

APA 7th Edition Template: This is added after the title, no colon needed.

Abstract

This document is an example of using the apaquarto extension within the project template. Praesent ornare dolor turpis, sed tincidunt nisl pretium eget. Curabitur sed iaculis ex, vitae tristique sapien. Quisque nec ex dolor. Quisque ut nisl a libero egestas molestie. Nulla vel porta nulla. Phasellus id pretium arcu. Etiam sed mi pellentesque nibh scelerisque elementum sed at urna. Ut congue molestie nibh, sit amet pretium ligula consectetur eu. Integer consectetur augue justo, at placerat erat posuere at. Ut elementum urna lectus, vitae bibendum neque pulvinar quis. Suspendisse vulputate cursus eros id maximus. Duis pulvinar facilisis massa, et condimentum est viverra congue. Curabitur ornare convallis nisl. Morbi dictum scelerisque turpis quis pellentesque. Etiam lectus risus, luctus lobortis risus ut, rutrum vulputate justo. Nulla facilisi.

Keywords: APA, project, template, lipsum

APA 7th Edition Template: This is added after the title, no colon needed.

This is my introductory paragraph. The title will be placed above it automatically. *Do not start with an introductory heading* (e.g., “Introduction”). The title acts as your Level 1 heading for the introduction. You’ll see the `{{< lipsum >}}` shortcode used to flesh out the document. You can add a number to create multiple paragraphs, like `{{< lipsum 3 >}}` to get three paragraphs. *This requires newer releases of Quarto!*

Duis urna urna, pellentesque eu urna ut, malesuada bibendum dolor. Suspendisse potenti. Vivamus ornare, arcu quis molestie ultrices, magna est accumsan augue, auctor vulputate erat quam quis neque. Nullam scelerisque odio vel ultricies facilisis. Ut porta arcu non magna sagittis lacinia. Cras ornare vulputate lectus a tristique. Pellentesque ac arcu congue, rhoncus mi id, dignissim ligula.

Praesent ornare dolor turpis, sed tincidunt nisl pretium eget. Curabitur sed iaculis ex, vitae tristique sapien. Quisque nec ex dolor. Quisque ut nisl a libero egestas molestie. Nulla vel porta nulla. Phasellus id pretium arcu. Etiam sed mi pellentesque nibh scelerisque elementum sed at urna. Ut congue molestie nibh, sit amet pretium ligula consectetur eu. Integer consectetur augue justo, at placerat erat posuere at. Ut elementum urna lectus, vitae bibendum neque pulvinar quis. Suspendisse vulputate cursus eros id maximus. Duis pulvinar facilisis massa, et condimentum est viverra congue. Curabitur ornare convallis nisl. Morbi dictum scelerisque turpis quis pellentesque. Etiam lectus risus, luctus lobortis risus ut, rutrum vulputate justo. Nulla facilisi.

Acronyms

You can add acronyms using the `acronyms` extension and shortcodes. For example, `{{< acr qmd >}}` gives you Quarto document (qmd). Then, when you use `{{< acr qmd >}}` subsequent times, it would simply show the acronym, like so: qmd. Very convenient. When talking about qmd frontmatter, you might say:

Quarto document (qmd) uses YAML Aint Markup Language (YAML) for frontmatter, metadata, and settings. YAML is convenient and human-readable.

26 And the actual text in the file is:

```
>{{< acr qmd first_use=true >}} uses {{< acr YAML >}} for frontmatter,  
metadata, and settings. {{< acr YAML >}} is convenient and human-readable.
```

27 Note that the code is broken up to wrap in PDF as well as HTML. Since we used the qmd acronym
28 in the paragraph above, we needed to add the first_use=true option to force the full acronym
29 usage. You'll also notice the {.NoIndent} class attached to this paragraph and the line above the
30 code block above. Nice little addition. Readers are better able to follow your ideas if you
31 differentiate sections in your introduction with headings. Mostly stick to level 2 headers.
32 Sometimes level 3 headings are needed, though. Be sparing to the point of stinginess with levels 4
33 and 5.

