

ex: children in household

$$\sum_x h(x) p(x)$$

random variable output options: 1, 2 $X \sim p(X) = 1/2$

$$E(X^2) \neq E(h(X))$$

$$h(1) \cdot p(1) + h(2) \cdot p(2) \\ 1 \cdot 1/2 + 4 \cdot 1/2 = 5/2$$

$$E(X) = \sum x p(x) = 1 \cdot 1/2 + 2 \cdot 1/2 = 3/2$$

$$(E(X))^2 = 9/4$$

$$E(X^2) \neq (E(X))^2$$

except $h = \text{linear}$
sums respect linear
