Python

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(based on tutorial by Guido van Rossum)

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Introduction

- Most recent popular (scripting/extension) language
 - although origin ~1991
- heritage: teaching language (ABC)
 - Tcl: shell
 - perl: string (regex) processing
- object-oriented
 - rather than add-on (OOTcl)

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Python philosophy

- - not hard to read, write and maintain
- power
- - rapid development + large systems
- objects
- integration
 - hybrid systems

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Python features

	Lutz, Programming Python		
no compiling or linking	rapid development cycle		
no type declarations	simpler, shorter, more flexible		
automatic memory management	garbage collection		
high-level data types and operations	fast development		
object-oriented programming	code structuring and reuse, C++		
embedding and extending in C	mixed language systems		
classes, modules, exceptions	"programming-in-the-large" support		
dynamic loading of C modules	simplified extensions, smaller binaries		
dynamic reloading of C modules	programs can be modified without stopping		

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Python features

universal "first-class" object model	fewer restrictions and rules			
run-time program construction	handles unforeseen needs, end- user coding			
interactive, dynamic nature	incremental development and testing			
access to interpreter information	metaprogramming, introspective objects			
wide portability	cross-platform programming without ports			
compilation to portable byte-code	execution speed, protecting source code			
built-in interfaces to external services	system tools, GUIs, persistence, databases, etc.			
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Python

- elements from C++, Modula-3 (modules), ABC, Icon (slicing)
- same family as Perl, Tcl, Scheme, REXX, **BASIC** dialects

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Uses of Python

- shell tools
 - system admin tools, command line programs
- extension-language work
- rapid prototyping and development
- language-based modules
 - instead of special-purpose parsers
- graphical user interfaces
- database access
- distributed programming
- Internet scripting

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What not to use Python (and kin) for

- most scripting languages share these
- not as efficient as C
 - but sometimes better built-in algorithms (e.g., hashing and sorting)
- delayed error notification
- lack of profiling tools

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Using python

- /usr/local/bin/python
 - #! /usr/bi n/env python
- interactive use

Python 1.6 (#1, Sep 24 2000, 20.40.45) [GCC 2.95.1 19990816 (release)] on sunos5 Copyright (c) 1995-2000 Corporation for National Research Initiatives. All Rights Reserved. Copyright (c) 1991-1995 Stichting Mathematisch Centrum, Amsterdam. All Rights Reserved.

- python -c command [arg] ...
- python -i script
 - read script first, then interactive

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Python structure

- modules: Python source files or C extensions
 - import, top-level via from, reload
- statements
 - control flow
 - create objects
 - indentation matters instead of {}
- objects
 - everything is an object
 - automatically reclaimed when no longer needed

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First example

```
#!/usr/local/bin/python
# import systems module
import sys
marker = ':::::'
for name in sys.argv[1:]:
  input = open(name, 'r')
  print marker + name
  print input.read()
```

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Basic operations

- Assignment:
 - si ze = 40
 - a = b = c = 3
- Numbers
 - integer, float
 - complex numbers: 1j +3, abs(z)
- Strings
 - 'hello world', 'it\'s hot'
 - "bye world"
 - continuation via \ or use """ long text """"

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String operations

- concatenate with + or neighbors
 - word = 'Help' + x
 - word = 'Help' 'a'
- subscripting of strings
 - 'Hello' [2] → "
 - slice: 'Hello' [1:2] → 'el'
 - word[-1] → last character
 - I en(word) \rightarrow 5
 - immutable: cannot assign to subscript

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Lists

- lists can be heterogeneous
 - a = ['spam', 'eggs', 100, 1234, 2*2]
- Lists can be indexed and sliced:
 - $a[0] \rightarrow spam$
 - a[: 2] → ['spam', 'eggs']
- · Lists can be manipulated
 - a[2] = a[2] + 23
 - a[0:2] = [1,12]
 - a[0:0] = []
 - $len(a) \rightarrow 5$

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Basic programming

```
a, b = 0, 1
# non-zero = true
while b < 10:
 # formatted output, without \n
  print b,
 # multiple assignment
  a, b = b, a+b
```

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Control flow: if

```
x = int(raw_input("Please enter #:"))
if x < 0:
  x = 0
  print 'Negative changed to zero'
elif x == 0:
  print 'Zero'
elif x == 1:
  print 'Single'
el se:
  print 'More'

    no case statement
```

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Control flow: for

```
a = ['cat', 'window', 'defenestrate']
for x in a:
 print x, len(x)
```

