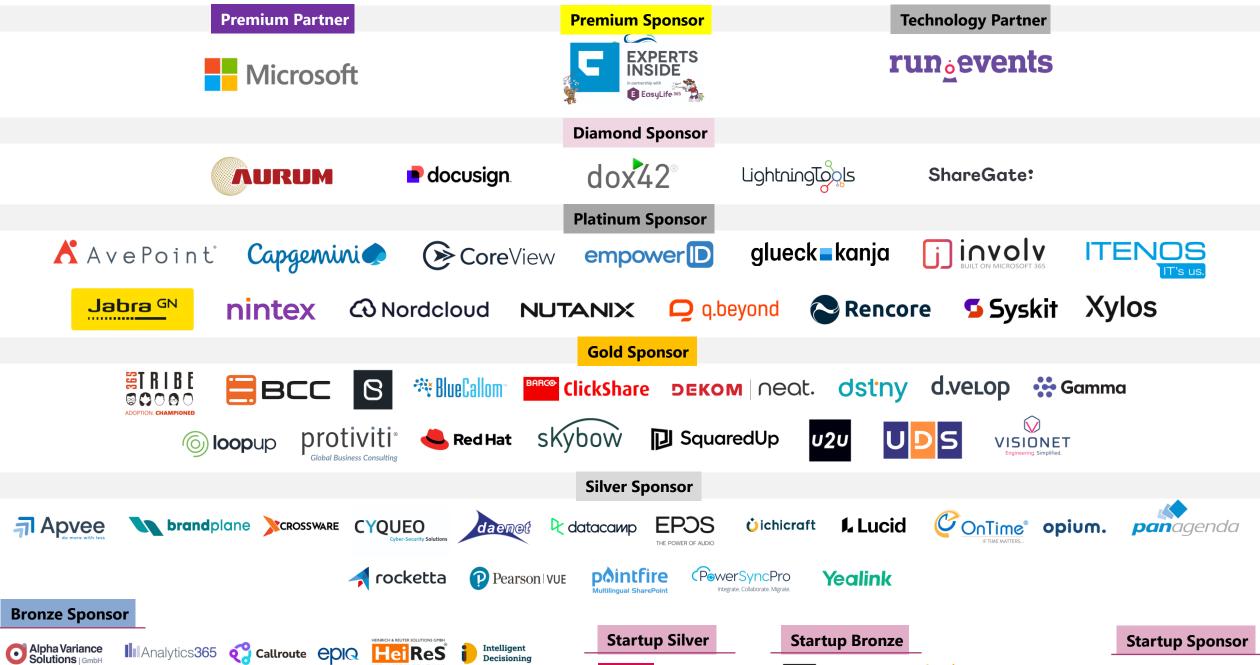


# Personalize your AI: model Fine-Tune with your data in Azure OpenAI

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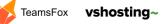


















#### The way to use your data in LLM



## **Prompt Engineering**

- Uses prompts to improve the accuracy and relevancy of responses from natural language processing models.
- By optimizing prompts, the model's performance is enhanced

### Retrieval Augmented Generation

- Enhances performance by fetching data from external sources and incorporating it into a prompt.
- This method allows to create customized solutions, maintain data relevance, and control costs.

## Fine Tuning

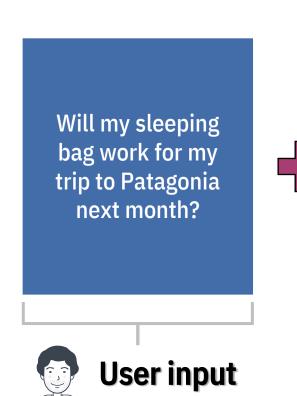
- Retrains a pre-existing LLM using example data to create a custom version of the model.
- · This customization optimizes model based on the provided examples.



- Train a model
- You need to have talent, data and GPU's to train a new model...
- ....and time and money also!!!!



#### **Prompt Engineering and RAG**



Basic Prompt Engineering

Tone and Style

Weather lookup

Example Responses

Personalization

Intent Mapping

..and more!

