	${\tt MSnbase} \ ({\rm read/write})$

# Getting data from proteomics repositories

Contemporary MS-based proteomics data is disseminated through the ProteomeXchange infrastructure, which centrally coordinates submission, storage and dissemination through multiple data repositories, such as the PRIDE data base at the EBI for MS/MS experiments, PASSEL at the ISB for SRM data and the MassIVE resource. The rpx is an interface to ProteomeXchange and provides a basic and unified access to PX data.

```
library("rpx")
pxannounced()
```

## ## 15 new ProteomeXchange annoucements

##		Data.Set	Publicat	tion.Data	Message
##	1	PXD000402	2014-12-04	15:53:18	New
##	2	PXD001205	2014-12-04	11:19:40	New
##	3	PXD000853	2014-12-04	10:40:57	New
##	4	PXD001259	2014-12-04	10:09:03	New

```
## 5 PXD000986 2014-12-04 10:00:18 New
## 6 PXD000543 2014-12-02 17:44:18 New
## 7 PXD001075 2014-12-02 17:43:40 New
## 8 PXD000834 2014-12-02 12:57:00 New
## 9 PXD001381 2014-12-02 11:21:30 New
## 10 PXD000801 2014-12-02 08:31:32 Updated information
## 11 PXD000800 2014-12-02 08:31:27 Updated information
## 12 PXD000798 2014-12-02 08:31:17 Updated information
## 13 PXD000471 2014-12-02 08:31:06 Updated information
## 14 PXD000758 2014-12-02 08:31:01 Updated information
## 15 PXD000216 2014-12-02 08:30:30 Updated information
```

Using the unique PXD000001 identifier, we can retrieve the relevant metadata that will be stored in a PXDataset object. The names of the files available in this data can be retrieved with the pxfiles accessor function

```
function.
px <- PXDataset("PXD000001")</pre>
## Object of class "PXDataset"
## Id: PXD000001 with 8 files
## [1] 'F063721.dat' ... [8] 'erwinia_carotovora.fasta'
## Use 'pxfiles(.)' to see all files.
pxfiles(px)
## [1] "F063721.dat"
## [2] "F063721.dat-mztab.txt"
## [3] "PRIDE_Exp_Complete_Ac_22134.xml.gz"
## [4] "PRIDE_Exp_mzData_Ac_22134.xml.gz"
## [5] "PXD000001_mztab.txt"
## [6] "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML"
## [7] "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.raw"
## [8] "erwinia_carotovora.fasta"
Other metadata for the px dataset:
pxtax(px)
## [1] "Erwinia carotovora"
pxurl(px)
## [1] "ftp://ftp.pride.ebi.ac.uk/pride/data/archive/2012/03/PXD000001"
pxref(px)
```

## [1] "Gatto L, Christoforou A. Using R and Bioconductor for proteomics data analysis. Biochim Biophys

Data files can then be downloaded with the pxget function. Below, we retrieve the sixth file, TMT\_Erwinia\_1uLSike\_Top10HCD\_isol2\_45stepped\_60min\_01.mzXML. The file is downloaded in the working directory and the name of the file is return by the function and stored in the mzf variable for later use.

```
mzf <- pxget(px, pxfiles(px)[6])

## Downloading 1 file
## TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML already present.

mzf

## [1] "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML"</pre>
```

#### Exercise

## Adult Fetal ## 1715 497

Explore what data files have been deposited by Pandey's recent draft map of the human proteome.

```
library("rpx")
hum <- PXDataset("PXD000561")
hum</pre>
```

```
Solution
## Object of class "PXDataset"
## Id: PXD000561 with 2384 files
## [1] 'Adult_Adrenalgland_Gel_Elite_49.msf' ... [2384] 'README.txt'
## Use 'pxfiles(.)' to see all files.
humf <- pxfiles(hum)</pre>
length(humf)
## [1] 2384
table(sub("^.+\\.", "", humf))
##
##
    msf raw txt xls
                        xml
##
     85 2212
                1
                      1
                          85
rawf <- grep("raw", humf, value = TRUE)</pre>
table(sub("_.+$", "", rawf))
##
```

# Handling raw MS data

The mzR package provides an interface to the proteowizard C/C++ code base to access various raw data files, such as mzML, mzXML, netCDF, and mzData. The data is accessed on-disk, i.e it is not loaded entirely in memory by default but only when explicitly requested. The three main functions are openMSfile to create a file handle to a raw data file, header to extract metadata about the spectra contained in the file and peaks to extract one or multiple spectra of interest. Other functions such as instrumentInfo, or runInfo can be used to gather general information about a run.

Below, we access the raw data file downloaded in the previous section and open a file handle that will allow us to extract data and metadata of interest.

```
library("mzR")
ms <- openMSfile(mzf)
ms
## Mass Spectrometry file handle.
## Filename: TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_iso12_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## Number of scans: 7534
hd <- header(ms)
dim(hd)
## [1] 7534
              21
names (hd)
                                    "acquisitionNum"
##
    [1] "seqNum"
##
    [3] "msLevel"
                                    "polarity"
    [5] "peaksCount"
                                    "totIonCurrent"
##
   [7] "retentionTime"
                                    "basePeakMZ"
##
##
    [9] "basePeakIntensity"
                                    "collisionEnergy"
  [11] "ionisationEnergy"
                                    "lowMZ"
##
  [13] "highMZ"
                                    "precursorScanNum"
## [15] "precursorMZ"
                                    "precursorCharge"
   [17] "precursorIntensity"
                                    "mergedScan"
   [19] "mergedResultScanNum"
                                    "mergedResultStartScanNum"
   [21] "mergedResultEndScanNum"
```

We can extract metadata and scan data for scan 1000 as follows:

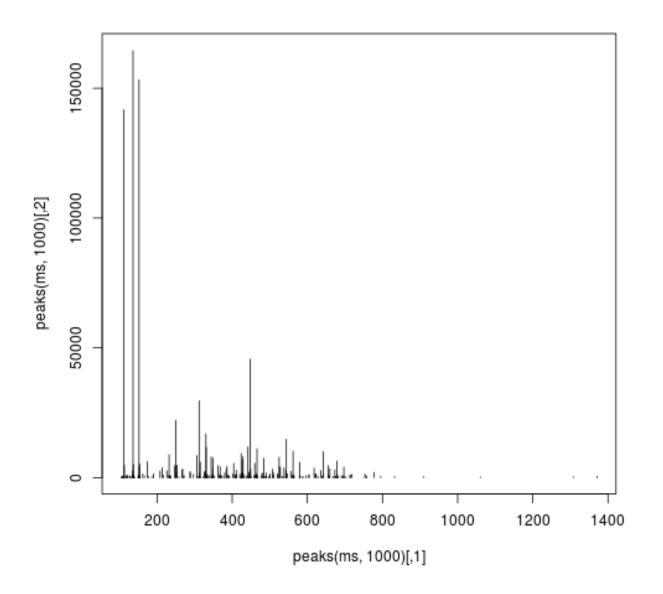
#### hd[1000,]

```
##
        seqNum acquisitionNum msLevel polarity peaksCount totIonCurrent
  1000
          1000
                                     2
                                                                  1048554
##
                          1000
                                                        274
##
        retentionTime basePeakMZ basePeakIntensity collisionEnergy
## 1000
              1106.92
                          136.061
                                              164464
                                     highMZ precursorScanNum precursorMZ
##
        ionisationEnergy
                             lowMZ
## 1000
                        0 104.5467 1370.758
                                                          992
                                                                  683.0817
##
        precursorCharge precursorIntensity mergedScan mergedResultScanNum
## 1000
                      2
                                   689443.7
                                                                           0
        mergedResultStartScanNum\ mergedResultEndScanNum
## 1000
                                0
```

```
head(peaks(ms, 1000))
```

```
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 104.5467 308.9326
## [2,] 104.5684 308.6961
## [3,] 108.8340 346.7183
## [4,] 109.3928 365.1236
## [5,] 110.0345 616.7905
## [6,] 110.0703 429.1975

plot(peaks(ms, 1000), type = "h")
```



#### Exercise

Extract the index of the MS2 spectrum with the highest base peak intensity and plot its spectrum. Is the data centroided or in profile mode?

```
hd2 <- hd[hd$msLevel == 2, ]
i <- which.max(hd2$basePeakIntensity)
hd2[i, ]</pre>
```

