

# A Vision for Explicit Path-Cooperative Transport

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measurement and architecture for a middleboxed internet

measurement

architecture

experimentation



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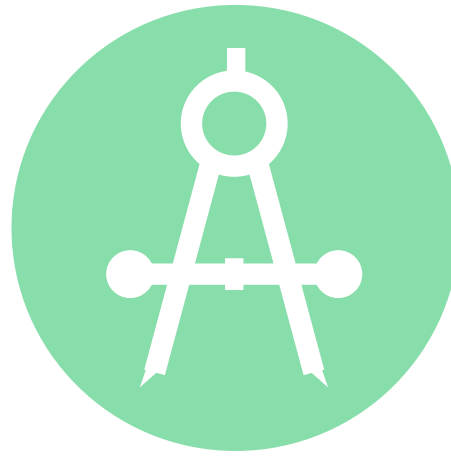
# The MAMI Project

Measurement and Architecture for a Middleboxed Internet



**measurement**

of deployed middleboxes



**architecture**

for middlebox cooperation



**experimentation**

of use case applicability  
and deployability

- Strong interaction with relevant standards organizations for impact on deployment
- FIRE testbed (MONROE) support for measurement as well as experimentation, especially on mobile broadband access networks
- Learn more at <http://mami-project.eu/>



# Overview

- Why do we need explicit middlebox cooperation?
- Why do we need a shim layer for this?
- How do we have to design the protocol to make it deployable?

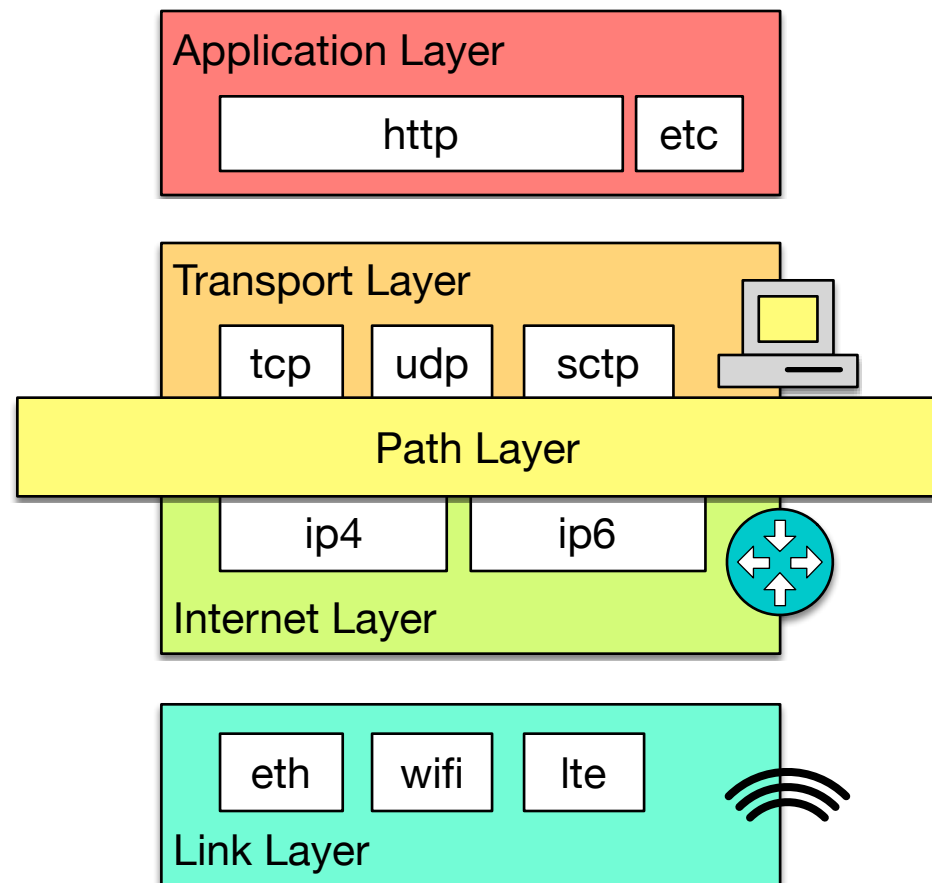


# Why explicit middlebox cooperation?

- A. Deployment problems of new protocols and protocol extension due to ossification in the Internet, e.g.
- Multipath TCP
  - QUIC (over UDP)
- B. Operation and management of in-network functionality hindered due to increasing deployment of encryption, e.g.
- firewalls using port mapping or DPI
  - performance enhancements in mobile networks



