

# Scalable Front-End Architecture using SaSS

# Common SaSS Mistakes

- ➊ Over use of nested selectors.
- ➋ Repetitive includes of common patterns and base module styles.
- ➌ Overuse of Mixins can become problematic too.

# Say NO to nesting.

```
.module {  
  .hd {}  
  .bd {  
    ul {  
      li {  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
.module {}  
.module-hd {}  
.module-bd {}  
.module-list {}  
.module-item {}
```

# Say NO to nesting.

this doesn't allow for flexibility of your application, and could also cause slow performance on the client.

```
.module {}  
.module .header {}  
.module .bd {}  
.module .bd ul {}  
.module .bd ul li {}
```

# Use the DRY Principle

```
@mixin inline-block {  
    display: block;  
    *display: inline;  
    *zoom: 1;  
}  
.module-a {  
    @include inline-block;  
}  
.module-b { ... }  
-----  
.module-a { ... }  
.module-b { ... }
```

# Use the DRY Principle

If you need to have access to a base class in your markup then use a class to extend from otherwise use a placeholder selector to cut down on excess css.

```
@mixin inline-block { ... }
```

```
%ibf { @include inline-block; }  
.my-module-a { @extends %ibf; }  
.my-module-b { ... }  
.my-module-c { ... }
```

this ends up compiling down to this.

```
.my-module-a,  
.my-module-b,  
.my-module-c { ... }
```

# SCSS Directory Structure

- layout/ -- collections of “modules”
- module/ -- self-contained “modules”
- `_base.scss` -- structure of your sites layout
- `_helpers.scss` -- common utilities used for building a layout
- `_state.scss` -- global, layout, or module state changes
- `_theme.scss` -- visual theme of your layout
- `style.scss` -- inherits everything above.

# Thinking about layouts

- Structures the way modules are laid out on a page
- No style should be applied directly on a layout

# Thinking about modules

- Structures the way content is laid out on a page
- Style should be applied to modules.
- if your module name is .test you should prefix every child class of .test EXAMPLE: .test-header
- if you need to namespace your modules you can make them into mixins
- use placeholder selectors for base modules that are commonly used.

# Thinking about `_base.scss`

- ⌚ used to style the structure of your layout.
- ⌚ things that are considered structure: font, box, floats.

# Thinking about \_helpers.scss

- ➊ common patterns used to help you with the structure of your layout.
- ➋ things you would consider making into helpers: text-alignment, floats, vertical-alignment, etc.
- ➌ use placeholder selectors if you don't plan to use them in your markup.

# Thinking about `_state.scss`

- ➊ anything that modifies the original state of any part of your layout.
- ➋ you can prefix your sites layout (html, body, main content layer) with a class of something like `.is-active` or `.is-valid`.

# Thinking about `_theme.scss`

- ➊ Anything that directly correlates to the visual style of your site.
- ➋ colors, transitions, etc.

# Thinking about style.scss

- ⦿ Where your all of your includes of your modules, layouts, helpers, etc get inherited
- ⦿ Optionally include a css reset file here.

# Tools of the trade

- ⦿ Zen Coding
- ⦿ Sublime Text 2 ( it's awesome )
  - ⦿ Package Manager, Python Interpreter, TextMate Bundle Support /
- ⦿ Photoshop Extensions
- ⦿ CSS Hat
- ⦿ Guide Guide
- ⦿ Dwarf - On Screen Rulers / Guides

It's time for the code!