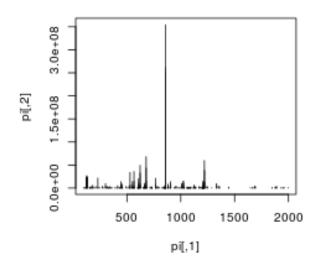
```
Solution
        seqNum acquisitionNum msLevel polarity peaksCount totIonCurrent
##
## 5404
        5404
                          5404
                                     2
                                                        275
                                                                2283283712
                                              1
        retentionTime basePeakMZ basePeakIntensity collisionEnergy
##
## 5404
              2751.31
                        859.5032
                                          354288224
                             lowMZ highMZ precursorScanNum precursorMZ
##
        ionisationEnergy
                        0 100.5031 1995.63
                                                        5403
                                                                859.1722
## 5404
##
        {\tt precursorCharge\ precursorIntensity\ mergedScan\ mergedResultScanNum}
## 5404
                                  627820480
##
        {\tt mergedResultStartScanNum\ mergedResultEndScanNum\ }
## 5404
head(pi <- peaks(ms, hd2[i, 1]))</pre>
                       [,2]
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 100.5031 572248.9
## [2,] 102.3174 463452.2
## [3,] 112.0871 1068157.0
## [4,] 114.9240 526959.1
## [5,] 119.4508 493112.7
## [6,] 120.0810 2219061.0
mz <- hd2[i, "basePeakMZ"]</pre>
ΜZ
```

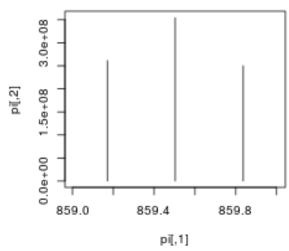
### ## [1] 859.5032

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(pi, type = "h", main = paste("Acquisition", i))
plot(pi, type = "h", xlim = c(mz-0.5, mz+0.5))

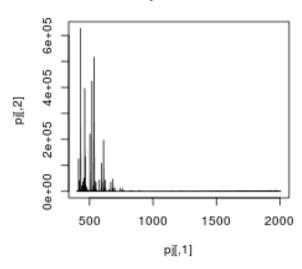
pj <- peaks(ms, 100)
plot(pj, type = "l", main = paste("Acquisition", 100))
plot(pj, type = "l", xlim = c(536,540))</pre>
```

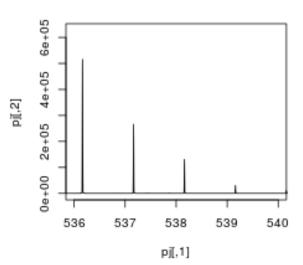
# Acquisition 4192





# Acquisition 100





## Exercise

Read the MSnbase::MSmap manual and look at the example to learn how the mzR raw data support can be exploited to generate maps of slides of raw MS data. (Note that the hd variable containing the raw data header was missing in MSnbase version < 1.14.1.)

Solution Below we reproduce the example from the MSmap function from the MSnbase package to plot a specific slice of the raw data using the mzR functions we have just described.

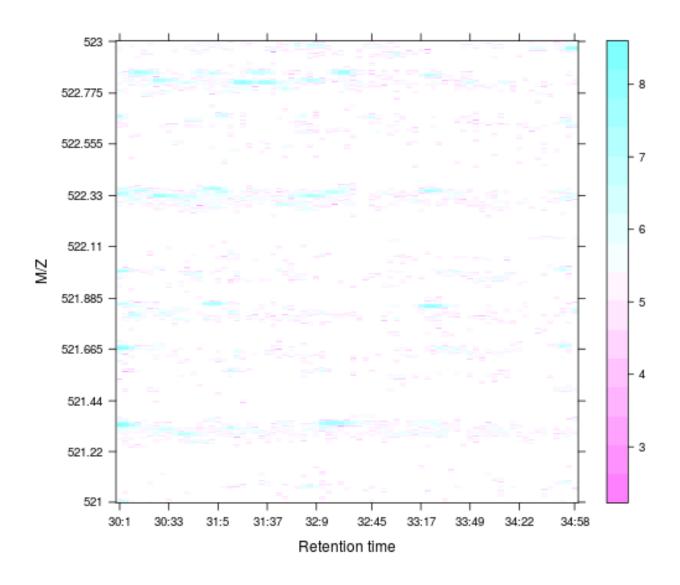
```
## a set of spectra of interest: MS1 spectra eluted
## between 30 and 35 minutes retention time
ms1 <- which(hd$msLevel == 1)</pre>
```

```
rtsel <- hd$retentionTime[ms1] / 60 > 30 &
    hd$retentionTime[ms1] / 60 < 35

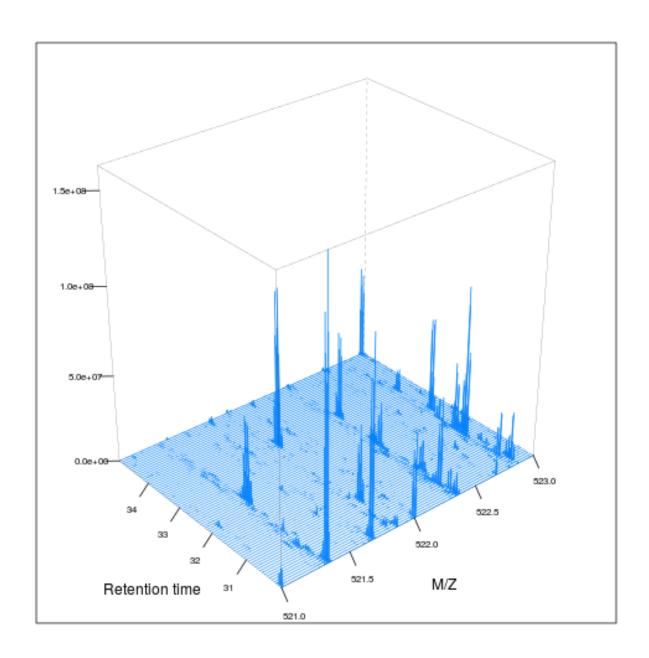
## the map
M <- MSmap(ms, ms1[rtsel], 521, 523, .005, hd)</pre>
```

## 1

```
plot(M, aspect = 1, allTicks = FALSE)
```



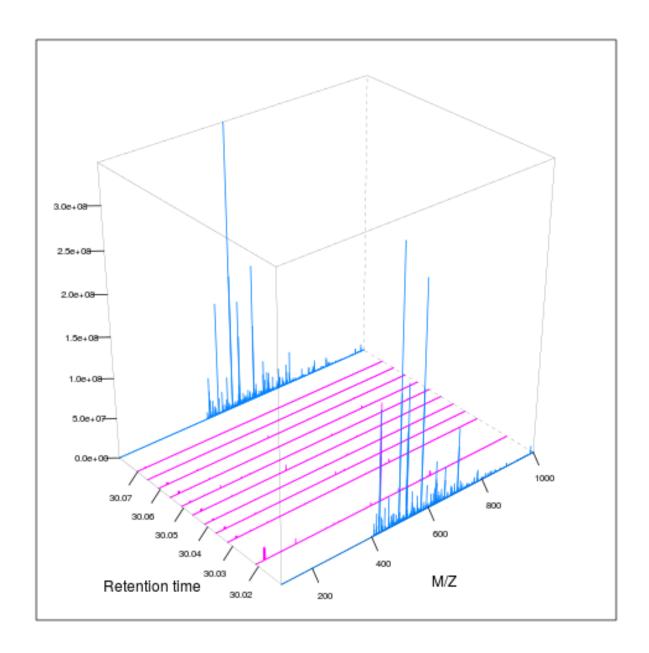
# plot3D(M)



```
## With some MS2 spectra
i <- ms1[which(rtsel)][1]
j <- ms1[which(rtsel)][2]
M2 <- MSmap(ms, i:j, 100, 1000, 1, hd)</pre>
```

# ## 1

# plot3D(M2)



# Handling identification data

The RforProteomics package distributes a small identification result file (see ?TMT\_Erwinia\_1uLSike\_Top10HCD\_isol2\_45ste that we load and parse using infrastructure from the mzID package.

## [1] "TMT\_Erwinia.mzid"

```
id <- mzID(f)

