

Calcul Numeric
Examen - proba scrisă
CTI Anal I

$$1) \begin{cases} x - y - 2z = 7 \\ x + y - 3z = -3 \\ x + 2y - 2z = 12 \end{cases} \quad \text{GPT}$$

$$\bar{A} = [A|b] = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 7 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow L_1 \leftrightarrow L_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} L_3 \leftrightarrow L_1 \\ \leftrightarrow \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 1 & -3 \\ -2 & -1 & 1 & 7 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 1 & 7 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_2 + 2L_1 \\ \leftrightarrow \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{5}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 9 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$z \quad y \quad x$ $z \quad y \quad x$ $z \quad y \quad x$

$$\begin{matrix} L_3 + L_1 \\ \rightarrow \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{5}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 9 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 13 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & -\frac{27}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{5}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 13 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} L_3 - \frac{5}{3}L_2 \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & -\frac{27}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 22 \end{pmatrix}$$

$z \quad y \quad x$ $z \quad y \quad x$ $z \quad y \quad x$

$$\Rightarrow x = 22$$

$$y - \frac{1}{5}x = -\frac{27}{5} \Rightarrow y = -1$$

$$z - \frac{1}{3}y - \frac{1}{3}x = 1 \Rightarrow z - \frac{1}{3} \cdot (-1) - \frac{22}{3} = 1 \Rightarrow z = 1 + \frac{21}{3}$$

$$z = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 22 \\ y = -1 \\ z = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$2) A = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ LU cu GFP}$$

$$m_{21} = \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} = \frac{6}{-3} = -2$$

$$m_{31} = \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} = \frac{1}{-3} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_3 + \frac{1}{3}L_1]{L_2 + 2L_1} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & \frac{4}{3} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{L_3 - 4L_2} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{44}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_{32} = \frac{a_{32}}{a_{22}} = \frac{4}{1} = 4$$

$$L = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{3} & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{44}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3) f(x) = 4x^3 + 3 \cdot 3^x - 11 \cdot x^2 \quad f: [0, 5] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \text{Newton diferite divizate}$$

$$x_1 = 0$$

$$x_2 = 3$$

$$x_3 = 5$$

$$P_2(x) = f[x_1] + f[x_1, x_2] \cdot (x - x_1) + f[x_1, x_2, x_3] \cdot (x - x_1)(x - x_2) \\ = f[0] + f[0, 3] \cdot (x - 0) + f[0, 3, 5] \cdot (x - 0)(x - 3)$$

x_i	$f[x_i]$	$f[x_i, x_{i+1}]$	$f[x_i, x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}]$
0	$f[0] = 4$		
3	$f[3] = 46$	$f[0, 3] = \frac{42}{3}$	
5	$f[5] = 1478$	$f[3, 5] = 716$	$f[0, 3, 5] = \frac{702}{5}$

$$f[0] = f(0) = 4$$

$$f[0, 3] = \frac{f[3] - f[0]}{3 - 0} = \frac{42}{3}$$

$$f[3, 5] = \frac{f[5] - f[3]}{5 - 3} = \frac{1478 - 46}{2} = 716$$

$$f[0, 3, 5] = \frac{f[3, 5] - f[0, 3]}{5 - 0} = \frac{716 - \frac{42}{3}}{5} = \frac{702}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow P_2(x) &= 4 + \frac{42}{3}x + \frac{702}{5}x(x-3) = \\ &= 4 + \frac{42}{3}x + \frac{702}{5}x^2 - \frac{3 \cdot 702}{5}x = \\ &= \frac{702}{5}x^2 + \frac{42}{3}x - \frac{2106}{5}x + 4\end{aligned}$$

$$4) \quad i = \int_1^4 \left(3 \cdot x^6 + 6x^5 + \frac{3}{2}x^3 + 9 \cdot x^2 \right) dx \quad m=3 : h = \frac{4-1}{3} = 1$$

a)

$$x_1 = 1 + 0 \cdot h = 1$$

$$x_2 = 1 + 1 \cdot h = 2$$

$$x_3 = 1 + 2 \cdot h = 3 \quad x_4 = 1 + 3h = 4$$

$$\cancel{f(a)} = \cancel{f(x_1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}I_{\text{trapez}} &= \frac{1}{2} \left(f(1) + 2f(2) + 2f(3) + f(4) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{39}{2} + 2 \cdot 432 + 2 \cdot \frac{7533}{2} + 18672 \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{54177}{2} \right) = \frac{54177}{4} = 13544,25\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}b) \quad \int_1^4 3x^6 + 6x^5 + \frac{3}{2}x^3 + 9x^2 dx &= \frac{3x^7}{7} + x^6 + \frac{3x^4}{8} + 3x^3 \Big|_1^4 = \frac{79840}{7} - \frac{269}{56} = \\ &= \frac{638451}{56} = 11400,91\end{aligned}$$

$$R = |13544,25 - 11400,91| = 2143,34$$