IM-UH 1511 Introduction to Digital Humanities

HOMEWORK 7b

Best Korean Movies in IMDb: Co-Directorship and **Co-Actorship Networks**

25 points totally

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import networkx as nx
        import pygraphviz
        from networkx.drawing.nx agraph import graphviz layout
        from networkx.drawing.nx agraph import to agraph
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import matplotlib as mpl
        from pylab import hist
        import random
        from collections import Counter
        import operator
        import itertools
        from wordcloud import WordCloud
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=RuntimeWarning)
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=UserWarning)
        warnings.simplefilter('ignore')
```

In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('Random100KoreanFilms.csv', encoding="utf-8") print(len(df)) df.sort_values(by="YEAR").head(28)

920

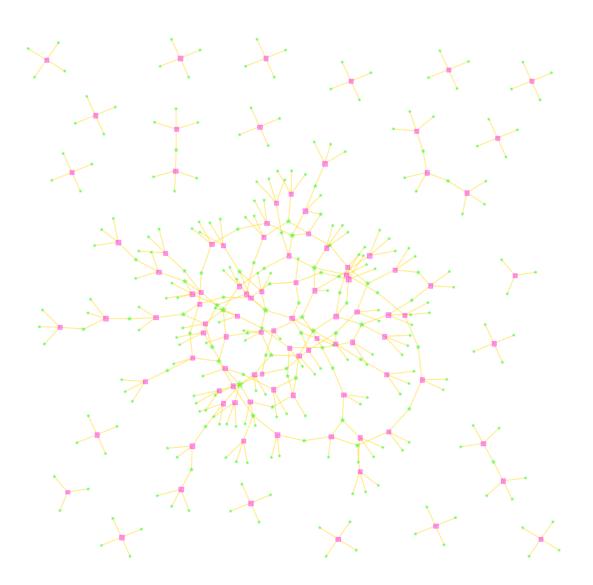
	920						
Out[2]:		Unnamed: 0	YEAR	TITLE	DIRECTOR	ACTOR	GENRE
	728	728	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Suk-kyu Han	Drama
	735	735	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Ji-hye Oh	Romance
	734	734	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Ji-hye Oh	Drama
	733	733	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Goo Shin	Romance
	732	732	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Goo Shin	Drama
	730	730	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Eun-ha Shim	Drama
	729	729	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Suk-kyu Han	Romance
	731	731	1998	Christmas in August	Jin-ho Hur	Eun-ha Shim	Romance
	217	217	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Yeong-jin Lee	Drama
	361	361	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Yeong-jin Lee	Drama
	360	360	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Yeong-jin Lee	Romance
	359	359	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Yeong-jin Lee	Horror
	358	358	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Park Yejin	Drama
	357	357	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Park Yejin	Romance
	356	356	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Park Yejin	Horror
	355	355	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Gyu-ri Kim	Drama
	354	354	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Gyu-ri Kim	Romance
	353	353	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Gyu-ri Kim	Horror
	210	210	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Gyu-ri Kim	Romance
	211	211	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Gyu-ri Kim	Drama
	212	212	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Park Yejin	Horror
	213	213	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Park Yejin	Romance
	362	362	1999	Memento Mori	Kyu-dong Min	Jong-hak Baek	Horror
	214	214	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Park Yejin	Drama
	215	215	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Yeong-jin Lee	Horror
	220	220	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Jong-hak Baek	Drama
	219	219	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Jong-hak Baek	Romance
	218	218	1999	Memento Mori	Tae-yong Kim	Jong-hak Baek	Horror

I. The Bipartite Graph of Titles vs. Actors

```
In [3]: meds=[]
        for i in range(len(df)):
            a=df.iloc[i]['TITLE']
            b=df.iloc[i]['ACTOR']
            c=df.iloc[i]['YEAR']
            meds.append((a,b,c))
        meds=list(set(meds))
        print("Number of multi-edges: %i" %len(meds))
        # print "%i nonunique (%i unique)" %(len(meds),len(set(meds)))
        Number of multi-edges: 393
In [4]: H=nx.Graph()
        for k in meds:
            H.add\_edge(k[0],k[1],year=k[2])
        print(len(H),len(H.edges()))
        ftitles=[i for i in H.nodes() if i in df.TITLE.tolist()]
        factors=[i for i in H.nodes() if i in df.ACTOR.tolist()]
        nt=len(ftitles)
        na=len(factors)
        print("The %i nodes of this graph are:" %len(H.nodes()))
        print("%i titles and %i actors" %(nt,na))
        if nx.is_bipartite(H)==True:
            print("This graph is bipartite")
        else:
            print("This graph is not bipartite")
        ncc=nx.number connected components(H)
        if nx.is connected(H)==True:
            print("This graph is connected")
        else:
            print("This graph is not connected and has", ncc, "connected components
        G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(H), key = len, reverse=True)
        Gc=H.subgraph(Gl[0])
        print('The largest connected component has:')
        print("%i nodes and %i edges" %(len(Gc.nodes()), len(Gc.edges())))
        ftitlesc=[n for n in Gc.nodes() if n in ftitles]
        factorsc=[n for n in Gc.nodes() if n in factors]
        ntc=len(ftitlesc)
        nac=len(factorsc)
        print("The %i nodes of the largest connected component are: " %len(Gc.nodes(
        print("%i titles and %i actors" %(ntc,nac))
        (390, 393)
        The 390 nodes of this graph are:
        99 titles and 291 actors
        This graph is bipartite
        ('This graph is not connected and has', 23, 'connected components')
        The largest connected component has:
        266 nodes and 291 edges
        The 266 nodes of the largest connected component are:
        73 titles and 193 actors
```

