



# DevBox vs Codespaces

la battaglia per l'ambiente di sviluppo perfetto!



**Massimo Bonanni**

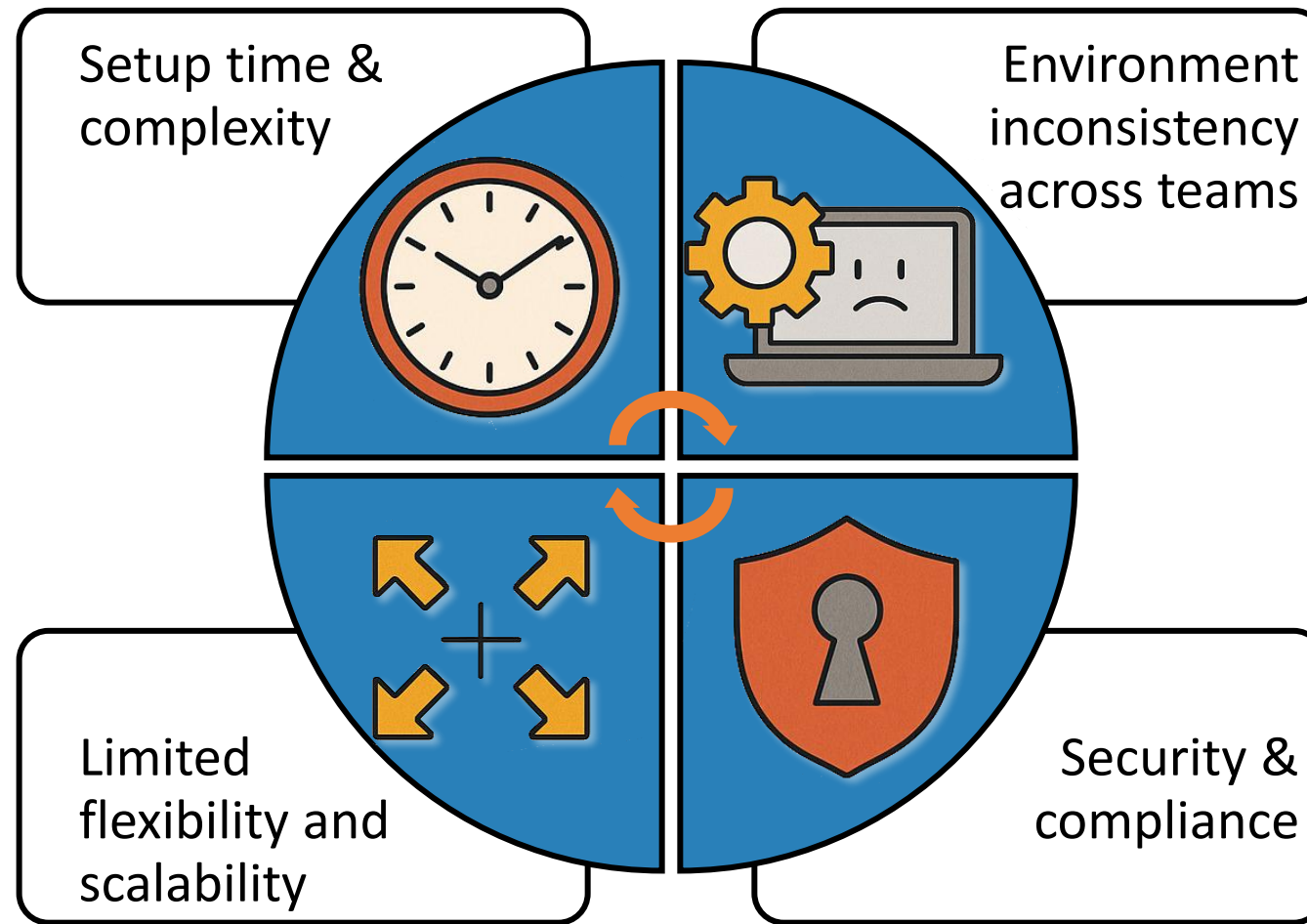
*Senior Technical Trainer @ Microsoft*



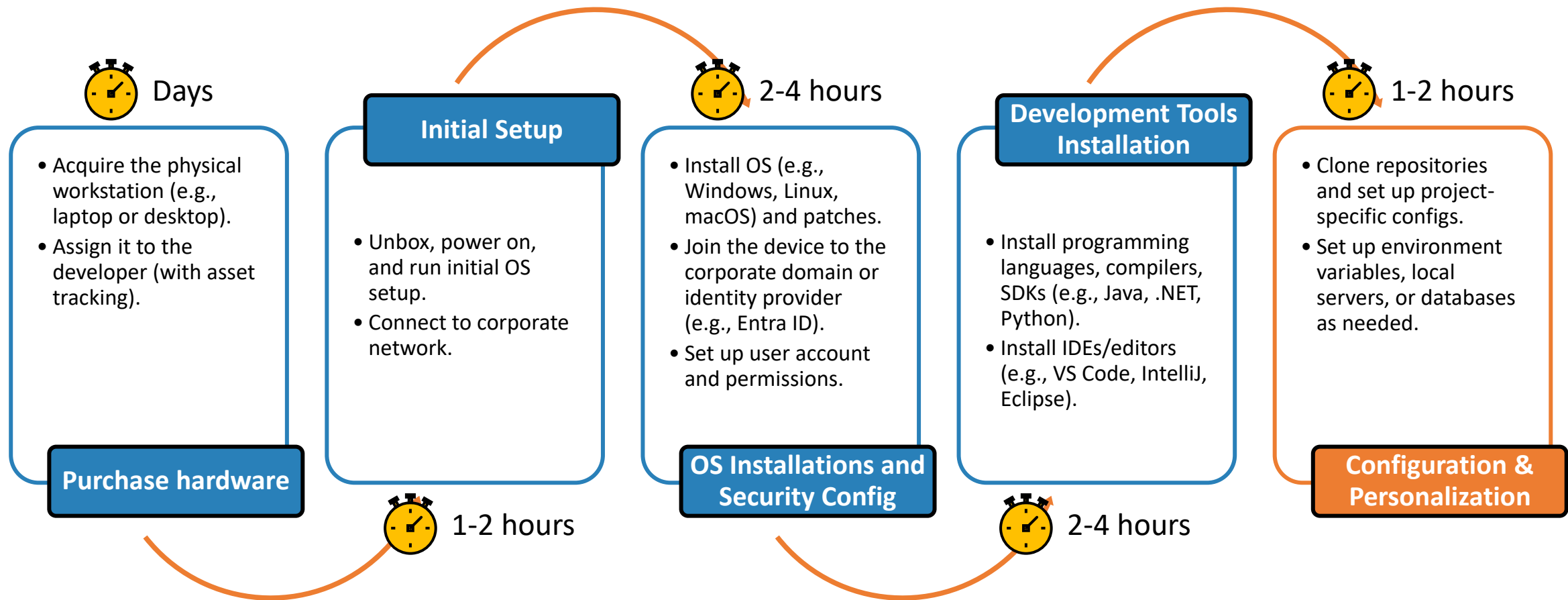
# Sponsor



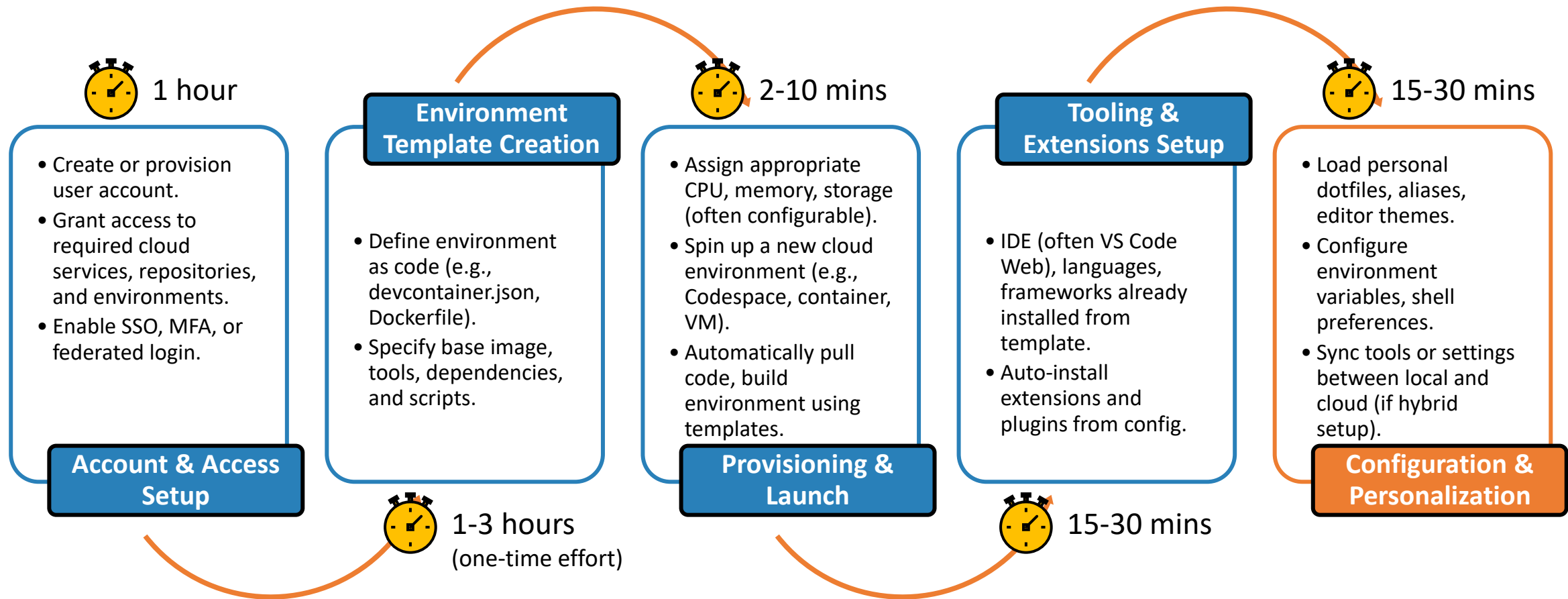
# Challenges of Traditional Dev Environments



# Challenges of Traditional Dev Environments








# Cloud-Based Dev Environment