

User Space Live Patching

João Moreira SUSE Labs



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João Moreira

(formerly at) SUSE Labs joao.moreira@lsc.ic.unicamp.br

Software has bugs, and bugs have to be fixed

- + security issues
- + execution degradation
- + undefined behavior

Fixing bugs

- + kill the process
- + replace the respective binary with a fixed version
- + restart the process
- + wait until process is ready
- + re-establish services

Fixing bugs: downtime

- + kill the process
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Downside of downtime

- + Some services may take very long to restart
- + Active connections will drop
- + Interruption of large computations

Live Patching

- + Fixing bugs in live software without restart
- + Already a thing in the Linux kernel

Libpulp

- + User Space Live Patching Library
- + Actually... not only a library, but a full framework

Quiessence

- + Changes should not lead to inconsistent states
- + Patches must be applied atomically
- + Functions cannot be patched while running

Kernel Consistency model

- + Execution boundary between user and kernel space
- + Hold new kernel threads and wait all others to finish
- + Safe to patch
- + Stack unwinding
- + Identify that to-be-patched functions are not running
- + Safe to patch

Consistency model

Kernel

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- + Safe to ch
- + St I I III
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Consistency model

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- + Safe to ch
- +SBESCUEIL
- + Ide y that -be-patched functions are not running
- + Safe patch



- + Uses shared libs model to identify quiescent states
- + If lib was not entered, all its functions can be patched
- + Before patch is applied, check if library was entered

libpulp Consisten Market

- + Uses shared lib to to my cent states
- + If lib way ot tered, a its it ions an be patched
- + E pre printing oplied heck it library was entered

For now, imagine that we...

- + can magically change the functions in a process
- + just need to ensure that these functions aren't running

- + Entry points to the library are its exported functions
- + Referenced in the ELF dynamic symbol table (.dynsym)

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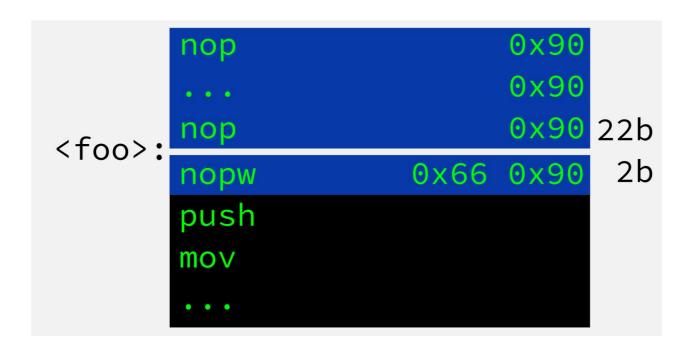
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- + Function returns to ulp_entry
- + ulp_entry flags exit, restores return address, returns



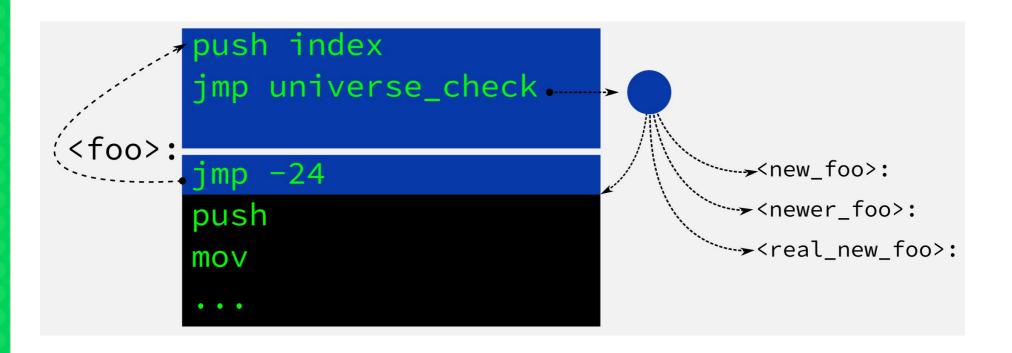
- + We don't want to wait for all threads to leave the library
- + Some may never leave the library
- + libpulp keeps per-thread patching states, or universes

- + One global universe counter
 - Updated upon patching
- + Per-thread universe counters
 - Synchronized to the global universe in ulp_entry
 - When a patch is effectively applied to a thread