```
In [5]: pos=graphviz_layout(H)
        labels={}
        for i in H.nodes():
            labels[i]=""
        node_size1=[10*H.degree(n) for n in ftitles]
        node size2=[15*H.degree(n) for n in factors]
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
        nx.draw_networkx_nodes(H,pos=pos,nodelist=factors,node_shape="*",node_color
        nx.draw_networkx_nodes(H,pos=pos,nodelist=ftitles,node_shape="s",node color
        nx.draw_networkx_edges(H,pos=pos,edge_color='gold',alpha=0.7);
        nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
        sst="The Graph of Titles vs. Actors \n in a random sample of 100 imdb best
        fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
        plt.axis('off');
        # yoffset = {}
        \# y off = -30 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
        # for k, v in pos.items():
              yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y off)
        # nx.draw networkx labels(H, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=10);
        plt.show()
```

The Graph of Titles vs. Actors in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



I.1 The Co-Actorship Network of Actors Starring in Common Titles

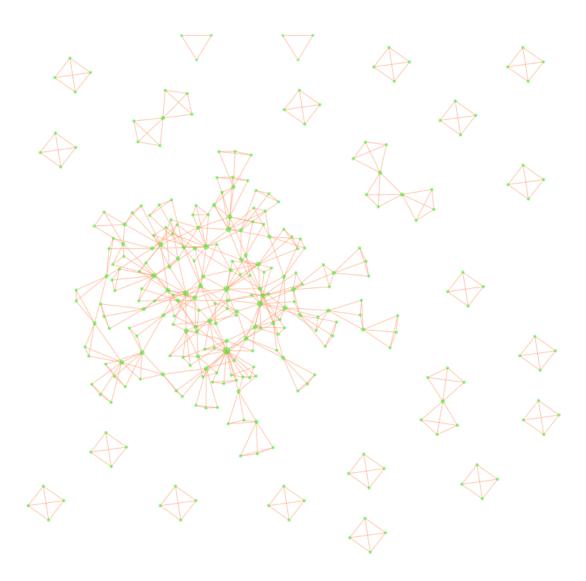
```
In [6]: fay_d={}
        for e in H.edges(data=True):
            if e[0] in ftitles:
                fay_d[e[0]]=(list(H.neighbors(e[0])),e[2]['year'])
            if e[1] in ftitles:
                fay_d[e[1]]=(list(H.neighbors(e[1])),e[2]['year'])
        # fay d
```

```
In [7]: | aeds=[]
         for k,v in fay_d.items():
             for j in itertools.combinations(v[0],2):
                 aeds.append((j[0],j[1],v[1]))
         print(len(aeds),len(set(aeds)))
         # aeds
         (585, 585)
 In [8]: maeds=[]
         for k,v in Counter(aeds).items():
             maeds.append((k[0], k[1], (v, k[2])))
         print(len(maeds), len(set(maeds)))
         # maeds
         (585, 585)
 In [9]: Ga=nx.MultiGraph()
         Ga.add_weighted_edges_from(maeds)
In [10]: edge width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Ga.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         set(edge_width)
         Counter(edge_width)
Out[10]: Counter({1: 585})
```

