





THE ART OF AZURE FUNCTIONS (UNIT) TESTING AND MONITORING



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THE ISSUE....

Dev @ Work 2020

If you want to use **Azure Functions** as components of your **Enterprise solutions**, you **must** to test and monitor them!!!





WHAT ARE AZURE FUNCTIONS



Events

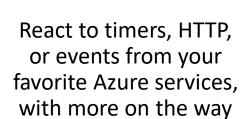


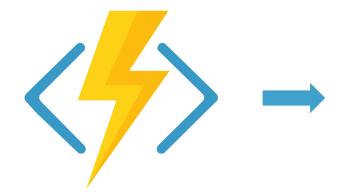
Outputs











Author functions in C#, F#, Node.JS, Java, Powershell, and more



Send results to an ever-growing collection of services



WHAT IS A UNIT TEST



In a **unit test** you invoke a piece of your code with a set of parameters and you checks the correctness its behavior.

In a **unit test** you should substitute all your external reference with a **mock** or **stub**.

Mock is for the software what a **dummy** is for a car crash test (you don't test a car with a human being inside...I Hope!!)



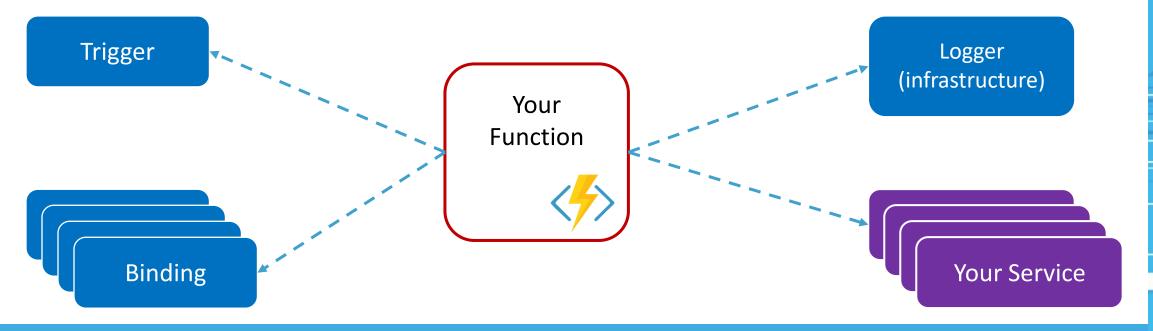
AZURE FUNCTIONS & UNIT TESTING



You should test only the code in your Azure Functions!

You **should implement** your Azure Function to allow you to use mock/stub for all external reference!

The solution is **Explicit Dependencies Principle**!!





```
public static class MortgageFunctions
    private static readonly IMortgageCalculator mortgageCalculator =
            new MortgageCalculator(null);
    [FunctionName(FunctionNames.MortgageCalculatorFunction + "STATIC")]
    O references | Massimo Bonanni, 168 days ago | 2 authors, 2 changes
    public static async Task<IActionResult> Run(
        [HttpTrigger(AuthorizationLevel.Function, "get", Route = null)] HttpRequest req,
        [Table("executionsTable", Connection = "StorageAccount")] ICollector<ExecutionRow> outputTable,
        ILogger log)
        log.LogInformation($"{FunctionNames.MortgageCalculatorFunction} start");
        // Retrieve loan, interest and numberOfPayments from HTTP Request
          Retrieve request parameters ]
        var calculatorResult =
            await mortgageCalculator.CalculateMontlyRateAsync(loan, interest, nPayments);
          Create the response
        if (calculatorResult.Succeed)
            return new OkObjectResult(calculatorResult.Result);
        return new BadRequestObjectResult(calculatorResult.Error.Message);
      Private Methods
```

```
public static class MortgageFunctions
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            return new OkObjectResult(calculatorResult.Result);
```

Trigger

You can mock it because the trigger payload is a POCO class

return new OkObjectResult(calculatorResult.Result);

