

Markdown - Breaking in or Breaking Through? How Local Specialisations Shape the Integration of AI Technologies

1. Technological Spaces based on Technological field

1.1. Calculate Specializations for Different Time intervals

In this first part, we load the very large datasets containing patent data and inventor's location, and use them to calculate specialisations and ultimately create the Global technological space (GTS) and the AI-specific technological space (ATS). We calculate specialisations per interval.

We start by defining custom functions and loading the first part of the large patent dataset with inventors' location.

The patent file with inventors' location looks like this:

```
head(ipc_all_patents_part2_df)

##      appln_id ctry_code techn_field_nr weight priority_year
##      <int>     <char>           <int> <char>          <int>
## 1: 203438       JP            2       9        2000
## 2: 203438       JP            2       9        2000
## 3: 203438       JP            9       1        2000
## 4: 203438       JP            9       1        2000
## 5: 203521       US           15      375        1996
## 6: 203521       US           16      625        1996
```

The weight column was downloaded from patstat, but it it's totally irrelevant and it will be calculated again later. We load next the data on AI patents (file "other_files/IPCs_AI.csv"). It looks like this:

```
head(ai_patents_df)

##      appln_id appln_id2 patent_office priority_year ctry_code source kinds
##      <int>     <int>     <char>           <int>     <char> <int> <char>
## 1: 475222998 475222998          CN        2016    AI_pat     7 single
## 2: 475222998 475222998          CN        2016    AI_pat     7 single
## 3: 475222998 475222998          CN        2016    AI_pat     7 single
## 4: 475222998 475222998          CN        2016    AI_pat     7 single
## 5: 475222998 475222998          CN        2016    AI_pat     7 single
## 6: 475222998 475222998          CN        2016    AI_pat     7 single
##      appln_id3 ipc_class_symbol ipc_class_level ipc_version ipc_value
##      <int>     <char>           <char>     <char>     <char>
## 1: 475222998      G06F    17/22          A 01/01/2006        I
## 2: 475222998      G06F    17/24          A 01/01/2006        I
## 3: 475222998      G06F    17/27          A 01/01/2006        I
## 4: 475222998      G06F    17/30          A 01/01/2006        I
```

```

## 5: 475222998      G06F  19/00          A  01/01/2011      I
## 6: 475222998      G06N   3/08          A  01/01/2006      I
##   ipc_position ipc_gener_auth
##           <char>        <char>
## 1:          L          CN
## 2:          L          CN
## 3:          L          CN
## 4:          F          CN
## 5:          L          CN
## 6:          L          CN

```

We also load the IPC file with information about technological fields (file “other_files/ipc_technology.csv”), which after processing looks like this:

```

head(ipc_names_df)

##   field_nr             sector                  field_name
## 1       1 Electrical engineering Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy
## 2       2 Electrical engineering          Audio-visual technology
## 3       3 Electrical engineering          Telecommunications
## 4       4 Electrical engineering          Digital communication
## 5       5 Electrical engineering Basic communication processes
## 6       6 Electrical engineering          Computer technology
##   techn_field_nr
## 1           1
## 2           2
## 3           3
## 4           4
## 5           5
## 6           6

```

Now we'll start calculating the specialisations of countries and AI technologies per interval. We have three intervals, the first being from 1974 to 1988, the second from 1989 to 2003, and the third from 2004 to 2018. We start by breaking the large patent file into its corresponding interval, and applying the two custom functions over it (group_by_applnID and group_by_ctry_and_techn_field).

The first function (group_by_applnID) groups data by application ID, and within each group, calculates a field-specific weight equal to 1 divided by the number of technological fields in that group. After applying this function over our interval-specific patent data, it looks like this:

```

head(region_tech_fields_1_df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##   appln_id ctry_code techn_field_nr field_weight
##       <int>    <chr>        <int>        <dbl>
## 1  206163     DE            1         0.5
## 2  206163     DE            1         0.5
## 3  214019     FR            9         0.25
## 4  214019     FR            9         0.25

```

```

## 5 214019 FR 29 0.25
## 6 214019 FR 29 0.25

```

Next we apply the second function (group_by_ctry_and_techn_field), which aggregates the weighted fields at the country-technology field level. After applying it, the data looks like this:

```

head(region_tech_fields_1_df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 3
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr n_tech_reg
##   <chr>          <int>      <dbl>
## 1 AD              20        1
## 2 AD              24        1
## 3 AD              28        3
## 4 AD              32        1
## 5 AD              33        1
## 6 AD              34        3

```

This file is saved as a csv for being used later (for this first interval, the name and location of the file is

"Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/reg_tech_FirstPeriod.csv").

We use this file in the next calculation, in which we create a matrix from this aggregated data. The matrix counts the name of registers of each country in which possible technological field. It looks like this:

```

print(as.matrix(mat_reg_tech1[1:20, 1:12]))

##      1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
## AG 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## AM 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## AR 11 7 6 1 2 2 0 0 3 12 1 6
## AT 758 299 198 23 131 64 1 28 279 461 38 130
## AU 1403 606 409 48 178 272 10 81 509 1321 149 659
## BA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## BB 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
## BE 261 97 159 32 54 43 0 26 182 196 65 80
## BG 992 335 166 36 333 455 0 114 228 1284 137 340
## BI 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## BM 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## BO 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1
## BR 1759 647 754 47 138 325 12 50 296 962 48 851
## BS 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## BU 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
## CA 3827 1409 1474 254 553 784 14 372 1368 2915 252 1041
## CH 2194 788 372 108 299 242 4 225 841 2526 120 754
## CL 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 2
## CN 931 233 146 20 106 317 0 132 306 994 45 223
## CO 8 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4

```

We finally use this matrix to calculate the general specialisations (RTA indexes, which stands for Revealed Technological Advantage) of countries in this first interval. The RTA is set to be non-binary, and the data looks like this after this calculation:

```
head(reg_RCA1_df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 3
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr     RCA
##   <chr>      <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 AG         1             6.41
## 2 AM         1            12.8
## 3 AR         1            0.421
## 4 AT         1            0.748
## 5 AU         1            0.479
## 6 BA         1              0
```

We do the same for the specialisations of countries in AI considering the AI patents in this interval. The steps are pretty much the same: we separate the AI data into this specific interval (ai_patents_df), apply the two custom functions (group_by_applnID and group_by_ctry_and_techn_field), save the file (“Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/Data1period_RCA_techn_fiel d.csv”), create a matrix, and use it to calculate countries’ specialisations in AI for this period. The AI-related specialisations data looks like this:

```
head(reg_RCA1_AI_df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 3
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr     RCA
##   <chr>      <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 AT         1              0
## 2 AT         10             0
## 3 AT         11             0
## 4 AT         12             0
## 5 AT         13             0
## 6 AT         17             0
```

We merge this data with the “general” specialisations calculated earlier. The resulting file and an additional example for the case of Japan look like this:

```
#Resulting file:
head(rca_data_period_1_df)

##   ctry_code techn_field_nr RCA_Gen RCA_AI    Period
## 1          AD             1       0     NA 1974-1988
## 2          AD            10      0     NA 1974-1988
## 3          AD            11      0     NA 1974-1988
## 4          AD            12      0     NA 1974-1988
## 5          AD            13      0     NA 1974-1988
## 6          AD            14      0     NA 1974-1988

#Example Japan:
head(rca_data_period_1_df[rca_data_period_1_df$ctry_code == "JP",])
```

```

##      ctry_code techn_field_nr   RCA_Gen     RCA_AI    Period
## 2731      JP          1 1.1268685 1.4025974 1974-1988
## 2732      JP          10 1.0109760 1.2022263 1974-1988
## 2733      JP          11 0.7067914 0.0000000 1974-1988
## 2734      JP          12 1.0644547 1.0957792 1974-1988
## 2735      JP          13 0.6104061 0.7012987 1974-1988
## 2736      JP          14 0.6177233       NA 1974-1988

```

We save this data for later usage

(“Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/Data1period_RCA_techn_fiel d.csv”). Next, we turn to the AI-specific specialisations of this interval. We pick our AI data for this interval and replace their country codes by a new “AI-specific” fake code named AI_pat. This allows us to calculate specialisations for AI as it were a country exploring distinct technologies. We apply the same two custom functions over it (group_by_applnID and group_by_ctry_and_techn_field), and get the following resulting file with the AI specialisations:

```

head(region_tech_ai_1_df[region_tech_ai_1_df$ctry_code == "AI_pat",])

## # A tibble: 6 × 3
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr n_tech_reg
##   <chr>           <int>      <dbl>
## 1 AI_pat            1        1.75
## 2 AI_pat            2        2.25
## 3 AI_pat            3        3.53
## 4 AI_pat            4        2.75
## 5 AI_pat            5       12.9
## 6 AI_pat            6       279.

```

We also save this file for later usage

(“Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/reg_techAI_FirstPeriod.csv”). We do the exact same thing for the two remaining intervals (namely Interval 2 [1989-2003], and Interval 3 [2004-2018]), saving corresponding interval-specific files throughout the process. At the end, we combine the three interval-specific files with countries’ general and AI-specific specialisations (namely rca_data_period_1_df, rca_data_period_2_df, rca_data_period_3_df) into a single file named ipc_rcas_df, which we also save (“Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/IPC_RCAs.csv”). Using again the case of Japan as an example and considering each of the three intervals, the combined and saved ipc_rcas_df file looks like this:

```

head(IPC_RCAs[IPC_RCAs$ctry_code == "JP" & IPC_RCAs$Period == "1974-1988",])

##      ctry_code techn_field_nr   RCA_Gen     RCA_AI    Period
## 2731      JP          1 1.1268685 1.4025974 1974-1988
## 2732      JP          10 1.0109760 1.2022263 1974-1988
## 2733      JP          11 0.7067914 0.0000000 1974-1988
## 2734      JP          12 1.0644547 1.0957792 1974-1988
## 2735      JP          13 0.6104061 0.7012987 1974-1988
## 2736      JP          14 0.6177233       NA 1974-1988

head(IPC_RCAs[IPC_RCAs$ctry_code == "JP" & IPC_RCAs$Period == "1989-2003",])

```

```

##      ctry_code techn_field_nr   RCA_Gen     RCA_AI    Period
## 9486        JP          1 1.1395992 0.9834465 1989-2003
## 9487        JP          10 1.0147327 0.8904603 1989-2003
## 9488        JP          11 0.6029495 0.6173858 1989-2003
## 9489        JP          12 1.0394907 0.9396071 1989-2003
## 9490        JP          13 0.5833007 0.5805270 1989-2003
## 9491        JP          14 0.6666774 1.8521575 1989-2003

head(IPC_RCAs[IPC_RCAs$ctry_code == "JP" & IPC_RCAs$Period == "2004-2018",])

##      ctry_code techn_field_nr   RCA_Gen     RCA_AI    Period
## 18341       JP          1 1.2953810 1.3244132 2004-2018
## 18342       JP          10 0.8728225 0.9737969 2004-2018
## 18343       JP          11 0.5286471 0.9540950 2004-2018
## 18344       JP          12 0.8957888 1.1166269 2004-2018
## 18345       JP          13 0.8071723 1.3124353 2004-2018
## 18346       JP          14 0.5785004 3.3393324 2004-2018

```

Next, we create additional interval-specific files that combine the specialisations of the four considered countries with the specialisations of AI in a more user-friendly format. One file is created and saved per interval. For the first interval, the file created is named "First_period", and it is saved as "Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/Metrics_First_period.csv". The file looks like this:

```

head(First_period)

##   techn_field_nr           sector
field_name
## 1               1 Electrical engineering Electrical machinery, apparatus,
energy
## 2               2 Electrical engineering                               Audio-visual
technology
## 3               3 Electrical engineering
Telecommunications
## 4               4 Electrical engineering                               Digital
communication
## 5               5 Electrical engineering
processes
## 6               6 Electrical engineering
technology
##      RCA_US    RCA_CN    RCA_KR    RCA_JP      RCA_AI
## 1 0.8061303 0.7812853 0.8859104 1.126869 0.05934926
## 2 0.5290351 0.2812052 1.5817366 1.341886 0.08535377
## 3 0.6577273 0.3468912 1.4004752 1.230989 0.33606440
## 4 0.7356689 0.2069789 1.3043447 1.244439 1.09784935
## 5 0.8740121 0.3793871 1.0785703 1.191508 1.64528254
## 6 0.6008344 0.5349367 0.9466936 1.371771 16.64849577

```

The same is done for the remaining two intervals. Finally, we combine these 3 interval-specific files into a single file, adding some additional labels to the technological fields considering their visual location around the GTS. These additional labels are just

information for analysis, which is not really used or mentioned in the paper. The file is named “All_periods” and saved at “Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/Specializations_All_periods_I PC.csv”. It looks like this:

```
head(IPC_names)

##   techn_field_nr           sector
field_name
## 1              1 Electrical engineering Electrical machinery, apparatus,
energy
## 2              2 Electrical engineering                         Audio-visual
technology
## 3              3 Electrical engineering
Telecommunications
## 4              4 Electrical engineering                         Digital
communication
## 5              5 Electrical engineering Basic communication
processes
## 6              6 Electrical engineering Computer
technology
##          RCA_US        RCA_CN        RCA_KR        RCA_JP
## 1 0,806130295464133 0,781285306548244 0,885910356664018 1,1268685164478
## 2 0,52903509458199 0,281205160490934 1,58173657700963 1,34188556343943
## 3 0,657727334104245 0,346891200617381 1,40047520647904 1,23098888970641
## 4 0,735668946649889 0,206978925416903 1,30434472270759 1,2444394102031
## 5 0,874012134211958 0,379387109049058 1,07857025021714 1,19150764942163
## 6 0,600834418175826 0,534936673226541 0,946693574054904 1,37177058622865
##          RCA_AI        Period      Category Category2
## 1 0,0593492634039308 Period 1 (1974-1988) Surrounding fields 3
## 2 0,0853537728458771 Period 1 (1974-1988) Surrounding fields 3
## 3 0,336064398912961 Period 1 (1974-1988) Surrounding fields 3
## 4 1,09784934911933 Period 1 (1974-1988) AI-related fields 2
## 5 1,64528253859531 Period 1 (1974-1988) AI-related fields 2
## 6 16,6484957668701 Period 1 (1974-1988) AI-core fields 1
```