```
In [11]: print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph has:")
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Ga.is_multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph is a multigraph")
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph is a simple graph")
         if nx.is weighted(Ga)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph is a weighted graph")
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph is an unweighted graph")
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga)
         if nx.is connected(Ga)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph is connected")
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph is not connected and has", no
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga), key = len, reverse=True)
         Gac=Ga.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Gac.
         The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph has:
         291 nodes (actors) and 585 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs o
         f actors starring in the same film)
         The co-actorship (by titles) graph is a multigraph
         The co-actorship (by titles) graph is a weighted graph
         ('The co-actorship (by titles) graph is not connected and has', 23, 'conn
         ected components')
         The largest connected component has:
         193 nodes (actors) and 435 edges (co-actorships by titles)
```

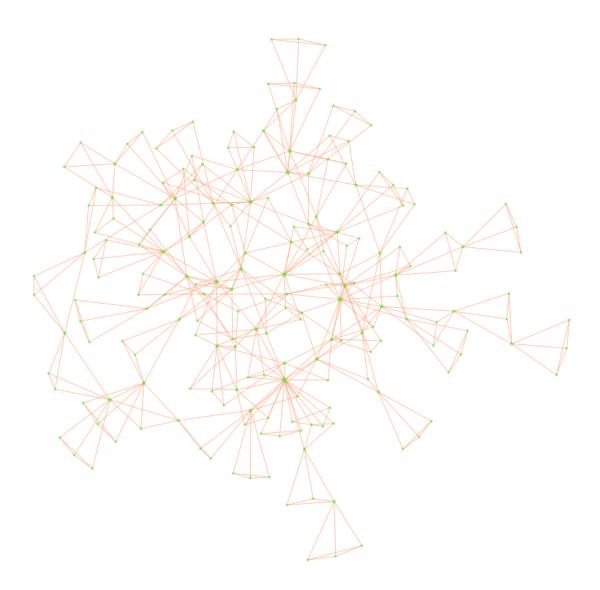
```
In [12]: pos=graphviz_layout(Ga)
         labels={}
         for i in Ga.nodes():
             labels[i]=""
         node_size2=[4*Ga.degree(n) for n in Ga.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Ga,pos=pos,node_color='lime',node_size=node_size2,fo
         nx.draw_networkx_edges(Ga,pos=pos,edge_width=edge_width,edge_color='lightsa
         nx.draw_networkx_labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font_size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph \n in a random sample of 100 imdb b
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         # yoffset = {}
         \# y off = -30 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         # for k, v in pos.items():
               yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         # font size=10
         # nx.draw networkx labels(Ga, yoffset, labels=labels);
         plt.show()
```

The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



```
In [13]: pos=graphviz_layout(Gac)
         labels={}
         for i in Gac.nodes():
             labels[i]=""
         node_size2=[4*Gac.degree(n) for n in Gac.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Gac,pos=pos,node_shape="*",node_color='lime',node_si
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gac, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         nx.draw_networkx_labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font_size=15);
         sst="The Largest Connected Component of the Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         # yoffset = {}
         # y off = -7 #0.05 # offset on the y axis
         # for k, v in pos.items():
               yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y off)
         # nx.draw networkx labels(Gac, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=10);
         plt.show()
```

The Largest Connected Component of the Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



II. The Bipartite Graph of Directors vs. Actors

```
In [14]: emmeds=[]
         for i in range(len(df)):
             a=df.iloc[i]['DIRECTOR']
             b=df.iloc[i]['ACTOR']
             c=df.iloc[i]['YEAR']
             emmeds.append((a,b,c))
         emmeds=list(set(emmeds))
         print("Number of multi-edges: %i" %len(emmeds))
         # print("%i nonunique (%i unique)" %(len(meds),len(set(meds))))
```

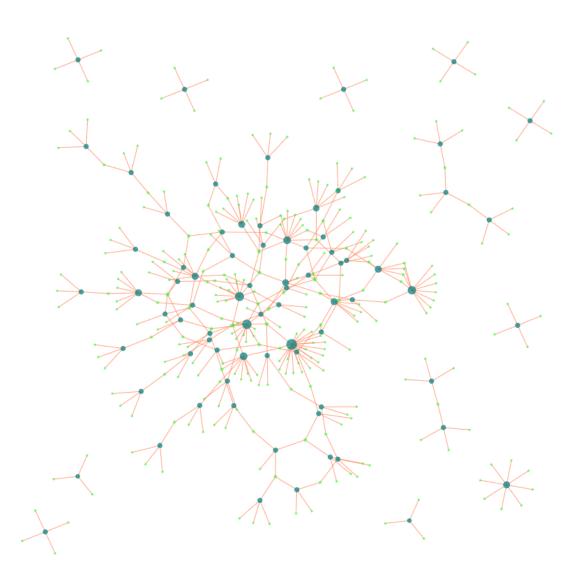
Number of multi-edges: 397