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                                                                                                    Binding
        // Retrieve loan, interest and numberOfPayments from HTTP Request
          Retrieve request parameters
                                                                                        You can mock it because the
                                                                                       binding payload is an interface
        var calculatorResult =
            await mortgageCalculator.CalculateMontlyRateAsync(loan, interest, nPaym
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        if (calculatorResult.Succeed)
```

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            await mortgageCalculator.CalculateMontlyRateAsync(loan, interest, nP
          Create the response
        if (calculatorResult.Succeed)
            return new OkObjectResult(calculatorResult.Result);
```

Logger (infrastructural stuffs)

You can mock it because the logger is an interface



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          Create the response
        if (calculatorResult.Succeed)
            return new OkObjectResult(calculatorResult.Result);
```

External service

You cannot substitute it with your mock because it is created inside the Azure Function and you haven't a way to substitute it

MAKE YOUR AZURE FUNCTION TESTABLE!!!



The solution of your problem is: Dependency Injection!!

Azure Functions Runtime is based on .NET Core.

Azure Functions support the same ASP.NET Core Dependency Injection!!!

Using Dependency Injection you provide a way to substitute your Services with a mock!



0

public class MortgageFunctions



```
private readonly IMortgageCalculator mortgageCalculator;
0 references | Massimo Bonanni, 197 days ago | 1 author, 1 change
public MortgageFunctions(IMortgageCalculator mortgageCalculator)
   if (mortgageCalculator == null)
       throw new ArgumentNullException(nameof(mortgageCalculator));
   this.mortgageCalculator = mortgageCalculator;
[FunctionName(FunctionNames.MortgageCalculatorFunction)]
0 references | Massimo Bonanni, 168 days ago | 2 authors, 4 changes
public async Task<IActionResult> Run(
    [HttpTrigger(AuthorizationLevel.Function, "get", Route | null)] Ht
    ILogger log)
    log.LogInformation($"{FunctionNames.MortgageCalculatorFunction} st
    // Retrieve loan, interest and numberOfPayments from HTTP Request
      Retrieve request parameters
   var calculatorResult =
        await this.mortgageCalculator.CalculateMontlyRateAsync(loan, :
```

Constructor Injection

You can choose what kind of actual service you want to use when you instantiate the function.

In a test you can substitute it with a mock!!

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    public MortgageFunctions(IMortgageCalculator mortgageCalculator)
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        log.LogInformation($"{FunctionNames.MortgageCalculatorFunction} start");
        // Retrieve loan, interest and numberOfPayments from HTTP Request
          Retrieve request parameters
        var calculatorResult =
            await this.mortgageCal
          Create the response
                                        mortgageCalculator
```

Mock

Create a mock to use in the test!!

```
var mortgageCalculator = new Mock<IMortgageCalculator>();
mortgageCalculator
    .Setup(c => c.CalculateMontlyRateAsync(mortgageLoan, annualInterest, numberOfPayments))
    .ReturnsAsync(new CalculatorResult() { Result = rate });
var target = new MortgageFunctions(mortgageCalculator.Object);
```

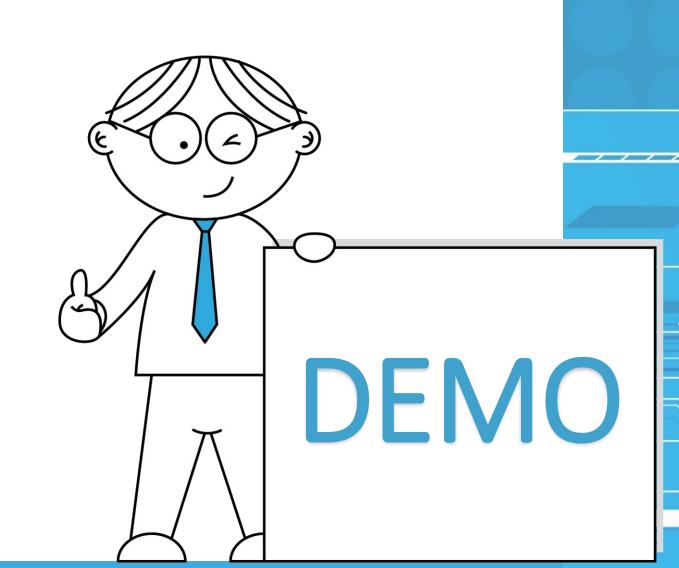
if (calculatorResult.Succe

return new BadRequestObjec

return new OkObjectRes



AZURE FUNCTIONS UNIT TESTING



MONITORING AZURE FUNCTIONS



Once you deploy your Azure Functions on Azure, you need to monitor them to check when something goes wrong.