Yes, your Elite Eco sleeping bag is rated to 21.6F, which is below the average low temperature in Patagonia in September



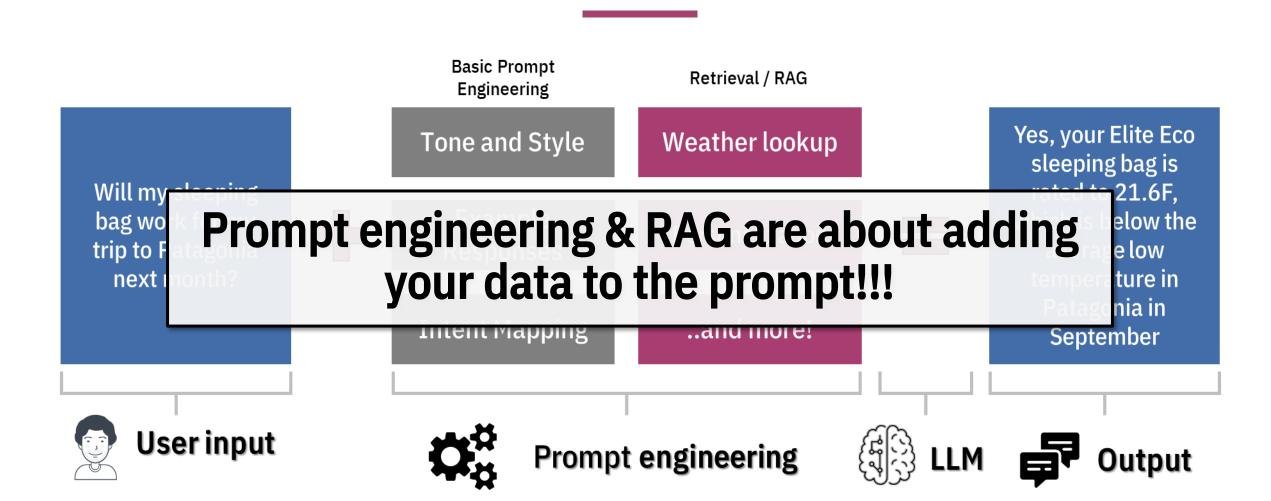
Prompt engineering





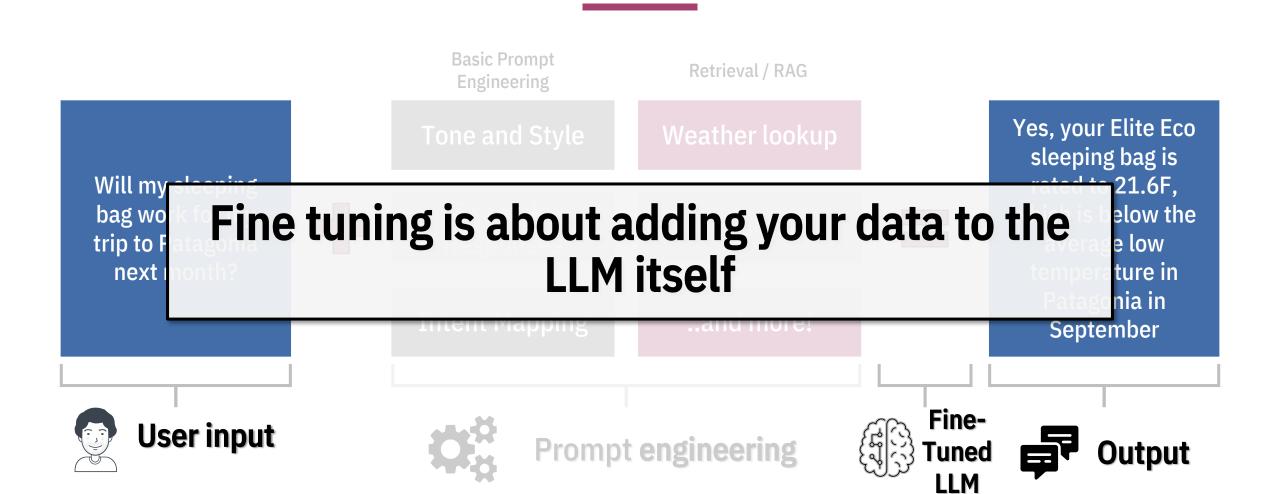


#### **Prompt Engineering and RAG**





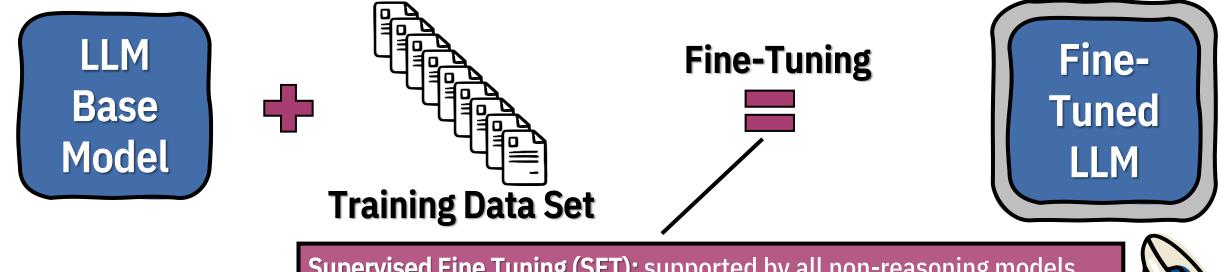
#### **Fine-Tuning**





#### What is Fine-Tuning

Fine-tuning refers to customizing a pre-trained LLM with additional training on a specific task or new dataset for enhanced performance and accuracy



<u>Supervised Fine Tuning (SFT)</u>: supported by all non-reasoning models. <u>Direct Preference Optimization (Preview) (DPO)</u>: supported by GPT-4o. <u>Reinforcement Fine Tuning (Preview) (RFT)</u>: supported by reasoning models, like o4-mini.

■ Build 2025



#### The fine-tuning workflow



#### **Data**



#### **Training**



#### **Evaluation**



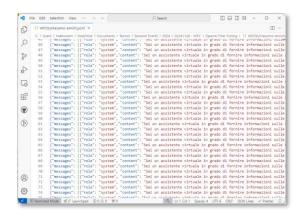
**Deployment** 

Prepare 100s+ examples

Format as chat completion

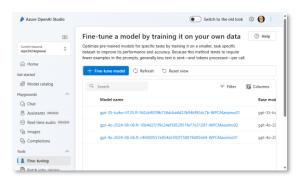
Define training & validation sets

Upload data to the service



Select base model
Set hyperparameters
Specify data

Executes on Shared Compute

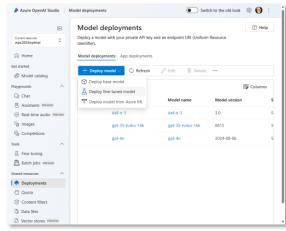


# Training & validation loss

Training & validation accuracy



# Model endpoint for inferencing with AOAI





#### Prepare training and validation data

01010