Provisioning










# Microsoft DevBox

# Introducing Microsoft DevBox

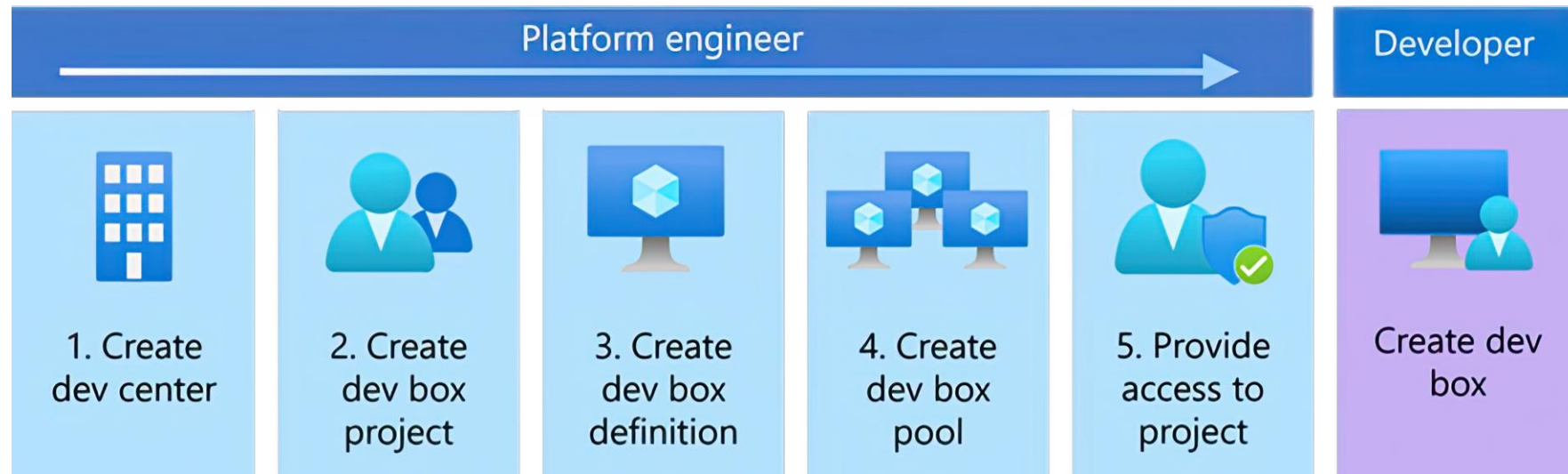
-  Cloud-based solution providing ready-to-code workstations
-  Offers self-service access to pre-configured "dev boxes"
-  Optimized for the specific needs of development teams
-  Reduces the time and complexity of environment management
-  Allows developers to focus on coding and building applications