34 All headings should be in title case according to [these rules and exceptions](#).

35 **Level 2 Heading**

36 Subsections of the introduction have level 2 headings. A paragraph after a level 2 Heading
37 is on a new line. Regular paragraphs are indented, flush left, and double-spaced.

38 You do not need to put text after a heading. You can put a higher-level heading directly
39 underneath if you want.

40 Etiam non efficitur urna, quis elementum nisi. Mauris posuere a augue vel gravida.
41 Praesent luctus erat et ex iaculis interdum. Nulla vestibulum quam ac nunc consequat vulputate.
42 Nullam iaculis lobortis sem sit amet fringilla. Aliquam semper, metus ut blandit semper, nulla
43 velit fermentum sapien, fermentum ultrices dolor sapien sed leo. Vestibulum molestie faucibus
44 magna, at feugiat nulla ullamcorper a. Aliquam erat volutpat. Praesent scelerisque magna a justo
45 maximus, sit amet suscipit mauris tempor. Nulla nec dolor eget ipsum pellentesque lobortis a in
46 ipsum. Morbi turpis turpis, fringilla a eleifend maximus, viverra nec neque. Class aptent taciti
47 sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos himenaeos.

48 Duis urna urna, pellentesque eu urna ut, malesuada bibendum dolor. Suspendisse potenti.
49 Vivamus ornare, arcu quis molestie ultrices, magna est accumsan augue, auctor vulputate erat

quam quis neque. Nullam scelerisque odio vel ultricies facilisis. Ut porta arcu non magna sagittis lacinia. Cras ornare vulputate lectus a tristique. Pellentesque ac arcu congue, rhoncus mi id, dignissim ligula.

A Level 2 Heading Without Text Below It

Level 3 Heading

Subsections of a level 2 heading are placed under level 3 headings. Vestibulum ultrices, tortor at mattis porta, odio nisi rutrum nulla, sit amet tincidunt eros quam facilisis tellus. Fusce eleifend lectus in elementum lacinia. Nam auctor nunc in massa ullamcorper, sit amet auctor ante accumsan. Nam ut varius metus. Curabitur eget tristique leo. Cras finibus euismod erat eget elementum. Integer vel placerat ex. Ut id eros quis lectus lacinia venenatis hendrerit vel ante. Etiam congue quam eget velit convallis, eu sagittis orci vestibulum. Vestibulum at massa turpis. Curabitur ornare ex sed purus vulputate, vitae porta augue rhoncus. Phasellus auctor suscipit purus, vel ultricies nunc. Nunc eleifend nulla ac purus volutpat, id fringilla felis aliquet. Duis vitae porttitor nibh, in rhoncus risus. Vestibulum a est vitae est tristique vehicula. Proin mollis justo id est tempus hendrerit. Praesent suscipit placerat congue. Aliquam eu elit gravida, consequat augue non, ultricies sapien. Nunc ultricies viverra ante, sit amet vehicula ante volutpat id. Etiam tempus purus vitae tellus mollis viverra. Donec at ornare mauris. Aliquam sodales hendrerit ornare. Suspendisse accumsan lacinia sapien, sit amet imperdiet dui molestie ut.

Another Level 3 Heading

Level 4 Heading. A level 4 heading should be indented, flush left, bold, title case, and end with a period. A paragraph after a level 4 or 5 heading is on a new line in this markdown document but will appear as if it were in the same paragraph when rendered. You need at least one paragraph after a level 4 or 5 heading. If you forget the period at the end of the level 4 or 5 heading, it will be added automatically. A period will not be added if the heading ends with a question mark or an exclamation point.

