

8 A probabilistic argument on the distribution of $|g^{-1}(n)|$

8.1 Definitions and preliminaries

Recall from the introduction that we define the Dirichlet invertible function $g(n) := \omega(n) + 1$ and denote its inverse with respect to Dirichlet convolution by $g^{-1}(n) = (\omega + 1)^{-1}(n)$. We can compute the Dirichlet inverse of $g(n)$ exactly for the first few sequence values as (see Table T.1 of the appendix section)

$$\{g^{-1}(n)\}_{n \geq 1} = \{1, -2, -2, 2, -2, 5, -2, -2, 2, 5, -2, -7, -2, 5, 5, 2, -2, -7, -2, -7, 5, 5, -2, 9, \dots\}.$$

The sign of these terms is given by $\text{sgn}(g^{-1}(n)) = \frac{g^{-1}(n)}{|g^{-1}(n)|} = \lambda(n)$. This useful property is inherited from the distinctly additive nature of the component function $\omega(n)$.

There does not appear to be an easy, nor subtle direct recursion between the distinct values of $g^{-1}(n)$, except through auxiliary function sequences. However, the distribution of distinct sets of prime exponents is fairly regular so that $\omega(n)$ and $\Omega(n)$ play a crucial role in the repetition of common values of $g^{-1}(n)$. The following observation is suggestive of the quasi-periodicity of the distribution of distinct values of $g^{-1}(n)$ over $n \geq 2$:

Heuristic 8.1 (Symmetry in $g^{-1}(n)$ in the exponents in the prime factorization of n). Suppose that $n_1, n_2 \geq 2$ are such that their factorizations into distinct primes are given by $n_1 = p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdots p_r^{\alpha_r}$ and $n_2 = q_1^{\beta_1} \cdots q_r^{\beta_r}$ for some $r \geq 1$. If $\{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_r\} \equiv \{\beta_1, \dots, \beta_r\}$ as multisets of prime exponents, then $g^{-1}(n_1) = g^{-1}(n_2)$. For example, g^{-1} has the same values on the squarefree integers with exactly two, three, and so on prime factors (compare with the numerical data in Table T.1 starting on page 47).

Conjecture 8.2. *We have the following properties characterizing the Dirichlet inverse function $g^{-1}(n)$:*

- (A) $g^{-1}(1) = 1$;
- (B) For all $n \geq 1$, $\text{sgn}(g^{-1}(n)) = \lambda(n)$;
- (C) For all squarefree integers $n \geq 1$, we have that

$$|g^{-1}(n)| = \sum_{m=0}^{\omega(n)} \binom{\omega(n)}{m} \cdot m!.$$

We illustrate parts (B)–(C) of the conjecture clearly using Table T.1. The realization that the beautiful and remarkably simple combinatorial form of property (C) in Conjecture 8.2 holds for all squarefree $n \geq 1$ motivates our pursuit of simpler formulas for the inverse functions $g^{-1}(n)$ expressed by sums of auxiliary sequences of arithmetic functions.

For natural numbers $n \geq 1, k \geq 0$, let

$$C_k(n) := \begin{cases} \varepsilon(n) = \delta_{n,1}, & \text{if } k = 0; \\ \sum_{d|n} \omega(d) C_{k-1}(n/d), & \text{if } k \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

For any $n \geq 1$, we can prove that (see Lemma 6.3)

$$g^{-1}(n) = \lambda(n) \times \sum_{d|n} \mu^2\left(\frac{n}{d}\right) C_{\Omega(d)}(d). \quad (45)$$

8.2 Our forms of generalizations to Erdős-Kac for additive functions

We want to actually quantify how precise our intuition in the previous subsection is with respect to the observation that since $|g^{-1}(n)|$ depends so closely on $\omega(n)$, it should similarly behave regularly, and of course not deviate

too far from its average order on the set $n \leq x$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$. More generally, we obtain limiting normal-variant distributions for the densities of key arithmetic functions within bounded ranges.

The proof of Theorem 8.3 closely parallels the argument for an Erdős-Kac theorem for the function $\Omega(n)$ from [8, §7.4]. We utilize this result to prove a limiting distribution-like property for the densities of $|g^{-1}(n)| - \mathbb{E}|g^{-1}(n)|$ in Corollary 8.4. This result, in particular, offers a new take on bounding the summatory functions $G^{-1}(x)$ from the previous section.

In what follows, let

$$\mu_x(C) := \frac{\pi^2}{6} \log \log x, \sigma_x(C) := \sqrt{\mu_x(C)}, \hat{c} := \frac{1}{6} \times \prod_{p>2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(p-1)^2}\right)^{-1} \approx 1.5147.$$

For any $z \in \mathbb{R}$, we use the standard notation $\Phi(z) := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^z e^{-t^2/2} dt$.

Theorem 8.3 (Central limit theorem I). *Let $Y > 0$ and $z \in [-Y, Y]$. Then*

$$\frac{1}{x} \cdot \# \left\{ 2 \leq n \leq x : \frac{\lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) - \mu_x(C)}{\sigma_x(C)} \leq z \right\} = \frac{\hat{c}}{(\log x)^{1-\zeta(2)}} \cdot \Phi(z) + o(1),$$

uniformly for all $-Y \leq z \leq Y$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$.

Corollary 8.4 (Central limit theorem II). *Let $Y > 0$ and $z \in [-Y, Y]$. Set the auxiliary variable*

$$w_x(z) := \frac{\pi^2}{6} \cdot |z + \mu_x(C)|.$$

Then

$$\frac{1}{x} \cdot \# \left\{ 2 \leq n \leq x : \frac{|g^{-1}(n)| - \mathbb{E}|g^{-1}(n)|}{\sigma_x(C)} \leq z \right\} = \frac{\hat{c}}{(\log x)^{1-\zeta(2)}} [\Phi(w_x(z)) - \Phi(-w_x(z))] + o(1),$$

uniformly for all $-Y \leq z \leq Y$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$.

8.3 Proofs of the main theorems

Proposition 8.5. *For $|z| < 2$, let the summatory function be defined as*

$$\hat{A}_z(x) := \sum_{n \leq x} (-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) z^{\Omega(n)}.$$

Then

$$\hat{A}_z(x) \sim \frac{x \cdot F(2, z)}{\Gamma(z)} (\log x)^{z-1},$$

where the function $F(s, z)$ is defined for $\operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$ in terms of the exponential of the prime zeta function by

$$F(s, z) := \exp(z \cdot P(s)) \times \prod_p \left(1 - \frac{1}{p^s}\right)^z.$$

Proof. We know from the proof of Proposition 4.1 that for $n \geq 2$

$$C_{\Omega(n)}(n) = (\Omega(n))! \times \prod_{p^\alpha || n} \frac{1}{\alpha!}.$$

Then we can generate the denominator terms by the Dirichlet series

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{C_{\Omega(n)}(n)}{(\Omega(n))!} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{\omega(n)} z^{\Omega(n)}}{n^s} = \prod_p \left(1 + \sum_{r \geq 1} \frac{z^{\Omega(p^r)}}{r! \cdot p^{rs}}\right)^{-1} = \exp(z \cdot P(s)).$$

So by computing a Laplace transform on the right-hand-side of the above with respect to the variable z , we obtain

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) \cdot \frac{(-1)^{\omega(n)} z^{\Omega(n)}}{n^s} = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} \exp(tz \cdot P(s)) dt = \frac{1}{1 - P(s)z}.$$

It follows that

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) z^{\Omega(n)}}{n^s} = \zeta(s)^z \times F(s, z),$$

where

$$F(s, z) := \frac{1}{1 - P(s)z} \times \prod_p \left(1 - \frac{1}{p^s}\right)^z, \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1, |z| \leq R < 2.$$