In the last step, we use the previously saved file named “Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/IPC_RCAs.csv” to create a file summarizing the number of general (column Round_general), AI-specific (column Round_AI), and coinciding specialisations (column Total_RCA) of each country over each interval. The previously calculated general and AI-specific specialisations are made binary, and their sum composes the number of coinciding specialisations. The resulting file IPC_RCAs_Top4 is saved at “Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/RCA_4countries_detailed.csv” and looks like this:

```
head(IPC_RCAs_Top4)

##   ctry_code techn_field_nr    RCA_Gen  RCA_AI      Period
## 1       CN            1 0.7812853      0 1974-1988
## 2       CN           10 1.2306427      0 1974-1988
```

```

## 3      CN          11 0.9483087    0 1974-1988
## 4      CN          12 0.7424070    0 1974-1988
## 5      CN          13 1.3542371    0 1974-1988
## 6      CN          14 0.9327427    0 1974-1988
##                                     Label Round_general Round_AI Total_RCA
## 1 Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy          0      0      0
## 2               Measurement                      1      0      1
## 3       Analysis of biological materials          0      0      0
## 4               Control                         0      0      0
## 5       Medical technology                     1      0      1
## 6   Organic fine chemistry                      0      0      0

```

1.2. Create Sparse Matrix of relatedness between technological fields

This section creates a large sparse matrix from patent-techn_field data and computes their co-occurrence (cross-product). Finally, it saves the resulting technology-relatedness matrix. We start again by reading the very large files containing patent and inventors' location data. But this time, we apply the function “create_sparse_matrix”, which creates a sparse matrix of co-occurrences of technological fields in patents. The result of applying the function is a matrix that shows in lines each unique application id of patents, and in columns all of the 35 possible technological fields containing information about the respective technological field being used in the respective patent or not (0s for not, above this value for the number of times that the code appears in each individual patent). Because the files are too big and a bit problematic computational-wise, they are split into smaller files that are summed up after everything is calculated. The first file resulting from applying the create_sparse_matrix function, named mat_tech_AI1, looks like this:

```

print(as.matrix(mat_tech_AI1[1:20, 1:12]))

##      1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
## 58  0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 76  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 111 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 139 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4
## 151 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 159 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 183 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 193 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 206 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 217 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 218 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 220 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 231 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 243 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 246 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 261 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 266 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 280 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 283 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```

This file is transformed in a square matrix of co-occurrences, which captures all possible combinations between two distinct technological fields. This square matrix looks like this:

```
print(as.matrix(mat_tech_AI1[1:35, 1:35]))
```

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ## 1 | 5768289 | 180008 | 72869 | 35505 | 31634 | 105672 | 48931 | 293699 | 162448 |
| ## 2 | 180008 | 2531644 | 182176 | 197948 | 36765 | 435699 | 37718 | 187833 | 317265 |
| ## 3 | 72869 | 182176 | 2229334 | 679000 | 58436 | 355831 | 48692 | 13799 | 109871 |
| ## 4 | 35505 | 197948 | 679000 | 3345610 | 45697 | 596334 | 160911 | 2506 | 4448 |
| ## 5 | 31634 | 36765 | 58436 | 45697 | 506310 | 70807 | 435 | 34596 | 4931 |
| ## 6 | 105672 | 435699 | 355831 | 596334 | 70807 | 6260090 | 553534 | 95310 | 109728 |
| ## 7 | 48931 | 37718 | 48692 | 160911 | 435 | 553534 | 1701101 | 926 | 3984 |
| ## 8 | 293699 | 187833 | 13799 | 2506 | 34596 | 95310 | 926 | 2907011 | 220961 |
| ## 9 | 162448 | 317265 | 109871 | 4448 | 4931 | 109728 | 3984 | 220961 | 2596916 |
| ## 10 | 224446 | 91013 | 138039 | 81955 | 26343 | 269221 | 40824 | 114839 | 106349 |
| ## 11 | 6043 | 2012 | 4223 | 2157 | 380 | 26784 | 3310 | 2712 | 2321 |
| ## 12 | 98397 | 90671 | 95899 | 110688 | 12005 | 283610 | 142899 | 10402 | 22262 |
| ## 13 | 35221 | 33259 | 24034 | 12585 | 2645 | 127652 | 27438 | 12349 | 45652 |
| ## 14 | 26284 | 5530 | 622 | 912 | 672 | 6859 | 840 | 102013 | 25607 |
| ## 15 | 5711 | 1220 | 435 | 776 | 189 | 21330 | 1781 | 2263 | 3488 |
| ## 16 | 2489 | 688 | 139 | 93 | 39 | 4725 | 836 | 495 | 1208 |
| ## 17 | 110241 | 28068 | 1132 | 117 | 25 | 2902 | 20 | 78495 | 103336 |
| ## 18 | 2856 | 155 | 61 | 77 | 9 | 1485 | 1255 | 128 | 28 |
| ## 19 | 77403 | 28650 | 1243 | 108 | 222 | 5442 | 640 | 184747 | 86394 |
| ## 20 | 250123 | 18549 | 2934 | 95 | 1357 | 10175 | 518 | 59457 | 25865 |
| ## 21 | 124491 | 67392 | 4601 | 731 | 1170 | 14978 | 466 | 199001 | 88924 |
| ## 22 | 58683 | 7150 | 2666 | 166 | 2069 | 3842 | 50 | 53804 | 25285 |
| ## 23 | 82108 | 10257 | 2396 | 688 | 1471 | 10562 | 2764 | 45908 | 18939 |
| ## 24 | 29344 | 9675 | 1464 | 973 | 442 | 7448 | 2572 | 14057 | 5130 |
| ## 25 | 44158 | 19330 | 12865 | 4228 | 393 | 33521 | 15140 | 22677 | 47088 |
| ## 26 | 57741 | 25924 | 2658 | 596 | 448 | 12340 | 988 | 62331 | 21196 |
| ## 27 | 95078 | 5935 | 1948 | 1913 | 914 | 19023 | 2243 | 10748 | 8940 |
| ## 28 | 21109 | 26245 | 76191 | 1919 | 819 | 80353 | 4467 | 16159 | 82423 |
| ## 29 | 81035 | 28330 | 7767 | 3500 | 399 | 24244 | 6398 | 34466 | 75161 |
| ## 30 | 73388 | 22945 | 6641 | 3584 | 535 | 12310 | 2500 | 19714 | 5256 |
| ## 31 | 75597 | 20173 | 7014 | 913 | 583 | 15613 | 1003 | 5928 | 24813 |
| ## 32 | 213765 | 54606 | 28756 | 21166 | 2988 | 70014 | 15738 | 6698 | 19059 |
| ## 33 | 29184 | 20783 | 6655 | 8249 | 754 | 52055 | 14459 | 1232 | 4992 |
| ## 34 | 26222 | 33300 | 13681 | 4925 | 1838 | 38240 | 5927 | 8552 | 13602 |
| ## 35 | 59692 | 14997 | 14208 | 7775 | 743 | 35601 | 9893 | 7164 | 5614 |
| ## | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| ## 1 | 224446 | 6043 | 98397 | 35221 | 26284 | 5711 | 2489 | 110241 | 2856 |
| ## 2 | 91013 | 2012 | 90671 | 33259 | 5530 | 1220 | 688 | 28068 | 155 |
| ## 3 | 138039 | 4223 | 95899 | 24034 | 622 | 435 | 139 | 1132 | 61 |
| ## 4 | 81955 | 2157 | 110688 | 12585 | 912 | 776 | 93 | 117 | 77 |
| ## 5 | 26343 | 380 | 12005 | 2645 | 672 | 189 | 39 | 25 | 9 |
| ## 6 | 269221 | 26784 | 283610 | 127652 | 6859 | 21330 | 4725 | 2902 | 1485 |
| ## 7 | 40824 | 3310 | 142899 | 27438 | 840 | 1781 | 836 | 20 | 1255 |
| ## 8 | 114839 | 2712 | 10402 | 12349 | 102013 | 2263 | 495 | 78495 | 128 |
| ## 9 | 106349 | 2321 | 22262 | 45652 | 25607 | 3488 | 1208 | 103336 | 28 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ## 10 | 5893276 | 237979 | 213472 | 103998 | 43521 | 104810 | 29536 | 16762 | 5190 |
| ## 11 | 237979 | 810267 | 8274 | 27172 | 48107 | 261182 | 96945 | 5074 | 7045 |
| ## 12 | 213472 | 8274 | 2064137 | 43797 | 1902 | 1012 | 7803 | 1243 | 2340 |
| ## 13 | 103998 | 27172 | 43797 | 2429739 | 16945 | 35668 | 125523 | 31251 | 7933 |
| ## 14 | 43521 | 48107 | 1902 | 16945 | 2867623 | 218485 | 880680 | 142222 | 72141 |
| ## 15 | 104810 | 261182 | 1012 | 35668 | 218485 | 2548809 | 536552 | 39796 | 301160 |
| ## 16 | 29536 | 96945 | 7803 | 125523 | 880680 | 536552 | 3083488 | 65679 | 234071 |
| ## 17 | 16762 | 5074 | 1243 | 31251 | 142222 | 39796 | 65679 | 2049722 | 20411 |
| ## 18 | 5190 | 7045 | 2340 | 7933 | 72141 | 301160 | 234071 | 20411 | 1898838 |
| ## 19 | 47689 | 10954 | 5778 | 25452 | 366020 | 132050 | 85334 | 343204 | 59224 |
| ## 20 | 31626 | 5843 | 5974 | 19786 | 46278 | 8297 | 13210 | 68382 | 3902 |
| ## 21 | 33031 | 4142 | 3131 | 31515 | 19938 | 5668 | 6219 | 104006 | 1959 |
| ## 22 | 50026 | 9304 | 680 | 8844 | 9300 | 10986 | 17217 | 14426 | 774 |
| ## 23 | 95527 | 24371 | 13263 | 59686 | 345426 | 43438 | 24794 | 94806 | 26817 |
| ## 24 | 35712 | 6285 | 16084 | 46015 | 30433 | 67992 | 3463 | 28112 | 9471 |
| ## 25 | 45455 | 2166 | 44920 | 48773 | 2091 | 2818 | 2974 | 20540 | 15336 |
| ## 26 | 40922 | 1909 | 20787 | 14450 | 4094 | 10729 | 1429 | 9678 | 2731 |
| ## 27 | 53426 | 2287 | 17820 | 20017 | 1825 | 2211 | 1446 | 4330 | 264 |
| ## 28 | 18286 | 2120 | 8993 | 22087 | 14666 | 11092 | 4794 | 88256 | 2880 |
| ## 29 | 43759 | 15562 | 26462 | 52776 | 19353 | 67652 | 34654 | 501786 | 128187 |
| ## 30 | 27833 | 1142 | 23917 | 21157 | 2021 | 1160 | 355 | 2040 | 4135 |
| ## 31 | 56718 | 1111 | 18569 | 14402 | 1537 | 1394 | 181 | 23407 | 2318 |
| ## 32 | 138519 | 2364 | 132219 | 19788 | 1447 | 659 | 425 | 36789 | 268 |
| ## 33 | 17664 | 730 | 46615 | 54425 | 1383 | 404 | 2645 | 6147 | 11201 |
| ## 34 | 22110 | 1079 | 26491 | 44840 | 10727 | 5087 | 4469 | 22655 | 7095 |
| ## 35 | 80910 | 8314 | 49748 | 10065 | 1578 | 1955 | 240 | 24444 | 750 |
| ## | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
| ## 1 | 77403 | 250123 | 124491 | 58683 | 82108 | 29344 | 44158 | 57741 | 95078 |
| ## 2 | 28650 | 18549 | 67392 | 7150 | 10257 | 9675 | 19330 | 25924 | 5935 |
| ## 3 | 1243 | 2934 | 4601 | 2666 | 2396 | 1464 | 12865 | 2658 | 1948 |
| ## 4 | 108 | 95 | 731 | 166 | 688 | 973 | 4228 | 596 | 1913 |
| ## 5 | 222 | 1357 | 1170 | 2069 | 1471 | 442 | 393 | 448 | 914 |
| ## 6 | 5442 | 10175 | 14978 | 3842 | 10562 | 7448 | 33521 | 12340 | 19023 |
| ## 7 | 640 | 518 | 466 | 50 | 2764 | 2572 | 15140 | 988 | 2243 |
| ## 8 | 184747 | 59457 | 199001 | 53804 | 45908 | 14057 | 22677 | 62331 | 10748 |
| ## 9 | 86394 | 25865 | 88924 | 25285 | 18939 | 5130 | 47088 | 21196 | 8940 |
| ## 10 | 47689 | 31626 | 33031 | 50026 | 95527 | 35712 | 45455 | 40922 | 53426 |
| ## 11 | 10954 | 5843 | 4142 | 9304 | 24371 | 6285 | 2166 | 1909 | 2287 |
| ## 12 | 5778 | 5974 | 3131 | 680 | 13263 | 16084 | 44920 | 20787 | 17820 |
| ## 13 | 25452 | 19786 | 31515 | 8844 | 59686 | 46015 | 48773 | 14450 | 20017 |
| ## 14 | 366020 | 46278 | 19938 | 9300 | 345426 | 30433 | 2091 | 4094 | 1825 |
| ## 15 | 132050 | 8297 | 5668 | 10986 | 43438 | 67992 | 2818 | 10729 | 2211 |
| ## 16 | 85334 | 13210 | 6219 | 17217 | 24794 | 3463 | 2974 | 1429 | 1446 |
| ## 17 | 343204 | 68382 | 104006 | 14426 | 94806 | 28112 | 20540 | 9678 | 4330 |
| ## 18 | 59224 | 3902 | 1959 | 774 | 26817 | 9471 | 15336 | 2731 | 264 |
| ## 19 | 3281112 | 126796 | 133673 | 28416 | 223167 | 106935 | 15567 | 32978 | 13952 |
| ## 20 | 126796 | 3478542 | 211364 | 137164 | 225615 | 137648 | 8314 | 183631 | 36572 |
| ## 21 | 133673 | 211364 | 1789373 | 35420 | 95519 | 27346 | 49898 | 77804 | 25745 |
| ## 22 | 28416 | 137164 | 35420 | 405306 | 39145 | 5423 | 1106 | 4918 | 2601 |
| ## 23 | 223167 | 225615 | 95519 | 39145 | 2731402 | 479200 | 47416 | 48496 | 45189 |
| ## 24 | 106935 | 137648 | 27346 | 5423 | 479200 | 2069291 | 14231 | 24015 | 83658 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ## 25 | 15567 | 8314 | 49898 | 1106 | 47416 | 14231 | 1786154 | 54803 | 10446 |
| ## 26 | 32978 | 183631 | 77804 | 4918 | 48496 | 24015 | 54803 | 2329323 | 32652 |
| ## 27 | 13952 | 36572 | 25745 | 2601 | 45189 | 83658 | 10446 | 32652 | 1816529 |
| ## 28 | 101627 | 20432 | 67269 | 10598 | 78191 | 8483 | 51364 | 15113 | 2404 |
| ## 29 | 217172 | 114726 | 135262 | 11263 | 90207 | 46258 | 57020 | 61081 | 17697 |
| ## 30 | 28914 | 66431 | 13007 | 1510 | 51070 | 84902 | 9815 | 22827 | 74745 |
| ## 31 | 20605 | 32638 | 32746 | 2071 | 31742 | 14969 | 60074 | 74156 | 123929 |
| ## 32 | 9411 | 11411 | 24564 | 616 | 18160 | 28141 | 63146 | 34357 | 100390 |
| ## 33 | 7559 | 2704 | 9689 | 149 | 23655 | 7024 | 39448 | 9904 | 5100 |
| ## 34 | 37134 | 9178 | 43825 | 1395 | 36675 | 8805 | 41268 | 14452 | 7191 |
| ## 35 | 77863 | 81833 | 44971 | 368 | 39360 | 52309 | 47536 | 31784 | 39369 |
| | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | |
| ## 1 | 21109 | 81035 | 73388 | 75597 | 213765 | 29184 | 26222 | 59692 | |
| ## 2 | 26245 | 28330 | 22945 | 20173 | 54606 | 20783 | 33300 | 14997 | |
| ## 3 | 76191 | 7767 | 6641 | 7014 | 28756 | 6655 | 13681 | 14208 | |
| ## 4 | 1919 | 3500 | 3584 | 913 | 21166 | 8249 | 4925 | 7775 | |
| ## 5 | 819 | 399 | 535 | 583 | 2988 | 754 | 1838 | 743 | |
| ## 6 | 80353 | 24244 | 12310 | 15613 | 70014 | 52055 | 38240 | 35601 | |
| ## 7 | 4467 | 6398 | 2500 | 1003 | 15738 | 14459 | 5927 | 9893 | |
| ## 8 | 16159 | 34466 | 19714 | 5928 | 6698 | 1232 | 8552 | 7164 | |
| ## 9 | 82423 | 75161 | 5256 | 24813 | 19059 | 4992 | 13602 | 5614 | |
| ## 10 | 18286 | 43759 | 27833 | 56718 | 138519 | 17664 | 22110 | 80910 | |
| ## 11 | 2120 | 15562 | 1142 | 1111 | 2364 | 730 | 1079 | 8314 | |
| ## 12 | 8993 | 26462 | 23917 | 18569 | 132219 | 46615 | 26491 | 49748 | |
| ## 13 | 22087 | 52776 | 21157 | 14402 | 19788 | 54425 | 44840 | 10065 | |
| ## 14 | 14666 | 19353 | 2021 | 1537 | 1447 | 1383 | 10727 | 1578 | |
| ## 15 | 11092 | 67652 | 1160 | 1394 | 659 | 404 | 5087 | 1955 | |
| ## 16 | 4794 | 34654 | 355 | 181 | 425 | 2645 | 4469 | 240 | |
| ## 17 | 88256 | 501786 | 2040 | 23407 | 36789 | 6147 | 22655 | 24444 | |
| ## 18 | 2880 | 128187 | 4135 | 2318 | 268 | 11201 | 7095 | 750 | |
| ## 19 | 101627 | 217172 | 28914 | 20605 | 9411 | 7559 | 37134 | 77863 | |
| ## 20 | 20432 | 114726 | 66431 | 32638 | 11411 | 2704 | 9178 | 81833 | |
| ## 21 | 67269 | 135262 | 13007 | 32746 | 24564 | 9689 | 43825 | 44971 | |
| ## 22 | 10598 | 11263 | 1510 | 2071 | 616 | 149 | 1395 | 368 | |
| ## 23 | 78191 | 90207 | 51070 | 31742 | 18160 | 23655 | 36675 | 39360 | |
| ## 24 | 8483 | 46258 | 84902 | 14969 | 28141 | 7024 | 8805 | 52309 | |
| ## 25 | 51364 | 57020 | 9815 | 60074 | 63146 | 39448 | 41268 | 47536 | |
| ## 26 | 15113 | 61081 | 22827 | 74156 | 34357 | 9904 | 14452 | 31784 | |
| ## 27 | 2404 | 17697 | 74745 | 123929 | 100390 | 5100 | 7191 | 39369 | |
| ## 28 | 1308730 | 42673 | 1881 | 8205 | 6575 | 13946 | 59257 | 7957 | |
| ## 29 | 42673 | 3126645 | 15300 | 49310 | 69364 | 18062 | 29144 | 90968 | |
| ## 30 | 1881 | 15300 | 1463621 | 30728 | 33966 | 23370 | 41410 | 31058 | |
| ## 31 | 8205 | 49310 | 30728 | 1831696 | 212337 | 19557 | 16086 | 103204 | |
| ## 32 | 6575 | 69364 | 33966 | 212337 | 2772775 | 40099 | 19890 | 113411 | |
| ## 33 | 13946 | 18062 | 23370 | 19557 | 40099 | 1236189 | 41595 | 36894 | |
| ## 34 | 59257 | 29144 | 41410 | 16086 | 19890 | 41595 | 1084525 | 19702 | |
| ## 35 | 7957 | 90968 | 31058 | 103204 | 113411 | 36894 | 19702 | 3560637 | |

Six small co-occurrence matrices are calculated, and then they are summed up in a file named mat_tech_AI_Final, which is saved at

“Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/Matrix_IPC.csv”. This final file of co-occurrences between technological fields looks like this:

```
print(mat_tech_AI_Final[1:35, 1:35])
```

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| ## 13 | 179377 | 44737 | 152775 | 198152 | 100743 | 153392 | 27220 | 325463 |
| 213020 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 14 | 854888 | 337538 | 2235446 | 47780 | 231642 | 104417 | 31400 | 1755442 |
| 130941 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 15 | 181385 | 1089819 | 541154 | 6197 | 35052 | 22737 | 33307 | 221998 |
| 260273 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 16 | 316366 | 896097 | 390863 | 4455 | 67891 | 24447 | 56329 | 152120 |
| 17747 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 17 | 10676610 | 93923 | 1944663 | 240044 | 362392 | 579773 | 46352 | 527703 |
| 125750 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 18 | 93923 | 7317728 | 265045 | 1573 | 21057 | 15419 | 2554 | 153172 |
| 47742 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 19 | 1944663 | 265045 | 15422287 | 356341 | 685512 | 733594 | 101637 | 1108478 |
| 494356 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 2 | 240044 | 1573 | 356341 | 14335959 | 199276 | 506317 | 30510 | 68765 |
| 45202 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 20 | 362392 | 21057 | 685512 | 199276 | 16386118 | 1158401 | 438789 | 1165654 |
| 675668 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 21 | 579773 | 15419 | 733594 | 506317 | 1158401 | 9278629 | 112480 | 555537 |
| 145430 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 22 | 46352 | 2554 | 101637 | 30510 | 438789 | 112480 | 1324026 | 133465 |
| 21055 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 23 | 527703 | 153172 | 1108478 | 68765 | 1165654 | 555537 | 133465 | 13214230 |
| 2323343 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 24 | 125750 | 47742 | 494356 | 45202 | 675668 | 145430 | 21055 | 2323343 |
| 9199630 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 25 | 125085 | 85630 | 87337 | 147285 | 57671 | 295880 | 5819 | 276808 |
| 75744 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 26 | 56172 | 14007 | 184865 | 248275 | 922532 | 425365 | 16226 | 263347 |
| 138952 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 27 | 24044 | 2876 | 88232 | 31077 | 232388 | 135681 | 12957 | 265500 |
| 460881 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 28 | 488151 | 16674 | 601362 | 296926 | 145835 | 373035 | 36658 | 430127 |
| 58240 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 29 | 2274295 | 531516 | 1012771 | 232699 | 662971 | 890035 | 36419 | 548439 |
| 222304 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 3 | 6304 | 725 | 9616 | 993581 | 24974 | 21894 | 10691 | 15323 |
| 13785 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 30 | 11193 | 19936 | 146983 | 90727 | 463218 | 90091 | 4051 | 302186 |
| 446346 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 31 | 125667 | 5232 | 126105 | 115040 | 200267 | 209204 | 9998 | 168414 |
| 85347 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 32 | 157364 | 2287 | 59265 | 239762 | 71269 | 139276 | 3684 | 92185 |
| 133339 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 33 | 37219 | 52233 | 42519 | 99615 | 19752 | 62699 | 315 | 126170 |
| 49967 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 34 | 102186 | 39290 | 179676 | 210021 | 51377 | 239564 | 4544 | 174306 |
| 59730 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 35 | 119196 | 2513 | 364466 | 88928 | 386575 | 262458 | 1693 | 215646 |
| 271865 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 4 | 1398 | 458 | 1428 | 798019 | 895 | 1899 | 584 | 4346 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------|--------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| ## 27 | 62498 | 174310 | 9032042 | 15843 | 88766 | 13427 | 374929 | 659505 |
| 542172 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 28 | 397629 | 109204 | 15843 | 8187901 | 299707 | 477030 | 14857 | 59083 |
| 41079 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 29 | 374961 | 347920 | 88766 | 299707 | 15132833 | 39136 | 87262 | 321723 |
| 405485 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 3 | 93698 | 16900 | 13427 | 477030 | 39136 | 10554590 | 37350 | 34597 |
| 153809 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 30 | 55575 | 127266 | 374929 | 14857 | 87262 | 37350 | 7500577 | 170350 |
| 167141 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 31 | 293059 | 387707 | 659505 | 59083 | 321723 | 34597 | 170350 | 8975847 |
| 1094346 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 32 | 316170 | 170519 | 542172 | 41079 | 405485 | 153809 | 167141 | 1094346 |
| 12649692 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 33 | 190775 | 52267 | 27189 | 76670 | 114989 | 31671 | 134233 | 95790 |
| 175913 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 34 | 221657 | 84352 | 35329 | 340332 | 184052 | 79752 | 209624 | 86359 |
| 120849 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 35 | 262033 | 187657 | 178042 | 45916 | 470602 | 71338 | 166601 | 577745 |
| 544994 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 4 | 15775 | 2672 | 6855 | 15540 | 13139 | 2820312 | 13797 | 3925 |
| 93460 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 5 | 2484 | 4826 | 7045 | 6822 | 3479 | 406133 | 4839 | 5318 |
| 18938 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 6 | 174082 | 64361 | 81588 | 501207 | 104021 | 1706302 | 53130 | 73536 |
| 275421 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 7 | 109065 | 21471 | 11568 | 28035 | 33017 | 220822 | 12660 | 3825 |
| 64206 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 8 | 139063 | 348827 | 64121 | 93685 | 168451 | 112782 | 101086 | 34116 |
| 32146 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 9 | 447847 | 140327 | 60694 | 702628 | 462908 | 760568 | 24403 | 156239 |
| 92514 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 9 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| ## 1 | 146905 | 128408 | 278714 | 143077 | 202650 | 445672 | 189070 | 1432517 |
| 832079 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 10 | 82825 | 127036 | 366014 | 325019 | 169190 | 1223744 | 160542 | 686541 |
| 615023 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 11 | 3331 | 6630 | 36342 | 8870 | 1162 | 111402 | 16033 | 12597 |
| 15757 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 12 | 219052 | 145379 | 230550 | 479100 | 71090 | 1314660 | 735780 | 73831 |
| 123855 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 13 | 261890 | 209610 | 43541 | 46635 | 15821 | 492137 | 120184 | 50575 |
| 349238 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 14 | 9877 | 61408 | 8633 | 4488 | 2653 | 32031 | 3834 | 365327 |
| 252442 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 15 | 1754 | 20616 | 10697 | 3065 | 992 | 93726 | 7143 | 9801 |
| 17505 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 16 | 11232 | 18056 | 1797 | 1814 | 290 | 20856 | 3661 | 3727 |
| 11026 | | | | | | | | |
| ## 17 | 37219 | 102186 | 119196 | 1398 | 869 | 11786 | 1054 | 379736 |


```
## 9 22884 97315 32646 27124 34443 544095 19252 1366521
15211979
```

This matrix is used for calculating the relatedness between all technological fields, which is at the core of the GTS. The matrix is normalised to prevent overestimating knowledge links associated with ubiquitously used technological fields through the cosine index. This normalised matrix is then used as an input for calculating relatedness. Both relatedness and the normalisation are made using the function “relatedness” provided by the EconGeo package. The resulting matrix of relatedness looks like this:

```
print(mat_tech_rel_AI[1:35, 1:35])

##           1          10          11          12          13
14
## 1 0.0000000000 0.079946743 0.0047211202 0.0428721050 0.018407944
0.0082334420
## 10 0.0799467434 0.000000000 0.1470137330 0.1024491448 0.063667816
0.0154427693
## 11 0.0047211202 0.147013733 0.0000000000 0.0060405771 0.026544349
0.0343726668
## 12 0.0428721050 0.102449145 0.0060405771 0.0000000000 0.023925516
0.0008072283
## 13 0.0184079442 0.063667816 0.0265443487 0.0239255157 0.000000000
0.0109958659
## 14 0.0082334420 0.015442769 0.0343726668 0.0008072283 0.010995866
0.0000000000
## 15 0.0018598341 0.038311165 0.2079985053 0.0007765132 0.021678032
0.1076864208
## 16 0.0008350303 0.008919828 0.0844100996 0.0023707689 0.070347746
0.3857904013
## 17 0.0429860301 0.006550041 0.0046499763 0.0008480503 0.022546223
0.0719457183
## 18 0.0018409602 0.003146980 0.0075812991 0.0018353260 0.009380475
0.0473881020
## 19 0.0311910778 0.014804770 0.0068848147 0.0022525932 0.016780858
0.1644048918
## 2 0.0820081944 0.043230333 0.0011827789 0.0432428754 0.022665196
0.0036592818
## 20 0.1179295984 0.014686709 0.0039169892 0.0041755217 0.012623327
0.0194341238
## 21 0.0604546814 0.013760913 0.0029537734 0.0025134297 0.019995453
0.0091135679
## 22 0.0418364232 0.034589010 0.0097449704 0.0008017080 0.008113952
0.0062670424
## 23 0.0305215958 0.040009811 0.0203257348 0.0074760559 0.037005828
0.1336422171
## 24 0.0143538334 0.019022882 0.0069917569 0.0095961584 0.032728549
0.0134700966
## 25 0.0260260685 0.028053279 0.0026040538 0.0449976769 0.037308160
0.0017277865
## 26 0.0358266152 0.026357280 0.0014493193 0.0260101428 0.012685618
```