Subsequent paragraphs go on their own lines. Etiam non efficitur urna, quis elementum nisi. Mauris posuere a augue vel gravida. Praesent luctus erat et ex iaculis interdum. Nulla

77 vestibulum quam ac nunc consequat vulputate. Nullam iaculis lobortis sem sit amet fringilla.
78 Aliquam semper, metus ut blandit semper, nulla velit fermentum sapien, fermentum ultrices dolor
79 sapien sed leo. Vestibulum molestie faucibus magna, at feugiat nulla ullamcorper a. Aliquam erat
80 volutpat. Praesent scelerisque magna a justo maximus, sit amet suscipit mauris tempor. Nulla nec
81 dolor eget ipsum pellentesque lobortis a in ipsum. Morbi turpis turpis, fringilla a eleifend
82 maximus, viverra nec neque. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per
83 inceptos himenaeos. Duis urna urna, pellentesque eu urna ut, malesuada bibendum dolor.
84 Suspendisse potenti. Vivamus ornare, arcu quis molestie ultrices, magna est accumsan augue,
85 auctor vulputate erat quam quis neque. Nullam scelerisque odio vel ultricies facilisis. Ut porta
86 arcu non magna sagittis lacinia. Cras ornare vulputate lectus a tristique. Pellentesque ac arcu
87 congue, rhoncus mi id, dignissim ligula.

88 ***Level 5 Heading.*** A level 5 heading should be indented, flush left, bold italic, title case,
89 and end with a period. Notice that there was no period after this level 5 heading in the markdown
90 document, but it does appear in the rendered document.

91 Subsequent paragraphs go on their own lines. Etiam non efficitur urna, quis elementum
92 nisi. Mauris posuere a augue vel gravida. Praesent luctus erat et ex iaculis interdum. Nulla
93 vestibulum quam ac nunc consequat vulputate. Nullam iaculis lobortis sem sit amet fringilla.
94 Aliquam semper, metus ut blandit semper, nulla velit fermentum sapien, fermentum ultrices dolor
95 sapien sed leo. Vestibulum molestie faucibus magna, at feugiat nulla ullamcorper a. Aliquam erat
96 volutpat. Praesent scelerisque magna a justo maximus, sit amet suscipit mauris tempor. Nulla nec
97 dolor eget ipsum pellentesque lobortis a in ipsum. Morbi turpis turpis, fringilla a eleifend
98 maximus, viverra nec neque. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per
99 inceptos himenaeos. Duis urna urna, pellentesque eu urna ut, malesuada bibendum dolor.
100 Suspendisse potenti. Vivamus ornare, arcu quis molestie ultrices, magna est accumsan augue,
101 auctor vulputate erat quam quis neque. Nullam scelerisque odio vel ultricies facilisis. Ut porta
102 arcu non magna sagittis lacinia. Cras ornare vulputate lectus a tristique. Pellentesque ac arcu
103 congue, rhoncus mi id, dignissim ligula.

How to Cite References

I am going to cite a reference here in square brackets (Cameron & Trivedi, 2013). This reference was in my bibliography file. Etiam quis tortor luctus, pellentesque ante a, finibus dolor. Phasellus in nibh et magna pulvinar malesuada. Ut nisl ex, sagittis at sollicitudin et, sollicitudin id nunc. In id porta urna. Proin porta dolor dolor, vel dapibus nisi lacinia in. Pellentesque ante mauris, ornare non euismod a, fermentum ut sapien. Proin sed vehicula enim. Aliquam tortor odio, vestibulum vitae odio in, tempor molestie justo. Praesent maximus lacus nec leo maximus blandit. Maecenas turpis velit, ultricies non elementum vel, luctus nec nunc. Nulla a diam interdum, faucibus sapien viverra, finibus metus. Donec non tortor diam. In ut elit aliquet, bibendum sem et, aliquam tortor. Donec congue, sem at rhoncus ultrices, nunc augue cursus erat, quis porttitor mauris libero ut ex. Nullam quis leo urna. Donec faucibus ligula eget pellentesque interdum. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aenean rhoncus interdum erat ut ultricies. Aenean tempus ex non elit suscipit, quis dignissim enim efficitur. Proin laoreet enim massa, vitae laoreet nulla mollis quis.