# Prerequisites

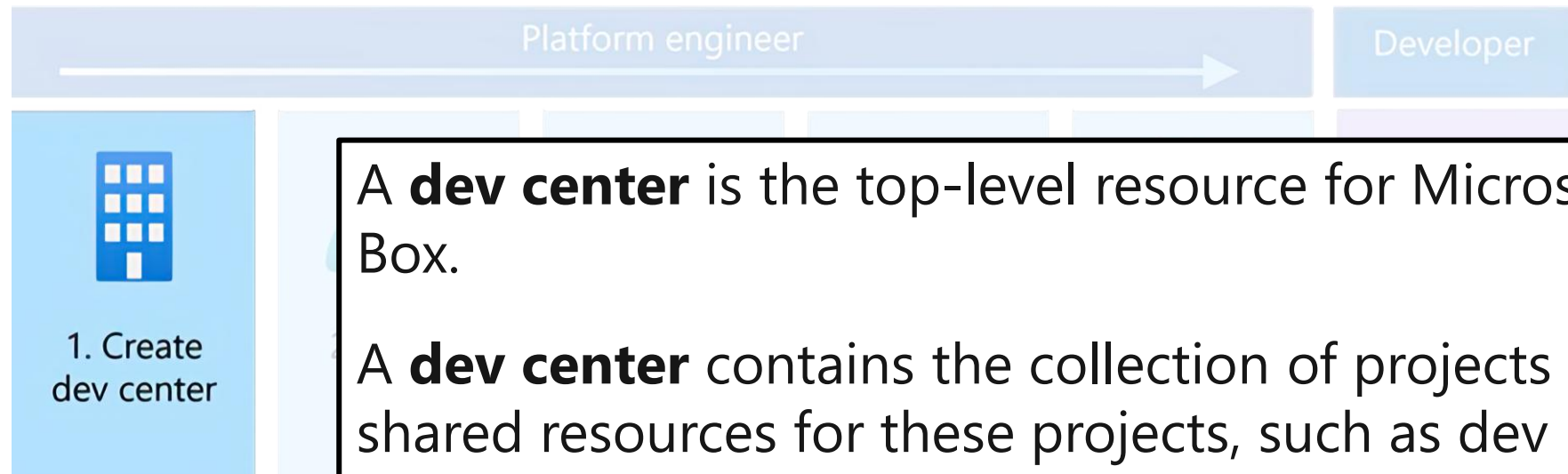
-  An Azure account with an active subscription.
-  Owner or Contributor role.
-  Microsoft Entra ID.
-  User licenses for Windows 11/10 Enterprise and Microsoft Entra ID.
-  Register the *Microsoft.DevCenter* resource provider



# Configure Microsoft DevBox



# Configure Microsoft DevBox

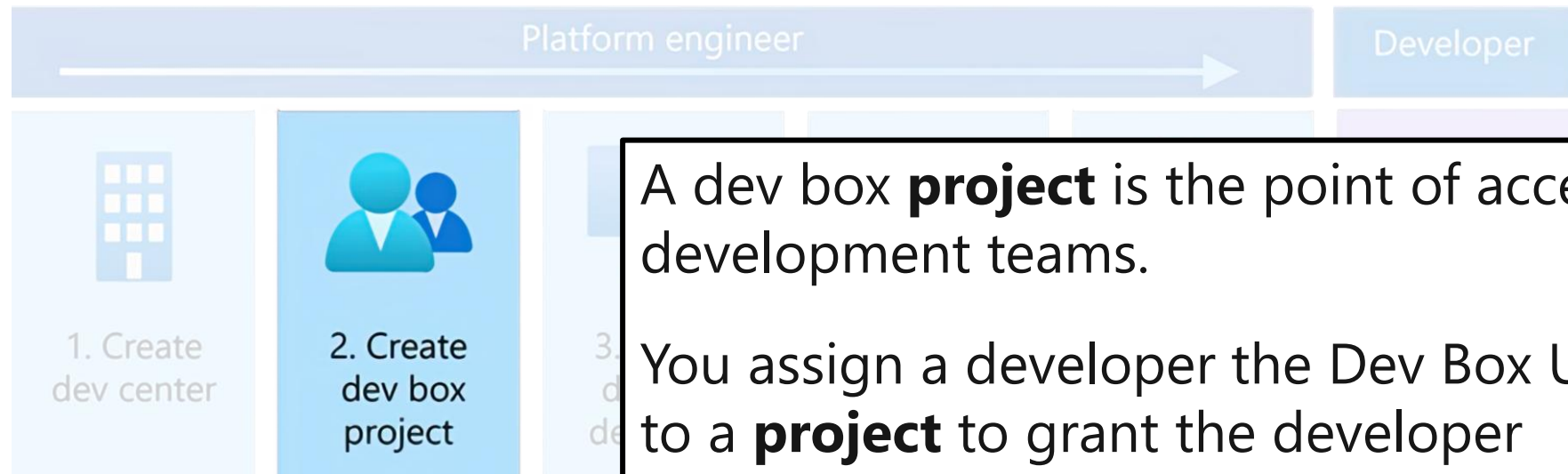


A **dev center** is the top-level resource for Microsoft Dev Box.

A **dev center** contains the collection of projects and the shared resources for these projects, such as dev box definitions and network connections.

There's no limit on the number of dev centers that you can create, but most organizations need only one.

# Configure Microsoft DevBox

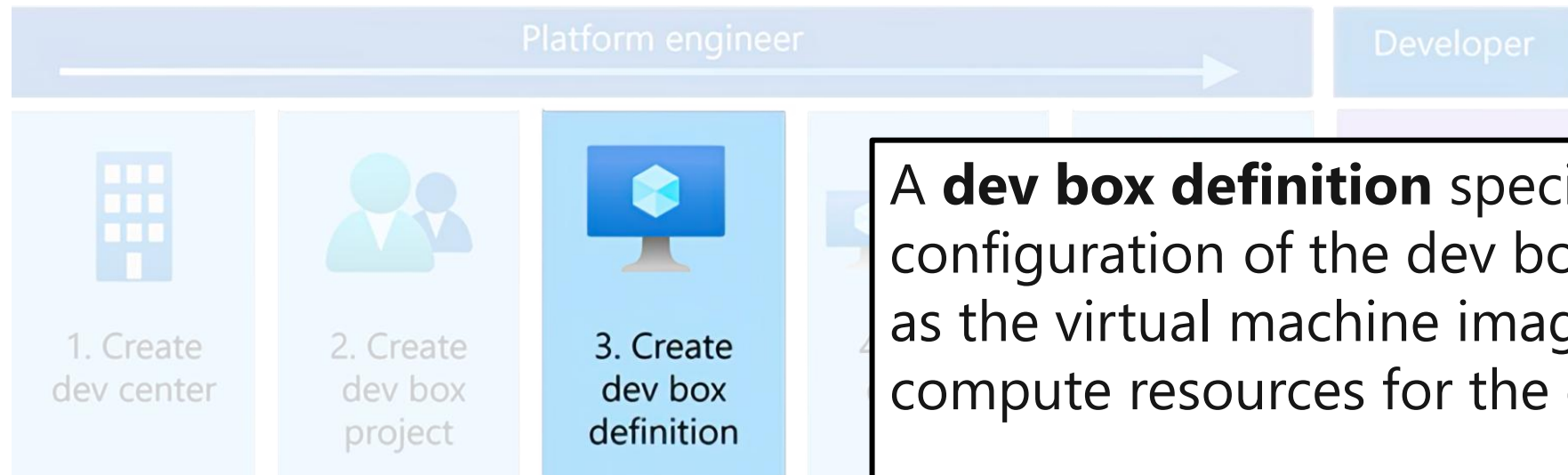


A dev box **project** is the point of access for development teams.