Note that we are unable to sum this result in exactly the same format as in the reference [8, §7.4; Thm. 7.18] by effectively setting $s := 1$. However, since for any $|z| \leq R < 2$ we have that

$$\left| \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) z^{\Omega(n)}}{n^2} \right| < +\infty,$$

we will adapt the details to the traditional case where this method arises in the reference application so that we can sum over our modified function depending on $\Omega(n)$. In fact, we notice that since $|z|^{\Omega(n)} \leq n$, we have the exact DGF

$$\mathcal{H}(s) := \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\lambda(n) C_{\Omega(n)}(n)}{n^s},$$

which is absolutely convergent for $\operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$. The DGF $\mathcal{H}(s)$ is thus an analytic function of s whenever $\operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$, and so we can differentiate it any integer $m \geq 0$ number of times to still obtain an absolutely convergent series of the form

$$\left| \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) (\log n)^m z^{\Omega(n)}}{n^s} \right| < +\infty, \operatorname{Re}(s) > 2.$$

Let the function $d_z(n)$ have DGF $\zeta(s)^z$ for $\operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$, with corresponding summatory function $D_z(x) := \sum_{n \leq x} d_z(n)$. Furthermore, adopting the notation from the reference, we set $b_z(n) := (-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) z^{\Omega(n)}$, let the convolution $a_z(n) := \sum_{d|n} b_z(d) d_z(n/d)$, and let the summatory function $A_z(x) := \sum_{n \leq x} a_z(n)$. Then we have that

$$\begin{aligned} A_z(x) &= \sum_{m \leq x/2} b_z(m) D_z(x/m) + \sum_{x/2 < m \leq x} b_z(m) \\ &= \frac{x}{\Gamma(z)} \times \sum_{m \leq x/2} \frac{b_z(m)}{m^2} \log\left(\frac{x}{m}\right)^{z-1} + O\left(x \sum_{m \leq x} \frac{|b_z(m)|}{m^2} \times \log\left(\frac{2x}{m}\right)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2}\right). \end{aligned}$$

The error term in the previous equation satisfies

$$\begin{aligned} x \sum_{m \leq x} \frac{|b_z(m)|}{m^2} \times \log\left(\frac{2x}{m}\right)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2} &\ll x(\log x)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2} \sum_{m \leq \sqrt{x}} \frac{|b_z(m)|}{m^2} + x(\log x)^{-(R+2)} \sum_{m > \sqrt{x}} \frac{|b_z(m)|}{m^2} (\log m)^{2R} \\ &\ll x(\log x)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2}. \end{aligned}$$

In the main term estimate for $A_z(x)$, when $m \leq \sqrt{x}$

$$\log\left(\frac{x}{m}\right)^{z-1} = (\log x)^{z-1} + O\left((\log m)(\log x)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2}\right).$$

Hence, the main term sum over the interval $m \leq x/2$ corresponds to bounding

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{m \leq x/2} b_z(m) D_z(x/m) &= x(\log x)^{z-1} \sum_{m \leq x/2} \frac{b_z(m)}{m^2} \\ &\quad + O \left(x(\log x)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2} \sum_{m \leq \sqrt{x}} \frac{|b_z(m)|}{m^2} + x(\log x)^{R-1} \sum_{m > \sqrt{x}} \frac{|b_z(m)|}{m^2} \right) \\ &= x(\log x)^{z-1} F(2, z) + O \left(x(\log x)^{\operatorname{Re}(z)-2} \sum_{m \geq 1} \frac{b_z(m)(\log m)^{2R+1}}{m^2} \right). \end{aligned}$$

This yields the asymptotic main term on the bound cited above. \square

Theorem 8.6. *We have uniformly for $\log \log x - (\log \log x)^{2/3} \leq k < 2 \log \log x$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$*

$$\hat{C}_k(x) := \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ \Omega(n)=k}} \lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)} C_k(n) \asymp \frac{\hat{c} \cdot x}{6 \cdot \log x} \cdot \frac{\zeta(2)^{k-1} \cdot (\log \log x)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!}.$$

Moreover, for sufficiently large x we have that

$$\left| \sum_{n \leq x} \lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)} C_{\Omega(n)}(n) \right| \asymp \frac{\hat{c}}{\sqrt{2\pi^{5/2}}} \cdot \frac{x(\log x)^{2 \log \pi - \frac{\log 2}{2} - \log 3}}{\sqrt{\log \log x}},$$

where the constant power is approximated by $2 \log \pi - \frac{\log 2}{2} - \log 3 \approx 0.844274$.

Proof. First, by induction we can compute the coefficients of $\hat{A}_z(x)$ with respect to x using the Cauchy integral formula in the following form for integers $m \geq 0$:

$$\frac{1}{m!} \times \frac{\partial^{(m)}}{\partial z^{(m)}} \left[\frac{(\log x)^z}{1 + P(2)z} \right] = \sum_{j=0}^m \frac{(-P(2))^{m-j} (\log \log x)^j}{j!} = e^{-\frac{\log \log x}{P(2)}} \frac{(-P(2))^m}{m!} \times \Gamma \left(m+1, -\frac{\log \log x}{P(2)} \right).$$

We have parameterized the contour around $|z| = r := \frac{k}{\log \log x}$. As $x \rightarrow \infty$ becomes unbounded and sufficiently large, and when $m \rightarrow \infty$ depending on x , we apply our standard asymptotic estimate of the incomplete gamma function to obtain that

$$\hat{A}_{-z}(x) \sim \frac{(\log \log x)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} \times \frac{x}{\log x} \cdot \frac{\zeta(2)^{k-1}}{\Gamma \left(1 - \frac{k}{\log \log x} \right)} \asymp \frac{x}{\log x} \cdot \frac{\zeta(2)^{k-1} (\log \log x)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!},$$

uniformly for $\log \log x - (\log \log x)^{2/3} \leq k \leq \log \log x$.

We now need something deeper about the distribution of $\Omega(n) - \omega(n)$ so that we can weight the signed terms with leading $\lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)}$. The squarefree case is obvious, and in fact we can draw upon known results proved in [8, §2.4] that guarantee limiting asymptotic densities of the sets

$$d_k := \frac{1}{x} \cdot \#\{n \leq x : \Omega(n) - \omega(n) = k\} \sim \frac{3\hat{c}}{2} \cdot 2^{-k} + O(5^{-k}), \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty.$$

The constant c is absolute and corresponds to the infinite prime product we defined earlier. We can assume, as is typical in justifying the canonical forms of the Erdős-Kac theorems for $\Omega(n)$ and $\omega(n)$, that for a random large $n \gg 1$, each of $(\omega(n), \Omega(n), \Omega(n) - \omega(n))$ are uniformly distributed as indicators of the prime factorization that arises for this n . With this assumption, for $1 \leq \omega(n) \leq \Omega(n) =: k$ we expect the sign of the terms $\lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)}$ to obey the approximate density

$$\sum_{m=0}^k (-1)^m \cdot 2^{-m} = \hat{c} + \frac{(-1)^k \cdot \hat{c}}{4 \cdot 2^k}.$$

The leading unsigned term in the previous expansion is what yields the main term when we sum over powers of k .

