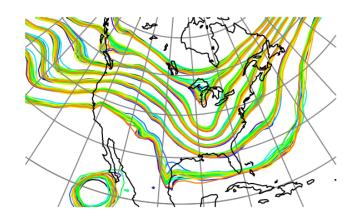


# DART Tutorial Section 11: Creating DART Executables





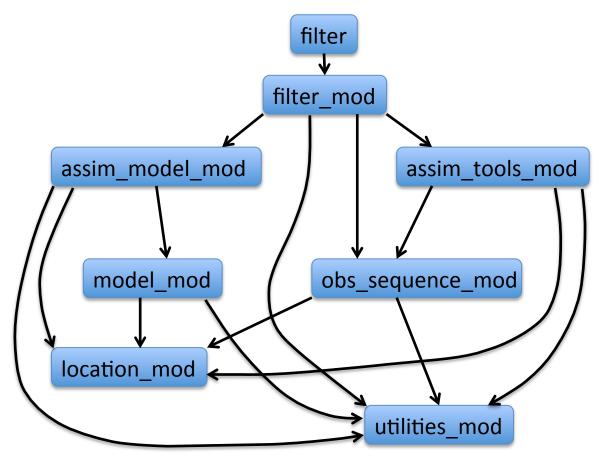
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## Fortran 90 'Use' Trees

DART requires use of F90 *use module\_mod, only:*No other mechanism for use of 'external' routine.



Program viewed as
Directed Acyclic Graph
(tree with shared leaves)

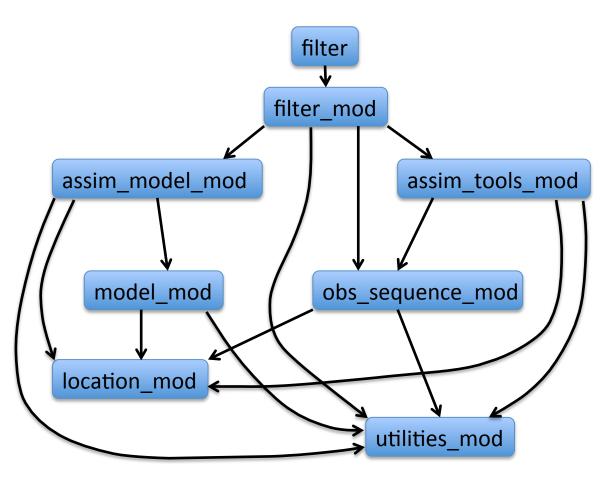
No cycles!

Partial tree for program filter is shown.

Vector represents use of target module.

# Generating a Makefile with mkmf

DART requires use of F90 use module\_mod, only:



Use mkmf perl script to make a makefile

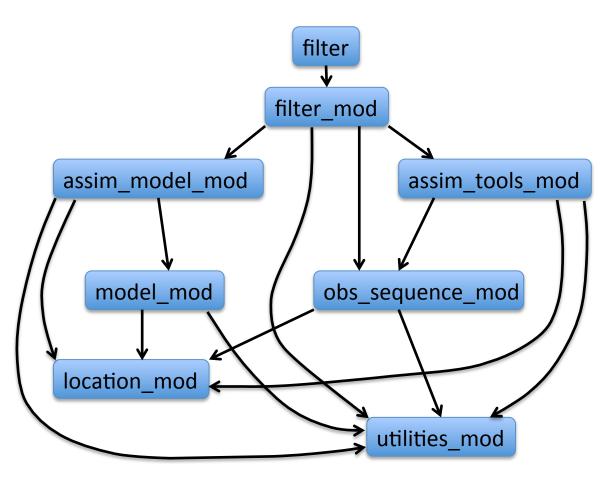
mkmf requires a list of files to search for the main program and modules that are used.

This is called a path\_names file.

See path\_names\_filter in models/lorenz\_63/work.

# Generating a Makefile with mkmf

DART requires use of F90 use module\_mod, only:



mkmf searches files in path\_names for one that contains *program filter*.

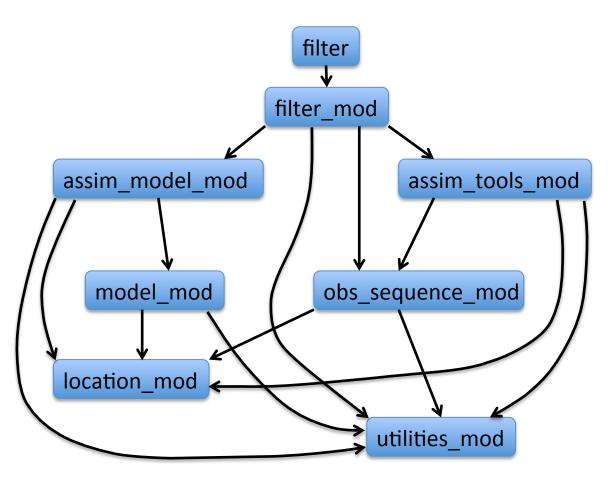
Finds first *use only* in filter.