Your training and validation datasets should contain input and output samples that reflect the model's expected performance.

01010 01010 Ensure the data is formatted as a JSON Lines (JSONL) document.

01010

Providing a larger number of training examples is beneficial; aim for hundreds or thousands for best results.

01010 10101 01019 Generally, expanding the dataset size can improve model quality, but be cautious as low-quality examples can negatively impact performance.

```
"messages": [
       "role": "system",
       "content": "You are an helpful assistant that help people to kn
       "role": "user",
       "content": "What does the Apparecchio tableware set include?"
       "role": "assistant",
       "content": "The Apparecchio tableware set includes stylish plat
"messages": [
       "role": "system",
       "content": "You are an helpful assistant that help people to kn
       "role": "user",
       "content": "What materials are the Apparecchio plates and bowls
       "role": "assistant",
       "content": "The Apparecchio plates and bowls are made of durab.
```



#### Fine-tune parameters



**Batch Size:** Number of training examples processed at once. Large batches = more stable updates.



<u>Learning Rate</u>: Speed of learning. Higher values = faster, but riskier.



**Epochs**: How many times the data is used during training.



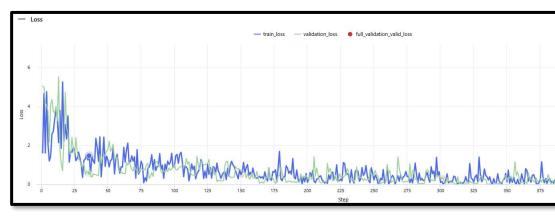
<u>Seed</u>: Makes the training repeatable (same input = same result).

