Function overloading

```
#include<iostream>
  using namespace std;
  class printdata
   public:
   void print(int i)
    cout<<"print int:"<<i<<endl;</pre>
    void print(double f)
     cout<<"print float:"<<f<<endl;</pre>
   };
   int main()
   printdata o;
   o.print(5);
   o.print(27.27);
   return 0;
os@os-HP-Compaq-dc7900-Small-Form-Factor:~$ g++ fun.cpp
os@os-HP-Compaq-dc7900-Small-Form-Factor:~$ ./a.out
print int:5
print float:27.27
os@os-HP-Compaq-dc7900-Small-Form-Factor:~$
```

Unary operator overloading

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Test
{
  private:
    int num;
  public:
    Test()
    {
      num=8;
    }
    void operator ++()
    {
      num=--num;
    }
    void print()
    {
      cout<<"the count is: "<<num;
}</pre>
```

```
}
};
int main()
{
Test tt;
++tt;
tt.print();
return 0;
}
```

```
os@os-HP-Compaq-dc7900-Small-Form-Factor:~$ g++ unary.cpp
os@os-HP-Compaq-dc7900-Small-Form-Factor:~$ ./a.out
the count is : 7os@os-HP-Compaq-dc7900-Small-Form-Factor:~$
```

Binary operator overloading

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Height
{
public:
int feet,inch;
Height()
 feet=0;
 inch=0;
 Height(int f,int i)
 feet=f;
 inch=i;
 Height operator+(Height& d2)
  Height h3;
  h3.feet=feet+d2.feet;
  h3.inch=inch+d2.inch;
  return h3;
  };
  int main()
  Height h1(3,7);
  Height h2(6,1);
  Height h3;
  h3=h1+h2;
  cout<<"sum of feet & inches : "<<h3.feet<<" "<<h3.inch<<endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

}