Searches path\_names files for this module recursively.

Builds a dependency graph like one at left.

# Generating a Makefile with mkmf

DART requires use of F90 use module\_mod, only:



From dependency graph, mkmf generates a standard *Makefile*.

Also creates a default namelist file, input.nml.filter default.

Examine to see namelists required, default values.

Enter *make* to create filter executable.

## mkmf Details

Each DART program has *mkmf\_* and *path\_names\_* files. Can see a selection of these in *models/lorenz\_63/work*.

Let's look at *mkmf\_perfect\_model\_obs* first.

File mkmf\_perfect\_model\_obs contains (default values in parentheses):

- 1. Relative location of mkmf program (../../build\_templates/mkmf)
- 2. Name of executable program to create (-p perfect\_model\_obs)
- 3. Compiler options file (-t ../../build\_templates/mkmf.template)
- 4. Relative base location for file search (-a "../.."),
- 5. Name of the path\_names file (path\_names\_perfect\_model\_obs).

## mkmf Details

A variety of mkmf templates for different machines and compilers are available in the directory *build\_templates* (You can also see the perl script *mkmf* there).

#### mkmf templates specify:

What compiler to use,
Where to find the netCDF libraries,
Compile and link command line options.

Templates usually include comments about useful compiler and linker options for both debugging and production.

#### To change your template:

Copy the appropriate *mkmf.template.xxx* file to *mkmf.template* and make any needed changes

## mkmf Details

File *mkmf\_filter* contains the same lines as other *mkmf*s but has additional scripting to build filter with or without MPI.

Two versions of the MPI module are available; one which really calls MPI and one with dummy routines.

The small models default to building a serial program. The large models default to building an MPI parallel version.

To run mkmf for filter, execute shell script mkmf\_filter:

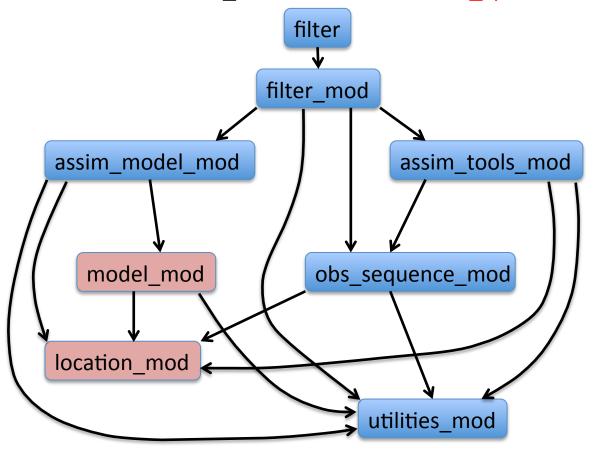
./mkmf\_filter OR csh mkmf\_filter

## DART Modular Philosophy

Can swap modules with same names and public interfaces.

Changing the following paths in path\_names\_filter:

models/lorenz\_63/model\_mod.f90 -> models/cam-fv/model\_mod.f90 assimilation\_code/location/oned/location\_mod.f90 -> assimilation\_code/location/threed\_sphere/location\_mod.f90



switches from lorenz-63 to CAM-FV GCM!

Modules with multiple implementations have second directory level (see paths above).

Compare path\_names files in models/lorenz\_63 with models/cam-fv

# Exercise: Compiling lorenz\_63 filter program

- 1. Go to models/lorenz\_63/work
- Remove all files with .o and .mod extensions.
- 3. Generate a *Makefile* and *input.nml.filter\_default* by: csh mkmf\_filter
- Generate program filter:
   Enter make

### DART Tutorial Index to Sections

- 1. Filtering For a One Variable System
- 2. The DART Directory Tree
- 3. DART Runtime Control and Documentation
- 4. How should observations of a state variable impact an unobserved state variable? Multivariate assimilation.
- 5. Comprehensive Filtering Theory: Non-Identity Observations and the Joint Phase Space
- 6. Other Updates for An Observed Variable
- 7. Some Additional Low-Order Models
- 8. Dealing with Sampling Error
- 9. More on Dealing with Error; Inflation
- **10.** Regression and Nonlinear Effects
- 11. Creating DART Executables
- 12. Adaptive Inflation
- 13. Hierarchical Group Filters and Localization
- 14. Quality control
- 15. DART Experiments: Control and Design
- 16. Diagnostic Output
- 17. Creating Observation Sequences
- 18. Lost in Phase Space: The Challenge of Not Knowing the Truth
- 19. DART-Compliant Models and Making Models Compliant
- 20. Model Parameter Estimation
- 21. Observation Types and Observing System Design
- 22. Parallel Algorithm Implementation
- 23. Location module design (not available)
- 24. Fixed lag smoother (not available)