

## **EXERCISE CARIBE WAVE 16**

A Caribbean and Adjacent Regions Tsunami Warning Exercise

17 March 2016 (Venezuela and Northern Hispaniola Scenarios)

Volume 1

**Participant Handbook** 

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NOTE: The contents of this handbook are patterned after the CARIBE WAVE 2011, 2013, 2014 and 2015 Exercises by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) and the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC). Exercise Caribe Wave 11: A Caribbean Tsunami Warning Exercise, 23 March 2011, IOC Technical Series, 93 Vol. 1, Paris, UNESCO 2010 (English, French and Spanish). Exercise Caribe Wave/Lantex 13: A Caribbean Tsunami Warning Exercise, 20 March 2013, IOC Technical Series, 101, vol. 1, Paris, UNESCO 2012. Exercise Caribe Wave/Lantex 14: A Caribbean and Northwestern Atlantic Tsunami Warning Exercise, 26 March 2014, IOC Technical Series, 109, vol. 1, Paris, UNESCO 2013 (English and Spanish). Exercise Caribe Wave/Lantex 15: A Caribbean and Northwestern Atlantic Tsunami Warning Exercise, 25 March 2015, IOC Technical Series, 118, vol. 1, Paris, UNESCO 2014. These CARIBE WAVE handbooks followed the Pacific Wave 08 manual published by the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (Exercise Pacific Wave 08: A Pacific-wide Tsunami Warning and Communication Exercise, 28-30 October 2008, IOC Technical Series, 82, Paris, UNESCO 2008). The UNESCO How to Plan, Conduct and Evaluate Tsunami Wave Exercises, IOC Manuals and Guides, 58 rev., Paris, UNESCO 2013 (English and Spanish) is another important reference.

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#### Summary

The Intergovernmental Coordination Group for Tsunami and Other Coastal Hazards Warning System for the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions (ICG/CARIBE EWS) of the United National Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization's (UNESCO) Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC), the US National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), and the Caribbean Regional Stakeholders (CEPREDENAC, CDEMA, and EMIZ) will be conducting a tsunami exercise on March 17, 2016. The purpose of this exercise is to advance tsunami preparedness efforts in the Caribbean and Adjacent regions, based on Venezuela and Northern Hispaniola scenarios.

Two exercise scenarios are planned. The first scenario described in this handbook simulates a tsunami generated by a magnitude 8.4 earthquake located in Venezuela, in the southern Caribbean Sea. The second scenario is a tsunami generated by a magnitude 8.7 earthquake located in North of Hispaniola, in the Atlantic Ocean. The initial dummy messages will be issued by the US Pacific and National Tsunami Warning Centers (PTWC) on March 17, 2016 at 1400 UTC (Venezuela) and at 1500 UTC (Northern Hispaniola) and disseminated over all their standard broadcast channels. The dummy messages are issued to test communications with Tsunami Warning Focal Points and National Tsunami Warning Centers, and to start the exercise. These will be the only exercise messages broadcast from the PTWC, excluding the emails with the tsunami products to officially designated Tsunami warning focal points and NTWC. Each country and territory will further decide if and how to disseminate messages within its areas of responsibility.

The manual includes the tsunami and earthquake scenarios information, time lines, and the enhanced PTWC exercise messages. High levels of vulnerability and risk to life and livelihoods from tsunamis along the Caribbean coast should provide a strong incentive for countries and local jurisdictions to prepare for a tsunami and participate in this exercise.

#### 1. BACKGROUND

#### 1.1 EXERCISE JUSTIFICATION AND FRAMEWORK

This tsunami exercise is being conducted to assist tsunami preparedness efforts throughout the Caribbean region. Recent tsunamis, such as those in the Indian Ocean (2004), Samoa (2009), Haiti (2010), Chile (2010, 2014, 2015), and Japan (2011), attest to the importance of proper planning for tsunami response.

Historical tsunami records from sources such as the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) show that over 75 tsunamis with high validity have been observed in the Caribbean over the past 500 years (Figure 1). These represent approximately 7-10 % of the world's oceanic tsunamis. Earthquake, landslide, and volcanic tsunami sources have all impacted the region. In the past 500 years almost 4,561 people have lost their lives to tsunamis in the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions. Since the most recent devastating tsunami of 1946, there has been an explosive population growth and influx of tourists along the Caribbean and Western Atlantic coasts increasing the tsunami vulnerability of the region (von Hillebrandt-Andrade, 2013). In addition to tsunamis, the region also has a long history of destructive earthquakes. Historical records show that major earthquakes have struck the Caribbean region many times during the past 500 years. Within the region there are multiple fault segments and submarine features that could be the source of earthquake and landslide generated tsunamis (Figure 2). The perimeter of the Caribbean plate is bordered by no fewer than four major plates (North America, South America, Nazca, and Cocos). Subduction occurs along the eastern

and northeastern Atlantic margins of the Caribbean plate. Normal, transform and strike slip faulting characterize northern South America, eastern Central America, the Cayman Ridge and Trench and the northern plate boundary (Benz et al, 2011). In addition to the local and regional sources, the region is also threatened by tele tsunamis/trans-Atlantic tsunamis, like that of 1755. With nearly 160 million people (Caribbean, Central America and Northern South America) now living in this region and a major earthquake occurring about every 50 years, the question is not if another major tsunami will happen, but when it happens will the region be prepared for the tsunami impact. The risks of major earthquakes in the Caribbean, and the possibility of a resulting tsunami, are real and should be taken seriously.

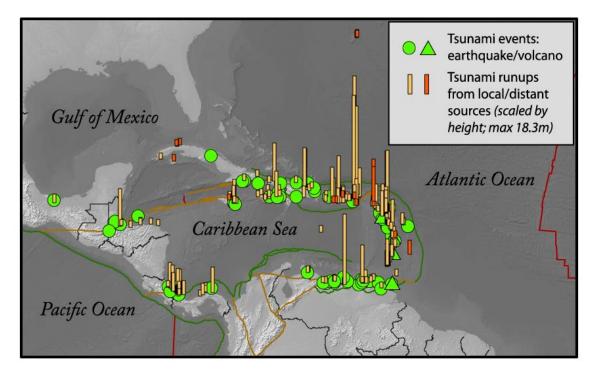


Figure 1. Map of tsunami run-ups in the Caribbean 1493-2013 (National Centers for Environmental Information, <a href="http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazards/tsu.shtml">http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazards/tsu.shtml</a>). Artist: Jessee Varner; originally published in von Hillebrandt-Andrade, 2013.

Tsunami services for the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions are currently provided by the U.S. NWS Pacific Tsunami Warning Center (PTWC) in Honolulu within the UNESCO IOC CARIBE EWS framework. March 1st, 2016, is also the target date for the transfer from U.S. NTWC (National Tsunami Warning Center) to PTWC for the domestic Tsunami services for Puerto Rico, the US Virgin Islands and the British Virgin Islands. The PTWC issues tsunami products approximately two to ten minutes after an earthquake's occurrence. The PTWC international products include tsunami threat messages. Primary recipients of Tsunami Warning Center (TWC) messages include National Tsunami Warning Focal Points (TWFP) and National Tsunami Warning Centers (NTWC). These agencies are responsible to disseminate the corresponding warning messages within their area of responsibility according to established protocols. The Puerto Rico Seismic Network (PRSN) of the University of Puerto Rico at Mayagüez, Seismic Research Centre in Trinidad and Tobago, Instituto Nicaraquense de Estudios Territoriales (INETER) in Nicaraqua, Fundación Venezolana de Investigaciones Sismológicas (FUNVISIS) in Venezuela, and other national and regional institutions also provide and/or disseminate earthquake and tsunami information for their areas of responsibility.

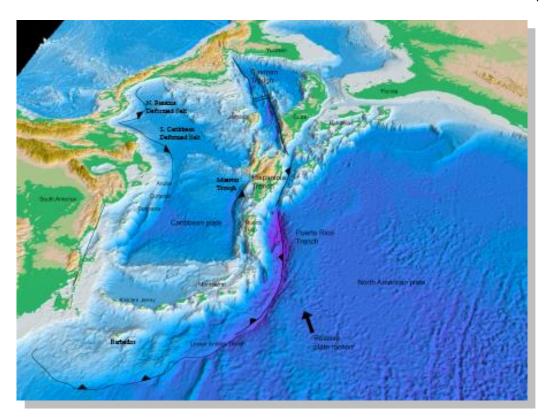


Figure 2. Tectonic features in the Caribbean (ten Brink et al., 2008).

#### 1.2 EXERCISE EARTHQUAKE AND TSUNAMI SCENARIO

This exercise will provide simulated tsunami threat messages from the PTWC based on a hypothetical magnitude 8.4 earthquake located in Venezuela and 8.7 earthquake located in Northern Hispaniola (Figure 3). The earthquakes, would produce a red alert for Hispaniola, Turks and Caicos Islands and the East of Cuba for the Northern Hispaniola scenario; and the coast of Venezuela for the Venezuela scenario. In terms of population exposed to earthquake shaking, it is estimated that almost 5.5 million people for Northern Hispaniola scenario and 7.7 million people for Venezuela scenario would be exposed to Modified Mercalli intensities from VI up to VIII.

#### 1.2.1 Southern Caribbean Scenario

The Caribbean-South America Plate boundary (CSPB), located offshore of Venezuela (between longitudes -68° to -64°), has been the cause of several earthquakes that have generated significant tsunamis in the Caribbean (ten Brink, et al, 2008). The CSPB is an active compressional right-lateral strike-slip fault system focused mainly along the following faults: Boconó, San Sebastián, El Pilar, Los Bajos and Warm Spring fault (Colon, et al, 2015). On October 29, 1900, a tsunami with water height up to 10 meters damaged the coast of Mancuto, Venezuela (National Center for Environmental Information, 2015). This tsunami was generated by a 7.6 Mw earthquake that was originated along the San Sebastian fault (Colon, et al, 2015). Another tsunami event in this region was in July 15, 1853, where a 6.9 Mw earthquake generated a tsunami with water height up to 5 meters and impacted the area of Cumana (National Center for Environmental Information, 2015). These events are evidence of the capacity of the CSPB system to generated destructive tsunamis in the Caribbean.

#### 1.2.2 Northern Hispaniola Scenario

The North Hispaniola thrust fault (NHTF) is an oblique thrust fault system that extends over ~600 Km from the east of Cuba, parallel to the North of Hispaniola and to the west of Puerto Rico (Lat:18.5° to 20.5°, Long: -68° to -74°). This fault system has been the cause of several earthquakes that generated significant tsunamis in this region. On May 7, 1842, near the shore of Cap-Haitien an earthquake with an estimated magnitude of 8.1 Mw triggered a destructive tsunami that generated wave heights up to 5 meters. Approximately 5,000 people were killed due to this earthquake and another 300 people by the tsunami (Grilli, et al., 2015; National Center for Environmental Information, 2015) (Meeting of Experts Port-au-Prince, Haiti, 2013). For this exercise, the fault plane is divided in three segments and is 600Km long, 59 Km wide and 20 Km deep. The scenario show intensities up to VII on the Mercalli Modified Scale, based on ShakeMap.

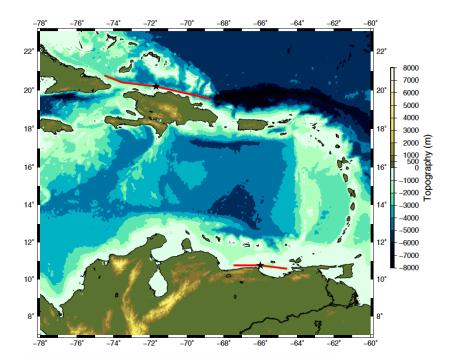


Figure 3. CARIBE WAVE 16 southwestern Caribbean scenario map indicating both epicenters and fault segments, elaborated using etopo1 model (Amante and Eakins, 2009).

For many countries, in addition to knowing the potential impact from the tsunami, it is also important to consider the potential earthquake impact. This is especially important for those in the near field. In consideration of this, the USGS provided for CARIBE WAVE 16 the scenario outputs of their ShakeMap and the Prompt Assessment of Global Earthquakes for Response (PAGER) products. These results provide emergency responders, government. aid agencies and the media the scope of the potential earthquake related disaster. ShakeMap illustrates the ground shaking levels close to the earthquake source depending on a set of parameters such as distance to the source, rock and soil behavior and seismic wave propagation through the crust (http://earthquake.usgs.gov/research/shakemap/). PAGER is based on the earthquake shaking (via ShakeMap) and analyses of the population exposed to each level of shaking intensity with models of economic and fatality losses based on past earthquakes in each country region of the world (http://earthquake.usgs.gov/research/pager/). For the CARIBE WAVE 16 scenario, the U. S. Geological Survey estimated that significant casualties and damage are likely from the earthquakes themselves which would require regional or national level response. According to the PAGER results, the countries that are going to receive the greatest impact from the

earthquakes are Venezuela, Dominican Republic, and Haiti. Complete information about the PAGER output for the exercise scenario is available in the Annex D of the manual.

Exercises like this will help ensure that Caribbean and Northwest Atlantic coasts are ready to respond in the event of a dangerous tsunami. Similar recent exercises in the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions (CARIBE WAVE) as well as the Pacific and Northeast Atlantic and Mediterranean Basins have proven effective in strengthening preparedness levels of emergency management organizations.

#### 2. EXERCISE CONCEPT

#### 2.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of the exercise is to improve Tsunami Warning System effectiveness along the Caribbean coasts. The exercise provides an opportunity for emergency management organizations throughout the region to exercise their operational lines of communications, review their tsunami response procedures, and promote tsunami preparedness. Regular exercising of response plans is critical to maintain readiness for an emergency. This is particularly true for the Caribbean, where tsunamis are infrequent but can be of very high impact. Every emergency management organization (EMO) is encouraged to participate.

#### 2.2 OBJECTIVES

Each organization can develop their objectives for the exercise depending on their level of involvement in the scenario. The following are the exercise's overarching objectives.

## 1. To exercise and evaluate operations of the CARIBE EWS Tsunami Warning System.

- A. Validate the **issuance** of tsunami products from the PTWC.
- B. Validate the **receipt** of tsunami products by CARIBE EWS Tsunami Warning Focal Points (TWFP) and/or National Tsunami Warning Centers NTWC).

## 2. To continue the process of exposure to PTWC CARIBE EWS Enhanced products.

- A. Evaluate enhanced PTWC products.
- B. Provide further feedback on the national procedures for implementation of the enhanced products.

#### 3. To validate the readiness to respond to a tsunami.

- A. Validate the operational readiness of the TWFP (or like function) and/or the National Disaster Management Office (NDMO).
- B. To improve operational readiness. Before the exercise, ensure appropriate tools and response plan(s) have been developed, including public education materials.
- C. Validate that the dissemination of warnings and information/advice by Tsunami Warning Focal Points, and National Tsunami Warning Centers, to relevant in-country agencies and the public is accurate and timely.
- D. Validate the organizational decision-making process (tsunami response plans) about public warnings and evacuations.
- E. Validate that the methods used to notify and instruct the public are accurate and timely.
- F. Evaluate the status of the National Public Awareness and Education Strategy.

#### 2.3 TYPE OF EXERCISE

The exercise should be carried out such that communications and decision making at various organizational levels are exercised and conducted without alarming the general public. Offices of Emergency Management (OEM) are, however, encouraged to exercise down to the level of testing local notification systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS), sirens, or loudspeakers.

Exercises stimulate the development, training, testing, and evaluation of Disaster Plans and Standard Operating Procedures (SOP). Most countries in the region have participated in SOP workshops in 2013 and 2014, and should use the materials and expertise acquired to help guide exercise preparation and conduct. Annex A gives an overview of SOP. Exercise participants may as well use their own past multi-hazard drills (e.g. flood, hurricane, tsunami, earthquake, etc.) as a framework to conduct CARIBE WAVE 16.

Exercises can be conducted at various scales of magnitude and sophistication. The following are examples of types of exercises conducted by EMOs:

- 1. Orientation Exercise (Seminar): An Orientation Exercise lays the groundwork for a comprehensive exercise program. It is a planned event, developed to bring together individuals and officials with a role or interest in multi-hazard response planning, problem solving, development of standard operational procedures (SOPs), and resource integration and coordination. An Orientation Exercise will have a specific goal and written objectives and result in an agreed upon Plan of Action.
- Drill: The Drill is a planned activity that tests, develops, and/or maintains skills in a single
  or limited emergency response procedure. Drills generally involve operational response
  of single departments or agencies. Drills can involve internal notifications and/or field
  activities.
- 3. **Tabletop Exercise:** The Tabletop Exercise is a planned activity in which local officials, key staff, and organizations with disaster management responsibilities are presented with simulated emergency situations. It is usually informal, in a conference room environment, and is designed to elicit constructive discussion from the participants. Participants will examine and attempt to resolve problems, based on plans and procedures, if they exist. Individuals are encouraged to discuss decisions in depth with emphasis on slow-paced problem solving, rather than rapid, real time decision-making. A Tabletop Exercise should have specific goals, objectives, and a scenario narrative (see Annex B for a Sample Tabletop Exercise Outline).
- 4. Functional Exercise: A Functional Exercise is a planned activity designed to test and evaluate organizational capacities. It is also utilized to evaluate the capability of a community's emergency management system by testing the Emergency Operations Plan (EOP). It is based on a simulation of a realistic emergency situation that includes a description of the situation (narrative) with communications between players and simulators. The Functional Exercise gives the players (decision-makers) a fully simulated experience of being in a major disaster event. It should take place at the appropriate coordination location (i.e. emergency operations center, emergency command center, command post, master control center, etc.) and involve all the appropriate members designated by the plan. Both internal and external agencies (government, private sector, and volunteer agencies) should be involved. It requires players, controllers, simulators, and evaluators. Message traffic will be simulated and inserted by the control team for player response/actions, under real time constraints. It may or may not include public evacuations. A Functional Exercise should have specific goals, objectives, and a scenario narrative.

5. Full-scale Exercise: A Full-scale Exercise is the culmination of a progressive exercise program that has grown with the capacity of the community to conduct exercises. A Full-Scale exercise is a planned activity in a "challenging" environment that encompasses a majority of the emergency management functions. This type of exercise involves the actual mobilization and deployment of the appropriate personnel and resources needed to demonstrate operational capabilities. EOCs and other command centers are required to be activated. A Full-scale Exercise is the largest, costliest, and most complex exercise type. It may or may not include public evacuations.

#### **Example Time Frames for Different Exercise Types**

Style	Planning Period	Duration	Comments
Orientation Exercise	2 weeks	Hours	Individual or mixed groups
Drill	2 months	1 day	Individual technical groups generally
Tabletop Exercise	1 month	1-3 days	Single or multiple agency
Functional Exercise	> 3 months	1-5 days	Multiple Agency participation
Full-scale Exercise	>6 months	1 day/ week	Multiple Agency participation

#### 2.4 TIMELINE

The following timeline highlights actions to be taken, before, during and after CARIBE WAVE16.

ACTION	DUE DATE
Draft Circulated among ICG CARIBE EWS TNC/TWFP	Sep-15
Deadline for Comments	18-Sep-15
Final Exercise Handbook Available Online	Oct-15
Circular Letter Issued by IOC to MS	Nov-15
1 <sup>st</sup> Webinar CW	19 - Jan- 2016 -English 20 - Jan- 2016 -Spanish 21 - Jan- 2016 -French
2 <sup>nd</sup> Webinar CW	1- Mar- 2016 -English 2- Mar- 2016 -Spanish 3- Mar- 2016 -French
Exercise Registration Deadline	11-Mar-16
Exercise	17-Mar-16
Exercise Evaluation Due	23-Mar-16
Draft Final Caribe 16 Report	1- Apr- 16
Discussion of Exercise ICG CARIBE EWS 12 <sup>th</sup> Session	5-7- Apr-16 (TBC)

#### 3. PTWC ENHANCED PRODUCTS

As of March 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015 the CARIBE EWS will fully transition to the PTWC Enhanced Products. These products are threat-based on tsunami wave forecasts, rather than on earthquake magnitude thresholds and travel time. Several levels of tsunami threat have been established, and forecast threat levels are assigned to polygons representing segments of extended coastlines or to island groups. These improvements should greatly reduce the number of areas warned unnecessarily and also provide some advance notice of potential local tsunamis. Details on the PTWC Enhanced Products for the CARIBE EWS are provided in the User's Guide for the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center Enhanced Products for the CARIBE EWS (http://www.caribewave.info). For the CARIBE EWS, enhanced graphical products will be disseminated by email to officially designated TWFP and NTWC.

There are important differences between PTWC's current (thru February 29<sup>th</sup>, 2016) and its enhanced products. Previous products used the term "watch" to indicate that there was a potential threat to the countries within the watch. Specifically, a country was designated by PTWC as being in a Tsunami Watch depending upon the tsunami threat presented by the event (eg. earthquake magnitude and location), as well as the time remaining until the potential tsunami impact. Over the last several years, however, the use of the term "Watch" has caused concern that the PTWC-designated level of alert could conflict with a country's independently derived level of alert. As each country is sovereign and thus responsible for the safety of its own population, the PTWC enhanced products as of March 1<sup>st</sup>, 2016, and will not uses the watch term and instead provide forecast levels (wave height) of impact along coasts.