The signature of an Azure Function Run method provides the instance of **ILogger** that you can use to log information about your code.

Using ILogger, you can collect information from your code execution to monitor and triage

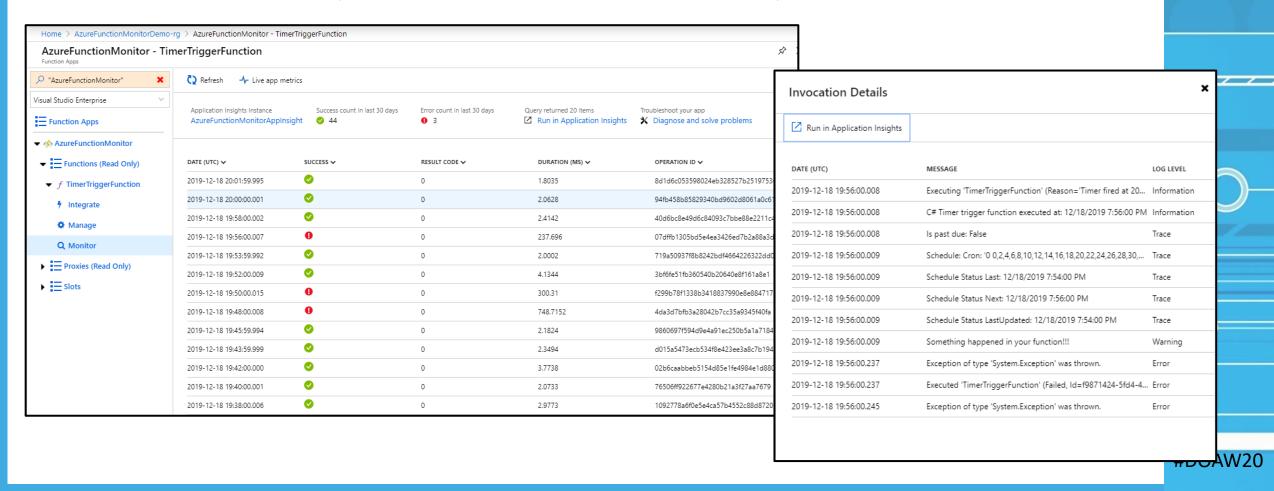
errors and exceptions.

AZURE FUNCTIONS MONITOR



Azure Functions provide out-of-the-box monitor feature.

For each Function, you can have info about every function execution.



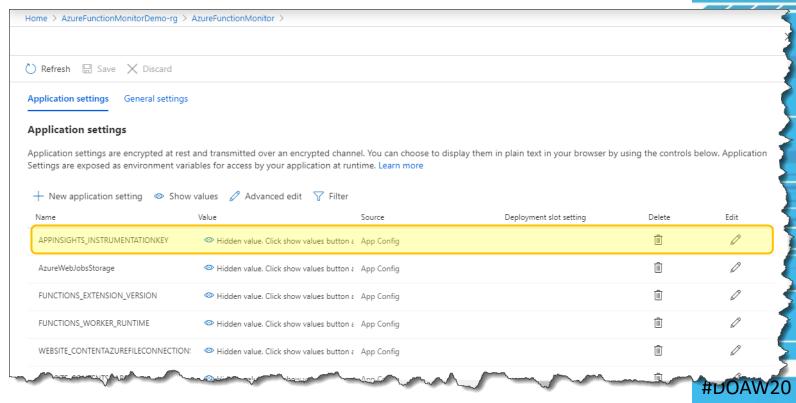
AZURE FUNCTIONS AND APPLICATION INSIGHT



The Azure Functions platform offers built-in integration with Azure Application Insights.