```
In [15]: Hem=nx.Graph()
         for k in emmeds:
             Hem.add_edge(k[0], k[1], year=k[2])
         print(len(Hem),len(Hem.edges()))
         fdirectors=[i for i in Hem.nodes() if i in df.DIRECTOR.tolist()]
         factors=[i for i in Hem.nodes() if i in df.ACTOR.tolist()]
         nd=len(fdirectors)
         na=len(factors)
         print("The %i nodes of this graph are:" %len(Hem.nodes()))
         print("%i directors and %i actors" %(nd,na))
         if nx.is bipartite(Hem)==True:
             print("This graph is bipartite")
         else:
             print("This graph is not bipartite")
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Hem)
         if nx.is_connected(Hem) == True:
             print("This graph is connected")
         else:
             print("This graph is not connected and has", ncc, "connected components
         Geml = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Hem), key = len, reverse=Tru
         Gemc=Hem.subgraph(Geml[0])
         # print('The largest connected component has:')
         # print("%i nodes and %i edges" %(len(Gmc.nodes()), len(Gmc.edges())))
         fdirecotrsc=[n for n in Gemc.nodes() if n in fdirectors]
         factorsc=[n for n in Gemc.nodes() if n in factors]
         ndc=len(fdirecotrsc)
         nac=len(factorsc)
         print("The %i nodes of the largest connected component are: " %len(Gemc.node
         print("%i directors and %i actors" %(ndc,nac))
         len(Gemc.edges())
         (367, 389)
         The 367 nodes of this graph are:
         76 directors and 291 actors
         This graph is bipartite
         ('This graph is not connected and has', 13, 'connected components')
         The 293 nodes of the largest connected component are:
         61 directors and 232 actors
```

Out[15]: 327

```
In [16]: pos=graphviz_layout(Hem)
         labels={}
         for i in Hem.nodes():
             labels[i]=""
         node_size1=[10*Hem.degree(n) for n in fdirectors]
         node size2=[10*Hem.degree(n) for n in factors]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Hem,pos=pos,nodelist=fdirectors,node_color='teal',no
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Hem,pos=pos,nodelist=factors,node_shape="*",node_col
         nx.draw_networkx_edges(Hem,pos=pos,edge_color='coral',alpha=0.7);
         nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Graph of Directors vs. Actors \n in a random sample of 100 imdb be
         fig.suptitle(sst, x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         # yoffset = {}
         \# y off = -20 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         # for k, v in pos.items():
               yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y off)
         # nx.draw networkx labels(Hem, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=10);
         plt.show()
```

The Graph of Directors vs. Actors in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



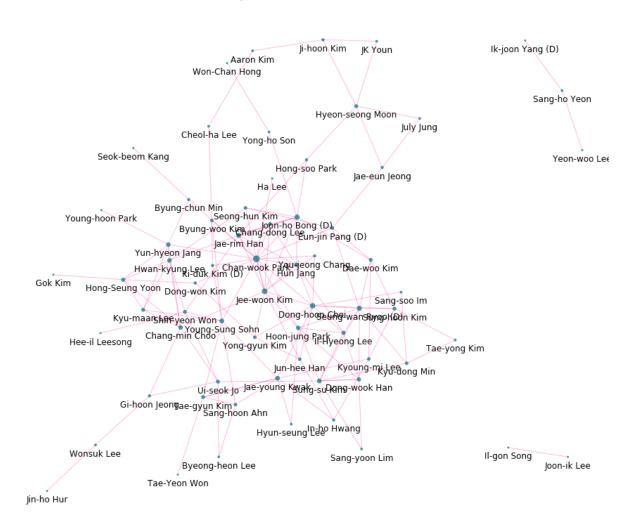
II.1 The Co-Directorship Network of Directors with Common Actors

```
In [17]: fay_d3={}
         for e in Hem.edges(data=True):
             if e[0] in factors:
                 fay_d3[e[0]]=(list(Hem.neighbors(e[0])),e[2]['year'])
             if e[1] in factors:
                 fay_d3[e[1]]=(list(Hem.neighbors(e[1])),e[2]['year'])
         # fay d3
```