You assign a developer the Dev Box User role to a **project** to grant the developer permissions to create dev boxes.

You can create one or more **projects** in a dev center.

# Configure Microsoft DevBox



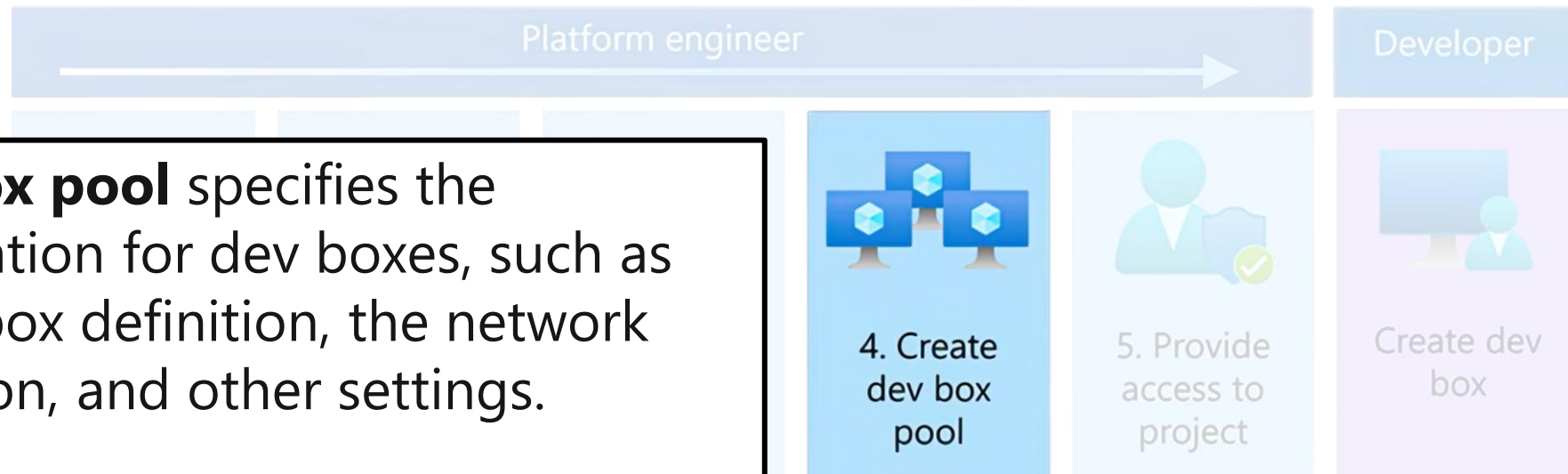
A **dev box definition** specifies the configuration of the dev boxes, such as the virtual machine image and compute resources for the dev box.

You can either choose a VM image from the Azure Marketplace or use an Azure compute gallery to use custom VM images.

# Configure Microsoft DevBox

A **dev box pool** specifies the configuration for dev boxes, such as the dev box definition, the network connection, and other settings.

All dev boxes that are created from a **dev box pool** share the same configuration.



# Configure Microsoft DevBox

Use **RBAC** to provide access to all the resources of DevBox based on their organizational role types:

- Platform engineer: influence permissions for dev centers, catalogs, and projects
- Dev manager: influence permissions for project-based resources
- Developer roles: influence permissions for users

Platform engineer

Developer



5. Provide access to project



Create dev box

# Configure Microsoft DevBox

Platform engineer

Developer

Developers can create a **dev box** from a dev box pool by using the developer portal.

They might choose from a specific pool based on the VM image, compute resources, or the location where the **dev box** is hosted.

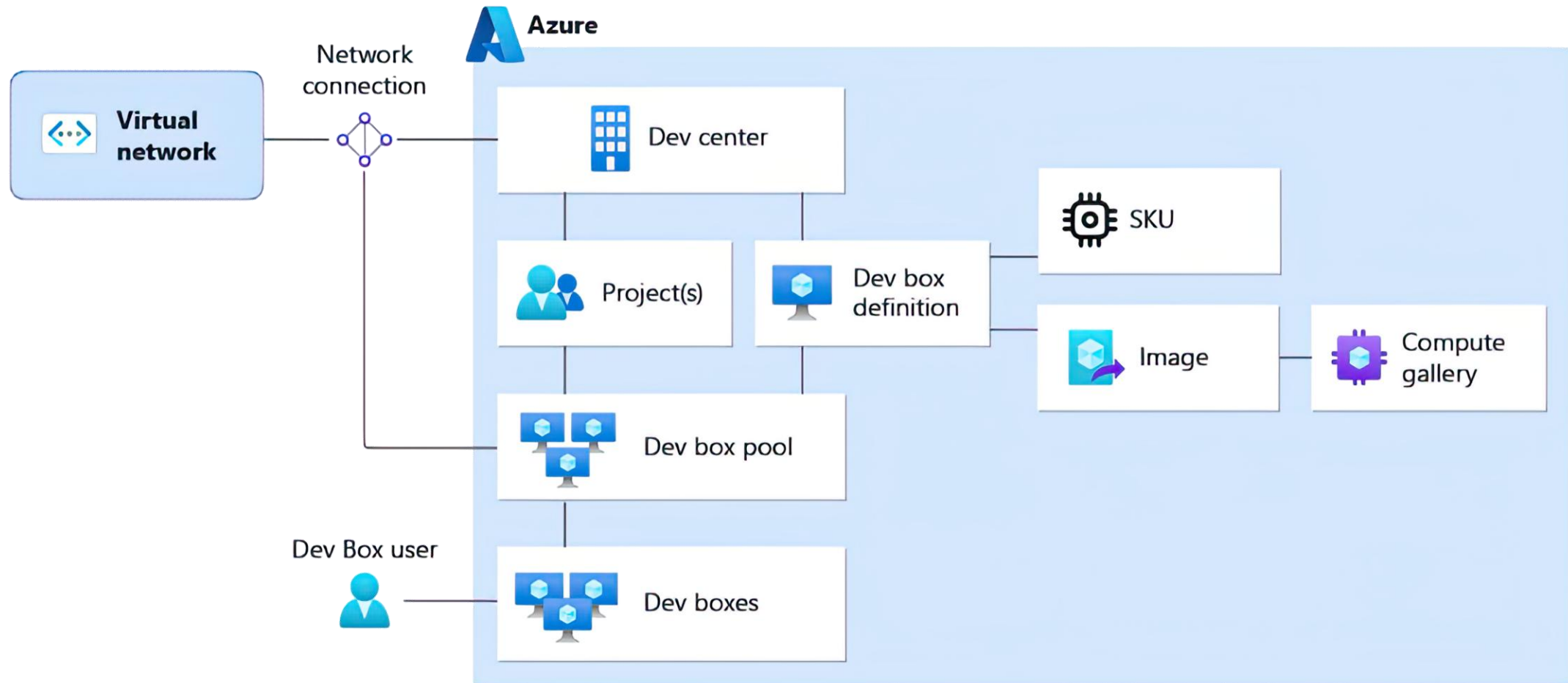
Once the **dev box** is running, dev box users can remotely connect to it from the developer portal.