At its Seventh Session, the ICG/CARIBE EWS (2012) started the process of evaluating the tsunami products issued by the PTWC for CARIBE EWS. After testing the enhanced products in the Caribe Wave 13, 14 and 15 exercises and considering the successful implementation of the enhanced products for the Pacific Tsunami Warning System at the Eleventh Session of the ICG/CARIBE EWS (May 2015), Member States approved the final products and agreed on the target changeover date of 1 March 2016. Member States further decided that the public text product will continue, and that additional forecast guidance products be only sent to country Tsunami Warning Focal Points and Tsunami National Warning Centers to assist them in assessing their national threat. Therefore as of 1 March 2016 0000Z, the PTWC will retired its existing products for CARIBE EWS and started issuance of its new enhanced products.

For CARIBE WAVE 16 the PTWC will send via email all the simulated enhanced products (text and graphical) to the designated TWFP and NTWC. These products have also been included in Annexes C and F.

#### 4. EXERCISE OUTLINE

#### 4.1 GENERAL

Tsunami messages for this exercise are issued by the PTWC based on two hypothetical earthquakes with the following hypocenter parameters:

Venezuela Earthquake Scenario:

Origin Time 14:00:00 UTC March 17, 2016

Latitude 10.8°N
 Longitude 66.0°W
 Magnitude 8.4 – Mw
 Depth 15 km

Northern Hispaniola Earthquake Scenario:

Origin Time 15:00:00 UTC March 17, 2016

Latitude 20.2°N
 Longitude 71.7°W
 Magnitude 8.7 – Mw
 Depth 20km

Expected impact for this event is determined from pre-computed tsunami forecast models. The models indicated a significant tsunami along many coasts in the Caribbean Sea, but with less or no impact in Western Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico. Based on the models, the exercise alert areas are limited to the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions, and do not include other U.S. NTWC areas-of-responsibility in the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico. Annex C provides model results.

#### **Pacific Tsunami Warning Center:**

**Tsunami Threat** – Threats are issued by the PTWC based on tsunami wave forecasts, rather than based upon seismic information. Tsunami threat forecasts indicate the levels of threat that have been forecast and to which countries or places they apply. The levels are tsunami heights of 0.3-1 meter, 1-3 meters, and greater than 3 meters above the normal tide level are determined. The threats are updated usually within an hour.

The PTWC will not issue live messages over broadcast dissemination channels other than to issue initial dummy messages to start the exercise at 1405 UTC and 1505 UTC on March 17, 2016. However, all simulated enhanced tsunami products will be disseminated thru email to TWFP, and NTWC. Further dissemination will be the responsibility of the corresponding national and local authorities. The content of the dummy messages is given in Annex E. The dummy messages indicate that exercise participants should refer to the first message provided in this handbook or sent by PTWC (in the case of TWFP and NTWC).

The initial dummy messages will be disseminated over all standard TWC broadcast channels and the World Meteorological Organization (WMO) and Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System (AWIPS) headers used in the dummy messages are listed in Table 1. These are being issued to test communications with Tsunami Warning Focal Points (TWFP), National Tsunami Warning Centers (NTWC), and Tsunami National Contacts (TNC), and to start the exercise. All simulated enhanced products (text and graphical) will be disseminated thru email to TWFPs, NTWC and NTC. Further dissemination will be the responsibility of the corresponding national and local authorities.. *Please note that the PTWC dummy messages are being issued with the WMO/AWIPS IDs WECA41 PHEB/TSUCAX*.

#### **Dummy:**

Yes Dummy Message Issued No Dummy Message Not Issued

#### Email:

Yes Message disseminated to TWFP and TWC

Table 1. Product Types Issued for Dummy Message with Transmission Methods

Center	WMO ID	AWIPS ID	NWWS	GTS	EMWIN	AISR	Fax	Email
PTWC	WECA41 PHEB	TSUCAX	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

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NWWS NOAA Weather Wire Service
GTS Global Telecommunications System

EMWIN Emergency Manager's Weather Information Network

AISR Aeronautical Information System Replacement

Participants should follow the schedule in Tables 2 and 3, for each scenario, to look at new messages. Those tables include the timelines for when messages would be issued by the PTWC if this were a real event, and can be used by EMOs to drive the exercise timing. The messages (as shown in Annex F) cover between 5 minutes and 6-hour period, though in an actual event they would likely continue much longer.

Participants may elect to exercise using their own timelines in order to achieve their particular objectives. For example, a particular EMO's Exercise Controller may choose to feed the TWC bulletins into the exercise at times of their own choosing, or alternatively put them in envelopes with the time they must be opened written on each, with each key participant agency having their own set of envelopes. The messages, provided in Annex F, will facilitate this approach.

EMOs are welcome to modify estimated arrival times and/or wave amplitudes to suit their exercise – for example, to have the tsunami arrive sooner and with larger amplitude. Other exercise injects, such as tsunami damage reports, are also encouraged.

#### 4.2 MASTER SCHEDULE (EXERCISE SCRIPT)

#### 4.2.1 Venezuela Scenario

Tsunami generated by a magnitude 8.4 earthquake with epicenter at 10.8°N, 66.0°W occurring on March 17, 2016 at 1400 UTC. The initial alert is disseminated at 1405 UTC.

Date (UTC)	Time (UTC)	PTWC Message			
(010)	(010)	#	Туре	Dummy	Email
03/17/2016	1400		- Earthqua	k e O c c u	rs
03/17/2016	1405	01	Threat	Yes	Yes
03/17/2016	1425	02	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1510	03	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1545	04	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1645	05	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1745	06	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1845	07	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1945	80	Final Threat	No	Yes

Table 2. Timeline Messages issued by PTWC

#### 4.2.2 Northern Hispaniola Earthquake Scenario

Tsunami generated by a magnitude 8.7 earthquake with epicenter at 20.2°N, 71.7°W occurring on March 17, 2016 at 1500 UTC. The initial alert is disseminated at 1505 UTC.

			•	•	
Date	Time		PTV		
(UTC)	(UTC)		Mess	age	
(010)	(010)	#	Type	Dummy	Email
03/17/2016	1500		-Earthqua	keOccu	rs
03/17/2016	1505	01	Threat	Yes	Yes
03/17/2016	1525	02	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1600	03	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1630	04	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1700	05	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1800	06	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	1900	07	Threat	No	Yes
03/17/2016	2000	08	Final Threat	No	Yes

Table 3. Timeline Messages issued by PTWC

#### 4.3 ACTIONS IN CASE OF A REAL EVENT

In the case of a real event occurring during the exercise, the PTWC will issue the corresponding messages for the event. Such messages will be given full priority and a decision will be made by the PTWC whether to issue the dummy messages and to send email messages to corresponding recipients. Smaller earthquakes that only trigger a Tsunami Information Statement will not disrupt the exercise. All documentation and correspondence relating to this exercise is to be clearly identified as "CARIBE WAVE 16" and "Exercise."

#### 4.4 PROCEDURE FOR FALSE ALARM

Any time disaster response exercises are conducted, the potential exists for the public or media to interpret the event as real. Procedures should be set up by all participating entities to address public or media concerns involving this exercise in case of miss-interpretation by media or the public.

#### 4.5 RESOURCES

Although EMOs will have advance notice of the exercise and may elect to stand up a special dedicated shift to allow normal core business to continue uninterrupted, it is requested that realistic resource levels be deployed in order to reflect some of the issues that are likely to be faced in a real event.

Questions on the exercise can be addressed to the members of the Caribe Wave 16 Task Team (Table 4).

#### 4.6 COMMUNITY REGISTRATION

For Caribe Wave 16, the Caribe EWS has teamed up with TsunamiZone.org for online registration. Under the Caribbean Zone Region Tab participants will be able to sign up and choose among the following community categories: individuals, businesses, schools, faith-based organizations, community groups, government agencies, individuals. The link for registration is <a href="http://tsunamizone.org/caribbean">http://tsunamizone.org/caribbean</a>. After registering, they will receive a confirmation email. If desired, participants can also opt to be listed in "Who is participating?" section of the TsunamiZone website, along with participants in tsunami preparedness activities worldwide. The EMOs will thus have real time access to the status of registration of participants within their areas of responsibility. EMOs are encourage to promote this registration system.

**Table 4. Members of the Caribe Wave 16 Task Team** 

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Heriberto Fabian, Scientific Expert, Dominican Republic	001-829-932- 2318	fabianespinal@gmail.com
Frank Audemard (Funvisis), CARIBE EWS Vice Chair WG2	582-122575153	faudemard@funvisis.gob.ve

#### 4.7 MEDIA ARRANGEMENTS

One advantage in conducting exercises is that it provides a venue to promote tsunami awareness. Many residents along the CARIBE EWS coast may not realize that a regional tsunami warning system exists, nor that that national authorities have protocols in place to issue tsunami alerts, let alone the proper response for individuals. Therefore communities may wish to invite their local media to the exercise and to promote the awareness of the local tsunami hazard and protocols. Within all countries the media can also provide support in building awareness leading up to the exercise and avoid false alarms. The media should be provided with available informational brochures prepared by the local, regional and

international agencies. It is also a good opportunity to distribute or prepare Media Guides like that of the Puerto Rico Seismic Network (PRSN) (http://www.prsn.uprm.edu/mediakit/) and the Seismic Research (http://www.uwiseismic.com) as additional guidance. Annex G contains a sample press release which can be adapted as necessary.

Social media has been recognized as very important means for disseminating tsunami information and products. CARIBE EWS countries and territories are encourage to share information on the exercise Caribe Wave 16 through this medium. Furthermore, it is recommended that the **hashtag #CaribeWave**, be used by the participants before and during the exercise.

#### 5. POST-EXERCISE EVALUATION

Each CARIBE EWS member state and territory is requested to provide feedback on the exercise. This feedback will assist the ICG/CARIBE-EWS in the evaluation of Caribe Wave 16 and the development of subsequent exercises, and help response agencies document lessons learned. To facilitate feedback the online evaluation survey can be accessed at the following link: <a href="https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CaribeWave16">https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CaribeWave16</a>. The deadline for completing the evaluation is <a href="March 23">March 23</a>, <a href="https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CaribeWave16">20</a>.

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IOC Technical Series, 125(1) page 14

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## **Annex A. Standard Operating Procedures**

END-TO-END TSUNAMI WARNING for Tsunami Warning Focal Points and Tsunami Emergency Response Operations— AN OVERVIEW September 2008 (updated 2012)

UNESCO IOC Tsunami Unit (Paris) with ITIC (Hawaii)

This overview summarizes end-to-end tsunami warning. In event time, it covers activities for event monitoring, detection, threat evaluation and warning, alert dissemination, emergency response, and public action. An effective tsunami warning system is achieved when all people in vulnerable coastal communities are prepared to respond appropriately and in a timely manner upon recognizing that a potential destructive tsunami may be approaching. Meeting this challenge requires round the-clock monitoring with real-time data streams and rapid alerting, as well as prepared communities, a strong emergency management system, and close and effective cooperation and coordination between all stakeholders. To warn without preparing, and further, to warn without providing a public safety message that is understandable to every person about what to do and where to go, is clearly useless. While alerts are the technical trigger for warning, any system will ultimately be judged by its ability to save lives, and by whether people move out of harm's way before a big tsunami hits. Towards these ends, education and awareness are clearly essential activities for successful early warning.

End-to-end tsunami warning involves a number of stakeholders who must be able to work in coordination and with good understanding of each other's roles, responsibilities, authorities, and action during a tsunami event. Planning and preparedness, and practicing in advance of the real event, helps to familiarize agencies and their staff with the steps and decision-making that need to be carried out without hesitation in a real emergency. Tsunami resilience is built upon a community's preparedness in tsunami knowledge, planning, warning, and awareness. All responding stakeholders should have a basic understanding of earthquake and tsunami science, and be familiar with warning concepts, detection, threat evaluation, and alerting methods, and emergency response and evacuation operations. The key components, requirements, and operations to enable an effective and timely warning and evacuation are covered in the following topics of end to-end tsunami warning:

- Tsunami Science and Hazard Assessment
- Tsunami Disaster Reduction Strategy, and community-based disaster risk management
- Stakeholders, Roles & Responsibilities, and Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and their Linkages
- End-to-end Tsunami Response and SOPs
- Tsunami Warning Focal Point (TWFP) and Tsunami Warning Centre (TWC) operations
- Tsunami Emergency Response (TER) operations
- Public Alerting
- The Role of Media
- Evacuation and Signage
- Use of Exercises to Build Preparedness
- Awareness and Education

To ensure the long-term sustainability of a tsunami warning system, it should be noted that:

- Tsunamis should be part of an all-hazards (natural and man-made) strategy.
- System redundancy is required to ensure reliability.

- Clearly understood TWFP/TWC and TER public safety messages are essential.
   Media partnerships for warning, as well as preparedness, are important.
- Awareness must be continuous forever. Tsunamis are low frequency, high impact natural disasters that are also unpredictable.
- National, provincial, and local Tsunami Coordination Committees ensure stakeholder coordination and implementation of the end-to-end tsunami warning.

For specific details and algorithms and for actual descriptions of tsunami warning and emergency response operations, including data networks and data collection, methods of evaluation and criteria for action, products issued and methods of communication of alerts, and evacuation, original source references or plans should be consulted. These are the high-level system descriptions or concepts of operation, agency operations manuals, and user's guides of each regional and national system.

Basic references providing a comprehensive summary on tsunami warning center and emergency response operations considerations are:

- ITIC IOC Manual on Tsunami Warning Centre Standard Operating Procedures (Guidance and Samples), version 2010 (distributed as part of 2013 SOP capacity building).
- ITIC IOC Manual on Tsunami Emergency Response Standard Operating Procedures (Guidance and Samples), version 2010 (distributed as part of 2013 SOP capacity building)

For a description of the Caribbean tsunami warning system, as provided by the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center and the US National Tsunami Warning Center, consult the IOC Technical Series Communication Plan for the Interim Tsunami Advisory Information Service to the Caribbean Sea and Adjacent Regions (version July 2006). General information of the IOC global tsunami warning systems and on tsunami mitigation and preparedness can be accessed at: IOC: <a href="http://www.ioc-tsunami.org">http://www.ioc-tsunami.org</a> IOC/ITIC <a href="http://www.tsunamiwave.org">http://www.tsunamiwave.org</a> and NWS/CTWP <a href="http://caribewave.info">http://caribewave.info</a>.

#### **TRAINING**

In order to assist countries in strengthening their warning systems, the IOC has compiled and developed a Training Manual containing reference, best practice, decision support tools, and guidance materials summarizing key components, requirements, and operations to enable an effective and timely warning and evacuation against tsunamis. The materials were developed under the lead of

the ITIC and in close partnership with experienced practitioners in tsunami warning and emergency response, and have been used in numerous training courses since the 2004 Indian Ocean tsunami.

The Manual includes session plans, lectures (in PowerPoint), exercises, and multi-media materials. Together, they represent part of the IOC's collaborative contribution to national capacity building and training on end-to-end tsunami warning and tsunami standard operating procedures to countries of the Indian Ocean, Pacific, Southeast Asia, and the Caribbean. For more information, please contact Laura Kong, Director, ITIC (laura.kong@noaa.gov), Bernardo Aliaga, IOC b.aliaga@unesco.org), Christa von Hillebrandt, US NWS Caribbean Tsunami Warning Program (christa.vonh@noaa.gov), or Alison Brome (a.brome@unesco.org). The tables presented below can be used as a guide for preparing the timeline for the exercise.

Tsunami Evacuation Responsibilities Checklist f Agencies	or Government Di	saster Response
This is a simple checklist to use when doing an	Earthquake Origin	Time: <u>0000</u>
evacuation. List the agency(ies) / department(s) responsible for actions and recommended number of minutes (e.g. +10 minutes) after earthquake origin time.	Agency(ies) / Department(s):	Time (mins):
Strong and/or long duration earthquake is felt (vary depending distance from source)		<u>+</u>
Tsunami message received from tsunami service provider (NTWCs)		<u>+</u>
Call in staff		<u>+</u>
Activate emergency centers / Notify public safety agencies		<u>+</u>
Coordinate sounding of public sirens and alarm notifications		<u>+</u>
Initiate media notifications and evacuation announcements		<u>+</u>
Initiate evacuation of people away from coast (Tsunami Evacuation Maps)		<u>+</u>
Put boats/ships out to sea if wave impact time permits		<u>+</u>
Setup road-blocks and evacuation routes		<u>+</u>
Guide people through traffic points to shelter		<u>+</u>
Initiate recall of disaster response workers		<u>+</u>
Open and operate refuge centers		<u>+</u>
Prepare to start electrical generators		<u>+</u>
If your facility is located in a tsunami evacuation		
zone: -Prepare to shutoff utilities (e.g. electrical, gas, water)		<u>+</u>
-Protect key equipment (e.g. computers) -Remove key documents (e.g. financial, personal information)		

Determine if tsunami has caused coastal damage / injuries and the need to initiate search and rescue operations		<u>+</u>
Determine when to declare the "all clear"		
		<u>+</u>
Prepare for post tsunami impact operations		
	-	<u>+</u>
Do roll call for workers and volunteers		
		<u>+</u>

Table A1. Table to be used as a guide the timing, actions, authority, communication means and target audiences for a tsunami event.

EVENT	TIME (WHEN)	ACTIVITY (WHAT INFO)	AUTHORITY (WHO)	MEDIUM (HOW)	TO (TARGET)
EQ Occurs					
Tsunami might come					
Evacuate					
Tsunami comes					
Safe to return					

## **Annex B. Example Table Top Exercise**

#### **Tabletop Exercise Development Steps**

Original Source: California Office of Emergency Services

A Tabletop Exercise is a planned activity in which local officials, key staff, and organizations with disaster management responsibilities are presented with simulated emergency situations. It is usually informal and slow paced, in a conference room environment, and is designed to elicit constructive discussion from the participants to assess plans, policies, and procedures. Participants will examine and attempt to resolve problems, based on plans and procedures, if they exist. Individuals are encouraged to discuss decisions in depth based on their organization's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), with emphasis on slow-paced problem solving, rather than rapid, real time decision-making. An Exercise Controller (moderator) introduces a simulated tsunami scenario to participants via written message, simulated telephone or radio call, or by other means. Exercise problems and activities (injects) are further introduced. Participants conduct group discussions where resolution is generally agreed upon and then summarized by a group leader. A Tabletop Exercise should have specific goals, objectives, and a scenario narrative.

The following provides a Tabletop Exercise structure with sample text and example.

#### 1. Vulnerability Analysis: Problem Statement

An example for a hurricane might be:

Due to the recent Hurricane incidents in the Southeast region of the United States, an awareness of the threat risk involved in these disasters has become more apparent, therefore the need for evacuation system is vital. The state of Louisiana continues its ongoing tasks of planning, preparing, and training for Hurricane preparedness.

#### 2. Purpose (Mission): Intent, what you plan to accomplish (Policy Statement)

An example for a hurricane might be:

The State of Louisiana has realized and recognizes the need for a more efficient and effective evacuation system, and is responding with this Comprehensive Exercise Plan. These events will include seminars, workshops, a tabletop exercise, functional and full-scale exercises within an 18-month time frame, under the State Homeland Security grant program.

3. Scope: Exercise Activities

Agencies Involved Hazard Type

**Geographic Impact Area** 

An example might be:

Emergency Services coordinators at local levels of government will identify representative jurisdictions from each of the six mutual aid regions located throughout the State to participate as host jurisdictions in a series of disaster preparedness exercises. These host jurisdictions will develop a progressive series of exercises each type building upon the previous type of exercise. The process will begin with a vulnerability analysis for each jurisdiction and continue through a progression of exercise activities including: orientation seminars, workshops, and tabletop and functional exercises. The eventual objective of these activities will be to reduce disaster impacts to their populations and city infrastructure. All events will be evaluated utilizing US

Homeland Security Exercise Evaluation Program (HSEEP) after action reporting (AAR) standards. Steps for corrective actions will be made a part of the after action process and report. Surrounding jurisdictions in the mutual aid area will act as exercise design team members, exercise evaluators, or exercise observers for the purpose of information transfer to increase their operational readiness. Jurisdictions will participate on a rotational basis every two years to provide the opportunity for multiple jurisdiction participation.

#### 4. Goals and Objectives:

Criteria for good objectives: Think SMART

- Simple (concise)
- Measurable
- Achievable (can this be done during the exercise?)
- Realistic (and challenging)
- Task Oriented (oriented to functions)

#### An example might be:

Comprehensive Exercise Program (CEP) Objectives

- To improve operational readiness
- To improve multi-agency coordination and response capabilities for effective disaster response
- To identify communication pathways and problem areas pre-event between local jurisdictions and operational area, regional and state emergency operations centers
- To establish uniform methods for resource ordering, tracking, and supply for agencies involved at all levels of government.