```
In [18]: kmmaeds=[]
         for k,v in fay d3.items():
             for j in itertools.combinations(v[0],2):
                 kmmaeds.append((j[0],j[1],v[1]))
         print(len(kmmaeds),len(set(kmmaeds)))
         # kmmaeds
         (144, 141)
In [19]: kmmaeds1=[]
         for k,v in Counter(kmmaeds).items():
             kmmaeds1.append((k[0],k[1],(v,k[2])))
         print(len(kmmaeds1), len(set(kmmaeds1)))
         # kmmaeds1
         (141, 141)
In [20]: Gkmm=nx.MultiGraph()
         Gkmm.add weighted edges from(kmmaeds1)
         # Gkmm.edges(data=True)
In [21]: print("The co-directorship multigraph has:")
         print("%i nodes (directors) and %i edges (i.e., pairs of directors with com
         if Gkmm.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-directorship graph is a multigraph")
         else:
             print("The co-directorship graph is a simple graph")
         if nx.is weighted(Gkmm)==True:
             print("The co-directorship graph is a weighted graph")
         else:
             print("The co-directorship graph is an unweighted graph")
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Gkmm)
         if nx.is connected(Gkmm)==True:
             print("The co-directorship graph is connected")
         else:
             print("The co-directorship graph is not connected and has", ncc, "conne
         Gkmml = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Gkmm), key = len, reverse=T
         Gkmmc=Gkmm.subgraph(Gkmml[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (directors) and %i edges (i.e., pairs of directors with com
         The co-directorship multigraph has:
         66 nodes (directors) and 141 edges (i.e., pairs of directors with common
         actors)
         The co-directorship graph is a multigraph
         The co-directorship graph is a weighted graph
         ('The co-directorship graph is not connected and has', 3, 'connected comp
         onents')
         The largest connected component has:
         61 nodes (directors) and 138 edges (i.e., pairs of directors with common
         actors)
```

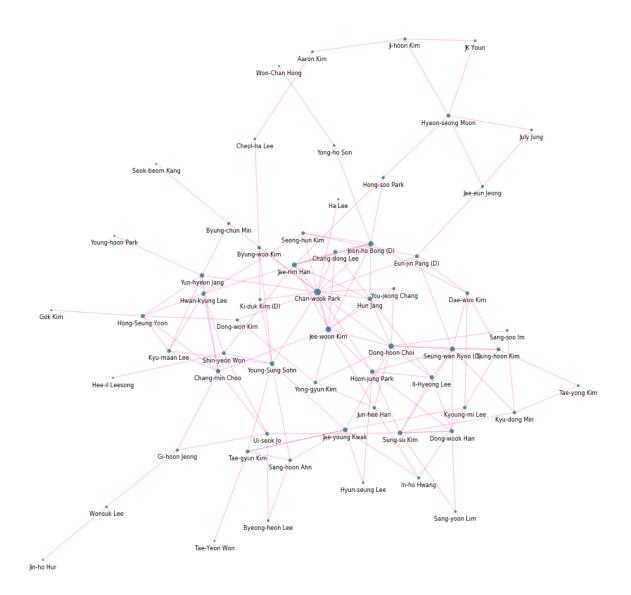
```
In [22]: pos=graphviz_layout(Gkmm)
         labels={}
         for i in Gkmm.nodes():
             labels[i]=i #""
         node size2=[4*Gkmm.degree(n) for n in Gkmm.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,13))
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Gkmm,pos=pos,node_color='teal',node_size=node_size2,
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gkmm,pos=pos,edge width=edge width,edge color='deepp
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font_size=15);
         sst="The Co-Directorship (by actors) Graph \n in a random sample of 100 imd
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y off = -10 #0.05 # offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         font size=8
         nx.draw networkx labels(Gkmm, yoffset, labels=labels);
         plt.show()
```

The Co-Directorship (by actors) Graph in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



```
In [23]: pos=graphviz_layout(Gkmmc)
         labels={}
         for i in Gkmmc.nodes():
             labels[i]=i #""
         node_size2=[4*Gkmmc.degree(n) for n in Gkmmc.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Gkmmc,pos=pos,node_color='teal',node_size=node_size2
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gkmmc,pos=pos,edge width=edge width,edge color='deep
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Largest Connected Component of the Co-Directorship (by actors) Gra
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y_{off} = -7 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Gkmmc, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=8);
         plt.show()
```

The Largest Connected Component of the Co-Directorship (by actors) Graph in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



III. Longitudinal Co-Actorship Networks

```
In [24]: slots=[range(1997,2000),range(2000,2004),range(2004,2008),range(2008,2012),
                range(2012,2016),range(2016,2020)]
         sslots=["1997-99","2000-03","2004-07","2008-11","2012-15","2016-19"]
         periods={}
         tuy=zip(sslots,slots)
         GG={}
         GG={}
         for t in tuy:
             bin=[]
             for year in t[1]:
                 for e in Ga.edges(data=True):
                      if year==int(e[2]['weight'][1]):
                          bin.append((e[0],e[1],(e[2]['weight'][0],e[2]['weight'][1])
             g=nx.MultiGraph()
             g.add_weighted_edges_from(bin)
             GG[t[0]]=g
         s=0
         for k,v in GG.items():
             s+=len(v.edges())
             print(k,len(v),len(v.edges()))
         print(len(Ga.edges()),s)
         ('2000-03', 38, 60)
         ('2008-11', 76, 123)
         ('2016-19', 44, 69)
         ('2004-07', 72, 114)
         ('1997-99', 8, 12)
         ('2012-15', 121, 207)
         (585, 585)
In [25]: |yl=[]
         for e in GG['2012-15'].edges(data=True):
             yl.append(e[2]['weight'][1])
         yl=sorted(set(yl))
         yl
Out[25]: [2012, 2013, 2014, 2015]
```