```

0.0036907068
## 27 0.0557420751 0.041943002 0.0036820298 0.0195390301 0.017799336
0.0017212163
## 28 0.0148884424 0.012565184 0.0026096446 0.0090577375 0.020725340
0.0133168172
## 29 0.0333604224 0.019215570 0.0132626502 0.0150696036 0.030377726
0.0085260904
## 3 0.0305611387 0.054162895 0.0026207519 0.0516510419 0.011428807
0.0004331932
## 30 0.0501726563 0.018425254 0.0017702107 0.0229477428 0.018651442
0.0017666683
## 31 0.0429894310 0.030828223 0.0014741333 0.0182439158 0.011979634
0.0009792246
## 32 0.0878084290 0.066536150 0.0019734845 0.0792332506 0.013254264
0.0007226201
## 33 0.0227148349 0.013406434 0.0009648341 0.0456471892 0.063228264
0.0015966366
## 34 0.0169696429 0.017574633 0.0016413422 0.0258926266 0.043252574
0.0084842527
## 35 0.0303031181 0.041658637 0.0074018853 0.0337821644 0.007391733
0.0009812921
## 4 0.0131213618 0.031203022 0.0015238341 0.0592146365 0.006677908
0.0004302986
## 5 0.0355792970 0.031095982 0.0003821746 0.0168210491 0.004337146
0.0004869631
## 6 0.0294008866 0.084511241 0.0137671187 0.1168832653 0.050693284
0.0022091418
## 7 0.0220325975 0.019584414 0.0034999582 0.1155539683 0.021868000
0.0004670928
## 8 0.1174737987 0.058936797 0.0019351443 0.0081596924 0.006475845
0.0313206684
## 9 0.0653998810 0.050603736 0.0023200157 0.0131195745 0.042860104
0.0207434998
##          15           16           17           18           19
## 1 0.0018598341 8.350303e-04 0.0429860301 1.840960e-03 0.0311910778
## 10 0.0383111645 8.919828e-03 0.0065500411 3.146980e-03 0.0148047702
## 11 0.2079985053 8.441010e-02 0.0046499763 7.581299e-03 0.0068848147
## 12 0.0007765132 2.370769e-03 0.0008480503 1.835326e-03 0.0022525932
## 13 0.0216780318 7.034775e-02 0.0225462230 9.380475e-03 0.0167808577
## 14 0.1076864208 3.857904e-01 0.0719457183 4.738810e-02 0.1644048918
## 15 0.0000000000 2.799333e-01 0.0188848613 1.892857e-01 0.0492366077
## 16 0.2799332981 0.000000e+00 0.0294598999 1.392026e-01 0.0318068634
## 17 0.0188848613 2.945990e-02 0.0000000000 1.469123e-02 0.1593435782
## 18 0.1892856606 1.392026e-01 0.0146912335 0.000000e+00 0.0362293665
## 19 0.0492366077 3.180686e-02 0.1593435782 3.622937e-02 0.0000000000
## 2 0.0005871484 3.775228e-04 0.0204823710 2.239077e-04 0.0265711277
## 20 0.0036381212 6.302395e-03 0.0338739562 3.283483e-03 0.0559960254
## 21 0.0024550881 2.360959e-03 0.0563786757 2.501290e-03 0.0623400971
## 22 0.0082240398 1.243972e-02 0.0103072100 9.474242e-04 0.0197505551
## 23 0.0209085033 1.281413e-02 0.0447596222 2.167340e-02 0.0821634652
## 24 0.0331238548 2.020067e-03 0.0144126126 9.128223e-03 0.0495141523

```

```

## 25 0.0015681178 1.941114e-03 0.0159992079 1.827133e-02 0.0097621694
## 26 0.0051521271 1.084869e-03 0.0071649717 2.980510e-03 0.0206064941
## 27 0.0017301955 1.006477e-03 0.0033923330 6.769110e-04 0.0108785922
## 28 0.0067735255 2.706463e-03 0.0594176564 3.385728e-03 0.0639664334
## 29 0.0272392016 1.433517e-02 0.2041995717 7.961140e-02 0.0794646743
## 3  0.0002828487 2.257584e-04 0.0006192853 1.188129e-04 0.0008255129
## 30 0.0010184497 3.317534e-04 0.0016918564 5.026966e-03 0.0194150678
## 31 0.0007168367 4.125660e-04 0.0157100740 1.091128e-03 0.0137766654
## 32 0.0003951317 3.338748e-04 0.0175816980 4.262580e-04 0.0057864012
## 33 0.0003507739 2.009018e-03 0.0067032496 1.569338e-02 0.0066920404
## 34 0.0035237878 2.760298e-03 0.0157296734 1.008930e-02 0.0241698078
## 35 0.0015042335 2.260114e-04 0.0150951663 5.309084e-04 0.0403355572
## 4   0.0003635501 1.924421e-04 0.0001493358 8.161560e-05 0.0001333030
## 5   0.0002252616 5.889827e-05 0.0001777126 6.481909e-05 0.0002830795
## 6   0.0079970513 1.591585e-03 0.0009056475 9.019231e-04 0.0020840078
## 7   0.0010765853 4.935107e-04 0.0001430643 9.983476e-04 0.0003248910
## 8   0.0010395284 3.535529e-04 0.0362719317 1.622137e-04 0.0586970696
## 9   0.0017795051 1.002499e-03 0.0586268399 1.909066e-04 0.0473609570
##          2           20          21           22           23
24
## 1  0.0820081944 1.179296e-01 0.0604546814 4.183642e-02 0.030521596
0.0143538334
## 10 0.0432303328 1.468671e-02 0.0137609127 3.458901e-02 0.040009811
0.0190228822
## 11 0.0011827789 3.916989e-03 0.0029537734 9.744970e-03 0.020325735
0.0069917569
## 12 0.0432428754 4.175522e-03 0.0025134297 8.017080e-04 0.007476056
0.0095961584
## 13 0.0226651961 1.262333e-02 0.0199954528 8.113952e-03 0.037005828
0.0327285487
## 14 0.0036592818 1.943412e-02 0.0091135679 6.267042e-03 0.133642217
0.0134700966
## 15 0.0005871484 3.638121e-03 0.0024550881 8.224040e-03 0.020908503
0.0331238548
## 16 0.0003775228 6.302395e-03 0.0023609594 1.243972e-02 0.012814133
0.0020200668
## 17 0.0204823710 3.387396e-02 0.0563786757 1.030721e-02 0.044759622
0.0144126126
## 18 0.0002239077 3.283483e-03 0.0025012897 9.474242e-04 0.021673405
0.0091282229
## 19 0.0265711277 5.599603e-02 0.0623400971 1.975056e-02 0.082163465
0.0495141523
## 2  0.0000000000 1.695104e-02 0.0448057108 6.174031e-03 0.005307846
0.0047146162
## 20 0.0169510379 0.000000e+00 0.1122968912 9.727031e-02 0.098564026
0.0772004791
## 21 0.0448057108 1.122969e-01 0.0000000000 2.593997e-02 0.048868761
0.0172866251
## 22 0.0061740314 9.727031e-02 0.0259399686 0.000000e+00 0.026847354
0.0057230458
## 23 0.0053078455 9.856403e-02 0.0488687610 2.684735e-02 0.0000000000

```

```

0.2408848595
## 24 0.0047146162 7.720048e-02 0.0172866251 5.723046e-03 0.240884859
0.0000000000
## 25 0.0171437469 7.353645e-03 0.0392491583 1.765139e-03 0.032028260
0.0118424295
## 26 0.0288191762 1.173081e-01 0.0562701192 4.908438e-03 0.030386762
0.0216650013
## 27 0.0039901095 3.268567e-02 0.0198532805 4.335443e-03 0.033885799
0.0794840307
## 28 0.0328899748 1.769600e-02 0.0470904028 1.058199e-02 0.047360851
0.0086652685
## 29 0.0190132573 5.934095e-02 0.0828774930 7.754848e-03 0.044544882
0.0243980228
## 3 0.0888243066 2.445764e-03 0.0022305973 2.490750e-03 0.001361695
0.0016553151
## 30 0.0124797968 6.979983e-02 0.0141227698 1.452167e-03 0.041319283
0.0824684735
## 31 0.0130875946 2.495849e-02 0.0271236703 2.964199e-03 0.019045686
0.0130420112
## 32 0.0243775335 7.937944e-03 0.0161381299 9.761404e-04 0.009317023
0.0182100840
## 33 0.0163267375 3.546367e-03 0.0117112377 1.345453e-04 0.020555983
0.0110002687
## 34 0.0294201584 7.884043e-03 0.0382447082 1.658838e-03 0.024271806
0.0112388052
## 35 0.0102486986 4.880473e-02 0.0344712891 5.084760e-04 0.024704671
0.0420851466
## 4 0.0775753926 9.530852e-05 0.0002103794 1.479472e-04 0.000419960
0.0007761308
## 5 0.0559917559 1.537781e-03 0.0017181401 3.370218e-03 0.001654780
0.0014473592
## 6 0.1449959984 3.011869e-03 0.0044270452 2.275195e-03 0.003620695
0.0033560243
## 7 0.0205711270 7.327252e-04 0.0002471933 5.021721e-05 0.001322784
0.0032151337
## 8 0.0984609286 3.659449e-02 0.1160785667 4.184489e-02 0.024449892
0.0085912019
## 9 0.1481480323 1.862670e-02 0.0471544184 1.966966e-02 0.011183826
0.0044238176
## 25 26 27 28 29
3
## 1 0.0260260685 0.0358266152 0.055742075 0.014888442 0.0333604224
0.0305611387
## 10 0.0280532786 0.0263572803 0.041943002 0.012565184 0.0192155705
0.0541628953
## 11 0.0026040538 0.0014493193 0.003682030 0.002609645 0.0132626502
0.0026207519
## 12 0.0449976769 0.0260101428 0.019539030 0.009057738 0.0150696036
0.0516510419
## 13 0.0373081598 0.0126856175 0.017799336 0.020725340 0.0303777262
0.0114288069

```

```

## 14 0.0017277865 0.0036907068 0.001721216 0.013316817 0.0085260904
0.0004331932
## 15 0.0015681178 0.0051521271 0.001730196 0.006773526 0.0272392016
0.0002828487
## 16 0.0019411142 0.0010848691 0.001006477 0.002706463 0.0143351718
0.0002257584
## 17 0.0159992079 0.0071649717 0.003392333 0.059417656 0.2041995717
0.0006192853
## 18 0.0182713275 0.0029805103 0.000676911 0.003385728 0.0796114040
0.0001188129
## 19 0.0097621694 0.0206064941 0.010878592 0.063966433 0.0794646743
0.0008255129
## 2 0.0171437469 0.0288191762 0.003990110 0.032889975 0.0190132573
0.0888243066
## 20 0.0073536449 0.1173080886 0.032685669 0.017695997 0.0593409491
0.0024457643
## 21 0.0392491583 0.0562701192 0.019853281 0.047090403 0.0828774930
0.0022305973
## 22 0.0017651388 0.0049084381 0.004335443 0.010581990 0.0077548482
0.0024907501
## 23 0.0320282596 0.0303867619 0.033885799 0.047360851 0.0445448823
0.0013616949
## 24 0.0118424295 0.0216650013 0.079484031 0.008665269 0.0243980228
0.0016553151
## 25 0.0000000000 0.0627956705 0.012028618 0.066023302 0.0459252980
0.0125563307
## 26 0.0627956705 0.0000000000 0.033455941 0.018082525 0.0424958601
0.0022585020
## 27 0.0120286178 0.0334559414 0.000000000 0.002901717 0.0119925362
0.0019847688
## 28 0.0660233018 0.0180825252 0.002901717 0.000000000 0.0349325957
0.0608339761
## 29 0.0459252980 0.0424958601 0.011992536 0.034932596 0.0000000000
0.0036814901
## 3 0.0125563307 0.0022585020 0.001984769 0.060833976 0.0036814901
0.0000000000
## 30 0.0114592003 0.0261690874 0.085275127 0.002915238 0.0126303325
0.0059148913
## 31 0.0499769675 0.0659355790 0.124059902 0.009588385 0.0385133884
0.0045314230
## 32 0.0481874499 0.0259171598 0.091148363 0.005958010 0.0433813298
0.0180043047
## 33 0.0468705456 0.0128058221 0.007368351 0.017925534 0.0198312289
0.0059761521
## 34 0.0465444187 0.0176637492 0.008183065 0.068007535 0.0271294809
0.0128620166
## 35 0.0452678703 0.0323295893 0.033927749 0.007548596 0.0570693104
0.0094653423
## 4 0.0022987090 0.0003882866 0.001101845 0.002154933 0.0013439766
0.3156407767
## 5 0.0006929596 0.0013425948 0.002167883 0.001811074 0.0006812798

```

```

0.0870173583
## 6 0.0182475467 0.0067278259 0.009433556 0.049996066 0.0076539641
0.1373687157
## 7 0.0201945425 0.0039646261 0.002362683 0.004939890 0.0042914199
0.0314030822
## 8 0.0181200070 0.0453271283 0.009216066 0.011616757 0.0154076053
0.0112867234
## 9 0.0559303588 0.0174767439 0.008361077 0.083504807 0.0405814354
0.0729520175
##          30         31         32         33         34
35
## 1 0.0501726563 0.0429894310 0.0878084290 0.0227148349 0.016969643
0.0303031181
## 10 0.0184252544 0.0308282228 0.0665361497 0.0134064341 0.017574633
0.0416586371
## 11 0.0017702107 0.0014741333 0.0019734845 0.0009648341 0.001641342
0.0074018853
## 12 0.0229477428 0.0182439158 0.0792332506 0.0456471892 0.025892627
0.0337821644
## 13 0.0186514425 0.0119796341 0.0132542643 0.0632282639 0.043252574
0.0073917329
## 14 0.0017666683 0.0009792246 0.0007226201 0.0015966366 0.008484253
0.0009812921
## 15 0.0010184497 0.0007168367 0.0003951317 0.0003507739 0.003523788
0.0015042335
## 16 0.0003317534 0.0004125660 0.0003338748 0.0020090181 0.002760298
0.0002260114
## 17 0.0016918564 0.0157100740 0.0175816980 0.0067032496 0.015729673
0.0150951663
## 18 0.0050269657 0.0010911278 0.0004262580 0.0156933830 0.010089305
0.0005309084
## 19 0.0194150678 0.0137766654 0.0057864012 0.0066920404 0.024169808
0.0403355572
## 2 0.0124797968 0.0130875946 0.0243775335 0.0163267375 0.029420158
0.0102486986
## 20 0.0697998256 0.0249584897 0.0079379438 0.0035463672 0.007884043
0.0488047296
## 21 0.0141227698 0.0271236703 0.0161381299 0.0117112377 0.038244708
0.0344712891
## 22 0.0014521667 0.0029641991 0.0009761404 0.0001345453 0.001658838
0.0005084760
## 23 0.0413192832 0.0190456864 0.0093170225 0.0205559831 0.024271806
0.0247046714
## 24 0.0824684735 0.0130420112 0.0182100840 0.0110002687 0.011238805
0.0420851466
## 25 0.0114592003 0.0499769675 0.0481874499 0.0468705456 0.046544419
0.0452678703
## 26 0.0261690874 0.0659355790 0.0259171598 0.0128058221 0.017663749
0.0323295893
## 27 0.0852751274 0.1240599023 0.0911483634 0.0073683507 0.008183065
0.0339277487

```