**Dev box** users have full control over the dev boxes they create and can manage them from the developer portal.



Create dev box

# Microsoft DevBox Architecture







# Demo

## Microsoft DevBox

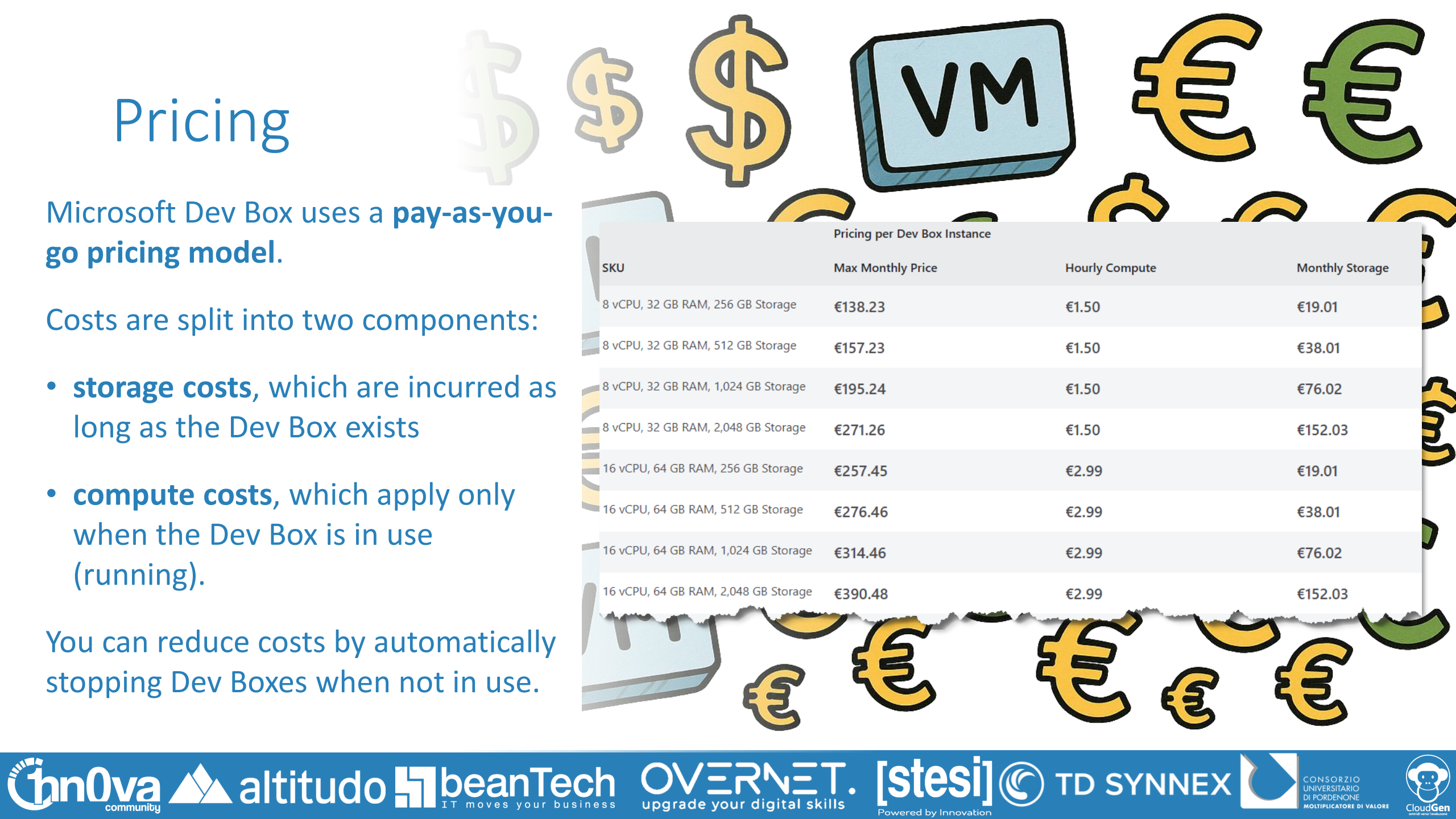
# Pricing

Microsoft Dev Box uses a **pay-as-you-go pricing model**.

Costs are split into two components:

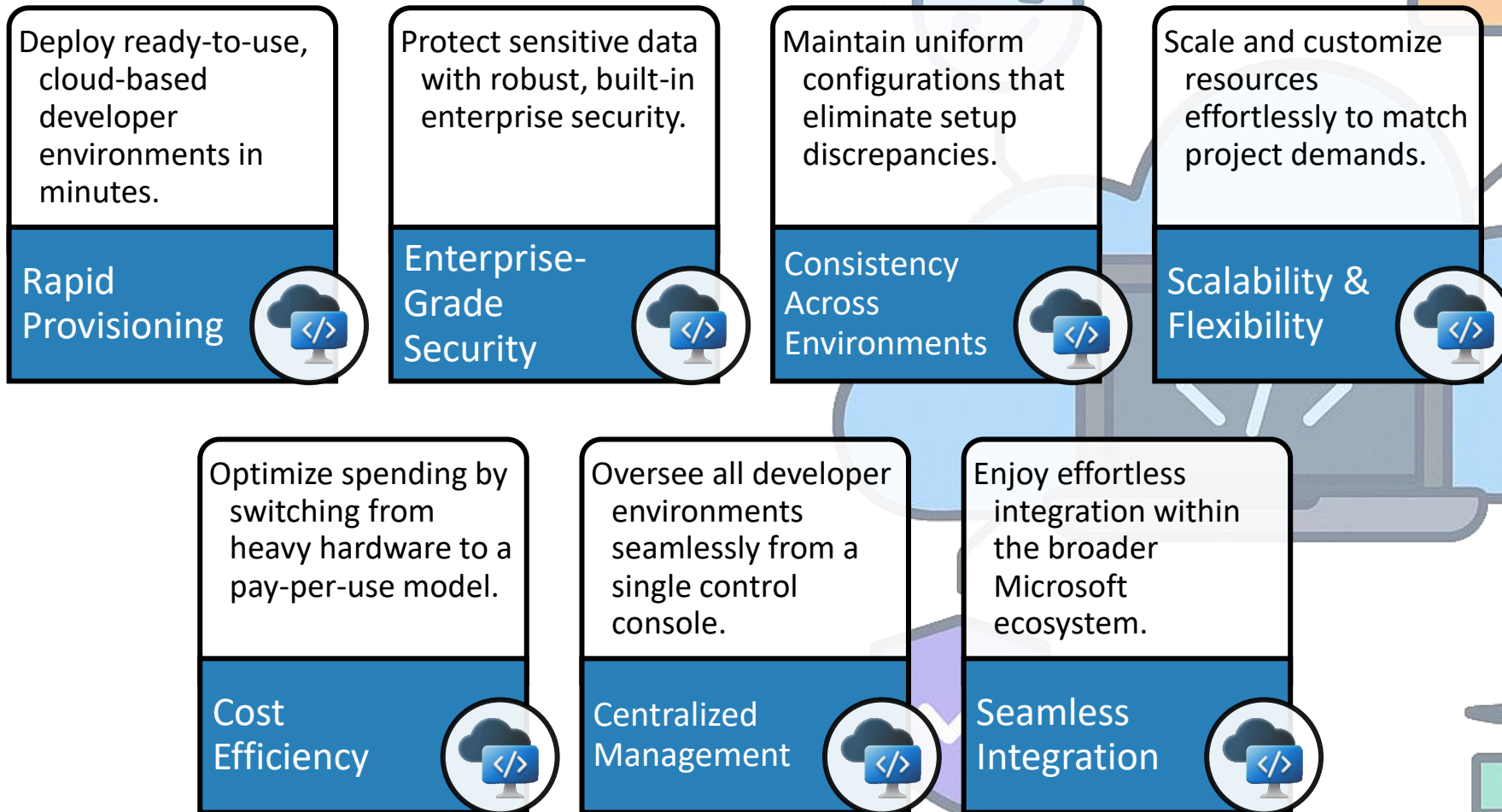
- **storage costs**, which are incurred as long as the Dev Box exists
- **compute costs**, which apply only when the Dev Box is in use (running).