```
In [26]: p=sslots[0]
         Ga1=GG[p]
         edge_width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Gal.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period %s has:" %p)
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Gal.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a multigr
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a simple
         if nx.is weighted(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a weighte
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is an unweig
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga1)
         if nx.is connected(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is connected
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is not conne
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga1), key = len, reverse=True)
         Galc=Gal.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Galc
         pos=graphviz layout(Ga1)
         labels={}
         for n in Gal.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node size2=[100*Ga1.degree(n) for n in Ga1.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw networkx nodes(Gal,pos=pos,node color='lime',node size=node size2,f
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gal, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period %s \n in a random sam
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=18);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y off = -10 #0.05 # offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Ga1, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=12);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period 1997-99 has: 8 nodes (actors) and 12 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs of a ctors starring in the same film) The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 1997-99 is a multigraph

The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 1997-99 is a weighted gr aph

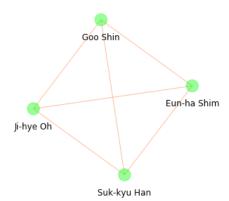
The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 1997-99 is not connected and it has 2 connected components

The largest connected component has:

4 nodes (actors) and 6 edges (co-actorships by titles)

The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 1997-99 in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies





```
In [27]: p=sslots[1]
         Ga1=GG[p]
         edge_width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Gal.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period %s has:" %p)
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Gal.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a multigr
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a simple
         if nx.is weighted(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a weighte
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is an unweig
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga1)
         if nx.is connected(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is connected
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is not conne
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga1), key = len, reverse=True)
         Galc=Gal.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Galc
         pos=graphviz layout(Ga1)
         labels={}
         for n in Gal.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node_size2=[20*Ga1.degree(n) for n in Ga1.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw networkx nodes(Gal,pos=pos,node color='lime',node size=node size2,f
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gal, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period %s \n in a random sam
         fig.suptitle(sst, x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y off = -10 #0.05 # offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Ga1, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=9);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

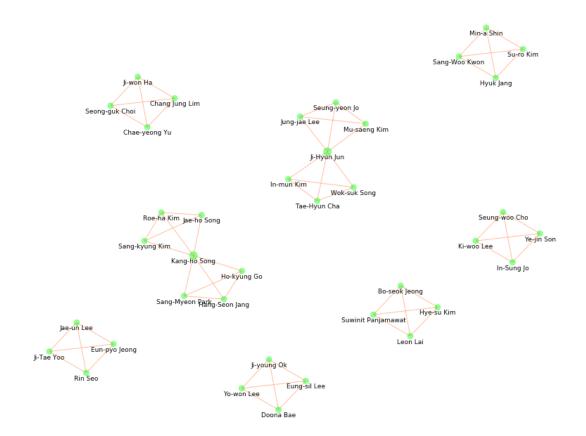
The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period 2000-03 has: 38 nodes (actors) and 60 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs of actors starring in the same film) The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2000-03 is a multigraph The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2000-03 is a weighted gr aph

The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2000-03 is not connected and it has 8 connected components

The largest connected component has:

7 nodes (actors) and 12 edges (co-actorships by titles)

The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 2000-03 in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



```
In [28]: p=sslots[2]
         Ga1=GG[p]
         edge_width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Gal.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period %s has:" %p)
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Gal.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a multigr
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a simple
         if nx.is weighted(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a weighte
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is an unweig
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga1)
         if nx.is connected(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is connected
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is not conne
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga1), key = len, reverse=True)
         Galc=Gal.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Galc
         pos=graphviz layout(Ga1)
         labels={}
         for n in Gal.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node size2=[20*Ga1.degree(n) for n in Ga1.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw networkx nodes(Gal,pos=pos,node color='lime',node size=node size2,f
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gal, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period %s \n in a random sam
         fig.suptitle(sst, x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y_off = -20 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Ga1, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=9);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