# Why a new shim layer?



- Transport layer: end-to-end sockets
- flow information
- stateful and ... at the ...
- **Missing: Per-flow information for stateful in-network functions**
- ... handling
- ... information
- ... and simple processing in the middle

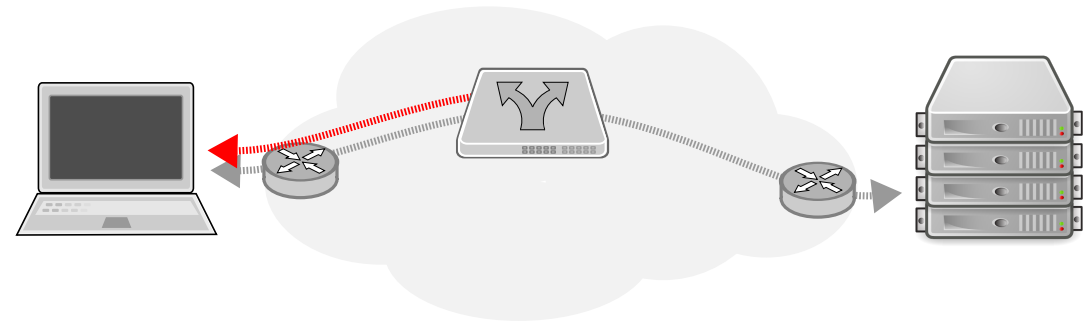
➔ **Path layer** for explicit cooperation with middleboxes instead of implicit assumptions



# Path Layer: (Basic) Functional Requirements

- Grouping of packets into flows
- Extensibility to provide per-flow network information
- Explicit feedback channel

magic		
tube/flow id		
resv	option space ...	
checksum		





# Why should I trust what you say about your flows?

- **Default:** *trust but verify*
  - declarative signaling: **no** negotiation, **no** guarantees
  - the best way to prevent cheating is to make it useless to do so
- Leverage existing trust relationships for higher-assurance declarations
  - e.g. your enterprise firewall, access network middleboxes, etc.



# Example 1: Firewall Traversal

## Problem

UDP often blocked as it is hard to maintain state

## Needed

- group ID
- start/stop signal and confirmation by receiver („SYN/ACK“)

## Action

- firewall can forward first packet and set up state based on confirmation from receiver
- group ID must be large enough to not be guessable





## Example 2: Low Latency Support

### Problem

network service not optimized for latency sensitive traffic

### Needed

flag to signal loss sensitivity vs. latency sensitivity

### Action

- network device can treat latency sensitive traffic differently, e.g. in a separate smaller queue
- trade-off between loss and latency gives no incentive to lie