Now we bound the magnitude of the following sums that we defined above by applying asymptotics for the incomplete gamma function in combination with Stirling's formula for x large:

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \sum_{k=1}^{\log \log x} \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ \Omega(n)=k}} \lambda(n) (-1)^{\omega(n)} C_k(n) \right| &\asymp \left| \sum_{k=1}^{\log \log x} \frac{\hat{c} \cdot x \cdot \zeta(2)^{k-1} (\log \log x)^{k-1}}{(\log x) \cdot (k-1)!} \right| \\ &\asymp \frac{\hat{c}}{\sqrt{2}\pi^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{x(\log x)^{2 \log \pi - \frac{\log 2}{2} - \log 3}}{\sqrt{\log \log x}}. \end{aligned}$$

Notice that our uniform bounds on $\hat{C}_k(x)$ proved above hold only when k depends on x and tends to infinity as $x \rightarrow \infty$. The summands we have used to obtain the bound in the previous formula capture the leading, most asymptotically significant term resulting from the Cauchy integral formula for $k \leq \log \log x - (\log \log x)^{2/3}$ in the initial range. We know from the reference that the significant contributions of the densities of the sets $\{n \leq x : \Omega(n) = k\}$ occur for k over the latter ranges so that the sum above is still accurate as $x \rightarrow \infty$. \square

Proof of Theorem 8.3. For large x and $n \leq x$, define the following auxiliary variables:

$$\alpha_n := \frac{C_{\Omega(n)}(n) - \mu_n(C)}{\sigma_n(C)}, \quad \beta_{n,x} := \frac{C_{\Omega(n)}(n) - \mu_x(C)}{\sigma_x(C)}.$$

Let the corresponding densities (whose limiting distributions we must verify) be defined by the functions

$$\Phi_1(x, z) := \frac{1}{x} \cdot \#\{n \leq x : \alpha_n \leq z\},$$

and

$$\Phi_2(x, z) := \frac{1}{x} \cdot \#\{n \leq x : \beta_{n,x} \leq z\}.$$

We first argue that it suffices to consider the distribution of $\Phi_2(x, z)$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$ in place of $\Phi_1(x, z)$ to obtain our desired result statement. In particular, the difference of the two auxiliary variables is negligible as $x \rightarrow \infty$ for n, x taken over the ranges that contribute the non-trivial weight to the main term of each density function. We have for $\sqrt{x} \leq n \leq x$ and $C_{\Omega(n)}(n) \leq 2 \cdot \mu_x(C)$ that

$$|\alpha_n - \beta_{n,x}| \ll \frac{1}{\sigma_x(C)} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow \infty} 0.$$

So we naturally prefer to estimate the easier forms of the distribution function $\Phi_2(x, z)$ when x is large, and for any fixed $z \in \mathbb{R}$. Much of the core of the next logic to our proof is adapted from the proof of Theorem 7.21 in the reference [8, §7.4]. In fact, we need to do little besides repeat the highlights of that argument to justify the form of the distribution of our limiting densities. The main adaptation from the proof in the reference is that we must replace $\log \log x \mapsto \frac{\pi^2}{6} \log \log x$.

For positive integers $k \geq 1$, write $k := u + \zeta(2) \log \log x$, set the parameter $\delta_{u,x} := \frac{u}{\zeta(2) \log \log x}$, and suppose initially that $|u| \leq \frac{\zeta(2)}{2} \log \log x$. As $x \rightarrow \infty$, we approximate

$$\frac{\zeta(2)^{k-1} (\log \log x)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} = \frac{e^u (\log x)^{\zeta(2)}}{\sqrt{2\pi\zeta(2) \log \log x}} (1 + \delta_{u,x})^{\frac{1}{2} - \zeta(2) \log \log x - u} \times \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{\log \log x}\right) \right),$$

We have uniformly for $|\delta| \leq \frac{1}{2}$ that $\log(1 + \delta) = \delta - \frac{\delta^2}{2} + O(|\delta|^3)$. So for the $\delta_{u,x} > 0$ defined above satisfying this uniform bound, we obtain

$$(1 + \delta_{u,x})^{\frac{1}{2} - \zeta(2) \log \log x - u} = \exp \left(-u + \frac{u - u^2}{2\zeta(2) \log \log x} - \frac{u^2}{4\zeta(2)^2 (\log \log x)^2} + O\left(\frac{|u|^3}{(\log \log x)^3}\right) \right).$$

We complete the estimates as in the reference to verify consistent asymptotics for the cases where $\log \log x - (\log \log x)^{2/3} \leq k \leq (\log \log x)^{2/3}$, $|u| \leq 1$, and $|u| > 1$. This leads to

$$\frac{\zeta(2)^{k-1}(\log \log x)^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} = \frac{(\log x)^{\zeta(2)}}{\sqrt{2\pi\zeta(2)\log \log x}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2\zeta(2)\log \log x}\right) (1 + o(1)), \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty.$$

Thus, we see that

$$\frac{\hat{C}_k(x)}{x} = \frac{\hat{c}}{(\log x)^{1-\zeta(2)}\sqrt{2\pi \cdot \zeta(2)\log \log x}} \exp\left(-\frac{(k - \zeta(2)\log \log x)^2}{2\zeta(2)\log \log x}\right) (1 + o(1)), \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty.$$

Then we conclude the result by summing over the asymptotically weighted range where $(\zeta(2)^{-1}\log \log x) - (\log \log x)^{2/3} \leq k \leq \zeta(2)^{-1}\log \log x + z(\zeta(2)^{-1}\log \log x)^{1/2}$. \square

Remark 8.7. Note that technically, the multiplier and scaling by the reciprocal power of $\log x$ prevent us from getting a *probability* distribution proper from these estimates in Corollary 8.3. This indicates that our choices for the mean and variance analogs in a central limit theorem from a probabilistic setting, while convenient and natural following from the model proof in the reference, are slightly imprecise in describing the distribution of this particular arithmetic function case. Nonetheless, as $x \rightarrow \infty$, the result we do prove provides useful intuition about the values of key arithmetic functions that are components in building the values and distribution of $g^{-1}(n)$ via divisor sums over $n \leq x$.

Proof of Corollary 8.4. We compute using the argument sketched in the proof of Corollary 6.6 from Section 6.3 that

$$|g^{-1}(n)| - \mathbb{E}|g^{-1}(n)| \sim \frac{6}{\pi^2} C_{\Omega(n)}(n).$$

Then the result follows from Theorem 8.3. In particular, we shift, scale, and then take the absolute value of the arithmetic functions $\lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)}C_{\Omega(n)}(n)$ that resulted in the known limiting densities in the first theorem. In particular, what we arrive at is the task of estimating

$$\frac{1}{x} \# \left\{ n \leq x : -\frac{\pi^2}{6} |z + \mu_x(C)| \leq \frac{\lambda(n)(-1)^{\omega(n)}C_{\Omega(n)}(n)}{\sigma_x(C)} \leq \frac{\pi^2}{6} |z + \mu_x(C)| \right\},$$

as $x \rightarrow \infty$ for $w_x(z) := \frac{\pi^2}{6} |z + \mu_x(C)|$ defined as in the statement of the result. \square

T.1 Table: The Dirichlet inverse function $g^{-1}(n)$ and the distribution of its summatory function