Seed (i)		
3203386110		
Configure hyperparameters ①		
✓ Batch size (1-32) ①	16	
		16
✓ Learning rate multiplier (0.0-10.0) ①	0.92	
		0.92
✓ Number of epochs (1-10) ①	3	

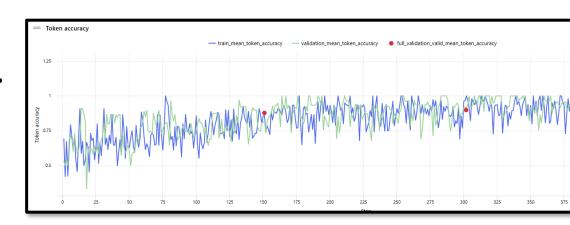


#### Model for performance and fit

 Loss: Loss measures how wrong the model's predictions are. A lower loss indicates better performance. For example, a loss of 0 means perfect predictions, while a higher loss indicates more errors.



 Token Accuracy: Token accuracy measures the percentage of that the model predicts correctly. Higher token accuracy means the model is better at predicting the correct tokens in the output.





#### **Auto Deployment in Developer mode**



To save time, you can optionally enable autodeployment for your resulting model.

If training completes successfully, the model will be deployed using the selected deployment type.

Fine-tuned models support a **Developer** deployment that offers an affordable way to evaluate new models for a finite time paying only per-token.

It offers no data residency guarantees nor does it offer an SLA but it is cheaper!!!

Automatically deploy when fine-tuning is complete
Yes

Deployment type 
Developer (Preview)

Developer (Preview)