#### 5. Narrative:

The Narrative should describe the following:

- Triggering emergency/disaster event
- Describe the environment at the time the exercise begins
- Provide necessary background information
- Prepare participants for the exercise
- Discovery, report: how do you find out?
- Advance notice?
- Time, location, extent or level of damage

#### 6. Evaluation:

The Evaluation should describe the following:

- Objectives Based
- Train Evaluation Teams
- Develop Evaluation Forms
- **7. After Action Report (AAR)**: The AAR should be compiled using the evaluation reports
- **8. Improvement Plan (IP):** The IP should reduce vulnerabilities.

## **Annex C. Tsunami Source Scenario Description**

#### Venezuela Earthquake Scenario

The scenario consists of a rupture of two fault segments in the southwestern Caribbean with hypocenter at:

• Origin Time 14:00:00 UTC March 17, 2016

Latitude 10.8°N
 Longitude 66.0°W
 Depth 15km

Magnitude
 8.4 – Mw (total for two segments)

• Slip 8m

#### Segment 1

Latitude: 10°39'21"Longitude: 65°16'14"

Depth: 15km
Strike: 97°
Dip: 50°
Rake: 90°
Length: 20km
Width: 60km

Shear modulus: 3E11 dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>
 Seismic Moment: 8.448E+25

#### Segment 2

Latitude: 10°45'34"Longitude: 66°42'14"

Depth: 15km
Strike: 90°
Dip: 50°
Rake: 90°
Length: 20km
Width: 60km

Shear modulus: 3E11 dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>
 Seismic Moment: 8.448E+25

Tsunami models were computed using the Rapid Inundation Forecasting of Tsunamis (RIFT) model to generate expected impacts throughout the region.

Northern Hispaniola Earthquake Scenario

The scenario consists of a rupture of three fault segments in the southwestern Caribbean Sea with hypocenter at:

Origin Time 15:00:00 UTC March 17, 2016

Latitude 20.2°N
Longitude 71.7°W
Depth 20km

Magnitude
 8.7 – Mw (total for three segments)

• Slip 10m

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#### Segment 1

Latitude: 20°35'19"Longitude: 74°0'12"

Depth: 15km
Strike: 90°
Dip: 21°
Rake: 90°
Length: 15km
Width: 59km

Shear modulus: 3E11 dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>
 Seismic Moment: 2.046E+27

#### Segment 2

Latitude: 20°18'10"Longitude: 72°35'27"

Depth: 15 km
Strike: 90°
Dip: 21°
Rake: 90°
Length: 15km
Width: 59km

Shear modulus: 3E11 dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>
 Seismic Moment: 2.046E+27

#### Segment 3

Latitude: 19°53'13"Longitude: 70°12'01"

Depth: 15 km
Strike: 90°
Dip: 21°
Rake: 90°
Length: 15km
Width: 59km

Shear modulus: 3E11 dyne/cm²
 Seismic Moment: 2.046E+27

Tsunami models were computed using the Rapid Inundation Forecasting of Tsunamis (RIFT) model to generate expected impacts throughout the region.

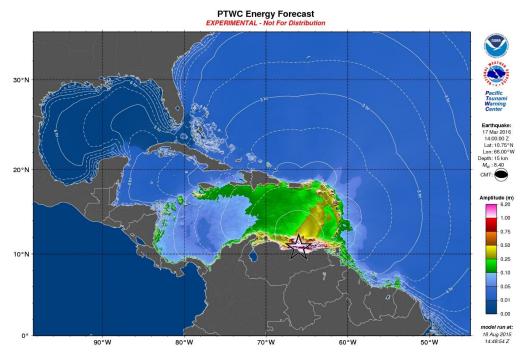


Figure C1. RIFT maximum amplitude map for the western Atlantic basin based on the SW Caribbean scenario for Venezuela. During a real event this product will only be made available to officially designated Tsunami Warning Focal Points, National TsunamiWarning Centers, and National Tsunami Contacts.

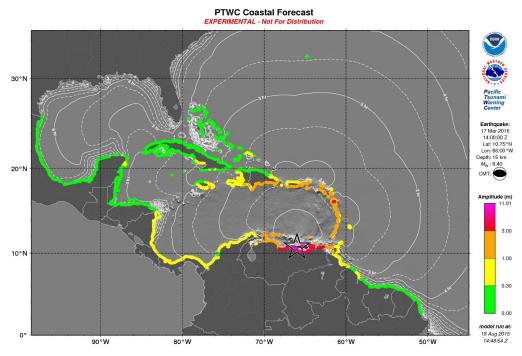


Figure C2. RIFT coastal tsunami amplitude map for the Caribbean Sea based on the SW Caribbean scenario for Venezuela. During a real event this product will only be made available to officially designated Tsunami Warning Focal Points, National Tsunami Warning Centers, and National Tsunami Contacts.

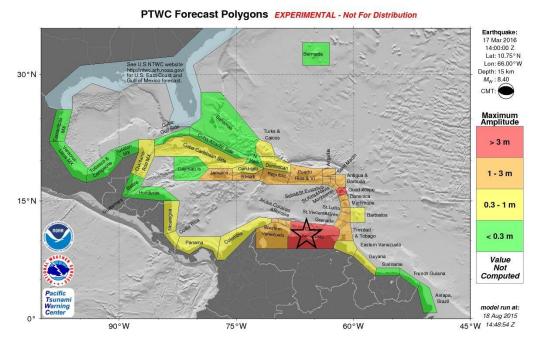


Figure C3. RIFT forecast polygons for the Caribbean region on the Venezuela scenario. During a real event this product will only be made available to officially designated Tsunami Warning Focal Points, National Tsunami Warning Centers, and National Tsunami Contacts.

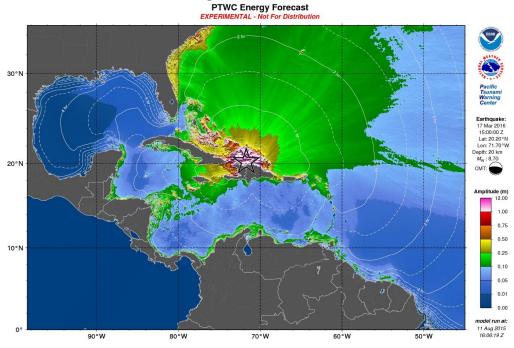


Figure C4. RIFT maximum amplitude map for the western Atlantic basin based on the SW Caribbean scenario for Northern Hispaniola. During a real event this product will only be made available to officially designated Tsunami Warning Focal Points National Tsunami Warning Centers, and National Tsunami Contacts.

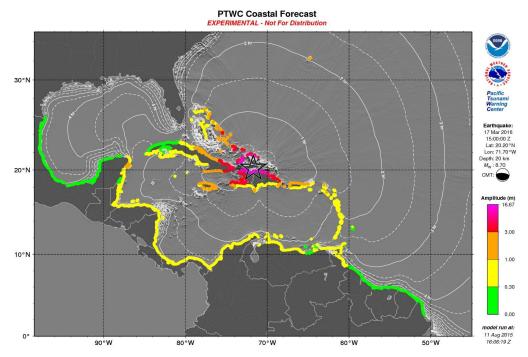


Figure C5. RIFT coastal tsunami amplitude map for the Caribbean Sea based on the SW Caribbean scenario for Northern Hispaniola. During a real event this product will only be made available to officially designated Tsunami Warning Focal Points National Tsunami Warning Centers, and National Tsunami Contacts.

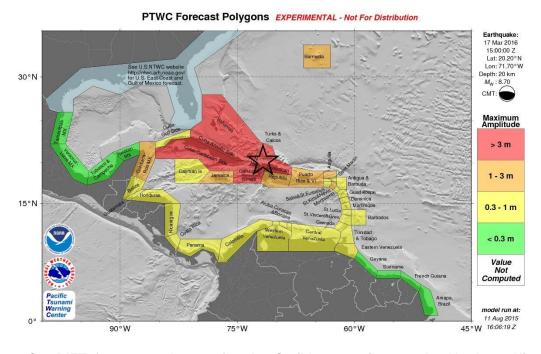


Figure C6. RIFT forecast polygons for the Caribbean region on the Northern Hispaniola scenario. During a real event this product will only be made available to officially designated Tsunami Warning Focal Points National Tsunami Warning Centers, and National Tsunami Contacts.

Forecast maximum wave heights above sea level are provided in the Tables C1 and Table C2. Note that the highest tsunami runup elevation on the shore could be double that of the model outputs since model outputs are determined at the coast.

Table C1. Maximum Amplitude and travel time forecasts based on RIFT model for the Venezuela scenario (TTTs and MTAs based on data provided by PTWC Message #8).

Venezuela scenario (TTTs an Location	Tsunami Travel Time to	Maximum Tsunami
Location	Listed Location (hours)	Amplitude (m)
ILE ROYAL GUIANA FR	5.4	0.2
DART 42429	5.1	0
DART 42409	4.9	0
PUERTO MORELOS MX	4.9	0.14
ISLA MUJERES	4.7	0.14
DART 41424	3.8	0.02
LIMON CR	3.6	0.69
GEORGE TOWN CY		0.12
EL PORVENIR PM	3.5	0.46
SAN ANDRES CO	3.3	0.45
SANTA MARTA CO	3.0	0.94
CAP HAITIEN HT	2.7	0.24
PARHAM AT	2.5	0.82
DART 41420	2.4	0.03
DART 41421	2.4	0.03
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	2.4	2.05
PUERTO PLATA DO	2.3	0.25
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	2.2	0.96
SAN JUAN PR	2.2	0.41
JACMEL HT	2.3	1.47
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	2.1	0.75
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	2.0	1.16
BRIDGEPORT BB	1.9	0.78
PORT ST CHARLES BB	1.9	0.88
POINT A PITRE GP	1.9	4.3
PUNTA CANA DO	1.8	1.91
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	1.7	3.03
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	1.7	1.69
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	1.8	1.68
MAYAGUEZ PR	1.7	1.42
ROSEAU DM	1.7	2.74
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	1.6	2.55
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	1.7	2.97
MONA ISLAND PR	1.6	1.38
CALLIAQUA VC	1.7	1.87
LIMETREE VI	1.6	2.42
ST CROIX VI	1.6	2.27
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	1.6	1.38
PENUELAS PR	1.6	1.91
PRICKLEY BAY GD	1.4	1.76
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	1.2	2.18
DART 42407	1.1	0.22
DAN 72707	1.1	0.22

Table C2. Maximum Amplitude and travel time forecasts based on RIFT model for Northern Hispaniola scenario (TTTs and MTAs based on data provided by PTWC Message #8).

Location	Tsunami Travel Time to Listed Location (hours)	Maximum Tsunami Amplitude (m)
PILOTS STATION LA	4.4	0.08
KEY WEST FL	3.9	0.2
TRIDENT PIER FL	3.9	1.26
DART 42429	3.3	0.01
LIMON CR	3.3	0.71
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	3.2	0.28
DART 42409	3.2	0.01
PUERTO MORELOS MX	3.1	0.38
ISLA MUJERES	3.0	0.68
EL PORVENIR PM	2.9	0.87
PRICKLEY BAY GD	2.8	0.47
SAN ANDRES CO	2.9	0.57
CALLIAQUA VC	2.6	0.5
BRIDGEPORT BB	2.5	0.31
PORT ST CHARLES BB	2.4	0.31
SANTA MARTA CO	2.4	0.89
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	2.3	0.62
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	2.2	0.31
ROSEAU DM	2.2	0.46
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	2.2	0.54
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	2.2	0.89
POINT A PITRE GP	2.0	0.6
DART 41424	2.1	0.19
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	2.0	0.83
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	2.0	0.62
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	1.9	1.14
PARHAM AT	1.8	0.42
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	1.9	0.38
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	1.7	0.73
GEORGE TOWN CY	1.7	0.47
LIMETREE VI	1.6	0.77
ST CROIX VI	1.5	0.8
DART 42407	1.5	0.07
JACMEL HT	1.5	0.78
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	1.4	0.91
PENUELAS PR	1.4	0.94
DART 41421	1.3	0.19
MONA ISLAND PR	1.2	2.74
PUNTA CANA DO	1.1	3.47
SAN JUAN PR	1.0	2.03
MAYAGUEZ PR	1.1	3.55

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Location	Tsunami Travel Time to Listed Location (hours)	Maximum Tsunami Amplitude (m)
DART 41420	0.9	0.24
PUERTO PLATA DO	0.4	15.27
CAP HAITIEN HT	0.2	17.74

## Annex D. Earthquake Impact Scenario

When planning for a tsunami it is important to also take into consideration the potential earthquake impact in areas close to the source, as these impacts can affect tsunami response and increase the tsunami impact by hindering evacuation and contributing debris to be carried by the waves. For earthquake impact, the United States Geological Survey has developed ShakeMap and the Prompt Assessment of Global Earthquakes for Response (PAGER). The main purpose of ShakeMap is to display the levels of ground shaking produced by the earthquake. The ground shaking events levels in the region are studied depending on the magnitude of the earthquake, distance from the earthquake source, rock and soil behavior in the region and propagation of the seismic waves through the Earth's crust. Based on the output of ShakeMap, PAGER estimates the population exposed to earthquake shaking, fatalities and economic losses.

#### **Earthquake Event**

The input information for ShakeMap and PAGER are the four corners of the boxes from the fault plane and the depths at each of these four corners. For the case of Caribe Wave 16, the fault plane is divided in two segments for the Venezuela scenario and three segments for Northern Hispaniola Scenario. The Venezuela fault plane is 320km long, 60km wide and 20km depth. The Northern Hispaniola fault plane is 620km long, 59km wide and 20km deep.

For the Venezuela scenario the ShakeMap show intensities up to VIII on the Mercalli Modified Scale (Figure D1). The strongest ground shaking is predicted for the coast of Venezuela and the intensity decreases further in land. According to the ShakeMap for the Northern Hispaniola scenario (Figure D3), intensities of up to VII on the Mercalli Modified Scale could be observed. The strongest ground shaking is predicted for the North of Hispaniola, Turks and Caicos Islands and the east of Cuba, while the South of Hispaniola Puerto Rico, the ground shaking is moderate.

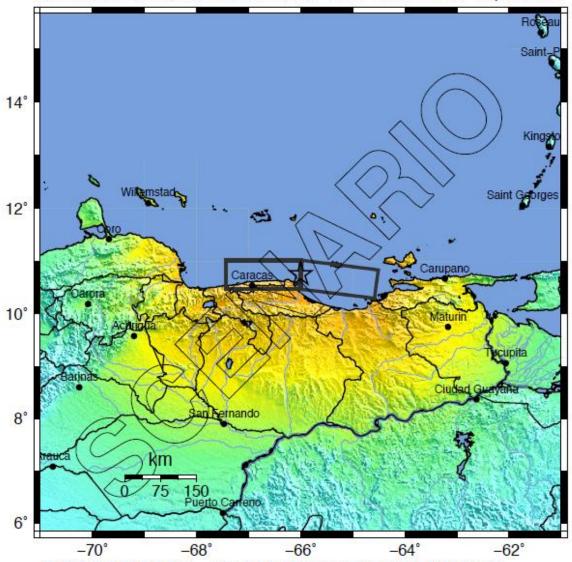
According to PAGER, (Figure D2 and D4) the earthquakes in both scenarios used for Caribe Wave 16, would produce red alert. A red alert means that high casualties and extensive damage are probable and the disaster from the earthquake is likely widespread. For the Venezuela scenario the red alert would be for the North Coast of Venezuela while for the Northern Hispaniola scenario, a red alert would be for Northern Dominican Republic, Northern Haiti, Turks and Caicos Islands and the East of Cuba.

In terms of population exposed to earthquake shaking, it is estimated that almost 7.7 million people for Venezuela scenario and 5.5 million people for Northern Hispaniola scenario would be exposed to Modified Mercalli intensities from VI up to VIII. Figures D1, D2, D3, and D4 shows ShakeMap and PAGER outputs for the Caribe Wave 16 earthquake scenarios.

### Venezuela Earthquake Scenario

### Earthquake Planning Scenario — ShakeMap for Venezuela Scenario

Scenario Date: Mar 17, 2016 02:00:00 PM UTC M 8.4 N10.75 W66.00 Depth: 20.0km



PLANNING SCENARIO ONLY -- Map Version 1 Processed 2015-08-25 08:19:16 PM UTC

INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	<b>I</b>	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	1X	X+
PEAK VEL.(cm/s)	<0.02	0.1	1.4	4.7	9.6	20	41	86	>178
PEAK ACC.(%g)	<0.05	0.3	2.8	6.2	12	22	40	75	>139
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme

Figure D1. Shake map output for the CARIBE WAVE 16 Venezuela earthquake scenario.







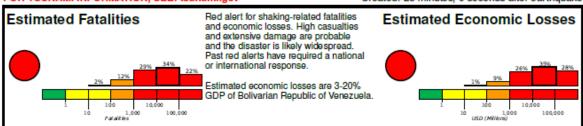
Version 1

M 8.4, Venezuela Origin Time: Thu 2016-03-17 14:00:00 UTC (09:30:00 local)

Location: 10.75 °N 66.00 °W Depth: 20 km

FOR TSUNAMI INFORMATION, SEE: tsunami.gov

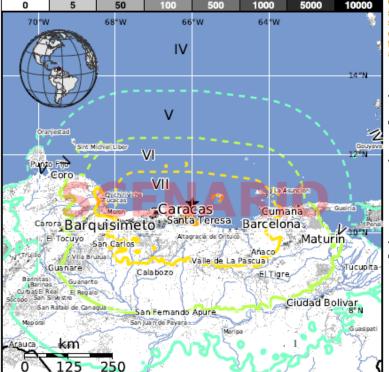
Created: 25 minutes, 0 seconds after earthquake



Estimate	stimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking												
ESTIMATED F EXPOSURE	OPULATION (k = x1000)	*		2,141k*	6,296k	4,893k	11,690k	478k	0	0			
ESTIMATED MERCALLI		_	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+			
PERCEIVE	SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme			
POTENTIAL	Resistant Structures	none	none	none	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy			
DAMAGE	Vulnerable Structures	none	none	none	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy			

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area

#### Population Exposure population per 1 sq. km from Landscan Structures:



Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are vulnerable to earthquake shaking, though some resistant structures exist. The predominant vulnerable building types are unreinforced brick masonry and adobe construction.

#### Historical Earthquakes (with MMI levels):

	Date	DISt.	mag.	max	Snaking
	(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
1	1983-04-11	359	6.1	VIII(2k)	0
	1974-06-12	281	6.5	IX(12k)	5
	1997-07-09	271	6.9	VIII(2k)	81

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides that might have contributed to losses.

#### Selected City Exposure

bold cities appear on map

MMI	City	Population
VIII	Puerto La Cruz	370k
VIII	Guanta	<1k
VIII	Lecherias	<1k
VIII	Rio Chico	<1k
VIII	San Jose de B.	<1k
VIII	Boca de Uchire	<1k
VII	Barcelona	425k
VII	Caracas	3,000k
VII	Maracay	1,754k
VII	Valencia	1,385k
VI	Barquisimeto	809k

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.

http://earthquake.usgs.gov/pager

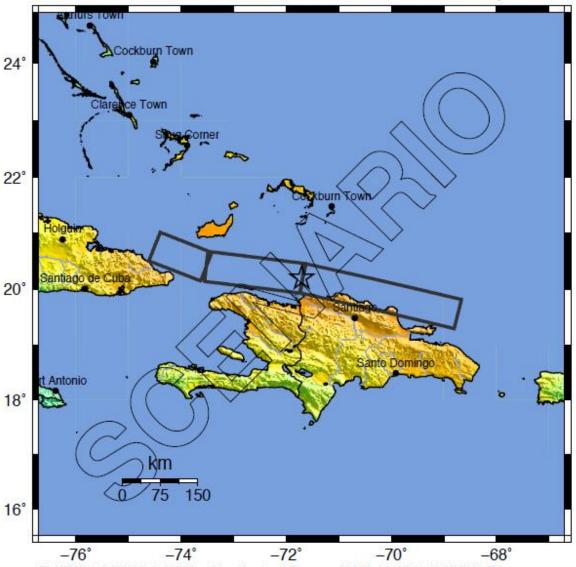
Event ID: usvenezuela\_se

Figure D2. PAGER output for CARIBE WAVE 16 Venezuela earthquake scenario (USGS).

### Northern Hispaniola Earthquake Scenario

### Earthquake Planning Scenario — ShakeMap for Hispaniola Scenario

Scenario Date: Mar 17, 2016 03:00:00 PM UTC M 8.7 N20.20 W71.70 Depth: 15.0km



PLANNING SCENARIO ONLY -- Map Version 1 Processed 2015-08-25 08:18:37 PM UTC

INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	- 1	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PEAK VEL.(cm/s)	<0.02	0.1	1.4	4.7	9.6	20	41	86	>178
PEAK ACC.(%g)	<0.05	0.3	2.8	6.2	12	22	40	75	>139
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme

Figure D3. Shake map output for the CARIBE WAVE 16 Northern Hispaniola scenario (USGS).