You can reduce costs by automatically stopping Dev Boxes when not in use.



Pricing per Dev Box Instance			
SKU	Max Monthly Price	Hourly Compute	Monthly Storage
8 vCPU, 32 GB RAM, 256 GB Storage	€138.23	€1.50	€19.01
8 vCPU, 32 GB RAM, 512 GB Storage	€157.23	€1.50	€38.01
8 vCPU, 32 GB RAM, 1,024 GB Storage	€195.24	€1.50	€76.02
8 vCPU, 32 GB RAM, 2,048 GB Storage	€271.26	€1.50	€152.03
16 vCPU, 64 GB RAM, 256 GB Storage	€257.45	€2.99	€19.01
16 vCPU, 64 GB RAM, 512 GB Storage	€276.46	€2.99	€38.01
16 vCPU, 64 GB RAM, 1,024 GB Storage	€314.46	€2.99	€76.02
16 vCPU, 64 GB RAM, 2,048 GB Storage	€390.48	€2.99	€152.03

# Benefits





# GitHub Codespaces

# What are GitHub Codespaces?



**Cloud-based IDE:** Instantly launch fully managed coding environments directly from GitHub.



**Customizable and Consistent:** Uses containers (.devcontainer) to standardize developer setups.



**Integrated with Azure:** Built on Azure infrastructure, simplifying integration with Azure services.



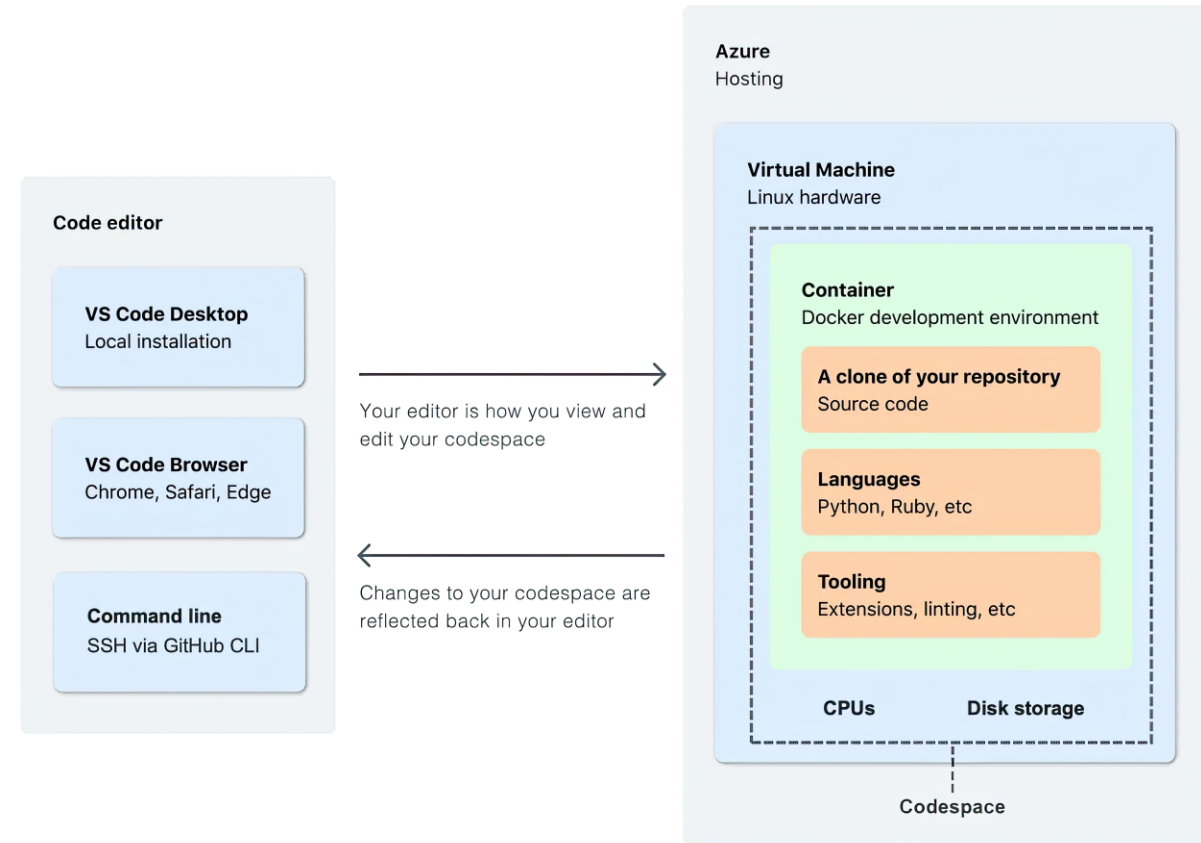
**Improves Collaboration:** Easy sharing and collaborative coding without local setup hassles.



