

### JavaScript Errors



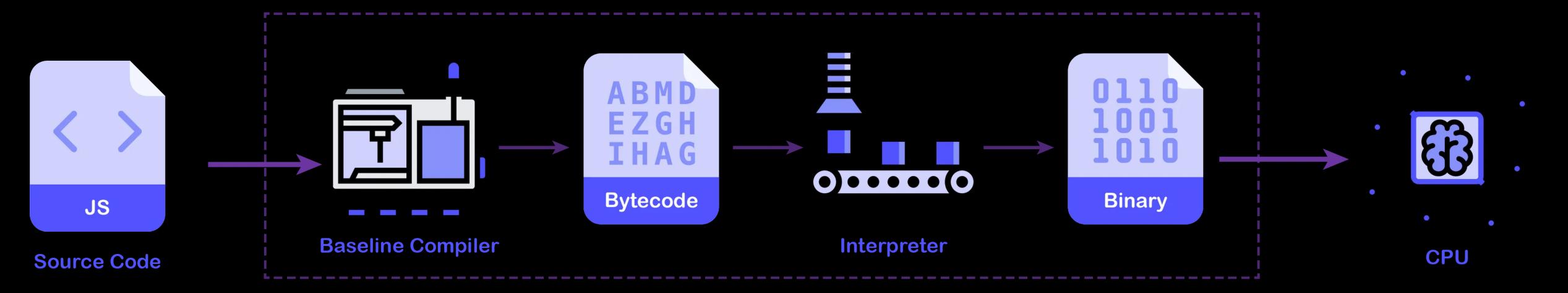


- 1. Syntax Errors (parsing errors, happens at interpretation time) SyntaxError
- 2. Runtime Errors (exceptions, happens during execution)

ReferenceError TypeError RangeError URIError EvaluationError







JavaScript Engine (rudimentary)



### SyntaxError

Represents an error when trying to interpret syntactically invalid code. It is thrown when the JavaScript engine encounters tokens or token order that does not conform to the syntax of the language when parsing code.

var animal = "cat





The ReferenceError object represents an error when a variable that doesn't exist (or hasn't yet been initialized) in the current scope is referenced.

console.log(undefinedVariable);





Represents an error when an operation could not be performed, typically (but not exclusively) when a value is not of the expected type.

console.logg("cat");





The RangeError object indicates an error when a value is not in the set or range of allowed values.

```
const animal = "cat";
const normalizedCat = animal.normalize("abc");
```





# Creating & Throwing

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# Error objects

#### The Error() constructor creates an error object.

Error() can be called with our without new.

Both create a new Error instance.



```
new Error()
```

Error()

Error(message)

Error(message, options)

Error(message, fileName)

Error(message, fileName, lineNumber)

#### message

A human-readable description of the error.

#### options

An object that has the cause property. Often used to pass the original error.

#### fileName /

Non-standard Mozilla property

#### lineNumber 🚄

Non-standard Mozilla property

### Instance Properties & Methods



```
Error.prototype.toString()
```

Error.prototype.constructor

Error.prototype.name

Error.prototype.stack

message

cause

fileName 🔔

lineNumber

columnNumber 🔔



= Non-standard property

#### Static Methods

(Non-standard V8 functions)

Error.captureStackTrace()

Error.stackTraceLimit()

Error.prepareStackTrace()









- The throw statement throws a user-defined exception.
- Execution stops and controls passed to first catch block.
- •In no catch blocks, the program will terminate.
- You can throw other JavaScript data types.

#### try...catch

```
try
 // the code to try
} catch(error) {
 // runs if the code throws any exceptions
} finally {
 // any code in here is executed regardless
```



### You can create an Error from the build in Error objects



```
new SyntaxError()
new TypeError()
new RangeError()
new ReferenceError()
```

And check if an error is an instance of a built-in Error object

```
const MyError = new TypeError("Oops!");
const isTypeError = MyError instanceof TypeError; // true
```





### Debugging

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#### Debugging JavaScript



- 1. console.log()
- 2. Breakpoints
- 3. The debugger keyword
- 4. Error Reporting Services

Sentry

LogRocket

Rollbar

DataDog



#### Error Reporting Services



Sentry

LogRocket

Rollbar

DataDog

https://sentry.io/welcome/

https://logrocket.com/

https://www.datadoghq.com/dg/apm/benefits/



Creating a custom error

#### Resources



https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/web/javascript/reference/global\_objects/error

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Errors

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Statements/throw

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Statements/try...catch

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Guide/Control flow and error handling

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Statements/debugger

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js\_errors.asp

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js\_debugging.asp