# How to optimize BMPs implementation orders

# 1. Getting familiar with SEIMS operations

Make sure you have read through *SEIMS-UserManual.pdf* and followed the steps described in it and the execution commands for the major steps.

# 2. Recompile

Since the C++ code of this branch has been modified, SEIMS needs to be recompiled to use this branch. You can follow these commands on Linux:

```
cd ~/Programs/SEIMS
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
make -j4
make install
```

### Or these commands on Windows:

```
cd D:\demo\SEIMS
d:
mkdir build
cd build
cmake -G "Visual Studio 12 2013 Win64" ..
msbuild.exe ALL_BUILD.vcxproj /p:Configuration=Release
msbuild.exe INSTALL.vcxproj /p:Configuration=Release
```

# 3. Data preprocessing

Run the preprocessing script to re-import the meteorological and precipitation data during simulation period, demo spatial data at 30m resolution, BMPs' stepwise economic benefit and environmental effectiveness, and model output configurations into the database.

Use the commands below to run the preprocessing script:

```
cd ~/Programs/SEIMS/seims/preprocess
python main.py -ini ~/Programs/SEIMS/data/youwuzhen/workspace/preprocess.ini
```

Note that to output the annual sediment yield data, the same OUTPUTID (SED\_OL) and different FILENAME must be set in the *file.out* file, as shown in .

Figure 1. file.out example

#### 4. Run the model

After the data import is complete, you can run the model to check whether the calculation results are correct. Calibrated parameters (*param.cali*) for 10m resolution data are provided in the model folder for demonstration purposes only. You can calibrate the model according to your needs. Please refer to the relative chapters in *SEIMS-UserManual.pdf*.

Use the commands below to run the model:

```
cd ~/Programs/SEIMS/seims

python run_seims.py -ini

~/Programs/SEIMS/data/youwuzhen/workspace/runmodel.ini
```

# 5. Scenario analysis

You can review whether you need to optimize spatial configurations of the BMP scenarios first according to your own situation. The scenario in the Pareto fronts of this step can be used as the starting scenario for the next step: optimization of the implementation orders of BMPs. Alternatively, the spatial configuration of the BMP scenario developed by the expert can be selected.

Use the commands below to run scenario analysis:

```
cd ~/Programs/SEIMS/seims/scenario_analysis/spatialunits
python main_nsga2.py -ini
~/Programs/SEIMS/data/youwuzhen/workspace/scenario_analysis.ini
```

# 6. Optimization of BMPs implementation orders

#### 6.1 Starting scenario

Starting scenario information must be provided as text in the model folder at least containing the Scenario ID, Gene number, and Gene values. The other items are optional. For demo data, please refer to the file *Scenario\_196508708.txt* in the model folder.

```
SUBSCENARIO ID
                                              RASTER|SLPPOS UNITS 1.0 196508708
5fd9c3ded364bd251c0dc044
                 S196508708 AREAL_STRUCT_MANAGEMENT 17
34-88-23-24-25-100-124-544-720-752-55-56-59-236-67-268 RASTER|SLPPOS_UNITS 2.0 196508708
5fd9c3ded364bd251c0dc045
                 $196508708 AREAL_STRUCT_MANAGEMENT 17 128-160-180-212-232-260 RASTER|
SLPPOS_UNITS 3.0 196508708
                 $196508708 AREAL STRUCT MANAGEMENT 17 576-624-736-816-928-944 RASTER
5fd9c3ded364bd251c0dc046
SLPPOS UNITS 4.0 196508708
5fd9c3ded364bd251c0dc047
                  $196508708 PLANT MANAGEMENT 12 33 RASTER|LANDUSE 0 196508708
  economy: 66.496700
```