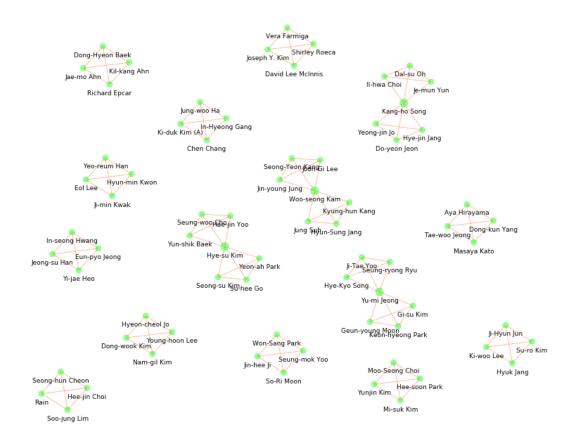
The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period 2004-07 has: 72 nodes (actors) and 114 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs of actors starring in the same film) The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2004-07 is a multigraph The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2004-07 is a weighted gr aph

The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2004-07 is not connected and it has 15 connected components

The largest connected component has:

7 nodes (actors) and 12 edges (co-actorships by titles)

The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 2004-07 in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



```
In [29]: p=sslots[3]
         Ga1=GG[p]
         edge_width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Gal.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period %s has:" %p)
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Gal.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a multigr
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a simple
         if nx.is weighted(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a weighte
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is an unweig
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga1)
         if nx.is connected(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is connected
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is not conne
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga1), key = len, reverse=True)
         Galc=Gal.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Galc
         pos=graphviz layout(Ga1)
         labels={}
         for n in Gal.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node size2=[20*Ga1.degree(n) for n in Ga1.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw networkx nodes(Gal,pos=pos,node color='lime',node size=node size2,f
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gal, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period %s \n in a random sam
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y off = -20 #0.05 # offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Ga1, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=9);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period 2008-11 has: 76 nodes (actors) and 123 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs of actors starring in the same film) The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2008-11 is a multigraph

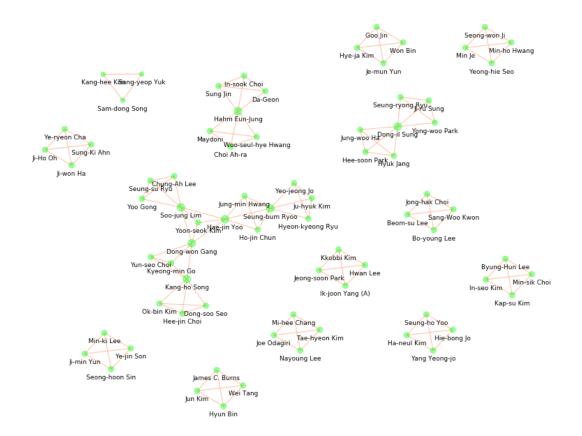
The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2008-11 is a weighted gr aph

The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2008-11 is not connected and it has 14 connected components

The largest connected component has:

19 nodes (actors) and 36 edges (co-actorships by titles)

The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 2008-11 in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies

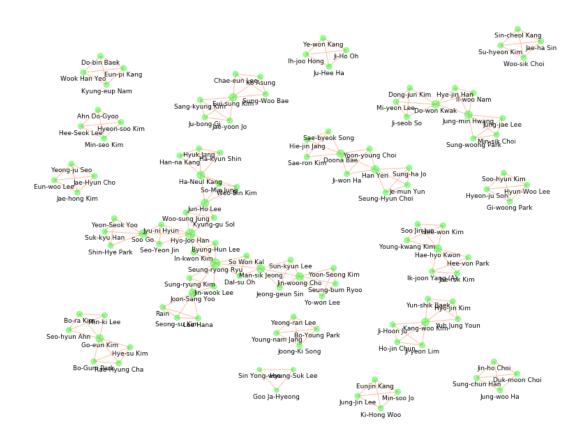


```
In [30]: p=sslots[4]
         Ga1=GG[p]
         edge_width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Gal.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period %s has:" %p)
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Gal.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a multigr
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a simple
         if nx.is weighted(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a weighte
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is an unweig
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga1)
         if nx.is connected(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is connected
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is not conne
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga1), key = len, reverse=True)
         Galc=Gal.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Galc
         pos=graphviz layout(Ga1)
         labels={}
         for n in Gal.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node size2=[20*Ga1.degree(n) for n in Ga1.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw networkx nodes(Gal,pos=pos,node color='lime',node size=node size2,f
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gal, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period %s \n in a random sam
         fig.suptitle(sst, x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y_off = -20 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Ga1, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=9);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period 2012-15 has: 121 nodes (actors) and 207 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs o f actors starring in the same film) The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2012-15 is a multigraph The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2012-15 is a weighted gr aph