- no arithmetic progression, but
 - range(10) \rightarrow [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9] for i in range(len(a)):
 - print i, a[i]
- do not modify the sequence being iterated

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Loops: break, continue, else

- break and continue like C
- el se after loop exhaustion

```
for n in range(2, 10):
 for x in range(2, n):
   if n \% x == 0:
     print n, 'equals', x, '*', n/x
     break
   # loop fell through without finding a factor
   print n, 'is prime'
```

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Do nothing

- pass does nothing
- syntactic filler while 1: pass

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Defining functions

```
def fib(n):
    """Print a Fibonacci series up to n. """
    a, b = 0, 1
    while b < n:
        print b,
        a, b = b, a+b
>>> fib(2000)
```

- First line is docstring
- first look for variables in local, then global
- need global to assign global variables

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Functions: default argument values

```
def ask_ok(prompt, retries=4,
  complaint='Yes or no, please!'):
  while 1:
    ok = raw_input(prompt)
    if ok in ('y', 'ye', 'yes'): return 1
    if ok in ('n', 'no'): return 0
    retries = retries - 1
    if retries < 0: raise IOError,
    'refusenik error'
    print complaint

>>> ask_ok('Really?')

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```

Keyword arguments

last arguments can be given as keywords

```
def parrot(voltage, state='a stiff', action='voom',
type='Norwegian blue'):
print "-- This parrot wouldn't", action,
print "if you put", voltage, "Volts through it."
print "Lovely plumage, the ", type
print "-- It's", state, "!"

parrot(1000)
parrot(action='V000M', voltage=100000)
```

Lambda forms

- anonymous functions
- may not work in older versions

```
def make_i ncrementor(n):
    return lambda x: x + n

f = make_i ncrementor(42)
f(0)
f(1)
```

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List methods

- append(x)
- extend(L)
 - append all items in list (like Tcl lappend)
- insert(i, x)
- remove(x)
- pop([i]), pop()
 - create stack (FIFO), or queue (LIFO) → pop(0)
- i ndex(*x*)
 - return the index for value x

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List methods

- count(x)
 - how many times x appears in list
- sort()
 - sort items in place
- reverse()
 - reverse list

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Functional programming tools

- filter(function, sequence)
 def f(x): return x%2 != 0 and x%3 0
 filter(f, range(2, 25))
- map(function, sequence)
 - call function for each item
 - return list of return values
- reduce(function, sequence)
 - return a single value
 - call binary function on the first two items
 - then on the result and next item
 - iterate

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List comprehensions (2.0)

- Create lists without map(), filter(), lambda
- expression followed by for clause + zero or more for or of clauses

```
>>> vec = [2,4,6]
>>> [3*x for x in vec]
[6, 12, 18]
>>> [{x: x**2} for x in vec}
[{2: 4}, {4: 16}, {6: 36}]
```

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List comprehensions

cross products:

```
>>> vec1 = [2, 4, 6]

>>> vec2 = [4, 3, -9]

>>> [x*y for x in vec1 for y in vec2]

[8, 6, -18, 16, 12, -36, 24, 18, -54]

>>> [x+y for x in vec1 and y in vec2]

[6, 5, -7, 8, 7, -5, 10, 9, -3]

>>> [vec1[i]*vec2[i] for i in

range(len(vec1))]

[8, 12, -54]
```

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List comprehensions

```
can also use i f:
```

```
>>> [3*x for x in vec if x > 3]
[12, 18]
>>> [3*x for x in vec if x < 2]
[]
```

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del - removing list items

- remove by index, not value
- remove slices from list (rather than by assigning an empty list)

```
>>> a = [-1, 1, 66. 6, 333, 333, 1234. 5]

>>> del a[0]

>>> a

[1, 66. 6, 333, 333, 1234. 5]

>>> del a[2: 4]

>>> a

[1, 66. 6, 1234. 5]
```

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Tuples and sequences

- lists, strings, tuples: examples of sequence type
- tuple = values separated by commas

```
>>> t = 123, 543, 'bar'
>>> t[0]
123
>>> t
(123, 543, 'bar')
```

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Tuples

Tuples may be nested

```
>>> u = t, (1,2)
>>> u
((123,542,'bar'),(1,2))
```

- kind of like structs, but no element names:
 - (x,y) coordinates
 - database records
- like strings, immutable → can't assign to individual items

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Tuples

