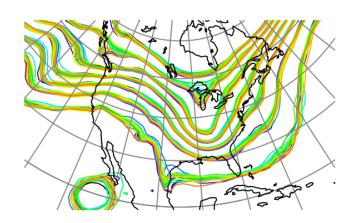


DART Tutorial Section 14: DART Observation Quality Control





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Observation Sequence Files

DART uses observation sequence files to store information about observations that are available for assimilation.

Default names are:

- 1. obs_seq.in: Input to *perfect_model_obs* for OSSEs
- obs_seq.out: Input to filter, (output from perfect_model_obs).
- obs_seq.final: Output from filter.

These files contain metadata describing observations, and may include a number of related values (for instance, the actual observation, the prior ensemble estimates, etc.).

Quality control summary

Each observation can have a prior quality control value. For instance, BUFR files from NCEP contain a prior qc value.

A DART quality control value is added when observation sequences are generated by DART programs. It has metadata *DART quality control*. *obs_seq.final* generated by filter has following DART qc values:

- 0. Assimilated
- 1. Evaluated only
- 2. Assimilated but posterior forward observation operator(s) failed
- 3. Evaluated only but posterior forward observation operator(s) failed
- 4. Not used, prior forward observation operator(s) failed
- 5. Not used because not selected in obs_kind_nml
- 6. Not used, failed prior quality control check
- 7. Not used, violated outlier threshold

DART provides runtime control over what types of observations in an observation sequence file are assimilated by the filter.

This is done in the *obs_kind_nml*:

assimilate_these_obs_types is a list of names of observation types to be assimilated.

evaluate_these_obs_types is a list of names of observation types to be evaluated only (withheld observations).

An observation type that is not in either list is ignored.

See input.nml in models/bgrid_solo/work for an example of an assimilate these obs types list.

- DART qc values 0 to 3 indicate that the observation was okay 0 and 2: observation was assimilated
 Obs. kind is assimilate_these_obs_types in obs_kind_nml
 1 and 3: Prior observation ensemble computed, not assimilated
 Obs. kind is evaluate_these_obs_types in obs_kind_nml
 This is withholding an observation to be used for validation
 2 and 3: one or more posterior forward operators failed
 Cannot use this observation for posterior diagnostics
 Can be used for prior diagnostics
- DART qc value 5 indicates observation not used at all. Not listed in *obs_kind_nml*.

 Not used in either prior or posterior diagnostics.

DART qc value 6 indicates that the prior qc value was too large. Threshold is set by input_qc_threshold in filter_nml.

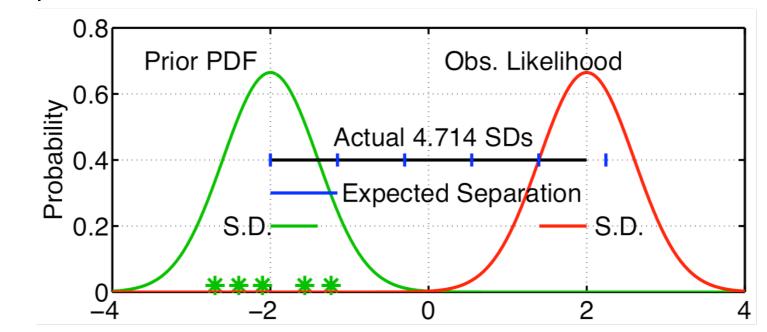
If prior qc of observation is greater than threshold, then...

Observation is not assimilated.

Not used in either prior or posterior diagnostics.

NOTE: BUFR qc values larger than 3 means observation is suspect. Most people assimilating observations from BUFR use an input_qc_threshold of 3 and that is the default value in DART input.nml's.

DART qc value 7 indicates outlier threshold exceeded



Expected(prior mean - observation) = $\sqrt{\sigma_{prior}^2 + \sigma_{obs}^2}$. Reject if (prior_mean - observation) > T times expected value. T is set by *outlier_threshold* in *quality_control_nml*. *outlier_threshold* < 0 means no outlier check.

Outlier threshold quality control

Designed to discard observations that are inconsistent with prior.

Low-order models have the *outlier_threshhold* check turned off by default, set to -1.

Large models have outlier_threshold set to 3 standard deviations.

Setup a successful lorenz_96 or lorenz_63 assimilation case.

Set *outlier_threshold* to 2.0, or 1.5.

Examine what happens to assimilation quality.

Outlier threshold qc has a significant impact when using BUFR observations.

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