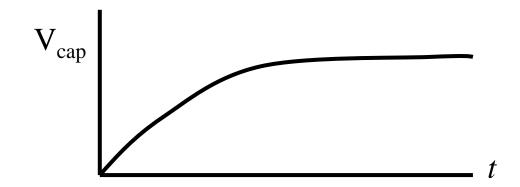
$$I = \frac{dQ}{dt} = C\frac{dV}{dt}$$

Gives differential equation Solution is an exponential



We also get the AC response (impedance, Z)

$$v = A \sin(\omega t) \longrightarrow i = A \omega C \cos(\omega t)$$

Ohm's law for AC ccts

$$v = iZ$$
 \longrightarrow $Z = \frac{1}{j\omega C}$ $\sin(\omega t) = \frac{e^{j\omega t} - e^{-j\omega t}}{2j}$

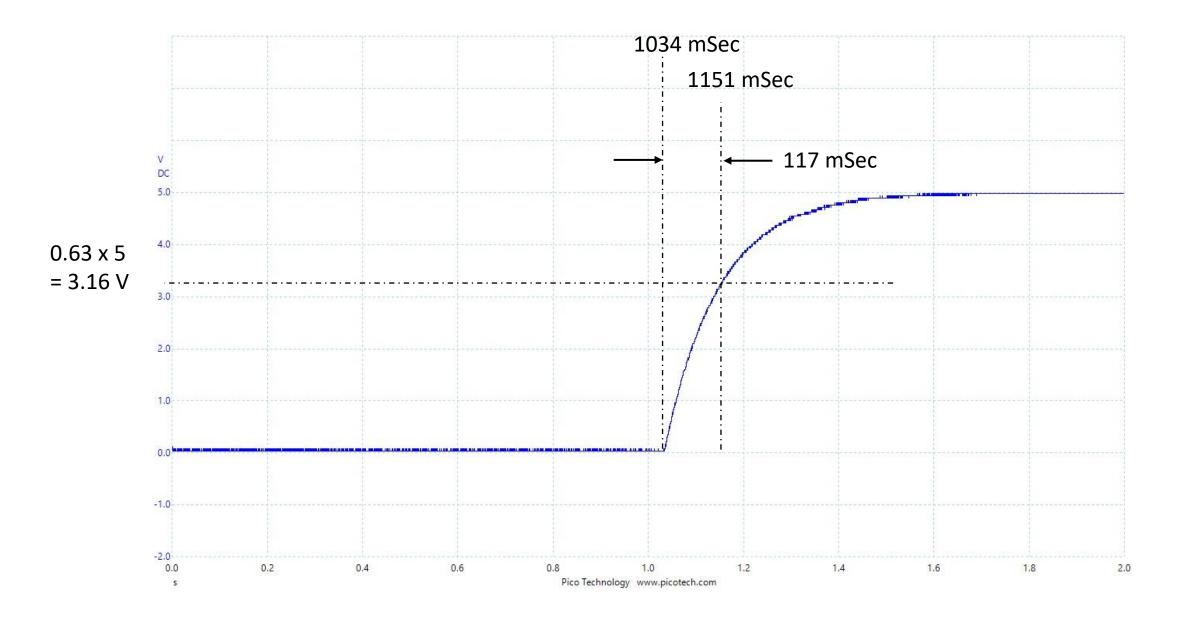
$$V_{cc} = 5 V$$

$$R = 100 k\Omega$$

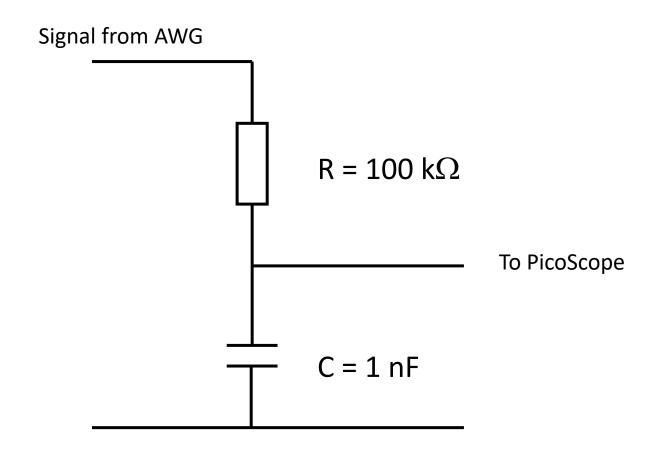
$$C = 1 uF$$

$$\tau$$
 = RC = 100 mSec

$$\tau$$
 = Measured time from V = 0
V = 0.632 V_{CC}



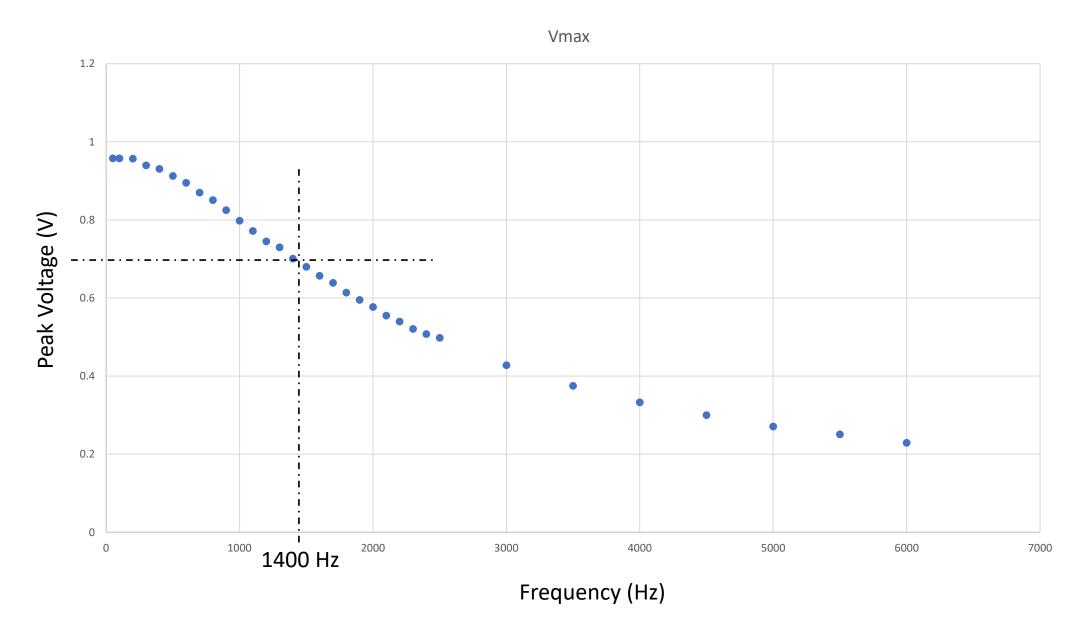
Interesting observation, Cap only charges to 4.6 V when probe is on x 1



$$f_{3dB} = 1/(2\pi RC)$$

$$= 1.6 \text{ kHz}$$

Should be at 0.7 Vpk



Errors? Tolerance of components? Parasitics?