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum_{d n} C_{\Omega(d)}^{(d)}}{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
1	1 ¹	Y	N	1	0	1.0000000	1.000000	0.000000	1	1	0
2	2 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.500000	0.500000	-1	1	-2
3	3 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.333333	0.666667	-3	1	-4
4	2 ²	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.500000	0.500000	-1	3	-4
5	5 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.400000	0.600000	-3	3	-6
6	2 ¹ 3 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.500000	0.500000	2	8	-6
7	7 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.428571	0.571429	0	8	-8
8	2 ³	N	Y	-2	0	2.0000000	0.375000	0.625000	-2	8	-10
9	3 ²	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.444444	0.555556	0	10	-10
10	2 ¹ 5 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.500000	0.500000	5	15	-10
11	11 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.454545	0.545455	3	15	-12
12	2 ² 3 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.416667	0.583333	-4	15	-19
13	13 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.384615	0.615385	-6	15	-21
14	2 ¹ 7 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.428571	0.571429	-1	20	-21
15	3 ¹ 5 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.466667	0.533333	4	25	-21
16	2 ⁴	N	Y	2	0	2.5000000	0.500000	0.500000	6	27	-21
17	17 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.470588	0.529412	4	27	-23
18	2 ¹ 3 ²	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.444444	0.555556	-3	27	-30
19	19 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.421053	0.578947	-5	27	-32
20	2 ² 5 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.400000	0.600000	-12	27	-39
21	3 ¹ 7 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.428571	0.571429	-7	32	-39
22	2 ¹ 11 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.454545	0.545455	-2	37	-39
23	23 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.434783	0.565217	-4	37	-41
24	2 ³ 3 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.458333	0.541667	5	46	-41
25	5 ²	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.480000	0.520000	7	48	-41
26	2 ¹ 13 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.500000	0.500000	12	53	-41
27	3 ³	N	Y	-2	0	2.0000000	0.481481	0.518519	10	53	-43
28	2 ² 7 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.464286	0.535714	3	53	-50
29	29 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.448276	0.551724	1	53	-52
30	2 ¹ 3 ¹ 5 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.433333	0.566667	-15	53	-68
31	31 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.419355	0.580645	-17	53	-70
32	2 ⁵	N	Y	-2	0	3.0000000	0.406250	0.593750	-19	53	-72
33	3 ¹ 11 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.424242	0.575758	-14	58	-72
34	2 ¹ 17 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.441176	0.558824	-9	63	-72
35	5 ¹ 7 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.457143	0.542857	-4	68	-72
36	2 ² 3 ²	N	N	14	9	1.3571429	0.472222	0.527778	10	82	-72
37	37 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.459459	0.540541	8	82	-74
38	2 ¹ 19 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.473684	0.526316	13	87	-74
39	3 ¹ 13 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.487179	0.512821	18	92	-74
40	2 ³ 5 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.500000	0.500000	27	101	-74
41	41 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.487805	0.512195	25	101	-76
42	2 ¹ 3 ¹ 7 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.476190	0.523810	9	101	-92
43	43 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.465116	0.534884	7	101	-94
44	2 ² 11 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.454545	0.545455	0	101	-101
45	3 ² 5 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.444444	0.555556	-7	101	-108
46	2 ¹ 23 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.456522	0.543478	-2	106	-108
47	47 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.446809	0.553191	-4	106	-110
48	2 ⁴ 3 ¹	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.437500	0.562500	-15	106	-121

Table T.1: Computations with $g^{-1}(n) \equiv (\omega + 1)^{-1}(n)$ for $1 \leq n \leq 500$.

- The column labeled **Primes** provides the prime factorization of each n so that the values of $\omega(n)$ and $\Omega(n)$ are easily extracted. The columns labeled **Sqfree** and **PPower**, respectively, list inclusion of n in the sets of squarefree integers and the prime powers.
- The next three columns provide the explicit values of the inverse function $g^{-1}(n)$ and compare its explicit value with other estimates. We define the function $\hat{f}_1(n) := \sum_{k=0}^{\omega(n)} \binom{\omega(n)}{k} \cdot k!$.
- The last several columns indicate properties of the summatory function of $g^{-1}(n)$. The notation for the densities of the sign weight of $g^{-1}(n)$ is defined as $\mathcal{L}_{\pm}(x) := \frac{1}{x} \cdot \#\{n \leq x : \lambda(n) = \pm 1\}$. The last three columns then show the explicit components to the signed summatory function, $G^{-1}(x) := \sum_{n \leq x} g^{-1}(n)$, decomposed into its respective positive and negative magnitude sum contributions: $G^{-1}(x) = G_+^{-1}(x) + G_-^{-1}(x)$ where $G_+^{-1}(x) > 0$ and $G_-^{-1}(x) < 0$ for all $x \geq 1$.

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum_{d n} C_{\Omega(d)}(d)}{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
49	7^2	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.448980	0.551020	-13	108	-121
50	$2^1 5^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.440000	0.560000	-20	108	-128
51	$3^1 17^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.450980	0.549020	-15	113	-128
52	$2^2 13^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.442308	0.557692	-22	113	-135
53	53^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.433962	0.566038	-24	113	-137
54	$2^1 3^3$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.444444	0.555556	-15	122	-137
55	$5^1 11^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.454545	0.545455	-10	127	-137
56	$2^3 7^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.464286	0.535714	-1	136	-137
57	$3^1 19^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.473684	0.526316	4	141	-137
58	$2^1 29^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.482759	0.517241	9	146	-137
59	59^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.474576	0.525424	7	146	-139
60	$2^2 3^1 5^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.483333	0.516667	37	176	-139
61	61^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.475410	0.524590	35	176	-141
62	$2^1 31^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483871	0.516129	40	181	-141
63	$3^2 7^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.476190	0.523810	33	181	-148
64	2^6	N	Y	2	0	3.5000000	0.484375	0.515625	35	183	-148
65	$5^1 13^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.492308	0.507692	40	188	-148
66	$2^1 3^1 11^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.484848	0.515152	24	188	-164
67	67^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.477612	0.522388	22	188	-166
68	$2^2 17^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.470588	0.529412	15	188	-173
69	$3^1 23^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478261	0.521739	20	193	-173
70	$2^1 5^1 7^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.471429	0.528571	4	193	-189
71	71^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.464789	0.535211	2	193	-191
72	$2^3 3^2$	N	N	-23	18	1.4782609	0.458333	0.541667	-21	193	-214
73	73^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.452055	0.547945	-23	193	-216
74	$2^1 37^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.459459	0.540541	-18	198	-216
75	$3^1 5^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.453333	0.546667	-25	198	-223
76	$2^2 19^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.447368	0.552632	-32	198	-230
77	$7^1 11^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.454545	0.545455	-27	203	-230
78	$2^1 3^1 13^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.448718	0.551282	-43	203	-246
79	79^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.443038	0.556962	-45	203	-248
80	$2^4 5^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.437500	0.562500	-56	203	-259
81	3^4	N	Y	2	0	2.5000000	0.444444	0.555556	-54	205	-259
82	$2^1 41^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.451220	0.548780	-49	210	-259
83	83^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.445783	0.554217	-51	210	-261
84	$2^2 3^1 7^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.452381	0.547619	-21	240	-261
85	$5^1 17^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.458824	0.541176	-16	245	-261
86	$2^1 43^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.465116	0.534884	-11	250	-261
87	$3^1 29^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.471264	0.528736	-6	255	-261
88	$2^3 11^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.477273	0.522727	3	264	-261
89	89^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.471910	0.528090	1	264	-263
90	$2^1 3^2 5^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.477778	0.522222	31	294	-263
91	$7^1 13^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483516	0.516484	36	299	-263
92	$2^2 23^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.478261	0.521739	29	299	-270
93	$3^1 31^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483871	0.516129	34	304	-270
94	$2^1 47^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.489362	0.510638	39	309	-270
95	$5^1 19^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.494737	0.505263	44	314	-270
96	$2^5 3^1$	N	N	13	8	2.0769231	0.500000	0.500000	57	327	-270
97	97^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.494845	0.505155	55	327	-272
98	$2^1 7^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.489796	0.510204	48	327	-279
99	$3^2 11^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.484848	0.515152	41	327	-286
100	$2^2 5^2$	N	N	14	9	1.3571429	0.490000	0.510000	55	341	-286
101	101^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.485149	0.514851	53	341	-288
102	$2^1 3^1 17^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.480392	0.519608	37	341	-304
103	103^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.475728	0.524272	35	341	-306
104	$2^3 13^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.480769	0.519231	44	350	-306
105	$3^1 5^1 7^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.476190	0.523810	28	350	-322
106	$2^1 53^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.481132	0.518868	33	355	-322
107	107^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.476636	0.523364	31	355	-324
108	$2^2 3^3$	N	N	-23	18	1.4782609	0.472222	0.527778	8	355	-347
109	109^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.467890	0.532110	6	355	-349
110	$2^1 5^1 11^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.463636	0.536364	-10	355	-365
111	$3^1 37^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.468468	0.531532	-5	360	-365
112	$2^4 7^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.464286	0.535714	-16	360	-376
113	113^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.460177	0.539823	-18	360	-378
114	$2^1 3^1 19^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.456140	0.543860	-34	360	-394
115	$5^1 23^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.460870	0.539130	-29	365	-394
116	$2^2 29^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.456897	0.543103	-36	365	-401
117	$3^2 13^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.452991	0.547009	-43	365	-408
118	$2^1 59^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.457627	0.542373	-38	370	-408
119	$7^1 17^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.462185	0.537815	-33	375	-408
120	$2^3 3^1 5^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.458333	0.541667	-81	375	-456
121	11^2	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.462810	0.537190	-79	377	-456
122	$2^1 61^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.467213	0.532787	-74	382	-456
123	$3^1 41^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.471545	0.528455	-69	387	-456
124	$2^2 31^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.467742	0.532258	-76	387	-463

