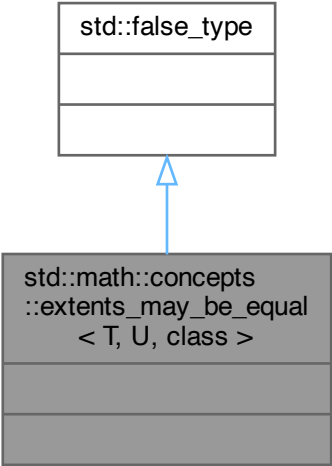


`std::false_type`



```
graph BT; A["std::math::concepts::extents_may_be_equal<T, U, class>"] --> B["std::false_type"]
```

The diagram illustrates an inheritance relationship. At the bottom is a gray rectangular box representing the base class `std::math::concepts::extents_may_be_equal`. It contains the text `std::math::concepts::extents_may_be_equal` followed by a template signature `< T, U, class >` on the next line. Above this box is a white rectangular box representing the derived class `std::false_type`. A blue arrow points from the top of the gray box to the bottom of the white box, indicating that `std::math::concepts::extents_may_be_equal` inherits from `std::false_type`. Both boxes are divided into three horizontal sections.

`std::math::concepts  
::extents_may_be_equal  
< T, U, class >`