```

## 28 0.0029152382 0.0095883850 0.0059580101 0.0179255338 0.068007535
0.0075485964
## 29 0.0126303325 0.0385133884 0.0433813298 0.0198312289 0.027129481
0.0570693104
## 3 0.0059148913 0.0045314230 0.0180043047 0.0059761521 0.012862017
0.0094653423
## 30 0.0000000000 0.0343305460 0.0301037097 0.0389727974 0.052017671
0.0340122540
## 31 0.0343305460 0.0000000000 0.1630165414 0.0230018335 0.017723827
0.0975515119
## 32 0.0301037097 0.1630165414 0.0000000000 0.0377518870 0.022166208
0.0822409234
## 33 0.0389727974 0.0230018335 0.0377518870 0.0000000000 0.064756224
0.0510222196
## 34 0.0520176706 0.0177238269 0.0221662080 0.0647562240 0.000000000
0.0251031082
## 35 0.0340122540 0.0975515119 0.0822409234 0.0510222196 0.025103108
0.0000000000
## 4 0.0023758719 0.0005590080 0.0118960447 0.0078642666 0.005267170
0.0041926944
## 5 0.0015952753 0.0014500012 0.0046147969 0.0014223690 0.007509294
0.0012214002
## 6 0.0065813376 0.0075338046 0.0252179541 0.0308420544 0.030654086
0.0161160090
## 7 0.0027701677 0.0006922194 0.0103845197 0.0144442057 0.008793075
0.0108881031
## 8 0.0155654441 0.0043447882 0.0036587766 0.0010702031 0.007063481
0.0052220143
## 9 0.0036015122 0.0190708971 0.0100922402 0.0040241793 0.014626243
0.0040367410
##          4           5           6           7           8
## 1  1.312136e-02 3.557930e-02 0.0294008866 2.203260e-02 0.1174737987
## 10 3.120302e-02 3.109598e-02 0.0845112408 1.958441e-02 0.0589367973
## 11 1.523834e-03 3.821746e-04 0.0137671187 3.499958e-03 0.0019351443
## 12 5.921464e-02 1.682105e-02 0.1168832653 1.155540e-01 0.0081596924
## 13 6.677908e-03 4.337146e-03 0.0506932843 2.186800e-02 0.0064758451
## 14 4.302986e-04 4.869631e-04 0.0022091418 4.670928e-04 0.0313206684
## 15 3.635501e-04 2.252616e-04 0.0079970513 1.076585e-03 0.0010395284
## 16 1.924421e-04 5.889827e-05 0.0015915850 4.935107e-04 0.0003535529
## 17 1.493358e-04 1.777126e-04 0.0009056475 1.430643e-04 0.0362719317
## 18 8.161560e-05 6.481909e-05 0.0009019231 9.983476e-04 0.0001622137
## 19 1.333030e-04 2.830795e-04 0.0020840078 3.248910e-04 0.0586970696
## 2  7.757539e-02 5.599176e-02 0.1449959984 2.057113e-02 0.0984609286
## 20 9.530852e-05 1.537781e-03 0.0030118692 7.327252e-04 0.0365944939
## 21 2.103794e-04 1.718140e-03 0.0044270452 2.471933e-04 0.1160785667
## 22 1.479472e-04 3.370218e-03 0.0022751947 5.021721e-05 0.0418448908
## 23 4.199600e-04 1.654780e-03 0.0036206946 1.322784e-03 0.0244498923
## 24 7.761308e-04 1.447359e-03 0.0033560243 3.215134e-03 0.0085912019
## 25 2.298709e-03 6.929596e-04 0.0182475467 2.019454e-02 0.0181200070
## 26 3.882866e-04 1.342595e-03 0.0067278259 3.964626e-03 0.0453271283
## 27 1.101845e-03 2.167883e-03 0.0094335555 2.362683e-03 0.0092160656

```

```

## 28 2.154933e-03 1.811074e-03 0.0499960658 4.939890e-03 0.0116167573
## 29 1.343977e-03 6.812798e-04 0.0076539641 4.291420e-03 0.0154076053
## 3  3.156408e-01 8.701736e-02 0.1373687157 3.140308e-02 0.0112867234
## 30 2.375872e-03 1.595275e-03 0.0065813376 2.770168e-03 0.0155654441
## 31 5.590080e-04 1.450001e-03 0.0075338046 6.922194e-04 0.0043447882
## 32 1.189604e-02 4.614797e-03 0.0252179541 1.038452e-02 0.0036587766
## 33 7.864267e-03 1.422369e-03 0.0308420544 1.444421e-02 0.0010702031
## 34 5.267170e-03 7.509294e-03 0.0306540862 8.793075e-03 0.0070634809
## 35 4.192694e-03 1.221400e-03 0.0161160090 1.088810e-02 0.0052220143
## 4   0.000000e+00 6.083916e-02 0.2065071466 1.003113e-01 0.0012311939
## 5   6.083916e-02 0.000000e+00 0.0730502580 9.671703e-04 0.0442313905
## 6   2.065071e-01 7.305026e-02 0.0000000000 2.561738e-01 0.0426157350
## 7   1.003113e-01 9.671703e-04 0.2561738018 0.000000e+00 0.0010638894
## 8   1.231194e-03 4.423139e-02 0.0426157350 1.063889e-03 0.0000000000
## 9   2.829015e-03 6.877397e-03 0.0408218033 2.551475e-03 0.1274470866
##               9
## 1   0.0653998810
## 10  0.0506037358
## 11  0.0023200157
## 12  0.0131195745
## 13  0.0428601043
## 14  0.0207434998
## 15  0.0017795051
## 16  0.0010024994
## 17  0.0586268399
## 18  0.0001909066
## 19  0.0473609570
## 2   0.1481480323
## 20  0.0186266975
## 21  0.0471544184
## 22  0.0196696563
## 23  0.0111838259
## 24  0.0044238176
## 25  0.0559303588
## 26  0.0174767439
## 27  0.0083610766
## 28  0.0835048067
## 29  0.0405814354
## 3   0.0729520175
## 30  0.0036015122
## 31  0.0190708971
## 32  0.0100922402
## 33  0.0040241793
## 34  0.0146262429
## 35  0.0040367410
## 4   0.0028290146
## 5   0.0068773971
## 6   0.0408218033
## 7   0.0025514749
## 8   0.1274470866
## 9   0.0000000000

```

Next, the matrix is turned into a network (file g_tech_AI). The degree of centrality of nodes is calculated using the Eigenvector centrality of vertices (centrality_eigen), which also calculates the width of the links between nodes (i.e., technological fields). Links that have below average width are excluded for better visualisation. Then, a network layout is calculated based on this network (coords_tech_AI). The resulting coordinates look like this for the top 10 technological fields:

```
coords_tech_AI[1:10,]

##           x         y
## 1 135.6454 65.62816
## 2 134.0933 64.22519
## 3 135.2521 58.81728
## 4 131.3472 67.12986
## 5 135.1214 62.67884
## 6 138.8334 59.25243
## 7 137.6120 58.32931
## 8 138.0070 57.48352
## 9 136.7269 61.15738
## 10 139.9433 57.74551
```

Then, the previously file with general, AI-specific and coinciding country specialisations (from the file “RCA_4countries_detailed.csv”) and the file with AI-specific specialisations (file “Specializations_All_periods_IPC.csv”) are loaded. The resulting file is processed for facilitating the plotting later. A new category is created, reflecting the types of specialisations used in the paper (Var1, which goes from 0 to 3; 0 stands for no specialisation, 1 for general specialisation, 2 for AI-specific specialization, and 3 for coinciding specialization). This new dataset named Newtable is saved at “Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/Table_appendix.xlsx” and looks like this:

```
Newtable[1:10,]

##          Var1 Var2      Var3 Freq
## 1 No specialization CN 1974-1988 19
## 2 General specialization CN 1974-1988 16
## 3 AI-specific specialization CN 1974-1988 0
## 4 Coinciding specialization CN 1974-1988 0
## 5 No specialization JP 1974-1988 12
## 6 General specialization JP 1974-1988 7
## 7 AI-specific specialization JP 1974-1988 6
## 8 Coinciding specialization JP 1974-1988 10
## 9 No specialization KR 1974-1988 21
## 10 General specialization KR 1974-1988 14
```

1.3. Plotting technological spaces

Next, we use the loaded information to plot technological spaces. For now, we have only calculated the coordinates and network for the GTS and not yet for the ATS, so we'll start with this one.

1.3.1. Global technological space (GTS)

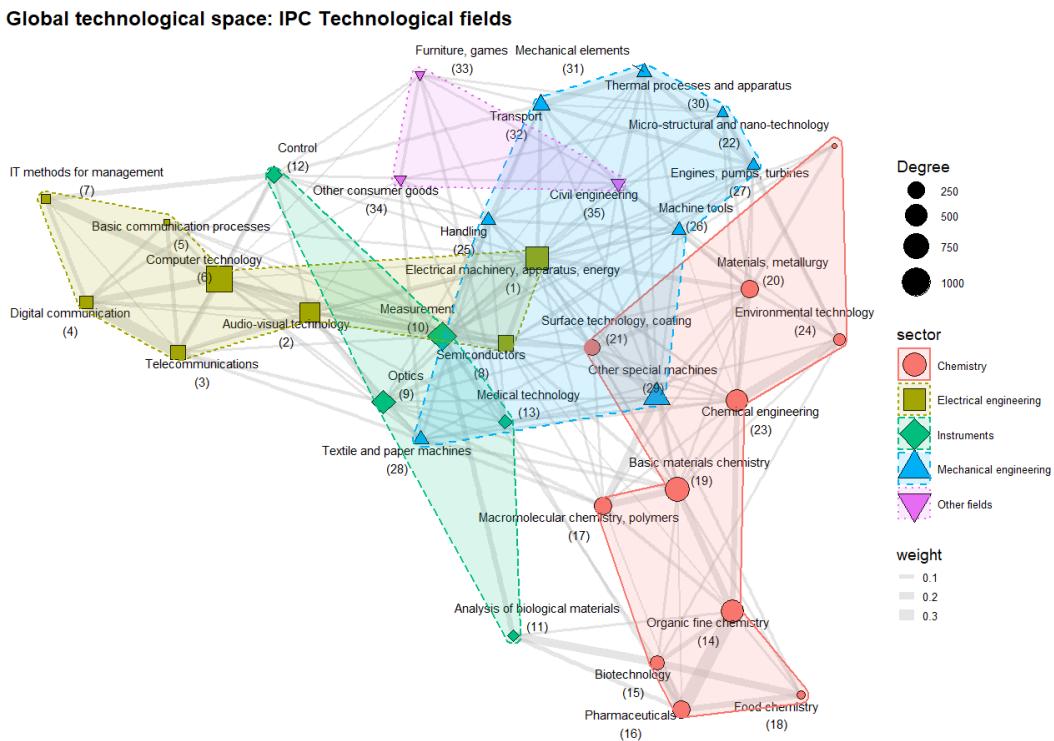
The first figure from the GTS doesn't have any information linked to specialisations. The command below uses the general network created before to plot this geography-agnostic GTS. The figure produced is saved at

“Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_3_GTS_for_IPC_fields.jpg”

```

g_tech_AI %>% ggraph(layout = coords_tech_AI) +
  geom_edge_link(aes(width = weight), alpha = 0.4, colour = "grey") +
  geom_node_point(aes(fill = sector, size = 1000^dgr, shape= sector))+ #
  scale_shape_manual(values=c(21, 22, 23, 24, 25)) + scale_size("Degree",
range = c(2, 12)) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = paste0(field_name, "\n(", name, ")")), size = 4,
repel = TRUE) + #field_name or name
  theme_graph(base_family = "sans")+ ggtitle("Global technological space:
IPC Technological fields") +
  theme(legend.title = element_text(size = 14), legend.text =
element_text(size = 10)) +
  guides(colour = guide_legend(override.aes = list(size=10)))+
  geom_mark_hull(aes(x = x, y=y, colour = sector, fill= sector,
                     linetype = sector), alpha = 0.15, expand = unit(2.5,
"mm"), size = 1)

```



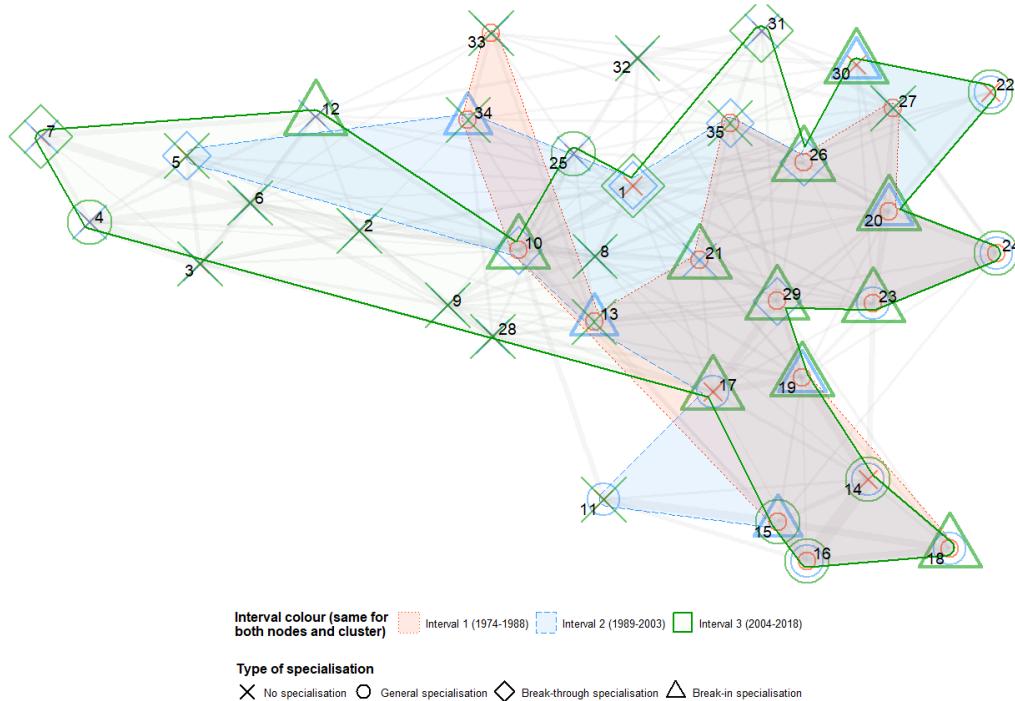
Next, this very same technological space is used to plot the technological trajectories of the selected countries, through plotting their specialisations information. Thus, the commands for color and size of the nodes are adapted to reflected the previously calculated 3 types of

specialisations. Three technological spaces are plotted for each country (one for each interval). Using again the case of Japan as an example, in the first interval:

```
#GTS with specialisations per country
country_select <- c("CN", "US", "JP", "KR")
### 1.2.3.3. Third Country
i=1
IPC_RCAs_wide_simplified <- IPC_RCAs_Top4 %>% pivot_wider(id_cols =
c(ctry_code, techn_field_nr, Label),
  names_from = Period_sim,
  values_from = c(RCA_AI_Period, Total_RCA_2, RCA_Gen, RCA_AI,
Round_general, Round_AI, Total_RCA),
  names_glue = "{.value}_Period_{Period_sim}" )

g_tech_AI %N>% left_join(IPC_RCAs_wide_simplified %>%
  filter(ctry_code == country_select[i]) %>%
  select(-ctry_code), by = c("name" =
"techn_field_nr")) %>%
  mutate(Shape_Group_P1_Factor = factor(
    ifelse(is.na(Total_RCA_2_Period_1), "NA_Value",
as.character(Total_RCA_2_Period_1)),
    levels = c("0", "1", "2", "3", "NA_Value")))) %>% ggraph(layout =
coords_tech_AI) +
  geom_edge_link(aes(width = weight), alpha = 0.2, colour = "#CCCCCC",
show.legend = FALSE) +
  geom_node_point(aes(shape = Shape_Group_P1_Factor,
size = 5, stroke = ifelse(Total_RCA_2_Period_1 == 3,
2.5, 1.3),
alpha = 1), color = "#FF3300", show.legend =
c(shape=TRUE, size=FALSE, stroke=FALSE, alpha=FALSE, color=FALSE)) +
  geom_node_point(aes(shape = factor(Total_RCA_2_Period_2),
size = 5.5, stroke = ifelse(Total_RCA_2_Period_2 == 3,
2.5, 1.3),
alpha = 1), color = "#3399FF", show.legend = FALSE) +
  geom_node_point(aes(shape = factor(Total_RCA_2_Period_3),
size = 6.5, stroke = ifelse(Total_RCA_2_Period_3 == 3,
2.5, 1.3),
alpha = 1), color = "#009900", show.legend = FALSE) +
  scale_shape_manual(name = "Type of specialisation",
values = c("0" = 4, "1" = 1, "2" = 5, "3" = 2,
"NA_Value" = 16), breaks = c("0", "1", "2", "3"),
labels = c("0" = "No specialisation", "1" = "General
specialisation",
"2" = "Break-through specialisation", "3" =
"Break-in specialisation"),
na.translate = FALSE, drop = FALSE) +
  scale_size("Degree", range = c(7, 18))+
  scale_alpha(guide = "none") +
  #geom_node_label(aes(Label = name), size = 2, repel = F) +
  geom_mark_hull(aes(filter = Total_RCA_2_Period_1 > .99, x = x, y = y, fill =
"Period 1", group = "Period 1"),
```


d) Global technological space: China (1974-2018)



```

bar_plot_China <- bar_plot_China <- IPC_RCAs_Top4[IPC_RCAs_Top4$ctry_code
== country_select[i],] %>%
  arrange(Label, Period) %>% group_by(Label) %>%
  mutate(general = Total_RCA_2 == 1,
         break_in      = Total_RCA_2 == 2,
         break_through   = Total_RCA_2 == 3,
         sustained_general = general & lag(general, 1, default = FALSE),
         sustained_break_in = break_in & lag(break_in, 1, default =
FALSE),
         sustained_break_through = break_through & lag(break_through, 1,
default = FALSE)) %>%
  ungroup()

bar_plot_China <- bar_plot_China %>%
  group_by(Period) %>% summarise(`General case` =
sum(general,
na.rm = TRUE),
`Break-through case` =
sum(break_in,
na.rm = TRUE),
`Break-in case` =
sum(break_through,
na.rm = TRUE),
`Sustained General case` =
sum(sustained_general, na.rm = TRUE),
`Sustained break-through case` =
sum(sustained_break_in, na.rm = TRUE),
`Sustained break-in case` =
sum(sustained_break_through, na.rm = TRUE),
.groups = "drop") %>% arrange(Period)

```

```

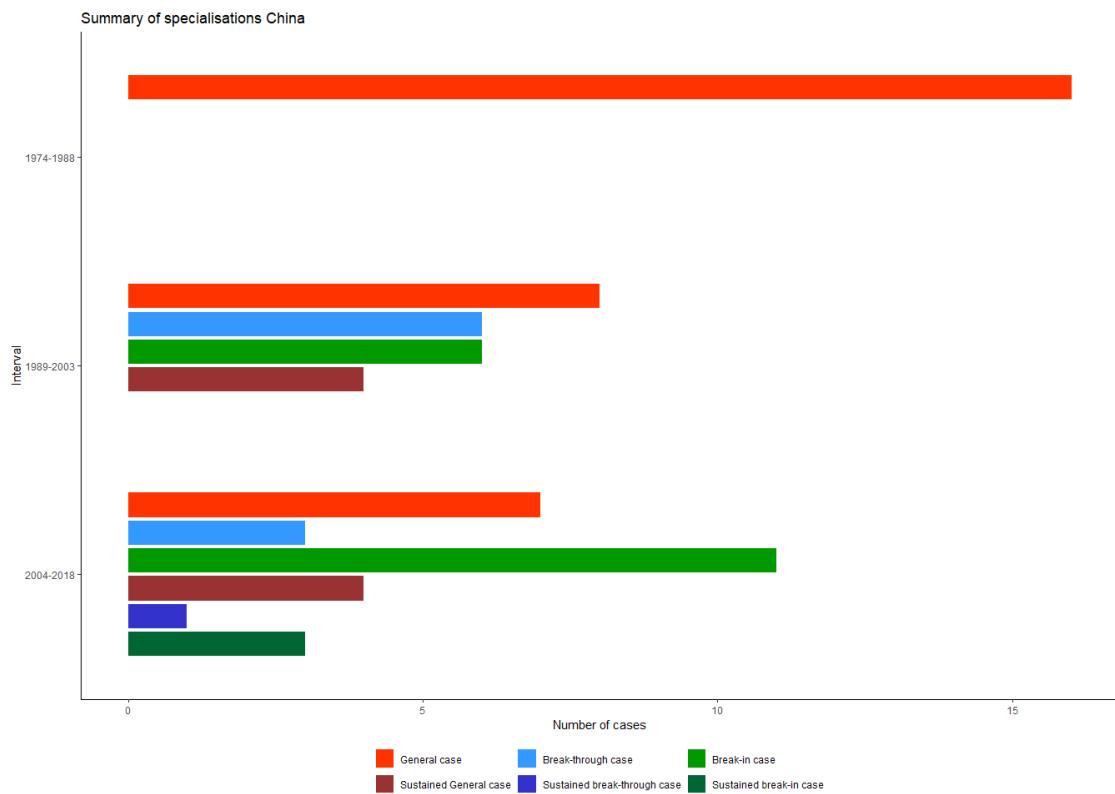
plot_long_China <- bar_plot_China |> rename(Period = Period) |>
  pivot_longer(cols= -Period,names_to= "Indicator",values_to = "Count")

#order Labels
plot_long_China$Indicator <- factor(plot_long_China$Indicator, levels =
  rev(c("General case", "Break-through case", "Break-in case",
        "Sustained General case", "Sustained break-through case", "Sustained break-in case")))
plot_long_China$Period <- factor(plot_long_China$Period, levels = c("2004-2018", "1989-2003", "1974-1988"))

legend_order <- c(
  "General case", "Break-through case", "Break-in case",
  "Sustained General case", "Sustained break-through case", "Sustained break-in case"
)

ggplot(plot_long_China, aes(x = factor(Period),y = Count, fill =
  Indicator)) +
  geom_col(position = position_dodge(width = .8), width = .7) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("General case" = "#FF3300",
    "Sustained General case" = "#993333",
    "Break-in case" = "#009900", "#3399FF",
    "Sustained break-in case" = "#006633", "#3333CC",
    "Break-through case" = "#3399FF", "#009900",
    "Sustained break-through case" = "#3333CC"),
    breaks = legend_order) + #006633
  guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)) +
  labs(x = "Interval",y = "Number of cases", fill = NULL, title = NULL)+
  ggtitle("Summary of specialisations China") +
  theme_classic(base_size = 11) + theme(legend.position = "bottom")+
  coord_flip()

```



The code

is the basically the same for the remaining countries in interval. The countries and intervals are selected by varying the variables i (for countries), and p (for intervals). The figures are generated and combined by country using the custom function “multiplot”. The files are saved at

“Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_5_Specialisations_techn_space_3_periods_4_countries_d_China.jpg”,

“Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_5_Specialisations_techn_space_3_periods_4_countries_b_USA.jpg”,

“Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_5_Specialisations_techn_space_3_periods_4_countries_a_Japan.jpg”, and

“Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_5_Specialisations_techn_space_3_periods_4_countries_c_SouthKorea.jpg”.

1.3.2. AI-specific technological space (ATS)

Next, we create the ATS. We follow very similar steps: load the AI data, separate the patents that are specific to each interval, calculate the network and it's coordinates, and plot one technological space per interval. The difference now is that the ATS is dynamic, meaning that we calculate the network every time for each interval. Starting with the first interval, the calculated degree for the top 10 most connected codes is:

```
g_tech_AI %>% arrange(desc(dgr)) %>% as_tibble() %>% slice(1:10)

## # A tibble: 10 × 5
##   name    sector      field_name      Category
dgr
##   <chr>  <chr>       <chr>          <chr>
## 1 <chr>
```

```

<dbl>
## 1 12     Instruments           Control          AI-core fields
1
## 2 6     Electrical engineering Computer technology AI-core fields
0.987
## 3 7     Electrical engineering IT methods for management AI-core fields
0.861
## 4 10    Instruments           Measurement       AI-core fields
0.731
## 5 25    Mechanical engineering Handling        Surrounding fie...
0.534
## 6 26    Mechanical engineering Machine tools   Other
0.523
## 7 8     Electrical engineering Semiconductors Other
0.473
## 8 32    Mechanical engineering Transport      Other
0.447
## 9 27    Mechanical engineering Engines, pumps, turbines Other
0.419
## 10 29   Mechanical engineering Other special machines Other
0.417

```

The dataset with the AI-specific specialisations (named AI_RCA), saved previously in the file “Specializations_All_periods_IPC.csv” (together with the specialisations of countries), looks like this:

```

head(AI_RCA)

##   techn_field_nr RCA_AI_Period Period_sim Binary
## 1                 1  0.05934926      1      0
## 2                 2  0.08535377      1      0
## 3                 3  0.33606440      1      0
## 4                 4  1.09784935      1      1
## 5                 5  1.64528254      1      1
## 6                 6 16.64849577      1      1

```

Where “RCA_AI_Period” refers to the specific RTA of each code for each interval (which in turn is shown in the column Period_sim). We then plot the ATS for the first interval:

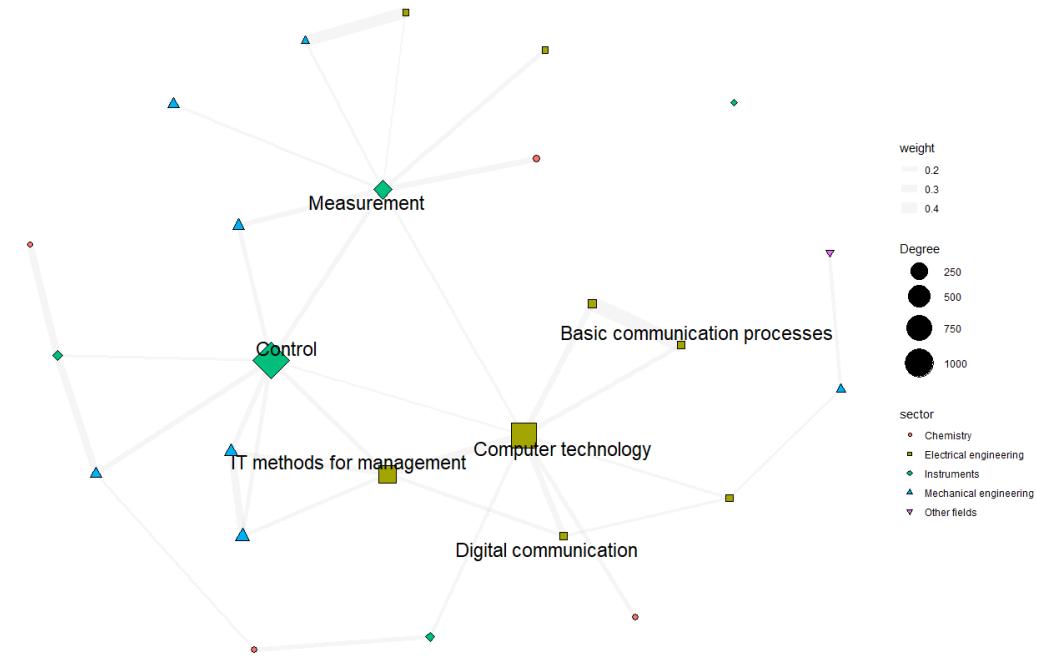
```

AI_RCA1 <- AI_RCA[AI_RCA$Period_sim == 1, ]
p=1
g_tech_AI %N>%
  left_join(AI_RCA1 %>% filter(Period_sim == p), by = c("name" =
"techn_field_nr")) %>%
  ggraph(layout = coords_tech_AI) +
  geom_edge_link(aes(width = weight), alpha = 0.2, colour = "#CCCCCC") +
  geom_node_point(aes(fill = sector, size = 1000^dgr, shape= sector)) +
  scale_shape_manual(values=c(21, 22, 23, 24, 25)) + labs(color = "RCA")+
  scale_size("Degree", range = c(2, 12)) +
  geom_node_text(aes(filter=Binary > .99, label = field_name), size = 6,
repel = TRUE) +
  theme_graph(base_family = "sans") + guides(colour =

```

```
guide_legend(override.aes = list(size=5))+
  ggtitle("AI-specific technological space (1974-1988)") #
```

AI-specific technological space (1974-1988)



We do the same for the 2 other intervals, and combine the three figures again using the multiplot custom function. The resulting figure is saved at "Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_2_ATS_and_AI_core_technologies_3_intervals.jpg"

2. Other figures

Next, we create the 3 remaining figures shown in the paper (namely Figures 1, 6, and 7).

2.1. Share of Break-in specialisations (Fig 6 and 7)

We create this figure by reading all the summary files we already separated before. We start by reading and combining files RCA_4countries_detailed.csv and Specializations_All_periods_IPC.csv into a new file named IPC_RCAs. Then, we summarize its main results, in the following way:

```
SummaryAllData <- distinct(IPC_RCAs, ctry_code, Period, .keep_all = TRUE)
colnames(SummaryAllData)[1] <- "Country"
head(SummaryAllData)

## # A tibble: 6 × 20
##   Country      techn_field_nr RCA_Gen RCA_AI Period  Label Round_general
##   <chr>        <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 United States  1.00     0.800    0.700    0.600    0.500    0.400
## 2 United Kingdom 0.950    0.750    0.650    0.550    0.450    0.350
## 3 Germany       0.900    0.700    0.600    0.500    0.400    0.300
## 4 France        0.850    0.650    0.550    0.450    0.350    0.250
## 5 Japan          0.800    0.600    0.500    0.400    0.300    0.200
## 6 Italy          0.750    0.550    0.450    0.350    0.250    0.150
```