## reading TMT_Erwinia.mzid... DONE!

id

## An mzID object

##

## Software used: MS-GF+ (version: Beta (v10072))

##

## Rawfile: /home/lgatto/dev/00_github/RforProteomics/sandbox/TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol

##

## Database: /home/lgatto/dev/00_github/RforProteomics/sandbox/erwinia_carotovora.fasta

##

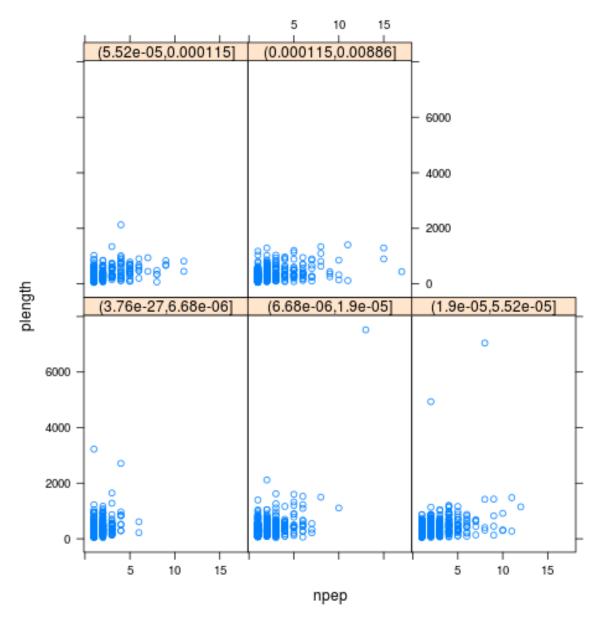
## Number of scans: 5287

## Number of PSM's: 5563</pre>
```

Various data can be extracted from the mzID object, using one the accessor functions such as database, scans, peptides, ... The object can also be converted into a data.frame using the flatten function.

#### Exercise

Is there a relation between the length of a protein and the number of identified peptides, conditioned by the (average) e-value of the identifications?



### Solution

## Exercise

The mzR package also support fast parsing of mzIdentML files with the openIDfile function. Compare it, it terms of output and speed with mzID.

```
system.time({
  id0 <- mzID(f)
  fid0 <- flatten(id0)
})</pre>
```

#### Solution

```
## reading TMT_Erwinia.mzid.gz... DONE!
## user system elapsed
## 18.957 0.069 19.052
```

#### head(fid0)

```
spectrumid scan number(s) acquisitionnum passthreshold rank
## 1
     scan=5782
                           5782
                                           5782
                                                          TRUE
## 2
      scan=6037
                           6037
                                           6037
                                                          TRUE
                                                                   1
## 3
      scan=5235
                           5235
                                           5235
                                                          TRUE
                                                                   1
## 4
     scan=5397
                           5397
                                           5397
                                                          TRUE
## 5
      scan=6075
                           6075
                                           6075
                                                          TRUE
                                                                   1
      scan=5761
                                                          TRUE
## 6
                           5761
                                           5761
                                                                  1
##
     calculatedmasstocharge experimentalmasstocharge chargestate
## 1
                   1080.2321
                                             1080.2325
                                                                  3
## 2
                   1002.2115
                                             1002.2089
                                                                  3
## 3
                   1189.2800
                                             1189.2836
                                                                  3
## 4
                                                                  3
                    960.5365
                                              960.5365
## 5
                   1264.3419
                                             1264.3409
                                                                   3
## 6
                   1268.6501
                                             1268.6429
                                                                   2
##
     ms-gf:denovoscore ms-gf:evalue ms-gf:rawscore ms-gf:specevalue
## 1
                   174 5.430080e-21
                                                 147
                                                          3.764831e-27
## 2
                    245 9.943751e-20
                                                 214
                                                          6.902626e-26
## 3
                    264 2.564787e-19
                                                  211
                                                          1.778789e-25
## 4
                    178 2.581753e-18
                                                 154
                                                          1.792541e-24
## 5
                    252 2.178423e-17
                                                 188
                                                          1.510364e-23
                    138 2.329453e-17
## 6
                                                 123
                                                          1.618941e-23
##
     assumeddissociationmethod isotopeerror isdecoy post pre end start
## 1
                                                              R 84
                                                                        50
                            HCD
                                            0
                                                FALSE
                                                          S
## 2
                            HCD
                                                FALSE
                                                              K 315
                                                                       288
## 3
                            HCD
                                                FALSE
                                                              R 224
                                            0
                                                          Α
                                                                       192
## 4
                            HCD
                                            0
                                                FALSE
                                                              R 290
                                                                       264
## 5
                                            0
                                                FALSE
                                                          F
                                                              R 153
                            HCD
                                                                       119
## 6
                            HCD
                                            0
                                                FALSE
                                                          Y
                                                              K 286
                                                                       264
##
     accession length
                                                               description
## 1
       ECA1932
                   155
                                               outer membrane lipoprotein
## 2
                   434
       ECA1147
                                                            trigger factor
## 3
       ECA0013
                   295
                                       ribose-binding periplasmic protein
## 4
       ECA1731
                   290
                                                                  flagellin
## 5
                   298
                            UTP--glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase
       ECA1443
## 6
       ECA1444
                   468 6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, decarboxylating
                                    pepseq modified modification
##
## 1 PVQIQAGEDSNVIGALGGAVLGGFLGNTIGGGSGR
                                              FALSE
                                                             <NA>
## 2
            TQVLDGLINANDIEVPVALIDGEIDVLR
                                              FALSE
                                                             <NA>
```

```
## 3
       TKGLNVMQNLLTAHPDVQAVFAQNDEMALGALR
                                              FALSE
                                                            <NA>
## 4
             SQILQQAGTSVLSQANQVPQTVLSLLR
                                              FALSE.
                                                            <NA>
## 5 PIIGDNPFVVVLPDVVLDESTADQTQENLALLISR
                                              FALSE
                                                            <NA>
## 6
                 WTSQSSLDLGEPLSLITESVFAR
                                                            <NA>
                                              FALSE
                                                      spectrumFile
## 1 TMT Erwinia 1uLSike Top10HCD isol2 45stepped 60min 01.mzXML
## 2 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 3 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 4 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 5 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
## 6 TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzXML
##
                 databaseFile
## 1 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 2 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 3 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 4 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 5 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## 6 erwinia_carotovora.fasta
system.time({
    id1 <- openIDfile(f)</pre>
    fid1 <- mzR::psms(id1)</pre>
})
##
      user
            system elapsed
##
     0.325
             0.001
                     0.326
head(fid1)
##
     spectrumID chargeState rank passThreshold experimentalMassToCharge
## 1
     scan=5782
                                           TRUE
                                                                 1080.2325
      scan=6037
                           3
## 2
                                1
                                           TRUE
                                                                 1002.2089
## 3
     scan=5235
                           3
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1189.2836
## 4
      scan=5397
                           3
                                1
                                            TRUE
                                                                  960.5365
                           3
## 5
      scan=6075
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1264.3409
                           2
                                            TRUE
                                                                 1268.6429
## 6
      scan=5761
                                1
     calculatedMassToCharge
                                                         sequence modNum
                  1080.2321 PVQIQAGEDSNVIGALGGAVLGGFLGNTIGGGSGR
## 1
## 2
                  1002.2115
                                    TQVLDGLINANDIEVPVALIDGEIDVLR
                                                                        0
## 3
                  1189.2800
                               TKGLNVMQNLLTAHPDVQAVFAQNDEMALGALR
                                                                        0
## 4
                   960.5365
                                     SQILQQAGTSVLSQANQVPQTVLSLLR
## 5
                  1264.3419 PIIGDNPFVVVLPDVVLDESTADQTQENLALLISR
                                                                        0
```

## 6 1268.6501 WTSQSSLDLGEPLSLITESVFAR ## isDecoy post pre start end DatabaseAccess DatabaseSeq FALSE R. 84 ECA1932 ## 1 50 ## 2 **FALSE** K 288 315 ECA1147 ## 3 FALSE R. ECA0013 192 224 ## 4 **FALSE** R. 264 290 ECA1731 ## 5 FALSE F 119 153 ECA1443 R ## 6 FALSE K 264 286 ECA1444 ## DatabaseDescription ## 1 ECA1932 outer membrane lipoprotein ## 2 ECA1147 trigger factor

## MS/MS database search

While searches are generally performed using third-party software independently of R or can be started from R using a system call, the rtandem package allows one to execute such searches using the X!Tandem engine. The shinytandem provides a interactive interface to explore the search results.