Parenthetical References

Here are some variations on parenthetical citations:

- Page references (or any other suffixes are placed after the reference. If you want a comma, you'll need to insert it yourself: (Cameron & Trivedi, 2013, pp. 35–41)
- Prefixes (with or without a comma) are placed before the reference: (e.g., Cameron & Trivedi, 2013).
- 2 or more citations separated by a semicolon (Cameron & Trivedi, 2013; Cohen et al., 2003). If you need a prefix at the beginning of 2 or more citations, you will have rearrange the citations so that the prefix accompanies the citation that is first alphabetically. That is, (e.g., Cameron & Trivedi, 2013; Cohen et al., 2003), not (Cameron & Trivedi, 2013; e.g., Cohen et al., 2003)

- Any prefixes or suffixes needing a literal semicolon will confuse Quarto (actually Pandoc).
To make it clear that you need to print a semicolon, put a backslash before the semicolon:
(FOIL; Cameron & Trivedi, 2013).

In-Text references

- Cameron and Trivedi (2013) said some interesting things.
- Cohen et al. (2003, pp. 101–103) said specific things on specific pages.
- Place the reference’s year by itself with a minus sign: (2013)

Masked references

Suppose you want to cite a previous reference of yours, but your anonymity is supposed to be protected in the review process. You can “mask” any citation you wish by setting the mask field in the metadata yaml to `true`. Then list all citations that need to be masked in the `masked-citations` field as shown in this template. If the mask field is set to `false`, they will print as usual. Depending if it is an inline or parenthetical citation, will be listed as “Masked Citations (n.d)” or “(Masked Citations, n.d)”.

I have set two of my publications to be masked. In previous studies, things were asserted (Masked Author, n.d.). Masked Author (n.d.) asserted them emphatically.

You can mix masked and unmasked citations (Cohen et al., 2003; Masked Author, n.d.). Proin sodales neque erat, varius cursus diam tincidunt sit amet. Etiam scelerisque fringilla nisl eu venenatis. Donec sem ipsum, scelerisque ac venenatis quis, hendrerit vel mauris. Praesent semper erat sit amet purus condimentum, sit amet auctor mi feugiat. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Nunc ac mauris in massa feugiat bibendum id in dui. Praesent accumsan urna at lacinia aliquet. Proin ultricies eu est quis pellentesque. In vel lorem at nisl rhoncus cursus eu quis mi. In eu rutrum ante, quis placerat justo. Etiam euismod nibh nibh, sed elementum nunc imperdiet in. Praesent gravida nunc vel odio lacinia, at tempus nisl placerat. Aenean id ipsum sed est sagittis hendrerit non in tortor. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis sagittis

posuere ligula sit amet lacinia. Duis dignissim pellentesque magna, rhoncus congue sapien finibus mollis. Ut eu sem laoreet, vehicula ipsum in, convallis erat. Vestibulum magna sem, blandit pulvinar augue sit amet, auctor malesuada sapien. Nullam faucibus leo eget eros hendrerit, non laoreet ipsum lacinia. Curabitur cursus diam elit, non tempus ante volutpat a. Quisque hendrerit blandit purus non fringilla. Integer sit amet elit viverra ante dapibus semper. Vestibulum viverra rutrum enim, at luctus enim posuere eu. Orci varius natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus.

Block Quotes and Suppressing Indentation

Sometimes you want to give a longer quote that needs to go in its own paragraph. Block quotes are on their own line starting with the > character. For example, Jane Austen's (1814/1990) *Mansfield Park* has some memorable insights about the mind:

If any one faculty of our nature may be called more wonderful than the rest, I do think it is memory. There seems something more speakingly incomprehensible in the powers, the failures, the inequalities of memory, than in any other of our intelligences. The memory is sometimes so retentive, so serviceable, so obedient; at others, so bewildered and so weak; and at others again, so tyrannic, so beyond control! We are, to be sure, a miracle every way; but our powers of recollecting and of forgetting do seem peculiarly past finding out. (p. 163)

If the text after a quote is a new paragraph, you can create it in the usual fashion (i.e., plain text with an empty line between the block text and the new paragraph). However, if the text after a quote is part of the same paragraph, you can suppress the indentation by creating a div with the .NoIndent class. This paragraph is an example of how to do so.