```

##   <chr>     <chr>      <dbl>  <dbl> <chr>    <chr>      <int>
<int>
## 1 China      1          0.781   0  1974-1... Elec...      0
0
## 2 Japan      1          1.13    1.40 1974-1... Elec...      1
1
## 3 South Korea 1          0.886   0  1974-1... Elec...      0
0
## 4 USA        1          0.806   0  1974-1... Elec...      0
0
## 5 China      1          0.686   2.09 1989-2... Elec...      0
1
## 6 Japan      1          1.14    0.983 1989-2... Elec...      1
0
## # [i] 12 more variables: Total_RCA <fct>, Period_sim <dbl>, RCA_AI_Period
<dbl>,
## #   Total_RCA_2 <dbl>, Coiciding <dbl>, justGeneral <dbl>, OnlyAI <dbl>,
## #   Share_coinciding <dbl>, Share_OnlyAI <dbl>, sum_coinciding <dbl>,
## #   sum_justGeneral <dbl>, sum_OnlyAI <dbl>

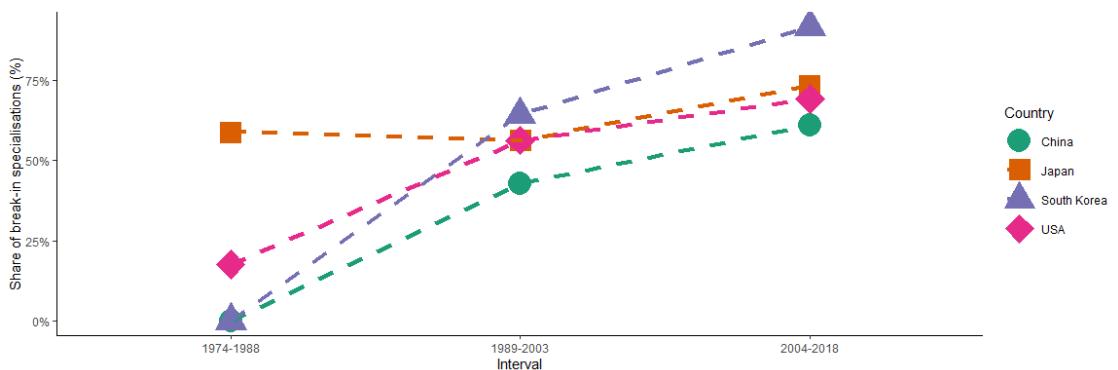
```

This file is all we need to create Figure 6, shown below (and saved in file "Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_6_Share_coinciding_specialisations_techn_fiel d.jpg")

```

ggplot(data=SummaryAllData, aes(x=Period, y=Share_coinciding,
group=Country, shape = Country, color=Country)) +
  geom_point(aes(fill = Country), size=8) +  scale_shape_manual(values=c(21,
22, 24, 23)) +
  xlab("Interval") + ylab("Share of break-in specialisations (%)") +
  theme_classic() + geom_line(aes(color=Country), linetype = "dashed",
size=1.5) +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#1B9E77", "#D95F02", "#7570B3", "#E7298A")) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#1B9E77", "#D95F02", "#7570B3", "#E7298A"))

```

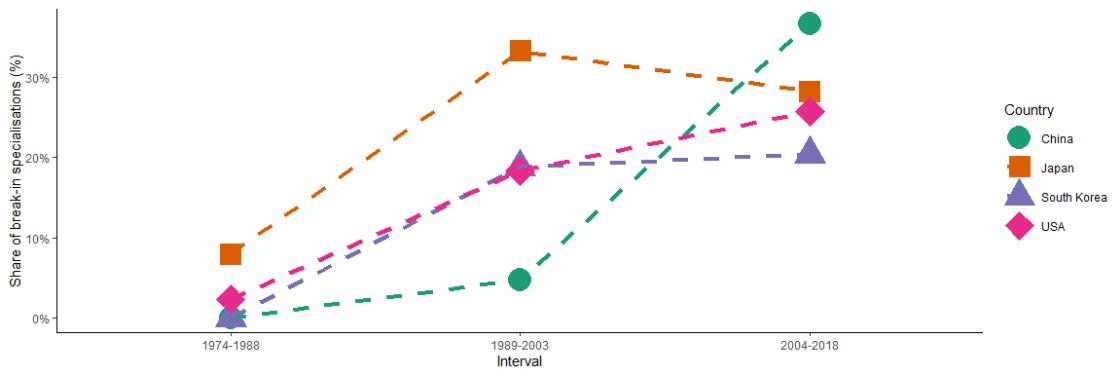


Next, we do the same for the subclass-based Figure 7, which is shown below and saved as "Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_7_Share_coinciding_specialisations_subclass.j pg".

```

ggplot(data=SummaryAllData4dig, aes(x=Period, y=Share_coinciding,
group=Country, shape = Country, color=Country)) +
  geom_point(aes(fill = Country), size=8) +
  scale_shape_manual(values=c(21, 22, 24, 23)) +
  xlab("Interval") +
  ylab("Share of break-in specialisations (%)") +
  theme_classic() +
  geom_line(aes(color=Country), linetype = "dashed", size=1.5) +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#1B9E77", "#D95F02", "#7570B3", "#E7298A")) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#1B9E77", "#D95F02", "#7570B3", "#E7298A"))

```



2.2. Log 10 of the number of AI patents by Japan, the USA, South Korea, and China

Next, we create Figure 1. Not much data is needed for this one (the only dataset needed is other_files/PCPs_AI.csv), and just simple commands used to process this data to get a summarized number. The produced figure is saved as "Files_created_with_the_code/figures/Figure_1_Log_10_AI_patents_per_country.jpg", and also shown below.

```

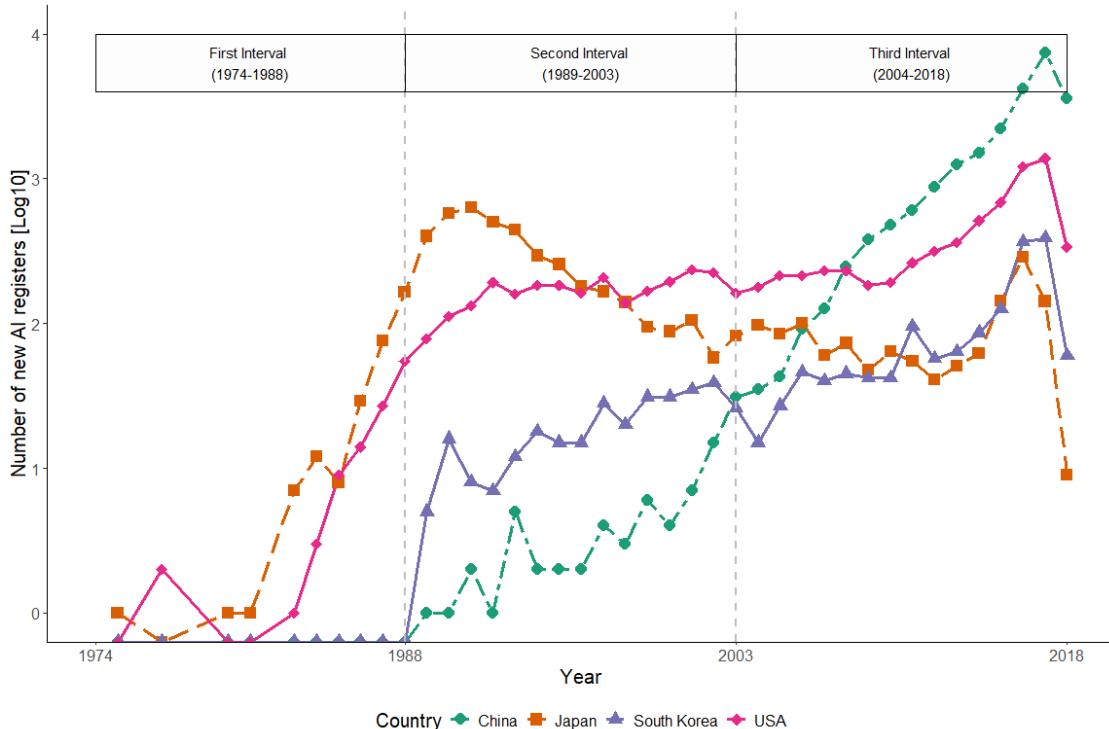
ggplot(data=test, aes(x=Year, y=log10(Number_of_AI_patents), group=Country,
colour=Country, shape=Country)) +
  geom_line(size=1.2, aes(linetype=Country)) +
  geom_point(size=4) + xlab("Year") + ylab("Number of new AI registers
[Log10]") + theme_classic() +
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c("twodash", "longdash", "solid", "solid")) +
  scale_shape_manual(values=c(16, 15, 17, 18)) +
  theme(legend.position="bottom") +
  theme(text = element_text(size = 15)) + scale_y_continuous(limits=c(0,4))
+
  geom_vline(data=test, aes(xintercept=c(1988), colour=Period),
linetype="dashed", size=1, color = "grey") +
  geom_vline(data=test, aes(xintercept=c(2003), colour=Period),
linetype="dashed", size=1, color = "grey") +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(1974, 1988, 2003, 2018), limits=c(1974,
2018)) + scale_color_brewer(palette="Dark2") +
  annotate("rect", xmin = 1974, xmax=1988, ymin = 3.6, ymax = 4, alpha = .01,
color = "black")

```

```

  annotate("text", x = 1981, y = 3.8, label = c("First Interval \n(1974-1988)"), size=4)+
  annotate("rect", xmin = 1988, xmax=2003, ymin = 3.6, ymax = 4, alpha = .01,
color = "black") +
  annotate("text", x = 1996, y = 3.8, label = c("Second Interval \n(1989-2003)"), size=4) +
  annotate("rect", xmin = 2003, xmax=2018, ymin = 3.6, ymax = 4, alpha = .01,
color = "black") +
  annotate("text", x = 2011, y = 3.8, label = c("Third Interval \n(2004-2018)"), size=4)

```



3. Permutations for technological fields

3.1. Permute the AI dataset

Load the raw data, separate the interval (the first one for this example, from 1974 to 1988), and calculate the fractional count of each country in each considered field as done before.

The resulting count of techn_fields per country is:

```

head(region_tech_fields_1_df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 3
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr n_tech_reg
##   <chr>          <int>      <dbl>
## 1 AD              20        1
## 2 AD              24        1
## 3 AD              28        3

```

```

## 4 AD           32      1
## 5 AD           33      1
## 6 AD           34      3

```

Now we load the AI patents, select the ones from the first interval, define target countries (the four main ones), and define the number of permutations. To avoid that it takes it too long, I'll use 10 permutations (num_permutations = 10; in the paper, this number is set to 1000).

```

list_of_permuted_dfs <- vector("list", length = num_permutations)

for (p in 1:num_permutations) {
  if (p %% 100 == 0) print(paste("Permutation number:", p)) # Progress
  indicator

  # This dataframe will hold the permuted AI patents for target countries
  ONLY for THIS iteration
  permuted_ai_for_target_countries_iter <- data.frame()

  for (country in target_countries) {
    # 1. Identify and Count ACTUAL AI patents for the current country from
    the original AI dataset
    actual_ai_appln_ids_country <- ai_patents_period_1_df %>%
      filter(ctry_code == country) %>%
      distinct(appln_id) %>%
      pull(appln_id)

    n_ai_country <- length(actual_ai_appln_ids_country)

    if (n_ai_country == 0) {
      # print(paste("No AI patents found for", country, "in original AI data.
      Skipping for perm", p))
      next # Skip to the next country if no AI patents to replace
    }

    # 2. Prepare the pool of ALL patents for the current country from the
    general dataset
    country_all_patents_pool <- ipc_all_patents_first_period_df %>%
      filter(ctry_code == country) %>%
      distinct(appln_id)

    if (nrow(country_all_patents_pool) == 0) {
      # print(paste("No patents in general pool for", country, ". Skipping
      for perm", p))
      next
    }

    # Handle cases where the pool is smaller than the number of AI patents to
    sample
    # This is unlikely if ipc_all_patents_first_period_df is complete, but
    good for robustness
  }
}

```

```

sample_size <- min(n_ai_country, nrow(country_all_patents_pool))
replace_sampling <- FALSE
if (n_ai_country > nrow(country_all_patents_pool)) {
  # print(paste("Warning: For country", country, "in perm", p,
  #             "not enough unique patents in pool. Sampling",
  nrow(country_all_patents_pool),
  #             "instead of", n_ai_country, "OR consider sampling with
replacement."))
  # Decide: either sample fewer (as done with min()), or sample with
replacement.
  # If sampling with replacement is desired:
  # sample_size <- n_ai_country
  # replace_sampling <- TRUE
  # For now, we sample up to the available pool size without replacement.
  # Or, if strict adherence to n_ai_country is needed and pool is too
small WITH replace=FALSE:
  if(nrow(country_all_patents_pool) < n_ai_country && !replace_sampling){
    # print(paste("Strict N_AI needed, but pool too small for", country,
"in perm", p, ". Skipping country for this perm."))
    next # Skip this country for this permutation if not enough patents
  }
}

# 3. Randomly select an equivalent number of unique appln_ids from this
country's general pool
random_appln_ids_country <- sample(country_all_patents_pool$appln_id,
size = sample_size, # Use adjusted
sample_size
replace = replace_sampling) # Use
replace_sampling flag

# 4. Get all rows for these randomly selected patents from the
ipc_all_patents_first_period_df
randomly_selected_patents_df_country <- ipc_all_patents_first_period_df
%>%
  filter(appln_id %in% random_appln_ids_country & ctry_code == country)

# 5. Add these randomly selected patents for the current country to the
iteration's df
if (nrow(randomly_selected_patents_df_country) > 0) {
  permuted_ai_for_target_countries_iter <- bind_rows(
    permuted_ai_for_target_countries_iter,
    randomly_selected_patents_df_country
  )
}
} # End of country loop

# Add the permutation number to all rows of this iteration's dataframe
if (nrow(permuted_ai_for_target_countries_iter) > 0) {
  permuted_ai_for_target_countries_iter$permutation_number <- p
}

```

```

}

# Store the dataframe for this iteration in the list
list_of_permuted_dfs[[p]] <- permuted_ai_for_target_countries_iter

} # End of permutation Loop

# Combine all permuted dataframes from the list into one large dataframe
final_permuted_dataset <- bind_rows(list_of_permuted_dfs)

```

The resulting permuted dataset looks like this for the 5 initial and 5 last lines:

```

head(final_permuted_dataset)

##   appln_id ctry_code techn_field_nr permutation_number
## 1 25158951        JP          10                 1
## 2 25207766        JP           2                 1
## 3 25207766        JP           2                 1
## 4 25207766        JP           2                 1
## 5 25256648        JP           1                 1
## 6 25256648        JP           1                 1

tail(final_permuted_dataset)