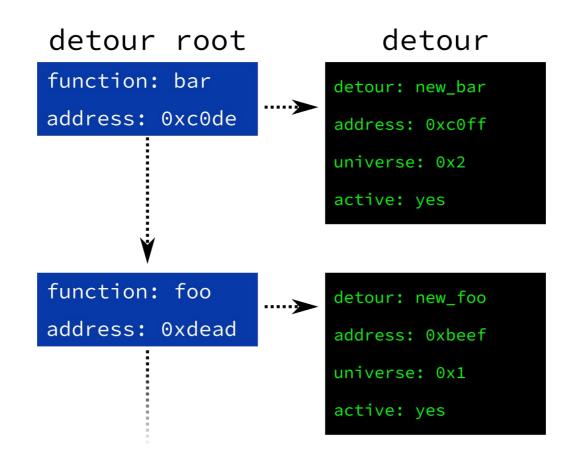
+ Functions are emitted with padding nops area



+ Nops modified into universe checker when patched



- + Libpulp keeps a list of patched functions
- + Each node contains another list of function versions
- + Universe checking routine selects which detour to take



libpulp

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- + Provides self-modifying capabilities
- + Keeps needed data structures
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 - This is the magic

- + P is running process that LD_PRELOAD'ed libpulp
- + P uses specially compiled libs
- + We need to fix function F in lib L, but we can't kill P

+ A ptrace-based tool called T (trigger) attaches to P

- + T stops P, parses its memory and saves its context
- + Redirects a thread to a patch_apply routine in libpulp
- + Redirects all other threads to a infinite loop routine
- + Restarts P

- + patch_apply:
 - Modifies the to-be-patched functions
 - Loads .so file with function replacements
 - Updates data structures and increments universe
 - Interrupts, returning the control to **T**
- + T restores the original context and restarts P

- + P calls F in L, which is being entered by the thread
- + Control-flow goes through ulp_entry
- + Thread-local universe counter is updated
- + F first runs the universe checking routine
- + New version of F is executed

- + P calls F in L, from a thread which was already in L
- + Control-flow goes through ulp_entry
- + Thread-local universe update is bypassed
- + F first runs the universe checking routine
- + Thread-local universe is obsolete
- + Previous version of F is executed

The Trigger

- + Fully based on ptrace
- + Uses original binary to map all symbols within the process
- + Checks if libpulp was loaded into the process memory
- + Hijacks control-flow of threads to invoke libpulp routines

Live patch anatomy

- + Two separate parts
- + Compiled .so file that contains replacement functions
- + Metadata file with data required for applying the patch
 - Names of functions that will be replaced
 - Names of replacement functions
 - Sanity check: dependencies, target build-ids

Metadata Generation

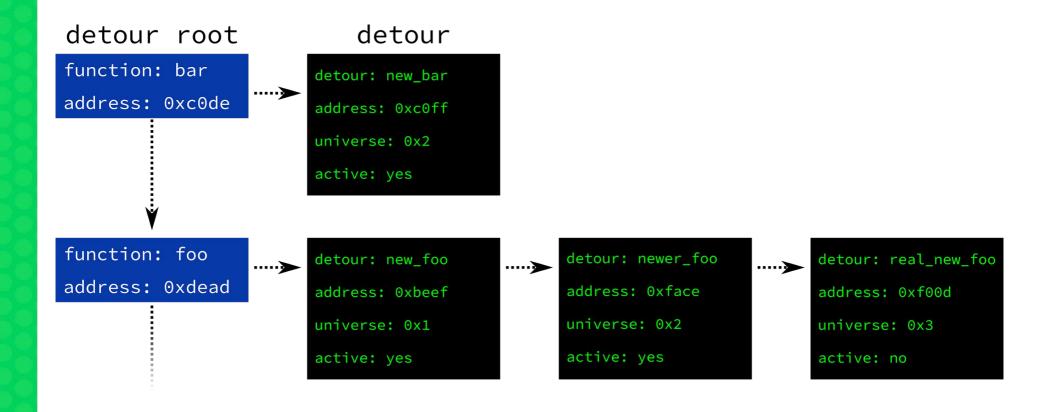
- + There is also a packer tool
- + Gets patch description text file and all objects involved
- + Generates metadata and reverse patches automatically

Stacked Patches

- + Multiple patches can be applied to the same process
- + Universe may be higher than the universes of available detours for given functions
- + Detour with higher universe below the compared universe is picked

Unpatching

- + Unpacthing is similar to patching
- + Global universe is incremented
- + Doesn't load .so, only marks detours as inactive
- + Inactive detour picked if its universe matches exactly



Overheads

+ ~2% for libpulp-prepared glibc on SPEC

- + Worst case scenario for a process with a patch-applied
 - Recursive fibonacci sequence computation
 - Similar to having all called functions patched
 - Up to 50x overhead

github.com/SUSE/libpulp



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