```
library("rTANDEM")
?rtandem
library("shinyTANDEM")
?shinyTANDEM
```

Similarly, the MSGFplus package enables to perform a search using the MSGF+ engine, as illustrated below:

A graphical interface to perform the search the data and explore the results is also available:

```
library("MSGFgui")
MSGFgui()
```

#### Exercise

Search TMT\_Erwinia\_1uLSike\_Top10HCD\_isol2\_45stepped\_60min\_01.mzXML against the fasta file from PXD000001 using, for example, MSGFplus/MSGFgui.

#### Solution

1. Get the fasta database:

```
fas <- pxget(px, pxfiles(px)[8])

## Downloading 1 file
## erwinia_carotovora.fasta already present.

basename(fas)

## [1] "erwinia_carotovora.fasta"</pre>
```

2. One could run MSGF+ from the command-line directly from R:

```
msgf <- system.file(package = "MSGFplus", "MSGFPlus", "MSGFPlus.jar")</pre>
system(paste0("java -jar ", msgf))
cmd <- paste("java -jar", msgf, "-protocol 2 -inst 1 -s", mzf, "-d", fas)</pre>
## [1] "java -jar /home/lg390/R/x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu-library/3.1/MSGFplus/MSGFPlus/MSGFPlus.jar -pr
system(cmd)
  3. Use MSGFplus:
library("MSGFplus")
msgfpar <- msgfPar(database = fas,</pre>
                   instrument = 'HighRes',
                   tda = TRUE,
                   enzyme = 'Trypsin',
                   protocol = 'iTRAQ')
idres <- runMSGF(msgfpar, mzf, memory=1000)</pre>
## java -Xmx1000M -jar /home/lg390/R/x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu-library/3.1/MSGFplus/MSGFPlus/MSGFPlus.ja
## reading TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzid... DONE!
idres
## An mzID object
##
                  MS-GF+ (version: Beta (v10072))
## Software used:
##
## Rawfile:
                    /home/lg390/Documents/Teaching/rbioc-proteomics/TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_
##
## Database:
                    /home/lg390/Documents/Teaching/rbioc-proteomics/erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## Number of scans: 5343
## Number of PSM's: 5656
## identification file (needed below)
basename(files(idres)$id)
```

## [1] "TMT\_Erwinia\_1uLSike\_Top10HCD\_isol2\_45stepped\_60min\_01.mzid"

(Note that in the runMSGF call above, I explicitly reduce the memory allocated to the java virtual machine to 3.5GB. In general, there is no need to specify this argument, unless you experience an error regarding the maximum heap size).

4. Through the graphical user interface:

```
library("MSGFgui")
MSGFgui()
```

# Analysing search results

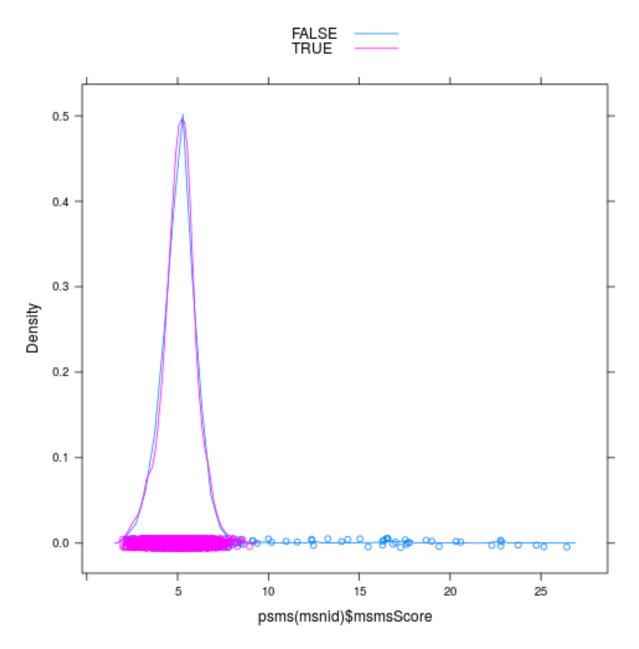
The MSnID package can be used for post-search filtering of MS/MS identifications. One starts with the construction of an MSnID object that is populated with identification results that can be imported from a data.frame or from mzIdenML files.

```
library("MSnID")
msnid <- MSnID(".")</pre>
## Note, the anticipated/suggested columns in the
## peptide-to-spectrum matching results are:
## accession
## calculatedMassToCharge
## chargeState
## experimentalMassToCharge
## isDecoy
## peptide
## spectrumFile
## spectrumID
msnid <- read_mzIDs(msnid,
                    "TMT_Erwinia_1uLSike_Top10HCD_isol2_45stepped_60min_01.mzid")
## Loaded cached data
show(msnid)
## MSnID object
## Working directory: "."
## #Spectrum Files: 1
## #PSMs: 5759 at 100 % FDR
## #peptides: 4942 at 99 % FDR
## #accessions: 3148 at 100 % FDR
```

The package then enables to define, optimise and apply filtering based for example on missed cleavages, identification scores, precursor mass errors, etc. and assess PSM, peptide and protein FDR levels. Below, we start by apply a correction of monoisotopic peaks (see ?correct\_peak\_selection for details) and define two variables to be used for identification filtering.

```
msnid <- correct_peak_selection(msnid)
msnid$msmsScore <- -log10(msnid$^MS-GF:SpecEValue^)
msnid$absParentMassErrorPPM <- abs(mass_measurement_error(msnid))</pre>
```

As shown below, this particular spiked-in data set displays few high scoring non-decoy hits



We define a filter object, assigning arbitrary threshold and evaluate it on the msnid data

fdr n

##

```
filtObj <- MSnIDFilter(msnid)
filtObj$absParentMassErrorPPM <- list(comparison="<", threshold=5.0)
filtObj$msmsScore <- list(comparison=">", threshold=8.0)
filtObj

## MSnIDFilter object
## (absParentMassErrorPPM < 5) & (msmsScore > 8)

evaluate_filter(msnid, filtObj)
```

```
## PSM 0.04545455 23
## peptide 0.06250000 17
## accession 0.05882353 18
```

We can also optimise the filtering with a target protein FDR value of 0.01

## (absParentMassErrorPPM < 12) & (msmsScore > 8.1)

```
evaluate_filter(msnid, filt0bj.grid)
```

```
## PSM 0 39
## peptide 0 31
## accession 0 26
```

We can now apply the filter to the data

```
msnid <- apply_filter(msnid, filt0bj.grid)
msnid</pre>
```

```
## MSnID object
## Working directory: "."
## #Spectrum Files: 1
## #PSMs: 39 at 0 % FDR
## #peptides: 31 at 0 % FDR
## #accessions: 26 at 0 % FDR
```

The resulting data can be exported to a data.frame or to a dedicated MSnSet data structure for quantitative MS data, described below, and further processed and analyses using appropriate statistical tests.

### High-level data interface

The above sections introduced low-level interfaces to raw and identification results. The MSnbase package provides abstractions for raw data through the MSnExp class and containers for quantification data via the MSnSet class. Both store

- 1. the actual assay data (spectra or quantitation matrix), accessed with spectra (or the [, [[ operators) or exprs;
- 2. sample metadata, accessed as a data.frame with pData;
- 3. feature metadata, accessed as a data.frame with fData.

The figure below give a schematics of an MSnSet instance and the relation between the assay data and the respective feature and sample metadata.

Another useful slot is processingData, accessed with processingData(.), that records all the processing that objects have undergone since their creation (see examples below).

The readMSData will parse the raw data, extract the MS2 spectra (by default) and construct an MS experiment object of class MSnExp.

(Note that while readMSData supports MS1 data, this is currently not convenient as all the data is read into memory.)

## [1] "dummyiTRAQ.mzXML"

```
msexp <- readMSData(rawFile, verbose = FALSE)
msexp</pre>
```

```
## Object of class "MSnExp"
## Object size in memory: 0.2 Mb
## - - - Spectra data - - -
## MS level(s): 2
## Number of MS1 acquisitions: 1
## Number of MSn scans: 5
## Number of precursor ions: 5
## 4 unique MZs
## Precursor MZ's: 437.8 - 716.34
## MSn M/Z range: 100 2016.66
## MSn retention times: 25:1 - 25:2 minutes
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Thu Dec 4 19:18:02 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
## - - - Meta data - - -
## phenoData
##
    rowNames: 1
     varLabels: sampleNames
##
##
    varMetadata: labelDescription
## Loaded from:
    dummyiTRAQ.mzXML
##
## protocolData: none
## featureData
##
    featureNames: X1.1 X2.1 ... X5.1 (5 total)
##
    fvarLabels: spectrum
    fvarMetadata: labelDescription
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
```

MS2 spectra can be extracted as a list of Spectrum2 objects with the spectra accessor or as a subset of the original MSnExp data with the [operator. Individual spectra can be accessed with [[.

