Dealing with a Monster Ecto Query

Mackenzie Morgan

Axios

Elixir Wizards Conference 2021

About Me

A year ago, I learned Elixir because we launched the Axios mobile app and immediately crashed Apollo.

About Me

A year ago, I learned Elixir because we launched the Axios mobile app and immediately crashed Apollo.

Every morning.

About Me

A year ago, I learned Elixir because we launched the Axios mobile app and immediately crashed Apollo.

Every morning.

At 6AM.

The problem

A single complex query with a lot of ORs is responsible for the majority of our database load.

The problem

A single complex query with a lot of ORs is responsible for the majority of our database load.

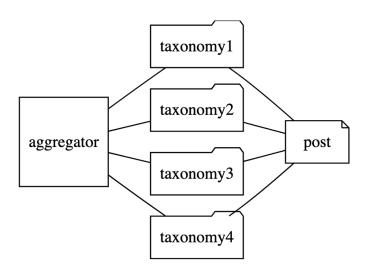
And the biggest day in US political news is next week.

The problem

A single complex query with a lot of ORs is responsible for the majority of our database load.

And the biggest day in US political news is next week. (the presidential election)

Context



Starting code

```
Repo.all(
  from p in Post,
    left join: t1 in assoc(p, :taxonomy1 ),
    left_join: t2 in assoc(p, :taxonomy2 ),
    left_join: t3 in assoc(p :taxonomy3 ),
    left_join: t4 in assoc(p :taxonomy4 ),
    left_join: a1 in assoc(t1, :aggregators ),
    left_join: a2 in assoc(t2, :aggregators ),
    left_join: a3 in assoc(t3, :aggregators ),
    left_join: a4 in assoc(t4, :aggregators ),
    where:
      a1.id == ^id or
        a2.id == ^id or
        a3.id == ^id or
        a4.id == ^id
```

Break it down

What if we do 4 smaller queries?

Break it down

What if we do 4 smaller queries?

```
Repo.all(
  from p in Post,
    left_join: t1 in assoc(p, :taxonomy1 ),
    left_join: a1 in assoc(t1, :aggregators ),
    where:
        a1.id == ^id
)
```

Break it down

What if we do 4 smaller queries?

```
Repo.all(
  from p in Post,
    left_join: t1 in assoc(p, :taxonomy1 ),
    left_join: a1 in assoc(t1, :aggregators ),
    where:
       a1.id == ^id
)
```

Written out 4 times, once for each taxonomy

Not DRY enough

What if we take advantage of atoms and the pin operator?

Not DRY enough

What if we take advantage of atoms and the pin operator?

```
defp query_articles(id, taxonomy) do
  Repo.all(
    from p in Post,
        left_join: t in assoc(p, ^taxonomy),
        left_join: a in assoc(t, :aggregators ),
        where: a.id == ^id
    )
end
```

Not DRY enough

What if we take advantage of atoms and the pin operator?

```
defp query_articles(id, taxonomy) do
  Repo.all(
    from p in Post,
        left_join: t in assoc(p, ^taxonomy),
        left_join: a in assoc(t, :aggregators ),
        where: a.id == ^id
    )
end
```

And call it 4 times, once for each taxonomy

Just a little further

What if we use Elixir's famed concurrency?

Just a little further

What if we use Elixir's famed concurrency?

```
taxonomies = [
   :taxonomy1,
   :taxonomy2,
   :taxonomy3,
   :taxonomy4
]
```

```
Task.async stream(
  taxonomies,
  fn taxonomy ->
    query_stories(id, taxonomy)
  end.
  timeout: 30_000
|> Enum.flat_map(fn
  {:ok, posts} -> posts
end)
```

Results

- DB CPU utilization: $50\% \rightarrow 40\%$ (-20%)
- Postgres analyze cost: $3614 \rightarrow 16$
- Postgres analyze execution time: 8.424ms ightarrow 0.125ms imes 4 = 0.5ms
- Max requests per second: 700%
- Stress-free Election Night

Find Me Online

Twitter: @maco_nix

GitHub: @maco

• Homepage: mackenzie.morgan.name

• Elixir Slack: @maco