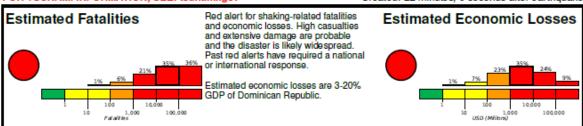


PAGER Version 1

M 8.7, Northern Hispaniola Origin Time: Thu 2016-03-17 15:00:00 UTC (10:00:00 local) Location: 20.20 °N 71.70 °W Depth: 15 km

OR TSUNAMI INFORMATION, SEE: tsunami.gov

Created: 22 minutes, 0 seconds after earthquake



Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking										
ESTIMATED I EXPOSURE	POPULATION (k = x1000)		*	5k*	710k*	9,934k*	13,629k	641k	0	0
ESTIMATED MERCALLI	MODIFIED INTENSITY		II-III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVE	D SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL	Resistant Structures	none	none	none	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
DAMAGE	Vulnerable Structures	none	none	none	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area

#### Population Exposure population per 1 sq. km from Landscan Structures:



PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are vulnerable to earthquake shaking, though some resistant structures exist. The predominant vulnerable building types are concrete/cinder block masonry and mud wall construction.

#### Historical Earthquakes (with MMI levels):

Date	Dist.	Mag.		Shaking
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
1994-07-12	90	5.6	VIII(6k)	0
1984-06-24	353	5.2	V(440k)	5
1984-06-24	347	6.7	VII(326k	) 5

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides that might have contributed to losses.

## Selected City Exposure

MMI	City	Population
VIII	Castanuelas	4k
VIII	Caracol	2k
VIII	Arroyo Salado	2k
VIII	Ferrier	4k
VIII	Agua Santa del Yuna	2k
VIII	Jaibon	5k
VII	Santiago de los C.	1,200k
VII	Santo Domingo	2,202k
VII	Santiago de Cuba	556k
VI	Holguin	319k
VI	Port-au-Prince	1,235k
bold citie	es appear on map	(k = x1000)

bold cities appear on map

Event ID: ushispaniola\_se

Figure D4. PAGER output for CARIBE WAVE 16 Northern Hispaniola earthquake scenario (USGS).

## Annex E. TWC Dummy (Start of Exercise) Messages

## Venezuela Earthquake Scenario

### **PTWC**

WECA41 PHEB 171405 TSUCAX

TEST...TSUNAMI EXERCISE MESSAGE NUMBER 1...TEST NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER/NOAA/NWS ISSUED AT 1405Z 17 MAR 2016

...CARIBEWAVE 16 TSUNAMI EXERCISE MESSAGE. REFER TO PTWC MESSAGE 1 IN THE EXERCISE HANDBOOK. THIS IS AN EXERCISE ONLY...

THIS MESSAGE IS BEING USED TO START THE CARIBEWAVE 16 CARIBBEAN TSUNAMI EXERCISE VENEZUELA SCENARIO. THIS WILL BE THE ONLY EXERCISE MESSAGE BROADCAST FROM THE PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EXCLUDING SPECIAL EMAIL MESSAGES DISCUSSED IN THE HANDBOOK. THE HANDBOOK IS AVAILABLE AT THE WEB SITE CARIBEWAVE.INFO. THE EXERCISE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT A REALISTIC SCENARIO TO TEST TSUNAMI RESPONSE PLANS.

THIS IS ONLY AN EXERCISE.

\$ \$

## Northern Hispaniola Earthquake Scenario

#### **PTWC**

WECA41 PHEB 171505 TSUCAX

TEST...TSUNAMI EXERCISE MESSAGE NUMBER 1...TEST NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER/NOAA/NWS ISSUED AT 1505Z 17 MAR 2016

...CARIBEWAVE 16 TSUNAMI EXERCISE MESSAGE. REFER TO PTWC MESSAGE 1 IN THE EXERCISE HANDBOOK. THIS IS AN EXERCISE ONLY...

THIS MESSAGE IS BEING USED TO START THE CARIBEWAVE 16 CARIBBEAN TSUNAMI EXERCISE NORTHERN HISPANIOLA SCENARIO. THIS WILL BE THE ONLY EXERCISE MESSAGE BROADCAST FROM THE PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EXCLUDING SPECIAL EMAIL MESSAGES DISCUSSED IN THE HANDBOOK. THE HANDBOOK IS AVAILABLE AT THE WEB SITE CARIBEWAVE.INFO. THE EXERCISE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT A REALISTIC SCENARIO TO TEST TSUNAMI RESPONSE PLANS.

THIS IS ONLY AN EXERCISE.

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## **Annex F. TWC Exercise Messages**

## Venezuela Earthquake Scenario

The following messages created for the CARIBE WAVE 16 tsunami exercise are representative of the official standard products issued by the PTWC during a large magnitude 8.4 earthquake and tsunami originating in Venezuela. During a real event, NTWC and TWFP would be sent via email the graphical products. The alerts would persist longer during a real event than is depicted in this exercise.

## PTWC Message #1

WECA41 PHEB 171405 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 1 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1405 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

\* MAGNITUDE 8.4

1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST \* ORIGIN TIME \* COORDINATES

15 KM / 9 MILES

^ DEPTH \* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

## EVALUATION

- \* AN EARTHOUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* BASED ON THE PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS... WIDESPREAD HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE POSSIBLE.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\* HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES FROM THIS EARTHQUAKE ARE POSSIBLE WITHIN THE NEXT THREE HOURS ALONG SOME COASTS OF

VENEZUELA... BONAIRE... CURACAO... ARUBA... SAINT VINCENT... GRENADA... PUERTO RICO... SAINT LUCIA... US VIRGIN ISLANDS... MARTINIQUE... DOMINICA... GUADELOUPE... DOMINICAN REP... SABA... MONTSERRAT... SAINT KITTS... SINT EUSTATIUS... BARBADOS... HAITI... TRINIDAD TOBAGO... SINT MAARTEN... COLOMBIA... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA... BR VIRGIN

ISLANDS... BARBUDA... SAINT BARTHELEMY... TURKS N CAICOS... CUBA... SAINT MARTIN... JAMAICA... BAHAMAS... PANAMA AND CAYMAN ISLANDS

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- $^\star$  PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

-----

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES LISTED WITH A POTENTIAL TSUNAMI THREAT. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

CUMANA         VENEZUELA         10.5N         64.2W         1438         03/17           MAIQUETIA         VENEZUELA         10.6N         67.0W         1448         03/17           ONIMA         BONAIRE         12.3N         68.3W         1455         03/17           WILLEMSTAD         CURACAO         12.1N         68.9W         1501         03/17           GRANJESTAD         ARUBA         12.5N         70.0W         1519         03/17           KINGSTOWN         SAINT VINCENT         13.1N         61.2W         1519         03/17           CASTRIES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.1W         1522         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1522         03/17           SANTO DOMINGO         DOMINICAN REP         18.5N         69.9W         1538         03/17           SABA         TAGE         68.3W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.5N         62.7W         1545         <	LOCATION	REGION	COORD	INATES	ETA (UTC)
ONIMA         BONAIRE         12.3N         68.3W         1455         03/17           WILLEMSTAD         CURACAO         12.1N         68.9W         1501         03/17           KINGSTOWN         SAINT VINCENT         13.1N         61.2W         1519         03/17           SAINT GEORGES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.1W         1524         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           SABA         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.6N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BAY         TINT BUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5	CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1438 03/17
WILLEMSTAD         CURACAO         12.1N         68.9W         1501         03/17           ORANJESTAD         ARUBA         12.5N         70.0W         1519         03/17           KINGSTOWN         SAINT VINCENT         13.1N         61.2W         1519         03/17           SAINT GEORGES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           CASTRIES         SAINT LUCIA         14.0N         61.0W         1524         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.1W         1529         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           BASSE TERRE         GUADELOUPE         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1544         03/17           EASSETERE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.2W         1544         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         1	MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W	1448 03/17
WILLEMSTAD         CURACAO         12.1N         68.9W         1501         03/17           ORANJESTAD         ARUBA         12.5N         70.0W         1519         03/17           KINGSTOWN         SAINT VINCENT         13.1N         61.2W         1519         03/17           SAINT GEORGES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           CASTRIES         SAINT LUCIA         14.0N         61.0W         1524         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.1W         1529         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           BASSE TERRE         GUADELOUPE         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1544         03/17           EASSETERE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.2W         1544         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         1		BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W	1455 03/17
KINGSTOWN         SAINT VINCENT         13.1N         61.2W         1519         03/17           SAINT GEORGES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           CASTRIES         SAINT LUCIA         14.0N         61.0W         1524         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.4W         1527         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           SABA         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1543         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           SINT BUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           SINT BUSTATIUS         17.5N <td>WILLEMSTAD</td> <td>CURACAO</td> <td></td> <td>68.9W</td> <td>1501 03/17</td>	WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO		68.9W	1501 03/17
KINGSTOWN         SAINT VINCENT         13.1N         61.2W         1519         03/17           SAINT GEORGES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           CASTRIES         SAINT LUCIA         14.0N         61.0W         1524         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.4W         1527         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           SABA         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1543         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           SINT BUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           SINT BUSTATIUS         17.5N <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
SAINT GEORGES         GRENADA         12.0N         61.8W         1519         03/17           CASTRIES         SAINT LUCIA         14.0N         61.0W         1524         03/17           FORT DE FRANCE         MARTINIQUE         14.6N         61.1W         1527         03/17           ROSEAU         DOMINICAN         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           SANTO DOMINGO         DOMINICAN REP         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SABA         3ABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1544         03/17           PLYMOUTH         MONTSERRAT         16.7N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1552         03/17           PIRATES BAY         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         13.3N         60.6W         1553         03/17           RIDGETOWN         BARBADA         11.3N <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
CASTRIES SAINT LUCIA 14.0N 61.0W 1524 03/17 FORT DE FRANCE MARTINIQUE 14.6N 61.1W 1527 03/17 ROSEAU DOMINICA 15.3N 61.4W 1529 03/17 BASSE TERRE GUADELOUPE 16.0N 61.7W 1532 03/17 SANTO DOMINGO DOMINICAN REP 18.5N 69.9W 1538 03/17 SABA SABA 17.6N 63.2W 1541 03/17 CABO ENGANO DOMINICAN REP 18.6N 68.3W 1543 03/17 PLYMOUTH MONTSERRAT 16.7N 62.2W 1544 03/17 SINT EUSTATIUS SINT EUSTATIUS 17.5N 63.0W 1546 03/17 SINT EUSTATIUS SINT EUSTATIUS 17.5N 63.0W 1546 03/17 BRIDGETOWN BARBADOS 13.1N 59.6W 1548 03/17 JACAMEL HAITI 18.1N 72.5W 1552 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 13.1N 59.6W 1548 03/17 JACAMEL HAITI 18.1N 72.5W 1552 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 13.1N 59.6W 1546 03/17 BRIDGETOWN BARBADOS 11.3N 60.6W 1553 03/17 JACAMEL HAITI 18.1N 72.5W 1552 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 11.3N 60.6W 1553 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 11.3N 60.6W 1553 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 11.3N 60.6W 1553 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 11.1N 72.9W 1605 03/17 BARRANQUILLA COLOMBIA 11.6N 72.9W 1605 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 11.1N 74.9W 1611 03/17 PLYMOUTH COLOMBIA 11.1N 74.9W 1611 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 11.1N 61.9W 1614 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.6N 61.9W 1614 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.1N 61.9W 1614 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.1N 61.9W 1618 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.1N 61.9W 1618 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.0N 75.6W 1629 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.0N 75.6W 1629 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADDA 17.0N 75.8W 1630 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 22.3N 73.0W 1639 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 22.3N 74.1W 1647 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 22.3N 74.2W 1652 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 23.3N 75.1W 1647 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 23.3N 75.1W 1649 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 23.3N 75.1W 1650 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADA 23.3N 75.1W 1650 03/17 PLYM					
FORT DE FRANCE MARTINIQUE 14.6N 61.1W 1527 03/17 ROSEAU DOMINICA 15.3N 61.4W 1529 03/17 BASSE TERRE GUADELOUPE 16.0N 61.7W 1532 03/17 SANTO DOMINGO DOMINICAN REP 18.5N 69.9W 1538 03/17 SABA SABA 17.6N 63.2W 1541 03/17 PLYMOUTH MONTSERRAT 16.7N 62.2W 1544 03/17 PLYMOUTH MONTSERRAT 16.7N 62.2W 1545 03/17 SINT EUSTATIUS SINT EUSTATIUS 17.3N 62.7W 1545 03/17 SINT EUSTATIUS SINT EUSTATIUS 17.5N 63.0W 1546 03/17 PLYMOUTH BARBADOS 13.1N 59.6W 1548 03/17 PLYMOUTH HAITI 18.1N 72.5W 1552 03/17 SIMPSON BAAI SINT MARATEN 18.0N 63.1W 1553 03/17 SIMPSON BAAI SINT MARATEN 18.0N 63.1W 1553 03/17 RICHACHA COLOMBIA 11.6N 72.9W 1605 03/17 PUERTO PLATA DOMINICAN REP 19.8N 70.7W 1613 03/17 PUERTO PLATA DOMINICAN REP 19.8N 70.7W 1613 03/17 SAINT JOHNS ANTIGUA 17.1N 61.9W 1618 03/17 SAINT BARTHELEM SAINT BARTHELEMY 17.9N 62.8W 1625 03/17 SAINT BARTHELEM SAINT BARTHELEMY 17.9N 62.8W 1625 03/17 SAINT BARTHELEM SAINT BARTHELEMY 17.9N 62.8W 1625 03/17 CAP HAITEN HAITI 19.8N 72.2W 1605 03/17 SAINT BARTHELEM SAINT BARTHELEMY 17.9N 62.8W 1625 03/17 CAP HAITEN HAITI 19.8N 72.2W 1629 03/17 CAP HAITEN HAITI 19.8N 72.2W 1629 03/17 SAINT BARTHELEM SAINT BARTHELEMY 17.9N 62.8W 1625 03/17 CAP HAITEN HAITI 19.8N 72.2W 1629 03/17 CAP HAITEN BARBANAS 22.3N 73.0W 1639 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 9.2N 74.5W 1647 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 9.2N 74.5W 1645 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 8.8N 77.6W 1645 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 8.8N 77.6W 1645 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 8.8N 77.6W 1652 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 8.8N 77.6W 1652 03/17 CAP GARA DAMAA 8.8N 77					
ROSEAU         DOMINICA         15.3N         61.4W         1529         03/17           BASSE TERRE         GUADELOUPE         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           PLYMOUTH         MONTSERRAT         16.7N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           JACAMEL         HATTI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MAARTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1605         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           PALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.1N         61.9W         1618					
BASSE TERRE         GUADELOUPE         16.0N         61.7W         1532         03/17           SANTO DOMINGO         DOMINICAN REP         18.5N         69.9W         1538         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           CABO ENGANO         DOMINICAN REP         18.6N         68.3W         1543         03/17           PLYMOUTH         MONTSERRAT         16.7N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT SOMO         1546         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.9W         1605		~			
SANTO DOMINGO         DOMINICAN REP         18.5N         69.9W         1538         03/17           SABA         SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           CABO ENGANO         DOMINICAN REP         18.6N         68.3W         1543         03/17           PLYMOUTH         MONTSERRAT         16.7N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MARATEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RICHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.6N         72.9W         1605         03/17           RICHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BAR					
SABA         17.6N         63.2W         1541         03/17           CABO ENGANO         DOMINICAN REP         18.6N         68.3W         1543         03/17           PLYMOUTH         MONTSERRAT         16.7N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MARRTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RIOHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.6N         72.9W         1605         03/17           RIOHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1613         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.6N					
CABO ENGANO   DOMINICAN REP   18.6N   68.3W   1543 03/17     PLYMOUTH   MONTSERRAT   16.7N   62.2W   1544 03/17     BASSETERRE   SAINT KITTS   17.3N   62.7W   1545 03/17     BRIDGETOWN   BARBADOS   13.1N   59.6W   1548 03/17     JACAMEL   HAITI   18.1N   72.5W   1552 03/17     PIRATES BAY   TRINIDAD TOBAGO   11.3N   60.6W   1553 03/17     SIMPSON BAAI   SINT MAARTEN   18.0N   63.1W   1554 03/17     BARRANQUILLA   COLOMBIA   11.6N   72.9W   1605 03/17     BARRANQUILLA   COLOMBIA   11.1N   74.9W   1611 03/17     PUERTO PLATA   DOMINICAN REP   19.8N   70.7W   1613 03/17     THE VALLEY   ANGUILLA   18.3N   63.1W   1614 03/17     SAINT JOHNS   ANTIGUA   17.1N   61.9W   1624 03/17     SAINT BARTHELEM   SAINT BARTHELEMY   17.9N   62.8W   1625 03/17     GRAND TURK   TURKS N CAICOS   21.5N   71.1W   1627 03/17     CARTAGENA   COLOMBIA   10.4N   75.6W   1628 03/17     CAP HAITEN   HAITI   19.8N   72.2W   1629 03/17     SAINT BARTHELEM   SAINT BARTHELEMY   17.9N   62.8W   1635 03/17     SAINT BARTHELEM   SAINT BARTHELEMY   17.9N   62.8W   1625 03/17     GRAND TURK   TURKS N CAICOS   21.5N   71.1W   1627 03/17     CAP HAITEN   HAITI   19.8N   72.2W   1629 03/17     SANTIAGO D CUBA   19.9N   75.8W   1631 03/17     BAIE BLANCHE   SAINT MARTIN   18.1N   63.0W   1632 03/17     KINGSTON   JAMAICA   17.9N   76.9W   1635 03/17     WEST CAICOS   TURKS N CAICOS   21.7N   72.5W   1638 03/17     GREAT INAGUA   BAHAMAS   20.9N   73.7W   1642 03/17     ALIGANDI   PANAMA   9.2N   78.0W   1645 03/17     ALIGANDI   PANAMA   9.2N   78.0W   1645 03/17     ALIGANDI   PANAMA   9.2N   74.5W   1647 03/17     PORT OF SPAIN   TRINIDAD TOBAGO   10.6N   61.5W   1649 03/17     SANTA MARTA   COLOMBIA   11.2N   74.2W   1652 03/17     PORT OF SPAIN   TRINIDAD TOBAGO   10.6N   61.5W   1649 03/17     SANTA MARTA   COLOMBIA   11.2N   74.2W   1652 03/17     PUERTO CARRETO   PANAMA   8.8N   77.6W   1652 03/17     PUERTO CARRETO   PANAMA   8.8N   77.6W   1650 03/17     SANSALVADOR   BAHAMAS   23.3N   75.1W   1656 03/17     CAYMAN BRAC   CAYMAN ISLANDS   19					
PLYMOUTH         MONTSERRAT         16.7N         62.2W         1544         03/17           BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         17.5N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           PIRATES BAY         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         11.3N         60.6W         1553         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MAARTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RICHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.6N         72.9W         1605         03/17           RARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1618         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1628         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.5N					
BASSETERRE         SAINT KITTS         17.3N         62.7W         1545         03/17           SINT EUSTATIUS         31.75N         63.0W         1546         03/17           BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           PIRATES BAY         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         11.3N         60.6W         1553         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MAARTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RIOHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.6N         72.9W         1605         03/17           BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           PUERTO PLATA         DOMINICAN REP         19.8N         70.7W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1618         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
SINT EUSTATIUS   SINT EUSTATIUS   17.5N   63.0W   1546   03/17   BRIDGETOWN   BARBADOS   13.1N   59.6W   1548   03/17   JACAMEL   HAITI   18.1N   72.5W   1552   03/17   JACAMEL   HAITI   18.1N   72.5W   1552   03/17   JACAMEL   TRINIDAD TOBAGO   11.3N   60.6W   1553   03/17   SIMPSON BAAI   SINT MAARTEN   18.0N   63.1W   1554   03/17   RIGHACHA   COLOMBIA   11.6N   72.9W   1605   03/17   BARRANQUILLA   COLOMBIA   11.1N   74.9W   1611   03/17   JUERTO PLATA   DOMINICAN REP   19.8N   70.7W   1613   03/17   JACAMEL   JACAME   JAC					
BRIDGETOWN         BARBADOS         13.1N         59.6W         1548         03/17           JACAMEL         HAITI         18.1N         72.5W         1552         03/17           PIRATES BAY         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         11.3N         60.6W         1553         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MAARTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RIOHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1601         03/17           BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           PUERTO PLATA         DOMINICAN REP         19.8N         70.7W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1618         03/17           FALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.6N         61.9W         1624         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HALI					
JACAMEL					
PIRATES BAY         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         11.3N         60.6W         1553         03/17           SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MAARTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RIOHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.6N         72.9W         1605         03/17           BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           PUERTO PLATA         DOMINICAN REP         19.8N         70.7W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1624         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CAPTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAPTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAPTAGENA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           KINGSTON					
SIMPSON BAAI         SINT MAARTEN         18.0N         63.1W         1554         03/17           RIOHACHA         COLOMBIA         11.6N         72.9W         1605         03/17           BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           PUERTO PLATA         DOMINICAN REP         19.8N         70.7W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1628         03/17           PALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.6N         61.9W         1624         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           KINGSTON         <					,
RIOHACHA COLOMBIA 11.6N 72.9W 1605 03/17 BARRANQUILLA COLOMBIA 11.1N 74.9W 1611 03/17 PUERTO PLATA DOMINICAN REP 19.8N 70.7W 1613 03/17 THE VALLEY ANGUILLA 18.3N 63.1W 1614 03/17 SAINT JOHNS ANTIGUA 17.1N 61.9W 1618 03/17 PALMETTO POINT BARBUDA 17.6N 61.9W 1624 03/17 SAINT BARTHELEM SAINT BARTHELEMY 17.9N 62.8W 1625 03/17 GRAND TURK TURKS N CAICOS 21.5N 71.1W 1627 03/17 CARTAGENA COLOMBIA 10.4N 75.6W 1628 03/17 CAP HAITEN HAITI 19.8N 72.2W 1629 03/17 SANTIAGO D CUBA CUBA 19.9N 75.8W 1631 03/17 BAIE BLANCHE SAINT MARTIN 18.1N 63.0W 1632 03/17 KINGSTON JAMAICA 17.9N 76.9W 1635 03/17 MEST CAICOS TURKS N CAICOS 21.7N 72.5W 1638 03/17 MAYAGUANA BAHAMAS 22.3N 73.0W 1639 03/17 GREAT INAGUA BAHAMAS 20.9N 73.7W 1642 03/17 ALIGANDI PANAMA 9.2N 78.0W 1645 03/17 BARACOA CUBA 20.4N 74.5W 1647 03/17 CROOKED ISLAND BAHAMAS 22.7N 74.1W 1647 03/17 PORT OF SPAIN TRINIDAD TOBAGO 10.6N 61.5W 1649 03/17 SANTA MARTA COLOMBIA 11.2N 74.2W 1652 03/17 PUERTO CARRETO PANAMA 8.8N 77.6W 1652 03/17 CAYMAN BRAC CAYMAN ISLANDS 19.7N 79.9W 1702 03/17	SIMPSON BAAI				
BARRANQUILLA         COLOMBIA         11.1N         74.9W         1611         03/17           PUERTO PLATA         DOMINICAN REP         19.8N         70.7W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1618         03/17           PALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.6N         61.9W         1624         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
PUERTO PLATA         DOMINICAN REP         19.8N         70.7W         1613         03/17           THE VALLEY         ANGUILLA         18.3N         63.1W         1614         03/17           SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1618         03/17           PALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.6N         61.9W         1624         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA					
SAINT JOHNS         ANTIGUA         17.1N         61.9W         1618         03/17           PALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.6N         61.9W         1624         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           BAIE BLANCHE         SAINT MARTIN         18.1N         63.0W         1632         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           WEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         P	PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N	70.7W	1613 03/17
PALMETTO POINT         BARBUDA         17.6N         61.9W         1624         03/17           SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625         03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           MEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1639         03/17           MEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           GREAT INAGUA </td <td>THE VALLEY</td> <td>ANGUILLA</td> <td>18.3N</td> <td>63.1W</td> <td>1614 03/17</td>	THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W	1614 03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM         SAINT BARTHELEMY         17.9N         62.8W         1625 03/17           GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627 03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628 03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629 03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631 03/17           BAIE BLANCHE         SAINT MARTIN         18.1N         63.0W         1632 03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635 03/17           MEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638 03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639 03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642 03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645 03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647 03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647 03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W	SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W	1618 03/17
GRAND TURK         TURKS N CAICOS         21.5N         71.1W         1627         03/17           CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           BAIE BLANCHE         SAINT MARTIN         18.1N         63.0W         1632         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           MEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           COOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS <td< td=""><td>PALMETTO POINT</td><td>BARBUDA</td><td>17.6N</td><td>61.9W</td><td>1624 03/17</td></td<>	PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W	1624 03/17
CARTAGENA         COLOMBIA         10.4N         75.6W         1628         03/17           CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           BAIE BLANCHE         SAINT MARTIN         18.1N         63.0W         1632         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           WEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24	SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY	17.9N	62.8W	1625 03/17
CAP HAITEN         HAITI         19.8N         72.2W         1629         03/17           SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           BAIE BLANCHE         SAINT MARTIN         18.1N         63.0W         1632         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           WEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         <	GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W	1627 03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA         CUBA         19.9N         75.8W         1631         03/17           BAIE BLANCHE         SAINT MARTIN         18.1N         63.0W         1632         03/17           KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           WEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           CROOKED BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA	CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W	1628 03/17
BAIE BLANCHE SAINT MARTIN 18.1N 63.0W 1632 03/17 KINGSTON JAMAICA 17.9N 76.9W 1635 03/17 WEST CAICOS TURKS N CAICOS 21.7N 72.5W 1638 03/17 MAYAGUANA BAHAMAS 22.3N 73.0W 1639 03/17 GREAT INAGUA BAHAMAS 20.9N 73.7W 1642 03/17 ALIGANDI PANAMA 9.2N 78.0W 1645 03/17 BARACOA CUBA 20.4N 74.5W 1647 03/17 MONTEGO BAY JAMAICA 18.5N 77.9W 1647 03/17 CROOKED ISLAND BAHAMAS 22.7N 74.1W 1647 03/17 PORT OF SPAIN TRINIDAD TOBAGO 10.6N 61.5W 1649 03/17 SANTA MARTA COLOMBIA 11.2N 74.2W 1652 03/17 PUERTO CARRETO PANAMA 8.8N 77.6W 1652 03/17 SAN SALVADOR BAHAMAS 24.1N 74.5W 1652 03/17 CAYMAN BRAC CAYMAN ISLANDS 19.7N 79.9W 1702 03/17	CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N	72.2W	1629 03/17
KINGSTON         JAMAICA         17.9N         76.9W         1635         03/17           WEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638         03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656         03/17           CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N	SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W	1631 03/17
WEST CAICOS         TURKS N CAICOS         21.7N         72.5W         1638 03/17           MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639 03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642 03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645 03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647 03/17           MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647 03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647 03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649 03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652 03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652 03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652 03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656 03/17           CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702 03/17	BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W	1632 03/17
MAYAGUANA         BAHAMAS         22.3N         73.0W         1639         03/17           GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           CROKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656         03/17           CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702         03/17	KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W	1635 03/17
GREAT INAGUA         BAHAMAS         20.9N         73.7W         1642         03/17           ALIGANDI         PANAMA         9.2N         78.0W         1645         03/17           BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702         03/17	WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W	1638 03/17
ALIGANDI PANAMA 9.2N 78.0W 1645 03/17 BARACOA CUBA 20.4N 74.5W 1647 03/17 MONTEGO BAY JAMAICA 18.5N 77.9W 1647 03/17 CROOKED ISLAND BAHAMAS 22.7N 74.1W 1647 03/17 PORT OF SPAIN TRINIDAD TOBAGO 10.6N 61.5W 1649 03/17 SANTA MARTA COLOMBIA 11.2N 74.2W 1652 03/17 PUERTO CARRETO PANAMA 8.8N 77.6W 1652 03/17 SAN SALVADOR BAHAMAS 24.1N 74.5W 1652 03/17 LONG ISLAND BAHAMAS 23.3N 75.1W 1656 03/17 CAYMAN BRAC CAYMAN ISLANDS 19.7N 79.9W 1702 03/17	MAYAGUANA	BAHAMAS	22.3N	73.0W	1639 03/17
BARACOA         CUBA         20.4N         74.5W         1647         03/17           MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656         03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702         03/17	GREAT INAGUA	BAHAMAS	20.9N	73.7W	1642 03/17
MONTEGO BAY         JAMAICA         18.5N         77.9W         1647         03/17           CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647         03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649         03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656         03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702         03/17	ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1645 03/17
CROOKED ISLAND         BAHAMAS         22.7N         74.1W         1647 03/17           PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649 03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652 03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652 03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652 03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656 03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702 03/17	BARACOA	CUBA	20.4N	74.5W	1647 03/17
PORT OF SPAIN         TRINIDAD TOBAGO         10.6N         61.5W         1649 03/17           SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652 03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652 03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652 03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656 03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702 03/17	MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1647 03/17
SANTA MARTA         COLOMBIA         11.2N         74.2W         1652         03/17           PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652         03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652         03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656         03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702         03/17	CROOKED ISLAND	BAHAMAS	22.7N	74.1W	1647 03/17
PUERTO CARRETO         PANAMA         8.8N         77.6W         1652 03/17           SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1N         74.5W         1652 03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3N         75.1W         1656 03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7N         79.9W         1702 03/17	PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1649 03/17
SAN SALVADOR         BAHAMAS         24.1n         74.5w         1652 03/17           LONG ISLAND         BAHAMAS         23.3n         75.1w         1656 03/17           CAYMAN BRAC         CAYMAN ISLANDS         19.7n         79.9w         1702 03/17	SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W	1652 03/17
LONG ISLAND BAHAMAS 23.3N 75.1W 1656 03/17 CAYMAN BRAC CAYMAN ISLANDS 19.7N 79.9W 1702 03/17		PANAMA			
CAYMAN BRAC CAYMAN ISLANDS 19.7N 79.9W 1702 03/17					
PUNTA CARIBANA COLOMBIA 8.6N 76.9W 1704 03/17					
	PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1704 03/17