Figure 2. Example of the starting scenario file

### 6.2 Configuration file

The configuration file *scenario\_analysis\_bmps\_order.ini* in workspace folder adds some configuration items for the BMPs implementation orders, which are explained as follows.

```
# implementation periods (in year)
implementation period = 5
# whether BMPs effectiveness variable and, if so, what is the change frequency (in
year)
effectiveness changeable = True
change frequency = 1
# whether to consider stepwise investment and, if so, what are the respective
investment limits.
enable investment quota = False
investment each period = [90, 70, 30, 20, 20]
# the discount rate during the stepwise investment periods
discount rate = 0.1
# starting scenario to optimize BMP implementation oders
selected scenario file = Scenario 196508708.txt
# average and annual sediment yield of the baseline scenario
Eval_info = {"OUTPUTID": "SED OL", "ENVEVAL": "SED OL SUM.tif",
"BASE ENV": 1688493, "BASE SED PERIODS": [1347426, 818153, 1009664,
3634481, 1632739]}
```

#### 6.3 Run the optimization of BMPs implementation orders

Use the commands below to run the optimization of BMPs implementation orders:

```
cd ~/Programs/SEIMS/seims/scenario_analysis/spatialunits

python bmps_order_nsga2.py -ini

~/Programs/SEIMS/data/youwuzhen/workspace/scenario analysis bmps order.ini
```

### **6.4 Examine optimization results**

Optimization results are saved in SA NSGA2 SLPPOS HILLSLP Gen \* Pop ? folder in model folder, where \* refers to the generation number, and ? refers to the size set in the optimization algorithm. For population example, SA NSGA2 SLPPOS HILLSLP Gen 2 Pop 8 will be generated when GenerationsNum is set to 2 and PopulationSize is set to 8 in the configuration file scenario analysis bmps order.ini.

The results folder contains several files and subfolders that has already described in Section 2:8.1 in SEIMS-UserManual.pdf. The main differences are:

 Scenarios folder: The BMP scenario information in plain text file and the corresponding spatial distribution raster file are extended to present the BMP implementation orders. For example, one BMP scenario information of the 2nd generation is as follows.

Scenario ID: 218840362

Gene number: 105

- BMPID NAME COLLECTION DISTRIBUTION LOCATION SUBSCENARIO ID EFFECTIVENESSVARIABLE CHANGEFREQUENCY id
- 17 S218840362 AREAL\_STRUCT\_MANAGEMENT RASTER|SLPPOS\_UNITS 72|5-288|2-19|2-76|2-22|1-23|1-92|3-24|5-30|5-120|5-124|1-33|1-132|2-34|4-136|2-140|4-36|4-144|5-39|1-640|2-164|2-180|3-720|1-184|2-736|4-51|5-204|3-
- 208|1-55|4-58|1-232|3-928|3-67|4-268|4 2 218840362 0 31536000

63142544e655f47554a24611

- PLANT\_MANAGEMENT RASTER|LANDUSE 33 0 12 S218840362 218840362 0 -1 63142544e655f47554a24615

Effectiveness:

economy: 146.002763

```
environment: 43.772761

sed_sum: 949393.000000

sed_per_period: [745785.4, 583586.5, 569093.6, 1907091.1, 941408.44]
```

• Runtime.log: The file *runtime.log* has changed a lot and stores many stepwise data of the simulation scenario, such as sediment per period, net cost per period, cost per period and income per period. All of them are stored in array which is easy to read and parse for the further analysis.

Figure 3. Example of runtime.log file

The optimization of BMPs implementation orders is time-consuming mainly because the optimization framework needs to repeatedly execute the watershed model many times. For example, with these optimization parameters (GenerationsNum = 2, PopulationSize = 8, CrossoverRate = 0.8, MaxMutatePerc = 0.2, MutateRate = 0.1, SelectRate = 0.8), under the general computer configuration (Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-6700HQ CPU @ 2.60GHz, 6GB memory), the single-process execution optimization programs took a total of 948.87 seconds (about 16 minutes). Parallel execution libraries (e.g., SCOOP) or even multiple supercomputer nodes can be used to improve the efficiency of the optimization programs.