

Computing Methods for Experimental Physics and Data Analysis

Introduction

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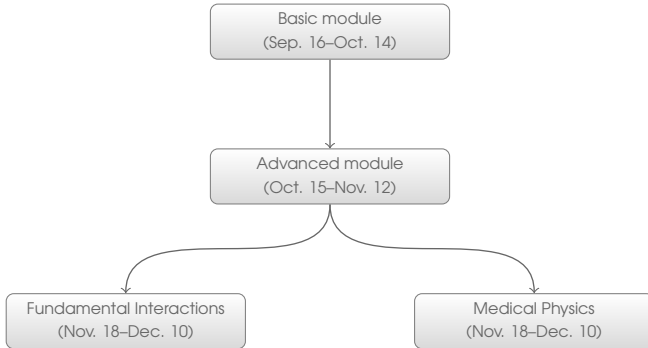
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Goals and prerequisites

- ▷ What is this all about?
 - ▷ Automating repetitive tasks
 - ▷ Python basics, standard library and scientific ecosystem
 - ▷ Collaborative code development and best practices
 - ▷ Algorithms and data structures
 - ▷ Machine learning
 - ▷ Specific tools for high-energy physics or medical physics
- ▷ This is not so much about Python or C++—it is about how to write code for effective data analysis
- ▷ Will I be a professional data scientist at the end of the semester?
 - ▷ No, but hopefully you'll be able to poke around and find the right tool for the job at hand
- ▷ Pre-requisites
 - ▷ Have a vague idea of how a computer operates
 - ▷ If you have ever programmed before that would be great!

Basic structure of the course



▷ Modularity and standard paths:

- ▷ Each module is worth 3 credits
- ▷ 6 credits: basic + advanced
- ▷ 9 credits: basic + advanced + fundamental interactions
- ▷ 9 credits: basic + advanced + medical physics



Basic module

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- ▷ Collaborative tools
 - ▷ Version control, development workflow, development platforms
- ▷ Python basics
 - ▷ Coding conventions, structuring a package
 - ▷ Variables, native types, functions
 - ▷ The Python standard library
- ▷ Algorithms and data structures
 - ▷ Complexity and asymptotic running time
 - ▷ Python data structures and native algorithms
- ▷ Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)
 - ▷ Classes, inheritance, composition
 - ▷ Operator overload and emulation of Python builtin types
- ▷ The Python computing ecosystem
 - ▷ numpy: arrays, functions, broadcasting
 - ▷ Vectorization
 - ▷ Scipy: plotting and fitting
 - ▷ Pandas



Advanced module

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- ▷ Advanced code development
 - ▷ Unit testing, continuous integration, static analysis, documentation
- ▷ Advanced Python
 - ▷ Errors, exceptions, iterators and generators, decorators
 - ▷ Profiling and optimization
- ▷ Parallel computing
 - ▷ Computer architectures, memory, scaling laws, CPUs and GPUs
 - ▷ Parallel programming: concurrency and parallelism, threading in Python
- ▷ Machine learning
 - ▷ Classification and regression: boosted decision trees and multilayer perceptrons
 - ▷ Deep learning: neural networks, the keras library
 - ▷ Supervised and unsupervised training, reinforcement learning
 - ▷ Tensorflow



Fundamental Interactions

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- ▷ Introduction to C++
 - ▷ Coding style and organization, declaration of interfaces
 - ▷ Classes: constructors, virtual functions, private and public, abstract classes, inheritance
 - ▷ References, pointers, dynamic memory allocation, memory ownership, smart pointers
 - ▷ Templates, standard template library
 - ▷ C++11 and C++14: lambda functions, auto variables
- ▷ More parallel computing
 - ▷ Cuda and OpenCL
 - ▷ Examples of algorithms for HEP
 - ▷ GPU in HEP Data Analysis
- ▷ The ROOT data analysis framework
 - ▷ ROOT toolkit
 - ▷ PyROOT, root-numpy, RDataFrame



- ▷ Medical data processing and feature extraction (python/MATLAB)
 - ▷ Tools for handling standard-format medical data (DICOM)
 - ▷ Data anonymization and visualization
 - ▷ Deriving features from images, image segmentation
 - ▷ Data quality control pipelines: outlier removal, dimensionality reduction
- ▷ Data analysis and classification (python/MATLAB)
 - ▷ Performance evaluations: figures of merit, cross-validation schemes, permutation test
 - ▷ Machine-learning and deep-learning tools for segmentation and classification
 - ▷ Data augmentation, transfer learning, retrieving localization information.



Logistics

Timetable and final exam

- ▷ Timetable: 5 + 1 hours a week
 - ▷ Monday, 16:30–19:30 (room A1)
 - ▷ If everybody agrees: start at 16:30 sharp(-ish), one 15-minutes break, try and be done by 7:00;
 - ▷ Last hour (18:30–19:30) typically for practical applications; we might skip it on specific weeks;
 - ▷ Tuesday, 08:30–11:30 (room M-Lab)
- ▷ Final exam
 - ▷ Development of a specific, reasonable-sized software project
 - ▷ Related to the topics covered in the course
 - ▷ We have a list of suggestions, but encourage everybody to come up with original projects—if you do so reach out to us well in advance to make sure the project is appropriate
 - ▷ Projects can be done individually or in pairs
 - ▷ Two-page description of the project and source code made available ~ 1 week in advance
 - ▷ We expect a well-structure repository
 - ▷ Under no circumstance you should send code by email
 - ▷ Oral exam starts with a presentation of the project
 - ▷ Aim at 10 slides for 15–20 minutes
 - ▷ A few questions on the course material from a pre-compiled list
 - ▷ We expect the answers to the questions to be thorough and in-depth
- ▷ List of projects/questions to be updated over the next two weeks