

Break New Ground

San Francisco September 16–19, 2019



DEV5376 Helidon MicroProfile: Managing Persistence with JPA

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Resources

- https://github.com/ljnelson/dev5376 (This talk and its code)
- https://helidon.io (Helidon)
- https://github.com/oracle/helidon (Helidon source code)
- https://jakarta.ee/specifications/persistence/2.2/ (JPA)
- https://jakarta.ee/specifications/cdi/2.0/ (CDI)
- https://microprofile.io/ (MicroProfile)
- https://lairdnelson.wordpress.com/ (My blog)



Overview

- What is MicroProfile?
- What is Helidon MicroProfile?
- What is JPA?
- How might JPA fit into a MicroProfile application?
- Helidon MicroProfile meets JPA
- Sample code and demonstration



What is MicroProfile?

- "Just enough" specification for Java microservices
- Umbrella specification of Java microservices-focused component specifications
- Inspired by Java EE, but not part of Java EE or Jakarta EE
 - No reference implementations, just specifications and compatibility tests
 - Cloud-native in focus: think health checks, metrics, fault tolerance, etc.
- Borrows familiar Java EE and Jakarta EE component specifications and adds new ones
- · CDI 2.0, JAX-RS 2.1 and MicroProfile Config form the backbone specifications
- Everything else bolts on, mostly via CDI portable extensions



What is Helidon MicroProfile?

- Java libraries that form a compliant MicroProfile implementation
 - Free and open source; Oracle- and community-authored
 - Apache 2.0 license
 - MicroProfile version 3.0 with ongoing adoption of new versions
 - https://helidon.io/docs/latest/#/microprofile/01_introduction
 - https://github.com/oracle/helidon
- · Not an application server but Java EE programmers will feel at home



What is JPA?

- Java Persistence Architecture specification, currently at version
 2.2 and now under the stewardship of the Eclipse Foundation
- Standardizes how Java objects map to databases
- A pragmatic standard: emerged from <u>Hibernate</u> and <u>TopLink</u>
- Part of Jakarta EE, but implementations also run standalone
- Not part of MicroProfile



What is JPA?

- **SE mode**: usable from within any Java SE program
 - ...but *you* are in charge of (resource-local) transactions, closing sessions, database connections, thread safety, etc.
- **EE mode**: usable from within a Java EE application server
 - The application server handles JTA transactions and also takes care of everything else, but you need an app server*



^{*}Maybe; stay tuned....

JPA: SE mode

```
// Create an EntityManagerFactory. It's not thread safe and needs to be closed properly.
EntityManagerFactory emf = Persistence.createEntityManagerFactory("test");
// Create your EntityManager when needed. It's not thread-safe. Don't create too many.
EntityManager em = emf.createEntityManager();
// Handle transactions, exceptions, etc. Suppress exceptions properly and use finally blocks.
EntityTransaction et = em.getTransaction();
et.begin();
PersistenceException e = null;
try {
   em.persist(someEntity); // Here's the thing you want to do
  et.commit();
 catch (PersistenceException timeToRollback) {
  e = timeToRollback;
  et.rollback();
} finally {
  trv {
    em.close(); // ...in most situations
  } catch (PersistenceException closeException) {
    if (e == null) {
     e = closeException;
    } else {
      e.addSuppressed(closeException);
    throw e;
```

JPA: SE mode

```
<!-- Usually RESOURCE_LOCAL transactions, not JTA. -->
<persistence-unit transaction-type="RESOURCE_LOCAL">

<!-- Pooling or not is now up to the JPA implementation (no mention of DataSource below). -->
cproperty name="javax.persistence.jdbc.driver" value="org.h2.Driver"/>
cproperty name="javax.persistence.jdbc.url" value="jdbc:h2:mem:test"/>
cproperty name="javax.persistence.jdbc.user" value="sa"/>
cproperty name="javax.persistence.jdbc.password" value=""/>
```

JPA: SE mode

- A bit complicated; with great power comes great responsibility
- You manage:
 - lifecycles of EntityManager and EntityManagerFactory instances
 - transactions (via JPA's EntityTransaction interface, not JTA)
 - exceptions (rollback)
 - thread safety
- No real integration needed, just do All The Things™ in The Right Order™



JPA: EE mode

```
// Ask for a transaction-scoped EntityManager.
@PersistenceContext private EntityManager em;

// In a transactional EJB method somewhere:
em.persist(someEntity); // Here's the thing you want to do
```



JPA: EE mode

```
<!-- JTA transactions are "built in". -->
<persistence-unit transaction-type="JTA"...>
<!-- Tell the server the JTA data source name. -->
<jta-data-source>java:comp/env/jdbc/test<!-- (Hmm; JNDI...) --></jta-data-source>
```



JPA: EE mode

- Very simple to use
- Transactions, thread safety, JPA object lifecycles and so on are managed for you
- JNDI implicitly required; java:comp/env/jdbc etc.
- Integration follows the inversion-of-control pattern
- Technically requires an application server 🎇



EE Mode JPA + MicroProfile?