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum d n C_{\Omega(d)}(d)}{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
125	5 ³	N	Y	-2	0	2.0000000	0.464000	0.536000	-78	387	-465
126	2 ¹ 3 ² 7 ¹	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.468254	0.531746	-48	417	-465
127	127 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.464567	0.535433	-50	417	-467
128	2 ⁷	N	Y	-2	0	4.0000000	0.460938	0.539062	-52	417	-469
129	3 ¹ 43 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.465116	0.534884	-47	422	-469
130	2 ¹ 5 ¹ 13 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.461538	0.538462	-63	422	-485
131	131 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.458015	0.541985	-65	422	-487
132	2 ² 3 ¹ 11 ¹	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.462121	0.537879	-35	452	-487
133	7 ¹ 19 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.466165	0.533835	-30	457	-487
134	2 ¹ 67 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.470149	0.529851	-25	462	-487
135	3 ³ 5 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.474074	0.525926	-16	471	-487
136	2 ³ 17 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.477941	0.522059	-7	480	-487
137	137 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.474453	0.525547	-9	480	-489
138	2 ¹ 3 ¹ 23 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.471014	0.528986	-25	480	-505
139	139 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.467626	0.532374	-27	480	-507
140	2 ² 5 ¹ 7 ¹	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.471429	0.528571	3	510	-507
141	3 ¹ 47 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.475177	0.524823	8	515	-507
142	2 ¹ 71 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478873	0.521127	13	520	-507
143	11 ¹ 13 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.482517	0.517483	18	525	-507
144	2 ⁴ 3 ²	N	N	34	29	1.6176471	0.486111	0.513889	52	559	-507
145	5 ¹ 29 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.489655	0.510345	57	564	-507
146	2 ¹ 73 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.493151	0.506849	62	569	-507
147	3 ¹ 7 ²	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.489796	0.510204	55	569	-514
148	2 ² 37 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.486486	0.513514	48	569	-521
149	149 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.483221	0.516779	46	569	-523
150	2 ¹ 3 ¹ 5 ²	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.486667	0.513333	76	599	-523
151	151 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.483444	0.516556	74	599	-525
152	2 ³ 19 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.486842	0.513158	83	608	-525
153	3 ² 17 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.483660	0.516340	76	608	-532
154	2 ¹ 7 ¹ 11 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.480519	0.519481	60	608	-548
155	5 ¹ 31 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483871	0.516129	65	613	-548
156	2 ² 3 ¹ 13 ¹	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.487179	0.512821	95	643	-548
157	157 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.484076	0.515924	93	643	-550
158	2 ¹ 79 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.487342	0.512658	98	648	-550
159	3 ¹ 53 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.490566	0.509434	103	653	-550
160	2 ⁵ 5 ¹	N	N	13	8	2.0769231	0.493750	0.506250	116	666	-550
161	7 ¹ 23 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.496894	0.503106	121	671	-550
162	2 ¹ 3 ⁴	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.493827	0.506173	110	671	-561
163	163 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.490798	0.509202	108	671	-563
164	2 ² 41 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.487805	0.512195	101	671	-570
165	3 ¹ 5 ¹ 11 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.484848	0.515152	85	671	-586
166	2 ¹ 83 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.487952	0.512048	90	676	-586
167	167 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.485030	0.514970	88	676	-588
168	2 ³ 3 ¹ 7 ¹	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.482143	0.517857	40	676	-636
169	13 ²	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.485207	0.514793	42	678	-636
170	2 ¹ 5 ¹ 17 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.482353	0.517647	26	678	-652
171	3 ² 19 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.479532	0.520468	19	678	-659
172	2 ² 43 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.476744	0.523256	12	678	-666
173	173 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.473988	0.526012	10	678	-668
174	2 ¹ 3 ¹ 29 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.471264	0.528736	-6	678	-684
175	5 ² 7 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.468571	0.531429	-13	678	-691
176	2 ⁴ 11 ¹	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.465909	0.534091	-24	678	-702
177	3 ¹ 59 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.468927	0.531073	-19	683	-702
178	2 ¹ 89 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.471910	0.528090	-14	688	-702
179	179 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.469274	0.530726	-16	688	-704
180	2 ² 3 ² 5 ¹	N	N	-74	58	1.2162162	0.466667	0.533333	-90	688	-778
181	181 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.464088	0.535912	-92	688	-780
182	2 ¹ 7 ¹ 13 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.461538	0.538462	-108	688	-796
183	3 ¹ 61 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.464481	0.535519	-103	693	-796
184	2 ³ 23 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.467391	0.532609	-94	702	-796
185	5 ¹ 37 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.470270	0.529730	-89	707	-796
186	2 ¹ 3 ¹ 31 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.467742	0.532258	-105	707	-812
187	11 ¹ 17 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.470588	0.529412	-100	712	-812
188	2 ² 47 ¹	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.468085	0.531915	-107	712	-819
189	3 ³ 7 ¹	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.470899	0.529101	-98	721	-819
190	2 ¹ 5 ¹ 19 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.468421	0.531579	-114	721	-835
191	191 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.465969	0.534031	-116	721	-837
192	2 ⁶ 3 ¹	N	N	-15	10	2.3333333	0.463542	0.536458	-131	721	-852
193	193 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.461140	0.538860	-133	721	-854
194	2 ¹ 97 ¹	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.463918	0.536082	-128	726	-854
195	3 ¹ 5 ¹ 13 ¹	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.461538	0.538462	-144	726	-870
196	2 ² 7 ²	N	N	14	9	1.3571429	0.464286	0.535714	-130	740	-870
197	197 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.461929	0.538071	-132	740	-872
198	2 ¹ 3 ² 11 ¹	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.464646	0.535354	-102	770	-872
199	199 ¹	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.462312	0.537688	-104	770	-874
200	2 ³ 5 ²	N	N	-23	18	1.4782609	0.460000	0.540000	-127	770	-897