**Secure and Scalable:** Provides isolated, secure environments with automatic scalability.

# How they work

- Each Codespace you create is hosted by GitHub in a **Docker container**, running on a **virtual machine**.
- You can choose from a selection of virtual machine types.
- By default, the Codespace development environment is created from an **Ubuntu Linux** but you can use an image based on a Linux distribution of your choice.
- Windows and macOS are not supported operating systems



# Where you can use them



From a GitHub template or any template repository on GitHub to start a new project



From a branch in your repository for new feature work



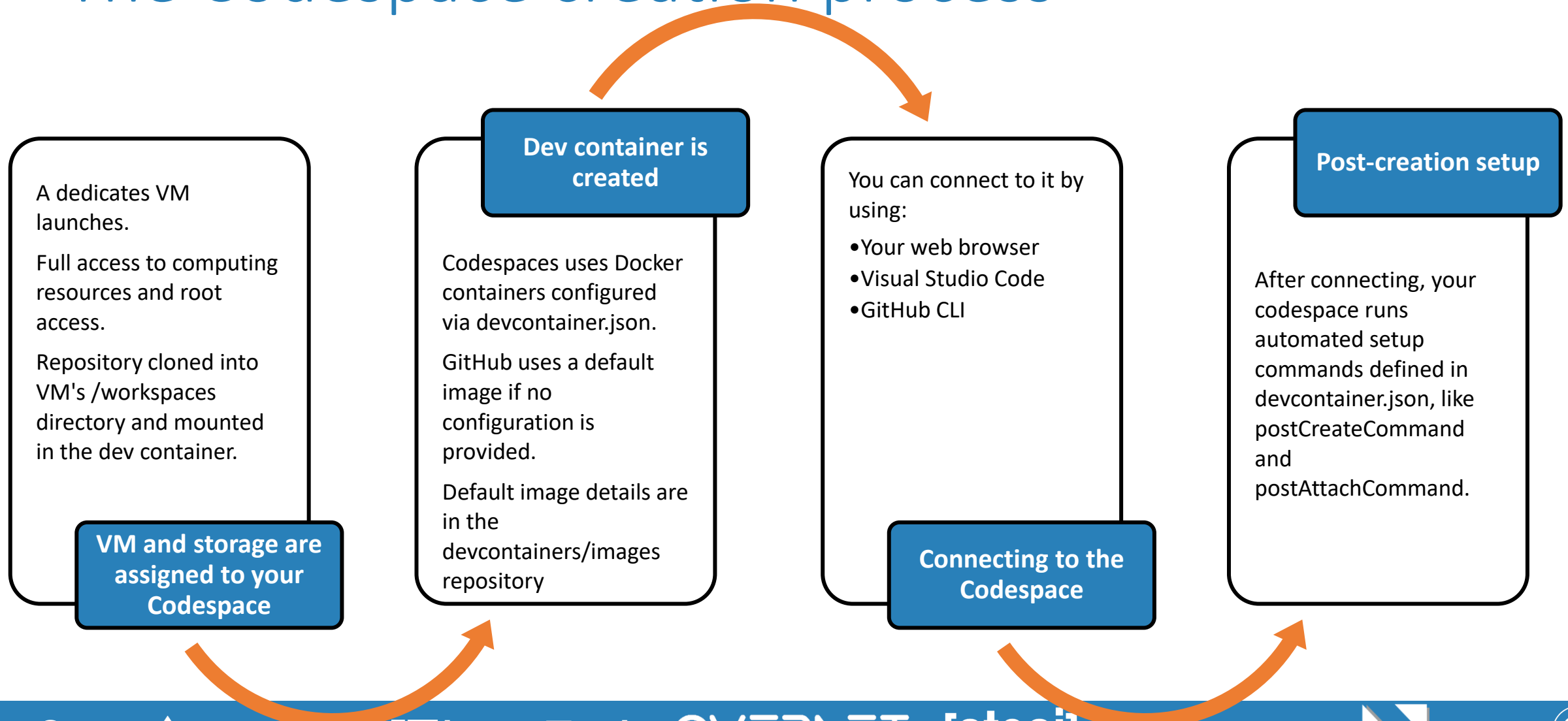
From an open pull request to explore work-in-progress



From a commit in a repository's history to investigate a bug at a specific point in time



