# Dataflow Analysis

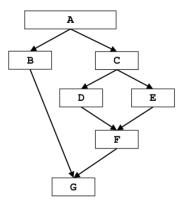
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## **Dominator Analysis**

### Example 1

Table 1:  $Gen_b = \{b\}$ ,  $Kill_b = \emptyset$ 

	Dominator Analysis
Domain	Basic Blocks
Direction	Forward
Framework	$\operatorname{out}[b] = f_b(\operatorname{in}[b])$
	$\operatorname{in}[b] = \cap \operatorname{out}[\operatorname{pred}(b)]$
Transfer function	$f_b(x) = \operatorname{Gen}_b \cup (x\text{-kill}_b)$
Meet operation	$\cap$
<b>Boundary Condition</b>	in[entry] = entry
Initial interior points	out[b] = U

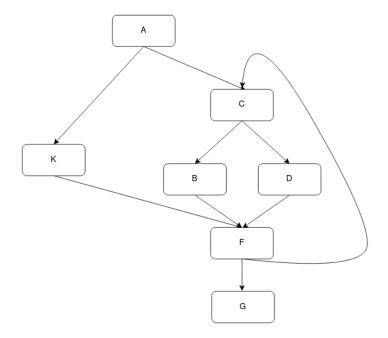


Iter 1<sup>1</sup>

	In	Out
A	<00000000>	<1000000>
$\mathbf{B}$	<1000000>	<1100000>
$\mathbf{C}$	<1000000>	<1010000>
$\mathbf{D}$	<1010000>	<1011000>
${f E}$	<1010000>	<1010100>
${f F}$	<1010000>	<1010010>
$\mathbf{G}$	<1000000>	<1000001>

 $<sup>^{1} \</sup>mathrm{initialization}$  is not considered as an iteration.

### Example 2



### Iteration 1 $^2$

	In	Out
$\mathbf{A}$	$\{\emptyset\}$	{A}
$\mathbf{C}$	$\{A\}$	$\{C,A\}$
$\mathbf{B}$	$\{C,A\}$	$\{C,A,B\}$
D	$\{C,A\}$	$\{C,A,D\}$
$\mathbf{F}$	$\{A\}$	$\{F,A\}$
$\mathbf{G}$	$\{F,A\}$	$\{F,A,G\}$
K	$\{A\}$	$\{A,K\}$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>initialization is not considered as an iteration.

## Very busy expression analysis

#### Example 1

In this example, we assume that each BB contains just 1 expression, as showed in the graph.

	Very busy expression
Domain	Expressions
Direction	Backwards
Framework	$in[b] = f_b(out[b])$
	$out[b] = \cap in[succ[(b)]$
Direction	Backwards
Transfer function	$f_b(x) = \operatorname{Gen}_b \cup (x\text{-Kill}_b)$
Meet Operation	$\cap$
Boundary condition	$in[exit] = \emptyset$
Initial interior points	in[b] = U

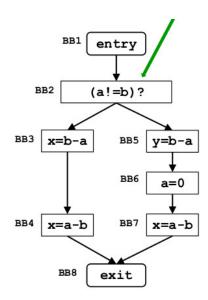


Figure 1:  $Gen_b = expressions$  evaluated in b,  $Kill_b = every$  expression that contains a operand that is defined in b

### Iteration 1 <sup>3</sup>

#### Expressions:

- 1. a!=b
- 2. b-a
- 3. a-b

BB	OUT	IN
8	000	000
7	000	001
4	000	001
6	001	$000^{4}$
5	000	010
3	001	011
2	010	110
1	110	110

 $<sup>^3</sup>$ initialization is not considered as an iteration.  $^4$ a-b gets killed

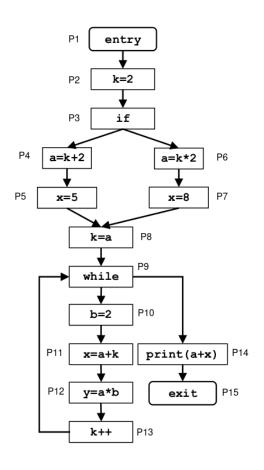
### Costant propagation analysis

#### Example 1

In this example, we assume that each BB contains only 1 expression, as showed in the graph.

Table 2:  $Gen_b = (lhs, c)$  if operand is costant for each operand in rhs,  $Kill_b = (lhs, *)$ 

	Dominator Analysis
Domain	couples (val, costant)
Direction	Forward
Framework	$\operatorname{out}[b] = f_b(\operatorname{in}[b])$
	$\operatorname{in}[b] = \cap \operatorname{out}[\operatorname{pred}(b)]$
Transfer function	$f_b(x) = \operatorname{Gen}_b \cup (x\text{-kill}_b)$
Meet operation	$\cap$
<b>Boundary Condition</b>	$in[entry] = \emptyset$
Initial interior points	$\operatorname{out}[b] = U$



### Iteration 1 $^5$

Point	IN	OUT
P1	Ø	Ø
P2	Ø	(k:2)
P3	(k:2)	(k:2)
P4	(k:2)	(k:2),(a:4)
P5	(k:2),(a:4)	(k:2),(a:4),(x:5)
P6	(k:2)	(k:2),(a:4)
P7	(k:2),(a:4)	(k:2),(a:4),(x:8)
P8	(k:2),(a:4)	(k:4),(a:4)
P9	(k:4),(a:4)	(k:4),(a:4)
P10	(k:4),(a:4)	(k:4),(a:4),(b:2)
P11	(k:4),(a:4),(b:2)	(k:4),(a:4),(b:2),(x:8)
P12	(k:4),(a:4),(b:2),(x:8)	(k:4),(a:4),(b:2),(x:8),(y:8)
P13	(k:4),(a:4),(b:2),(x:8),(y:8)	(k:4) $(k:5)$ , $(a:4)$ , $(b:2)$ , $(x:8)$ , $(y:8)$
P14	(k:4),(a:4)	(k:4),(a:4)
P15	(k:4),(a:4)	(k:4),(a:4)

#### Iteration 2

Point	IN	OUT
P1	Ø	Ø
P2	$\emptyset$	(k:2)
P3	(k:2)	(k:2)
P4	(k:2)	(k:2),(a:4)
P5	(k:2),(a:4)	(k:2),(a:4),(x:5)
P6	(k:2)	(k:2),(a:4)
P7	(k:2),(a:4)	(k:2),(a:4),(x:8)
P8	(k:2),(a:4)	(k:4),(a:4)
P9	(a:4)	(a:4)
P10	(a:4)	(a:4),(b:2)
P11	(a:4),(b:2)	(a:4),(b:2)
P12	(a:4),(b:2)	(a:4),(b:2),(y:8)
P13	(a:4),(b:2),(y:8)	(a:4),(b:2),(y:8)
P14	(a:4)	(a:4)
P15	(a:4)	(a:4)

 $<sup>^{5}{\</sup>rm a} \rightarrow 10000,\, {\rm b} \rightarrow 01000,\, {\rm k} \rightarrow 00100,\, {\rm x} \rightarrow 00010,\, {\rm y} \rightarrow 00001,\, {\rm initialization}$  is not considered as a iteration.