Hypotheses, Aims, and Objectives

The last paragraph of the introduction usually states the specific hypotheses of the study, often in a way that links them to the research design.

Method

General remarks on method. This paragraph is optional.

Not all papers require each of these sections. Edit them as needed. Consult the [Journal Article Reporting Standards](#) for what is needed for your type of article.

Participants

Who are they? How were they recruited? Report criteria for participant inclusion and exclusion. Perhaps some basic demographic stats are in order. A table is a great way to avoid repetition in statistical reporting.

Measures

This section can also be titled **Materials** or **Apparatus**. Whatever tools, equipment, or measurement devices used in the study should be described.

Measure A

Describe Measure A.

Measure B

Describe Measure B.

Procedure

What did participants do?

How are the data going to be analyzed?

Results

Descriptive Statistics

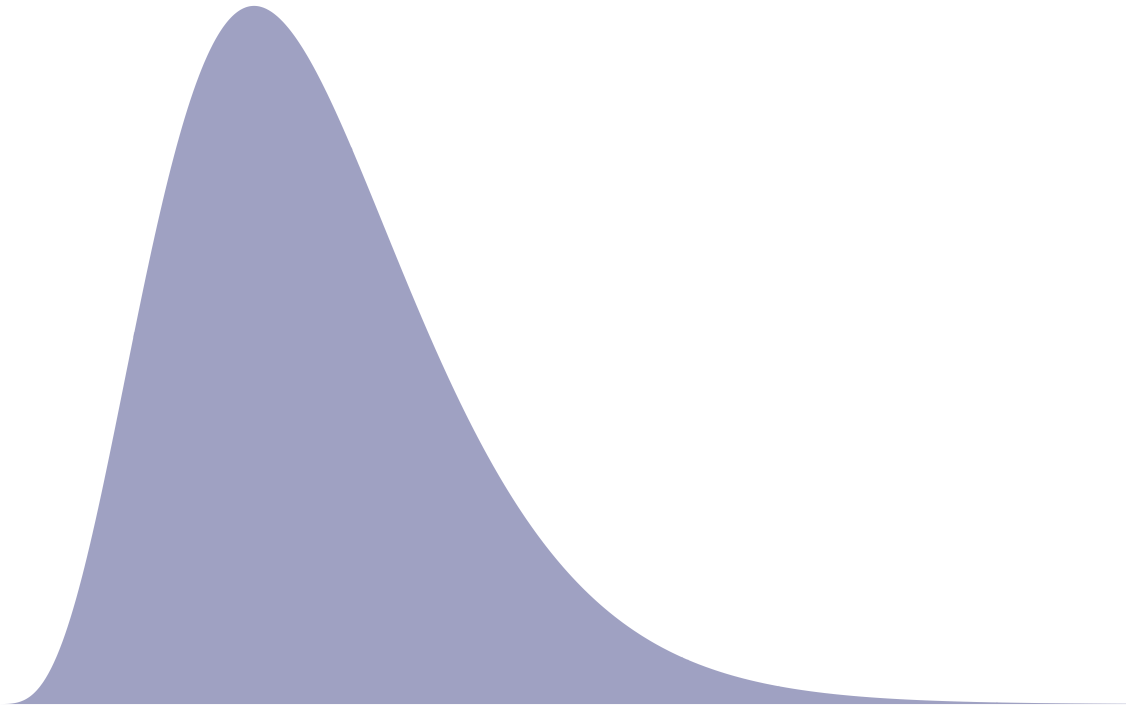
Here we describe the basic characteristics of our primary variables.

Displaying Figures

Let's make a figure. A reference label for a figure must have the prefix `fig-`, and in a code chunk, the caption must be set with `fig-cap`.

Figure 1

This is the figure caption.



Note. This is the note below the figure.

Source: [Article Notebook](#)

To refer to any figure or table, use the @ symbol followed by the reference label, eg.,
Figure 1.