##      appln_id ctry_code techn_field_nr permutation_number
## 11620 47080144        US           2                 10
## 11621 48456520        US           6                 10
## 11622 47080144        US           2                 10
## 11623 52219554        US          14                 10
## 11624 52219554        US          23                 10
## 11625 48823043        US           3                 10

```

Or, in summary, it looks like this (please don't forget that just Japan and the USA from the 4 selected countries had patents in the first interval):

```

final_permuted_dataset %>%
  filter(permutation_number <= 5) %>%
  group_by(permutation_number, ctry_code) %>%
  summarise(unique_appln_ids = n_distinct(appln_id), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  print(n=20)

## # A tibble: 10 × 3
##   permutation_number ctry_code unique_appln_ids
##                   <int> <chr>             <int>
## 1                      1 JP                  307
## 2                      1 US                  107
## 3                      2 JP                  307
## 4                      2 US                  107
## 5                      3 JP                  307
## 6                      3 US                  107
## 7                      4 JP                  307
## 8                      4 US                  107

```

```

## 9          5 JP          307
## 10         5 US          107

```

Next, we separate the list of NOT-targeted countries with AI patents, create a list to hold the replicated dataframes, and loop these countries according to the number of permutations selected (10 in this example), so that we also have these ‘extra’ AI-players on every permutation.

The resulting dataset looks like this for the first and last 6 observations

```

head(replicated_not_selected_ai_final)

##   appln_id ctry_code permutation_number
##   <int>     <char>           <int>
## 1: 16723353      FR            0
## 2: 16723353      FR            0
## 3: 16723353      FR            0
## 4: 36147193      IE            0
## 5: 36147193      IE            0
## 6: 36147193      IE            0

tail(replicated_not_selected_ai_final)

##   appln_id ctry_code permutation_number
##   <int>     <char>           <int>
## 1: 16709578      DE            10
## 2: 16709578      DE            10
## 3: 16709578      DE            10
## 4: 10332913      DE            10
## 5: 10332913      DE            10
## 6: 10332913      DE            10

```

We merge this back into the “target” dataset, name the country_code of it as “AI_pat” to be able to trace it back, and merge everything.

The result looks like this:

```

table(final_permuted_dataset$permutation_number)

##
##    0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9    10
## 1418 1205 1135 1243 1153 1194 1171 1134 1143 1140 1156

```

3.2. Calculate AI-specific specialisations

Now we calculate the AI-specific specialisations based on these Permutated dataset:

```

list_of_rca_dfs <- region_tech_fields_perm_df %>%
  group_by(permutation_number) %>%
  group_split() %>% # This splits the df into a List of dfs, one for each
# permutation
  purrr::map(~{
    current_permutation_number <- unique(.x$permutation_number)
  })

```

```

print(paste("Processing RCA for permutation_number:",
current_permutation_number))

# Matrix creation for the current permutation's data
mat_reg_tech_perm_AI <- .x %>%
  select(-permutation_number) %>% # Temporarily remove for pivot if it
causes issues
  arrange(techn_field_nr, ctry_code) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = techn_field_nr,
              values_from = n_tech_reg,
              values_fill = 0) # Changed from list(n_tech_reg = 0) for
simplicity

# Check if ctry_code column exists and is not empty
if (!"ctry_code" %in% names(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI) ||
nrow(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI) == 0 ||
all(is.na(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI$ctry_code))) {
  print(paste("Skipping permutation", current_permutation_number, "due to
missing ctry_code or empty data after pivot."))
  return(NULL) # Return NULL or an empty tibble
}

# Check for duplicate ctry_codes which would prevent rownames_to_column
if (any(duplicated(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI$ctry_code))) {
  print(paste("Warning: Duplicate ctry_code found for permutation",
current_permutation_number, ". Aggregating or handling needed."))
  return(tibble(permuation_number = current_permutation_number,
error="duplicate ctry_code"))
}

mat_reg_tech_perm_AI <- mat_reg_tech_perm_AI %>%
  remove_rownames() %>%
  column_to_rownames(var = "ctry_code") %>%
  as.matrix() %>% round()# No rounding here, Location_quotient might
prefer raw numbers

# RCA calculation
# Ensure matrix is suitable (e.g., no NA/NaN/Inf that Location_quotient
can't handle)
if (nrow(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI) == 0 || ncol(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI) == 0) {
  print(paste("Skipping RCA for permutation", current_permutation_number,
"due to empty matrix."))
  return(NULL)
}

# Ensure there are at least two columns for Location_quotient (ctry_code
was one)
if (ncol(mat_reg_tech_perm_AI) < 1) { # If only ctry_code was present and
now it's rownames

```

```

    print(paste("Skipping RCA for permutation", current_permutation_number,
"due to insufficient columns in matrix."))
    return(NULL)
}

# Check for all zero rows/columns if location_quotient is sensitive
# For example, if a row sum is 0, RCA might be NaN or Inf.
# The location_quotient function might handle this, or you might need
pre-filtering.

rca_results_perm <- tryCatch({
  mat_reg_tech_perm_AI %>%
    location_quotient(binary = FALSE) %>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    rownames_to_column("ctry_code") %>%
    as_tibble() %>%
    gather(key = "techn_field_nr", value = "RCA", -ctry_code) %>%
    arrange(ctry_code, techn_field_nr) %>%
    mutate(permulation_number = current_permutation_number) # Add back
permutation number
  }, error = function(e) {
    print(paste("Error in location_quotient for permutation",
current_permutation_number, ":", e$message))
    return(tibble(permulation_number = current_permutation_number,
ctry_code=NA, techn_field_nr=NA, RCA=NA, error_message = e$message)) # Return
an empty or error-marked tibble
  })
}

return(rca_results_perm)
})

## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 0"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 1"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 2"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 3"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 4"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 5"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 6"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 7"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 8"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 9"
## [1] "Processing RCA for permutation_number: 10"

# Combine the list of RCA dataframes into one final dataframe
final_rca_all_permutations_df <- bind_rows(list_of_rca_dfs)

```

The new AI-specific RTAs look like this:

```
head(final_rca_all_permutations_df)
```

```

## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr    RCA permutation_number
##   <chr>      <chr>        <dbl>             <dbl>
## 1 AT         1              0                 0
## 2 AT         10             0                 0
## 3 AT         11             0                 0
## 4 AT         12             0                 0
## 5 AT         13             0                 0
## 6 AT         17             0                 0

tail(final_rca_all_permutations_df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##   ctry_code techn_field_nr    RCA permutation_number
##   <chr>      <chr>        <dbl>             <dbl>
## 1 US         4              0                 10
## 2 US         5              0                 10
## 3 US         6              1.02              10
## 4 US         7              0                 10
## 5 US         8              0.263             10
## 6 US         9              0.892             10

```

This file (or better said, the relevant file with 1000 permutations) is saved as “final_rca_all_permutations_df_1st_Period.csv”. The other two intervals are saved with similar names, i.e., “final_rca_all_permutations_df_2nd_Period.csv” and “final_rca_all_permutations_df_3rd_Period.csv”, in Files_created_with_the_code/data/files_code_Fields_analysis/robustness/

4. Econometrics

Read the files calculated in the “3.Robustness” code, and calculate the first three models.

The dataset looks like this

```

head(regression_data)

##   ctry_code rel_density    period no_specialization general_specialization
## 1       JP      57 1974-1978                  15                19
## 2       KR      38 1974-1978                  22                13
## 3       US      50 1974-1978                  19                15
## 4       CN      35 1974-1978                  24                11
## 5       CN      32 1979-1983                  23                12
## 6       JP      56 1979-1983                  17                16
##   ai_specific_specialization coinciding_specialization
##   actual_share_coinciding
## 1                               0                         1
## 0.0500000
## 2                               0                         0
## 0.0000000
## 3                               0                         1
## 0.0625000

```

```

## 4 0 0
0.0000000
## 5 0 0
0.0000000
## 6 0 2
0.1111111
## actual_share_round_ai actual_share_round_general
actual_persistent_coinciding
## 1 0.02857143 0.5714286
0
## 2 0.00000000 0.3714286
0
## 3 0.02857143 0.4571429
0
## 4 0.00000000 0.3142857
0
## 5 0.00000000 0.3428571
0
## 6 0.05714286 0.5142857
1
## actual_persistent_just_general actual_persistent_just_ai
## 1 0 0
## 2 0 0
## 3 0 0
## 4 0 0
## 5 5 0
## 6 15 0
## actual_n_persistent_round_ai actual_n_ai_prev_coinciding
## 1 0 0
## 2 0 0
## 3 0 0
## 4 0 0
## 5 0 0
## 6 1 0
## actual_n_coinciding_prev_ai actual_n_ai_prev_gen
## 1 0 0
## 2 0 0
## 3 0 0
## 4 0 0
## 5 0 0
## 6 0 0
## actual_n_persistent_core_fields actual_n_persistent_not_core_fields
## 1 0 0
## 2 0 0
## 3 0 0
## 4 0 0
## 5 0 0
## 6 1 0
## actual_n_persistent_coin_core_fields
actual_n_persistent_coin_not_core_fields
## 1 0

```

```

0
## 2 0
## 3 0
## 4 0
## 5 0
## 6 1
0
##    actual_ai_core_fields actual_ai_not_core_fields
actual_persistent_general_all
## 1 1 0
0
## 2 0 0
0
## 3 0 1
0
## 4 0 0
0
## 5 0 0
5
## 6 2 0
17
##    total_general_specializations double_check total_specializations
## 1 20 35 20
## 2 13 35 13
## 3 16 35 16
## 4 11 35 11
## 5 12 35 12
## 6 18 35 18
##    total_AI_specializations Share_Coinciding Period
## 1 1 0.0500000 1974-1978
## 2 0 0.0000000 1974-1978
## 3 1 0.0625000 1974-1978
## 4 0 0.0000000 1974-1978
## 5 0 0.0000000 1979-1983
## 6 2 0.1111111 1979-1983

```

The results for the first three models are:

| | (1) | Share_Coinciding (2) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| ## | | |
| ## | | |
| (3) | | |
| ## | | |
| ----- | | |
| ## rel_density | 0.001 (0.005) | 0.001 (0.006) |
| -0.001 (0.006) | | |
| ## total_general_specializations | | -0.010 (0.016) |
| 0.002 (0.018) | | |
| ## Period1979-1983 | 0.004 (0.132) | -0.012 (0.074) |
| -0.013 (0.075) | | |
| ## Period1984-1988 | 0.164 (0.132) | -0.016 (0.079) |
| -0.045 (0.084) | | |
| ## Period1989-1993 | 0.348** (0.131) | 0.019 (0.085) |
| -0.005 (0.089) | | |
| ## Period1994-1998 | 0.405*** (0.131) | 0.005 (0.093) |
| -0.002 (0.095) | | |
| ## Period1999-2003 | 0.455*** (0.136) | -0.007 (0.098) |
| -0.034 (0.103) | | |
| ## Period2004-2008 | 0.535*** (0.132) | 0.080 (0.095) |
| 0.048 (0.100) | | |
| ## Period2009-2013 | 0.534*** (0.131) | 0.065 (0.096) |
| 0.042 (0.101) | | |
| ## Period2014-2018 | 0.666*** (0.132) | 0.118 (0.105) |
| 0.093 (0.110) | | |
| ## ctry_codeJP | | |
| -0.018 (0.055) | | |
| ## ctry_codeKR | | |
| 0.063 (0.054) | | |
| ## ctry_codeUS | | |
| 0.049 (0.051) | | |
| ## total_AI_specializations | | 0.036*** (0.005) |
| 0.038*** (0.005) | | |
| ## Constant | -0.036 (0.227) | 0.100 (0.130) |
| 0.017 (0.152) | | |
| ## | | |
| ----- | | |
| ## Observations | 36 | 36 |
| 36 | | |
| ## R2 | 0.673 | 0.905 |
| 0.915 | | |
| ## Adjusted R2 | 0.560 | 0.862 |
| 0.859 | | |
| ## Residual Std. Error | 0.185 (df = 26) | 0.104 (df = 24) |
| 0.105 (df = 21) | | |
| ## F Statistic | 5.958*** (df = 9; 26) | 20.802*** (df = 11; |
| 24) 16.181*** (df = 14; 21) | | |
| ## | | |
| ===== | | |
| ===== | | |

```
## Note:  
*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

For the remaining 3 models, the results are:

| stargazer(newmodel4, newmodel5, newmodel6, title="Effects on persisting specialisations", ci.level=0.95, single.row=TRUE, ci=F, type="text") | | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------|
| ## | Dependent | |
| variable: | ----- | |
| ## | ----- | |
| actual_n_persistent_round_ai | actual_persistent_coinciding | |
| (3) | (1) | (2) |
| ## | ----- | |
| ## rel_density | 0.015 (0.031) | 0.039 (0.082) |
| 0.006 (0.078) | | |
| ## Period1979-1983 | -1.431 (1.171) | 0.480 (1.092) |
| -0.124 (1.044) | | |
| ## Period1984-1988 | -1.901 (1.120) | -0.941 (1.192) |
| -0.628 (1.151) | | |
| ## Period1989-1993 | -1.942 (1.330) | 0.423 (1.258) |
| -0.292 (1.201) | | |
| ## Period1994-1998 | -1.263 (1.148) | 1.854 (1.368) |
| 0.158 (1.354) | | |
| ## Period1999-2003 | -1.280 (1.234) | 1.708 (1.477) |
| -0.520 (1.447) | | |
| ## Period2004-2008 | -1.812 (1.245) | 0.919 (1.405) |
| 0.807 (1.350) | | |
| ## Period2009-2013 | 0.012 (1.305) | 3.546** (1.420) |
| -1.135 (1.524) | | |
| ## Period2014-2018 | -0.420 (1.297) | 2.861* (1.572) |
| -0.458 (1.601) | | |
| ## actual_persistent_general_all | 0.133* (0.074) | |
| ## actual_n_persistent_round_ai | 0.525*** (0.070) | |
| ## total_general_specializations | | 0.113 (0.239) |
| -0.053 (0.228) | | |
| ## actual_persistent_coinciding | | |
| 1.115*** (0.199) | | |
| ## coinciding_specialization | | 0.413* (0.226) |
| -0.182 (0.231) | | |
| ## total_AI_specializations | | -0.067 (0.150) |
| 0.297** (0.143) | | |
| ## Constant | -0.669 (1.464) | -3.642* (1.955) |

```
0.482 (1.997)
## -----
## Observations           36                  36
36
## R2                   0.914                0.799
0.921
## Adjusted R2          0.874                0.694
0.875
## Residual Std. Error   0.981 (df = 24)    1.531 (df = 23)
1.458 (df = 22)
## F Statistic          23.111*** (df = 11; 24) 7.606*** (df = 12;
23) 19.828*** (df = 13; 22)
##
=====
```

=====

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01