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum d n C_{\Omega(d)}(d)}{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
201	$3^1 67^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.462687	0.537313	-122	775	-897
202	$2^1 101^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.465347	0.534653	-117	780	-897
203	$7^1 29^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.467980	0.532020	-112	785	-897
204	$2^2 3^1 17^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.470588	0.529412	-82	815	-897
205	$5^1 41^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.473171	0.526829	-77	820	-897
206	$2^1 103^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.475728	0.524272	-72	825	-897
207	$3^2 23^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.473430	0.526570	-79	825	-904
208	$2^4 13^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.471154	0.528846	-90	825	-915
209	$11^1 19^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.473684	0.526316	-85	830	-915
210	$2^1 3^1 5^1 7^1$	Y	N	65	0	1.0000000	0.476190	0.523810	-20	895	-915
211	211^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.473934	0.526066	-22	895	-917
212	$2^2 53^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.471698	0.528302	-29	895	-924
213	$3^1 71^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.474178	0.525822	-24	900	-924
214	$2^1 107^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476636	0.523364	-19	905	-924
215	$5^1 43^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.479070	0.520930	-14	910	-924
216	$2^3 3^3$	N	N	46	41	1.5000000	0.481481	0.518519	32	956	-924
217	$7^1 31^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483871	0.516129	37	961	-924
218	$2^1 109^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486239	0.513761	42	966	-924
219	$3^1 73^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488584	0.511416	47	971	-924
220	$2^2 5^1 11^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.490909	0.509091	77	1001	-924
221	$13^1 17^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.493213	0.506787	82	1006	-924
222	$2^1 3^1 37^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.490991	0.509009	66	1006	-940
223	223^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.488789	0.511211	64	1006	-942
224	$2^5 7^1$	N	N	13	8	2.0769231	0.491071	0.508929	77	1019	-942
225	$3^2 5^2$	N	N	14	9	1.3571429	0.493333	0.506667	91	1033	-942
226	$2^1 113^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.495575	0.504425	96	1038	-942
227	227^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.493392	0.506608	94	1038	-944
228	$2^2 3^1 19^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.495614	0.504386	124	1068	-944
229	229^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.493450	0.506550	122	1068	-946
230	$2^1 5^1 23^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.491304	0.508696	106	1068	-962
231	$3^1 7^1 11^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.489177	0.510823	90	1068	-978
232	$2^3 29^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.491379	0.508621	99	1077	-978
233	233^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.489270	0.510730	97	1077	-980
234	$2^1 3^2 13^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.491453	0.508547	127	1107	-980
235	$5^1 47^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.493617	0.506383	132	1112	-980
236	$2^2 59^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.491525	0.508475	125	1112	-987
237	$3^1 79^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.493671	0.506329	130	1117	-987
238	$2^1 7^1 17^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.491597	0.508403	114	1117	-1003
239	239^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.489540	0.510460	112	1117	-1005
240	$2^4 3^1 5^1$	N	N	70	54	1.5000000	0.491667	0.508333	182	1187	-1005
241	241^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.489627	0.510373	180	1187	-1007
242	$2^1 11^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.487603	0.512397	173	1187	-1014
243	3^5	N	Y	-2	0	3.0000000	0.485597	0.514403	171	1187	-1016
244	$2^2 61^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.483607	0.516393	164	1187	-1023
245	$5^1 7^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.481633	0.518367	157	1187	-1030
246	$2^1 3^1 41^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.479675	0.520325	141	1187	-1046
247	$13^1 19^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.481781	0.518219	146	1192	-1046
248	$2^3 31^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.483871	0.516129	155	1201	-1046
249	$3^1 83^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.485944	0.514056	160	1206	-1046
250	$2^1 5^3$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.488000	0.512000	169	1215	-1046
251	251^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.486056	0.513944	167	1215	-1048
252	$2^2 3^2 7^1$	N	N	-74	58	1.2162162	0.484127	0.515873	93	1215	-1122
253	$11^1 23^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486166	0.513834	98	1220	-1122
254	$2^1 127^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488189	0.511811	103	1225	-1122
255	$3^1 5^1 17^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.486275	0.513725	87	1225	-1138
256	2^8	N	Y	2	0	4.5000000	0.488281	0.511719	89	1227	-1138
257	257^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.486381	0.513619	87	1227	-1140
258	$2^1 3^1 43^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.484496	0.515504	71	1227	-1156
259	$7^1 37^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486486	0.513514	76	1232	-1156
260	$2^2 5^1 13^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.488462	0.511538	106	1262	-1156
261	$3^2 29^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.486590	0.513410	99	1262	-1163
262	$2^1 131^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488550	0.511450	104	1267	-1163
263	263^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.486692	0.513308	102	1267	-1165
264	$2^3 3^1 11^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.484848	0.515152	54	1267	-1213
265	$5^1 53^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486792	0.513208	59	1272	-1213
266	$2^1 7^1 19^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.484962	0.515038	43	1272	-1229
267	$3^1 89^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486891	0.513109	48	1277	-1229
268	$2^2 67^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.485075	0.514925	41	1277	-1236
269	269^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.483271	0.516729	39	1277	-1238
270	$2^1 3^3 5^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.481481	0.518519	-9	1277	-1286
271	271^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.479705	0.520295	-11	1277	-1288
272	$2^4 17^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.477941	0.522059	-22	1277	-1299
273	$3^1 7^1 13^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.476190	0.523810	-38	1277	-1315
274	$2^1 137^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478102	0.521898	-33	1282	-1315
275	$5^2 11^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.476364	0.523636	-40	1282	-1322
276	$2^2 3^1 23^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.478261	0.521739	-10	1312	-1322
277	277^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.476534	0.523466	-12	1312	-1324