```
length(msexp)
```

```
## [1] 5
```

### msexp[1:2]

```
## Object of class "MSnExp"
## Object size in memory: 0.09 Mb
## - - - Spectra data - - -
## MS level(s): 2
## Number of MS1 acquisitions: 1
## Number of MSn scans: 2
## Number of precursor ions: 2
## 2 unique MZs
## Precursor MZ's: 546.96 - 645.37
## MSn M/Z range: 100 2016.66
## MSn retention times: 25:1 - 25:2 minutes
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Thu Dec 4 19:18:02 2014
## Data [numerically] subsetted 2 spectra: Thu Dec 4 19:18:02 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
## - - - Meta data - - -
## phenoData
    rowNames: 1
##
    varLabels: sampleNames
## varMetadata: labelDescription
## Loaded from:
    dummyiTRAQ.mzXML
## protocolData: none
## featureData
##
    featureNames: X1.1 X2.1
##
    fvarLabels: spectrum
    fvarMetadata: labelDescription
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
msexp[[2]]
```

```
## Object of class "Spectrum2"
## Precursor: 546.9586
## Retention time: 25:2
## Charge: 3
## MSn level: 2
## Peaks count: 1012
## Total ion count: 56758067
```

The identification results stemming from the same raw data file can then be used to add PSM matches.

### fData(msexp)

```
## Spectrum
## X1.1 1
## X2.1 2
## X3.1 3
## X4.1 4
## X5.1 5
```

## [1] "dummyiTRAQ.mzid"

```
msexp <- addIdentificationData(msexp, identFile)</pre>
```

## reading dummyiTRAQ.mzid... DONE!

### fData(msexp)

```
spectrum scan number(s) passthreshold rank calculatedmasstocharge
## X1.1
                               1
                                           TRUE
                                                                    645.0375
               1
                                                   1
## X2.1
               2
                               2
                                                                    546.9633
                                           TRUE
                                                   1
## X3.1
               3
                              NA
                                                  NA
                                                                          NΑ
## X4.1
               4
                              NA
                                             NA
                                                  NA
                                                                          NA
## X5.1
               5
                               5
                                           TRUE
                                                   1
                                                                    437.2997
        experimentalmasstocharge chargestate ms-gf:denovoscore ms-gf:evalue
## X1.1
                         645.3741
                                             3
                                                              77
                                                                      79.36958
## X2.1
                         546.9586
                                             3
                                                                      13.46615
                                                               39
## X3.1
                               NA
                                            NA
                                                               NA
                                                                            NA
## X4.1
                               NA
                                            NA
                                                                            NA
                                                               NA
## X5.1
                         437.8040
                                             2
                                                                5
                                                                     366.38422
##
        ms-gf:rawscore ms-gf:specevalue assumeddissociationmethod
## X1.1
                   -39
                            5.527468e-05
                                                                 CID
## X2.1
                    -30
                            9.399048e-06
                                                                 CID
## X3.1
                    NA
                                      NΑ
                                                                <NA>
## X4.1
                    NA
                                                                <NA>
## X5.1
                            2.577830e-04
                    -42
                                                                 CID
        isotopeerror isdecoy post pre end start
                                                         accession length
## X1.1
                        FALSE
                                      R 186
                                               170 ECA0984; ECA3829
                   1
                                 Α
## X2.1
                   0
                        FALSE
                                 Α
                                      K 62
                                                50
                                                           ECA1028
                                                                       275
## X3.1
                                                                        NA
                <NA>
                           NA <NA> <NA>
                                         NA
                                                NA
                                                               < NA >
## X4.1
                <NA>
                           NA <NA> <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                        NA
                                         NA
                                                NA
## X5.1
                        FALSE
                                 L
                                      K
                                         28
                                                22
                                                           ECA0510
                                                                       166
                    1
                                                                           description
## X1.1 DNA mismatch repair protein; acetolactate synthase isozyme III large subunit
## X2.1
                 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridine-2,6-dicarboxylate N-succinyltransferase
## X3.1
                                                                                   <NA>
## X4.1
                                                                                   <NA>
## X5.1
                            putative capsular polysacharide biosynthesis transferase
                   pepseq modified modification
                                                               databaseFile
## X1.1 VESITARHGEVLQLRPK
                              FALSE
                                               NA erwinia_carotovora.fasta
            IDGQWVTHQWLKK
                              FALSE
## X2.1
                                               NA erwinia_carotovora.fasta
## X3.1
                      < NA >
                                 NΑ
                                               NA
                                                                       <NA>
## X4.1
                      <NA>
                                 NA
                                               NA
                                                                       < NA >
                  LVILLFR
                              FALSE
                                               NA erwinia_carotovora.fasta
        identFile nprot npep.prot npsm.prot npsm.pep
## X1.1
                2
                       2
                                 1
                                            1
## X2.1
                2
                                            1
                                                     1
                       1
                                 1
```

##	X3.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
##	X4.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
##	X5.1	2	1	1	1	1

The  ${\tt readMSData}$  and  ${\tt addIdentificationData}$  make use of  ${\tt mzR}$  and  ${\tt mzID}$  packages to access the raw and identification data.

Spectra and (parts of) experiments can be extraced and plotted.

# msexp[[1]]

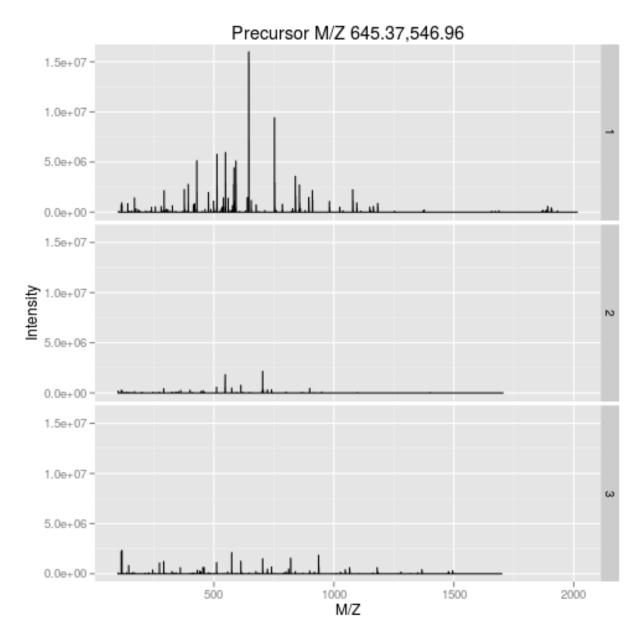
```
## Object of class "Spectrum2"
## Precursor: 645.3741
## Retention time: 25:1
## Charge: 3
## MSn level: 2
## Peaks count: 2921
## Total ion count: 668170086
plot(msexp[[1]], full=TRUE)
```



# msexp[1:3]

```
## Object of class "MSnExp"
## Object size in memory: 0.13 Mb
## - - - Spectra data - - -
## MS level(s): 2
## Number of MS1 acquisitions: 1
## Number of precursor ions: 3
## 2 unique MZs
## Precursor MZ's: 546.96 - 645.37
## MSn M/Z range: 100 2016.66
## MSn retention times: 25:1 - 25:2 minutes
```

```
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Thu Dec 4 19:18:02 2014
## Data [numerically] subsetted 3 spectra: Thu Dec 4 19:18:03 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
## - - - Meta data - - -
## phenoData
## rowNames: 1
    varLabels: sampleNames
##
##
   varMetadata: labelDescription
## Loaded from:
                        dummyiTRAQ.mzid
## dummyiTRAQ.mzXML,
## protocolData: none
## featureData
## featureNames: X1.1 X2.1 X3.1
##
    fvarLabels: spectrum scan number(s) ... npsm.pep (30 total)
##
    fvarMetadata: labelDescription
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
plot(msexp[1:3], full=TRUE)
```



Coercion to a data.frame is straightforward.

# as(msexp[[1]], "data.frame")[100:105, ]

```
## mz i
## 100 141.0990 588594.812
## 101 141.1015 845401.250
## 102 141.1041 791352.125
## 103 141.1066 477623.000
## 104 141.1091 155376.312
## 105 141.1117 4752.541
```

# Quantitative proteomics

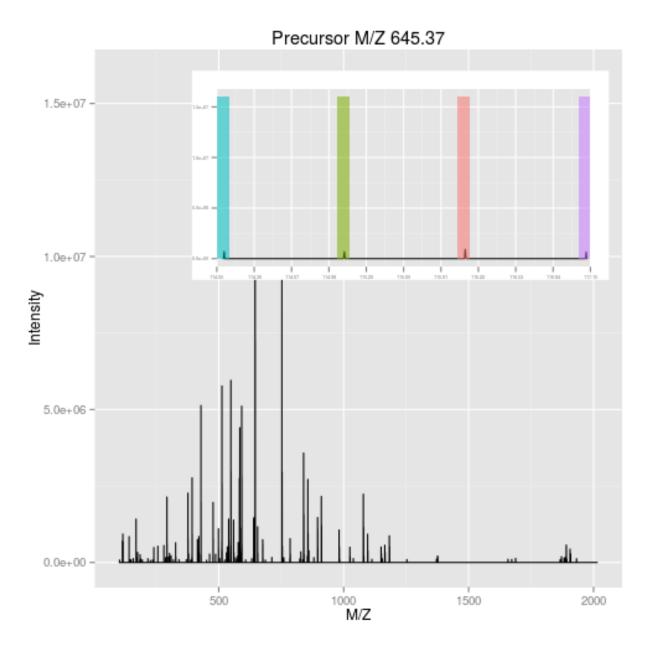
There are a wide range of proteomics quantitation techniques that can broadly be classified as labelled vs. label-free, depending whether the features are labelled prior the MS acquisition and the MS level at which quantitation is inferred, namely MS1 or MS2.

	Label-free	Labelled
MS1	XIC	SILAC, 15N
MS2	Counting	iTRAQ, TMT

In terms of raw data quantitation, most efforts have been devoted to MS2-level quantitation. Label-free XIC quantitation has however been addressed in the frame of metabolomics data processing by the xcms infrastructure.

An MSnExp is converted to an MSnSet by the quantitation method. Below, we use the iTRAQ 4-plex isobaric tagging strategy (defined by the iTRAQ4 parameter; other tags are available).