Global Standard



#### Why Fine-Tuning?

Enhance performance and accuracy

Domain-specific customization

Task-specific optimization

Cost reduction and efficiency

Reduced token consumption

Efficient resource utilization

**Lower latency** 

Smaller, faster models

Fewer tokens — faster responses

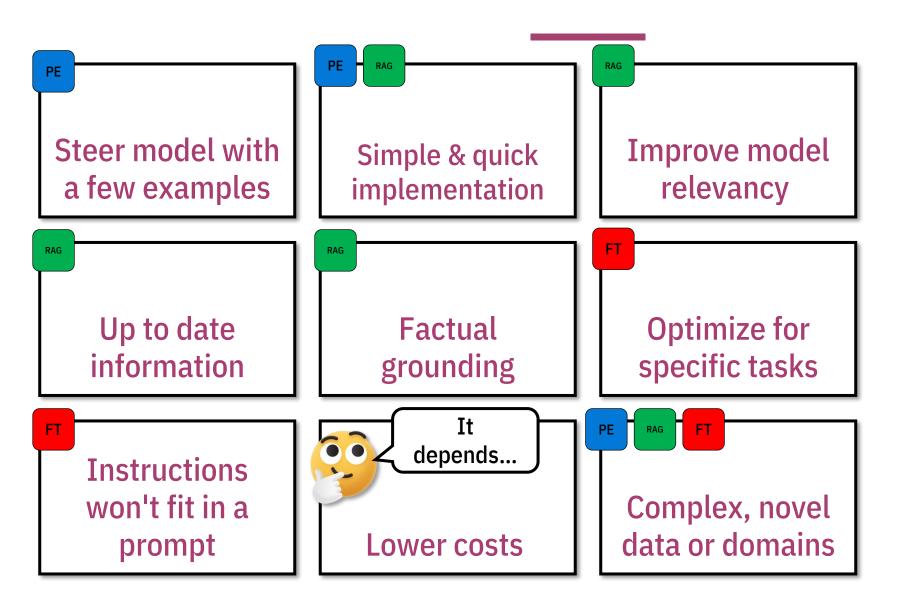
Risk mitigation

Reduce bias and improve fairness

Avoid hallucinations



#### What approach.....



Prompt Engineering PE

RAG RAG

FT

Fine-Tuning





#### Our Products Ask Us Contacts Us

# M.O. D.A.

# DEMO

M.O.D.A. Modern Outstanding Design Assembled



#### **Pricing**

Model Pricing GPT-4o-2024-08-06 Regional Input: €2.640/1M tokens Cached Input: €1.453/1M tokens Output: €10.56/1M tokens Input: €0.159/1M tokens Cached Input: €0.088/1M tokens GPT-4o-mini Regional Output: **€0.64**/1M tokens Training: €3.2/1M tokens Hosting: **€1.7**/hour GPT-4-0613 (8K) Regional Output: €57.59/1M tokens Training: €76.8/1M tokens Hosting: €4.8/hour GPT-3.5-Turbo (16K) Regional Input: €0.5/1M tokens Output: €1.5/1M tokens Training: €7.68/1M tokens Hosting: €1.7/hour GPT-3.5-Turbo (4K) Regional Input: €0.5/1M tokens Output: €1.5/1M tokens Training: €7.7/1M tokens

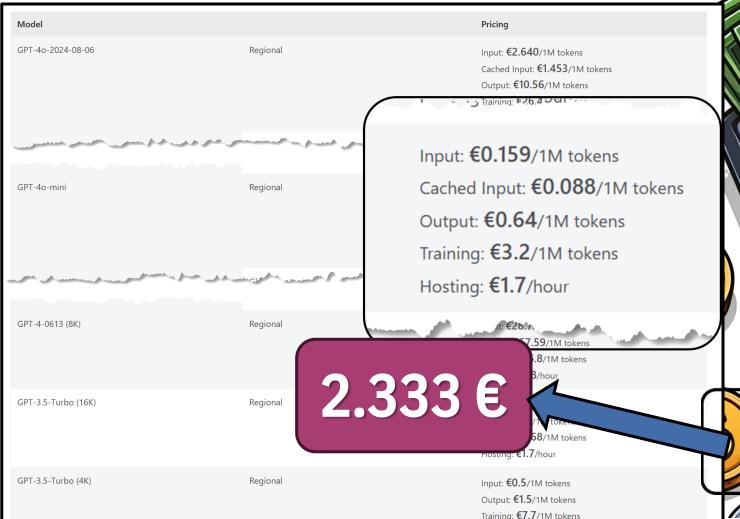
You pay for the number of input and output tokens (as per the basic models)

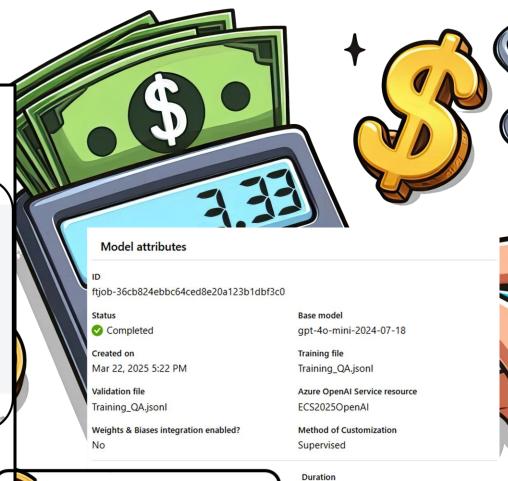
You pay for the number tokens used in the training data

You pay for the hosting (every time you deploy a model)



#### **Pricing**





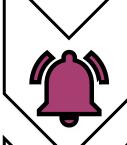
Training tokens billed

729,000

1h 26m 2s



You are not be ready for fine-tuning if....



No clear use case for fine tuning, or an inability to articulate much more than "I want to make a model better".



If you identify cost as your primary motivator, proceed with caution



If you want to add out of domain knowledge to the model.



**Pros vs Cons** 

	Pro(s)	Cons(s)	
RAG	Cost effective Dynamic, Up-to-date Domain Flexibility	Vector Db Dependency Relies on Data Quality Introduces Latency	
Fine-Tuning	Domain specialization Improved Accuracy	Higher Costs Static Knowledge	



#### References

- Customize a model with Azure OpenAI in Azure AI Foundry Models - Microsoft Learn
- Fine-tuning and distillation with Azure AI
   Foundry Build 2025 (session)
- Microsoft Build 2025 Book of News

massimobonanni/MODA-FineTuning





# THANK YOU, YOU ARE AWESOME •



PLEASE RATE THIS SESSION IN THE MOBILE APP.



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