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum d n C_{\Omega(d)}(d)}{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
278	$2^1 139^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478417	0.521583	-7	1317	-1324
279	$3^2 31^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.476703	0.523297	-14	1317	-1331
280	$2^3 5^1 7^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.475000	0.525000	-62	1317	-1379
281	281^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.473310	0.526690	-64	1317	-1381
282	$2^1 3^1 47^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.471631	0.528369	-80	1317	-1397
283	283^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.469965	0.530035	-82	1317	-1399
284	$2^2 71^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.468310	0.531690	-89	1317	-1406
285	$3^1 5^1 19^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.466667	0.533333	-105	1317	-1422
286	$2^1 11^1 13^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.465035	0.534965	-121	1317	-1438
287	$7^1 41^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.466899	0.533101	-116	1322	-1438
288	$2^5 3^2$	N	N	-47	42	1.7659574	0.465278	0.534722	-163	1322	-1485
289	17^2	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.467128	0.532872	-161	1324	-1485
290	$2^1 5^1 29^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.465517	0.534483	-177	1324	-1501
291	$3^1 97^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.467354	0.532646	-172	1329	-1501
292	$2^2 73^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.465753	0.534247	-179	1329	-1508
293	293^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.464164	0.535836	-181	1329	-1510
294	$2^1 3^1 7^2$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.465986	0.534014	-151	1359	-1510
295	$5^1 59^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.467797	0.532203	-146	1364	-1510
296	$2^3 37^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.469595	0.530405	-137	1373	-1510
297	$3^3 11^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.471380	0.528620	-128	1382	-1510
298	$2^1 149^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.473154	0.526846	-123	1387	-1510
299	$13^1 23^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.474916	0.525084	-118	1392	-1510
300	$2^2 3^1 5^2$	N	N	-74	58	1.2162162	0.473333	0.526667	-192	1392	-1584
301	$7^1 43^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.475083	0.524917	-187	1397	-1584
302	$2^1 151^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476821	0.523179	-182	1402	-1584
303	$3^1 101^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478548	0.521452	-177	1407	-1584
304	$2^4 19^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.476974	0.523026	-188	1407	-1595
305	$5^1 61^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478689	0.521311	-183	1412	-1595
306	$2^1 3^2 17^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.480392	0.519608	-153	1442	-1595
307	307^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.478827	0.521173	-155	1442	-1597
308	$2^2 7^1 11^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.480519	0.519481	-125	1472	-1597
309	$3^1 103^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.482201	0.517799	-120	1477	-1597
310	$2^1 5^1 31^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.480645	0.519355	-136	1477	-1613
311	311^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.479100	0.520900	-138	1477	-1615
312	$2^3 3^1 13^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.477564	0.522436	-186	1477	-1663
313	313^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.476038	0.523962	-188	1477	-1665
314	$2^1 157^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.477707	0.522293	-183	1482	-1665
315	$3^2 5^1 7^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.479365	0.520635	-153	1512	-1665
316	$2^2 79^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.477848	0.522152	-160	1512	-1672
317	317^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.476341	0.523659	-162	1512	-1674
318	$2^1 3^1 53^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.474843	0.525157	-178	1512	-1690
319	$11^1 29^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476489	0.523511	-173	1517	-1690
320	$2^6 5^1$	N	N	-15	10	2.3333333	0.475000	0.525000	-188	1517	-1705
321	$3^1 107^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476636	0.523364	-183	1522	-1705
322	$2^1 7^1 23^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.475155	0.524845	-199	1522	-1721
323	$17^1 19^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476780	0.523220	-194	1527	-1721
324	$2^2 3^4$	N	N	34	29	1.6176471	0.478395	0.521605	-160	1561	-1721
325	$5^2 13^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.476923	0.523077	-167	1561	-1728
326	$2^1 163^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478528	0.521472	-162	1566	-1728
327	$3^1 109^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.480122	0.519878	-157	1571	-1728
328	$2^3 41^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.481707	0.518293	-148	1580	-1728
329	$7^1 47^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483283	0.516717	-143	1585	-1728
330	$2^1 3^1 5^1 11^1$	Y	N	65	0	1.0000000	0.484848	0.515152	-78	1650	-1728
331	331^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.483384	0.516616	-80	1650	-1730
332	$2^2 83^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.481928	0.518072	-87	1650	-1737
333	$3^2 37^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.480480	0.519520	-94	1650	-1744
334	$2^1 167^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.482036	0.517964	-89	1655	-1744
335	$5^1 67^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483582	0.516418	-84	1660	-1744
336	$2^4 3^1 7^1$	N	N	70	54	1.5000000	0.485119	0.514881	-14	1730	-1744
337	337^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.483680	0.516320	-16	1730	-1746
338	$2^1 13^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.482249	0.517751	-23	1730	-1753
339	$3^1 113^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.483776	0.516224	-18	1735	-1753
340	$2^2 5^1 17^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.485294	0.514706	12	1765	-1753
341	$11^1 31^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486804	0.513196	17	1770	-1753
342	$2^1 3^2 19^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.488304	0.511696	47	1800	-1753
343	7^3	N	Y	-2	0	2.0000000	0.486880	0.513120	45	1800	-1755
344	$2^3 43^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.488372	0.511628	54	1809	-1755
345	$3^1 5^1 23^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.486957	0.513043	38	1809	-1771
346	$2^1 173^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488439	0.511561	43	1814	-1771
347	347^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.487032	0.512968	41	1814	-1773
348	$2^2 3^1 29^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.488506	0.511494	71	1844	-1773
349	349^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.487106	0.512894	69	1844	-1775
350	$2^1 5^2 7^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.488571	0.511429	99	1874	-1775

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum_d n \cdot C_{\Omega(d)}^{(d)} }{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
351	$3^3 13^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.490028	0.509972	108	1883	-1775
352	$2^5 11^1$	N	N	13	8	2.0769231	0.491477	0.508523	121	1896	-1775
353	353^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.490085	0.509915	119	1896	-1777
354	$2^1 3^1 59^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.488701	0.511299	103	1896	-1793
355	$5^1 71^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.490141	0.509859	108	1901	-1793
356	$2^2 89^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.488764	0.511236	101	1901	-1800
357	$3^1 7^1 17^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.487395	0.512605	85	1901	-1816
358	$2^1 179^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488827	0.511173	90	1906	-1816
359	359^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.487465	0.512535	88	1906	-1818
360	$2^3 3^2 5^1$	N	N	145	129	1.3034483	0.488889	0.511111	233	2051	-1818
361	19^2	N	Y	2	0	1.5000000	0.490305	0.509695	235	2053	-1818
362	$2^1 181^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.491713	0.508287	240	2058	-1818
363	$3^1 11^2$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.490358	0.509642	233	2058	-1825
364	$2^2 7^1 13^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.491758	0.508242	263	2088	-1825
365	$5^1 73^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.493151	0.506849	268	2093	-1825
366	$2^1 3^1 61^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.491803	0.508197	252	2093	-1841
367	367^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.490463	0.509537	250	2093	-1843
368	$2^4 23^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.489130	0.510870	239	2093	-1854
369	$3^2 41^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.487805	0.512195	232	2093	-1861
370	$2^1 5^1 37^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.486486	0.513514	216	2093	-1877
371	$7^1 53^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.487871	0.512129	221	2098	-1877
372	$2^2 3^1 31^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.489247	0.510753	251	2128	-1877
373	373^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.487936	0.512064	249	2128	-1879
374	$2^1 11^1 17^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.486631	0.513369	233	2128	-1895
375	$3^1 5^3$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.488000	0.512000	242	2137	-1895
376	$2^3 47^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.489362	0.510638	251	2146	-1895
377	$13^1 29^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.490716	0.509284	256	2151	-1895
378	$2^1 3^3 7^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.489418	0.510582	208	2151	-1943
379	379^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.488127	0.511873	206	2151	-1945
380	$2^2 5^1 19^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.489474	0.510526	236	2181	-1945
381	$3^1 127^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.490814	0.509186	241	2186	-1945
382	$2^1 191^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.492147	0.507853	246	2191	-1945
383	383^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.490862	0.509138	244	2191	-1947
384	$2^7 3^1$	N	N	17	12	2.5882353	0.492188	0.507812	261	2208	-1947
385	$5^1 7^1 11^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.490909	0.509091	245	2208	-1963
386	$2^1 193^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.492228	0.507772	250	2213	-1963
387	$3^2 43^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.490956	0.509044	243	2213	-1970
388	$2^2 97^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.489691	0.510309	236	2213	-1977
389	389^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.488432	0.511568	234	2213	-1979
390	$2^1 3^1 5^1 13^1$	Y	N	65	0	1.0000000	0.489744	0.510256	299	2278	-1979
391	$17^1 23^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.491049	0.508951	304	2283	-1979
392	$2^3 7^2$	N	N	-23	18	1.4782609	0.489796	0.510204	281	2283	-2002
393	$3^1 131^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.491094	0.508906	286	2288	-2002
394	$2^1 197^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.492386	0.507614	291	2293	-2002
395	$5^1 79^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.493671	0.506329	296	2298	-2002
396	$2^2 3^2 11^1$	N	N	-74	58	1.2162162	0.492424	0.507576	222	2298	-2076
397	397^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.491184	0.508816	220	2298	-2078
398	$2^1 199^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.492462	0.507538	225	2303	-2078
399	$3^1 7^1 19^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.491228	0.508772	209	2303	-2094
400	$2^4 5^2$	N	N	34	29	1.6176471	0.492500	0.507500	243	2337	-2094
401	401^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.491272	0.508728	241	2337	-2096
402	$2^1 3^1 67^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.490050	0.509950	225	2337	-2112
403	$13^1 31^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.491315	0.508685	230	2342	-2112
404	$2^2 101^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.490099	0.509901	223	2342	-2119
405	$3^4 5^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.488889	0.511111	212	2342	-2130
406	$2^1 7^1 29^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.487685	0.512315	196	2342	-2146
407	$11^1 37^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488943	0.511057	201	2347	-2146
408	$2^3 3^1 17^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.487745	0.512255	153	2347	-2194
409	409^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.486553	0.513447	151	2347	-2196
410	$2^1 5^1 41^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.485366	0.514634	135	2347	-2212
411	$3^1 137^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486618	0.513382	140	2352	-2212
412	$2^2 103^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.485437	0.514563	133	2352	-2219
413	$7^1 59^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.486683	0.513317	138	2357	-2219
414	$2^1 3^2 23^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.487923	0.512077	168	2387	-2219
415	$5^1 83^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.489157	0.510843	173	2392	-2219
416	$2^5 13^1$	N	N	13	8	2.0769231	0.490385	0.509615	186	2405	-2219
417	$3^1 139^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.491607	0.508393	191	2410	-2219
418	$2^1 11^1 19^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.490431	0.509569	175	2410	-2235
419	419^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.489260	0.510740	173	2410	-2237
420	$2^2 3^1 5^1 7^1$	N	N	-155	90	1.1032258	0.488095	0.511905	18	2410	-2392
421	421^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.486936	0.513064	16	2410	-2394
422	$2^1 211^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.488152	0.511848	21	2415	-2394
423	$3^2 47^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.486998	0.513002	14	2415	-2401
424	$2^3 53^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.488208	0.511792	23	2424	-2401
425	$5^2 17^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.487059	0.512941	16	2424	-2408