```
• Empty tuples: ()
```

```
>>> empty = ()
>>> len(empty)
```

0

one item → trailing comma

>>> singleton = 'foo',

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Tuples

 sequence unpacking → distribute elements across variables

```
>>> t = 123, 543, 'bar'
>>> x, y, z = t
>>> x
123
```

- packing always creates tuple
- unpacking works for any sequence

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Dictionaries

- like Tcl or awk associative arrays
- indexed by keys
- keys are any immutable type: e.g., tuples
- but not lists (mutable!)
- uses 'key: value' notation

```
>>> tel = {'hgs' : 7042, 'lennox': 7018}
>>> tel['cs'] = 7000
>>> tel
```

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Dictionaries

- no particular order
- delete elements with del

>>> del tel['foo']

• keys() method → unsorted list of keys >>> tel.keys()

['cs', 'lennox', 'hgs']

use has_key() to check for existence

>>> tel.has_key('foo')

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Conditions

can check for sequence membership with i s and i s not:

```
>>> if (4 in vec):
... print '4 is'
```

chained comparisons: a less than b AND b equals c:

```
a < b == c
```

- and and or are short-circuit operators:
 - evaluated from left to right
 - stop evaluation as soon as outcome clear

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Conditions

Can assign comparison to variable:

```
>>> s1, s2, s3='', 'foo', 'bar'
>>> non_null = s1 or s2 or s3
>>> non_null
foo
```

Unlike C, no assignment within expression

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Comparing sequences

- unlike C, can compare sequences (lists, tuples, ...)
- lexicographical comparison:
 - compare first; if different → outcome
 - continue recursively
 - subsequences are smaller
 - strings use ASCII comparison
 - can compare objects of different type, but by type name (list < string < tuple)

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Comparing sequences

(1,2,3) < (1,2,4)

[1,2,3] < [1,2,4]

'ABC' < 'C' < 'Pascal' < 'Python'

(1,2,3) == (1.0,2.0,3.0)

(1,2) < (1,2,-1)

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Modules

- collection of functions and variables, typically in scripts
- definitions can be imported
- file name is module name + .py
- e.g., create module fi bo. py

def fib(n): # write Fib. series up to n

...

def fib2(n): # return Fib. series up to n

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Modules

import module:

import fibo

Use modules via "name space":

>>> fi bo. fi b(1000) >>> fi bo. __name__ ' fi bo'

can give it a local name:

>>> fib = fibo. fib >>> fib(500)

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Modules

- function definition + executable statements
- executed only when module is imported
- modules have private symbol tables
- avoids name clash for global variables
- accessible as module.globalname
- can import into name space:
 >>> from fibo import fib, fib2
 >>> fib(500)
- can import all names defined by module:

>>> from fibo import

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Module search path

- current directory
- list of directories specified in PYTHONPATH environment variable
- uses installation-default if not defined, e.g., .:/usr/local/lib/python
- uses sys.path

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Compiled Python files

- include byte-compiled version of module if there exists fibo.pyc in same directory as fibo.py
- only if creation time of fibo.pyc matches fibo.py
- automatically write compiled file, if possible
- platform independent
- doesn't run any faster, but loads faster
- can have only .pyc file → hide source

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Standard modules

- system-dependent list
- always sys module

```
>>> import sys
>>> sys.p1
'>>> '
>>> sys.p2
'...'
>>> sys.path.append('/some/directory')
```

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Module listing

use di r() for each module

```
>>> dir(fibo)
['__name___', 'fib', 'fib2']
>>> dir(sys)
['_dsplaybook__'__doc__'__exceptrook__'__name__'
di____'splaybook__'__derrome_'argv_' bullin_asodin_name_
```

[_d.spl.sphook__doc__excepthook__make__stderr__std din__stdout__getframe', argy', built incodule_mass 'yberoder-'copyright', displ.sphook_'dilhandle', exc_info', exc_type', excepthook', exc_prefx', 'exceptable', end', 'getfrail tendoding', 'getfrean' onlinit', getrefcount', 'hoversion', 'last_type', 'last_value', 'maxint', maxunicode' module's, path', pl.sform', 'prefix', 'pst', 'pst', 'pst', 'pst', 'pst', 'exercion', 'exercerision' init', 'setfrace', 'stderr', 'stdin', 'stdout', 'version', 'version', 'n', 'samoption', 'simer']

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Classes

- mixture of C++ and Modula-3
- multiple base classes
- derived class can override any methods of its base class(es)
- method can call the method of a base class with the same name
- objects have private data
- C++ terms:
 - all class members are public
 - all member functions are virtual
 - no constructors or destructors (not needed)

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Classes

- classes (and data types) are objects
- built-in types cannot be used as base classes by user
- arithmetic operators, subscripting can be redefined for class instances (like C++, unlike Java)

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Class definitions

- must be executed
- can be executed conditionally (see Tcl)
- creates new namespace

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Namespaces

- mapping from name to object:
 - built-in names (abs())
 - global names in module
 - local names in function invocation
- attributes = any following a dot
 - z. real, z. i mag
- attributes read-only or writable
 - module attributes are writeable

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Namespaces

- scope = textual region of Python program where a namespace is directly accessible (without dot)
 - innermost scope (first) = local names
 - middle scope = current module's global names
 - outermost scope (last) = built-in names
- assignments always affect innermost scope
 - don't copy, just create name bindings to objects
- global indicates name is in global scope

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Class objects