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

\* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST

FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.

- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- $\star$  IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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#### PTWC Message #2

WECA41 PHEB 171425 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 2 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1425 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

- \* THE ESTIMATED MAGNITUDE OF THE EARTHQUAKE IS REDUCED FROM 8.5 TO 8.4.
- \* FORECAST TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ARE NOW INCLUDED.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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- \* MAGNITUDE 8.4
- \* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST \* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES
- \* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES
  \* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

- \* AN EARTHOUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST...UPDATED

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

GUADELOUPE... AND VENEZUELA.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... DOMINICA... GRENADA... JAMAICA... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... AND TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

COSTA RICA... CUBA... GUYANA... MEXICO... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... BARBADOS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT

YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORD	INATES	ETA	(UTC)
CUMANA MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA VENEZUELA	10.5N 10.6N	64.2W 67.0W		03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N			03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N	68.9W	1501	03/17
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.5N	68.9W 70.0W	1519	03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W	1519	03/17
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W		03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W		03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N			03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W	1529	03/17
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W	1532	03/17
SANTO DOMINGO	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W	1538	03/17
CABO ENGANO	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	69.9W 68.3W	1543	03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W	1544	03/17
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W	1545	03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W		03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W	1552	03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W		03/17
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W		03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W		03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W		03/17
PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N	70.7W		03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W		03/17
SAINT JOHNS		17.1N	61.9W		03/17
PALMETTO POINT		17.6N	61.9W		03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM			62.8W		03/17
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W		03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W		03/17
CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N	72.2W		03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA		19.9N	75.8W		03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W		03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W		03/17
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W		03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W		03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W		03/17
PORT OF SPAIN SANTA MARTA	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W 74.2W		03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	COLOMBIA PANAMA	11.2N	74.2W 77.6W		03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.8N 8.6N		1704	03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	8.6N 18.6N	76.9W 74.1W	1713	03/17
OUVENIE	UWIII	TO.01	/4.1W	1/13	03/1/

PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1715	03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1716	03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1725	03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1729	03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1749	03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1803	03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W	1811	03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1815	03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1816	03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	1855	03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1930	03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	1931	03/17
GEORGETOWN	GUYANA	6.8N	58.2W	2014	03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2055	03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2154	03/17

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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## PTWC Message #3

WECA41 PHEB 171510 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 3 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1510 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS ARE NOW INCLUDED.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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\* MAGNITUDE 8.4

\* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST

\* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES

\* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

#### TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\_\_\_\_\_

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

GUADELOUPE... AND VENEZUELA.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... DOMINICA... GRENADA... JAMAICA... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... AND TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF
  - COSTA RICA... CUBA... GUYANA... MEXICO... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... BARBADOS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.
- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

## RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\_\_\_\_\_

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORDINATES		ETA (UTC)
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1438 03/17
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W	1448 03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W	1455 03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N	68.9W	1501 03/17
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.5N	70.0W	1519 03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W	1519 03/17
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W	1519 03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W	1524 03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W	1527 03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W	1529 03/17
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W	1532 03/17
SANTO DOMINGO	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W	1538 03/17
CABO ENGANO	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	68.3W	1543 03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W	1544 03/17
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W	1545 03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W	1548 03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W	1552 03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1553 03/17
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W	1554 03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W	1605 03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W	1611 03/17
PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N	70.7W	1613 03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W	1614 03/17
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W	1618 03/17

PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W	1624	03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY	17.9N	62.8W	1625	03/17
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W	1627	03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W	1628	03/17
CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N	72.2W	1629	03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W	1631	03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W	1632	03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W	1635	03/17
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W	1638	03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1645	03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1647	03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1649	03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W	1652	03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1652	03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1704	03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W	1713	03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1715	03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1716	03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1725	03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1729	03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1749	03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1803	03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W	1811	03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1815	03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1816	03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	1855	03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1930	03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	1931	03/17
GEORGETOWN	GUYANA	6.8N	58.2W	2014	03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2055	03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2154	03/17

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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\* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

	GAU	GE	TIME OF	JMIXAM	JM	WAVE
	COORDI	NATES	MEASURE	TSUNAN	II P	ERIOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGH	ΙΤ	(MIN)
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1507	0.22M/	0.7FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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### PTWC Message #4

WECA41 PHEB 171545 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 4 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1545 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

\* MAGNITUDE 8.4

\* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST

\* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES \* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST O

NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

GUADELOUPE... AND VENEZUELA.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... DOMINICA... GRENADA... JAMAICA... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... AND TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

COSTA RICA... CUBA... GUYANA... MEXICO... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... BARBADOS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORDINATES		ETA (UTC)		
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W	1448	03/17	
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W	1455	03/17	
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N	68.9W	1501	03/17	
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.5N	70.0W	1519	03/17	
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W	1519	03/17	
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W	1519	03/17	
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W	1524	03/17	
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W	1527	03/17	
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W	1529	03/17	
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W	1532	03/17	
SANTO DOMINGO	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W	1538	03/17	
CABO ENGANO	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	68.3W	1543	03/17	
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W		03/17	
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W		03/17	
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W		03/17	
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W	1552	03/17	
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1553	03/17	
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W		03/17	
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W		03/17	
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W		03/17	
PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N	70.7W	1613	03/17	
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W	1614	03/17	
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W		03/17	
PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W		03/17	
SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY	17.9N	62.8W		03/17	
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W		03/17	
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W		03/17	
CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N	72.2W		03/17	
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W		03/17	
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W		03/17	
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W		03/17	
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W		03/17	
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W		03/17	
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W		03/17	
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W		03/17	
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W		03/17	
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W		03/17	
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W		03/17	
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W		03/17	
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W		03/17	
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W		03/17	
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA		80.5W		03/17	
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W		03/17	
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N			03/17	
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W		03/17	
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W		03/17	
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W		03/17	
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W		03/17	
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W		03/17	
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W		03/17	
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W		03/17	
GEORGETOWN	GUYANA	6.8N	58.2W		03/17	
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N			03/17	
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	∠154	03/17	

### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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\* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

	GAU	GE	TIME OF	MAXIMU	JM	WAVE
	COORDI	NATES	MEASURE	TSUNA	MI PH	ERIOD
	LAT		(UTC)			. ,
			1 . 4 4			
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE				,		
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P		65.5W	1542	1.69M/	5.6FT	
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1541	1.42M/	4.7FT	18
ROSEAU DM	15.3N	61.4W	1540	2.74M/	9.0FT	26
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	14.8N	61.2W	1534	2.55M/	8.4FT	26
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	14.6N	61.1W	1541	2.97M/	9.7FT	26
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1538	1.38M/	4.5FT	20
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1540	1.87M/	6.1FT	22
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1538	2.42M/	7.9FT	22
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1535	2.27M/	7.5FT	24
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1534	1.38M/	4.5FT	14
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1535	1.91M/	6.3FT	20
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W	1525	1.76M/	5.8FT	24
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	12.2N	69.0W	1512	2.18M/	7.2FT	22
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1507	0.22M/	0.7FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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## PTWC Message #5

WECA41 PHEB 171645 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 5 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1645 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

\* MAGNITUDE 8.4 \* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST \* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES

\* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES \* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

#### TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

GUADELOUPE... AND VENEZUELA.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... DOMINICA... GRENADA... JAMAICA... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... AND TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

COSTA RICA... CUBA... GUYANA... MEXICO... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... BARBADOS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

## RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

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\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORDINATES		ETA (UTC)
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	 62.7W	1545 03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W	1548 03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W	1552 03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1553 03/17
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W	1554 03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W	1605 03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W	1611 03/17
PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N	70.7W	1613 03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W	1614 03/17
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W	1618 03/17
PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W	1624 03/17

SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY		62.8W	1625 03/17
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W	1627 03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W	1628 03/17
CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N	72.2W	1629 03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W	1631 03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W	1632 03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W	1635 03/17
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W	1638 03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1645 03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1647 03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1649 03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W	1652 03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1652 03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1704 03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W	1713 03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1715 03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1716 03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1725 03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1729 03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1749 03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1803 03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W	1811 03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1815 03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1816 03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	1855 03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1930 03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	1931 03/17
GEORGETOWN	GUYANA	6.8N	58.2W	2014 03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2055 03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2154 03/17

### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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\* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

	GAU	GE	TIME OF	MAXIMUM		WAVE
	COORDI	NATES	MEASURE	TSUNAMI	PE	RIOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGHT	(	MIN)
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1640	0.24M/0	.8FT	26
PARHAM AT	17.1N	61.8W	1628	0.82M/ 2	.7FT	16
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1625	0.03M/ 0	.1FT	22
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1625	0.03M/ 0	.1FT	26
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	18.3N	64.7W	1623	2.05M/ 6	.7FT	22
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1620	0.25M/ 0	.8FT	18

DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.1W	1609	0.96M/	3.2FT	28
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1611	0.41M/	1.4FT	24
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1600	1.47M/	4.8FT	14
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	11.3N	60.5W	1606	0.75M/	2.4FT	26
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	14.7N	60.9W	1559	1.16M/	3.8FT	28
BRIDGEPORT BB	13.1N	59.6W	1554	0.78M/	2.6FT	22
PORT ST CHARLES BB	13.3N	59.6W	1555	0.88M/	2.9FT	16
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N	61.5W	1555	4.30M/1	4.1FT	28
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1547	1.91M/	6.3FT	18
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.8W	1544	3.03M/	9.9FT	20
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	18.1N	65.5W	1542	1.69M/	5.6FT	24
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1548	1.68M/	5.5FT	26
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1541	1.42M/	4.7FT	18
ROSEAU DM	15.3N	61.4W	1540	2.74M/	9.0FT	26
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	14.8N	61.2W	1534	2.55M/	8.4FT	26
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	14.6N	61.1W	1541	2.97M/	9.7FT	26
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1538	1.38M/	4.5FT	20
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1540	1.87M/	6.1FT	22
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1538	2.42M/	7.9FT	22
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1535	2.27M/	7.5FT	24
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1534	1.38M/	4.5FT	14
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1535	1.91M/	6.3FT	20
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W	1525	1.76M/	5.8FT	24
BULLEN BAY CURACAO		69.0W		2.18M/		22
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1507	0.22M/	0.7FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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#### PTWC Message #6

WECA41 PHEB 171745 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 6
NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION
NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI
1745 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

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...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...
**** NOTICE **** NOTICE **** NOTICE ****
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THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL

AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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- \* MAGNITUDE 8.4
- \* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST
- \* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES
- \* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

#### TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

-----

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

GUADELOUPE... AND VENEZUELA.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... DOMINICA... GRENADA... JAMAICA... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... AND TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

COSTA RICA... CUBA... GUYANA... MEXICO... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... BARBADOS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

\* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.

- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORDINATES		ETA (UTC)
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1645 03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1647 03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1649 03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W	1652 03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1652 03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1704 03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W	1713 03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1715 03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1716 03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1725 03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1729 03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1749 03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1803 03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W	1811 03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1815 03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1816 03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	1855 03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1930 03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	1931 03/17
GEORGETOWN	GUYANA	6.8N	58.2W	
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2055 03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2154 03/17

#### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO

THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.

- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

#### TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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\* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

	COORDI	NATES	MEASURE	MAXIMUM TSUNAMI PI	ERTOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGHT	(MIN)
LIMON CR	10.0N	83.0W	1735	0.69M/ 2.3FT	18
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N	81.4W			24
EL PORVENIR PM	9.6N	78.9W	1732	0.46M/ 1.5FT	26
SAN ANDRES CO	12.6N	81.7W	1716	0.45M/ 1.5FT	
SAN ANDRES CO SANTA MARTA CO CAP HAITIEN HT	11.2N	74.2W	1702	0.94M/ 3.1FT 0.24M/ 0.8FT	22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1640	0.24M/ 0.8FT	
LUIIIUII UI	T / • TI/	01.0W	1020		16
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1625	0.03M/ 0.1FT	22
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1625	0.03M/ 0.1FT	26
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	18.3N	64.7W	1623	2.05M/ 6.7FT	22
PUERTO PLATA DO DESIRADE GUADELOUPE SAN JUAN PR JACMEL HT	19.8N	70.7W	1620	0.25M/ 0.8FT	18
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.1W	1609	0.96M/ 3.2FT	28
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1611	0.41M/ 1.4FT	24
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1600	1.47M/ 4.8FT	14
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	11.3N	60.5W	1606	0.75M/ 2.4FT	26
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	14.7N	60.9W	1559	1.16M/ 3.8FT	28
BRIDGEPORT BB	13.1N	59.6W	1554	0.78M/ 2.6FT	22
BRIDGEPORT BB PORT ST CHARLES BB POINT A PITRE GP PUNTA CANA DO	13.3N	59.6W	1555	0.88M/ 2.9FT	16
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N	61.5W	1555	4.30M/14.1FT	28
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1547	1.91M/ 6.3FT	18
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.8W	1544	3.03M/ 9.9FT	
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	18.1N	65.5W	1542	1.69M/ 5.6FT	24
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1548	1.68M/ 5.5FT	26
MAYAGUEZ PR ROSEAU DM	18.2N	67.2W	1541	1.42M/ 4.7FT	18
ROSEAU DM	15.3N	61.4W	1540	2.74M/ 9.0FT	26
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	14.8N	61.2W	1534	1.42M/ 4.7FT 2.74M/ 9.0FT 2.55M/ 8.4FT	26
FORT DE FRANCE MQ		61.1W	1541	2.97M/ 9.7FT	
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1538	1.38M/ 4.5FT	20
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1540	1.87M/ 6.1FT	
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1538	2.42M/ 7.9FT	22
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1535	2.27M/ 7.5FT	24
LIMETREE VI ST CROIX VI MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1534	1.38M/ 4.5FT	14
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1535	1.91M/ 6.3FT	20
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W	1525	1.76M/ 5.8FT	24
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	12.2N	69.0W	1512	2.18M/ 7.2FT	22
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1507	0.22M/ 0.7FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

<sup>\*</sup> THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.

<sup>\*</sup> AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT

EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.

- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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## PTWC Message #7

WECA41 PHEB 171845 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 7
NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION
NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI
1845 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

## PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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\* MAGNITUDE 8.4

\* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST

\* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES

\* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.

\* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

GUADELOUPE... AND VENEZUELA.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... DOMINICA... GRENADA... JAMAICA... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... AND TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

COSTA RICA... CUBA... GUYANA... MEXICO... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... BARBADOS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

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\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORDINATES		ETA (UTC)	
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W		03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W		03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W		03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W		03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W		03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	1855	03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W		03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W		03/17
GEORGETOWN	GUYANA	6.8N 21.9N	58.2W 82.8W		03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W		03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W		03/17

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

#### TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

-----

\* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

GAUGE LOCATION	COORDI LAT	NATES LON	MEASURE (UTC)	MAXIMUM TSUNAMI F HEIGHT	ERIOD (MIN)
ISLA MUJERES					
DART 41424	32.9N	72.5W	1746	0.02M/ 0.1FT	14
LIMON CR	10.0N	83.0W	1735	0.69M/ 2.3FT	18
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N	81.4W	1732	0.12M/ 0.4FT	24
EL PORVENIR PM	9.6N	78.9W	1732	0.46M/ 1.5FT	26
SAN ANDRES CO					22
SANTA MARTA CO	11.2N	74.2W	1702	0.94M/ 3.1FT	22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1640	0.24M/ 0.8FT	26
PARHAM AT	17.1N	61.8W	1628	0.82M/ 2.7FT	16
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1625	0.03M/ 0.1FT	22
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1625	0.03M/ 0.1FT	26
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	18.3N	64.7W	1623	2.05M/ 6.7FT	22
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1620	0.25M/ 0.8FT	18
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE					28
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1611	0.41M/ 1.4FT	24
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1600	1.47M/ 4.8FT	14
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	11.3N	60.5W	1606	0.75M/ 2.4FT	26
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	14.7N	60.9W	1559	1.16M/ 3.8FT	28
BRIDGEPORT BB	13.1N	59.6W	1554	0.78M/ 2.6FT	22
PORT ST CHARLES BB	13.3N	59.6W	1555	0.88M/ 2.9FT	16
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N	61.5W	1555	4.30M/14.1FT	28
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1547	1.91M/ 6.3FT	18

DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.8W	1544	3.03M/	9.9FT	20
ESPERANZA VIEOUES P	18.1N	65.5W	1542	1.69M/	5.6FT	2.4
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1548	1.68M/		26
PORT SAN ANDRES DO		69.6W		,		
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1541	1.42M/	4.7FT	18
ROSEAU DM	15.3N	61.4W	1540	2.74M/	9.0FT	26
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	14.8N	61.2W	1534	2.55M/	8.4FT	26
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	14.6N	61.1W	1541	2.97M/	9.7FT	26
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1538	1.38M/	4.5FT	20
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1540	1.87M/	6.1FT	22
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1538	2.42M/	7.9FT	22
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1535	2.27M/	7.5FT	24
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1534	1.38M/	4.5FT	14
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1535	1.91M/	6.3FT	20
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W	1525	1.76M/	5.8FT	24
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	12.2N	69.0W	1512	2.18M/	7.2FT	22
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1507	0.22M/	0.7FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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#### PTWC Message #8

WECA41 PHEB 171945 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 8 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1945 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

 $\dots$ FINAL TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE $\dots$ 

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

- \* THIS IS THE FINAL TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE FOR THIS EVENT.
- \* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

\* MAGNITUDE 8.4

\* MAGNITUDE 6.4

\* ORIGIN TIME 1400 UTC MAR 17 2016

\* COORDINATES 10.8 NORTH 66.0 WEST

\* DEPTH 15 KM / 9 MILES

\* LOCATION NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA

#### EVALUATION

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.4 OCCURRED NEAR THE COAST OF VENEZUELA AT 1400 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... THE TSUNAMI THREAT FROM THIS EARTHQUAKE HAS NOW LARGELY PASSED.

TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST...UPDATED

\* THE TSUNAMI THREAT HAS NOW LARGELY PASSED.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY IMPACTED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD MONITOR CONDITIONS AT THE COAST TO DETERMINE IF AND WHEN IT IS SAFE TO RESUME NORMAL ACTIVITIES.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED NEAR IMPACTED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM LOCAL AUTHORITIES.
- \* REMAIN OBSERVANT AND EXERCISE NORMAL CAUTION NEAR THE SEA.

#### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

\* MINOR SEA LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS MAY PERSIST IN COASTAL AREAS AFFECTED BY THE TSUNAMI FOR SEVERAL HOURS OR LONGER.

#### TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

\* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

	GAU	GE	TIME OF	MAXIMUM	WAVE
	COORDII	NATES	MEASURE	TSUNAMI	PERIOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGHT	(MIN)

ILE ROYAL GUIANA FR	5 3N	52.6W	1922	0.20M/ 0.6	5FT 22
DART 42429	27.4N	85.7W	1908	,	
DART 42409	26.7N	85.8W	1856	0.00M/ 0.0	
PUERTO MORELOS MX	21.4N	86.8W	1855	0.14M/ 0.5	
ISLA MUJERES	21.2N	86.7W	1839	0.18M/ 0.6	
DART 41424	32.9N	72.5W	1746	0.02M/ 0.1	
LIMON CR	10.0N	83.0W	1735	0.69M/ 2.3	
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N	81.4W	1732	0.12M/ 0.4	
EL PORVENIR PM	9.6N	78.9W	1732	0.46M/ 1.5	5FT 26
SAN ANDRES CO	12.6N	81.7W	1716	0.45M/ 1.5	
SANTA MARTA CO	11.2N	74.2W	1702	0.94M/ 3.1	LFT 22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1640	0.24M/ 0.8	3FT 26
PARHAM AT	17.1N	61.8W	1628	0.82M/ 2.7	
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1625	0.03M/ 0.1	LFT 22
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1625	0.03M/ 0.1	LFT 26
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	18.3N	64.7W	1623	2.05M/ 6.7	7FT 22
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1620	0.25M/ 0.8	3FT 18
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.1W	1609	0.96M/ 3.2	2FT 28
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1611	0.41M/ 1.4	4FT 24
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1600	1.47M/ 4.8	3FT 14
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	11.3N	60.5W	1606	0.75M/ 2.4	4FT 26
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	14.7N	60.9W	1559	1.16M/ 3.8	3FT 28
BRIDGEPORT BB	13.1N	59.6W	1554	0.78M/ 2.6	6FT 22
PORT ST CHARLES BB	13.3N	59.6W	1555	0.88M/ 2.9	9FT 16
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N			4.30M/14.1	LFT 28
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1547	1.91M/ 6.3	3FT 18
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.8W	1544	3.03M/ 9.9	9FT 20
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	18.1N	65.5W		1.69M/ 5.6	
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1548	1.68M/ 5.5	5FT 26
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1541	1.42M/ 4.7	
ROSEAU DM	15.3N	61.4W	1540	2.74M/ 9.0	)FT 26
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI		61.2W	1534	2.55M/ 8.4	
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	14.6N	61.1W	1541	2.97M/ 9.7	7FT 26
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1538	1.38M/ 4.5	
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1540	1.87M/ 6.1	
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1538	2.42M/ 7.9	
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1535	2.27M/ 7.5	
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1534	1.38M/ 4.5	
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1535	1.91M/ 6.3	
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W		1.76M/ 5.8	
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	12.2N	69.0W		2.18M/ 7.2	
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1507	0.22M/ 0.7	7FT 16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THIS WILL BE THE FINAL STATEMENT ISSUED FOR THIS EVENT UNLESS NEW INFORMATION IS RECEIVED OR THE SITUATION CHANGES.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

## Northern Hispaniola Earthquake Scenario

The following messages created for the CARIBE WAVE 16 tsunami exercise are representative of the official standard products issued by the PTWC during a large magnitude 8.7 earthquake and tsunami originating just northern Hispaniola. During a real event, the TWCs would also issue graphical and html-based products to their web sites and via RSS. The alerts would persist longer during a real event than is depicted in this exercise.

### PTWC Message #1

WECA41 PHEB 171505 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 1 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1505 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHOUAKE PARAMETERS

\* MAGNITUDE

MAGNITUDE 8.5 ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST

\* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES \* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.5 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* BASED ON THE PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS... WIDESPREAD HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE POSSIBLE.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\* HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES FROM THIS EARTHQUAKE ARE POSSIBLE WITHIN THE NEXT THREE HOURS ALONG SOME COASTS OF

HAITI... DOMINICAN REP... TURKS N CAICOS... BAHAMAS... CUBA... PUERTO RICO... JAMAICA... CAYMAN ISLANDS... US VIRGIN ISLANDS... SABA... SINT MAARTEN... SINT

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EUSTATIUS... ANGUILLA... SAINT KITTS... BARBUDA...
BONAIRE... GUADELOUPE... MONTSERRAT... BR VIRGIN
ISLANDS... SAINT BARTHELEMY... CURACAO... ARUBA...
DOMINICA... SAINT MARTIN... MARTINIQUE... ANTIGUA...
BERMUDA... SAINT LUCIA... COLOMBIA... BARBADOS... SAINT
VINCENT... VENEZUELA... MEXICO... GRENADA... HONDURAS...
PANAMA AND TRINIDAD TOBAGO
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#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES LISTED WITH A POTENTIAL TSUNAMI THREAT. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORD	COORDINATES		(UTC)
CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N	72.2W	1509	03/17
PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N	70.7W	1514	03/17
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W	1521	03/17
GREAT INAGUA	BAHAMAS	20.9N	73.7W	1524	03/17
MAYAGUANA	BAHAMAS	22.3N	73.0W	1527	03/17
BARACOA	CUBA	20.4N	74.5W	1529	03/17
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W	1529	03/17
CROOKED ISLAND	BAHAMAS	22.7N	74.1W	1542	03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W	1544	03/17
CABO ENGANO	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	68.3W	1546	03/17
SAN SALVADOR	BAHAMAS	24.1N	74.5W	1549	03/17
LONG ISLAND	BAHAMAS	23.3N	75.1W	1551	03/17
EXUMA	BAHAMAS	23.6N	75.9W	1604	03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1605	03/17
CAT ISLAND	BAHAMAS	24.4N	75.5W	1610	03/17
CAYMAN BRAC	CAYMAN ISLANDS		79.9W	1617	03/17
ABACO ISLAND	BAHAMAS	26.6N	77.1W		03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W		03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W		03/17
SANTO DOMINGO					03/17
ANDROS ISLAND	BAHAMAS	25.0N			03/17
SABA	SABA	17.6N			03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W		03/17
SIMPSON BAAI			63.1W		03/17
GIBARA	CUBA	21.1N	76.1W		03/17
ELEUTHERA ISLAN		25.2N	76.1W		03/17
SINT EUSTATIUS			63.0W		03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W		03/17
NASSAU	BAHAMAS	25.1N	77.4W		03/17
THE VALLEY		18.3N	63.1W		03/17
BASSETERRE			62.7W		03/17
FREEPORT		26.5N	78.8W		03/17
	CAYMAN ISLANDS		81.3W		03/17
PALMETTO POINT		17.6N	61.9W		03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W	1653	03/17

BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W	1657 03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W	1657 03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY	17.9N	62.2W	1658 03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	17.9N 12.1N	68.9W	1659 03/17
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.1N 12.5N	70.0W	1701 03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W	1703 03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W	1704 03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W	1706 03/17
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W	1708 03/17
RUTHS BAY	BERMUDA	32.4N	64.6W	1710 03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W	1711 03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W	1713 03/17
BIMINI	BAHAMAS	25.8N	79.3W	1715 03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W	1715 03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1718 03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W	1720 03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W	1720 03/17
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W	1723 03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W	1726 03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W	1727 03/17
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W	1730 03/17
PUERTO CORTES	HONDURAS	15.9N	88.0W	1734 03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1738 03/17
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1739 03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1742 03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1747 03/17
TRUJILLO	HONDURAS	15.9N	86.0W	1753 03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W	1755 03/17
LA HABANA	CUBA	23.2N	82.4W	1756 03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1800 03/17
TONIA CARIDANA	COHOMBIA	0.0N	10.5W	1000 03/1/

### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND

THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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## PTWC Message #2

WECA41 PHEB 171525 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 2 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1525 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

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THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

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- \* THE ESTIMATED MAGNITUDE OF THE EARTHQUAKE IS REVISED FROM 8.5 TO 8.7.
- \* FORECAST TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ARE NOW INCLUDED.

## PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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- \* MAGNITUDE 8.7
- \* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES
- \* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST...UPDATED

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

CUBA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... BAHAMAS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

MEXICO... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... BERMUDA... JAMAICA... AND SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... COSTA RICA... HONDURAS... GUATEMALA...
NICARAGUA... PANAMA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... BARBADOS...
BELIZE... CAYMAN ISLANDS... DOMINICA... GRENADA...
GUADELOUPE... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO...
BONAIRE... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT
BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE
GRENADINES... TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO... AND VENEZUELA.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

## RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

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\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORDINATES	ETA (UTC)	
CAP HAITEN	HAITI	19.8N 72.2W	1509 03/17	
PUERTO PLATA	DOMINICAN REP	19.8N 70.7W	1512 03/17	
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N 72.5W	1521 03/17	
MAYAGUANA	BAHAMAS	22.3N 73.0W	1526 03/17	
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N 71.1W	1526 03/17	
BARACOA	CUBA	20.4N 74.5W	1530 03/17	
GREAT INAGUA	BAHAMAS	20.9N 73.7W	1531 03/17	

JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W	1541	03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W	1544	03/17
GIBARA	CUBA	21.1N	76.1W	1547	03/17
SAN SALVADOR	BAHAMAS	24.1N	74.5W		03/17
CABO ENGANO	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	68.3W		03/17
LONG ISLAND	BAHAMAS	23.3N	75.1W	1558	03/17
EXUMA	BAHAMAS	23.6N	75.9W	1606	03/17
CROOKED ISLAND	BAHAMAS	22.7N	74.1W	1607	03/17
CAT ISLAND	BAHAMAS	24.4N	75.5W	1609	03/17
ELEUTHERA ISLAN	BAHAMAS	25.2N	76.1W		03/17
CAYMAN BRAC	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.7N	79.9W		03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W		03/17
ANDROS ISLAND	BAHAMAS	25.0N	77.9W	1624	03/17
SANTO DOMINGO	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W	1625	03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1627	03/17
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W	1631	03/17
GRAND CAYMAN	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.3N	81.3W		03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W		03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1634	03/17
NASSAU	BAHAMAS	25.1N	77.4W	1636	03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1638	03/17
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W	1640	03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W		03/17
FREEPORT	BAHAMAS	26.5N	78.8W		03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W	1651	03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W	1651	03/17
PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W	1652	03/17
ABACO ISLAND	BAHAMAS	26.6N	77.1W	1652	03/17
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W		03/17
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W		03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY	17.9N	62.8W		03/17
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.5N	70.0W	1700	03/17
BIMINI	BAHAMAS	25.8N	79.3W	1701	03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W	1703	03/17
RUTHS BAY	BERMUDA	32.4N	64.6W	1705	03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W		03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W		03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W		03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W		03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W		03/17
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W	1722	03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W		03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W		03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N	68.9W		03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W		03/17
PUERTO CORTES	HONDURAS	15.9N	88.0W		03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W	1734	03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1740	03/17
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W	1742	03/17
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W		03/17
	COLOMBIA				03/17
RIOHACHA		11.6N	72.9W		
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W		03/17
LA HABANA	CUBA	23.2N	82.4W		03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1800	03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1803	03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1804	03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W		03/17
					03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W		
TRUJILLO	HONDURAS	15.9N	86.0W		03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W		03/17
BELIZE CITY	BELIZE	17.5N	88.2W	1842	03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1857	03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W		03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W		03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W		03/17
PUERTO BARRIOS	GUATEMALA	15.7N	88.6W		03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA		11.4N	71.2W		03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2039	03/17

PORLAMAR VENEZUELA 10.9N 63.8W 2105 03/17 PUERTO CABEZAS NICARAGUA 14.0N 83.4W 2223 03/17

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

#### NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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## PTWC Message #3

WECA41 PHEB 171600 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 3 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1600 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

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NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF

ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS ARE NOW INCLUDED.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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- \* MAGNITUDE 8.7
- \* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES
- \* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

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- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - CUBA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... BAHAMAS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - MEXICO... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... BERMUDA... JAMAICA... AND SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF
  - ARUBA... COLOMBIA... COSTA RICA... HONDURAS... GUATEMALA...
    NICARAGUA... PANAMA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... BARBADOS...
    BELIZE... CAYMAN ISLANDS... DOMINICA... GRENADA...
    GUADELOUPE... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO...
    BONAIRE... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT
    BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE
    GRENADINES... TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO... AND VENEZUELA.
- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.

- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORD	INATES	ETA	(UTC)
CAP HAITEN		19.8N	72.2W	1509	03/17
	DOMINICAN REP		70.7W		03/17
WEST CAICOS	TURKS N CAICOS	21.7N	72.5W	1521	03/17
	BAHAMAS	22.3N	73.0W	1526	03/17
GRAND TURK	TURKS N CAICOS	21.5N	71.1W	1526	03/17
BARACOA	CUBA	20.4N	74.5W	1530	03/17
GREAT INAGUA	BAHAMAS	20.9N	73.7W	1531	03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W	1541	03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W		03/17
GIBARA	CUBA	21.1N	76.1W	1547	03/17
SAN SALVADOR	BAHAMAS	24.1N	74.5W	1551	03/17
CABO ENGANO LONG ISLAND EXUMA	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	68.3W	1552	03/17
LONG ISLAND	BAHAMAS	23.3N	75.1W	1558	03/17
EXUMA	BAHAMAS	23.6N	75 9W	1606	03/17
CROOKED ISLAND	BAHAMAS	22.7N	74.1W	1607	03/17
CAT ISLAND	BAHAMAS	24.4N	75.5W	1609	03/17
ELEUTHERA ISLAN	BAHAMAS	25.2N	76.1W	1615	03/17
CAYMAN BRAC	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.7N	79.9W	1616	03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W	1616	03/17
ANDROS ISLAND	BAHAMAS	25.0N	77.9W	1624	03/17
	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W	1625	03/17
		18.5N			03/17
	SINT MAARTEN		63.1W	1631	03/17
GRAND CAYMAN	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.3N	81.3W	1632	03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W	1632	03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1634	03/17
NASSAU	BAHAMAS	25.1N	77.4W	1636	03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1638	03/17
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W	1640	03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W	1643	03/17
FREEPORT	BAHAMAS	26.5N	78.8W	1648	03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W	1651	03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W	1651	03/17
PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W		03/17

ADAGO TOTAND	DAIIAMAC	2.C. CN	77 157	1650 00/17
ABACO ISLAND	BAHAMAS	26.6N	77.1W	1652 03/17
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W	1657 03/17
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N 17.9N	61.9W	1657 03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY		62.8W	1658 03/17
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.5N	70.0W	1700 03/17
BIMINI	BAHAMAS	25.8N	79.3W	1701 03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W	1703 03/17
RUTHS BAY	BERMUDA	32.4N	64.6W	1705 03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W	1707 03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W	1710 03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W	1710 03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W	1712 03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W	1718 03/17
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W	1722 03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W	1723 03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W	1724 03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N	68.9W	1724 03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N	87.0W	1729 03/17
PUERTO CORTES	HONDURAS	15.9N	88.0W	1733 03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W	1734 03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1740 03/17
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W	1742 03/17
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1745 03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W	1747 03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1748 03/17
LA HABANA	CUBA	23.2N	82.4W	1750 03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1800 03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1803 03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1804 03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1809 03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1814 03/17
TRUJILLO	HONDURAS	15.9N	86.0W	1819 03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1825 03/17
BELIZE CITY	BELIZE	17.5N	88.2W	1842 03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1857 03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1859 03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1902 03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1925 03/17
PUERTO BARRIOS	GUATEMALA	15.7N	88.6W	1926 03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	2024 03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2039 03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N		2105 03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2223 03/17
TOERTO CADEZAS	IVICANAGUA	14.0IN	00.4W	2223 03/11

#### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA. TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS
  - \* THE FOLLOWING ARE TSUNAMI WAVE OBSERVATIONS FROM COASTAL AND/OR DEEP-OCEAN SEA LEVEL GAUGES AT THE INDICATED LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI HEIGHT IS MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO THE NORMAL TIDE LEVEL.

	GAUGE		TIME OF	MAXIMUM	WAVE
	COORDI	COORDINATES		TSUNAMI	PERIOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGHT	(MIN)
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1553	0.24M/ 0.8E	T 24
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1522	15.27M/50.1F	T 22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1514	17.74M/58.2F	T 16

#### NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION \_\_\_\_\_

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHOUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHOUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- $^{\star}$  COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

#### PTWC Message #4

WECA41 PHEB 171630 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 4 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1630 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

## UPDATES

\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

- \* MAGNITUDE 8.7 \* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES
- \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES \* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

#### TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - CUBA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... BAHAMAS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - MEXICO... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... BERMUDA... JAMAICA... AND SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF
  - ARUBA... COLOMBIA... COSTA RICA... HONDURAS... GUATEMALA... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... BARBADOS... BELIZE... CAYMAN ISLANDS... DOMINICA... GRENADA... GUADELOUPE... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO.. BONAIRE... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO... AND VENEZUELA.
- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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\* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS

SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.

\* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

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\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORD	INATES	ETA	(UTC)
BARACOA	CUBA	20.4N	74.5W	1530	03/17
GREAT INAGUA	BAHAMAS	20.9N	73.7W	1531	03/17
JEREMIE	HAITI	18.6N	74.1W	1541	03/17
SANTIAGO D CUBA	CUBA	19.9N	75.8W	1544	03/17
GIBARA	CUBA	21.1N	76.1W	1547	03/17
SAN SALVADOR	BAHAMAS	24.1N	74.5W	1551	03/17
CABO ENGANO	DOMINICAN REP	18.6N	68.3W	1552	03/17
LONG ISLAND	BAHAMAS	23.3N	75.1W	1558	03/17
EXUMA	BAHAMAS	23.6N	75.9W	1606	03/17
CROOKED ISLAND	BAHAMAS	22.7N	74.1W	1607	03/17
CAT ISLAND	BAHAMAS	24.4N	75.5W	1609	03/17
ELEUTHERA ISLAN	BAHAMAS	25.2N	76.1W	1615	03/17
CAYMAN BRAC	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.7N	79.9W	1616	03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N	72.5W	1616	03/17
ANDROS ISLAND	BAHAMAS	25.0N	77.9W	1624	03/17
SANTO DOMINGO	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W	1625	03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W	1627	03/17
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W	1631	03/17
GRAND CAYMAN	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.3N	81.3W	1632	03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W	1632	03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W	1634	03/17
NASSAU	BAHAMAS	25.1N	77.4W	1636	03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W	1638	03/17
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W	1640	03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W	1643	03/17
FREEPORT	BAHAMAS	26.5N	78.8W	1648	03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W		03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W		03/17
PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W		03/17
ABACO ISLAND	BAHAMAS	26.6N	77.1W		03/17
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W		03/17
SAINT JOHNS	ANTIGUA	17.1N	61.9W		03/17
SAINT BARTHELEM	SAINT BARTHELEMY	17.9N	62.8W		03/17
ORANJESTAD	ARUBA	12.5N	70.0W		03/17
BIMINI	BAHAMAS	25.8N	79.3W		03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W		03/17
RUTHS BAY	BERMUDA	32.4N	64.6W		03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W		03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W	1710	03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W		03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W		03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W		03/17
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W		03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W		03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W		03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N	68.9W		03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N			03/17
PUERTO CORTES	HONDURAS	15.9N	88.0W	1733	03/17

BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N	74.9W	1734	03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N	78.0W	1740	03/17
SAINT GEORGES	GRENADA	12.0N	61.8W	1742	03/17
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1745	03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W	1747	03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1748	03/17
LA HABANA	CUBA	23.2N	82.4W	1750	03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1800	03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1803	03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W	1804	03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1809	03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1814	03/17
TRUJILLO	HONDURAS	15.9N	86.0W	1819	03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1825	03/17
BELIZE CITY	BELIZE	17.5N	88.2W	1842	03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1857	03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1859	03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1902	03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1925	03/17
PUERTO BARRIOS	GUATEMALA	15.7N	88.6W	1926	03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	2024	03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2039	03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	2105	03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2223	03/17

### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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	GAU	IGE	TIME OF	MAXIMUM	WAVE
	COORDI	NATES	MEASURE	TSUNAMI PE	ERIOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGHT	(MIN)
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1629	0.80M/ 2.6FT	24
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1630	0.07M/ 0.2FT	18
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1629	0.78M/ 2.5FT	26
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1621	0.91M/ 3.0FT	26
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1623	0.94M/ 3.1FT	26
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1619	0.19M/ 0.6FT	20
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1610	2.74M/ 9.0FT	22
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1604	3.47M/11.4FT	22
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1601	2.03M/ 6.7FT	16
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1603	3.55M/11.6FT	14
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1553	0.24M/ 0.8FT	24
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1522	15.27M/50.1FT	22

CAP HAITIEN HT 19.8N 72.2W 1514 17.74M/58.2FT 16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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#### PTWC Message #5

WECA41 PHEB 171700 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 5 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 1700 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

## PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

\* MAGNITUDE 8.7

\* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES

\* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

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- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - CUBA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... BAHAMAS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - MEXICO... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... BERMUDA... JAMAICA... AND SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF
  - ARUBA... COLOMBIA... COSTA RICA... HONDURAS... GUATEMALA...
    NICARAGUA... PANAMA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... BARBADOS...
    BELIZE... CAYMAN ISLANDS... DOMINICA... GRENADA...
    GUADELOUPE... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO...
    BONAIRE... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT
    BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE
    GRENADINES... TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO... AND VENEZUELA.
- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND

LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION COORDINATES		ETA	ETA (UTC)	
EXUMA	BAHAMAS	23.6N	75.9W		03/17
CROOKED ISLAND	BAHAMAS	22.7N	74.1W	1607	03/17
CAT ISLAND	BAHAMAS	24.4N	75.5W		03/17
ELEUTHERA ISLAN	BAHAMAS	25.2N	76.1W		03/17
CAYMAN BRAC	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.7N	79.9W		03/17
JACAMEL	HAITI	18.1N			03/17
ANDROS ISLAND	BAHAMAS	25.0N	77.9W		03/17
SANTO DOMINGO	DOMINICAN REP	18.5N	69.9W		03/17
MONTEGO BAY	JAMAICA	18.5N	77.9W		03/17
SIMPSON BAAI	SINT MAARTEN	18.0N	63.1W		03/17
GRAND CAYMAN	CAYMAN ISLANDS	19.3N			03/17
THE VALLEY	ANGUILLA	18.3N	63.1W		03/17
PORT AU PRINCE	HAITI	18.5N	72.4W		03/17
NASSAU	BAHAMAS	25.1N	77.4W		03/17
CIENFUEGOS	CUBA	22.0N	80.5W		03/17
BASSETERRE	SAINT KITTS	17.3N	62.7W		03/17
KINGSTON	JAMAICA	17.9N	76.9W		03/17
FREEPORT	BAHAMAS	26.5N	78.8W		03/17
PLYMOUTH	MONTSERRAT	16.7N	62.2W		03/17
ONIMA	BONAIRE	12.3N	68.3W		03/17
PALMETTO POINT	BARBUDA	17.6N	61.9W		03/17 03/17
ABACO ISLAND	BAHAMAS	26.6N	77.1W		03/17
BASSE TERRE	GUADELOUPE	16.0N	61.7W		
SAINT JOHNS SAINT BARTHELEM	ANTIGUA	17.1N 17.9N	61.9W 62.8W		03/17 03/17
ORANJESTAD	SAINT BARTHELEMY ARUBA	17.9N 12.5N	70.0W		03/17
BIMINI	BAHAMAS	25.8N	70.0W		03/17
ROSEAU	DOMINICA	15.3N	61.4W		03/17
RUTHS BAY	BERMUDA	32.4N	64.6W		03/17
BAIE BLANCHE	SAINT MARTIN	18.1N	63.0W		03/17
CASTRIES	SAINT LUCIA	14.0N	61.0W		03/17
FORT DE FRANCE	MARTINIQUE	14.6N	61.1W		03/17
SANTA MARTA	COLOMBIA	11.2N	74.2W		03/17
BRIDGETOWN	BARBADOS	13.1N	59.6W		03/17
MAIQUETIA	VENEZUELA	10.6N	67.0W		03/17
CARTAGENA	COLOMBIA	10.4N	75.6W		03/17
KINGSTOWN	SAINT VINCENT	13.1N	61.2W		03/17
WILLEMSTAD	CURACAO	12.1N			03/17
COZUMEL	MEXICO	20.5N			03/17
PUERTO CORTES	HONDURAS	15.9N			03/17
BARRANQUILLA	COLOMBIA	11.1N			03/17
ALIGANDI	PANAMA	9.2N			03/17
SAINT GEORGES		12.0N	61.8W		03/17
CUMANA	VENEZUELA		64.2W	1745	03/17
RIOHACHA	COLOMBIA	11.6N	72.9W	1747	03/17
PUERTO CARRETO	PANAMA	8.8N	77.6W	1748	03/17
LA HABANA	CUBA	23.2N			03/17
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W		03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N		1803	03/17
PUNTA CARIBANA	COLOMBIA	8.6N	76.9W		03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1809	03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1814	03/17
TRUJILLO	HONDURAS	15.9N	86.0W		03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1825	03/17

BELIZE CITY	BELIZE	17.5N	88.2W	1842	03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1857	03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1859	03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1902	03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1925	03/17
PUERTO BARRIOS	GUATEMALA	15.7N	88.6W	1926	03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	2024	03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	2039	03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	2105	03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2223	03/17

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

#### TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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GAUGE LOCATION		_	TIME OF MEASURE (UTC)	TSUNAMI PE	WAVE ERIOD (MIN)
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI					
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE			1657		28
PORT SAN ANDRES DO		69.6W			22
PARHAM AT	17.1N	61.8W			28
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.1W	1652	0.38M/ 1.3FT	22
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	18.1N	65.5W	1639	0.73M/ 2.4FT	16
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N	81.4W	1639	0.47M/ 1.5FT	18
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1634	0.77M/ 2.5FT	20
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1629	0.80M/ 2.6FT	24
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1630	0.07M/ 0.2FT	18
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1629	0.78M/ 2.5FT	26
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1621	0.91M/ 3.0FT	26
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1623	0.94M/ 3.1FT	26
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1619	0.19M/ 0.6FT	20
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1610	2.74M/ 9.0FT	22
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1604	3.47M/11.4FT	22
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1601	2.03M/ 6.7FT	16
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1603	3.55M/11.6FT	14
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1553	0.24M/ 0.8FT	24
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1522	15.27M/50.1FT	22
CAP HAITIEN HT			1514	17.74M/58.2FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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## PTWC Message #6

WECA41 PHEB 171800 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 6
NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION
NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI
1800 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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\* MAGNITUDE 8.7

\* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST

\* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES \* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

-----

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

CUBA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... BAHAMAS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF

MEXICO... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... BERMUDA... JAMAICA... AND SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS.

\* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... COSTA RICA... HONDURAS... GUATEMALA...
NICARAGUA... PANAMA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... BARBADOS...
BELIZE... CAYMAN ISLANDS... DOMINICA... GRENADA...
GUADELOUPE... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO...
BONAIRE... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT
BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE
GRENADINES... TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO... AND VENEZUELA.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

-----

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORD	INATES	ETA (UTC)
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1800 03/17
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1802 03/17
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1806 03/17
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1809 03/17
BELIZE CITY	BELIZE	17.5N	88.2W	1810 03/17
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1825 03/17
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1833 03/17
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1837 03/17
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1846 03/17
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1855 03/17
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1928 03/17
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	1958 03/17
PUERTO BARRIOS	GUATEMALA	15.7N	88.6W	2028 03/17
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	2031 03/17
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2220 03/17
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	2225 03/17

#### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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	GAU	GE	TIME OF	MAXIMUM		WAVE
	COORDI	NATES	MEASURE	TSUNAMI	PE	RIOD
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT	LON	(UTC)	HEIGHT	(	MIN)
EL PORVENIR PM	9.6N	78.9W	1754	0.87M/ 2	 .9FT	18
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W	1749	0.47M/ 1	.5FT	24
SAN ANDRES CO	12.6N	81.7W	1751	0.57M/ 1	.9FT	26
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1735	0.50M/1	.7FT	22
BRIDGEPORT BB	13.1N	59.6W	1729	0.31M/ 1	.OFT	26
PORT ST CHARLES BB	13.3N	59.6W	1722	0.31M/ 1	.OFT	16
SANTA MARTA CO	11.2N	74.2W	1721	0.89M/ 2	.9FT	22
FORT DE FRANCE MQ	14.6N	61.1W	1719	0.62M/ 2	.OFT	26
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	14.7N	60.9W	1714	0.31M/ 1	.OFT	22
ROSEAU DM	15.3N	61.4W	1710	0.46M/1	.5FT	18

LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	14.8N	61.2W	1712	0.54M/ 1.8FT	28
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	12.2N	69.0W	1713	0.89M/ 2.9FT	24
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N	61.5W	1701	0.60M/ 2.0FT	14
DART 41424	32.9N	72.5W	1704	0.19M/ 0.6FT	26
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI	18.3N	64.7W	1659	0.83M/ 2.7FT	28
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.8W	1657	0.62M/ 2.0FT	28
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1651	1.14M/ 3.7FT	22
PARHAM AT	17.1N	61.8W	1647	0.42M/ 1.4FT	28
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.1W	1652	0.38M/ 1.3FT	22
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	18.1N	65.5W	1639	0.73M/ 2.4FT	16
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N	81.4W	1639	0.47M/ 1.5FT	18
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1634	0.77M/ 2.5FT	20
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1629	0.80M/ 2.6FT	24
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1630	0.07M/ 0.2FT	18
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1629	0.78M/ 2.5FT	26
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1621	0.91M/ 3.0FT	26
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1623	0.94M/ 3.1FT	26
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1619	0.19M/ 0.6FT	20
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1610	2.74M/ 9.0FT	22
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1604	3.47M/11.4FT	22
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1601	2.03M/ 6.7FT	16
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1603	3.55M/11.6FT	14
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1553	0.24M/ 0.8FT	24
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1522	15.27M/50.1FT	22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1514	17.74M/58.2FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

\* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.

- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

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#### PTWC Message #7

WECA41 PHEB 171900 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 7
NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION
NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI
1900 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE

UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

#### UPDATES

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\* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

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- \* MAGNITUDE 8.7
- \* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST
- \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES
- \* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR SOME COASTS.

#### TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST

-----

- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING MORE THAN 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - CUBA... DOMINICAN REPUBLIC... HAITI... BAHAMAS... AND TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 1 TO 3 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE ALONG SOME COASTS OF
  - MEXICO... PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN IS... ANGUILLA... BERMUDA... JAMAICA... AND SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS.
- \* TSUNAMI WAVES REACHING 0.3 TO 1 METERS ABOVE THE TIDE LEVEL ARE POSSIBLE FOR SOME COASTS OF

ARUBA... COLOMBIA... COSTA RICA... HONDURAS... GUATEMALA... NICARAGUA... PANAMA... ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA... BARBADOS... BELIZE... CAYMAN ISLANDS... DOMINICA... GRENADA... GUADELOUPE... MARTINIQUE... MONTSERRAT... CURACAO... BONAIRE... SAINT LUCIA... SINT MAARTEN... SAINT BARTHELEMY... SAINT MARTIN... SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES... TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO... AND VENEZUELA.

- \* NON-HAZARDOUS TSUNAMI WAVES ARE FORECAST FOR ALL OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS MESSAGE.
- \* ACTUAL AMPLITUDES AT THE COAST MAY VARY FROM FORECAST AMPLITUDES DUE TO UNCERTAINTIES IN THE FORECAST AND LOCAL FEATURES. IN PARTICULAR MAXIMUM TSUNAMI AMPLITUDES ON ATOLLS WILL LIKELY BE MUCH SMALLER THAN THE FORECAST INDICATES.
- \* FOR OTHER AREAS COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT A FORECAST HAS NOT YET BEEN COMPUTED. THE FORECAST WILL BE EXPANDED AS NECESSARY IN SUBSEQUENT PRODUCTS.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

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- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD TAKE ACTION TO INFORM AND INSTRUCT ANY COASTAL POPULATIONS AT RISK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR OWN EVALUATION... PROCEDURES AND THE LEVEL OF THREAT.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED IN THREATENED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM NATIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

## ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL

\* ESTIMATED TIMES OF ARRIVAL -ETA- OF THE INITIAL TSUNAMI WAVE FOR PLACES WITHIN THREATENED REGIONS ARE GIVEN BELOW. ACTUAL ARRIVAL TIMES MAY DIFFER AND THE INITIAL WAVE MAY NOT BE THE LARGEST. A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES AND THE TIME BETWEEN WAVES CAN BE FIVE MINUTES TO ONE HOUR.

LOCATION	REGION	COORD	INATES	ETA (UTC)	
PUERTO OBALDIA	PANAMA	8.7N	77.4W	1800 03/17	
PUERTO LIMON	COSTA RICA	10.0N	83.0W	1802 03/17	
CUMANA	VENEZUELA	10.5N	64.2W	1806 03/17	
PIRATES BAY	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	11.3N	60.6W	1809 03/17	
BELIZE CITY	BELIZE	17.5N	88.2W	1810 03/17	
COLON	PANAMA	9.4N	79.9W	1825 03/17	
SANTA CRZ D SUR	CUBA	20.7N	78.0W	1833 03/17	
BOCAS DEL TORO	PANAMA	9.4N	82.2W	1837 03/17	
PUNTA GORDA	NICARAGUA	11.4N	83.8W	1846 03/17	
PUNTO FIJO	VENEZUELA	11.7N	70.2W	1855 03/17	
PORT OF SPAIN	TRINIDAD TOBAGO	10.6N	61.5W	1928 03/17	
NUEVA GERONA	CUBA	21.9N	82.8W	1958 03/17	
PUERTO BARRIOS	GUATEMALA	15.7N	88.6W	2028 03/17	
GOLFO VENEZUELA	VENEZUELA	11.4N	71.2W	2031 03/17	
PUERTO CABEZAS	NICARAGUA	14.0N	83.4W	2220 03/17	
PORLAMAR	VENEZUELA	10.9N	63.8W	2225 03/17	

## POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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- \* A TSUNAMI IS A SERIES OF WAVES. THE TIME BETWEEN WAVE CRESTS CAN VARY FROM 5 MINUTES TO AN HOUR. THE HAZARD MAY PERSIST FOR MANY HOURS OR LONGER AFTER THE INITIAL WAVE.
- \* IMPACTS CAN VARY SIGNIFICANTLY FROM ONE SECTION OF COAST TO THE NEXT DUE TO LOCAL BATHYMETRY AND THE SHAPE AND ELEVATION OF THE SHORELINE.