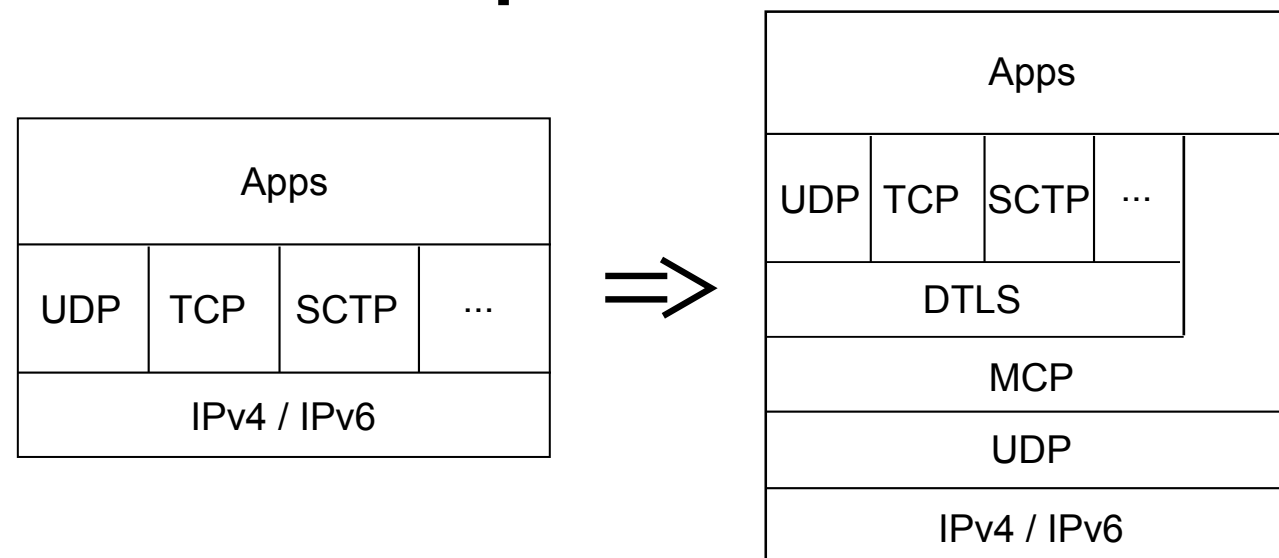
# Will it deploy?

- Transport-layer **encapsulation over UDP**
  - Need ports for NAT
  - Impossible to deploy with new protocol number across the Internet
  - Userspace (and kernelspace) implementation possible
- **Magic number** for easy recognition, protection against reflection
- **Flags** for “SYN/ACK” condition for state decision delegation to endpoint
  - All traffic bidirectional
  - Data in first packet possible
- Signals fit in a single packet (**no segmentation or reliability**)
- **Checksum** for error detection, cryptographic integrity checks available



# Implementing an Explicit Path Interface

- Application can directly indicate requirements to path layer
  - Transport can use the path layer to expose parts of its functionality/intentions to the network
  - *Middlebox Cooperation protocol* (MCP) signals these information appropriately to on-path middleboxes
- ➡ **Minimize the information exposed!**