Updated Syntax for Figures and Tables

A previous version of this extension used the `apafg-` prefix for figure chunk labels and `apatb-` prefix for tables. It was always in the plan to use standard Quarto syntax as soon as possible. It is now possible. Replace all instances of `apafg-` with the standard Quarto prefix `fig-`. Likewise, replace the non-standard `apatb-` prefix with the standard Quarto prefix `tbl-`.

Also replace all text references to figures and tables using standard Quarto syntax. For example, `{apafg-myplot}` should now be `@fig-myplot` instead.

Imported Graphics

One way to import an existing graphic as a figure is to use `knitr::include_graphics` in a code chunk. For example, Figure 2 is an imported image. Note that in apaquarto-pdf documents, we can specify that that a figure or table should span both columns when in journal mode by setting the `apa-twocolumn` chunk option to `true`. For other formats, this distinction does not matter.

Source: [Article Notebook](#)

Displaying Tables

We can make a table the same way as a figure. Generating a table that conforms to APA format in all document formats can be tricky. When the table is simple, the `kable` function from `knitr` works well. Feel free to experiment with different methods, but I have found that David Gohel's [flextable](#) to be the best option when I need something more complex.

Table 1

Here is the table caption.

Numbers	Letters
1	A
2	B
3	C
4	D

Note. Here is the note below the table.

Source: [Article Notebook](#)

To refer to this table in text, put the table's reference label in curly braces like so: As seen in Table 1, the first few numbers and letters of the alphabet are displayed.

In Table 2, there is an example of a plain markdown table with a note below it.

Table 2*Table caption of a markdown table*

Default	Left	Right	Center
12	12	12	12
123	123	123	123
1	1	1	1

Note. This is a note below the markdown table.

What if you want the tables and figures to be at the end of the document? In the .pdf format, you can set the `floatsintext` option to false. For .html and .docx documents, there is not yet an automatic way to put tables and figures at the end. You can, of course, just put them all at the end, in order. The reference labels will work no matter where they are in the text.

Discussion

Describe results in non-statistical terms. Etiam maximus accumsan gravida. Maecenas at nunc dignissim, euismod enim ac, bibendum ipsum. Maecenas vehicula velit in nisl aliquet ultricies. Nam eget massa interdum, maximus arcu vel, pretium erat. Maecenas sit amet tempor purus, vitae aliquet nunc. Vivamus cursus urna velit, eleifend dictum magna laoreet ut. Duis eu erat mollis, blandit magna id, tincidunt ipsum. Integer massa nibh, commodo eu ex vel, venenatis efficitur ligula. Integer convallis lacus elit, maximus eleifend lacus ornare ac. Vestibulum scelerisque viverra urna id lacinia. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia curae; Aenean eget enim at diam bibendum tincidunt eu non purus. Nullam id magna ultrices, sodales metus viverra, tempus turpis. Duis ornare ex ac iaculis pretium. Maecenas sagittis odio id erat pharetra, sit amet consectetur quam sollicitudin. Vivamus pharetra quam purus, nec sagittis risus pretium at. Nullam feugiat, turpis ac accumsan interdum, sem tellus blandit neque, id vulputate diam quam semper nisl. Donec sit amet enim at neque porttitor aliquet. Phasellus facilisis nulla eget placerat eleifend. Vestibulum non egestas eros, eget lobortis ipsum. Nulla rutrum massa eget enim aliquam, id porttitor erat luctus. Nunc sagittis quis eros eu sagittis.

Pellentesque dictum, erat at pellentesque sollicitudin, justo augue pulvinar metus, quis rutrum est mi nec felis. Vestibulum efficitur mi lorem, at elementum purus tincidunt a. Aliquam finibus enim magna, vitae pellentesque erat faucibus at. Nulla mauris tellus, imperdiet id lobortis et, dignissim condimentum ipsum. Morbi nulla orci, varius at aliquet sed, facilisis id tortor. Donec ut urna nisi.