- \* IMPACTS CAN ALSO VARY DEPENDING UPON THE STATE OF THE TIDE AT THE TIME OF THE MAXIMUM TSUNAMI WAVES.
- \* PERSONS CAUGHT IN THE WATER OF A TSUNAMI MAY DROWN... BE CRUSHED BY DEBRIS IN THE WATER... OR BE SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

## TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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	GAU	GE	TIME OF	MAXIMUM TSUNAMI I	WAVE
	COORDI	NATES			
GAUGE LOCATION	LAT			HEIGHT	
KEY WEST FL	24.6N	81.8W	1852	0.20M/ 0.6F	г 18
TRIDENT PIER FL DART 42429 LIMON CR CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	28.4N	80.6W	1854	1.26M/ 4.1F	г 20
DART 42429	27.4N	85.7W	1820	0.01M/ 0.0F	г 26
LIMON CR	10.0N	83.0W	1818	0.71M/ 2.3F	г 22
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	11.3N	60.5W	1809	0.28M/ 0.9F	г 24
DART 42409	26.7N	85.8W 86.8W	1810	0.01M/ 0.0F	г 28
			1806	0.38M/ 1.2F	Г 18
ISLA MUJERES	21.2N	86.7W			г 14
EL PORVENIR PM	9.6N	78.9W 61.8W	1754 1749	0.87M/ 2.9F	Г 18
EL PORVENIR PM PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W			г 24
SAN ANDRES CO	12.6N 13.1N	81.7W 61.2W	1751 1735	0.57M/ 1.9F	г 26
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W			г 22
BRIDGEPORT BB PORT ST CHARLES BB	13.1N	59.6W 59.6W	1729	0.31M/ 1.0F	Г 26
	13.3N	59.6W	1722		
SANTA MARTA CO	11.2N		1721	0.89M/ 2.9F	
FORT DE FRANCE MQ			1719	0.62M/ 2.0FT 0.31M/ 1.0FT	Г 26
LE ROBERT MARTINIQU		60.9W	1714	0.31M/ 1.0F	Г 22
ROSEAU DM	15.3N		1710	0.46M/ 1.5F5 0.54M/ 1.8F5	г 18
LE PRECHEUR MARTINI					
BULLEN BAY CURACAO			1713		
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N	61.5W	1701		
DART 41424	32.9N			0.19M/ 0.6F	
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI			1659 1657	0.83M/ 2.7F	
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE					
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1651 1647	1.14M/ 3.7F	
PARHAM AT					
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE			1652	0.38M/ 1.3F	
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P				0.73M/ 2.4F	
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N		1639		
LIMETREE VI ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.8W 64.7W	1634 1629	0.77M/ 2.5F	
ST CROIX VI	17.7N				
DAR'I' 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1630	0.07M/ 0.2F	
JACMEL HT	18.2N				
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	100-	C C O ==	1621		
PENUELAS PR DART 41421 MONA ISLAND PR PUNTA CANA DO	18.0N	66.8W			
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1619		
MONA ISLAND PR	18.IN	67.9W 68.4W	1610	2.74M/ 9.0F5 3.47M/11.4F5	22
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1604		
			1601	2.03M/ 6.7F' 3.55M/11.6F'	Г 16
MAIAGUEZ PK	⊥8.∠N	0/.∠W	1603	3.55M/11.6F	Г 14
DIEDEO DIAMA DO	∠3.5N	0/.3W	1503	U.Z4M/ U.8F".	r 24
MAYAGUEZ PR DART 41420 PUERTO PLATA DO CAP HAITIEN HT	19.0N	70.7W 72.2W	154Z	3.55M/II.6F 0.24M/ 0.8F 15.27M/50.1F 17.74M/58.2F	r 22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.0N	12.2W	1314	11.14M/38.2F	г 16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THE NEXT MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE HOUR... OR SOONER IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
- \* FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THIS EVENT MAY BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV AND AT WWW.TSUNAMI.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF PUERTO RICO... THE U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS... AND THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS SHOULD REFER TO PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES FOR THOSE PLACES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT PTWC.WEATHER.GOV.
- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

\$\$

#### PTWC Message #8

WECA41 PHEB 172000 TSUCAX

EXPERIMENTAL TSUNAMI MESSAGE NUMBER 8 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION NWS PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER EWA BEACH HI 2000 UTC THU MAR 17 2016

...FINAL TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE...

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

THIS MESSAGE IS ISSUED FOR INFORMATION ONLY IN SUPPORT OF THE UNESCO/IOC TSUNAMI AND OTHER COASTAL HAZARDS WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE CARIBBEAN AND ADJACENT REGIONS AND IS MEANT FOR NATIONAL AUTHORITIES IN EACH COUNTRY OF THAT SYSTEM.

NATIONAL AUTHORITIES WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF ALERT FOR EACH COUNTRY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL OR MORE REFINED INFORMATION.

\*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*\*

## UPDATES

- \* THIS IS THE FINAL TSUNAMI THREAT MESSAGE FOR THIS EVENT.
- \* TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS ARE UPDATED IN THIS MESSAGE.

#### PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE PARAMETERS

- \* MAGNITUDE 8.7
- \* ORIGIN TIME 1500 UTC MAR 17 2016 \* COORDINATES 20.2 NORTH 71.7 WEST \* DEPTH 20 KM / 12 MILES

\* LOCATION DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION

#### EVALUATION

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- \* AN EARTHQUAKE WITH A PRELIMINARY MAGNITUDE OF 8.7 OCCURRED IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGION AT 1500 UTC ON THURSDAY MARCH 17 2016.
- \* BASED ON ALL AVAILABLE DATA... THE TSUNAMI THREAT FROM THIS EARTHQUAKE HAS NOW LARGELY PASSED.

## TSUNAMI THREAT FORECAST...UPDATED

\* THE TSUNAMI THREAT HAS NOW LARGELY PASSED.

#### RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

\_\_\_\_\_

- \* GOVERNMENT AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY IMPACTED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD MONITOR CONDITIONS AT THE COAST TO DETERMINE IF AND WHEN IT IS SAFE TO RESUME NORMAL ACTIVITIES.
- \* PERSONS LOCATED NEAR IMPACTED COASTAL AREAS SHOULD STAY ALERT FOR INFORMATION AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS FROM LOCAL AUTHORITIES.
- \* REMAIN OBSERVANT AND EXERCISE NORMAL CAUTION NEAR THE SEA.

#### POTENTIAL IMPACTS

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\* MINOR SEA LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS MAY PERSIST IN COASTAL AREAS AFFECTED BY THE TSUNAMI FOR SEVERAL HOURS OR LONGER.

#### TSUNAMI OBSERVATIONS

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GAUGE LOCATION	COORDI	NATES LON	TIME OF MEASURE (UTC)	TSUNAM:	I PE	
PILOTS STATION LA		89.4W	1921	,		
KEY WEST FL	24.6N	81.8W	1852	0.20M/ (	0.6FT	18
TRIDENT PIER FL	28.4N	80.6W	1854	1.26M/	4.1FT	20
DART 42429	27.4N	85.7W	1820	0.01M/ (	O.OFT	26
LIMON CR	10.0N	83.0W	1818	0.71M/ 2	2.3FT	22
CHARLOTTEVILLE TT	11.3N	60.5W	1809	0.28M/ (	0.9FT	24
DART 42409	26.7N	85.8W	1810	0.01M/ (	O.OFT	28
PUERTO MORELOS MX	21.4N	86.8W	1806	0.38M/	1.2FT	18
ISLA MUJERES	21.2N	86.7W	1759	0.68M/ 2	2.2FT	14
EL PORVENIR PM	9.6N	78.9W	1754	0.87M/ 2	2.9FT	18
PRICKLEY BAY GD	12.0N	61.8W	1749	0.47M/	1.5FT	24
SAN ANDRES CO	12.6N	81.7W	1751	0.57M/	1.9FT	26
CALLIAQUA VC	13.1N	61.2W	1735	0.50M/ 3	1.7FT	22
BRIDGEPORT BB	13.1N	59.6W	1729	0.31M/	1.0FT	26
PORT ST CHARLES BB	13.3N	59.6W	1722	0.31M/	1.0FT	16

SANTA MARTA CO FORT DE FRANCE MQ LE ROBERT MARTINIQU	14.6N 14.7N	74.2W 61.1W 60.9W	1721 1719 1714	0.62M/ 2.0FT 0.31M/ 1.0FT	22 26 22
ROSEAU DM LE PRECHEUR MARTINI	15.3N 14.8N	61.4W 61.2W	1710 1712	0.46M/ 1.5FT 0.54M/ 1.8FT	18 28
BULLEN BAY CURACAO	14.0N 12.2N	69.0W	1712	0.89M/ 2.9FT	24
POINT A PITRE GP	16.2N	61.5W	1701	0.60M/ 2.0FT	14
		72.5W	1704	0.19M/ 0.6FT	26
LAMESHURBAYSTJOHNVI		64.7W	1659	0.83M/ 2.7FT	28
DESHAIES GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.8W	1657	0.62M/ 2.0FT	28
PORT SAN ANDRES DO	18.4N	69.6W	1651	1.14M/ 3.7FT	22
PARHAM AT	17.1N	61.8W	1647	0.42M/ 1.4FT	28
DESIRADE GUADELOUPE	16.3N	61.1W	1652	0.38M/ 1.3FT	22
ESPERANZA VIEQUES P	18.1N	65.5W	1639	0.73M/ 2.4FT	16
GEORGE TOWN CY	19.3N	81.4W	1639	0.47M/ 1.5FT	18
LIMETREE VI	17.7N	64.8W	1634	0.77M/ 2.5FT	20
ST CROIX VI	17.7N	64.7W	1629	0.80M/ 2.6FT	24
DART 42407	15.3N	68.2W	1630	0.07M/ 0.2FT	18
JACMEL HT	18.2N	72.5W	1629	0.78M/ 2.5FT	26
MAGUEYES ISLAND PR	18.0N	67.0W	1621	0.91M/ 3.0FT	26
PENUELAS PR	18.0N	66.8W	1623	0.94M/ 3.1FT	26
DART 41421	23.4N	63.9W	1619	0.19M/ 0.6FT	20
MONA ISLAND PR	18.1N	67.9W	1610		22
PUNTA CANA DO	18.5N	68.4W	1604	3.47M/11.4FT	22
SAN JUAN PR	18.5N	66.1W	1601	2.03M/ 6.7FT	16
MAYAGUEZ PR	18.2N	67.2W	1603		14
DART 41420	23.5N	67.3W	1553	0.24M/ 0.8FT	24
PUERTO PLATA DO	19.8N	70.7W	1522	15.27M/50.1FT	22
CAP HAITIEN HT	19.8N	72.2W	1514	17.74M/58.2FT	16

## NEXT UPDATE AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- \* THIS WILL BE THE FINAL STATEMENT ISSUED FOR THIS EVENT UNLESS NEW INFORMATION IS RECEIVED OR THE SITUATION CHANGES.
- \* AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CAN BE FOUND ON THE INTERNET AT EARTHQUAKE.USGS.GOV/EARTHQUAKES -ALL IN LOWERCASE LETTERS-.
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- \* COASTAL REGIONS OF THE US GULF COAST... US EAST COAST... AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES OF CANADA SHOULD REFER TO U.S. NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER MESSAGES THAT CAN BE FOUND AT NTWC.ARH.NOAA.GOV.

## Annex G. Sample Press Release for Local Media

TEMPLATE FOR NEWS RELEASE

**USE AGENCY MASTHEAD** 

Contact: (insert name) FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

(insert phone number) (insert date)

(insert email address)

#### CARRIBEAN TSUNAMI EXERCISE TO BE CONDUCTED March 17, 2016

(*insert community/county/state name*) will join other localities in the Caribbean as a participant in a tsunami response exercise on March 17, 2016. The purpose of this exercise is to evaluate local tsunami response plans, increase tsunami preparedness, and improve coordination throughout the region.

(insert a promotional comment from a local official, such as "The 2010 Haiti and 2010, 2014, 2015 Chilean earthquakes and tsunamis have reminded the world again of the urgent need to be more prepared for such events," said (insert name of appropriate official). "This important exercise will test the current procedures of the Tsunami Warning System and help identify operational strengths and weaknesses in each community." (*Please modify for uniqueness.*))

The exercise, titled CARIBE WAVE 16, will simulate a widespread Tsunami Warning and Watch situation throughout the Caribbean which requires implementation of local tsunami response plans. The exercise will (*insert "include" or "not include"*) public notification.

The exercise will simulate a major earthquake and tsunami generated just off the Caribbean coast of Venezuela scenario at 10:00 am (or Northern Hispaniola scenario 11:00 am) Atlantic Standard Time (or appropriate local time) on March 17, 2016. A handbook has been prepared which describes the scenario and contains tsunami messages from the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center (PTWC). The PTWC is the interim Regional Tsunami Service Provider for the other countries in the Caribbean Sea and Adjacent Regions.

Insert paragraph tailored for specific community. Could identify participating agencies and specific plans. Could describe current early warning program, past tsunami exercises (if any), ongoing mitigation and public education programs, etc. Could describe tsunami threat, history of tsunami hazards, if any.

If any real tsunami threat occurs during the time period of the exercise, the exercise will be terminated.

The exercise is sponsored by the UNESCO/IOC Intergovernmental Coordination Group for Tsunami and Other Coastal Hazards Warning System for the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions (ICG/CARIBE-EWS), the Caribbean Emergency Management Agency (CDEMA), the Centro de Coordinación para la Prevención de los Desastres Naturales en América Central (CEPREDENAC), the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and by the U.S. National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program (NTHMP – a partnership of 29 states and territories and three federal agencies). For more information on the U.S. tsunami warning system, see www.tsunami.gov. For more

information on the NTHMP, see <a href="http://www.ioc-tsunami.gov">nthmp.tsunami.gov</a>. For more information on the ICG/CARIBE-EWS, see <a href="http://www.ioc-tsunami.org/content/view/36/1036/">http://www.ioc-tsunami.org/content/view/36/1036/</a>.

###

On the Web:
ICG/CARIBE EWS
Pacific Tsunami Warning Center
NOAA Tsunami Program
NTHMP
Caribbean Tsunami Warning Program
Puerto Rico Seismic Network
Insert state/local emergency response URLs

http://www.ioc-tsunami.org http://ptwc.weather.gov http://www.tsunami.gov http://nthmp.tsunami.gov http://caribewave.info http://prsn.uprm.edu

### **IOC Technical Series**

No.	Title	Languages
1	Manual on International Oceanographic Data Exchange. 1965	(out of stock)
2	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (Five years of work). 1966	(out of stock)
3	Radio Communication Requirements of Oceanography. 1967	(out of stock)
4	Manual on International Oceanographic Data Exchange - Second revised edition. 1967	(out of stock)
5	Legal Problems Associated with Ocean Data Acquisition Systems (ODAS). 1969	(out of stock)
6	Perspectives in Oceanography, 1968	(out of stock)
7	Comprehensive Outline of the Scope of the Long-term and Expanded Programme of Oceanic Exploration and Research. 1970	(out of stock)
8	IGOSS (Integrated Global Ocean Station System) - General Plan Implementation Programme for Phase I. 1971	(out of stock)
9	Manual on International Oceanographic Data Exchange - Third Revised Edition. 1973	(out of stock)
10	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1971	E, F, S, R
11	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1973	(out of stock)
12	Oceanographic Products and Methods of Analysis and Prediction. 1977	E only
13	International Decade of Ocean Exploration (IDOE), 1971-1980. 1974	(out of stock)
14	A Comprehensive Plan for the Global Investigation of Pollution in the Marine Environment and Baseline Study Guidelines. 1976	E, F, S, R
15	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1975 - Co-operative Study of the Kuroshio and Adjacent Regions. 1976	(out of stock)
16	Integrated Ocean Global Station System (IGOSS) General Plan and Implementation Programme 1977-1982. 1977	E, F, S, R
17	Oceanographic Components of the Global Atmospheric Research Programme (GARP) . 1977	(out of stock)
18	Global Ocean Pollution: An Overview. 1977	(out of stock)
19	Bruun Memorial Lectures - The Importance and Application of Satellite and Remotely Sensed Data to Oceanography. 1977	(out of stock)
20	A Focus for Ocean Research: The Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission - History, Functions, Achievements. 1979	(out of stock)
21	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1979: Marine Environment and Ocean Resources. 1986	E, F, S, R
22	Scientific Report of the Interealibration Exercise of the IOC-WMO-UNEP Pilot Project on Monitoring Background Levels of Selected Pollutants in Open Ocean Waters. 1982	(out of stock)
23	Operational Sea-Level Stations. 1983	E, F, S, R
24	Time-Series of Ocean Measurements. Vol.1. 1983	E, F, S, R
25	A Framework for the Implementation of the Comprehensive Plan for the Global Investigation of Pollution in the Marine Environment. 1984	(out of stock)
26	The Determination of Polychlorinated Biphenyls in Open-ocean Waters. 1984	E only
27	Ocean Observing System Development Programme. 1984	E, F, S, R
28	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1982: Ocean Science for the Year 2000. 1984	E, F, S, R
29	Catalogue of Tide Gauges in the Pacific. 1985	E only
30	Time-Series of Ocean Measurements. Vol. 2. 1984	E only
31	Time-Series of Ocean Measurements. Vol. 3. 1986	E only
32	Summary of Radiometric Ages from the Pacific. 1987	E only
33	Time-Series of Ocean Measurements. Vol. 4. 1988	E only
34	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1987: Recent Advances in Selected Areas of Ocean Sciences in the Regions of the Caribbean, Indian Ocean and the Western Pacific. 1988	Composite E, F, S
35	Global Sea-Level Observing System (GLOSS) Implementation Plan. 1990	E only

36	Bruun Memorial Lectures 1989: Impact of New Technology on Marine Scientific Research. 1991	Composite E, F, S
37	Tsunami Glossary - A Glossary of Terms and Acronyms Used in the Tsunami Literature. 1991	E only
38	The Oceans and Climate: A Guide to Present Needs. 1991	E only
39	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1991: Modelling and Prediction in Marine Science. 1992	E only
40	Oceanic Interdecadal Climate Variability. 1992	E only
41	Marine Debris: Solid Waste Management Action for the Wider Caribbean. 1994	E only
42	Calculation of New Depth Equations for Expendable Bathymerographs Using a Temperature-Error-Free Method (Application to Sippican/TSK T-7, T-6 and T-4 XBTS. 1994	E only
43	IGOSS Plan and Implementation Programme 1996-2003. 1996	E, F, S, R
44	Design and Implementation of some Harmful Algal Monitoring Systems. 1996	E only
45	Use of Standards and Reference Materials in the Measurement of Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Residues. 1996	E only
46	Equatorial Segment of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge. 1996	E only
47	Peace in the Oceans: Ocean Governance and the Agenda for Peace; the Proceedings of <i>Pacem in Maribus</i> XXIII, Costa Rica, 1995. 1997	E only
48	Neotectonics and fluid flow through seafloor sediments in the Eastern Mediterranean and Black Seas - Parts I and II. 1997	E only
49	Global Temperature Salinity Profile Programme: Overview and Future. 1998	E only
50	Global Sea-Level Observing System (GLOSS) Implementation Plan-1997. 1997	E only
51	L'état actuel de 1'exploitation des pêcheries maritimes au Cameroun et leur gestion intégrée dans la sous-région du Golfe de Guinée (cancelled)	F only
52	Cold water carbonate mounds and sediment transport on the Northeast Atlantic Margin. 1998	E only
53	The Baltic Floating University: Training Through Research in the Baltic, Barents and White Seas - 1997. 1998	E only
54	Geological Processes on the Northeast Atlantic Margin (8 <sup>th</sup> training-through-research cruise, June-August 1998). 1999	E only
55	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 1999: Ocean Predictability. 2000	E only
56	Multidisciplinary Study of Geological Processes on the North East Atlantic and Western Mediterranean Margins (9 <sup>th</sup> training-through-research cruise, June-July 1999). 2000	E only
57	Ad hoc Benthic Indicator Group - Results of Initial Planning Meeting, Paris, France, 6-9 December 1999. 2000	E only
58	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 2001: Operational Oceanography – a perspective from the private sector. 2001	E only
59	Monitoring and Management Strategies for Harmful Algal Blooms in Coastal Waters. 2001	E only
60	Interdisciplinary Approaches to Geoscience on the North East Atlantic Margin and Mid-Atlantic Ridge (10 <sup>th</sup> training-through-research cruise, July-August 2000). 2001	E only
61	Forecasting Ocean Science? Pros and Cons, Potsdam Lecture, 1999. 2002	E only
62	Geological Processes in the Mediterranean and Black Seas and North East Atlantic (11 <sup>th</sup> training-through-research cruise, July- September 2001). 2002	E only
63	Improved Global Bathymetry – Final Report of SCOR Working Group 107. 2002	E only
64	R. Revelle Memorial Lecture, 2006: Global Sea Levels, Past, Present and Future. 2007	E only
65	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 2003: Gas Hydrates – a potential source of energy from the oceans. 2003	E only
66	Bruun Memorial Lectures, 2003: Energy from the Sea: the potential and realities of Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC). 2003	E only

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