```
plot(msexp[[1]], full=TRUE, reporters = iTRAQ4)
```



```
msset <- quantify(msexp, method = "trap", reporters = iTRAQ4, verbose=FALSE)
exprs(msset)</pre>
```

```
iTRAQ4.114 iTRAQ4.115 iTRAQ4.116 iTRAQ4.117
## X1.1
       4483.320 4873.996 6743.441
                                       4601.378
## X2.1
       1918.082
                  1418.040
                            1117.601
                                       1581.954
## X3.1 15210.979 15296.256 15592.760 16550.502
## X4.1
        4133.103
                  5069.983
                            4724.845
                                       4694.801
## X5.1 11947.881 13061.875 12809.491 12911.479
```

# processingData(msset)

## - - - Processing information - - -

```
## Data loaded: Thu Dec 4 19:18:02 2014
## iTRAQ4 quantification by trapezoidation: Thu Dec 4 19:18:04 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
```

Other MS2 quantitation methods available in quantify include the (normalised) spectral index SI and (normalised) spectral abundance factor SAF or simply a simple count method.

Note that spectra that have not been assigned any peptide (NA) or that match non-unique peptides (npsm > 1) are discarded in the counting process.

See also The isobar package supports quantitation from centroided mgf peak lists or its own tab-separated files that can be generated from Mascot and Phenyx vendor files.

Have a look at the **?quantify** documentation file and review the above by walking through the example.

### Importing third-party quantitation data

The PSI mzTab file format is aimed at providing a simpler (than XML formats) and more accessible file format to the wider community. It is composed of a key-value metadata section and peptide/protein/small molecule tabular sections.

```
mztf <- pxget(px, pxfiles(px)[2])

## Downloading 1 file
## F063721.dat-mztab.txt already present.

(mzt <- readMzTabData(mztf, what = "PEP"))

## Warning in readMzTabData(mztf, what = "PEP"): Support for mzTab version
## 0.9 only. Support will be added soon.

## Detected a metadata section
## Detected a peptide section</pre>
```

```
## MSnSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
## assayData: 1528 features, 6 samples
     element names: exprs
## protocolData: none
## phenoData
     rowNames: sub[1] sub[2] ... sub[6] (6 total)
##
     varLabels: abundance
     varMetadata: labelDescription
##
## featureData
     featureNames: 1 2 ... 1528 (1528 total)
##
##
     fvarLabels: sequence accession ... uri (14 total)
     fvarMetadata: labelDescription
##
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
## Annotation:
## - - - Processing information - - -
## mzTab read: Thu Dec 4 19:18:07 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.14.1
It is also possible to import arbitrary spreadsheets as MSnSet objects into R with the readMSnSet2 function.
The main 2 arguments of the function are (1) a text-based spreadsheet and (2) column names of indices that
identify the quantitation data.
csv <- dir(system.file ("extdata" , package = "pRolocdata"),</pre>
           full.names = TRUE, pattern = "pr800866n_si_004-rep1.csv")
getEcols(csv, split = ",")
##
    [1] "\"Protein ID\""
                                        "\"FBgn\""
    [3] "\"Flybase Symbol\""
                                        "\"No. peptide IDs\""
##
                                        "\"No. peptides quantified\""
   [5] "\"Mascot score\""
   [7] "\"area 114\""
                                        "\"area 115\""
##
   [9] "\"area 116\""
                                        "\"area 117\""
## [11] "\"PLS-DA classification\""
                                        "\"Peptide sequence\""
  [13] "\"Precursor ion mass\""
                                        "\"Precursor ion charge\""
## [15] "\"pd.2013\""
                                        "\"pd.markers\""
ecols <- 7:10
res <- readMSnSet2(csv, ecols)</pre>
head(exprs(res))
     area.114 area.115 area.116 area.117
## 1 0.379000 0.281000 0.225000 0.114000
## 2 0.420000 0.209667 0.206111 0.163889
## 3 0.187333 0.167333 0.169667 0.476000
## 4 0.247500 0.253000 0.320000 0.179000
## 5 0.216000 0.183000 0.342000 0.259000
## 6 0.072000 0.212333 0.573000 0.142667
head(fData(res))
##
     Protein.ID
                        FBgn Flybase.Symbol No..peptide.IDs Mascot.score
        CG10060 FBgn0001104
                                G-ialpha65A
## 1
                                                            3
                                                                    179.86
```

Act57B

## 2

CG10067 FBgn0000044

222.40

```
## 3
        CG10077 FBgn0035720
                                     CG10077
                                                            5
                                                                     219.65
## 4
        CG10079 FBgn0003731
                                                            2
                                                                      86.39
                                        Egfr
        CG10106 FBgn0029506
## 5
                                     Tsp42Ee
                                                            1
                                                                      52.10
## 6
        CG10130 FBgn0010638
                                   Sec61beta
                                                            2
                                                                      79.90
##
     No..peptides.quantified PLS.DA.classification Peptide.sequence
## 1
                            1
                                                   PM
## 2
                            9
                                                   PM
                            3
## 3
## 4
                            2
                                                   PM
## 5
                                                             GGVFDTIQK
                            1
## 6
                            3
                                            ER/Golgi
##
                                                    pd.2013 pd.markers
     Precursor.ion.mass Precursor.ion.charge
## 1
                                                         PM
                                                               unknown
## 2
                                                         PM
                                                               unknown
## 3
                                                               unknown
                                                    unknown
## 4
                                                         PM
                                                               unknown
## 5
                 626.887
                                             2 Phenotype 1
                                                               unknown
## 6
                                                   ER/Golgi
                                                                     ER
```

# Data processing and analysis

#### Raw data processing

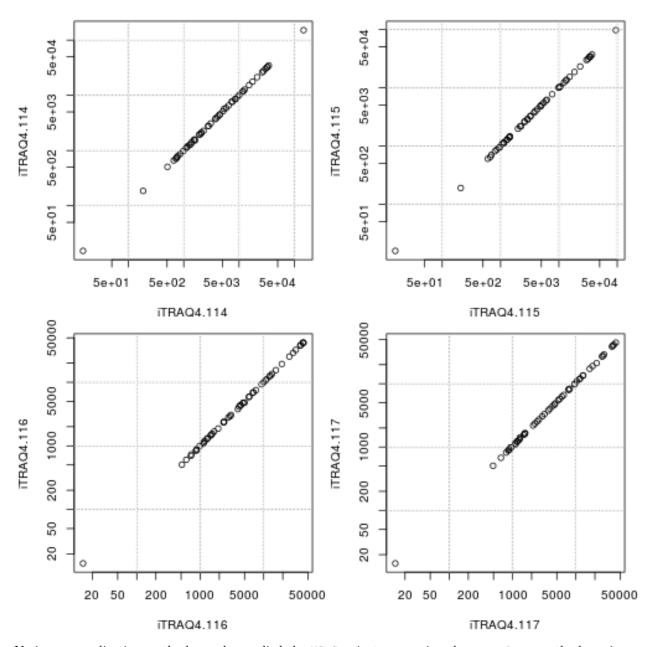
For raw data processing look at MSnbases's clean, smooth, pickPeaks, removePeaks and trimMz for MSnExp and spectra processing methods.

The MALDIquant and xcms packages also features a wide range of raw data processing methods on their own ad hoc data instance types.

### Processing and normalisation

Each different types of quantitative data will require their own pre-processing and normalisation steps. Both isobar and MSnbase allow to correct for isobaric tag impurities normalise the quantitative data.

```
## - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Wed May 11 18:54:39 2011
## iTRAQ4 quantification by trapezoidation: Thu Dec 4 19:18:09 2014
## Purity corrected: Thu Dec 4 19:18:09 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.1.22
```



Various normalisation methods can be applied the MSnSet instances using the normalise method: variance stabilisation (vsn), quantile (quantiles), median or mean centring (center.media or center.mean), ...