Limitations and Future Directions

Every study has limitations. Based on this study, some additional steps might include... Etiam congue quam eget velit convallis, eu sagittis orci vestibulum. Vestibulum at massa turpis. Curabitur ornare ex sed purus vulputate, vitae porta augue rhoncus. Phasellus auctor suscipit purus, vel ultricies nunc. Nunc eleifend nulla ac purus volutpat, id fringilla felis aliquet. Duis vitae porttitor nibh, in rhoncus risus. Vestibulum a est vitae est tristique vehicula. Proin mollis justo id est tempus hendrerit. Praesent suscipit placerat congue. Aliquam eu elit gravida, consequat augue non, ultricies sapien. Nunc ultricies viverra ante, sit amet vehicula ante volutpat id. Etiam tempus purus vitae tellus mollis viverra. Donec at ornare mauris. Aliquam sodales hendrerit ornare. Suspendisse accumsan lacinia sapien, sit amet imperdiet dui molestie ut. Etiam non efficitur urna, quis elementum nisi. Mauris posuere a augue vel gravida. Praesent luctus erat et ex iaculis interdum. Nulla vestibulum quam ac nunc consequat vulputate. Nullam iaculis lobortis sem sit amet fringilla. Aliquam semper, metus ut blandit semper, nulla velit fermentum sapien, fermentum ultrices dolor sapien sed leo. Vestibulum molestie faucibus magna, at feugiat nulla ullamcorper a. Aliquam erat volutpat. Praesent scelerisque magna a justo maximus, sit amet suscipit mauris tempor. Nulla nec dolor eget ipsum pellentesque lobortis a in ipsum. Morbi turpis turpis, fringilla a eleifend maximus, viverra nec neque. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos himenaeos.

Conclusion

Let's sum this up. Nunc ac dignissim magna. Vestibulum vitae egestas elit. Proin feugiat leo quis ante condimentum, eu ornare mauris feugiat. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris cursus laoreet ex, dignissim bibendum est posuere iaculis. Suspendisse et maximus elit. In fringilla gravida ornare. Aenean id

275 lectus pulvinar, sagittis felis nec, rutrum risus. Nam vel neque eu arcu blandit fringilla et in quam.
276 Aliquam luctus est sit amet vestibulum eleifend. Phasellus elementum sagittis molestie. Proin
277 tempor lorem arcu, at condimentum purus volutpat eu. Fusce et pellentesque ligula. Pellentesque
278 id tellus at erat luctus fringilla. Suspendisse potenti. Etiam maximus accumsan gravida.
279 Maecenas at nunc dignissim, euismod enim ac, bibendum ipsum. Maecenas vehicula velit in nisl
280 aliquet ultricies. Nam eget massa interdum, maximus arcu vel, pretium erat. Maecenas sit amet
281 tempor purus, vitae aliquet nunc. Vivamus cursus urna velit, eleifend dictum magna laoreet ut.
282 Duis eu erat mollis, blandit magna id, tincidunt ipsum. Integer massa nibh, commodo eu ex vel,
283 venenatis efficitur ligula. Integer convallis lacus elit, maximus eleifend lacus ornare ac.
284 Vestibulum scelerisque viverra urna id lacinia. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci
285 luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia curae; Aenean eget enim at diam bibendum tincidunt eu non
286 purus. Nullam id magna ultrices, sodales metus viverra, tempus turpis.

References

287

288 Austen, J. (1990). *Mansfield Park*. Oxford University Press. (Original work published 1814)

289 Cameron, A. C., & Trivedi, P. K. (2013). *Regression analysis of count data* (2nd ed.). Cambridge

290 University Press. <https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9781139013567>

291 Cohen, J., Cohen, P., West, S. G., & Aiken, L. S. (2003). *Applied multiple regression/correlation*

292 *analysis for the behavioral sciences* (3rd ed.). Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

293 Masked Author. (n.d.). *Masked Title*.

Appendix A: List of Acronyms

294

295 **qmd** Quarto document

296 **YAML** YAML Aint Markup Language

Figure 2

This is an imported graphic.