Application Insights gives you powerful analytic tools to aggregate log traces to have a better diagnostic experience.

Put the Application Insights instrumentation key in the function app settings.



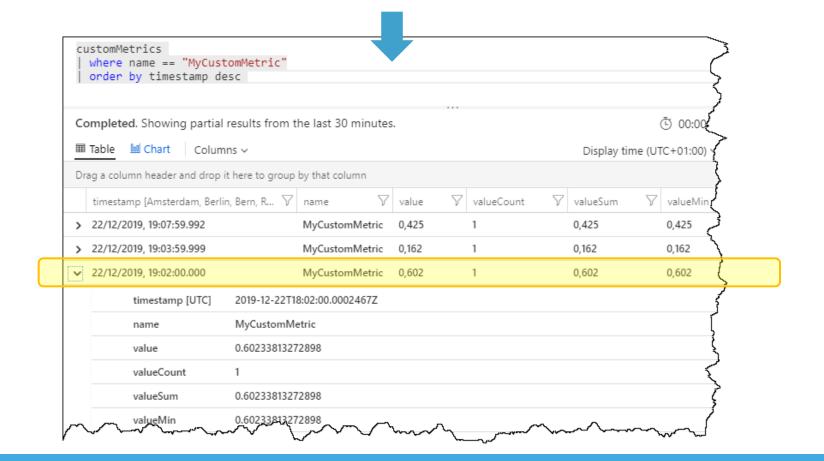
CUSTOM METRIC



Azure Function SDK provides you extension methods to log custom

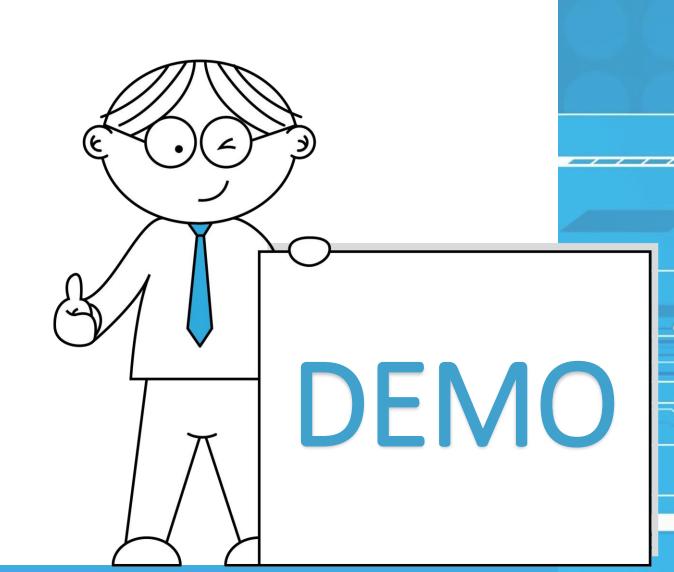
metrics.

log.LogMetric("MyCustomMetric", CalculateMyCustomMetric());





AZURE FUNCTIONS MONITORING



TAKE AWAY





Azure Functions are simple!



Testing Azure Functions is simple!



Monitoring Azure Functions is simple!



.... and then



Thanks for your attention!!!!!



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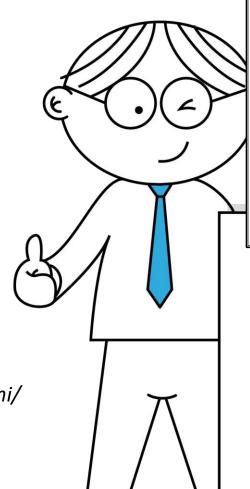














http://bit.ly/MasteringServerless



REFERENCES



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- Azure Functions Code Samples
 - https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/samples/?service=functions&sort=0
- Azure Updates
 - https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/roadmap/?category=compute
- Demo MortgageCalculator GitHub
 - http://bit.ly/TestAZFunc
- Demo Monitor Azure Functions GitHub
 - http://bit.ly/MonitorAZFunc