```
qnt.crct.nrm <- normalise(qnt.crct, "quantiles")
plot0(qnt, qnt.crct.nrm)</pre>
```

The combineFeatures method combines spectra/peptides quantitation values into protein data. The grouping is defined by the groupBy parameter, which is generally taken from the feature metadata (protein accessions, for example).

```
## arbitraty grouping
g <- factor(c(rep(1, 25), rep(2, 15), rep(3, 15)))
prt <- combineFeatures(qnt.crct.nrm, groupBy = g, fun = "sum")</pre>
```

```
processingData(prt)
```

```
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Data loaded: Wed May 11 18:54:39 2011
## iTRAQ4 quantification by trapezoidation: Thu Dec 4 19:18:09 2014
## Purity corrected: Thu Dec 4 19:18:09 2014
## Normalised (quantiles): Thu Dec 4 19:18:09 2014
## Combined 55 features into 3 using sum: Thu Dec 4 19:18:09 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.1.22
```

Finally, proteomics data analysis is generally hampered by missing values. Missing data imputation is a sensitive operation whose success will be guided by many factors, such as degree and (non-)random nature of the missingness. Missing value in MSnSet instances can be filtered out and imputed using the filterNA and impute functions.

```
set.seed(1)
qnt0 <- qnt
exprs(qnt0)[sample(prod(dim(qnt0)), 10)] <- NA
table(is.na(qnt0))

##
## FALSE TRUE
## 209 11

qnt00 <- filterNA(qnt0)
dim(qnt00)

## [1] 44 4

qnt.imp <- impute(qnt0)
plot0(qnt, qnt.imp)</pre>
```



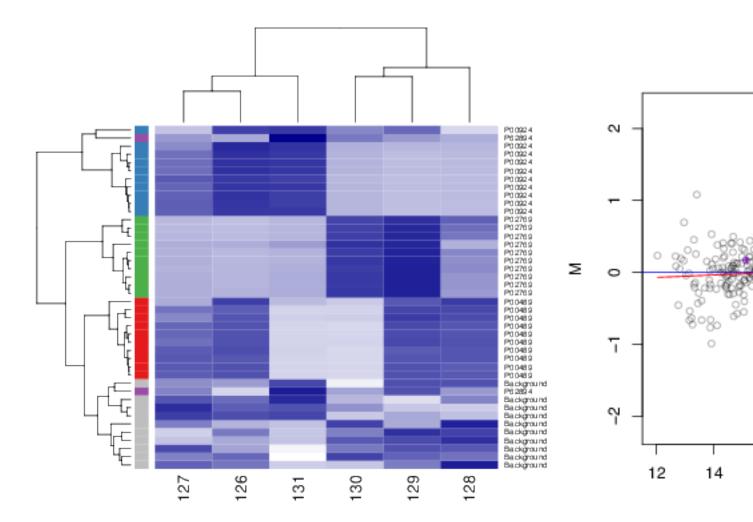
## Exercise

The mzt instance created from the mzTab file has the following is a TMT 6-plex with the following design:

In this TMT 6-plex experiment, four exogenous proteins were spiked into an equimolar *Erwinia* carotovora lysate with varying proportions in each channel of quantitation; yeast enolase (ENO) at 10:5:2.5:12.5:10, bovine serum albumin (BSA) at 1:2.5:5:10:5:1, rabbit glycogen phosphory-lase (PHO) at 2:2:2:2:1:1 and bovin cytochrome C (CYT) at 1:1:1:1:1:2. Proteins were then digested, differentially labelled with TMT reagents, fractionated by reverse phase nanoflow UPLC (nanoACQUITY, Waters), and analysed on an LTQ Orbitrap Velos mass spectrometer (Thermo Scientic).

Explore the mzt data using some of the illustrated functions. The heatmap and MAplot (see

Maplot function), taken from the RforProteomics vignette, have been produced using the same data.



# Statistical analysis

R in general and Bioconductor in particular are well suited for the statistical analysis of data. Several packages provide dedicated resources for proteomics data:

- MSstats: A set of tools for statistical relative protein significance analysis in DDA, SRM and DIA experiments.
- msmsTest: Statistical tests for label-free LC-MS/MS data by spectral counts, to discover differentially expressed proteins between two biological conditions. Three tests are available: Poisson GLM regression, quasi-likelihood GLM regression, and the negative binomial of the edgeR package.

```
library(msmsTests)
data(msms.dataset)
msms.dataset
```

```
## MSnSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
## assayData: 697 features, 14 samples
## element names: exprs
## protocolData: none
## phenoData
    sampleNames: U2.2502.1 U2.2502.2 ... U6.0302.3 (14 total)
##
    varLabels: treat batch
##
    varMetadata: labelDescription
## featureData: none
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
## pubMedIds: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22588121
## Annotation:
## - - - Processing information - - -
## MSnbase version: 1.8.0
e <- pp.msms.data(msms.dataset)
## MSnSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
## assayData: 675 features, 14 samples
    element names: exprs
## protocolData: none
## phenoData
##
     sampleNames: U2.2502.1 U2.2502.2 ... U6.0302.3 (14 total)
##
     varLabels: treat batch
##
    varMetadata: labelDescription
## featureData: none
## experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
    pubMedIds: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22588121
## Annotation:
## - - - Processing information - - -
## Subset [697,14][675,14] Thu Dec 4 19:18:10 2014
## Applied pp.msms.data preprocessing: Thu Dec 4 19:18:10 2014
## MSnbase version: 1.8.0
null.f <- "y~batch"</pre>
alt.f <- "y~treat+batch"
div <- apply(exprs(e),2,sum)</pre>
res <- msms.edgeR(e,alt.f,null.f,div=div,fnm="treat")</pre>
head(res)
##
                 LogFC
                                      p.value
## YJR104C 0.02689909 0.2691922 0.603874157
## YKL060C -0.12646368 5.5829487 0.018136162
## YDR155C -0.18781161 10.2706901 0.001351602
## YGR192C -0.08495735 2.5941286 0.107260419
## YOL086C -0.11853786 5.7558869 0.016433498
## YLR150W -0.09299164 1.3766331 0.240675481
```

• isobar also provides dedicated infrastructure for the statistical analysis of isobaric data.

# Machine learning

The MLInterfaces package provides a unified interface to a wide range of machine learning algorithms. Initially developed for microarray and ExpressionSet instances, the pRoloc package enables application of these algorithms to MSnSet data.

#### Classification

The example below uses knn with the 5 closest neighbours as an illustration to classify proteins of unknown sub-cellular localisation to one of 9 possible organelles.

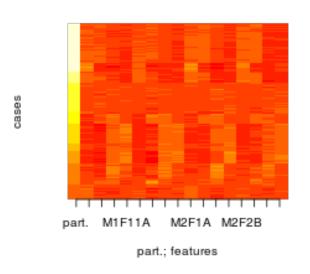
```
library("MLInterfaces")
library("pRoloc")
library("pRolocdata")
data(dunkley2006)
traininds <- which(fData(dunkley2006)$markers != "unknown")
ans <- MLearn(markers ~ ., data = t(dunkley2006), knnI(k = 5), traininds)
ans
## MLInterfaces classification output container
## The call was:
## MLearn(formula = markers ~ ., data = t(dunkley2006), .method = knnI(k = 5),
##
       trainInd = traininds)
## Predicted outcome distribution for test set:
##
                   ER membrane
##
        ER lumen
                                       Golgi Mitochondrion
                                                                  Plastid
               5
                                          67
                                                                       29
##
                           140
                                                         51
              PM
                      Ribosome
                                         TGN
                                                    vacuole
##
              89
                                           6
##
                            31
                                                         10
## Summary of scores on test set (use testScores() method for details):
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
##
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
   0.4000 1.0000 1.0000 0.9332 1.0000 1.0000
```

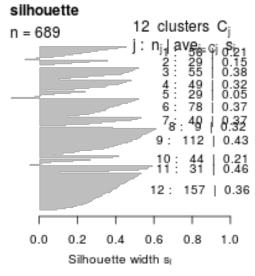
## Clustering