- What if we could enable EE-mode JPA in MicroProfile?
- Could we get automatic transactions in the absence of EJBs?
- How about extended-mode persistence contexts in the absence of stateful session beans?
- Bean validation?
- Can we avoid JNDI?



EE Mode JPA + MicroProfile?

- We'll need a **DataSource** provider.
- We'll need a <u>JTA</u> provider.
- We'll need various tools to eliminate JNDI.
- We need all these things to be aware of each other.
- Helidon MicroProfile extensions to the rescue!



Helidon HikariCP Extension

- A CDI portable extension that combines the Hikari connection pool with MicroProfile Config
- DataSources injectable by name:
 - @Inject@Named("test")private DataSource testDataSource;
- More importantly, DataSources discoverable via lookup without JNDI:
 - beanManager.getBeans(DataSource.class, NamedLiteral.of("test"));



Helidon HikariCP Extension

- Configurable via any MicroProfile Config ConfigSource
- META-INF/microprofile-config.properties
 example:

```
javax.sql.DataSource.test.dataSourceClassName=\
org.h2.jdbcx.JdbcDataSource
javax.sql.DataSource.test.dataSource.password=
javax.sql.DataSource.test.dataSource.url=\
jdbc:h2:mem:test
javax.sql.DataSource.test.dataSource.user=sa
```

• In this example, **test** is the name of the data source, the **teal bits** are <u>Hikari properties and keywords</u>, and the green bits are properties of the **org.h2.jdbcx.JdbcDataSource** implementation class itself



Helidon Oracle UCP Extension

- A CDI portable extension that combines the Oracle Universal Connection Pool with MicroProfile Config
- DataSources injectable by name:
 - @Inject
 @Named("test")
 private DataSource testDataSource;
- More importantly, DataSources discoverable via lookup without JNDI:



Helidon Oracle UCP Extension

- Configurable via any MicroProfile Config ConfigSource
- META-INF/microprofile-config.properties example:

```
javax.sql.DataSource.test.connectionFactoryClassName=\
org.h2.jdbcx.JdbcDataSource
javax.sql.DataSource.test.password=
javax.sql.DataSource.test.URL=\
jdbc:h2:mem:test
javax.sql.DataSource.test.user=sa
```

• In this example, **test** is the name of the data source and the green bits are properties of the **oracle.ucp.jdbc.PoolDataSourceImpl** implementation class itself



Helidon JTA Extension

- A CDI portable extension that integrates JTA into Helidon MicroProfile
- Supplies TransactionManager, Transaction,
 TransactionSynchronizationRegistry, UserTransaction as injectable CDI beans (i.e. no JNDI needed)
- Implemented behind the scenes by the Narayana transaction engine
- Supplies @Transactional annotation and related interceptors
- (As a handy side effect, also enables CDI transactional event observers)



Helidon JTA Extension

```
// Annotate a business method on any CDI bean with
  @Transactional. Here's a JAX-RS resource method:
@GET
@Path("response")
@Produces("text/plain")
@Transactional
public String hello() {
  // You are in a JTA transaction here. Nice!
  return "Hello, yourself.";
```

Helidon EclipseLink Extension

- A simple library and CDI portable extension that makes EclipseLink think it is running in a Java EE application server even though it's not
- Lets EclipseLink find the current JTA transaction without using JNDI
 - (Remember the Helidon JTA extension that supplies the Transaction object?)
- Lets EclipseLink find a named DataSource by name without using JNDI
 - (Remember the <u>Helidon Hikari extension</u> that enables **DataSource**s to be discoverable in CDI by name?)
- Zero configuration; just works



Helidon Hibernate Extension

- A simple library and CDI portable extension that makes Hibernate think it is running in a Java EE application server even though it's not
- Lets Hibernate find the current JTA transaction without using JNDI
 - (Remember the Helidon JTA extension that supplies the Transaction object?)
- · Lets Hibernate find a named DataSource by name without using JNDI
 - (Remember the Helidon Hikari extension that enables DataSources to be discoverable in CDI by name?)
- Zero configuration; just works



EE-Mode JPA + MicroProfile: Putting It Together

- · Put these extensions on your runtime classpath.
- · The end.
 - (Well, almost the end. Then you Do Ordinary EE-Mode JPA Things™ as you normally would.)
 - Configure your data source
 - Set up your META-INF/persistence.xml
 - Design your entities and tables



