Sylhet Cadet College Model Test Examination - 2022 Class: HSC

Subject: Statistics 2nd Paper (MCQ) Subject Code: 130

Time: 20 minutes Full Marks: 25

An	swer any fifteen (15)	questions. Each quest	tion is worth one (1)	mark.		
1.	Which formula is correct	et?				
	(a) $P(\bar{A} \cap B) = P(B)$ –	$-P(A \cup B)$	(b) $P(\bar{A} \cap B) = P(B)$ -	$-P(A\cap B)$		
	(c) $P(\bar{A} \cup B) = P(B)$ –	$P(A \cup B)$	(d) $P(\bar{A} \cap B) = P(A)$ –	$P(A \cap B)$		
2.	$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B)$ is true for					
	(a) independent events		(b) dependent events			
	(c) mutually exclusive events		(d) complementary events			
3.	If a coin is tossed n times, how many outcomes are generated?					
	(a) n	(b) n^2	(c) 2^n	(d) $2n$		
4.	If $P(A) = \frac{1}{8}, P(A B) =$					
	(a) $\frac{1}{48}$	(b) $\frac{1}{24}$	(c) $\frac{1}{32}$	(d) 1		
5.	A card is drawn at rand card is not a Queen?	om from a well-shuffled d	eck of 52 cards. What is	the probability that the drawn		
	(a) $\frac{1}{52}$	(b) $\frac{4}{52}$	(c) $\frac{1}{13}$	(d) $\frac{12}{13}$		
6.	If X denotes number of successes in a coin toss, how many possible possible values of X are there?					
	(a) 0	(b) 1	(c) 2	(d) 3		
7.	Expectation for a discre	ete variable x is defined a	s:			
	(a) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_i f(x_i) dx$	(b) $\sum_{i=-\infty}^{0} x_i p(x_i)$	(c) $\sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} x_i p(x_i)$	(d) $\sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} x_i p(x_i^2)$		
8.	$P(A \cap \bar{B}) = ?$					
	(a) $P(A) - P(A \cap B)$	(b) $P(B) - P(A \cap B)$	(c) $P(A) - P(A \cup B)$	(d) $P(B) - P(A \cup B)$		
	Answer the questions 9-10 according to the following information.					
	$P(x,y) = \frac{x+2y}{16}$; x = 0, 1 & y = 0, 1, 2, 3					
9.	P(X) = ?					
	(a) $\frac{x+2y}{3}$	(b) $\frac{2x+y}{3}$	(c) $\frac{2x+3y}{3}$	(d) $\frac{x+3}{4}$		
10.	P(X Y=0) = ?					
	(a) $\frac{x+2y}{4y+1}$	(b) 1	(c) x	(d) 0		
11.	11. If $Y = aX + b$, $E(Y) = ?$					
	(a) $aE(X) + b$	(b) $a^2 E(X)$	(c) $E(X)$	(d) $a + bE(X)$		
12.	Expectation is equal to-					
	(a) Variance	(b) Square of variance	(c) Arithmetic mean	(d) Standard deviation		
13.	If $E(X) = 2$ and $E(X^2) = 8$, what is the standard deviation?					
	(a) 0	(b) 2	(c) 4	(d) 8		

	(a) 0.0204	(b) 0.833	(c) 0.9204	(d) 1		
15.	The mean of the binomial distribution is					
	(a) <i>np</i>	(b) <i>nq</i>	(c) npq	(d) \sqrt{npq}		
16.	What is true of binomia	d distribution?				
	(a) $np = 0$	(b) $np < 0$	(c) $np > 0$	(d) $np \neq 0$		
17.	If a coin is tossed once,	it is called				
	i Bernoulli trial					
	ii Uniform trial					
	iii Poisson process					
	Which one is correct	(1) • 0 •••	() •	(1) 0		
	(a) i & ii	(b) i & iii	(c) i	(d) i, ii, & iii		
18.		distribution is 4, what i		(1) 10		
	(a) 2	(b) 3	(c) 4	(d) 16		
19.		is defined as $P(x) = \frac{e^{-4}}{x}$				
	(a) 0.09	(b) 0.02	(c) 0.07	(d) 0.24		
20.	What is true of Poisson		(-) M V2	(1) M		
0.1		(b) Mean < Variance	(c) $Mean = v arrance$	(d) $Mean = Variance$		
21.	. The Poisson distribution -					
	i is a discrete distrib	oution				
	i is a discrete distrib	oution mass function				
	i is a discrete distrib ii gives a probability iii gives a probability	oution mass function				
	i is a discrete distrib- ii gives a probability iii gives a probability Which one is true?	mass function density function	(c) i, ii, & iii	(d) ii & iii		
22.	i is a discrete distribution ii gives a probabilityiii gives a probabilityWhich one is true?(a) i & ii	mass function density function (b) i & iii	(c) i, ii, & iii	(d) ii & iii ld be at least 2 heads?		
22.	i is a discrete distribution ii gives a probabilityiii gives a probabilityWhich one is true?(a) i & ii	mass function density function				
	i is a discrete distribution ii gives a probability iii gives a probability. Which one is true? (a) i & ii If a neutral coin is tosse	mass function density function (b) i & iii ed 5 times, what is the pr (b) 0.5	obability that there wou	ld be at least 2 heads?		
	i is a discrete distribution ii gives a probability iii gives a probability Which one is true? (a) i & ii If a neutral coin is tosse (a) 0.81	mass function density function (b) i & iii ed 5 times, what is the pr (b) 0.5	obability that there wou	ld be at least 2 heads?		
23.	i is a discrete distribution ii gives a probability iii gives a probability Which one is true? (a) i & ii If a neutral coin is tosse (a) 0.81 When is a Binomial distribution is a Binomial distribution in the second content of the second	mass function density function (b) i & iii ed 5 times, what is the pr (b) 0.5 tribution symmetric?	cobability that there would be cobability that there would be considered as $p = q^2$	ld be at least 2 heads? (d) 0.16		
23.	i is a discrete distribution in gives a probability iii gives a probability. Which one is true? (a) i & ii If a neutral coin is tosse (a) 0.81 When is a Binomial distribution is a Binomial distribution in the second of t	bution mass function density function (b) i & iii 2d 5 times, what is the pr (b) 0.5 tribution symmetric? (b) $p > q$	cobability that there wou (c) 0.31 (c) $p = q^2$	ld be at least 2 heads? (d) 0.16		
23.24.	i is a discrete distribution in gives a probability iii gives a probability. Which one is true? (a) i & ii If a neutral coin is tosse (a) 0.81 When is a Binomial distribution is a Binomial distribution in the second of t	mass function density function (b) i & iii ed 5 times, what is the pr (b) 0.5 tribution symmetric? (b) $p > q$ ts the exponential growth	cobability that there wou (c) 0.31 (c) $p = q^2$	ld be at least 2 heads? (d) 0.16 (d) $p = q$		
23.24.	i is a discrete distribution in gives a probability iii gives a probability. Which one is true? (a) i & ii If a neutral coin is tosse (a) 0.81 When is a Binomial distribution is a Binomial distribution in the second $p < q$ Which formula represent (a) $P_n = P_o e^{rn}$	mass function density function (b) i & iii ed 5 times, what is the pr (b) 0.5 tribution symmetric? (b) $p > q$ ts the exponential growth (b) $P_n = P_o(1+r)^n$	cobability that there wou (c) 0.31 (c) $p = q^2$	ld be at least 2 heads? (d) 0.16 (d) $p = q$		

14. $f(x) = 5x^4; 0 \le x \le 1, E(X) = ?$