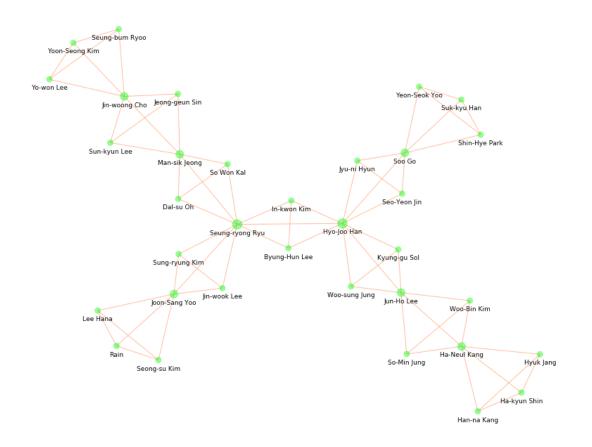
The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2012-15 is not connected and it has 17 connected components The largest connected component has: 34 nodes (actors) and 66 edges (co-actorships by titles)

> The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 2012-15 in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies



```
In [31]: pos=graphviz_layout(Ga1c)
         labels={}
         for n in Galc.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node_size2=[20*Ga1c.degree(n) for n in Ga1c.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw_networkx_nodes(Galc,pos=pos,node_color='lime',node_size=node_size2,
         nx.draw networkx edges(Galc,pos=pos,edge width=edge width,edge color='light
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The largest connected component of the \n Co-Actorship (by titles) Gra
         fig.suptitle(sst,x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y_{off} = -10 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw networkx labels(Galc, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=9);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

The largest connected component of the Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 2012-15 in a random sample of 100 imdb best Korean movies

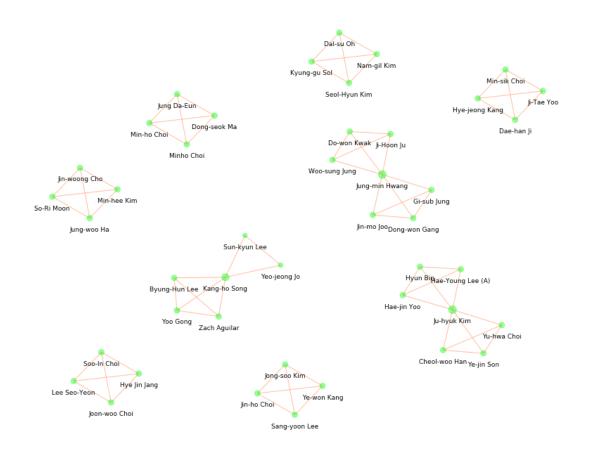


```
In [32]: p=sslots[5]
         Ga1=GG[p]
         edge_width=[w['weight'] for u,v,w in Gal.edges(data=True)]
         edge_width=[w for w in edge_width]
         edge_width=[e[0] for e in edge_width]
         print("The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period %s has:" %p)
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pair
         if Gal.is multigraph()==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a multigr
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a simple
         if nx.is weighted(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is a weighte
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is an unweig
         ncc=nx.number connected components(Ga1)
         if nx.is connected(Ga1)==True:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is connected
         else:
             print("The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period %s is not conne
         G1 = sorted(nx.connected component subgraphs(Ga1), key = len, reverse=True)
         Galc=Gal.subgraph(Gl[0])
         print('The largest connected component has:')
         print("%i nodes (actors) and %i edges (co-actorships by titles)" %(len(Galc
         pos=graphviz layout(Ga1)
         labels={}
         for n in Gal.nodes():
             labels[n]=n
         node size2=[20*Ga1.degree(n) for n in Ga1.nodes()]
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,12))
         nx.draw networkx nodes(Gal,pos=pos,node color='lime',node size=node size2,f
         nx.draw networkx edges(Gal, pos=pos, edge width=edge width, edge color='lights
         # nx.draw networkx labels(H,pos=pos,labels=labels,font size=15);
         sst="The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period %s \n in a random sam
         fig.suptitle(sst, x=0.5, y=.95, fontsize=20);
         plt.axis('off');
         yoffset = {}
         y_off = -20 \#0.05 \# offset on the y axis
         for k, v in pos.items():
             yoffset[k] = (v[0], v[1]+y_off)
         nx.draw_networkx_labels(Ga1, yoffset, labels=labels, font size=9);
         plt.margins(x=0.1, y=0.1);
         plt.show()
```

The co-actorship (by titles) multigraph in the period 2016-19 has: 44 nodes (actors) and 69 edges (co-actorships by titles), i.e., pairs of actors starring in the same film) The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2016-19 is a multigraph The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2016-19 is a weighted gr aph

The co-actorship (by titles) graph in the period 2016-19 is not connected and it has 9 connected components The largest connected component has: 7 nodes (actors) and 12 edges (co-actorships by titles)

> The Co-Actorship (by titles) Graph in the period 2016-19 in a random sample of 100the top 300 imdb best Korean movies



In []: