Statistics MCQ Question Bank

First Paper
Statistics, Variable and Concepts of Different Symbols

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1 Basic Concept of Statistics

1.	1. In which scale of measurement, zero is regarded as true zero?									
(a) Nominal scale		(b) Interval scale	(c) Ratio scale	(d) Ordinal scale						
2.	2. Which is a discrete variable?									
	(a) Weight	(b) Amount of rainfall	(c) Distance	(d) Grade in a subject						
3.	3. $If x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 = 7, \text{ and } x_4 = 12, \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 = ?$									
	(a) 26	(b) 106	(c) 206	(d) 216						
4.	4. Which one falls in the category of interval scale?									
	(a) Temperature	(b) Speed	(c) Distance	(d) Film rating						
5.	5. Which one is product of square?									
	(a) $\prod x_i^2$	(b) $(\prod x_i)^2$	(c) $\sum x_i^2 \times \sum x$	(d) $\sum x_i^2$						
6.	6. For which variable, determining number of terms is not possible?									
	(a) Discrete variable (b) Continuous variable (c) Quantitative variable(d) Qualitative variable									
		ree question based on	_							
	A farmer collects growth (in cm) of 10 plants in a month and finds that $\sum x_i = 7$ and $\sum x_i^2 = 15$									
7.	What is the value of									
	(a) 23	(b) $\sum x_i + 4n$	(c) 22	(d) 11						
8.	What is the value of	$f \sum (x_i - 4)^2$?								
	(a) 23	(b) 135	(c) 484	(d) 121						
9.	If the square of sum	mation is subtracted	the sum of square, the	e value is -						
	(a) -8	(b) 34	(c) 8	(d) -34						
10.	Which one is not an	example of ratio scal	e?							
	(a) Room no.	(b) Income	(c) Number of accident	s (d) Weight						
	2 Collection, Organization, and Presentation of Data									
	3 Measures of	of Central Tendo	ency							
11.	Which measure of c	entral tendencyis suita	able for qualitative va	riable?						
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Harmonic Mean	(c) Quadratic Mean	(d) Mode						
12.	In presence of negat	ive values, which mea	sure is not usable?							
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Geometric Mean	(c) Quadratic Mean	(d) Harmonic Mean						
13.	What is the arithme	etic mean of first n od	d natural numbers?							
	(a) $\frac{n+1}{n}$	(b) n	(c) n+1	(d) $\frac{n+1}{2}$						

14.	Inappropriate for algebraic analysis-							
	i. Medianii. Modeiii. Geometric Mean							
	Which one is true?							
	(a) i	(b) ii	(c) i & ii	(d) ii & iii				
	` '	o questions based on	` '	, ,				
		Accident	1 6 7 8 9					
		Frequency	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
15.	Fifth Decile is –							
	(a) 0	(b) 8	(c) 7	(d) 6				
16.	Which of the follow	ing is mode?						
	(a) 4	(b) 8	(c) 0	(d) 7				
17.	Which measure give	es a value from within	the values?					
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Geometric Mean	(c) Median	(d) Mode				
18.	Which one is not a	proper measure of cei	ntral tendency?					
	(a) 2nd Quartile	(b) Third Decile	(c) 3rd Quintile	(d) 110th Percentile				
19.	Which measure is n	Which measure is not used in determining skewness?						
	(a) Arithmetic Mean	(b) Geometric Mean	(c) Median	(d) Mode				
20.	The arithmetic mea	n of first n natural nu	ımbers-					
	(a) $\frac{n}{2}$	(b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$	(c) $\frac{n^2}{2}$	(d) $\frac{n^2-1}{2}$				
21.	When is the relation	aship AM = HM = GM	I true?					
	(a) All values are equal			(b) The values form a geometric progression				
	(c) The values form an	a arithmetic progression	(d) All values are distinct					
22.	In the presence of outlier(s), which measure of central tendency is suitable?							
	(a) Arithmetic mean	(b) Median	(c) Quadratic mean	(d) Power mean				
23.	If a rate is defined as $R = \frac{c}{d}$, where c is constant, then which measure is perfect?							
	(a) Weighted arithmeti	c mean	(b) Harmonic mean					
	(c) Quadratic mean		(d) Weighted geometric mean					
	Answer the next two questions as per the following information.							
	42 44 59 64 70 72 74 91 94 are 9 values.							
24.	What is the 50th pe							
	(a) 64	(b) 70	(c) 72	(d) 71				
25.	Below which value l	ie 70 percent values?						
	(a) 42	(b) 44	(c) 59	(d) 74				
26.	Which measure mig	ht have more than on	e value?					
	(a) Arithmetic mean	(b) Geometric mean	(c) Quadratic mean	(d) Mode				

27.	Above which value li	e 30% observations?							
	(a) 3rd Quartile	(b) Median	(c) 30th Percentile	(d) 70th percentile					
28.	Arithmetic means of the combined mean?	three groups having	equal no. of items ar	e 30, 32, and 34. What is					
	(a) 30.33	(b) 32.67	(c) 32.00	(d) 33.00					
29.	In which scale of mea	asurement, zero is reg	arded as true zero?						
	(a) Nominal scale	(b) Interval scale	(c) Ratio scale	(d) Ordinal scale					
30.	Which is a discrete v	ariable?							
	(a) Weight	(b) Amount of rainfall	(c) Distance	(d) Grade in a subject					
31.	$If x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 =$	$x_{4} = 7$, and $x_{4} = 12$, $\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_{i}^{2} = 1$	=?						
	(a) 26	(b) 106	(c) 206	(d) 216					
32.	Which one falls in th	e category of interval	scale?						
	(a) Temperature	(b) Speed	(c) Distance	(d) Film rating					
33.	Which one is produc	t of square?							
	(a) $\prod x_i^2$	(b) $(\prod x_i)^2$	(c) $\sum x_i^2 \times \sum x$	(d) $\sum x_i^2$					
34.	(a) Discrete variable Answer the next three	Answer the next three question based on the following information. A farmer collects growth (in cm) of 10 plants in a month and finds that							
35.	What is the value of	$\sum (x_i+4)$?							
	(a) 23	(b) $\sum x_i + 4n$	(c) 22	(d) 11					
36.	What is the value of	$\sum (x_i - 4)^2$?							
	(a) 23	(b) 135	(c) 484	(d) 121					
37.			he sum of square, the	e value is -					
	(a) -8	(b) 34	(c) 8	(d) -34					
38.		example of ratio scale							
	(a) Room no.	(b) Income	(c) Number of accidents	(d) Weight					
	4 Measures o	f Dispersion							
	5 Moments, S	Skewness, and I	Kurtosis						
39.	Which can be used t	o measure dispersion?	•						
	(a) μ'_2	(b) μ_1	(c) μ_2	(d) μ'_1					
40.	The formula of coefficient (a) $\frac{\mu_2}{n} \times 100$	cient of variance (CV (b) $\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1} \times 100$) is – (c) $\frac{\mu_2}{\bar{x}} \times 100$	(d) $\frac{\mu_3}{\sigma} \times 100$					

41.	First moment around	l zero is –							
	(a) 0	(b) 1	(c) -1	(d) Arithmetic Mean					
42.	Which values are used in constructing Box & Whisker Plot?								
	(a) Mode	(b) X_L	(c) $Q_1 \& Q_3$	(d) $Q_1, Q_2 \& Q_3$					
43.	Which might have a	negative value?							
	(a) μ_4	(b) μ_3	(c) μ'_2	(d) μ_2					
44.	In a symmatric distr	ibution–							
	i. Arithmetic Mean = N ii. $Q_2 - Q_1 = Q_3 - Q_2$ iii. $Q_1 - X_L = X_H - Q_1$								
	Which one is true?	(1) 0	() • 0 •••	(1) 0					
	(a) i & ii	(b) ii & iii	(c) i &iii	(d) i, ii &iii					
45.				Coefficient of skewness?					
	(a) 24.4	(b) 1	(c) 0.03	(d) 29.45					
46.	$\sqrt{\beta_1} = -0.23$ implies—	(b) Cymmatwy	(a) Dight Clrow	(d) Magalaurtia					
	(a) Left Skew	(b) Symmetry	(c) Right Skew	(d) Mesokurtic					
47.		d in five number sum		(d) O.					
		(b) X_H	(c) Q_2	(d) Q_3					
48.	$\beta_2 = \sqrt{9}$ implies data		() M 1	(1) C					
	(a) Leptokurtic	(b) Platykurtic	(c) Mesokurtic	(d) Symmetric					
49.	2nd Central Moment		(-)	(1)					
	(a) $\mu_2 - \mu_1'$	(b) $\mu_2 + \mu_1$	(c) $\mu_2 - \mu_1^{\prime 2}$	(d) $\mu_2' - \mu_1'^2$					
	6 Correlation	and Regression	ı						
	7 Time Series	3							
50.	A company is consta	ntly getting greater re	evenue than previous	year; this is-					
	(a) Seasonal Variation	(b) General Trend	(c) Irregular Variation	(d) Cyclic Variation					
51. Which is not a method of finding general trend?									
	(a) Graphical Method	(b) Moving Average	(c) Semi-Average	(d) Moving Median					
	Answer the next two	questions based on the	he following table:						
			009 2010 2011 2011						
		Sales 5 35	34 40 42 204						
52	In Semi-Average met	thod, what is the 2nd	average?						
~ 	(a) 74	(b) 24.67	(c) 95.33	(d) 28					
		` '	· /						

53	For	this	data	which	method	would	give	the	hest	measure	αf	trend?
JJ.	LOI	ums	uata,	WILLCII	memou	would	give	une	nest	measure	ΟI	u ena.

(a) 3-yearly Moving Average

(b) 4-yearly Moving Average

(c) Semi-Average

(d) Graphical Method

54. which component of time series represents a natural disaster?

- (a) Seasonal Variation (b) General Trend
- (c) Irregular Variation (d) Cyclic Variation

Answer Key:

11. (d) Mode

- 1. (c) Ratio scale 15. (c) 7 29. (c) Ratio scale 43. (b) μ_3
- 2. (d) Grade in a subject 16. (b) 8 30. (d) Grade in a subject 44. (d) i, ii &iii
- 3. (c) 206 17. (d) Mode 31. (c) 206 45. (d) 29.45
- 4. (a) Temperature 18. (d) 110th Percentile 32. (a) Temperature
- 5. (a) $\prod x_i^2$ 19. (b) Geometric Mean 33. (a) $\prod x_i^2$
- 6. (b) Continuous variable 20. (b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$ 34. (b) Continuous variable 47. (a) Arithmetic Mean
- 7. (a) 23 21. (a) All values are equal 35. (a) 23 48. (c) Mesokurtic

- 10. (a) Room no. 24. (b) 70 38. (a) Room no. 51. (d) Moving Median
- 12. (b) Geometric Mean 26. (d) Mode 40. (c) $\frac{\mu_2}{\bar{x}} \times 100$

25. (d) 74

13. (b) n 27. (d) 70th percentile 41. (a) 0 53. (a) 3-yearly Moving Average

39. (c) μ_2

14. (c) i & ii 28. (c) 32.00 42. (a) Mode 54. (c) Irregular Variation