n	Primes	Sqfree	PPower	$g^{-1}(n)$	$\lambda(n)g^{-1}(n) - \hat{f}_1(n)$	$\frac{\sum_d n \cdot C_{\Omega(d)}^{(d)} }{ g^{-1}(n) }$	$\mathcal{L}_+(n)$	$\mathcal{L}_-(n)$	$G^{-1}(n)$	$G_+^{-1}(n)$	$G_-^{-1}(n)$
426	$2^1 3^1 71^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.485915	0.514085	0	2424	-2424
427	$71^1 61^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.487119	0.512881	5	2429	-2424
428	$2^2 107^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.485981	0.514019	-2	2429	-2431
429	$3^1 11^1 13^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.484848	0.515152	-18	2429	-2447
430	$2^1 5^1 43^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.483721	0.516279	-34	2429	-2463
431	431^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.482599	0.517401	-36	2429	-2465
432	$2^4 3^3$	N	N	-80	75	1.5625000	0.481481	0.518519	-116	2429	-2545
433	433^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.480370	0.519630	-118	2429	-2547
434	$2^1 7^1 31^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.479263	0.520737	-134	2429	-2563
435	$3^1 5^1 29^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.478161	0.521839	-150	2429	-2579
436	$2^2 109^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.477064	0.522936	-157	2429	-2586
437	$19^1 23^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478261	0.521739	-152	2434	-2586
438	$2^1 3^1 73^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.477169	0.522831	-168	2434	-2602
439	439^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.476082	0.523918	-170	2434	-2604
440	$2^3 5^1 11^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.475000	0.525000	-218	2434	-2652
441	$3^2 7^2$	N	N	14	9	1.3571429	0.476190	0.523810	-204	2448	-2652
442	$2^1 13^1 17^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.475113	0.524887	-220	2448	-2668
443	443^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.474041	0.525959	-222	2448	-2670
444	$2^2 3^1 37^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.475225	0.524775	-192	2478	-2670
445	$5^1 89^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476404	0.523596	-187	2483	-2670
446	$2^1 223^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.477578	0.522422	-182	2488	-2670
447	$3^1 149^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478747	0.521253	-177	2493	-2670
448	$2^6 7^1$	N	N	-15	10	2.3333333	0.477679	0.522321	-192	2493	-2685
449	449^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.476615	0.523385	-194	2493	-2687
450	$2^1 3^2 5^2$	N	N	-74	58	1.2162162	0.475556	0.524444	-268	2493	-2761
451	$11^1 41^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476718	0.523282	-263	2498	-2761
452	$2^2 113^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.475664	0.524336	-270	2498	-2768
453	$3^1 151^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476821	0.523179	-265	2503	-2768
454	$2^1 227^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.477974	0.522026	-260	2508	-2768
455	$5^1 7^1 13^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.476923	0.523077	-276	2508	-2784
456	$2^3 3^1 19^1$	N	N	-48	32	1.3333333	0.475877	0.524123	-324	2508	-2832
457	457^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.474836	0.525164	-326	2508	-2834
458	$2^1 229^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.475983	0.524017	-321	2513	-2834
459	$3^3 17^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.477124	0.522876	-312	2522	-2834
460	$2^2 5^1 23^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.478261	0.521739	-282	2552	-2834
461	461^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.477223	0.522777	-284	2552	-2836
462	$2^1 3^1 7^1 11^1$	Y	N	65	0	1.0000000	0.478355	0.521645	-219	2617	-2836
463	463^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.477322	0.522678	-221	2617	-2838
464	$2^4 29^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.476293	0.523707	-232	2617	-2849
465	$3^1 5^1 31^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.475269	0.524731	-248	2617	-2865
466	$2^1 233^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476395	0.523605	-243	2622	-2865
467	467^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.475375	0.524625	-245	2622	-2867
468	$2^2 3^2 13^1$	N	N	-74	58	1.2162162	0.474359	0.525641	-319	2622	-2941
469	$7^1 67^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.475480	0.524520	-314	2627	-2941
470	$2^1 5^1 47^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.474468	0.525532	-330	2627	-2957
471	$3^1 157^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.475584	0.524416	-325	2632	-2957
472	$2^3 59^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.476695	0.523305	-316	2641	-2957
473	$11^1 43^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.477801	0.522199	-311	2646	-2957
474	$2^1 3^1 79^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.476793	0.523207	-327	2646	-2973
475	$5^2 19^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.475789	0.524211	-334	2646	-2980
476	$2^2 7^1 17^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.476891	0.523109	-304	2676	-2980
477	$3^2 53^1$	N	N	-7	2	1.2857143	0.475891	0.524109	-311	2676	-2987
478	$2^1 239^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476987	0.523013	-306	2681	-2987
479	479^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.475992	0.524008	-308	2681	-2989
480	$2^3 3^1 5^1$	N	N	-96	80	1.6666667	0.475000	0.525000	-404	2681	-3085
481	$13^1 37^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.476091	0.523909	-399	2686	-3085
482	$2^1 241^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.477178	0.522822	-394	2691	-3085
483	$3^1 7^1 23^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.476190	0.523810	-410	2691	-3101
484	$2^2 11^2$	N	N	14	9	1.3571429	0.477273	0.522727	-396	2705	-3101
485	$5^1 97^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.478351	0.521649	-391	2710	-3101
486	$2^1 3^5$	N	N	13	8	2.0769231	0.479424	0.520576	-378	2723	-3101
487	487^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.478439	0.521561	-380	2723	-3103
488	$2^3 61^1$	N	N	9	4	1.5555556	0.479508	0.520492	-371	2732	-3103
489	$3^1 163^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.480573	0.519427	-366	2737	-3103
490	$2^1 5^1 7^2$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.481633	0.518367	-336	2767	-3103
491	491^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.480652	0.519348	-338	2767	-3105
492	$2^2 3^1 41^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.481707	0.518293	-308	2797	-3105
493	$17^1 29^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.482759	0.517241	-303	2802	-3105
494	$2^1 13^1 19^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.481781	0.518219	-319	2802	-3121
495	$3^2 5^1 11^1$	N	N	30	14	1.1666667	0.482828	0.517172	-289	2832	-3121
496	$2^4 31^1$	N	N	-11	6	1.8181818	0.481855	0.518145	-300	2832	-3132
497	$7^1 71^1$	Y	N	5	0	1.0000000	0.482897	0.517103	-295	2837	-3132
498	$2^1 3^1 83^1$	Y	N	-16	0	1.0000000	0.481928	0.518072	-311	2837	-3148
499	499^1	Y	Y	-2	0	1.0000000	0.480962	0.519038	-313	2837	-3150
500	$2^2 5^3$	N	N	-23	18	1.4782609	0.480000	0.520000	-336	2837	-3173