```
obj . name references (plus module!):
```

```
class MyClass:
   "A simple example class"
   i = 123
   def f(self):
      return 'hello world'
>>> MyClass.i
123
```

MyCl ass. f is method object

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Class objects

```
class instantiation:
```

```
>>> x = MyClass()
>>> x.f()
'hello world'
```

- creates new instance of class
- note x = MyClass vs. x = MyClass()
- ___i ni t___() special method for initialization of object

def __init__(self, real part, i magpart):
 self.r = real part
 self.i = i magpart

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Instance objects

- attribute references
- data attributes (C++/Java data members)
 - created dynamically
 x. counter = 1
 while x. counter < 10:
 x. counter = x. counter * 2
 print x. counter
 del x. counter</pre>

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Method objects

Called immediately:

```
x. f()
```

can be referenced:

```
xf = x.f
while 1:
  print xf()
```

- object is passed as first argument of function → 'self'
 - x.f() is equivalent to MyClass.f(x)

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Notes on classes

- Data attributes override method attributes with the same name
- no real hiding → not usable to implement pure abstract data types
- clients (users) of an object can add data attributes
- first argument of method usually called self
 - 'sel f' has no special meaning (cf. Java)

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Another example

bag.py

```
class Bag:

def __init__(self):
    self.data = []

def add(self, x):
    self.data.append(x)

def addtwice(self, x):
    self.add(x)
    self.add(x)
```

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Another example, cont'd.

• invoke:

```
>>> from bag import *
>>> I = Bag()
>>> I.add('first')
>>> I.add('second')
>>> I.data
['first', 'second']
```

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Inheritance

```
cl ass Deri vedCl assName(BaseCl assName)
  <statement-1>
    ...
```

<statement-N>

- search class attribute, descending chain of base classes
- may override methods in the base class
- call directly via BaseCI assName. method

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Multiple inheritance

- depth-first, left-to-right
- problem: class derived from two classes with a common base class

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Private variables

- No real support, but textual replacement (name mangling)
- __var is replaced by _cl assname_var
- prevents only accidental modification, not true protection

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~ C structs

Empty class definition:

```
class Employee:
  pass

john = Employee()
john. name = 'John Doe'
john. dept = 'CS'
john. salary = 1000
```

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Exceptions

syntax (parsing) errors

SyntaxError: invalid syntax

- exceptions
 - run-time errors
 - e.g., ZeroDi vi si onError, NameError, TypeError

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Handling exceptions

```
while 1:
    try:
        x = int(raw_input("Please enter a number: "))
        break
    except ValueError:
        print "Not a valid number"

First, execute try clause

if no exception, skip except clause

if exception, skip rest of try clause and use except clause

if no matching exception, attempt outer try statement

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```

Handling exceptions

try.py

```
import sys
for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
    try:
        f = open(arg, 'r')
    except !OError:
        print 'cannot open', arg
    el se:
        print arg, 'lines:', len(f.readlines())
        f.close
        e.g., as python try.py *.py
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```

Language comparison								
		Tcl	Perl	Python	JavaScript	Visual Basic		
Speed	development	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	regexp	✓	✓	✓				
breadth	extensible	~		✓		✓		
	embeddable	1		✓				
	easy GUI	1		✓ (Tk)		✓		
	net/web	~	✓	✓	✓	✓		
enterprise	cross-platform	1	✓	√	✓			
	118N	✓		✓	✓	✓		
	thread-safe	1		✓		√		
	database access	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		