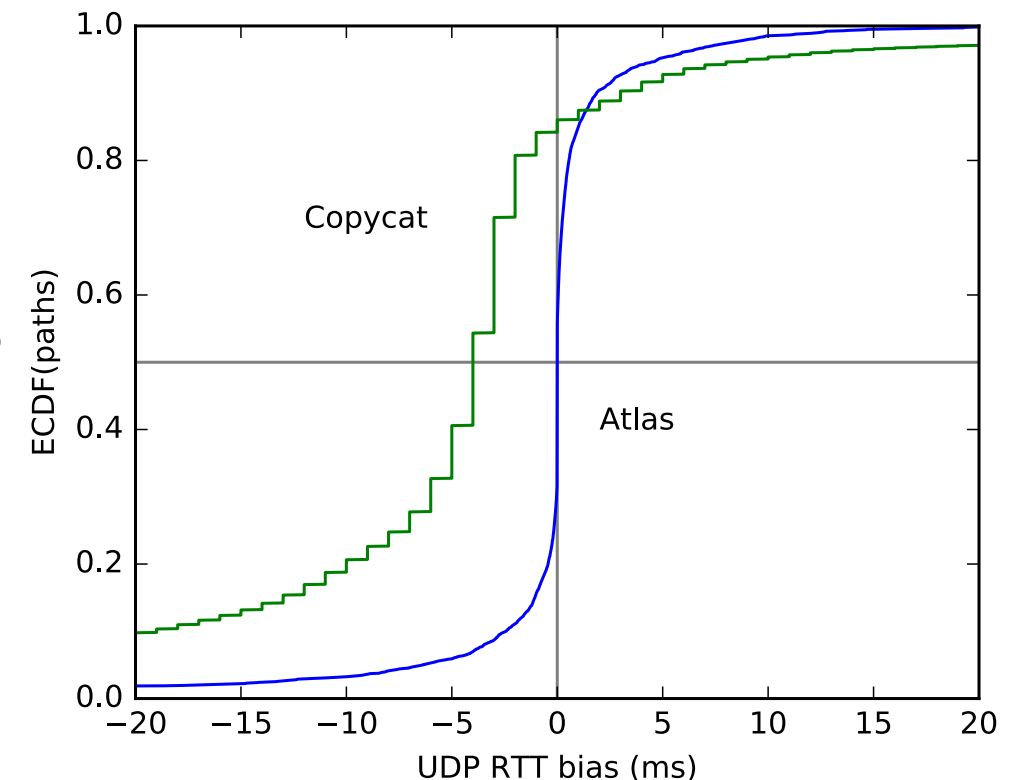




# Is it possible to run the Internet over UDP?

## Preliminary Results

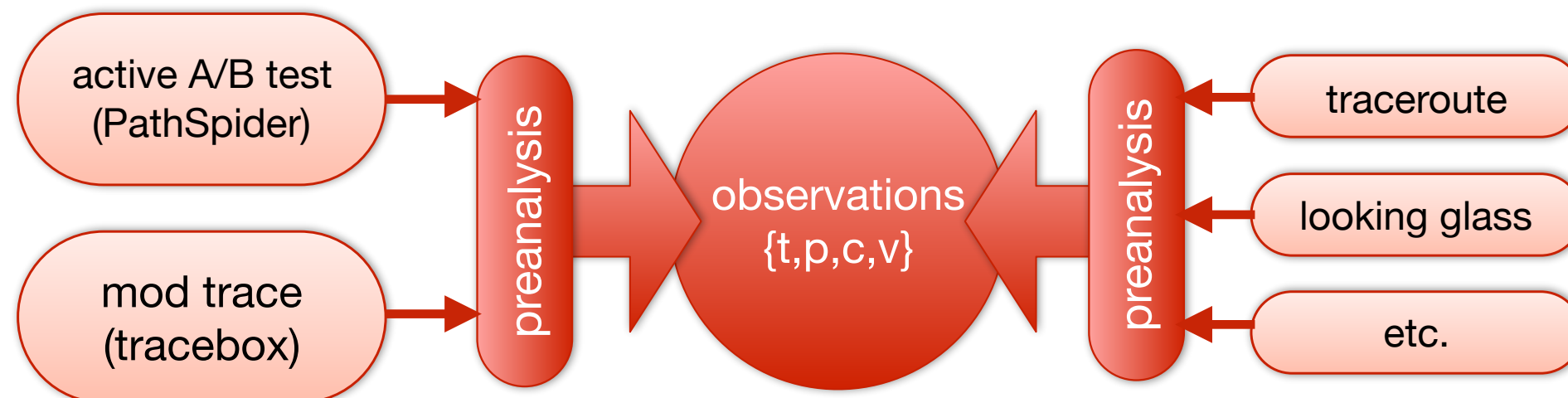
- A/B testing for TCP/UDP connectivity
- Copycat tool on 120 PlanetLab nodes
  - 3,67% UDP blocking on port 33435
  - 2,7% UDP blocking on all tested ports (33435, 1228, 8008, 12345)
- RIPE Atlas traceroute
  - 3.661% UDP blocking based on existing traceroutes
- We are currently running more measurements!
  - Use all existing testbeds available, e.g. CAIDA Ark, MONROE
  - Other impairment measurements: TCP Options, SCTP, ...





# Path Transparency Observatory

- Observatory (public release end 2016) to derive common **observations** about **conditions** on a given **path** at a given **time**
  - Active measurements, made by the project
  - External measurements (e.g. traceroutes, BGP, traces)
- Combining disparate measurements leads to better insight



Follow <http://mami-project.eu> for updates on data model & availability!

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# References



- Substrate Protocol for User Datagrams (SPUD) in the IETF
  - draft-trammell-spud-req
  - draft-kuehlewind-spud-use-cases
  - draft-hildebrand-spud-prototype
- IAB Stack Evolution Program
  - Workshop on Stack Evolution in a Middlebox Internet (SEMI) 2015 [RFC7663]
  - B. Trammell, J. Hildebrand: Evolving Transport in the Internet
- IRTF research group on Measurement and Analysis for Protocols (MAPRG)
- MAMI webpage: [mami-project.eu](http://mami-project.eu)