# The Codespace creation process







# Demo

## GitHub Copilot

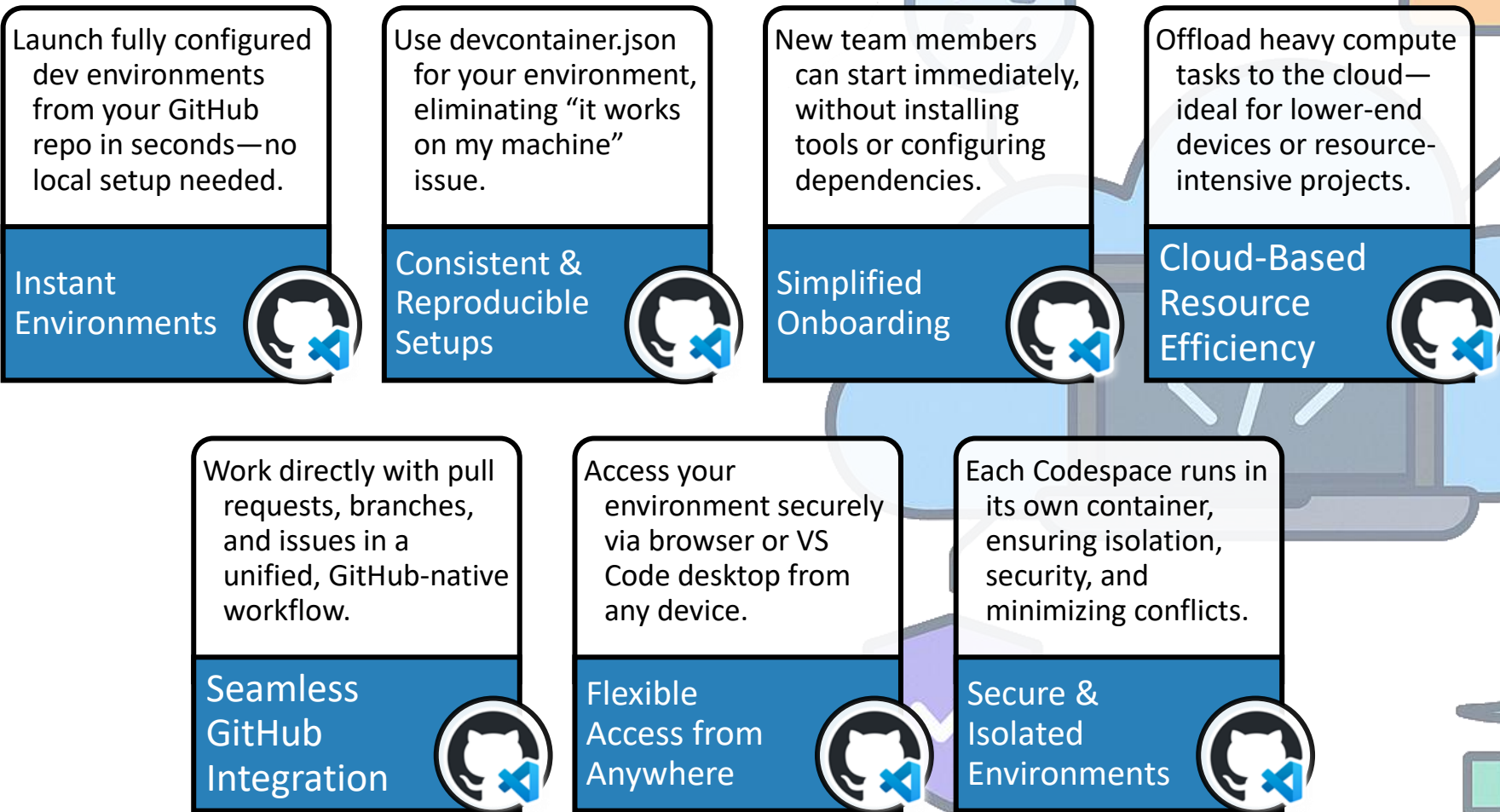
# Pricing

- **GitHub Codespaces** utilizes a **usage-based** pricing system, charging for **compute time** starting at \$0.18 per hour for a 2-core machine and \$0.07 per GB of **storage** monthly.
- **Personal accounts** have monthly usage limits—15 GB storage and 120 core hours for Free, and 20 GB storage and 180 core hours for Pro.
- **Organizations** need a non-zero spending limit to use Codespaces and can manage costs by selecting machine types and usage policies.

Machine type	Unit of measure	Included usage multiplier	Price
2 core	1 hour	2	\$0.18
4 core	1 hour	4	\$0.36
8 core	1 hour	8	\$0.72
16 core	1 hour	16	\$1.44
32 core	1 hour	32	\$2.88
Storage	1 GB-month	Not applicable	\$0.07

Account plan	Storage per month	Core hours per month
GitHub Free for personal accounts	15 GB-month	120
GitHub Pro	20 GB-month	180

# Benefits





# Who win?

# DevBox vs Codespaces...who win?

 **Choose Microsoft Dev Box if**

You need a **persistent** and **secure** development environment.

Your organization requires **compliance** with industry standards.

You're developing applications that rely on **Windows-specific tools** or configurations.

 **Choose GitHub Codespaces if**


You prefer a **lightweight, ephemeral** environment for rapid development.

You're working on **open-source** projects or need to **collaborate** quickly.

You want to **onboard** new developers with minimal setup time.

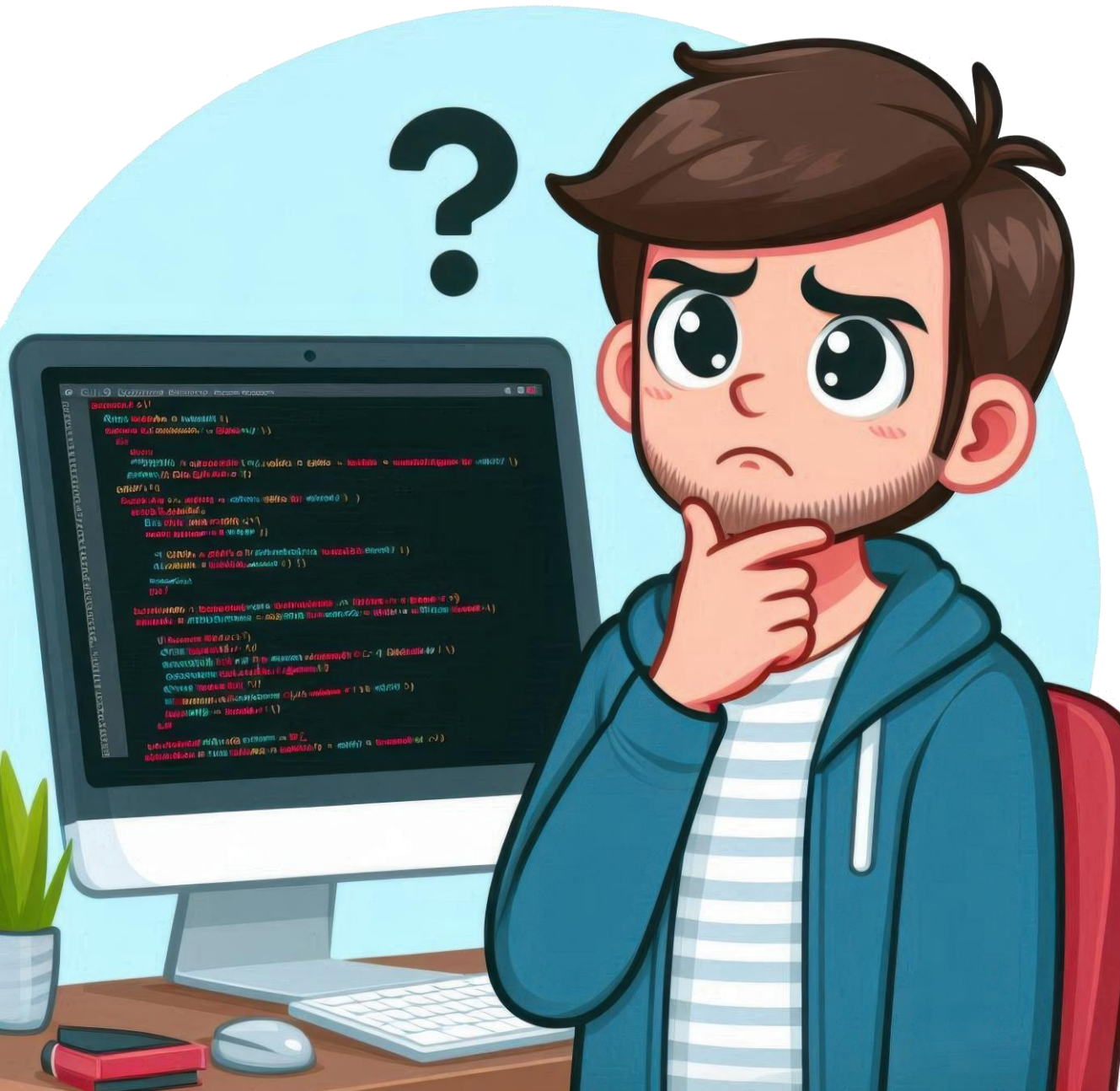


# DevBox vs GitHub Spaces...who will win?



Not every battle ends with a winner!  
Sometimes, it's about choosing the  
right weapon for the right war.

# Any Questions?



**Massimo Bonanni**

Senior Technical Trainer

massimo.bonanni@microsoft.com

@massimobonanni



aka.ms/maxlinkedin