```
kcl <- MLearn( ~ ., data = dunkley2006, kmeansI, centers = 12)
kcl</pre>
```

#### kmeans

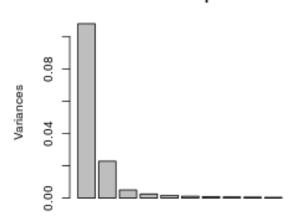
```
## clusteringOutput: partition table
##
## 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
## 56 29 55 49 29 78 40 9 112 44 31 157
## The call that created this object was:
## MLearn(formula = ~., data = dunkley2006, .method = kmeansI, centers = 12)
plot(kcl, exprs(dunkley2006))
```



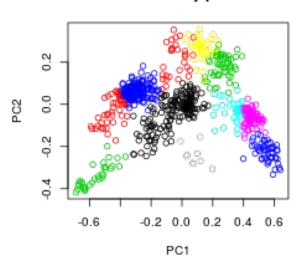


Average silhouette width: 0.33

# PCA screeplot



# PCA colored by partition

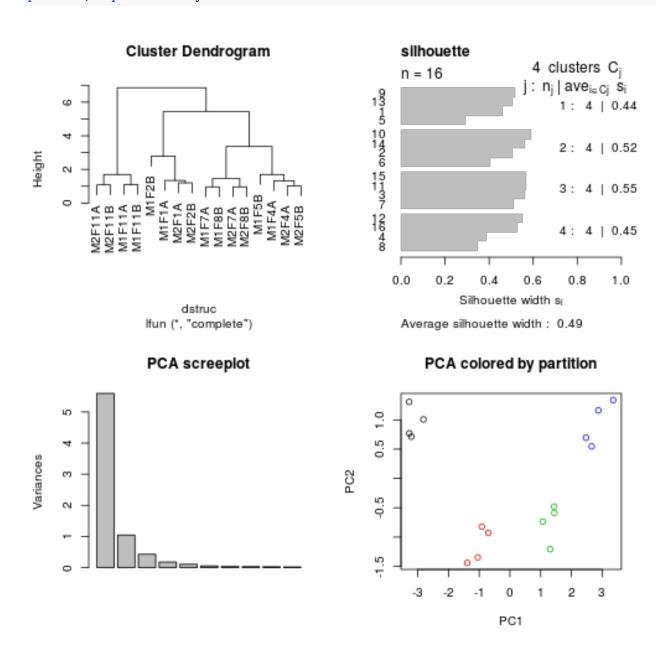


```
hcl <- MLearn( ~ ., data = t(dunkley2006), hclustI(distFun = dist, cutParm = list(k = 4)))
hcl</pre>
```

# Hierarchical clustering

```
## clusteringOutput: partition table
##
## 1 2 3 4
## 4 4 4 4
## The call that created this object was:
## MLearn(formula = ~., data = t(dunkley2006), .method = hclustI(distFun = dist,
```

plot(hcl, exprs(t(dunkley2006)))



A wide range of classification and clustering algorithms are also available, as described in the ?MLearn documentation page. The pRoloc package also uses MSnSet instances as input and ,while being conceived with the analysis of spatial/organelle proteomics data in mind, is applicable many use cases.

#### Annotation

All the Bioconductor annotation infrastructure, such as biomaRt, GO.db, organism specific annotations, .. are directly relevant to the analysis of proteomics data. A total of 92 ontologies, including some proteomics-centred annotations such as the PSI Mass Spectrometry Ontology, Molecular Interaction (PSI MI 2.5) or Protein Modifications are available through the rols.

```
library("rols")
olsQuery("ESI", "MS")

## MS:1000073 MS:1000162

## "ESI" "HiRes ESI"
```

Data from the Human Protein Atlas is available via the hpar package.

# Other relevant packages/pipelines

- Analysis of post translational modification with isobar.
- Analysis of label-free data from a Synapt G2 (including ion mobility) with synapter.
- Analysis of spatial proteomics data with pRoloc.
- Analysis of MALDI data with the MALDIquant package.
- Access to the Proteomics Standard Initiative Common QUery InterfaCe with the PSICQUIC package.

Additional relevant packages are described in the RforProteomics vignettes.

#### Session information

```
## R version 3.1.1 Patched (2014-09-02 r66514)
## Platform: x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu (64-bit)
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats4
                 parallel stats
                                     graphics grDevices utils
                                                                    datasets
## [8] methods
                 base
##
## other attached packages:
   [1] lattice_0.20-29
                             hpar_1.8.0
##
                                                   rols_1.8.0
##
  [4] MSGFgui_1.0.1
                             rTANDEM_1.6.0
                                                   data.table_1.9.4
## [7] pRolocdata_1.5.2
                                                   MLInterfaces 1.46.0
                             pRoloc_1.7.1
## [10] cluster_1.15.3
                                                   XML_3.98-1.1
                             annotate_1.44.0
## [13] AnnotationDbi 1.28.1 GenomeInfoDb 1.2.3
                                                   IRanges 2.0.0
## [16] S4Vectors 0.4.0
                             rpx_1.2.0
                                                   MSGFplus_1.0.3
## [19] msmsTests_1.4.0
                             msmsEDA_1.4.0
                                                   MSnID 1.0.1
## [22] mzID_1.4.1
                             RforProteomics_1.5.2 MSnbase_1.14.1
## [25] BiocParallel_1.0.0
                             mzR_2.0.0
                                                   Rcpp_0.11.3
## [28] Biobase_2.26.0
                             BiocGenerics_0.12.1 BiocInstaller_1.16.1
## [31] knitr_1.8
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
##
     [1] affy_1.44.0
                                       affyio_1.34.0
     [3] base64enc_0.1-2
##
                                      BatchJobs_1.5
##
     [5] BBmisc_1.8
                                      biocViews_1.34.1
##
     [7] bitops_1.0-6
                                      BradleyTerry2_1.0-5
     [9] brew 1.0-6
                                      brglm 0.5-9
##
    [11] car_2.0-22
##
                                      caret_6.0-37
    [13] Category_2.32.0
                                      caTools_1.17.1
##
##
  [15] checkmate_1.5.0
                                      chron_2.3-45
  [17] class_7.3-11
                                      codetools_0.2-9
   [19] colorspace_1.2-4
                                      DBI_0.3.1
```

```
[21] digest_0.6.4
                                      doParallel_1.0.8
##
  [23] e1071_1.6-4
                                      edgeR_3.8.5
  [25] evaluate 0.5.5
                                      fail 1.2
   [27] FNN_1.1
##
                                      foreach_1.4.2
##
   [29] formatR 1.0
                                      gdata_2.13.3
##
   [31] genefilter 1.48.1
                                      ggplot2_1.0.0
   [33] gplots_2.14.2
                                      graph 1.44.0
   [35] grid_3.1.1
                                      gridSVG_1.4-0
##
                                      gtable_0.1.2
##
   [37] GSEABase_1.28.0
##
  [39] gtools_3.4.1
                                      htmltools_0.2.6
   [41] httpuv_1.3.2
                                      impute_1.40.0
##
   [43] interactiveDisplay_1.4.0
                                      interactiveDisplayBase_1.4.0
   [45] iterators_1.0.7
                                      kernlab_0.9-19
## [47] KernSmooth_2.23-13
                                      labeling_0.3
## [49] limma_3.22.1
                                      lme4_1.1-7
##
   [51] lpSolve_5.6.10
                                      MALDIquant_1.11
##
                                      Matrix_1.1-4
  [53] MASS_7.3-35
  [55] mclust 4.4
                                      mime 0.2
  [57] minqa_1.2.4
                                      munsell_0.4.2
##
   [59] mvtnorm 1.0-1
                                      nlme 3.1-118
##
  [61] nloptr_1.0.4
                                      nnet_7.3-8
  [63] pcaMethods_1.56.0
                                      pls 2.4-3
##
  [65] plyr_1.8.1
                                      preprocessCore_1.28.0
   [67] proto 0.3-10
                                      proxy_0.4-13
##
##
  [69] qvalue_1.40.0
                                      R6_2.0.1
  [71] randomForest 4.6-10
                                      RBGL_1.42.0
## [73] R.cache_0.10.0
                                      RColorBrewer_1.0-5
## [75] RCurl_1.95-4.3
                                      rda_1.0.2-2
## [77] reshape2_1.4
                                      rJava_0.9-6
## [79] RJSONIO_1.3-0
                                      R.methodsS3_1.6.1
## [81] R.oo_1.18.0
                                      rpart_4.1-8
##
   [83] RSQLite_1.0.0
                                      RUnit_0.4.27
  [85] R.utils_1.34.0
                                      sampling_2.6
  [87] scales_0.2.4
                                      sendmailR_1.2-1
##
##
    [89] sfsmisc 1.0-26
                                      shiny 0.10.2.1
##
  [91] shinyFiles_0.4.0
                                      splines_3.1.1
## [93] SSOAP 0.8-0
                                      stringr 0.6.2
## [95] survival_2.37-7
                                      tools_3.1.1
   [97] vsn_3.34.0
                                      xlsx_0.5.7
## [99] xlsxjars_0.6.1
                                      XMLSchema_0.7-2
## [101] xtable 1.7-4
                                      zlibbioc 1.12.0
```